12 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 12 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY



THE RETURN OF THE CHINESE EMPEROR AND THE DOWAGER EMPRESS TO PEKING.

MORRIS IS IN DOUBT

Unable to Decide Which Is the Better Canal Route.

For That Reason Wants Selection Left to President.

Discussion of the Canal Bill Continues In the House.

Washington, Jan. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Morris today was given fifteen minutes to explain to the house the import of his amendment, which gives the president power to select either the Panama or the Nicaragua route for the proposed isthmian canal. It may be said that the Morris amendment has many friends in the house, and the Duluth member was given close attention on both sides of the chamber during the course of his remarks. He said that prior to reading the report of the canal commission he did not believe in the Panama canal, but recently he has reached the conclusion that this route is thoroughly practical and, all things being equal, if it can be secured at less cost than the Nicaragua route, it would be sound business sense to purchase the Panama concessions. Still he was in doubt as to which is the best plan. His main plea in support of his amendment was an appeal to go slow in the consideration of so stupendous an undertaking as the digging of the canal and to allow the president to exercise his judgment as to which of the two proposed routes can be obtained for the least money. He thought that, before embarking on an expenditure of $200,000,000 experts should consider the Panama offer.

Mr. Morris' amendment is as follows: "Provided, however, that if the Pan-

(Continued on Page 8.)

COLLIDED IN TUNNEL

Frightful Accident on New York Central Road In the Heart of City.

Seventeen Were Killed And Forty Injured.

Fire, Smoke and Steam Add Horror to Wreck.

New York, Jan. 8.—Two local trains bound for New York—one from South Norwalk, the other from White Plains—crashed together in the smoke-clouded Park avenue tunnel of the New York Central line early today. Seventeen persons were killed and forty injured. Of the latter twelve were seriously injured. The engineer and fireman of the White Plains local and a towerman were arrested. District Attorney Jerome visited the wreck and will personally direct an investigation. The list of dead follows:

A. G. WALTON, New Rochelle.
H. G. DIAMOND, New Rochelle.
ALBERT M. PERRIN, New Rochelle.
H. D. C. FOSKETT, New Rochelle.
WILLIAM B. LEES, of Baltman & Co., New York.
H. FRANKLIN CROSBY, New Rochelle.
OSCAR E. MEYEROWITZ, optician, New York city. Mr. Meyerowitz lived at New Rochelle and was secretary of the New Rochelle Yacht club.
THEODORE FORGARDO, 30 years old, New Rochelle.
WILLIAM FISCHER, 25 years old, New Rochelle.
GEORGE POTTER, 40 years old, New Rochelle.
MRS. A. F. HOWARD, New Rochelle.
Man believed to be CHARLES B. MARS, an employe of the custom house, who lived at New Rochelle.
F. WASHBURN, 55 years old, New Rochelle.
Two unidentified men, one of whom wore a medal won in a sculling contest in 1897. The medal was presented by A. G. Mills, a member of the New York Athletic club.

A list of the seriously injured follows: Ernest Coffin, 15 years old, New Rochelle, serious wound on head, taken to Women's hospital, Fiftieth street and Lexington avenue; unknown man, taken unconscious to a hospital; Alfred Wadley, florist, of New York city, fracture of both legs, shock and scalp wounds; Albert W. Adams, a carriage builder of New York, left leg cut off below knee; George M. Carter, New York, leg fractured; George M. Fisher, 46 years old, East Porchester, severely injured; Mabel Newman, New Rochelle, contusions on body and hip fractures; Mamie J. Rice, New Rochelle, fractured nose, lacerated ear and sprained ankle; Sadie Scott, New Rochelle, left hand and left foot fractured; Richard Millineaux, New Rochelle, compound fracture of thigh; Thomas T. Murphy, New Rochelle, both legs broken and internal injuries, condition critical; Winfield Schultz, New Rochelle, fracture of leg; M. Rae, New Rochelle, leg fractured; Henry Keene, general manager of the Siegel-Cooper company, this city, fractured ribs and internal injuries; George Winter, New Rochelle, compound fracture left leg, the leg was amputated; William Brooks, Erie, Pa., lacerated face and possible fracture of skull, taken to Roosevelt hospital.

The shock of the collision was plainly heard by people passing on Park avenue, above the tunnel. Several of them ran to give the alarm. In ten minutes everybody at police and fire headquarters was at work organizing relief to be sent to the spot. From fire headquarters, a dozen blocks away, a hook and ladder truck was rapidly despatched to the scene of the accident, with several fire companies. The reserves from East Fifty-first street and Grand Central police stations were turned out on the run. A hurry call was sent to Bellevue, Flower, the Presbyterian and Roosevelt hospitals, and in ten minutes a dozen ambulances were hurrying with a corps of doctors. When the rescuers reached the wreck smoke was pouring out of the entrance to the tunnel at Fifty-fifth street, and great columns of smoke came out of the first ventilator, a half block north. Ambulances came in from the east and west. Ladders were put down from the street over the iron fence to the track, and the firemen, policemen and surgeons were immediately at work.

It was very dark in the tunnel, which was filled with smoke and steam. The work of rescue was therefore difficult. The locomotive of the White Plains local was hidden in the rear car of the South Norwalk train. The maimed and injured were crawling from the wreck. Some, more badly injured than others, were being assisted by the more fortunate passengers.

The work of rescue was further impeded by the enormous crowds which, in spite of police vigilance, swarmed into the tunnel through its many entrances or crowded about the opening at the surface.

The first of the injured taken out was a woman. She was carried to the Woman's hospital. Here, as well as at other points, preparations were hurriedly made to take care of the wounded as rapidly as they were brought to the railroad station. A passenger on the Harlem train said:

"Our train was held at the Harlem end of the tunnel for two minutes to allow the New Haven train to pass. Then we proceeded. Suddenly there was a terrific crash and we were hurled from our seats. The shock was followed by the roar of escaping steam and the cries of the wounded.

"A score of men passengers got out of the windows and ran to the front of the train. The confusion and noise was awful. Our locomotive had ploughed half way through the last New Haven car. I saw several women taken out of the first wrecked car."

Eugene Herold, of Rachelle Park, one of the passengers on the Danbury train gave this account of the accident:

"We were sitting quietly in the next to the last car, and there were only one or two unoccupied seats. There was the usual morning crowd, the train consisting of five cars.

"There were several women in my car and also in the last car. We had been stalled at Fifty-seventh street for some time. Suddenly there came a terrific crash. The lights in the car went out. There was a roar of grinding steel and wood and a chorus of shrieks. I looked back and saw the car behind telescoping over the rear of our car, and through that mix-up plunged a roaring locomotive.

"I was thrown on my face by the jolt and I felt some blood splash over my forehead. Stifling smoke and steam seemed to rise all around, and looking back I could see mangled persons crawling about through the mist. Then suddenly the car took fire where the locomotive was.

"Our one idea was to escape. I found a friend of mine right in front of me. He cried 'Open the windows, for God's sake.' I turned to the window and found the glass had been shattered by the collision. We climbed out. I saw several persons almost covered with blood crawling about."

The response of the police and fire departments to the call was prompt, and within an incredibly short time nearly 200 firemen, ambulance surgeons and trainmen were in the smoke and steam-filled tunnel working desperately to get the bodies of the dead and wounded passengers from the wrecked trains. Above the scene of death on the driveway on both sides of the tunnel were long rows of ambulances, fire engines and hook and ladder companies.

In many instances the uninjured and those whose injuries were slight, rendered splendid aid, while others, bewildered by the shock and darkness, groped their way alang the tunnel into the Grand Central station, while others made their way to the stairways below the south end of the tunnel.

The bodies of the dead and many of the wounded were hoisted through the openings in the roof of the tunnel, placed in the waiting ambulances and rushed to the nearest hospitals. No attempt was made at identification. Conflicting reports from various institutions aided by duplications from other places caused the first account of the disaster to place the number of killed and injured at an extreme figure. The tunnel in which the wreck occurred extends from Fifty-fifth street just above the Grand Central station, and is about two miles long. It is under Park avenue, and there is an air hole in each block. Complaints have been made for a long time, however, that its ventilation was insufficient and the New York Central has been considering plans for the use of electric power in the tunnel so as to do away with the smoke and steam from locomotives.

J. H. Franklin, manager of the Harlem division of the New York Central, made the following statement:

"We are investigating thoroughly, but we are first taking out the injured and having them cared for, and until that is done the investigating cannot proceed.

"So far as can be learned, the wrecked train was stopped by the block signal system because of something wrong ahead. A flagman jumped off the train, taking a red lantern and a railroad torpedo. He put the torpedo on the track and waved his lantern to signal any train that might come up behind. Whether the engineer of the coming train saw the flagman, saw the lantern, or heard the torpedo, if it went off, I don't know, and the flagman says he does not know. I cannot now tell who was the flagman or engineer of the train."

The railroad officials said the wreck did not take fire.

HILL SENT AN APOLOGY

The Only Railroad Magnate Who Paid Any Attention to Summons to Appear Before Interstate Commission Hearing.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Owing to the absence of necessary witnesses, the inquiry of the interstate commerce commission into the workings of the "community of interest" plan of the railroads was today postponed until Jan. 24, and the commission itself adjourned to meet in Chicago at that date.

President Harris, of the Burlington, and Darius Miller, said to be slated for the traffic directorship of Northwestern lines if their consolidation is not prevented, were present, as were a number of other railroad men. President J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern, President C. S. Mellen, of the Northern Pacific, President E. H. Harriman, of the Southern Pacific, and J. C. Stubbs, traffic director of the Southern Pacific-Union Pacific system, were absent, and Chairman Knapp of the commission announced that owing to the fact that the gentlemen mentioned were the best qualified to give complete and comparative testimony concerning the matter in hand, it had been thought best to postpone the investigation till they could be brought before the commission. He declared that if necessary they would be compelled by court subpoenas to attend. Mr. Hill, he said, had sent a special messenger with proper excuses and had expressed his willingness to appear before the commission at any other time. No word was received from Mr. Harriman. Mr. Stubbs, it was announced, had been ill of the grip for two weeks and was still confined to his house.

CANNOT GET TO DRIFT

Rescuers Have As Yet Been Unable to Reach the Men Who Are Entombed In the Negaunee Mine.

Milwaukee, Jan. 8.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Negaunee, Mich., says: The situation is practically unchanged at the Negaunee mine, where several men are entombed. The rescuers accomplished nothing during the night as it was impossible to get to the drift where the men are. The pumps in the old portion of the mine are disabled and the drift is rapidly filling with water.

Officials of the mine now say there are at least ten men and possibly twelve underground. The exact number cannot be ascertained, until the ones who escaped report to the office.

General Manager T. W. Ohle of the United States Steel corporation arrived in the city by special train this morning and he is now at the mine assisting other officials in formulating plans to recover the bodies. Men were at work all night putting in additional pumps, with the view of reducing the water in the drift where the men are entombed, and if possible to prevent the mine from flooding.

SAVED BY TELEGRAPH POLE

Fairport, Ohio, Feb. 8.—Four burglars early today broke into the grocery store of M. Heltenen & Son here, and exploded the safe with dynamite. The charge was so heavy that the safe, which contained nothing of value, was blown to fragments, while the building was partially demolished. A night watchman appeared just as the burglars were departing and called upon them to surrender. They responded with pistol shots. He jumped behind a telegraph pole which was riddled. Several bullets pierced exposed parts of his clothing and one shot made a slight wound on his foot. The marauders then fled.

KILLED BY LOAD OF LUMBER

Bay City, Mich., Jan. 8.—A load of lumber, on which a party was riding home from this city, capsized last night near Munger, and instantly killed Mrs. August Demars. Her husband, August Demars, and father and sister, Mr. and Miss Christy, were injured. Mrs. Demars was 28 years old and leaves two children.

DECLARE ZELAYA ELECTED

Managua, Nicaragua, Jan. 8.—(Via Galveston).—The presidential electoral vote was counted today in the presence of the Nicaraguan congress. Gen. Santos J. Zelaya was declared re-elected unanimously for a term of four years. Congress, in a body, called on President Zelaya and congratulated him.

New York, Jan. 8.—According to the Managua, Nicaragua, correspondent of the Herald, the presidents of the Central American states expect to meet Jan. 15, at Corinto, Nicaragua, to confer on the subject of establishing more cordial relations between their respective representatives and devise means of assuring peace among them.

A JUDGE WITHOUT A COURT

Omaha, Jan. 8.—Former Police Judge Gordon attempted today to again hold court in the room in the city jail building, but the police refused to allow him to enter. He then placed himself behind a table in the corridor and ordered the court officer to bring in the prisoner. This he refused to do and Gordon kept his post until the noon adjournment. Gordon says he will bring proceedings to secure his rights.

NO LEADER.

Colombian Revolutionists Have No Head to Deal With.

New York, Jan. 8.—"Nicaragua continues to help the revolutionists," said Minister of War Concha in an interview with the Bogota Colombia correspondent of the Herald. "The revolution in the interior is a Venezuelan affair. The situation is unchanged, but we will have more well armed men on the frontier soon."

"How long do you think the revolution will last, and why not come to terms?" Minister Concha replied.

"The revolutionary chiefs do not even agree among themselves, and they have no recognized leader with whom we can deal. The guerillas are getting weaker and tired of fighting. They see no prospect of success. I expect the revolution to end within two months. We are strictly protecting the foreign mails. The government has [illegible] all the revolutionary leaders [illegible] of fighting.

KAISER'S GLOOMY VIEW

Of the Economic Situation Was Manifest In His Speech Read At the Opening Of the Prussian Diet.

Berlin, Jan. 8.—The speech from the throne read by the imperial chancellor, Count Von Buelow, at the opening of the Prussian diet, today, took a gloomy view of the economic situation. It pointed out that the revenue from the state railroads in 1901 fell considerably short of the estimates and that the whole receipts of the fiscal year were disappointing.

In the budget for 1902, the revenue is estimated below that the current year, but the balance between the revenue and the expenditure is to be maintained without having recourse to a loan.

The speech announced plans for legislation providing for the housing of state workmen and of officials earning small salaries. Considerable credits are demanded for the extension of state railroads and the promotion and construction of light railroads.

A new canal bill, to complete the system of waterways, will be submitted.

The concluding portion of Emperor William's speech pointed to the necessity of adopting measures against the agitation in the Polish districts of Eastern Persa, declared that the upholding of the political and economic position of the German element there was necessary for the self-preservaton of Prussia and promised that the government would fulfill its duty in cultivating the German national spirit in that region and in combating with firmness all tendences hostile to the state. In this course the government counted on the support of the German population of East Prussia, as well as on the assistance of the whole nation, which regarded any attempt to drive out the German language as an attack on its national honor and dignity.

THE NOTE SCHEME AGAIN

Scores Of Iowa Farmers Sign Papers Which Turn Up As Notes---They Will Fight Payment To A Finish.

Independence, Iowa, Jan. 8.—A scheme to defraud scores of farmers in this part of Iowa has come to light. It is estimated that had the plan succeeded, the promoters would have cleared about $35,000, as notes representing that amount have been sent to the bank at Jessup, in this county, for collection.

Three months ago a stranger, giving the name of John Smith, covered the western and northern portions of the county and obtained farmers' signatures for various causes.

He secured the signatures of at least 200 farmers and possibly more. On Monday a large number of the wealthy signers received notices from a Chicago law firm notifying them to meet certain notes. At the bank were promissory notes to the amount of $14,000 for collection, bearing the names of about seventy men.

The notes revealed the scheme. Blank sheets of paper were signed and the promissory notes were printed at the top afterwards. The farmers are united in their efforts to fight the case and the best of legal counsel has been retained.

HELEN GOULD

Is to Start On a Six Week's Pleasure Trip.

New York, Jan. 8.—It is announced that Miss Helen Miller Gould will start tomorrow (Thursday) on a six weeks' pleasure trip through the West and Southwest. Miss Gould says she is going to make a tour of the big cities with eighteen women, and they would leave at 10 a. m. over the New York Central for St. Louis, their first stopping place. From St. Louis they will go to Kansas City and thence to Galveston, where they will spend two days looking over the work of remodelling the city that was annihilated by a tidal wave. From Galveston Miss Gould and her friends will go to Houston, Los Angeles and San Francisco. On the return journey east they will visit some of the larger cities, including Chicago.

IN FIRST DEGREE

Chester Taylor Is Found Guilty of Murder.

Newton, Iowa, Jan. 8.—The jury in the case of Chester Taylor, colored, charged with the murder of Dr. Fallor, three months ago, brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree and fixed the sentence at imprisonment for life. The crime for which Taylor was convicted was committed at night, when the physician was returning from a call. He was set upon and beaten into unconsciousness and robbed. He died later of his injuries.

BE LIKE CARNEGIE.

Millionaires Advised to Secure Immortal Fame.

London, Jan. 8.—Mr. Chamberlain, the colonial secretary, presiding at a meeting of the governors of the University of Birmingham today, earnestly appealed to some British millionaire to relieve the university of all financial difficulty, and thus hand his name down to immortal fame, as Andrew Carnegie had done.

PRISONER ON LIGHTSHIP

Cruel Waves of the Stormswept Ocean Kept Captain Jorgenson of Nantucket Light From Reaching His Daughter's Deathbed.

New York, Jan. 8.—A dispatch to the Herald from Nantucket lightship, off the coast of Massachusetts, gives an account of the manner in which Capt. Jorgenson of the lightship learned of the illness and death of his daughter through the wireless telegraph system. Says the dispatch:

Informed by wireless telegraphy of the illness and death of his daughter on the mainland, and yet kept an unwilling prisoner for seven days on account of the sea, which prevented incoming steamers from taking him off, Capt. Jorgenson of the lightship finally succeeded in getting on board the steamer Astoria, which will carry him ashore. Life on the storm-swept lightship has been almost unbearable for Capt. Jorgenson since the receipt of the first news of his daughter's illness. The girl, who was only 19 years old, had been ill from the effects of vaccination at her home in Braintree, Mass. News of her condition since she was first taken ill had been daily flashed to her father at his lonely post by means of the Marconi system. As the daily bulletins told of her rapid loss of strength and the premonitory symptoms of lockjaw, which finally developed, Capt. Jorgenson's distress of mind became greater day by day. At last came a dispatch announcing her death on Dec. 30. Although the seas rolled nearly as high as ever on Jan. 3, he resolved to make a desperate effort to get ashore. Almost a hurricane was blowing at the time, but a message was flashed to the shore for the lighthouse tender Azalea to take him off. She approached to within a few hundred yards of the lightship, but the tremendous force of the seas finally prevented her getting near enough to take the captain off. Messages were sent to Capt. Jorgenson's family to delay the funeral as long as possible, although he had almost given up hope of getting ashore in time to attend it. Not until this week was it possible for any of the incoming steamers to get near the lightship to enable Capt. Jorgenson to make the perilous journey from the lightship to the steamer in a small boat.

BAD FOR COL. THOMPSON

A Court Stenographer Was Secreted In a Closet And Took His Conversation In Alleged Bribery Interview.

Kalamazoo, Ind., Jan. 8.—Col. Thompson, an employe of the Hammond Packing company of Hammond, Ind., who was arrested Monday night in State Food Commissioner Snow's house, was arraigned before Justice Mills today on a charge of attempting to bribe Commissioner Snow. Thompson was held in $2500 bail for appearance two weeks hence. Dr. C. T. Wilbur, of this city, furnished the bail. Several of Thompson's friends from Chicago were in court. It develops that Court Stenographer Bryar, of Paw Paw, and Deputy Inspector Dane of Commissioner Snow's staff were concealed in a closet adjoining the room in which Thompson is alleged to have offered Snow the bribe. A stenographic report of Thompson's conversation was taken.

A COLOSSAL CLOTHING SALE!

Fur Coats and fur lined Coats

Best in the world for less than it costs to make 'em. All kinds—Dog, Goat, Russian Buffalo, Wombat, Astrachan, Persian Lamb, Otter, Etc.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

The Positive Rule

of this great store is that no goods shall be carried over from one season to another no matter what the loss—hence this great sacrifice.

M. S. BURROWS.

Our Annual Mid-Winter Clearance Sale IS NOW ON....

Another unparalleled Bargain-Giving Demonstration interesting to men of limited purses—
This is a profitable event for men and parents that all should share in.

Positive Reductions of 10, 20, 30, 40 and 50 Per Cent in all Departm'nts

Men's Clothing Reductions.

Our Clothing Stands Alone In Duluth as Representing the Best.

MEN'S FASHIONABLE SUITS.

Offer No. 1 840 suits, regularly sold at $12.00 to $15 go at ---------- **$9.65**

Offer No. 2 635 splendid Business Suits, sold at $16, $18 and $20—take your pick at ---------- **$13.65**

Offer No. 3 A Suit Bargain of a lifetime — 400 highest grade strictly tailor-made suits—sold at $22, $24, $25 and $28, at ---------- **$17.65**

Offer No. 4 Special—450 Suits—odds and ends — broken sizes—from full lines which sold at $8, $10 and $12.50—tomorrow ---------- **$6.65**

OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS.

Offer No. 1 300 Black, Blue and Brown Meltons, Kerseys and Chinchillas—worth $8, $9 and $10—take your pick for ---------- **$5.55**

Offer No. 2 400 Kerseys, Meltons, Vicunas, Friezes, Chinchillas and Beavers—worth $14, $15 and $16, for ---------- **$9.65**

Offer No. 3 500 fine Overcoats, well known and popular makes, fit for a cabinet officer to wear—worth double the money. **$14.65**

Offer No. 4 All our finest Overcoats—the famous Stein-Bloch & Co.'s productions at a reduction of-- **20%**

Men's Furnishings.

THE LATEST QUILTED MUFFLERS—The kind we have been selling at $2.00 and $1.50—while they last—your choice at..... **$1.00**

MEN'S COLLARS—M. S. Burrows' special brand, regular 15c qualities—each..... **8⅓c**

NECKWEAR—45 dozen Four-in-Hands, Teks, Batwings, String Ties and Puffs, originally sold at $1.00, 75c and 50c to close—each..... **35c**

MEN'S GLOVES—Lined and unlined, odds and ends of $1.00 and $1.50 qualities, some are slightly soiled from having been in window, exceptional values to close—a pair..... **79c**

CLEAN-UP SALE OF SHIRTS.

White and colored, laundered and unlaundered, stiff and negligee. If you are not too particular about a pattern, you can buy a good shirt for everyday wear out of this lot at about one-third its regular value. We have picked out all our odds and ends of $1.00 and $1.50 Shirts, while they last, your choice..... **50c**

Clearance Sale Men's Underwear.

HOLROYD'S—Finest Derby Ribbed Australian wool Underwear—regular price $5.00—for this sale..... **$2.65**

NORFOLK MAKE—Finest worsted full-fashioned regular made Blue, Gray color, regular price $5.00—this sale..... **$2.65**

DUNHAM—Best Australian wool—derby ribbed—French neck, White and Turquoise Blue colors—regular price $2.50; this sale.... **$1.95**

NORFOLK— Unshrinkable Merino—full fashioned, well made and trimmed, Blue color, regular price $2.00; this sale..... **$1.55**

ALL-WOOL RIBBED—well made—Pink and Blue colors—regular price $1.25—this sale..... **85c**

180 Garments, odds and ends of our regular $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 lines, Merinos, Wools, Worsteds—if you are in need of something to patch out the season with—here is your opportunity—While they last, $1.50, $2 and $2.50 odd garments—choice..... **$1.05**

Sensational Selling of Boy's Clothing.

Furnishings and Winter Caps, Gloves and Mittens.

Splendid reductions in Boys' Vestee, Little Men's 3-piece and Long Pant Suits as well as Reefers.

Russian Overcoats—2½ to 8 years—
$6.00 qualities at ---------- $4.95
$7.50 qualities at ---------- $5.95
$8.50 qualities at ---------- $6.95
$10.00 qualities at ---------- $7.95
$12.00 qualities at ---------- $8.95

Boys' Overcoats—16 to 20 years—
$10.00 qualities at ---------- $7.95
$12.50 qualities at ---------- $9.95
$18.00 qualities at ---------- $14.95
$20.00 qualities at ---------- $16.45

Special—Winter Caps—
25 dozen 25c Winter Caps ---------- 15c
25 dozen 50c Winter Caps ---------- 25c
10 dozen $1.00 Winter Caps at ---------- 50c

Boys' Shirts, in fancy percale—75c and $1.00 qualities ---------- **39c**

Mother's Friend Waists, with two collars and one pair cuffs ---------- **75c**

Infants' Underwear—in natural grey—25c quality ---------- **13c**

Boys' Sweaters—Turtle neck or sailor collar—navy blue—$1.00 quality ---------- **69c**

Fleece Lined Underwear — silk trimmed—39c quality ---------- **25c**

Odds in fine American Hosiery Company Underwear—that sold at $1.50 and $1.75—to close at ---------- **98c**

Children's Gloves and Mittens—the Scotch or
Knit kind—25c qualities ---------- 19c
Knit kind—35c qualities ---------- 25c
Knit kind, 50c qualities ---------- 39c

Windsor Bow Ties for little boys—made from 50c silks ---------- **19c**

Boys' Mufflers—
50c quality at ---------- 43c
75c quality at ---------- 63c
$1.00 quality at ---------- 75c
$1.25 quality at ---------- 98c

EXTRA SPECIAL—
Boys' Overcoats—Seventeen Overcoats only—sizes 11, 12 and 13 years—tomorrow, Thursday, only ---------- **$1.00**
Toboggan Suits ---------- **Half Price**

MEN'S HATS AND CAPS.

Entire stock of Men's Soft Hats in pearls—browns, cedars and black—all the newest shapes including the popular Pantouris, $3, $3.50, $4 and $5 qualities—choice..... **$2.50**

Knox and Stetson's Excepted.

32 doz Men's Caps—Golf, Brighton, Dewey and Golf Yacht shapes, all colors and styles of cloth—50c and 75c grades—choice ---------- **39c**

18 dozen the season's newest shapes Golf Yachts, Brightons and Tie-overs, best of makes, regular $1.00 and $1.50 grades—to close ---------- **69c**

Shoe Department Bargains.

MEN'S SHOES—All odd pairs of Men's Shoes in Hanan and Burrows' Benchmade $5 and $6 Shoes, in box and French calf vici kid, enamel and patent leathers—some with single and some double soles—all good sizes and widths, your pick of the lot for—only..... **$3.75**

ALL ODD PAIRS of Men's Shoes in the Burrows $4 and Burrows Regent $3.50 lines—in box calf, vici kid, patent leather and enamel calf, some light and some heavy soles, your choice of the lot..... **$2.85**

196 PAIRS MEN'S $3.50 WELT SHOES—in single and half double soles, box calf, vici kid and enamel, all sizes and widths—in most of the styles, your choice only..... **$2.39**

All odd pairs of men's $2.50 Shoes, in lace or congress, single or double soles—in box calf, vici kid or velour calf—your choice of the lot for..... **$1.89**

All our Men's and Ladies' Felt Shoes and winter footwear, Arctics, lined Rubbers, Overgaiters, etc., at cost or less.

All our Men's and Boys' Shoe Packs, German Socks, Sheepskin Socks, etc., at 20% discount.

Men's Dressy Trousers.

In new and handsome fancy striped Worsteds and Tweeds, made in the proper width legs, that fit and hang perfectly, a splendid assortment of $4, $4.50 and $5 values—choice..... **$3.45**

Our broken lines of Men's Smoking Jackets, sizes 33 to 48 only. 25 left at exactly ½ PRICE.

THIS SALE IS FOR CASH. **M. S. BURROWS** THIS SALE IS FOR CASH.

A LUNCHEON.

Women's Federation Midwinter Event On Lincoln's Birthday.

The annual midwinter breakfast of the Minnesota Federation of Women's clubs is to be held next month, or rather the luncheon for this year it will be held at noon. The day selected is Wednesday, Feb. 12, and it will be held this year at the University armory at Minneapolis.

This anniversary of Lincoln's birthday has always been selected for this event by the Federation for it permits school teachers, a large number of whom are club women, to attend if they desire for on that day the schools are closed.

Monday the committee in charge met at St. Paul to arrange for the affair and the Dispatch reports their decision as follows:

"The committee of club women who have I charge the program of toasts and addresses for the midwinter meeting for the Minnesota Federation of Women's clubs, met yesterday at the residence of the chairman, Mrs. A. T. Bigelow, 1909 Inglehart street. The subjects of the toasts were selected. It has been arranged that Mrs. Charles A. Dibble, vice president for the Fourth district, shall introduce the new state president, Mrs. E. N. La Penotiere. Mrs. La Penotiere will deliver an address and this is looked forward to as one of the interesting events of the day.

"The subjects for the toasts are:

"The Women of the Northwest.'

"Our Advisory Board (meaning husbands and other male relatives of members).

"What Is Worth While.'

"The last toast is the key of the entire club movement. Club life exists for the sole purpose of finding out what is worth while, and the lady who responds to this toast is likely to give some hints as to how far club women have gone in their quest.

The ladies who are acting with Mrs. Bigelow on the program committee are Mrs. Armstrong and Mrs. S. S. Haupt, of Albert Lea; Mrs. J. D. Chase, of Faribault; Mrs. Norval Marchand, of St. Paul.

It is, of course, too early as yet to predict the number of Duluth women that will attend, but there will certainly be several, for Duluth women have been prominent in the Federation and have always been well represented at the state meeting in the fall and at the midwinter breakfast.

Enameline

BIGGER BOX SAME PRICE — THE MODERN STOVE POLISH — Brilliant, Clean, Easily Applied, Absolutely Odorless. — LIQUID—BETTER YET! FIRE PROOF

Retail Clerks Meet.

The Retail Clerks' union met last evening and held an election and installation of officers. The union extended a vote of thanks to those merchants who have shortened their hours. The following were the officers elected and installed:

President, Victor Johnson; vice president, Frank Blodgett; financial secretary, C. W. F. Hegg; treasurer, C. H. Stevens; secretary, A. K. Squires; guide, E. W. Shalgren; guardian, O. F. Narvisen. Delegates to trades assembly, Victor Johnson, C. W. F. Hegg and Frank Blodgett.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment, at any drug store.

THE BOARD

Considers Bids For Printing and Supplies--- Bridge Bids.

After the election of chairman of the board, overseer of roads and watchman, engineer and janitor of the court house yesterday afternoon, as recorded by The Herald last night, the board of county commissioners in annual meeting assembled proceeded to the consideration of bids for publishing, printing, etc.

Bids for printing the proceedings of the board, the financial statement and the tax list were received from the Duluth Tribunal, the Evleth Star, The Duluth Evening Herald, the Duluth News Tribune, The Duluth Weekly Herald, the Weekly News Tribune, and the West Duluth Sun. These bids were referred to the committee on claims and accounts and were not acted upon yesterday afternoon.

Bids for printing, printed supplies, blank books and blanks, and four court calendars, were received from the Evleth Star, J. J. Le Tourneau, George M. Jensen, O. F. Collier, Northland Printery, J. L. Thwing, X-Ray Printing company, Peachey & Lounsberry, C. H. Thornton & Co., Duluth Lithographing and Printing company, Miller-Davis Printing company, of Minneapolis; George D. Barnard & Co., of St. Louis; Pioneer Press company, of St. Paul. These bids, also, were referred to the committee on claims and accounts.

Bids for the proposed bridge over the St. Louis river were received. Each bidder put in plans accompanying his bid, and some put in several sets of plans and specifications. The bids, which were referred to the committee on highways and bridges, were as follows: Hewett Bridge company, $2355; J. L. Johnson, $2768 and $3993.30; Joliet Bridge and Iron company, $2782, $2624 and $2711; M. A. Adams, $3127; American Bridge company, $2750 and $2460.

The proposition to divide the town of Duluth came up, and it would have gone through had it not been for a question that was raised about the bonds. Some time ago the county issued $10,000 bonds, and there is some question about their legality. The question that is up is the division of the indebtedness in case the bonds are upheld. There is little doubt that the town will be divided. It is proposed to cut off township 51-13 from the town of Duluth and call it the town of Lakewood. The new town is in the western part of the old town, and it was claimed that the town was so unwieldy that the residents of the new town could not get to the voting places without going twenty miles.

BURIED POMPEII

Prof. Kelsey Gives Interesting Talk on Famous City.

Tells "The Tragedy of the Ages" In Graphic Style.

Discoveries Through Uncovering of City Have Been Important.

Before a large and appreciative audience at the High School building last evening, Francis Kelsey, professor of Latin and archaeology at the university of Michigan, gave his illustrated lecture entitled "Ten Years of Excavation and Discovery at Pompeii." The lecture was given under the auspices of the Ladies' Literature class of this city. Because of the many years spent in Italy, during which time he was instructor in the American school in Rome, Professor Kelsey had excellent opportunity to study and collect material for his lecture about the long buried and famous city and the stereopticon views shown last evening, with the assistance of G. S. Richards, of this city, were splendid reproductions of the photographs taken during the course of the excavations.

Professor Kelsey referred to the destruction of Pompeii as "the tragedy of the ages," and said that the discoveries made during the course of the 150 years of excavation have been some of the most important sources of information of ancient times.

One of the first views thrown on the screen was a large map of the region of Italy about which the volcano Vesuvius and the city of Pompeii. Ancient history has shown that in ages past, even before Pompeii was built, there was an immense eruption of Vesuvius and the city was built on the old lava bed that had formed to the sea shore and gave a commanding view of the sea and the adjacent plain. In the year 63 A. D., there was a slight eruption and earthquake that caused some destruction of the buildings in the city, but the people of Pompeii, feeling secure, repaired their losses and it was not until the year 79 A. D. that the volcano broke out again and showed signs of activity up to the present time.

Professor Kelsey says that the causes that led to the eruption of the volcano have ever been a mystery to the scientists. They are even at a loss to explain the phenomena that brought about the destruction of the two Roman cities, Pompeii and Herculaneum, by entirely different causes. Pompeii was buried in fine pumice stone and volcanic ashes, while a flood of water and debris from the crater overwhelmed and destroyd Herculaneum.

The period of excavation, said Professor Kelsey, has been divided into three decades. The first decade being from 1763 to 1772, the second from 1813 to 1822, and the third from 1833 to 1892. The first decade was marked by the discovery of the temple of Isis, the second by the discovery of the forum and the third by the uncovering of the house of Glaucus. Even at the present time there is a greater part of the city that has not been excavated from the bed of pumice and the volcanic ashes in which the city was buried.

Reasoning from the standpoint of the scientists that have studied for years the conditions that probably existed when the city was buried, Professor Kelsey briefly outlined the story of the destruction, how the top of the crater blew off with a tremendous explosion, followed by successive explosions that hurled the huge masses of pumice stone thousands of feet in the air and crushed them into small fragments. A gale of wind that was blowing toward the city carried the descending rain of debris directly on to Pompeii and the surrounding region, a lull in the explosion being followed by a rain of the volcanic ashes.

Views were shown of the ruins of splendid buildings that displayed the simple yet massive style of architecture. The houses uncovered during the excavations showed that the inhabitants were far advanced in civilization and had, practically, the "modern improvements," as people would style it at the present time. One of the old Roman houses covered a large area of ground and included everything within its confines from the garden to the servants' quarters, hot and cold and plunge baths. The rooms containing the hot baths were heated by hot air circulating about under the floors and over the ceilings.

One picture was of the restoration of a Roman villa, discovered in recent years, whose owner was a very wealthy farmer. The house was a splendid piece of architecture, and contained, besides the living rooms and courts, the stables, the wine presses and fermenting room. It was in this house that the bodies of the former inmates were found, and from their positions when discovered, the outline of an interesting and tragic story as told by Professor Kelsey has been made possible. The wine cistern had a capacity of several hundred barrels, while in the fermentation room were eighty terra cotta jars with each a capacity of five or six barrels. It was in this house that was found one of the largest and most valuable collection of silver handed down from ancient times. The collection consists of 102 pieces and was sold to the Louvre museum of France for a large sum of money. Views were shown of the plate design from magnified photographs.

Professor Kelsey says there is constant trouble between those engaged in excavating and the Italian government, for the government will not permit discoveries on the part of individuals, and it always claims the right to make first selection from the valuables uncovered. The silver plate mentioned was discovered by a wealthy Italian who smuggled it out of his country and sold it.

Various pictures showed the restoration of Roman buildings on lines drawn by modern architects. Views were also thrown on the screen of the interior of some of the houses of the wealthy class of Romans, showing the splendid paintings on the walls. Ceiling decorations were as much a fad with the old Romans as with the people of the present day, and not without artistic merit.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness and Swelling after meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be WITHOUT A RIVAL.

BEECHAM'S PILLS taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove any obstruction or irregularity of the system. For a

Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Disordered Liver,

they act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System, restoring the long-lost Complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the Rosebud of Health the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicines in the World.

Beecham's Pills have been before the public for half a century, and are the most popular family medicine. No testimonials are published, as Beecham's Pills

RECOMMEND THEMSELVES.

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Eng., and 365 Canal St., New York.

Sold everywhere in boxes, 10c. and 25c.

A BANQUET.

University of Michigan Alumni Dine Professor Francis Kelsey.

The second annual banquet of the Duluth-Superior Alumni association of the University of Michigan was held last evening at the McKay hotel, on Fifth avenue west and was a largely attended and very successful social affair.

The guest of honor was Professor Francis Kelsey, a member of the faculty of the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, Mich. As Professor Kelsey delivered a lecture at the high school that did not close until 10 o'clock, the banquet was opened a few minutes later.

There are more than 100 of the old students of the Michigan university at the head of the lakes, and about fifty of them, with their friends, gathered at the hotel last evening.

Rev. A. W. Ryan, the retiring president, acted as toastmaster. O. H. Simonds, one of the old-time students at Ann Arbor, gave a short talk. Professor Kelsey responded to the toast, "A Message From Alma Mater," and during his address gave a number of reminiscences of the older teachers on the faculty. He told of the progress that has been made in the Michigan school, both in the way of equipment and increased attendance. The students now number about 3800. Professor Kelsey brought to the alumni the cordial greetings of the president and faculty of the university.

Judge Roberts of Superior was present, but could not respond to his toast as he had to leave to catch a car to his home.

Miss Ruth Scott, an undergraduate, responded to the toast, "Twentieth Century Co-Ed," referring particularly to the physical development of the young lady students that is made to keep pace with their intellectual development.

W. J. Olcott's toast was, "The University and Business." He held that business has become of such magnitude in detail and science that a university training is best adapted to fit a young man to cope with the conditions.

Three cheers were given for the Alma Mater, the cheering being led by O. H. Simonds.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: F. D. Adams, president; Judge David L. Roberts, vice president; J. H. Whitely, secretary; H. A. Dancer, treasurer; Miss Ruth Scott, Judge William A. Cant and W. J. Olcott, trustees.

The banquet was followed by a short informal social session that the alumni might meet Professor Kelsey.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN, WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

AMUSEMENTS.

ANNA EVA FAY.

Anna Fay closed her successful engagement of ten days in Duluth with a matinee at the Lyceum this afternoon. The performance was well attended last evening.

NORTH BROS.' COMPANY.

North Bros.' company will close its engagement at the Sixth Avenue theater this evening when it will produce "Mismated," a comedy drama in four acts. Numerous specialties will be presented and a good performance is promised. The management has booked a return engagement in April when the company will be here for four weeks. This popular attraction is always welcome in Duluth, as their performances are always bright, new and free from anything tinging on vulgarity. The acting portion of the company is well balanced, and no tiresome waits are experienced as the intermissions are filled with vaudeville acts of a high order. A return of this company undoubtedly means four weeks of good business for the Sixth Avenue.

PRIMROSE AND DOCKSTADER.

George H. Primrose, of Primrose and Dockstader's Big American minstrels is noted as being the best exponent on the American stage as imitator of the dandy darkey. His grace and agility as a dancer has won him fame from ocean to ocean. The company will be here Friday and Saturday evenings, giving a matinee Saturday afternoon.

Your Hotel will serve Grape-Nuts if you ask

Order the food served dry and with cream to pour over it.

A LARGE VERDICT

Jury Awards Joseph Miller Damages In Sum Of $3,250.

Was Brushed Off a Car By a Pile of Lumber.

Criminal Cases Disappearing and None May Come to Trial.

Joseph A. Miller was awarded a verdict for $5250 for the loss of his right arm by a jury in his case against the Northern Pacific Railway company this morning. He sued for $20,000.

Mr. Miller, who is an old-time railroad man and a pioneer resident of Duluth, was hurt April 20, 1901, while working for the railorad company as switchman. He was riding on the side of a car when he was brushed off by a piece of lumber, and his right arm was run over and crushed so badly that it had to be amputated. His jaw was broken and he sustained other injuries. He claimed that the company was negligent in permitting lumber to be piled too near the track.

Theodore Hollister, of Davis, Hollister & Hicks, was his attorney.

The case went to the jury at 5 o'clock last night, and the jury agreed upon its verdict within two hours. The verdict was sealed and was opened and read at the opening of court this morning.

Judge Dibell and a jury then took up the case of the Northern Pacific Railway company against D. A. Duncan and others, in which the defendants appeal from the award of commissioners in condemnation.

In the case of the Pabst Brewing company against William C. Sargent as sheriff and others, the jury last night returned a verdict for the plaintiff.

In Judge Ensign's court the case of the estate of Leslie J. Craig against the Benedictine Sisters Hospital association was still on trial today.

The jury calendar is fading very rapidly and the juries are not likely to be employed very much longer.

GOING RAPIDLY.

Criminal Calendar Disappearing at Lively Rate.

If criminal matters in district court keep on the way they have statred it is quite probable that there will not be a single criminal case to be tried before a jury out of all the indictments returned this term. Half a dozen of those under indictment have already pleaded guilty and there are only a couple of cases yet to be disposed of.

Yesterday afternoon George Wagner, charged with forgery in the second degree, withdrew his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty. Judge Cant sentenced him to one year in the state prison at Stillwater.

This morning George Gall, charged with grand larceny in the second degree, withdrew his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty. Sentence was postponed for a few days.

FIGURING.

County Board Put Most Of the Morning That Way.

The county board spent most of this morning informally figuring out the various matters that are before it, and when it had figured them out the results of the figuring went over to this afternoon.

The only thing done this morning was to let a bridge contract. Over this there was a bit of a stir that was nipped in the bud. The committee on claims and accounts, to which all of the bids were referred yesterday afternoon, reported a resolution awarding the contract for the bridge to the American Bridge company of New York, for $27.0. It had put in two bids, one $2750 and the other $2460.

Commissioner Kauppi arose and said that the board ought to give the plans of the Hewett Bridge company, which bid $2535, or $215 less than the American, some consideration. He said that when the bids went to the committee last night, Mr. Hewett did not have his plans in, having left them at the hotel, but they were there this morning.

Commissioner Patterson said that it was too late, now that the committee had acted on the matter. The call for bids required plans to accompany them, and the other bidders had brought plans with their bids.

Commissioner Kauppi said that the board ought to be willing to wait a little to save $215. The Hewett plans, he thought, called for a better bridge than the American's, because they had steel joists instead of wood.

Commissioner Berdie said that it was a poor time to make a grandstand play for economy. The bids were called for, and it was directed that plans accompany them. If the Hewett company was late that was not the board's fault.

Mr. Hewett, representign the company, started to speak, but the question was called for, and the resolution was carried, only Commissioner Kauppi voting against it.

LANDS ARE BOOMING.

Northern Wisconsin Will Soon Be Settled.

Reports from Milwaukee say that there is quite a boom on in Northern Wisconsin lands at the present time, and that a large number of farmers from Illinois and Iowa are buying cut over timber lands in many of the northern counties, with a view of engaging in stock raising, farming and fruit growing. Sales are said to have been over 15,000 acres during the past month. One of the professors in the Wisconsin state agricultural college has stated that the northern part of the state promises to be one of the greatest dairy sections in Wisconsin.

TAKES IT COOLLY

Charles Morgan, the Forger, Brought Back From Milwaukee.

Very Anxious Not to Make Any Trouble For Authorities.

Regrets That He Has Already Caused Considerable Expense.

One of the cleverest, most daring and most accommodating forgers that ever operated in this section was bound over to the grand jury in police court this afternoon.

He is Charles Morgan, one of the two men that recently cashed in $500 worth of worthless checks in Hibbing.

He was brought here from Milwaukee this morning by Sheriff Sargent and surprised the authorities with his anxiety about making them trouble.

He assured County Attorney McClintock that he regretted the expense he had put the county to already, and knowing that a preliminary examination in police court would mean the bringing of many witnesses from Hibbing at a great expense to the county, he would very gladly waive an examination.

This he did, and the district court will fix the bail. In talking over his case the forger said that he knew he was caught and that he would make the best of it, giving the authorities as little trouble as possible. He even intimated that he would save them the trouble and expense of a district court trial by pleading guilty when the proper time came.

When the court had pronounced the decision binding him to the grand jury, Morgan carelessly asked a few questions about bail and then walked over to the deputy sheriff and held up his wrists for the handcuffs.

The operations of Morgan and his partner are almost without a parallel in the criminal history of St. Louis county. They played a daring game for big stakes and lost. Morgan says that there is nothing for him to do but make the best of the situation.

He is a tall, slender, blonde young man, and it is said that he is well educated.

ARE RUSHING IN.

Physicians Coming to Time With Birth Reports.

The fact that the city authorities are contemplating legal proceedings against physicians that fail to report births and deaths according to law, has had a salutry effect. Over fifty births have been reported and some of these date back to last spring.

The health authorities are considerably inconvenienced by the failure of doctors to report typhoid fever cases promptly, and they expect to include this in their enforced campaign for enforcement of the health laws.

Officers Installed.

The newly-elected officers of the Gorman post, G. A. R., were installed in the lodge rooms at Masonic Temple last evening. The officers now are: Jacob Laux, commander; J. H. Triggs, vice commander; S. F. Boyce, junior vice commander; S. F. White, adjutant; Asa Dailey, quartermaster; D. S. Wilkinson, surgeon; L. W. Palmer, chaplain; J. C. Ferguson, officer of the day; John Irwin, officer of the guard; John R. Randall, sergeant major; George Swan, quartermaster sergeant.

The auxiliary Garfield circle also installed officers.

ENGINEER TO BLAME.

New York, Jan. 8.—J. H. Franklin made a verbal statement this afternoon in regard to the tunnel wreck. He said: "The engineer of the rear train was responsible for the accident. The Norwalk local was due in the depot at 8:35 and the White Plains local at 8:47. The Norwalk local was stopped by the danger signal at Forty-ninth street. The flagman got out with lantern and torpedoes and put the torpedoes on the trail. The engineer of the incoming train failed to recognize the signal."

Mr. Franklin said this is the third accident in the tunnel. The first took place in November, 1882, when twenty persons were killed. The second occurred Feb. 20, 1901, when six persons were killed and many injured.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

$19.50 to $25 Velvet Dress Skirts $15.00!

We will place on sale tomorrow a line of fine Velvet Dress Skirts, elegantly tailored and our regular $19.50 to $25.00 values—special $15.00.

Evening Capes—Reduced

Jackets! Three-Quarter Coats! Furs! At reductions Averaging a Quarter to a Half Less than Regular Prices

Made in fine Kerseys, in tans, light grey, brown and wine colors—lined with dainty linings—at $18.50 to $35.00 — former prices $22.50 to $55.00.

French Flannel Waists

We will place on sale tomorrow morning a line of Fine Plain Tailored Waists, made of the best French Flannel. Our regular $5.75 Waists—special $4.25.

Fine French Flannel Waists

Tucked all over, some made plain and tailor stitched. Our regular $3.50 value. On sale at $2.50.

Black Taffeta Waists

Made in the latest styles, with tucked yoke effects and trimmed nicely. Our regular $6 quality at $5.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Parlor theater. Everybody enjoys it.

Get your tickets for John G. Woolley's lecture at the Y. M. C. A. at Pinto's jewelry store, 208 West Superior street and White Star restaurant, West Duluth.

An error in the advertisement of Professor Francis W. Kelsey's lecture at the High School last night made it appear that the prices of admission had been changed, which was not so. This was an error in setting the type, the price having been given as 75 cents in all the advertisements handed in to The Herald office.

Professor Ourat will organize an adult beginners' class Wednesday, Jan. 8.

A transcript of judgment from the municipal court has been filed in district court in favor of Hopkins & Patterson and against F. R. Leslie and others for $460.10.

Parlor theater—new specialties.

The ladies of Pilgrim Congregational church, living west of Second avenue east, will meet Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock with Mrs. Charles Duncan, of 131 West Third street.

Violin lessons 35 cents upwards, at the Bradbury violin school, 3 Columbus Bldg.

Shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon an East Fourth street car, east bound, jumped the tracks near Tenth avenue east. It crossed west bound tracks and butted into the slight embankment at Portland square. Besides the motorman and conductor there were two men on the car. They were shaken up but not injured in any way. The rough condition of the track was given as the cause of the accident.

PERSONALS.

W. G. McFarland, of Winnipeg, is a business caller in the city.

A. D. Campbell, of Terre Haute, Ind., is a guest of the Spalding.

W. W. Croze, of Ely, is among the range visitors here today.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bailey, of Eveleth, are guests of the McKay.

John Dean, of Two Harbors, was registered at the McKay today.

W. M. Ferguson, of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company, will leave today for a three months' trip through various parts of the territory covered by his company.

General Agent T. E. Blanch of the Northern Pacific road left today for Buffalo, N. Y., to arrange his business affairs preparatory to returning to this city to reside about Jan. 20. J. O. Dalzell, who was promoted to division freight agent of the Northern Pacific road, will leave this evening for St. Paul and enter on his new duties tomorrow.

James Robinson, of the South Shore road, left today for a business trip to Fargo, N. D.

A. J. Mussell, of Bayfield, Wis., is among the visitors in the city this afternoon.

Miss F. E. Carey, of Ely, is visiting friends in the city today.

G. H. Markham, of Rush City, Minn., is a guest of the St. Louis.

W. L. Prickett, of Sidnaw, Mich., is a business caller in the city.

W. H. Yawkey, of Detroit, Mich., is a guest of the Spalding.

J. B. Dunnigan and George H. Boyd, lumbermen of Saginaw, Mich., are in the city.

Mrs. John McKinley, who has been in the East for a year or more, is here and is occupying her residence on West Second street.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Chapman will remove to Minneapolis at once, Mr. Chapman having obtained a position in that city with the Hart Grain company.

Mrs. Lana and her son, Peter Lana, will continue the business formerly run at 27 West Superior street by Louis Lana, who died last Saturday.

A Great Collar Carnival at the Big Duluth.

The Big Duluth placed on sale this morning 500 dozen of their standard Sliver collars that will be sold as follows: One collar for 10 cents, 3 collars for 25 cents, 12 collars for $1.00. The regular price of these collars is 15 cents each, and the object of the sale is to better acquaint you with their merit. Every new style and all the well-known standard favorites are in this sale. Sizes, 14 to 18. Remember, this is not a sale of second-grade collars bought for a sale, but the well-known Silver brand of collars, which are strictly first quality.

UNION LABOR

San Francisco, Jan. 8.—Mayor Phelan retired and Mayor-elect Schmitz assumed the office today.

Mayor Schmitz, who was elected by the Union-Labor party, announced the following appointments:

Director public works—Michael Casey, Union-Labor party, president Teamsters' union and one of the leaders of the recent strike of the City Front federation.

Fire commissioner—J. S. Barry, member of the Bridge Builders' and Pile Drivers' union, and secretary of the Union-Labor party.

Police commissioner—H. W. Hutton, Union-Labor, attorney of the Sailors' union and Labor council.

Civil service commissioner—Louis J. Ohnimus, Union-Labor, manager of boats on Stove lake in Golden Gate park, and formerly in the theatrical business.

School director—Alfred Roncovier, Union-Labor, member of theater orchestra.

Election commissioner — Thomas Boyle, Democrat, business manager Evening Bulletin.

Park commissioner—A. Altman, Republican, artist.

Member of board of health—Dr. James W. Ward, Republican, homoeopath.

Secretary to the mayor—George E. Kearne, Republican, lawyer.

Besides the mayor all the other elective city officials assumed their duties today. The principal patronage offices are filled by Republicans. The board of supervisors is divided between the Republicans, Democrats and Union-Labor parties, the latter having three of the eighteen members.

A VILLAIN.

New York, Jan. 8.—Almost a riot was caused at a police station by the arrest of a man accused by Coroner Scholler of attempting to rob the bodies of the dead from the tunnel wreck as they lay in the station house.

People had been admitted to the station to identify the bodies, and the man is supposed to have drifted in with the crowd. When he was taken before the sergeant at the desk the friends and relatives of some of the dead were so incensed that they made several attempts to get at him, shouting, "He ought to be lynched." The man gave his name as John Maloney. Coroner Scholler said he saw the man going through the pockets of one of the dead person's clothes. "You ought to be burned in oil," said the sergeant to Maloney. "You are the meanest criminal I ever saw. Take him away quick."

Maloney was taken to a cell, followed by the threats of the crowd.

IN A GULCH.

Casper, Wyo., Jan. 8.—Deputy Sheriff Kennedy and his men think they have Charles Woodward and one or more of the men who were implicated in the killing of Sheriff Ricker Saturday in McDougal's Gulch. Kennedy followed the trail to the gulch, which is located in the Rattlesnake mountains, and thirty men are now guarding the escape. Kennedy is not expected to return before Thursday.

The man already arrested and brought here as Frank Foote proves to be Jeff Franklin and Foote is still at large. Clarence Woodward and Franklin testified before the coroner that they were not at the scene of the shooting, having left the rest of the party before the killing occurred. They gave the officials such information as they had of the movements of the other two escaped prisoners. The excitement continues and summary justice is not unlikely should Kennedy return with the murderers of Sheriff Ricker.

THE SENATE'S DOINGS.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The senate did not convene today until 2 p. m., an adjournment having been taken yesterday until that hour, in order that senators might attend the wedding of Senator Foraker's daughter which occurred at noon. At the conclusion of the routine business bills on the calendar were considered and the following passed:

Extending to the sub-port of Sumas, Wash., the privileges of the immediate transportation of dutiable merchandise, without appraisement.

Authorizing the Southern Missouri and Arkansas Railroad company to build a bridge across the Current river in Arkansas.

Mr. Rawlins, of Utah, presented a resolution directing the committee on Indian affairs to investigate the report that efforts are being made to lease the Uintah Indian lands in Utah.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The following nominations were sent to the senate by the president today:

Postmasters: Wisconsin—Emilius S. Goodell, Viroqua. Wyoming—Perry L. Smith, Rawlins. Iowa—Jay M. Jackson, Lorimer; Horatio E. Smith, Dows; L. H. Mayne, Emmetsburg; Joseph Mallinon, Fonda; J. L. Berry, Humeston; Gerald L. Whinery, Iowa Falls; Luther Conklin, Kingsley; John Ledgerwood, Leon; F. A. Lewis, Marcus; James H. Morrison, Seymour; J. C. Stewart, Sheldon; Thomas Waypole, Storm Lake; William H. Tyrrel, Waverly. Minnesota—James V. Campbell, Ada; Edwin D. Holmes, Detroit City; John R. Johnston, East Grand Forks; W. M. Fuller, Little Falls; Charles C. Eastman, Wadena. Michigan—John Ballentine, Bad Ax; David H. Barrows, Armada. South Dakota—John F. Reid, Elk Point; John A. Stanley, Hot Springs.

Army—Maj. James L. Casey, corps of engineers, to be a member of the Missouri river commission.

The president also sent to the senate a number of appointments of second lieutenants, first lieutenants and promotions in the army and navy.

THE OIL FLEW

Kingston, Ont., Jan. 8.—At a meeting of Free Methodists at Verona, one of the brethren declared he could fly and proceeded to demonstrate his power. He launched into space and his head came in contact with a large coal oil lamp. The lamp fell to the floor and the oil ignited. At one time five men and three women were on fire and five out of the eight were seriously burned. The flames spread and caused a panic. Many were injured in the stampede.

STRUCK GAS

Port Huron, Mich., Jan. 8.—Gas was struck this afternoon in a well which was being bored for salt at the Cleveland and Sarnia Sawmill company's plant in Sarnia, Ont., just across the St. Clair river. It was immediately ignited by a stove in a building adjoining the well, and the company's plant and surrounding buildings are now in great danger from the flames. The machinery in the well, which was destroyed, was worth $40,000. The gas is coming from the solid rock and may burn several weeks. The flames are shooting up fifty feet into the air. Firemen are throwing water on the mill property and adjoining buildings, which will be destroyed if the wind changes.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

The Sale of Lace Curtains Continues!

And the interest increases as the values become better known—every pair is new, fresh and pretty—and the retail prices in most instances less than they could be imported for—

$1.50 and $1.25 Curtains, pair ----- 98c
$2.00 Curtains, per pair ----- $1.25
$3.50 Curtains, per pair ----- $2.25
$4.75 Curtains, per pair ----- $2.75
$5.50 Curtains, per pair ----- $3.75

Odd pairs of Brussels and Irish Point Curtains ...at...

1-2 Price.

Irish Point Curtains.
$6 kinds, pair ----- $4.75
$10.50 kinds, pair --- $8.25
$7.00 kinds, pair --- $5.75
$15.00 kinds, pair -- $11.75

Battenberg Curtains.
$7.00 kinds, pair --- $5.00
$11.00 kinds, pair -- $8.50
$13.75 kinds, pair -- $10.00
$16.50 kinds, pair - $13.50
$19.50 kinds, pair - $14.50
$24.50 kinds, pair - $19.50

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

The Most Important

Dress Goods Sale of the Season!

We close our annual inventory Saturday evening next and cannot promise such values later as lots are being rapidly closed out.

50c and 60c Black Goods for 29c—
This lot includes all-wool Henriettas, all-wool Jacquards, Crepon effects, and other fancy weaves—29c.

75c and $1.00 Black Goods for 50c—
Consisting of Mohair Crepons, Mohair Crepes, fancy Pierolas and many similar weaves—at 50c the yard.

$1.25 Black Goods for 75c—
Many desirable patterns in Jacquard and other fancy weaves, as well as Zibelines, Camel's Hair, Cheviots and Pierolas—75c.

$1.50 and $1.75 Black Goods for $1.00—
Silk and wool figures, Mohair effects, striped fancies, and many others that were $1.50 and $1.75—price $1.00 the yard.

50c and 60c Colored Dress Goods for 38c—
Mostly staple weaves such as Cashmeres and Serges, in many desirable shades—38c the yard.

$1.25 Colored Goods for 75c—
Plain and fancy, such as Whipcords, Zibelines, Venetians, fancy Poplins, and Homespuns—75c yard.

Evening Shades reduced—75c Cashmeres for 48c—
46-inches wide and all-wool in lilac, yellow, pink and blue—48c.

$1.25 French Lansdown for 75c—
Equal to Read's, but a trifle narrower; in red, nile, brown, pink, and helio—75c the yard.

$1.00 Fancy Waistings for 65c—
Many handsome effects in Persians, side bands, and stripes—65c.

Some very good values in short lengths of 3½ to 6 yards, as follows—

$2.00 Whip Cords for $1.25.
$2.00 Poplin for $1.25.
$3.00 Clay Worsteds for $2.00.
$1.75 Draps de Ete for $1.25.
$3.75 Vicunas for $2.50.
$2.50 Suitings for $1.50.
75c Armure for 50c.
$1.60 Soliel for $1.15.
$2.50 Fancy Crepes for $1.50.

Real bargains in short lengths of 1 to 3 yards—

$1.25 Tweeds for 75c.
$1.50 Cheviots for $1.00.
$1.50 Primelas for $1.00.
$1.50 Venetian for $1.00.
$3.75 Golf Cloths for $2.25.
$1.75 Broad Cloths for $1.25.
$2.50 Kersey for $1.50.
$1.50 Scotch Mixtures, 75c.
$2.00 Homespuns for $1.50.
$2.75 Skirting for $1.75.

Lining Specials:
10c quality Skirt Stiffening for 2c.
59c Famer Satin for 25 cents.
50c Fancy Skirtings for 25c.
5c to 10c quality linings in short lengths for 3c.
All 25c quality spun Glass Remnants 12½c.

$4 and $5 Fancy Pattern waists for $2.90

All Novelty Dress Patterns at— Half Price.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

WILDES

Washington, Jan. 8.—Secretary Long has detached Rear Admiral Frank Wildes from his present duty as commandant of the Pensacola navy yard and ordered him to relieve Rear Admiral Louis Kempff, the junior squadron commander on Asiatic station. Admiral Wildes will sail for his post Feb. 7. It is probable that Rear Admiral Robley Evans, who is to be the senior squadron commander on the Asiatic station, will sail on the same steamer.

Capt. P. H. Cooper will relieve Admiral Wildes as commandant of the Pensacola yard, the order going into effect on Jan. 27.

HEARING

Ordered by Supreme Court on Bayfield Railroad Case.

St. Paul, Jan. 8.—A Washburn, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: An order has been received from the supreme court of the state of Wisconsin, returnable next Tuesday, compelling the receiver of the Washburn, Bayfield & Iron River railroad to show cause why the state should not proceed in the matter of compelling the road to remain intact. The action is brought in the name of the state of Wisconsin and of the attorney general. District Attorney McLeod says the thirty-five workmen arrested yesterday for attempting to tear up the track will be held for trial. All is quiet today.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County.—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

EXCHANGE

Of Colombian Prisoners Will be Assisted by Philadelphia.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Secretary Long has granted the request submitted by United States Consul General Gudger, at Panama, on behalf of Gen. Alban, commandign the Colombian army, and referred to the secretary by the state department, that the cruiser Philadelphia, now at Panama, proceed to Las Tablas, a port about 100 miles southwest of Panama, on the Azuro peninsula, to assist in an exchange of prisoners. The Philadelphia will convey to Las Tablas certain Liberals who were captured by the Colombian government forces and several commissioners, appointed by the Colombian government, who are to arrange at Las Tablas, the terms of an exchange for a number of Colombian government officials, who weer captured by the Liberal forces at Tumaco.

THICK FOG

Salt Lake, Utah, Jan. 8.—A freight train on the Rio Grande Western road and a work train collided near Roy station, ten miles south of Ogden, in the thick fog this morning. Fireman Frank Cowell, of Salt Lake, was instantly killed.

The injured: James Woolwine, brakeman, fatally; J. C. McNickle, engineer, severe; J. C. Frazer, Clinton, Utah, slight.

The injured were taken to Ogden and placed in the hospital.

RECIPROCITY

Washington, Jan. 8.—The ways and means committee today fixed Jan. 15 as the time for beginning hearings on Cuban reciprocity, and it was the prevailing view in the committee that the hearings should not extend beyond Feb. 1. Chairman Payne stated that he had been in correspondence with the representatives of the Cubans, who would be ready to proceed on the 15th inst. Mr. Payne also stated that the committee was desirous of giving the fullest opportunity for the development of all facts, but did not wish this to extend into protracted statements of opinion on the course to be pursued.

The committee also ordered a favorable report on the joint resolution, ordering the commissioner of internal revenue to return bank checks, drafts, etc., having imprinted stamps thereon, and the bill for the redemption of such internal revenue stamps as have become valueless by the repeal of certain of the war taxes.

Beat Out of an Increase of His Pension.

A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes: "Seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48, I contracted Mexican diarrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it restores me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for diarrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

Open day and Night. 330 W. SUP. ST. New 'Phone 1358.
FLOOD & HORGAN, Undertakers and Embalmers
JOHN FLOOD, Manager. DULUTH, MINN.

FUNERAL FLOWERS and Floral Decorations of all descriptions. Fresh Cut Flowers, Potted Plants, Etc. Lowest market prices.
VICTOR HUOT, 223 West Superior Street

Going to Waste



FOR LACK OF PROPER FOOD.

Many persons find themselves breaking down in spite of all efforts to stop.

They do not use the right kind of food to rebuild the daily loss of the body, caused by the kind of work they do.

For instance, any one who thinks, employs the brain, and this work of the brain wears away little fine microscopic particles every hour, just in proportion to the amount of work done.

This is a natural process, but those little particles must be replaced each day or brain fag and nervous prostration sets in.

It is known that the brain, and all other nerve centers in the body, are filled with a soft kind of grayish pulp, made up of a combination of albumen and phosphate of potash. Of course, if this matter is gradually worn away, day after day, by brain work, and the individual does not take food from which it can be rebuilt, there is a steady downhill process going on in the body.

Grape-Nuts Food is made specially for such cases. It contains the phosphate of potash, albumen, and the starch of the grains transformed into grape sugar. It is a delicious food, and brings about certain well-defined results in the human body. Use it with good cream day after day and you will be pleased to observe the daily growth back to strength and health.

All grocers sell Grape-Nuts. Made at the pure food factories of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

HAVE YOU A COLD?

Pe-ru-na Will Cure it Before it Becomes Chronic.



Mrs. Eleanor Cohn, 503 Sixth avenue, New York, writes:

"For bronchial trouble or any other disorders of the throat, lungs or stomach, I believe Peruna is at the head. I caught a heavy cold which developed into bronchitis in its most serious form and upon the testimony of a friend I tried Peruna, although I had but little faith in it, as my experience had been confined to my bed for a week, and in a few days I felt my strength returning, the cough left my throat less sensitive, and in two weeks I was entirely well."—MRS. ELEANOR COHN.

Mrs. W. Washburn, financial secretary of Camp No. 2, Sons and Daughters of America; also recording secretary of the Lady Standard Mutual Benevolent association, of New Orleans, La., writes from 128 Villere street, New Orleans, La.:

"Recently I caught a severe cold, being repeatedly exposed to wet in our rainy season. It settled all over me and in a few days I had chills and fever, with inflammation and headache, so that I was unable to be about. I had one of your booklets in my home and had read in an indifferent way of the value of Peruna, but when I became sick I thought about it and sent for some. I found it truly wonderful. It simply hunted out every sick and aching place in my body and within a week I was well. I used it about two weeks longer and have been in the best of health since."

MRS. W. WASHBURN.

Mrs. W. M. Hohnmann, 569 N. Paulina street, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I wish to write you about my experience with Peruna. I suffered with catarrh of the bronchial tubes and had a terrible cough ever since a child. As I grew older it got worse. Every winter it got so bad that I did not know what to do. After awhile it got so bad that I had the cough both winter and summer. I kept getting worse and kept doctoring and could not get relief. Then I went to the dispensary for treatment, but it all did me no good. At night I could never lie on my back, but would sit up in bed with pillows propped up behind me, but still the cough would bother me, and would not let me sleep until 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning. Then everybody as well as myself thought that I had consumption. I thought that I could never get better, and I prepared to die.

"But reading in the papers about Peruna I decided to try it without the least bit of hope that it would do me any good, but after taking three bottles I noticed a change in my appetite, which seemed to get better, so I kept on, never getting discouraged, and finally my cough got better, and I could rest at night.

"Now I can lie on my back to sleep all night without waking, until I am called in the morning, and you may well think how thankful I am for Peruna.

"At times I thought I would choke, but it has all left me now. Peruna has cured me. I have neither the cough nor the sore throat since I used the Peruna. I cannot thank Peruna enough. It has cured where doctors failed, and I talk Peruna wherever I go. I recommend it to everybody."—Mrs. W. M. Hohnmann.

A PLAIN TALK

On a Plain Subject, in Plain Language.

A cold is the starting point of more than half the fatal illnesses from November to May. A cold is the first chapter in the history of every case of consumption. A cold is the first stage of chronic catarrh, the most loathsome and stubborn of diseases. A cold is the legitimate parent of a large family of diseases, such as bronchitis, pleurisy, pneumonia and quinsy. To neglect a cold is almost suicide. To fail to provide against this well-nigh inevitable evil is dangerous negligence.

Peruna is a safeguard as a preventive, a specific as a cure for all classes of catarrh, acute and chronic, coughs, colds, consumption, etc., etc.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, president of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

MARRIAGE

Without the Removal Of Masks Caused Serious Trouble.

Birmingham, N. Y., Jan. 8.—Miss Alice Rose, of Sedalia, Madison county, Ohio, became the unwilling bride of Andrew Park, at Towanda, Penn., New Year's night as the result of an attempt to play a joke at a masquerade ball. Miss Rose, who was visiting friends in this section, was a guest at the ball, and Parks, who was present, expected his fiancee to wear a costume similar to that of Miss Rose.

He accordingly mistook the Ohio girl for his sweetheart, and when he began to say tender things Miss Rose quickly saw he had made a mistake, but in a spirit of fun led him on. Parks found himself getting along so smoothly that he proposed immediate marriage in his masquerade costume, and Miss Rose accepted with the stipulation that neither unmask until after the ceremony was completed. She relied on the fact that Towanda is in Pennsylvania, just across the state line, and a marriage license would accordingly be necessary.

The couple, retaining their masks, donned their garments and went to the house of a Methodist minister, arousing him from bed and stating their wants. He complied and proceeded to perform the ceremony. When he had gone far enough the bride suggested they had forgotten the marriage license, but the groom replied, "Oh, no, I got this yesterday," producing a paper from his pocket.

With a cry she fell to the floor, but quickly recovered herself and declared that she must be released. The minister told the ceremony had gone far enough to make it binding, and the groom, when he found out the joke, was in a towering rage. It is thought a divorce action will be necessary in order to dissolve the bonds beyond a doubt.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

FACTS TO CONSIDER

What Opening of the Chippewa Reservation Would Mean.

Would Provide Homes For Fully Fifteen Thousand People.

Lands Are Well Adapted For the Raising Of Crops.

Cass Lake, Minn., Jan. 8.—(Special to In the opening of the Chippewa reservation are viewing with considerable satisfaction the work being done by the committee appointed by the combined business organizations of the northern part of the state. That committee has prepared and circulated generally throughout the state, giving those who are not posted in the matter some facts in connection with the country embraced within the Chippewa Indian reservations and many reasons why the land should be opened to settlement and the pine disposed of the following is a copy of the statement:

"It is greatly to be regretted that recent agitation of the defunct national park or forestry reserve question, makes it seem advisable to submit a few facts concerning the enormous tract proposed to be so sequestered and withheld from the productive uses of our domain. These facts are presented by actual residents on the section interested, on the acquired knowledge of experience and personal observation, and we think are entitled to full credit and consideration as the theoretical opinion of a few sentimental sportsmen and misinformed enthusiasts. They are capable of complete verification by application to any one of the thousands of bona fide residents in and about this vast territory, who have been drawn thither by their faith in the expressed and implied promise of congress to open it up to settlement.

"The area proposed to be converted into a national park or forest reserve embraces all of the Chippewa reservation, covering over 600,000 acres, on which the government estimates show two billion feet of standing pine timber, independent of hard woods. There are, independent of the three thousand Indian allotments, already made, over 500,000 acres of agricultural lands fit for homestead settlement. These lands, giving each settler 160 acres, will offer homes for over 2000 heads of families, and computing five for each head of family, would make an addition of about 15,000 people to the population of Northern Minnesota, to say nothing of town and village residents necessarily incidental to such settlement. If opened to settlement, the settlers and their families would be large consumers of dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, groceries and hardware, and users of agricultural implements, and would speedily become taxpayers and help to lessen the burdens of all others in the county and in the entire state.

"Upward of one-third of the large county of Cass is embraced within the limits of the reservation boundary, and so withdrawn from settlement, yet, notwithstanding this, the increase in population in that county within the past five years, has been over 700 per cent, and now amounts to over 10,000 souls, on a conservative estimate. Beltrami county, immediately adjoining on the west, and under the same conditions, as the part of Cass county outside the reservation, increased in population from 312 in 1890, to 11,099 in 1900, and has to exceed 15,000 inhabitants today. That portion of Cass county embraced within the reservation limits is far superior in timber resources to the balance of the county, and equal in agricultural opportunities, and the character of its soil to any of the surrounding country which is being so rapidly settled.

"The cutting of two billion feet of pine would require the services of a vast number of men for years. These men are all consumers, all the clothing, boots and shoes, and other articles of wearing apparel, tobacco and implements, they would have to be supplied by the wholesale houses of the cities, and many of the most numerous of our brave soldiers, sent there among those who settled in the agricultural lands of the reservation, could, if they so desired, find steady employment in these woods, for at least five months in the year, at good wages for themselves and teams. These wages would add materially in aiding over the pioneer period incidental to homesteading in new countries.

"That the lands of the reservation are well adapted for agricultural purposes is demonstrated by the fact that the Chippewa Indian, with his crude methods and lazy way of farming, raises most excellent vegetables, fully matured corn, cuts and sells tons of good hay every season to the various logging camps operating outside the reservation.

"This cut-over pine lands in Aitkin, Itasca, Crow Wing, Wadena, Hubbard and Mille Lacs counties are very similar in character of soil to the lands of the Chippewa Indian reservation, and are now peopled by a most successful class of farmers. At one time it was contended that these lands were absolutely valueless for agricultural purposes, but continued crop raising has demonstrated the fact that they are more valuable for farms than the prairie lands of the West. During the past decade, exhibits of farm products from these counties at the state fair have been awarded first premiums over all competitors from the southern and central parts of Minnesota.

"The farmer going onto these lands is much better off than the settler on the prairies. The latter is compelled to purchase the lumber to build his house and sheds, pay his fuel, and is subject to crop destruction by drouth and hot winds, and is forced to absolute idleness for at least five months of winter. On the other hand the farmer in the timbered lands commences to earn money from the day he commences to work. He finds enough wood on his farm to make railroad ties, which are always in demand. The pine trees he fells can be converted into firewood, hauled to town and can either be sold to local residents or sold for shipment to the Western prairies. All produces and crops of these farms, such as cattle, hay and vegetables, would find ready purchasers in the numerous camps which would be in operation should the reservation pine be disposed of.

"The advocates of a national park have certainly selected a most undesirable place for such a purpose. The Chippewa reservations do not possess any natural scenery except Star island in Cass lake, which the people there are anxious to have set aside and have reserved as well as several islands in Leech lake. It would be almost impossible to preserve the standing timber from devastation by fire. One railroad passes east and west through the reservation, and another north and south. Facts show that sparks from passing locomotives start forest fires, and lightning repeatedly does what sparks fail to perform. When we remember the holocausts of Phestigo and Hinckley, it can be seen that, when conditions are favorable, no human agency could prevent the total destruction of the standing pine in any park. Travel through the Chippewa reservations, show repeated evidences of great forest fires having swept through the country previous to the advent of the white man in Northern Minnesota.

"The advocates of the national park scheme base their claims for such on the fact that it is beautiful and has all the necessary qualifications of altitude and dryness for the relief and benefit of those suffering from pulmonary and bronchial troubles. Facts do not bear out these statements. On the contrary, 97 per cent of those afflicted with these diseases who have gone into the Chippewa Indian country for relief have either died there or returned to their homes to die among friends and it is a well-established fact, easily proven by the Indian service statistics, that to the ravages of consumption is due a majority of the deaths among the Indian adults.

"During the past summer a commission composed of three of the most eminent physicians in the state, appointed by Governor Van Sant, for the purpose of selecting a site for a sanitarium, visited all the parts of the Chippewa reservation, and decided, unequivocally, that neither the country nor the climate was in any manner suited for the purpose desired; that it was too damp and marshy, and the cold of winter was too rigorous.

"The advocates of the forest reservation that to denude this country of its pine timber would reduce precipitation, and that the waterheads must be protected. Here is a vast inconsistency between the national park advocates and those who want it preserved for a health resort, nearly all of whom are enlisted under both banners. In one breath they claim that it is the ideal spot for invalids, because of the dryness of the atmosphere, at the same time claiming that the timber must be preserved in order to retain the moisture. Statistics from the government observatory at Lake Winnibigoshish show, from 1886 to 1901 show an average rainfall of over 26 inches, and that the actual rainfall during these years has increased from 24 inches to 35 inches in spite of the fact that logging has been continued in that section during the period above named.

"These reservations were advertised for opening and settlement under the provisions of the Nelson law. Such sale was scheduled for May 19, 1899. This sale was stopped by the secretary of the interior, on the eve of its opening. To provide places of residence for settlers previous to the general sale of the government sold a townsite on the reservation, and as an evidence of what the settlement may be, when these lands are settlement may be, when these lands are opened, it may be stated that Cass Lake alone now numbers over 2000 souls.

"These park and forest reserve enthusiasts are loud in their clamor for justice and fair treatment for the Indians.

"As a matter of fact, the national park scheme as applied to the Mississippi Indian reservation in Northern Minnesota has never been considered seriously by any legislative body in the country, or by any set of level-headed business men. Its followers are mainly from the ranks of women's clubs and sentimental doctors who lack practical experience on the subject of preservation of pine timber or the effect of railroads passing through said tracts of timber, and the consequent advent of civilization within the reservation boundaries.

"It is a fact well known to all men of experience in these northern pine countries that with railroads and civilization coming in, the pine tree is just as sure to disappear. If the timber is not cut and put upon the market, it will, by the ravages of fire, surely deteriorate at the rate of about 10 per cent per year, and the only thing that this national park scheme has succeeded in doing so far has been to hold back the sale of this timber as provided under the Nelson law, thereby annually robbing the Chippewa Indian of his just dues as expressed in the rice treaty, making it possible for the annual forest fires and the dead and down timber thief to slowly but surely draw about him the hop of despair, which drives him to commit murder and treason and will eventually wipe from the face of the earth his only holdings.

"This timber and these lands belong to the Indians, and this government made an agreement with these Indians to dispose of the lands for them, without delay. To say that we cannot successfully sell this timber under the bank scale system in such a manner as to give the Indians their just dues in the premises, is to acknowledge that government is a failure and our national capital need with knaves and cowards.

"At the present prices of pine stumpage, the timber on these reservations will produce for the Indians at least ten million of dollars, making them rich and at the same time simply carrying out the nation's contract with them, and besides earning good wages for fifteen to twenty years to come.

"Seeing carried on this continued policy of delay, is it any wonder that he takes up his rifle and attempts to show his disapproval of such dishonest tactics by shooting down, at Sugar Point, a large number of our brave soldiers, sent there to quell disturbances, which are sure to follow such dilatory and dishonest dealing? The prompt carrying out of the treaty providing for the sale of this timber and the settlement of the lands under the homestead act, as provided for in the Nelson law would not only produce more money for the Indians than will be possible at any further time, but will lift them from their present rank as beggars and dependents to the position of them on the broad road of civilization and culture.

"If we are a nation of honor, we will, without further delay, dispose of their property and hand over to them their money. Under the present system of delay and an annual payment of $5 or $6 per head, they are suffering with cold and hunger and dying of disease.

"If it is so easy for the government to protect lands from fire, why is it that, notwithstanding the large number of soldiers, detectives and fire wardens, maintained at a very heavy expense, and the iron-clad rules governing the Yellowstone National park, a stretch of country almost void of inflammable material, such as abounds in plentious quantities on these reservations of Northern Minnesota, that it is impossible to keep the fire out of the timber situated in that park. It is a well known fact to all who have visited the Yellowstone National park, that disastrous fires sweep through that timber every year, and only last summer a large quantity of it was destroyed. Only two years ago, over a hundred thousand dollars worth of damage was done to the property of the Chippewa Indians, disastrous fire sweeping through their timber near the western boundary of the reservation.

"There are but one of two conclusions to be arrived at in this connection Whether the Chippewa Indian reservation shall be opened for settlement, thereby preserving for all time to the Indian his just and rightful patrimony, which is now being rapidly diminished; affording homes for thousands of settlers, the pine timber being permitted to be cut in an honest and equitable manner, giving employment to thousands of men in the winter, the northern part of the state of Minnesota being permitted to develop and prosper into thriving communities, similar to Brainerd, Aitkin, Wadena, Hemidji and Grand Rapids, all similar in their surroundings, this part of the state being given the opportunity to add its share to the upbuilding of Minnesota, or a set of visionary enthusiasts will prevail, and Northern Minnesota to be closed to further development, settlement and progress, and be set aside for a park, for which it is not at all adapted, necessitating the general government investing vast amounts annually for the preservation of timber which must, sooner or later, be destroyed.

"Judge Page Morris, congressman from this district, knowing and fully realizing the needs and great wants of his constituents, has introduced in congress the so-called Morris bill for the relief of the situation, the help of the settler, and to do justice to the Indian, as for years the government has been pledged to do.

"This bill ought to prevail, and with its passage this part of the great state of Minnesota will develop as no other section has during the past."

Herb Baths for Health.

If you have been thinking of going to some hot spring or sanitarium to regain your health, let us suggest that you try a course of our natural herb remedies. They are not expensive, can be used at home, and we can show you many letters from Duluth and Superior people who have been cured by them.

Our herb baths are wonder workers for weak, tired people. They bring back fresh new vigor, purify the blood and give a clear complexion.

It will cost nothing to talk it over with us and we may save your much expense.

THE HERBAQUEEN CO.,
319 First Avenue East.

FINGER

Cut With Twine And Blood Poisoning Followed.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Agnes Forgie, a 17-year-old girl, living at 3601 Seeley avenue, is dead from blood poisoning caused by a piece of twine. Miss Forgie was employed as a bundle wrapper in a State street store, and while tying a bundle cut her finger with the twine. Several days later she became ill and blood poisoning followed, ending in death.

NECK BROKEN

But Daley Still Lives And Takes Nourishment.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Jan. 8.—Frank Daley, the young man who fell down a flight of stairs and was so terribly injured, is puzzling the physicians. They say that virtually the man has a broken neck and still lives, and even takes nourishment, although unconscious. His recovery is regarded as impossible.

MINE IS FILLING

Water Is Gradually Coming Up In the Negaunee Shaft.

Not Much Hope For the Men Who Are Entombed.

Loss Of Life Will Range From Thirteen To Seventeen.

Negaunee, Mich., Jan. 8.—The cave-in at the Negaunee mine yesterday proves to be the most distressing accident in years and it is feared that from thirteen to seventeen lives are lost.

The names of the dead so far as known are:

WILLIAM WILLIAMS, married.
JOHN SULLIVAN, single.
JOHN PASCOE, single.
JOHN PEARCE, single.
JACOB HUNLALLA, married.

Thus far but two bodies have been taken out, Hunlalla's and an Italian, Dominic Basso, who is alive. Basso's story is as follows:

"We were sitting around the pump at the bottom of the shaft when, without any warning, thousands of tons of ore came down. I remembered no more until I heard the sound of picks and shovels in the hands of the rescuers, and their shouts. I was in total darkness, and my feelings cannot be described. What seemed ages to me was but minutes. When the rescuers reached me I was seventy-five feet from the place where I was sitting and found myself in a drift. How I got there is a mystery, but can only be accounted for by the concussion of the wind."

Hndreds of men are at the mine eager to help in the work of rescue, but it is thought the other bodies cannot be found within twenty-four hours.

The Negaunee mine is one of the most unlucky properties in the Lake Superior district. Much trouble has resulted in sinking and rifting from surplus water and quicksands.

It was at this mine that $1,000,000 was recently expended to sink a shaft to the ledge.

From the condition of the shaft it would seem that the men are surrounded by a large mass of dirt and broken timber. The lower portion of the shaft is so badly twisted that the cage will not operate within 100 feet of where the men are entombed. A rescuing party of about fifteen of the most skillful miners at the mine was organized immediately.

Thirty men were working on the level during the morning, but the majority of them went to the surface to eat their dinners, those later caught under the debris having taken their lunch with them.

A dull roar and a sound of crashing timbers gave to the men on the surface the first indication of the disaster being enacted nearly 500 feet under ground. A rush was made for the shaft and when all had quieted down, volunteers under the lead of Capt. James Piper descended in the cage in an attempt at rescue. It was found, however, that the shaft was badly damaged, it being impossible to get within eighty feet of the level in which the men were buried.

Cries for help were heard at the lowest point reached, and the removal of the timbers which blocked the way found a man who shortly before the cave-in had started for the surface. He was unhurt, but was drenched to the skin and suffering greatly with the cold. The man could throw no light on the fate of his associates, the majority of whom are thought to be Italians and Finlanders.

The steam pipes leading to the underground pump were so damaged that it would be impossible to operate pumps even if possible to reach them, and as the mine is the wettest in the iron country the shaft is making water very fast.

Last night the force of mechanics employed at the various mines of the steel trust are getting other pumps in condition for operation, but it is problematical whether these can be put into commission soon enough to prevent the water from flooding the mine. The flooding of the mine would result in great loss to the company and would necessitate a suspension of mining work for some time to come.

If the workmen are not rescued within the next ten or twelve hours, all hope of getting them out alive will be abandoned.

The officials would not make a statement for publication as to the condition of the mine, or the number of men in the drift. In fact they will not be able to tell just how many there are until all of the other workmen who were in the level report at the office.

DIVIDENDS

Declared In Stocks Of United States Steel Corporation.

New York, Jan. 8.—In the nine months ending Dec. 31, the net earnings of the United States corporation were $84,779,298.

The annual meeting of the directorate was held yesterday and besides voting the dividend of 1¾ per cent on preferred and 1 per cent on common stock a general statement of the finances of the corporation was made public.

The earnings by months were as follows: April, $7,536,744; May, $9,512,294; June, $9,394,747; July, $9,580,151; August, $9,810,889; September, $9,272,812; October, $12,205,774; November, $9,735,841; December, (estimated), $7,750,000; total, $84,779,298.

As to December earnings, the statement made this explanation:

"During the close of lake navigation, from December to April inclusive, the earnings of the mining companies, are, of course, estimated."

The sinking fund on United States Steel corporation bonds and the bonds of subsidiary companies consumed $2,263,292 and depreciation reserve and contingent funds and improvements $9,055,762.

The sum of $11,460,000 was paid in interest on bonds for nine months and $12,-095,897 was paid out in dividends.

The balance available for surplus or new construction amounted to $19,414,497.

ASK DRUGGIST for 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

ELY'S CREAM BALM Gives Relief at once.

It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c.; Trial size 10c.; at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

LOG CUTTING.

Every Sawmill In Minnesota Shows Handsome Increase.

St. Paul, Jan. 8.—Deputy Surveyor General C. E. Sinclair's annual report, which will be submitted to Governor Van Sant in a few days, indicates a season's business in log cutting that is quite in keeping with the contention of those enthusiasts who say that Minnesota and the Northwest is not declining as a lumber district. Mr. Sinclair shows that the manufacture of lumber in Minnesota for the year 1901 assumed proportions greater than ever known before. Every city, town and hamlet having a sawmill reports an increase. The logs scaled in the Second district, which comprises all the territory north of the St. Croix river, numbered 8,226,262, which is equivalent to 609,479,550 feet. There were sawed in the Second district during the year 690,147,940 feet of logs.

The principal item, of course, is that of the direct manufacture of lumber. The total cut of lumber in all the towns enumerated in the surveyor general's report was 873,501,780 feet.

There were also sawed 88,742,500 shingles and 171,389,850 lath. The amount of lumber carried over at the end of the sawing season last fall was 299,835,000 feet.

Of the proportion of logs scaled Minneapolis is credited with 5,388,225, which is equivalent to 383,048,720 feet. According to the surveyor's report, there were 437,395,000 feet of logs sawed, making the lumber manufactured 551,907,794 feet. The shingles and lath manufactured in Minneapolis number 43,607,500 and 109,086,050 respectively.

A CONFLICT

Of Authority Between State and Federal Courts At Washburn.

Washburn, Wis., Jan. 8.—General Manager O. F. Clark of the Washburn, Bayfield & Iron River railroad, together with a train crew and thirty-three laborers, whose movements he was directing, were arrested at Iron River yesterday by Sheriff L. H. Lien and a posse of deputies for attempting to tear up the main line of that road. The railroad officials were acting under the directions of Receiver A. C. Frost who has an order from the United States court to tear up the line. The county is back of the movement to prevent tearing up the road, and District Attorney A. W. McLeod and Attorney H. H. Hayden of Eau Claire secured an order from Circuit Judge Parish commanding the sheriff to prevent the tearing up of the line. It is understood that the attempt made yesterday was for the purpose of bringing the matter to an issue and to establish which court's orders will govern, the federal or the state. The prisoners were brought here last evening and are in the custody of the sheriff, who is keeping them at a hotel.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

Forewarned, Forearmed.

The liability to disease is greatly lessened when the blood is in good condition, and the circulation healthy and vigorous. For then all refuse matter is promptly carried out of the system; otherwise it would rapidly accumulate—fermentation would take place, the blood become polluted and the constitution so weakened that a simple malady might result seriously.

A healthy, active circulation means good digestion and strong, healthy nerves.

As a blood purifier and tonic S. S. S. has no equal. It is the safest and best remedy for old people and children because it contains no minerals, but is made exclusively of roots and herbs.

No other remedy so thoroughly and effectually cleanses the blood of impurities. At the same time it builds up the weak and debilitated, and renovates the entire system. It cures permanently all manner of blood and skin troubles.

SSS

Mr. E. E. Kelly, of Urbana, O., writes: "I had Eczema on my hands and face for five years. It would break out in little white pustules, crusts would form and drop off, leaving the skin red and inflamed. The doctors did me no good. I used all the medicated soaps and salves without benefit. S. S. S. cured me, and my skin is as clear and smooth as any one's."

Mrs. Henry Siegfried, of Capo May, N. J., says that twenty-one bottles of S. S. S. cured her of Cancer of the breast. Doctors and friends thought her case hopeless.

Richard T. Gardner, Florence, S. C., suffered for years with Boils. Two bottles of S. S. S. put his blood in good condition and the Boils disappeared.

Send for our free book, and write our physicians about your case. Medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

CONVALESCENCE

The Remedy That We Recommend To Be Taken After Sickness

Is Vinol, It Promotes Strength and Quick Recovery.

The worst part of being sick is the getting well. That is the time when patience is a virtue.

The sufferer cannot see from day to day that any strength is gained. The appetite is fitful; the hours drag wearily and it seems that Nature would never be able to resume her natural course.

Nature finds hard work after the repairing process she has been going through to do much more without aid. She cries out for help. We know at such times Vino is of great assistance.

We have posted ourselves concerning the scientific action that takes place when Vinol is taken into the system. We would be very glad to tell you what we have learned in this direction and how Vinol acts upon the body. We have in our experience had many opportunities to notice the result that has actually been accomplished where Vinol has been used. These results have always been satisfactory, often astounding even to us.

If you are getting well from any trouble try Vinol. You will sleep better; your appetite will improve, and, above all, that which you eat will more readily assimilate. It will be only a day or two before you will realize that your strength is increasing.

If anyone is skeptical we only ask one thing; that is, that such a one call on us and let us at least endeavor to convince him. Such a conversation cannot do anyone harm. Here is a letter concerning Vinol, from Mr. Isaac Champaigne of Keene, N. H. He says:

"It is with great pleasure that I endorse Vinol. My little girl Cora, after a hard case of scarlet fever took it with the very best results. I do not believe she would ever have recovered if it had not been for Vinol, she was so weak. Now she is in the very best of health."

Remember we guarantee Vinol and always stand ready to refund to the purchaser the price paid for it if complete satisfaction is not given.

S. F. BOYCE
DRUGGIST.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co
INTERIOR FINISH.
This is the time to order your
Storm Sash.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY CHARTER.

ONE.

Amend Section 372 so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 372: When said board shall be ordered by the common council to make any improvements described in Sec. 356 of this charter, it shall cause an estimate of the cost of such improvement to be made by the city engineer, and shall thereupon proceed at once to assess 75 per cent of such portion of the estimated cost of such improvement as is assessable, including 10 per cent upon such amount, which shall be added to the assessment to defray the necessary expenses of advertising, surveys, plans, specifications and superintendence, on the property to be benefited by said improvement in proportion as nearly as may be to the benefits resulting thereto, but in no case in excess of such benefits. In making such assessment roll the board shall describe each parcel of property assessed, and the amount assessed against the same, and shall state the name of the owner thereof so far as known to said board. No mistake in, or omission of such assessment's name shall in any wise affect such assessment.

If the work shall have been completed before any assessment is made, or if the amount so assessed shall be insufficient to complete the work, said board shall make a final assessment in the same manner to pay the same.

All assessments paid on account of any improvement ordered to be done by contract before the contract therefor is let shall be kept separate in the permanent improvement revolving fund for such improvement until the amount of said fund, available for said improvement, equals that portion of the estimated cost of said improvement that shall be paid from said fund."

TWO.

"Amend Section 368 by adding to the end thereof the following:

"Provided, that for the purpose of this section in determining the ownership of the property where any piece of property is owned by two or more owners jointly or in common all such owners shall be counted as one."

THREE.

Add a Section as follows:

"Section 384 a. The same penalties and interest shall be collected by the county treasurer on assessments as upon general taxes, which penalties and interest shall belong to the city and be turned over by said treasurer to the city with the assessments."

FOUR.

Add a Section as follows:

"Section 338 a. The common council of the city of Duluth by a ¾ vote of all its members shall have power to order the construction of sanitary main trunk sewers when the public health and necessity require it, and the city shall have the power to assess upon the real estate to be specially benefited by the same to defray the expense of such construction, or a part thereof, according to special benefits which will accrue to such real estate, without the petition of property owners, provided for in Section 338 of this charter; provided, however, that a sanitary main trunk sewer is hereby defined to be and shall be the main outlet sewer for the drainage of any sanitary sewer district terminating at the point of final discharge of sewerage into St. Louis bay or river, or Duluth or Superior bay or harbor, or Lake Superior, the whole length of which shall be designed and intended as the outlet for lateral sewers and shall not include any other main outlet branch, lateral sewer or any extension of such main trunk sewer."

City Clerk's Office,
Duluth, Minn., Jan. 3, 1902.

I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of the proposed amendments to the city charter of the city of Duluth, submitted o the common council by the charter commission through the mayor of the city, on this date, which amendments are to be voted on at the municipal election to be held in the city of Duluth, February 4, 1902.

H. W. CHEADLE,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 4 to Feb. 4 inclusive. 1902.

BUILDING ACTIVITY

Duluth Certain To See Much Of It This Year.

Large Number of Business Buildings To Be Erected.

Number of Handsome Flat Buildings May Also Be Built.

Architects, contractors and business men generally are predicting a good-sized building boom in Duluth next spring. Not a running boom, but much activity.

A great deal of new work is in sight, besides the Northern Pacific improvements on Rice's Point and the steel trust building, which have gone over from last year.

Negotiations are now pending for the building of at least one large wholesale house, and there is a possibility that the jobbing district will have other fine new buildings.

Conservative men that have been watching conditions very carefully say that the building operations during the coming year should exceed anything since boom days.

Numerous flat buildings are to be erected in various parts of the city, and some of these are planned on an elaborate scale. So far the flat buildings for which plans have been drawn are not very large, but the appointments and general arrangement far surpass anything now in Duluth.

Much in the way of small store and flats buildings is predicted for the West End. Good store buildings in that locality find good tenants, and the upper floors turned into living apartments find quick rentals.

In the East End and out at Lakeside plans are under consideration for a number of residences—nothing very elaborate, but good, substantial homes.

A feature of the outlook at present is that most of this building is to be by Duluth people and with Duluth money. Speaking of this feature, a real estate man said yesterday:

"The fact that our building boom next spring will be started by home capital is the best possible advertisement for Duluth. Nothing will draw outside capital to a city so quickly as the knowledge that residents with a thorough knowledge of actual conditions, have confidence enough to invest."

UNITY CLUB.

Attractive Program Prepared For Second Half of Season.

The Unity club has prepared an attractive program for the second half of this season, and it will begin next Monday evening, Jan. 13, with a discussion of "The Ship Subsidy Bill," by Oscar Mitchell and C. O. Baldwin.

Jan. 27, "John Fiske" will be the subject, and Elmer W. Walker and L. J. Hopkins will discuss him.

Feb. 10, the subject will be "The Race Question," which will be discussed socially by Henry F. Greene, ethically by Mrs. J. L. Washburn and politically by Clarence B. Miller.

Feb. 24, "The Higher Education" will be the subject, and Mrs. C. M. Rice and Wilson G. Crosby will be the leaders.

March 10, "The Novel and Drama as Social Agents," will be discussed by Charles Aidan Smith, principal of the high school.

March 24, W. W. Billson will discuss "The Evolution of the Individual and His Property."

The Bellamy Theory.

To the Editor of The Herald:

By following the course outlined by Edward Bellamy in his work entitled "Equality," we may do more for true Christianity than all the preaching has done since Christ was crucified. By abolishing the profit system and individual capitalism, and doing away with the everlasting, and almost universal scramble for gain, thus ending the incentive to lying, cheating, stealing, robbing, murdering and other crimes, we may establish a universal brotherhood; build up a higher, nobler, grander and more practical Christianity, and institute heaven itself right here on terra firma.

It is time the unholy rush to capture everything of value on the face of the earth, regardless of the needs or comfort of others, should cease. It has a tendency to cultivate greed, selfishness and all the evil proclivities of human nature and kill the finer, nobler qualities of the soul. Even the rich are not as happy as they would be, with an equitable distribution of all that is needful, and the wealth of the people owned by the nation. Do not tell me we cannot overcome the present tendency to incomprehensible fortunes and unbounded poverty, wretchedness and want. It is nonsense to talk about there being such over-production that work must cease and people starve because there is so much of everything on hand. Could over-production have any bad effect if everybody owned everything? We have piled up untold wealth and dumped it into the coffers of a very few of the people—then sit around sucking our thumbs and cursing the hard times. It is the spectacle of a man dying of thirst, while standing in water up to his chin.

The idea that we have produced so much that we have got nothing ought to arouse every man's sense of justice, and call forth a resolution to revolutionize a system of government that would produce such baneful results. The craving, grasping scramble for individual possessions, regardless of the rights or needs of those who produce it, has gone far enough, and the time is auspicious for a new governmental policy, a new moral standard, a new wholesome, practical, true Christianity. Every new discovery or new invention, instead of piling up incomprehensible fortunes for the few, and being a curse to the many, a menace to the laborer, ought to be a blessing for every soul on the face of the earth, and will be, as soon as the new thought materializes. Already communities are agitating and advocating the Bellamy theory.

Of course there will be many failures until the new policy becomes nationalized. It takes time to revolutionize a fixed government. But the process is growing, and no power on earth can stop it. The inspired Bellamy set the ball rolling, then passed to a higher altitude, where, surrounded by angels, he will watch the fulfillment of his plans. The whole angel world will rejoice and sing hosannas to the King of Kings, while all on earth will be lifted to a higher, purer, nobler plane of life, a grander, moral, social and political fraternity, in which every one will be interested in the welfare of everybody. JOHN T. DOW.

Duluth, Jan. 6.

Catarrh

Is a constitutional disease.

It originates in a scrofulous condition of the blood and depends on that condition.

It often causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, affects the vocal organs, disturbs the stomach.

It is always radically and permanently cured by the blood-purifying, alterative and tonic action of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

This great medicine has wrought the most wonderful cures of all diseases depending on scrofula or the scrofulous habit.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic.

It's a Good Thing

To remember that in our piano business there is more than a mere exchange of Pianos for money. The underlying principle never lost sight of, is to give the best possible piano for the money. This is sound business—and it sells pianos. Can we sell you one on this platform.

?

Here's a Piano for $45.00
Another for------$53.00
Yet Another for --$57.00

ALL GOOD SQUARES.

We also have some good upright Pianos used but very little, which we are selling at a great reduction.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Cor. Superior Street and Lake Avenue.

LOSSES

Of Boers and British In the South African War.

London, Jan. 8.—A published review of operations in South Africa during the past year, based upon official reports, gives an interesting comparison of Boer and British losses. The review says that the total reduction of the Boer forces in killed, wounded, taken prisoners and surrendered, amounts to 18,320 men. Out of this total only 7993 rifles were secured. The captures of Boer ammunition amount to 2,300,000 cartridges. British columns are supposed to have taken all the Boer artillery, amounting to twenty-seven guns, exclusive of the two captured by Gen. DeWet at Zeefontein. The capture of Boer stock has been enormous, considering the great hauls made during the earlier years of the war. During the last year a total of 29,882 horses were captured, while of other stock, such as cattle, oxen and sheep 366,821 head were captured.

The British casualties from actual fighting amount to only half of those sustained by the Boers, namely 9113 men, of which 1513 were taken prisoners and have since been released.

During the last year 4090 men died of disease, 15 officers and 342 men were accidentally killed and 25,800 men were invalided home.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Montague Lessler, the Republican candidate in the election held in New York for congressman in the Seventh district, has been elected by 394 votes over Perry Belmont, the Democratic candidate. The total vote was Lessler, 7677; Belmont, 7283.

Fire that started in the general merchandise store of H. B. Liles at Logansport, La., destroyed the business portion of the town, consisting of thirty-three buildings. The total loss is $125,000; insurance, $75,000.

The Hereford bull "Perfection 92,891," was sold for $9600 at the Union Stock Yards, Chicago. This is the highest price ever paid in America for a Hereford, and the highest price in recent years for a bull or cow of any breed. Perfection was the champion Hereford bull of the International live stock exposition in December.

Frank Stackhouse, of Detroit, knocked out Thomas Hesson, formerly of Chicago, but now of Ann Arbor, Mich., in the first round at Flint, Tuesday. They were scheduled to fight ten rounds.

Charles H. Haughton, president of the West End club, declared off the boxing contest between Benny Yanger, of Chicago, and Joe Bernstein, of New York, scheduled to take place before the West End club at St. Louis, on Jan. 14. Trouble over the selection of referee is given as the cause.

BABY'S PICTURE

Causes a Robber to Resolve to Reform.

New York, Jan. 7.—The photograph of little Gladys Ashley on the interior of a watchcase caused a burglar to return the stolen watch and other jewelry. The home of Sylvanus Ashley was entered recently and among other articles taken was the farmer's gold watch, on the interior case of which his baby daughter's picture was photographed. The farmer had given up all hope of recovering the property when he discovered a package containing the missing articles on his front porch yesterday morning. Accompanying the articles was the following note:

"I stole this property from your house recently while you slept. When I saw baby's face on the watchcase it reminded me of my own little one, long since dead. Then I thought of the innocence of childhood and the happy days when I was engaged in an honest and lucrative business. This retrospect caused anguish of heart, and I resolved to return the stolen property and hereafter lead an honest life."

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

RATHBONE IN BAD FIX

His Former Friends Said To Have Deserted His Cause.

Governor-General Wood, His Enemy, Supreme In Cuba.

His One Hope To Separate His Case From Neely's.

Havana, Cuba, Jan. 8.—The friends of Gen. E. G. Rathbone and Charles F. W. Neely, who read with full understanding the newspaper accounts of the opening of the Neely trial, will awaken with a shock to the fact that these two well-known politicians are in a pretty bad fix.

The arbitrary action of the court of the Audiencia in refusing a further postponement of the long-defined trials indicates that the mysterious influence which has protected the postal offenders is broken.

The death of McKinley was a heavier blow to Rathbone and Neely than to any other two men living.

The simple facts, as the national calamity affected the case defendants in the postal cases, are these: Rathbone had the assurance of Senator Hanna that he would not be permitted to suffer. Hanna owed Ratbone his seat in the senate. It was Rathbone who engineered and carried out the deal which gave Hanna the vote which elected him. Hanna stood loyally to Rathbone in his difficulties. It is quite well understood in inner circles that he provided Rathbone with a bondsman, that he furnished the cash to retain La Nuza and Desverrine, Rathbone's attorneys, and that he has made a provision for Rathbone and his family during the two years in which the former director general of posts has not been permitted to leave the island of Cuba.

Hanna had no easy thing in protecting his former friends and political ally, Governor General Wood, Roosevelt's closest friend and McKinley's military favorite, was and is an implacable enemy of Rathbone. It was he who ordered the first arrest in the postal cases, and who personally ordered Rathbone's arrest after the expose which followed. He kept steadily after the former director general, and he was assisted powerfully by a kitchen cabinet at Washington, in which various influences were combined. The situation was even affected by a social friendliness which sprang up between Mrs. Wood and Mrs. Rathbone before Gen. Rathbone's arrest.

Hanna, through his agents, fought valiantly for Rathbone, bringing even foreign church influences to bear.

It was through Hanna's influence that Hon. Horatio D. Rubens was appointed to represent the government in the postal cases. Wood found he was a Hanna man and obtained his removal.

The fight of Hanna and Rathbone was to keep the Rathbone and Neely cases entirely separate. Rathbone's connection with Neely's operations has to be proved. Neely saw the situation. Every move of his lawyers and himself has been made with the view of trying Neely onto Rathbone.

Had the cases once been clearly separated there would have been no further postponements of the trials. But the situation has always remained difficult. Wood, with his undying determination to crush Rathbone, has been the impossible quantity. Complaisance on his part would have permitted things to be fixed without difficulty.

That was the situation at the time of McKinley's death. At one stroke the influence of Hanna in Cuba was struck down. Wood, the president's closest friend and companion in arms, was at once elevated to a position of tremendous influence and power. He wasn't long, either, going to Washington to get the president's ear about Cuban affairs. It was at once determined that the postal cases, which might have been heard two years ago as well as not, should be tried at once.

It is the opinion of those who know about the inside of the postal scandals that the sensational withdrawal of Gen. Rathbone's attorneys was a last desperate effort made in the realization of the fact that no regular proceeding of defense would now avert a conviction.

The Mother's Favorite.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

FIGPRUNE Cereal

Children who drink FIGPRUNE thrive and grow strong.

The perfect food drink for growing children is FIGPRUNE.

It is made from carefully selected California figs, prunes and sound, well ripened grain.

Looks like coffee. Tastes like coffee. But—there is not a grain of coffee in it.

Boil from 5 to 10 minutes only.

ALL GROCERS SELL
FIGPRUNE CEREAL

We close at 5:30.

PANTON WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

We open at 8:30.

Great January Sales

¶ It's time for the Annual White Goods Sale now—not in February and March.

¶ We are having our sale at a seasonable time, without any delay, because we began making preparations over six months ago. We bought from several of the largest and best houses who are in position to deliver the goods when wanted. Now, when you are ready to buy Muslin Underwear, Linens, White Goods and Embroideries, we've got the goods in greater quantities than ever. We're not asking you to wait another week for delayed shipments.

¶ It's one thing to take the initiative. Quite another to set back and claim the glory and credit for every movement inaugurated by a competitor.

¶ We believe in *doing* things, in being *independent*, in *advancement*. A would-be competitor claims our methods are *bombastic* and *sensational*, if so—they are lively enough to keep this whole town awake, and cause insomnia among the trailing storekeepers, whose hands are too soft and delicate to indulge in "mud-slinging."

¶ On Friday night, December 27th, we announced in the newspapers, that, beginning Monday, December 30th, we would close at 5:30 and open at 8:30. A filching merchant read our "ad," and on the same evening that the "ad" appeared painted a sign and posted on his doors that his store would open at 8:30 and close at 5:30, and for this act claims the distinction of inaugurating the eight-hour work day in Duluth. Although their store opened at 8:30, they required their clerks to be at the store at 8:00.

¶ This same merchant advertises that the Annual White Goods Sale was inaugurated three years ago in Duluth by him. This may be true, but we have been conducting January White Goods Sales annually for over seven years. The *sale* is meeting with great success. Every woman who attends finds many things of interest and abundant opportunity to economize on household articles.

Great January Sales on the Bargain Counters...

Bargain Counter 1.

Annual January sale of embroideries — 17,000 yards of the newest goods in the market, marked at prices 30 to 35 per cent under existing prices—embroideries from 5c to 45c. **5c**

Bargain Counter 2.

Undoubtedly the greatest bargain in white goods ever heard of in this city. The great crowds that have been buying from this counter the first two days of the sale will attest to this. Dimities, nainsooks, plques and madras—worth up to 25c per yard for 10c. **10c**

The very first sale of these goods Tuesday morning to one lady amounted to over $150. She considered them unusual bargains.

Bargain Counter 3.

Ladies' muslin underwear — good qualities — splendid goods, that have become slightly soiled and mussed from handling—skirts, drawers, corset covers worth $1 for 49c—worth $2 for 98c. **98c**

Ladies' corset covers, children's aprons and gowns, worth 50c for **25c**

Bargain Counter 4.

Special exhibition of new spring wash goods. Correct styles for spring and summer — and patterns confined exclusively to us—15 to 20 yards to each pattern, thus insuring exclusiveness.

The new wash fabrics are works of art. So silky in appearance that it takes an expert to detect that they are not silk. The new process of mercerizing cotton goods makes them more durable than unmercerized goods—as fascinating as silk.

January Sale Linens, Sheetings, White Goods.

Such offerings as we herald may sound "bombastic," but the "public" is pretty wise and knows good linens from poor. We're now doing the greatest linen business of our history, which speaks well for our methods, even if they are bombastic and sensational.

This is hotel, boarding house and resta urant keepers' one great linen and sheeting buying opportunity, when stocks are at high tide and prices are at ebb-tide.

Fruit of the Loom, 6c.

Fruit of the Loom 36-inch Bleached Muslins, regular price 10c—during the January White Goods Sale, 6c. Limit, 20 yards to a customer.

Sheetings—Mill Prices.

Lonsdale Cambric, 36-inch, bleached---------10½c

Pride of the West Bleached Muslin, 36-inch-------12½c

10-4 Pequot Bleached Sheeting, worth 30c, at ----22½c

9-4 Pequot Bleached Sheeting, worth 28c, at-----20½c

Ready Made Sheets and Pillow Cases.

73x90-inch Mohawk Sheets, bleached, torn and ironed—worth 59c—at---------42½c

81x90-inch Mohawk Sheets, bleached, torn and ironed—worth 69c, at, each------49c

81x99-inch Sheets, Dwight's Anchor Brand Muslin, worth 85c elsewhere—each ----59c

45x36-inch Pillow Cases, ready-made — worth 10c—each---------7½c

45x36-inch Pillow Cases, ready made—worth 12½c---10½c

45x36-inch Pillow Cases, ready made, hemstitched, worth 20c, at---------15c

Bed Spreads.

Full size Bed Spreads, hemmed ready for use, Marseilles patterns—worth $1.25, each--------95c

Marseilles Bed Spreads, hemmed ready for use, worth $1.75, $1.39

Marseilles Bed Spreads, hemmed ready for use, worth $2 25, $1.85

Marseilles Bed Spreads, satin finish, full size, pearl hemmed—worth $3.50—at, each----$2.45

Towelings.

18-inch Twilled Cotton Toweling, bleached or unbleached—sold at 5c---------3½c

Glass Toweling, linen, checked, worth 7c a yard, at---------5c

18-inch Kitchen Toweling—bleached—worth 10c ------7½c

Sheetings.

9-4 Pequot bleached Sheeting—worth 28c, at----------20½c

10-4 Pequot bleached Sheeting—worth 30c, at----------22½c

6-4 Pequot bleached Sheeting—worth 20c, at----------15½c

5-4 Pequot bleached Sheeting—worth 15c, at ----------12c

42-inch Pequot bleached Sheeting—worth 14c, at -------10½c

Cream Table Damask.

58-inch Cream Table Damask—all linen with red border----35c

68-inch Cream Damask—dice pattern, for restaurant use, extra heavy, worth 65c, at-----42½c

72-inch Cream Damask — all linen, heavy weight—75c value at ----------59c

72-inch half bleached, all linen—worth 98c, at----------75c

72-inch Cream Damask, all linen, J. N. Richardson & Sons manufacture---------98c

72-inch Cream Damask, all linen. J. N. Richardson & Sons' manufacture ----------$1.25

72-inch Damask, half bleached, all pure linen, napkins to match, at ----------98c

58 inch Cream Damask, all linen with red border, a yd 35c

68-inch Cream Damask, dice pattern, for restaurant use, extra heavy, worth 65c, at, per yard----------42½c

72-inch Cream Damask, all linen, heavy weight, 75c value, at ----------59c

72-inch bleached Table Damask—all pure linen, worth 65c—January sale price ---------49c

68-inch bleached satin Damasks—fine pure linen, pretty new designs, 95c value, at ---------75c

22x22-inch Napkins to match—at, per dozen ----------$1.98

68-inch bleached satin Damask, fine pure linen, the $1.10 value, napkins to match, at-------88c

72-inch bleached satin Damask, fine pure linen, $1.35 value, 5-8 and ¾-4 napkins to match, at $1

Napkins.

5-8 bleached table napkins—all linen, dozen----------59c

5-8 bleached table napkins—all linen, dozen----------75c

5-8 cream table napkins, all linen, dozen----------98c

5-8 cream table napkins—all linen, dozen----------$1.25

5-8 bleached or unbleached, all linen, dozen----------$1.50

Longcloths.

Imperial 36-inch Longcloth—"chamois finish," for underwear, etc.

No. 300 quality at 10c a yard—piece---------$1.08

No. 350 quality at 12½c a yard; piece---------$1.35

No. 500 quality at 14c a yard—piece---------$1.65

No. 600 quality 5-4 at 18c yard; piece---------$2.10

No. 800 quality 5-4 at 22c yard, piece ---------$2.50

Twelve yards to a piece.

Nainsooks.

For Underwear, etc.

Twelve yards to a piece. At $1.50, $1.75 and $2.25 per piece.

Bleached Table Damask.

72-inch Bleached Damasks, fine Satin Damask, "J. N. Richardson Sons & Owden manufacture," all the newest designs, open borders, etc.—regular $1.50 value—per yard-------$1.12½

5-8 and 3-4 Napkins to match all.

72-inch Bleached Damasks, fine Satin Damask, "J. N. Richardson Sons & Owden manufacture," Irish manufacture, beautiful designs — the $2. value—per yard-------$1.43

5-8 and 3-4 Napkins to match.

72-inch Bleached Damask—fine Irish manufacture, newest up-to-date designs—the $2.25 and $2.50 value—per yard----$1.73

Napkins to match.

72-inch Bleached Damask, John S. Brown & Son's manufacture, $3 value---------$1.98

5-8 and 3-4 Napkins to match.

Pattern Table Cloth

Border all around—we show the finest line in the Northwest.

2x2½ cloths, border all around—one dozen 3-4 napkins to match—worth $9—at, a set ----$6.98

2x3-yd Cloths, border all around—one dozen 3-4 napkins to match—worth $10—a set.$7.50

2x2-yard Cloths, border all around—one dozen 5-8 napkins to match—worth $12.50--$9.50

Annual January Muslin Underwear Sale---Great Values.

We are *ready* with the most elaborate preparations that we have made for any muslin underwear sale. We have bought our goods from several of the best sources, and we are not dependent upon one manufacturer. In this way we get the best ideas of the best makers, and we have the goods in time for the January sale. No disappointment or waits.



Ladies' muslin gowns at 49c with 10 tucks and two rows of embroidery inserting in yoke and cambric ruffle-----49c (Like cut.)



Children's and misses' gowns—high or low neck—tucked yoke and nicely edged—like cut—price -----45c

Ladies' good muslin gowns at 59c and 69c with tucked yoke embroidery and lace trimmed----------59c

Ladies' handsome muslin and cambric gowns in several different styles—daintily trimmed and daintily finished—98c, 89c and----------75c



Ladies' chemise at 59c, 69c and 75c in several different styles of lace and embroidery trimmed----------59c

Ladies' muslin and cambric short skirts, nicely trimmed—at 59c and 79c ----------59c

Ladies good muslin skirts with tucks and deep hem 59c

25 dozen Ladies' $1.50 Flannelette Night Gowns go on sale at----------98c

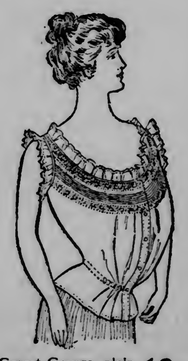


Ladies' Drawers in good plain muslin with several tucks (like cut) at 29c

Ladies' drawers in cambric and muslin, lace and embroidery trimmed, others hemstitched, at 49c, 39c and---- ----------35c

10 dozen ladies' $1.50 black mercerized sateen underskirts 98c

SPECIAL—Ladies' Flannelette Underskirts in fancy colors—$1.00 values to go at 25c. None sold to small stores ----------25c



Corset Covers, plain muslin at---------12c

Corset Covers in good muslin, high or low neck, V or square shape ----------25c

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 230 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Jan. 8.—Mild temperatures and low pressures continue in northern districts and high pressures and moderately cool temperatures in Southern states. Light falls of rain or snow occurred in the eastern lake region, Upper Ohio valley and North Atlantic states, and rain over British Columbia, Oregon and Washington. Fair weather is the rule this morning in and interior districts.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	26	Medicine Hat	28
Bismarck	32	Memphis	36
Boston	18	Miles City	30
Buffalo	32	Milwaukee	30
Calgary	28	Minnedosa	16
Charleston	42	Modena	20
Chicago	32	Montgomery	38
Cincinnati	34	Moorhead	24
Davenport	36	New Orleans	40
Denver	34	New York	32
Detroit	34	North Platte	32
Dodge City	28	Oklahoma	36
Duluth	24	Omaha	26
Edmonton	26	Pittsburg	32
El Paso	20	Port Arthur	12
Escanaba	18	Portland	50
Galveston	52	Qu' Appelle	34
Green Bay	30	Rapid City	48
Havre	38	San Francisco	42
Helena	36	Santa Fe	30
Houghton	18	Shreveport	40
Huron	42	Spokane	42
Jacksonville	42	St. Louis	40
Kamloops	38	St. Paul	26
Kansas City	34	Sault Ste. Marie	20
Knoxville	24	Swift Current	20
La Crosse	26	Washington	34
Lander	20	Williston	36
Los Angeles	44	Winnemucca	16
Marquette	28	Winnipeg	12

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair and continued moderate temperature tonight and Thursday; fresh southwesterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast official.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Thursday; warmer northeast portion tonight; fresh southeast winds. Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Thursday; moderate temperature; fresh southwest winds. The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Thursday; probably cooler Thursday afternoon or night.

Age Limit In the Civil Service.

The desire of the employes from different departments civil service commission to drop all who, by reason of age or infirmities are not capable of performing the work required, brings to the front again the plan to place an age limit on service in the departments and to retire all who have reached the ages prescribed and to provide them with pensions. In the treasury department there are 121 employes who are 70 years of age or over. There are 2070 employes in the department who are more than 60 and less than 70 years of age. There are 19,695 employes in the department. In the agricultural department there are 2729 employes, of whom 172 are more than 60 years of age, one being 83. In the state department there are three employes over 70 years of age and 10 over 60, of a total of 98 employes. In the department of justice there are 326 employes, 20 of whom are over 60 years of age 10 of them having served more than 20 years in the department. In the labor commissioner's office there are 101 employes, 12 of whom are over 60 years of age. In the interstate commerce commissioners' office are 125 employes, nine of whom are more than 60. There are 3645 employes of the government printing office. One is 83 years of age, one is 82, 33 are over 70 and 212 are over 60. Five men have been employed 40 years, 10 have served 20 years and 36 have been employed between 30 and 40 years. There are 86 employes of the interior department who are more than 70 years of age. A plan arranging for compulsory retirement at a fixed age limit with a pension provides that 2 per cent of each civil service employe's pay shall be deducted and placed in a pension fund. Any employe, after ten years of service, who may become physically or mentally disabled may retire and receive a pension amounting to 75 per cent of the amount that was being received at the time of retirement. Every employe who reaches the age of 60 years, after having been in the service for thirty years, may retire and receive 75 per cent pension. Every employe who reaches the age of 70 years and has been thirty-five years in the service, will be compulsorily retired and receive the pension. It is also provided that any employe leaving the service without being qualified to share in the pension benefits shall be entitled to repayment of such sums as said employe has paid into the pension fund. There is no doubt as to the benefits of some such plan. It would not only relieve the departments of useless men but would provide them with comforts for the rest of their lives. The matter should be pushed to a satisfactory result.

The New Secretary of the Treasury.

It is claimed that Wall street received a rebuff from the president in the appointment of Governor Leslie M. Shaw, of Iowa, as secretary of the treasury. In this selection he ran counter to the volunteered suggestions of the magnates who control Wall street, and through this control swerve most of the financial institutions in the money center. The nation is now, for the first time, to have a secretary of the treasury who lives in a country town in the western part of a great agricultural state beyond the Mississippi river. New York's contention that only a city-bred man, a financier from either New York or Chicago environments, is qualified for the place has been set aside. Followers of the tape and ticker, who are wholly wrapped up in the daily fluctuations, are discomfited and rebuked by the president's course. Wall street's relations with the treasury of the United States are peculiar and far-reaching in their efforts upon the financial and speculative world. So powerful is the secretary of the treasury in financial and mercantile affairs that "the street" maintains the delusion it should be consulted when a selection for the treasury portfolio is under consideration. When it was known that Mr. Gage would leave the cabinet self-appointed committees from Wall street hurried to Washington to tell President Roosevelt what he should do to protect the financial interests of the New York stock exchange, whose welfare they considered the paramount factor. Wall street wanted a big banker —"a man of affairs, a man of millions"— at the head of the treasury, in the belief that a capitalist would be more careful of the interests of other capitalists, and when the appointment of Governor Shaw was made the "street" gasped in surprise and had apprehensive chills as to the policy the new secretary would follow. President Roosevelt heard their recommendations and then appointed Shaw, who has had broad business training and wide experience in affairs. There are two things which the secretary of the treasury may do that quickly affect Wall street. He may allow the circulating money medium to contract to the point where prices are depressed; he may increase the volume of money by means at his command, thereby giving to circulation an abundance, thus making it easy for people who seek investments as well as speculative risks. To the people not particularly interested in speculative affairs Governor Shaw appears an ideal man for the position. He has been well trained in public affairs, has a practical knowledge of banking and should make an excellent secretary.

WHO ARE THE LEG PULLERS?

One of the reasons advanced by the News Tribune for opposing an extra session of the legislature is that it would be a "carnival of 'leg-pulling,'" and that the Republican majority might besmirch its record. This view of the matter is highly complimentary to the Republican members of the legislature! "They are not to be trusted," says the morning paper; "they are leg-pullers and bribe-seekers, and should not be given a chance to disgrace their party." These are serious charges and demand serious attention on the part of those who are thus accused. Who are the "leg-pullers" among the Republican members of the legislature to whom the News Tribune refers? Does it include in this list any one or more of the members from St. Louis county? If not, who are the men thus accused? The Republican organ should be more specific; it should give the names of the "leg-pullers," and not let honest and upright men rest under this general assertion. If the charges are true, no stronger reasons can be presented for electing a Democratic legislature and "turning the rascals out." But The Herald does not believe the morning paper's accusation has a solid basis. It is made by suggestion of the corporations that want action on the tax commission's report delayed.

The News Tribune is also anxious to see Bob Dunn given the Republican nomination for governor. It has no use for Governor Van Sant and shows its hostility at every opportunity. This is another reason why it is urging him not to call an extra session. It knows that failure to do so would mean his political death. This is what it wants. It desires to have Van Sant set aside, and it knows that nothing would more surely kill him off than yielding to the corporations' desire that no extra session be held. Then Bob Dunn might secure the nomination and the News Tribune's plan would have succeeded. It is altogether probable that Governor Van Sant sees through this little game.

OPEN THE RESERVATIONS.

In another column will be found a statement issued by the committee representing the Cass county people interested in the opening of the Chippewa Indian reservations. It is a strong argument in favor of the throwing open of these lands to settlement at the earliest possible date. A complete answer is furnished to the unfounded claims made by advocates of the absurd national park and forestry reserve scheme. It is shown that the lands are well adapted for agricultural purposes and will furnish homes for fully 15,000 people. The country is not suitable for a park, possessing little attractive scenery and being condemned by a state commission of medical men as the location of a sanitarium for consumptives. Attention is also drawn to the excellent crops now being raised on the cut-over lands in other counties. Incidentally the rainfall theory of the forestry advocates is given a crushing blow.

It is hardly necessary for The Herald to again refer to the very great importance of having these reservations opened to settlement without delay. The railway men expect that 200,000 homeseekers will invade the Northwestern states in 1902. Men who are in touch with the situation make these figures after a careful survey of last year's business and on the strength of reports from immigrant agents in the field and other sources of information in states to the South, Southwest and East. Immigration this year will come from the same territory that Northland men have been cultivating since 1890 and from which the first important results came in about 1894. This includes the states of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Southern Michigan, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska. If the Chippewa reservations were opened a large percentage of these immigrants would settle there as well as in the other territory that is commercially tributary to Duluth, becoming large consumers of dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, groceries and hardware and increasing the wealth and prosperity of this section of the Northwest.

LIFE SAVING SERVICE.

With models numbering nearly a thousand in self-bailing and self-righting lifeboats in the patent office, it is a remarkable fact that no one has been abled to invent a lifeboat that is an improvement over the one that has been in use over 100 years. Many boats have been invented, but they do not fill the bill. Experiments have been made recently which may result in the first important change over the old model. A commission composed of officers of the life saving service has been conducting a series of experiments on Lake Superior with gasoline engines for the purpose of finding a mechanical means of propulsion. If the trials are successful it will mean the abandonment of oars.

About 115 years ago a terrible wreck occurred at South Shields, Eng., and the doomed ship was so near the shore that those on land could talk with the sailors and passengers in the rigging. No boat had then been devised that could live in the surf that was running, and every one on board was lost. The effect of the disaster was to arouse public feeling to such an extent that the prince of Wales offered a substantial prize for the best design of a non-capsizable, self-bailing lifeboat. A coachmaker by the name of Lukens submitted the best design, and his boat was adopted. A few minor improvements have since been added to it, such as re-arrangements of the decks and other alterations to affect the buoyancy, but the boat is essentially the same as when first designed.

It was not until 1850 that the line firing apparatus was invented, by means of which a rope is thrown to a wrecked ship. This device has saved thousands of lives. The life saving service has the remarkable record of losing but one person from the breeches buoy that is used in connection with the firing line. A peculiar interest is taken by the public in these matters for there is no knowing when the services of the life savers may be required by any one. There is an excellent field for inventors in this line. Any real improvement in existing conditions would at once be purchased by the government.

RAILROAD EQUIPMENT.

Facts presented in the current issue of the Railway Age relative to the causes of car shortages give especial significance to the statistics of new car and locomotive equipment contained in the same issue. The two subjects may well be considered in close connection, though the comprehensive orders listed cannot be considereid as a wholly adequate remedy for car shortages. Without reference to this feature of the case, however, the statistics are of interest in themselves.

Totals taken from the compilation show that the railroad companies have taken steps to increase their freight hauling facilities by the addition of 196,000 freight cars and 4300 locomotives, and that passenger equipment is in the way to be increased by the addition of 2300 cars to the various classes—coaches, dining, sleeping, mail, baggage and express. In addition to these items the builders have filled, to an extent hitherto unprecedented, foreign orders for locomotive and freight and passenger equipment, the list of localities supplied including various European and Asiatic countries, South America, Africa and the islands of the Southern seas. But with these we have less immediate concern. Facilities for handling freight upon our own lines furnish a topic of present and vital interest.

One fact that is clearly evident from the form in which the statistics are presented is that the freight car of 40,000 pounds' capacity has almost disappeared from new orders and that of 100,000 pounds' capacity is a close second in numbers to that of 60,000 pounds. The favorite—because more economical when properly utilized—capacity for general purposes is the 80,000-pound car. The average capacity of the nearly 200,000 cars scheduled is estimated at 80,000 pounds each. The carrying capacity of American roads has therefore been increased, or will be within the few months required to complete building, to the extent of at least 8,000,000 tons. Of this probably less than 25 per cent should be deducted to cover cars used for replacement.

The motive power equipment acquired and to be received within a corresponding period bears a noticeable relation to the car equipment in its adequacy to handle it. If it is admitted that present equipment is properly proportioned as to motive power and carrying capacity, the fact that orders for one class have kept pace with those for the other may be easily shown. Four thousand locomotives mean 4000 trains—double-headers being for the moment left out of question. Two hundred thousand cars make 4000 trains of 50 cars each, each train capable of handling 2000 tons of paying freight. Roughly estimating the value of these modern locomotives at $12,000 each, freight cars at $700—a low estimate, considering the number of steel cars and cars with steel underframe—and passenger cars, all classes, at $4000 each, the total amount of money which these orders represent is $200,000,000.

This is a large sum of money, and it shows in a striking manner the great prosperity of the railroads, the enormous increase in their traffic and the great efforts that are being made to handle it.

Congressman Morris did well to urge consideration of the Panama canal offer. It is the less expensive, more profitable and shorter route. If the question of the route could now be considered as a simple business proposition, without reference to the past, there can be little doubt as to the decision that would be reached. Yet such is the prestige and popularity acquired by the Nicaraguan route that some time may be necessary to bring its Panama rival fairly before congress on its merits alone. The house is pretty sure to pass the Nicaraguan bill with a rush, and then the whole matter will be taken up in the senate. Before the canal question is decided the country will see that it is well to have one branch of congress that is a deliberative body. In view of the low offer made by the Panama company, public sentiment in favor of that route should increase.

Marconi's marvelous experiments, says the New York Evening Post, naturally find doubters, for it not only strains the faith, but almost baffles the imagination of laymen to believe that from a signal pole in England to a kite in Newfoundland recognizable signals passed across 1900 miles of ocean. That such was the fact, however, there seems hardly the slightest ground for doubting. In fact, Mr. Marconi's published interviews on the subject only heighten the confidence which is felt in him as a man of science. The frank acknowledgement that a signal rather than a verbal message was chosen because the instruments are still too imperfect for the more difficult test shows the temper of the scientist rather than the headlong enthusiasm of the mere inventor.

The fire loss in the United States and Canada during December, according to the record compiled by the New York Journal of Commerce, amounted to $13,473,400. This brought the aggregate for the twelve months of 1901 up to $164,347,450, exceeding the aggregate of 1900 by nearly a million dollars, though there were no great conflagrations last year to match the Hull-Ottawa and Hoboken dock fires of the year before. The one very large fire of the year was the Jacksonville, Fla., conflagration, which is set down for $10,565,000, which is probably a large exaggeration.

Dean Stubbs, of Ely, Eng., given this racy but unflattering vignette of Chicago: "I thought it the most hateful unlovely city I ever was in. There were fine buildings, of course—warehouses for the most part of the skyscraping variety—but, as a whole, hateful, simply hateful—a clanking wilderness of endless street, monotonous, unpicturesque, untidy, dirty, foul." This must make the St. Louis people smile.

President Roosevelt was in a box in the National theater when Francis Wilson sang of Schley: "Perhaps he wasn't in command, but he fought to beat the band, and he ought to have a tablet in the hall of fame." The people applauded, but the president made no sign. He may do differently when he reviews the case on the appeal filed by Admiral Schley.

This year, says the Des Moines News, will see a rise in town property. It is the last to feel the impulse, but its time has come.

Since Secretary Shaw doesn't drink, smoke, chew, swear, dance, or play craps, the Atlanta Constitution wonders how he is going to reduce that blooming surplus.

Perhaps the Panama canal directors may mark down their bargain still further.

"The special session is unpopular"—with the tax-dodging corporations.

While Chicago is widening the Chicago river, she should also make it fire proof.

SMILING REMARKS.

Detroit Free Press: "I don't see how you breathe in here," said Gummey, who had entered the stuffy newspaper office.

"I don't," said the editor briefly. "Haven't time to breathe."

Philadelphia Press: "Yes, ma'am," said the facetitious clerk, "these are genuine Indian moccasins."

"You don't say!" said the old lady.

"Fact, ma'am, I assure you. Made on the 'Last of the Mohicans.'"

Brooklyn Life: "Kape alive, Mike! We're rescuin' ye."

Voice from the debris: "Is big Clancy up there wid ye?"

"Sure he is."

"Ast him wud he be so kind as t'step aff the roolus. I've enough on top av me widout him."

Puck: Lady—My husband won't wear these shirts I bought him for Christmas. I don't think he would; and now I'd like to exchange them.

Clerk—For what, madam?

Lady—Well, you might let me look at some lace handkerchiefs and some silver hatpins.

Philadelphia Press: "That's right!" exclaimed old Mr. Bull, approvingly, after reading of the proposed legislation against anarchists. "It's a good thing to keep anarchy out of this country altogether."

"The idea!" cried old Mrs. Bull, "why, they ain't nothin' better to rub on bruises and burns!"

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "An Alabama lawyer shot at a client and missed a vital spot."

"Why did he do it?"

"I dunno. Perhaps he wanted to administer his estate."

THE OLD WORLDING.

He shambles by each sunny afternoon;
His portly form is shrunken as a specter;
His face is vacant as the morning moon;
Quaffed is his nectar.

Out of his eyes the dancing light is gone;
Out of his blood the wanton warmth that thrilled it;
Out of his air the charm that conquests won
When fancy willed it.

Proud was his port and lasty his array,
His days and nights o'erflowed with song and laughter;
He never dreamed that these would pass away
And this come after.

He courted pleasure and secured it still;
He asked for friends, and love, and these were given;
He carved all wordly good and had his fill;
He sought not heaven.

His friends have vanished never to return;
His pleasures, treasures, all his heart's desire;
His passions only in their embers burn;
Mute is his lyre.

For him the eventime has brought no light;
Its sighing breezes pity as they kiss him;
The dark will bear his to the wastes of night;
Each will not miss him.

Alas, the life that has no upward look,
No sacrifice of self, no high endeavor;
Its taste becoming like the seer's book,
Bitter forever!

—Boston Transcript.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The prose of good cooking is the poetry of good living.

We love women not so much because they are women as that they a re not men.

A woman doesn't consider herself a good housekeeper unless she discharges the cook three times a day.

A woman judges what sort of business man her husband is by the way he decides whether she got her new hat at a bargain.

A woman's idea of a sympathetic play is where the poor hero asks the heroine's rich father in vain twice in every act for her hand, and each time throws a fit at his refusal.

Chances to Play Even.

Washington Post: Somebody has sent Admiral Schley a piano. If he were a resentful man he would move into his enemy's apartment house and take lessons on the instrument.

CHARACTER READINGS

BY FRANK DUPREE

(Copyright, 1901, by W. R. Hearst.)

More than half of the heartaches and soul-searing sorrows of Americans are due to shattered illusions. And they have no one to blame but themselves, for these dream altars are usually built upon the shifting sands of unanalyzed impressions.

Later when the deceptive crust of outward appearances and circumstances is broken through, as it inevitably will be in time—whether by accident or otherwise—then comes the bitter awakening with its attendant train of disappointments and unavailing regrets.

An apt and what may be called humorously pathetic illustration of this prevailing trait of Americans culminated recently in this city. A certain actor, known in professional parlance as a leading man, has ripened of late years into a full-fledged matinee idol. "Jack" may or may not be his name, but it will serve the present purpose.

"Jack" is a handsome fellow, with classical features, a robust, manly figure and a musical voice, besides being one of the most immaculate dressers on the stage. Naturally half the dear girls in town are raving about him.

While playing here some two years ago,



one of the most ardent admirers on the orchestra floor was the beautiful daughter of a wealthy citizen, whose every nerve tingled with the vibrant joy of romantic notions and lofty ideals. Handsome "Jack" looking a very demi-god in evening attire, caught her yearning young heart on the rebound and held it fast with all the force of a virginal affection.

She knew he was married, but that made no difference. Every available space in her boudoir was plastered with his photographs, while many a happy hour was spent in dreaming that some day he would be free and then they might meet and be happy ever after.

This pretty romance filled her young life with sweet perfume until a short time since, when "Jack" came to town again in a new production. Of course she went to the matinee again and found herself quite as much in love as ever.

But alas for her dream! After the matinee she started out to do some Christmas shopping, and while sauntering leisurely down the street she suddenly caught sight of her adored one just ahead. He was standing in front of a show window, gazing with rapt attention at some object within. With her heart in her mouth she waited until he had gone, and then with winged feet she rushed to the window, for she, too, must feast her eyes upon what had claimed his ardent admiration.

But, horror of horrors, what did she see but a radiant display of dollar night shirts.

How she got home she doesn't remember, but the long cherished illusion had vanished forever. "Jack's" photographs have all disappeared from her dainty boudoir, and the broken fragments of his image lie unheeded in the garret of forgotten things.

Perhaps the chief reason for this tendency to hasty and unthinking judgment on the part of Americans is that impatient spirit of rush and worry which leads a man to run a block after a crowded car when there is another half a minute behind in which he might find a comfortable seat. We never take time to think of ourselves or the consequences of hasty impulses.

At any rate there is altogether too much surface impression and too little analysis in our careless attempts at character reading.

The fact that the progress of science has rendered obsolete the old rules of character study seems to have been overlooked. The formation of the features is no longer an infallible key to the inner nature, for the mental faculties of the race are developing so rapidly that the slow process of evolution cannot keep pace in moulding the features to clothe the new mantal habits acquired.

The greatest mistakes are made in the judging of clever people, who naturally imprint the strongest impressions. But the personalities of clever people are inevitably the result of acquirement and not of heredity. By constant application and the evolution of new ideas, due sometimes to environment, they have mastered and outgrown inherited tendencies.

That is why so many men with weak chins surprise you with unlooked for force, or a woman with lobeless, selfish ears unexpectedly reveals herself as an angel of charity and self-sacrifice.

The only sure method to pursue in character reading is to study the mannerisms, habits of speech and mental processes of grasping an idea in the subjects under analysis.

Then in a short time you will not only gain a clear insight into their real characters, but you will also invade the secret chambers of their minds and read their most carefully hidden dreams and desires.

On the other hand constant self-study is equally necessary, if the creation of a good impression is desired, for you also run the same chance of being misjudged. Be yourself at all times and make no false pretenses, but always take into consideration the personalities and environments of your associates and apply the principles of tact and good sense.

For example, if it is your ambition to be the ideal of a romantic matinee girl, avoid above all the deadly dollar night shirt.

ROLL CALL.

"Corporal Green!" the orderly cried;
"Here!" was the answer, loud and clear,
From the lips of the soldier who stood near;
And "Here!" was the word the next replied.

"Cyrus Drew!"—then silence fell.
This time no answer followed the call;
Only his rear man had seen him fall,
Killed or wounded, he could not tell.

There they stood in the falling light,
These men of battle, with grave, dark looks,
As plain to be read as open books,
While slowly gathered the shades of night.

The fern on the hillside was splashed with blood,
And down on the corn where the poppies grew,
Were redder stains than the poppies knew,
And crimson-dyed was the river's flood.

For the foe had crossed from the other side
That day, in the face of a murderous fire
That swept them down in its terrible ire,
And their life-blood went to color the tide.

"Herbert Kline!" At the call there came
Two stalwart soldiers into the line,
Bearing between then this Herbert Kline,
Wounded and bleeding to answer his name.

"Ezra Kerr!" and a voice answered, "Here!"
"Hiram Kerr!"—but no man replied.
They were brothers, these two: the sad winds sighed,
And a shudder crept through the cornfield near.

"Ephraim Deane!"—then a soldier spoke;
"Deane Carried our regiment's colors," he said;
"Where our ensign was shot I left h'm dead,
Just after the enemy wavered and broke.

"Close to the roadside his body lies;
I paused a moment and gave him a drink;
He murmured his mother's name, I think,
And death came with it and closed his eyes."

'Twas a victory, yes, but it cost us dear.
For that company's roll, when called at night,
Of a hundred men who went into the fight,
Numbered but twenty that answered "Here!"

—NATHANIEL GRAHAM SHEPHERD.

The Land of Opportunity.

Louisville Courier-Journal: This is the country of the individual where every tub stands on its own bottom and where every man is given the opportunity to make money if he wills, or do anything else he prefers. Our millionaires have won their way in most cases with stout hearts and hard work, just as our statesmen, poets and artists have done. Emerson, in one of his rail-driving sentences, said no man should repine for what his soul desired. Let him take it and pay the price. He can do it in the United States as he can do it in no other country in the world.

Many of One Mind.

New York World: It is a mistake to assume that girls are never of one mind. Fifty-six of them have rejected the same man in Omaha.

The World's Arbitrator.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The willingness of the nations of the earth to refer their neighborhood grievances to the United States is quite complimentary but likely to become quite burdensome.

TooMany Railroad Accidents.

Springfield Republican: It is a time of many railroad accidents. Hardly a day goes by that one or more of them are not reported, as a rule accompanied by loss of life. One would suppose we were going back toward the infant days of railroading. From the time of the disaster at Seneca, Mich., over a month ago, in which fifty or more persons were killed, there has been a steady succession of accidents, an astonishing proportion of them being caused by careless head-on collisions. The heavy business pressing upon the roads seems to be more than they can safely handle.

Knickerbockers Getting Good.

New York Tribune: It is now certain that New York for the next two years will contain comparatively few fraudulent bucket shops, "get-rich-quick syndicates," pool rooms, policy shops, faro banks and swindling schemes of any kind. Therefore, honest industry, sobriety, diligence and hard work will have a better chance.

Unreliable Estimates.

Buffalo Express: George S. Morrison, a member of the Isthmian Canal commission, is said to have acknowledged that the estimate of $180,000,000 for the Nicaragua canal is only a beginning and that the canal would really cost $300,000,000 and perhaps more. If the commission has deliberately under-estimated the cost it has paved the way for future scandals as serious, perhaps, as those which have involved the Panama canal.

Taels Outweigh Traditions.

Washington Star: By dining with Minister Conger a number of Chinese dignitaries have violated the traditions which prevented association with foreigners. But the Chinaman was ever astute and when it comes to a direct choice he would rather have traditions broken than the treasury.

Good Will Appreciated.

Kansas City Star: As long as Admiral Cervera can feel friendly enough toward the United States to send a bunch of autograph photographs to this country in acknowledgment of the treatment he received on this side of the Atlantic, it would seem that the naval war at Washington might be brought to a close.



Don't be undecided which store to patronize. When in quest of

STYLISH OVERCOATS

come straight to us and allow our clerks to show you the handsomest line of Overcoats at—

$10, $12, $15

and those "swell" garments at—

$18, $20, $25, $30

SUITS.

Suits—Elegant patterns—
$10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25.

Smoking Jackets—
$5, $6 and $7

Night Shirts—
50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2

Combination Under Suits—
$2, $2.50, $3, $5 per suit

Initial Handkerchiefs—in Silk at—
25c, 50c, 75c

Cardigan Jackets—at
$1.50, $2, $3 and $4.

NECKEWAR.

In all the latest patterns, at—
25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00

Little Fellows' Reefers at—
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00 to $7.50.

Little Fellows' Suits at—
$1.50, $2.00, $3.00 up to $7.50.

Umbrellas at $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 to $7.

C. W. Ericson
Reliable Clothier,
219 West Superior Street.

NORTHWEST'S CHAMPION.

Isanti County News: James J. Hill has made a lucid statement explanatory of the present railway situation in the Northwest with reference more particularly to the relations of the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Burlington system to the recently organized Northern Securities company. We have no right to doubt Mr. Hill's statement of facts which put him in the light of a keen-witted champion of Northwestern interests and this at the sacrifice of many millions of dollars which he and his friends could have obtained for their holdings. These loyal friends of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific have sought to protect their interests in both roads, interests which might be jeopardized at any moment by the death of any one of them, my depositing their stocks of these two railways so vital to the interests of this state, in the Northern Securities company. This corporation was organized under the laws of New Jersey for this express purpose and we very much doubt if the governor and attorney general of Minnesota will be able to prove that this so-called merger of interests is in violation of the laws of this state.

Coppers Look Sick.

Philadelphia Press: If copper keeps on going down the smallest of our small change will not be worth a cent after a while.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
Friday and Saturday, Jan. 10-11.
Saturday Matinee.
Primrose & Dockstanders
American Minstrels.
Under the Management of Jas. H. Decker.
Prices—Night: Dress Circle, $1; Parquette, 75 and 75; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c. Matinee: Dress Circle, 75c; Parquette, 50c; Family Circle and Balcony, 35c.

Not a Minute Behind the Time.
6th Ave. Theater
Last Performance
All New Specialties. NORTH BROS. COMEDIANS. PRICES: 10c, 20c and 30c
—Presenting tonight the—
Beautiful Comedy Drama, "Mismated"
Reserved seats can be secured at Smith's & Smith's drug store, 101 W. Sup. St. and Lesk's drug store, 4th St.

FAINTING HER PLAY

"Fainting Bertha" Again In Jail For Robing a Man.

She Tells How She Was Forced to Become Bad.

Scheme to Elicit Sympathy By Pretending to Become Ill.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 8.—Bertha Leibbeke, known in at least three Western states by the sobriquet of "Fainting Bertha," after a somewhat unsuccessful tour of the provinces of Missouri returned last week to Omaha, which has the distinction to be her headquarters. The circumstances attending her home coming were somewhat out of the ordinary, and go to show that in the lives of all of us there are times when there are a great many more downs than ups.

The fact is that Bertha had only succeeded in gaining her freedom from the insane asylum at Nevada, Mo., on Saturday, Dec. 21. She had spent five months in that institution, having gained a residence there under peculiar circumstances, shortly to be related by herself. All that we are just now interested in knowing is that Bertha had gotten out of the asylum and that she hastened to Omaha to renew her acquaintance with her mother and sister, who live here, and whom she had not seen for almost a year.

She reached Omaha all right Sunday afternoon, but here her evil star appeared above the horizon and rapidly mounted to the zenith. She had not been in Omaha a half hour, had not even had a chance to see her relatives and friends, when she met a man on the corner of Eleventh and Dodge streets. The man had a telescope and Bertha was carrying a grip. The man wore a broad-brimmed, high-crowned slouch hat, corduroys and a horskin coat. He had very plainly come into town from the range to see the sights.

One of the first sights the man from the range was privileged to witness was Bertha. Bertha stood with a pensive look on her fair face, apparently waiting for a street car. Her lip was trembling—it was plain she was in great trouble. Soon nothing the worried and sympathetic glances of the stranger, the wily Bertha burst into tears. The tender-hearted ranchman could not stand idle where beauty was in such evident distress. So he chivalrously offered his aid.

It was but a few moments until Bertha and the kind-hearted stranger were comfortably seated in a wine room. The still weeping woman had just began to tell her troubles, when, to her escort's horror, she threw up her hands and fell to the floor, where she lay motionless. It is needless to further describe the modus operandi. Suffice it to say that Bertha departed with profuse apologies and bright-eyed thanks to the stranger, and it was only after she had been gone for several minutes that he missed a roll of greenbacks from his vest pocket.

The ranchman quickly carried his story to the police, who at once realized that "Fainting Bertha" had come back to town. So well were they acquainted with her haunts and habits that, before she had gotten home they had her under arrest. A search of her grip at the police station brought to light the missing "wad" of the ranchman.

It was at the station that Bertha was seen by a reporter. She was rather disheveled and her eyes were red and her face swollen with weeping. Weeping and fainting are Bertha's strong holds. It is largely by lapsing into temporary unconsciousness that she gains a livelihood, and by her ready tears that she wins the sympathies of officers and magistrates. With these for her stock in trade she has worked her way through Nebraska, Missouri and Minnesota, as many a kind-hearted man can testify to his sorrow. She flim-flammed scores of sympathetic strangers in those three states, even as she gathered in the ranchman at Eleventh and Farnam streets. Today she is seemingly about 29 years of age, and shows some signs of wear. But her voice is still winning and attractive, her eye soulful and trustful, and her whole aspect, when she wills it, appealing.

It was with difficulty that Bertha could be prevailed on to outline the story of her life. "I just know you're going to print a lot of awful things about me in the paper," she said. "Oh, my poor mother, how will she ever stand it? I know I've been a wicked girl, but it was because I'm so weak and so easily influenced. If you just knew all there is to know, I feel sure you'd pity me. You want to know? And you won't make fun of me? Honest?

"Oh, but I dare not tell. It's too awful. Just think of the fix I'm in now. They've got me this time, sure—and here I haven't even seen my mother and sister yet." Here Bertha's tears began to flow, and they continued falling constantly through the remainder of the statement.

"I have always lived in Council Bluffs," she finally began. "My father was a shoemaker, and as honest and true an old gentleman as ever lived. Indeed and indeed he was. He's been dead for a good many years, and my sister and I lived with my mother—such a dear, good old lady. I was awfully weak and sickly as a child, and, as I grew older, I was troubled with nervousness, so that it affected me strangely. One time for five months I could not speak without stuttering so badly that I could hardly be understood. Then my eyelids became weak and kept blinking and twitching constantly. The doctor said I had St. Vitus' dance. I just tell you this so that you may know that I am not a strong girl.

"My troubles began during the Trans-Mississippi exposition. It was there I met a man whose name was Louis Gunther. He treated me so nicely and considerately that I fell in love with him. He came to see me at my home in Council Bluffs. He was handsome and well dressed and told my mother he was going to marry me and make a fine lady of me. Poor old mamma fought it as hard as she could, but I finally went away with him. I have always been a good girl before. But I was sure he was going to marry me.

"He took me to St. Paul, Minn. For about six months he treated me lovely. I thought him just the best and dearest man that ever lived. Then he changed. He didn't give me any more money or buy me any pretty things. He said I must begin to earn some money for myself. When I rebelled in shame and horror—real shame and horror, though you may not believe me—he struck and cursed me. But I did not yield.

"Then, finally, when he found I wouldn't do that, he told me I must steal for him. There was more trouble, and again he beat and cursed me, and I finally consented. Then he taught me how to pick out some kind of easy looking man on the street, attract his attention with tears, and induce him to take me somewhere so I could tell him what awful trouble I was in, only to faint when we were alone and rob him while he was trying to revive me.

"I did this for Louis for many months, first in Minneapolis, and then in Mississippi. I know this seems awful to you, and indeed I am ashamed and sorry, and know I am to blame—but O the troubles and temptations I've had that no one else can ever know anything about.

"Finally, in Hot Springs, Ark., Louis deserted me. We had been stopping at the swellest hotels wherever we went and wore the best of clothing. I didn't want to keep on stealing when I was left alone, so I gave up all my fine things and came home. Honestly, I intended to be a good and respectable girl. But O, I was so weak and silly, and soon I was just as wicked as I had ever been. I worked through Nebraska and then last spring went down into Missouri.

"At Joplin I stole a diamond pin from a kindly old gentleman who was trying to bring me back to consciousness. I was arrested before I could get away and thrown into jail. I had lots of money, and got a good lawyer. The lawyer got me discharged on the ground that I was a kleptomaniac. But I was not to get off so easy. Just as I was beginning to congratulate myself I was taken in charge again and sent to the insane asylum at Nevada.

"I stayed there for five months, and they were the most miserable months I ever spent in my life. I was beaten and tortured every day and every night, and when I could get a chance to speak to the superintendent to tell him he wouldn't believe it. Then the attendants would maltreat me worse than ever. I made two unsuccessful attempts to escape, and each was followed by increasing brutalities.

"And finally, last Saturday, just before I went insane in earnest, I was discharged. I cried for joy. I swore I would never be wicked again as long as I lived. And here I am! What shall I do?—O, what shall I do?" and the girl broke out into wails and screams of anguish.

"O come off, Bertha," called out the desk sergeant, "you can't work us with that guff here."

"That's right, Mr. Marshal," she answered, "don't waste any respect or consideration on me. I'm worse than a dog. O, my God, I wish I was dead and in my grave!"

The woman's sobs still echoed through the corridor as the turnkey led her back to her comfortless stone cell.

20 PER CENT OFF

From now to Jan. 12, when I leave for the Merchant Tailors' National Convention at Norfolk, Va., all winter weight business Suits and Overcoats will be sold at a reduction of 20 per cent.

M. L. PARKER.

SKATING

WEST END RINK

Foot 21st Avenue West. Lanners' Band Tuesday and Thursday evenings. Race Thursday night, January 9th.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,

No. 18 Third Avenue West.

Wishes at the beginning of this New Year to remind the people at the head of the lakes that they sell the WORLD RENOWNED SINGER SEWING MACHINES on easy monthly payments, or for cash. WE REPAIR ALL MAKES OF SEWING MACHINES, clean and adjust them at moderate prices. WORK STRICTLY GUARANTEED. Machines delivered on trial free of charges. Zenith 'phone 973.

Specials for the Holidays.

Photo Jewelry, Engraved Cards, Embossed Stationery

Consolidated Stamp and Printing Co., Barker & Orr, Props. 123 W. First Street, Ground Floor, Mason Flats

REASONS

Why An Extra Session of Legislature Is Required.

To the Editor of The Herald:

As one of the many who are interested in the outcome of the governor's action, I have been exceedingly interested in the pro and con of the above topic. The "Open Letter in the News Tribune" of the last Sunday in December was a startling change of position, and the published interviews in the same paper, since then, closing with the statements in this morning's issue, confessedly puzzle one. Putting aside all personalities, with which the "Open Letter" and several editorials are too freely sprinkled, and for honor's sake, assuming that Governor Van Sant is not "playing to the galleries," and that the majority of the members of the house and senate are not grafters, who desire a few days at St. Paul to make fortunes out of the residuum of $5 a day, or that a majority of the houses are of such a caliber as to deliberately prolong useless discussions for the sake of a few extra five dollars, clearing our question of these gratuitous assumptions, which do the asserter more harm than any one else, let us ask a few questions:

1. What do the opponents of the extra session advance as reasons for its not being called? Summing up the "catechical" replies they are—(a), That the governor is under no obligation to call it; (b), that the time for the consideration of the tax commission's report is "too short" for due consideration; (c), that the "cost would be too great for the good accomplished," which good is declared to be "problematical," while the "evils are immediate and certain;" (d), that the session would prejudice the interests of the Republican party and give the majority of the houses a chance for "luxurious political jobs," "grafter gains" and "bandstand" plays. It is needless to more than note that any man who dismisses a question of such importance as this with, "I don't see any reason for it," is, like all blind guides, not to be counted in the case.

Having studied this question as a citizen, and one whose duty compels a special interest in the public welfare; that is, the giving the people the truth if I can find it, and so assisting, so far as one man can, in forming a JUST public sentiment; and as one whose professional functions compel, at any risk, the stating that truth without regard to consequences, that justice may be done all, I offer the following deductions as answers to the above:

1. The governor is under obligations to call an extra session if in his judgment the consideration of state interests demand that call. I venture the prediction that the great majority of the people will demand that calling of the session, when they understand the situation; and further, that the majority of the house, which secured the passage of the "gross earnings bill," and so the appointment of the "tax commission," will demand the session. But it must be remembered that the governor has not given any one the authority to speak for him, and to date he has not stated his intention. It is not fair to attempt to force his hand by insinuating that if he does, or does not, call the legislature, therefore, he will play the part of the fool, or by error of judgment, jeopardise the fortunes of the party. The party's fortunes will not suffer if the governor does the right thing, and they who know him know that he will do what he deems right, regardless of any consequences to himself.

2. The declaration that "time is too short for the house to consider the questions involved," is a reflection on the intelligence of the members. They will have the report in their hands for several weeks, or at least for a portion of time equal to one-half the time of a regular session. If the members are not capable of giving a sensible and just decision after six weeks' personal study of a report, with no other diverting business, as when in the house they must attend to, is it likely that better results will accrue from postponement? Surely the proposer of delay takes counsel of fear, and in anxiety to push a point insults the intelligence of his friends. That is overdoing the business with a vengeance. The game is too plain! Further, the people cannot have the report for their consideration and action until after it has passed the house. Therefore, the reason for immediate decision is, that the people may have the report, with the house's decision, as soon as possible, for, until the people speak on the bill at the polls, the tax decisions cannot become law. That is the crux of the battle. It is not for me to say where, nor who, the grafters are. But I dare say that they are not found with the members who desire a speedy settlement of this subject, which one of the sturdiest and most loyal Republicans in the state assured me had been fought for three sessions, or for more than six years. In passing, it may be well to note that the question is not new, nor one of which the politicians or intelligent people are ignorant. But it is one concerning which interested men on the one side are moving with all energy to postpone, and which men on the other side, devoted to the welfare of the state at large, without regard to party, are striving to have settled immediately. And loyal Republicans are in the majority on this side of the question.

3. And here is where the game appears in full sight! "The cost of the session!" A Republican of authority told me, what I had heard again and again, that the state is losing from one-half to one whole million a year by the delay of this bill. That is, the corporations interested, who, it is claimed, by this bill will be taxed pro rata with all other taxpayers, the corporations interested will pay that much more per annum to the state when, by law, they are compelled to pay a just share of the taxes. To postpone the report to another session postpones the people's decision till after the session. Therefore it is clear that if the matter can be settled this session, and pass to the people next year, so that it can become law by the action of the people within a year, the state will save from two and a half millions to five millions. Where is the economy and where is the cost, when so viewed? That, I am informed, is the real issue. Shall the people, with the legislature, settle this tax matter now, which has been an issue for more than six years, and so save the state the sum mentioned; or shall the matter be postponed for about four years and the state lose the amounts named? Can one help asking some very pertinent questions just here of the men who cannot see reasons for the session, and who call the men grafters and other equally honorable titles who think they can and give them?

4. The fourth reason is not worth noticing. Men have a poor case when they try to settle it after the manner of a certain fish which ejects a dark, and not fragrant liquid into its opponent's face in order to escape close inspection. It is regrettable that some men have no higher way of treating their political opponents. No case is settled by unjust or unfair methods of debate.

In conclusion, I may remark that when the smoke of battle has cleared, it will be seen that those men who stand for justice to all, and who care more for political righteousness than partisan or personal gains, will be found favored with popular support. I dare venture the assertion that, among this number, will be found the honorable governor. None have ever been found to successfully fasten a charge of duplicity or moral dishonor to his record. He will do what is just for corporations and people; and, having access to good legal counsel, he is not likely to go far astray in the technical, as his sense of honor will not permit his wandering far, in the moral elements of the issue. I write this letter to throw light on the subject for the people's guidance. If I am wrong let better informed men enlighten me. Of course, there is much more light to be given and needed in the interests of just politics and fair play, by yours sincerely,

HARRY W. KNOWLES.

Duluth, Jan. 8.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

AT WEST DULUTH

West Duluthians who have been reasoning out the causes that have brought about such a quiet municipal campaign up to the present time, are inclined to believe that political enthusiasm has been temporarily dampened by social enthusiasm. This is the period of the season when the installation ceremonies and social parties of the various lodges take up the attention of the men who usually attend political meetings. As the lodges must have their innings, the political meetings can wait. It is a fact that there has been but a very few evenings since the first of the year that some one of the many West Duluth lodges has not been installing officers and, as a rule, there is a social dance and supper afterward.

Last evening the West Duluth lodge of Odd Fellows and the Rebekahs held a joint installation followed by a few hours' social session. Tonight Old Hickory camp, No. 1555 will install officers and have a dance at the close of the ceremonies. At the West End, West Duluth camp, No. 2341, will also have installation of officers. A musical and literary entertainment will be one of the features of the evening. The West End Woodmen lodge has a membership of 1028 and the lodge is quite confident of capturing the state banner from one of the St. Paul lodges the coming year.

The fraternal and social festivities at the West End have been coming so fast the past week that the West End business men that are interested in the resurrection of the Duluth Commercial club have given up trying to get a meeting until another week.

IS DOING WELL.

Joseph Foucault, who was so severely injured at the St. Louis mill some weeks ago, is doing very nicely and expects to be removed from the Red Cross hospical to his home in a few days. Mr. Foucault had one leg amputated just above the ankle. The other leg was badly torn on a saw and has been slow in healing on account of his age, which is over 60 years. The amputated limb has entirely healed over.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Thomas Daugherty returned this morning from an extended visit in Saginaw, Mich.

Ernest Scofield and William Godfrey have returned from a visit in Canada.

M. S. Shores, of the West Duluth shirt factory, left today for a business trip to Chicago.

Albert Smith and George Woods arrived today from Hibbing.

The dancing party at the Great Eastern hall was well attended last evening and an enjoyable time was had. A number of the young people from Duluth that expected to be present were detained because of the accident at the power house that stopped the street car traffic.

William Spencer left this morning on a business trip to Oklahoma, I. T.

After an absence of some days, H. Halling was calling on West Duluth friends again yesterday.

Miss Georgiana Ross has returned frof a visit at Carlton.

Eugene Iltis, who has been sick some time, is reported on the road to recovery.

Mrs. Ben Wolter, of Aberdeen, S. D., is a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Lauermann.

Miss Maud McCann has gone to St. Ignace, Mich., for a visit.

Miss Lena Markuson is visiting in Altkin.

H. C. Hendrickson and family have arrived in West Duluth from Gladstone, Mich. They will make their home here.

Brown Mallough left last evening for a visit at Lucknow, Ont.

Miss Marie Tims has returned from a visit with St. Paul friends.

We handle the celebrated Pocahontas coal. Chesney & Co.

SHOE SPECIALS.

A pre-inventory clearance of small lots of good shoes at very low prices.



Women's $2.50 Shoes, dongola kid, hand welted, patent leather tip, broken line of sizes, very special a pair **$1.49**

Women's fine Shoes—a good assortment of $1.25 to $2.50 values — dongola or vici kid, lace or button — all sizes in the lot—priced to close quickly, a pair **$1.00**

Women's Felt Shoes—lace or button, leather or felt soles, regular values from $1.50 to $2.50—at choice a pair **$1.25**

Women's Kid Slippers—one or three strap, French heel, have sold from $1.25 to $1.50. Price a pair **98c**

Misses' $1.65 Box Calf Shoes—lace or button, light or heavy sole. For Thursday, a pair **$1.25**

Boys' $1.50 Shoes—good solid leather school shoes — several small lots of $1.50 values; priced to close at a pair **$1.00**

Little Gent's $1.50 Shoes—satin calf, solid leather, sizes up to 13½, at a pair **$1.25**

Wash Goods Extras.

Three big special values for Thursday to close out lines before inventory.

Outing Flannel Remnants—good colors, actual 8c values. These remnants range from 5 to 20 yards—special for one day only a yard **5c**

Apron Ginghams—in neat checks and good colors—no better made—for Thursday only a yard **5c**

All Fleeced Flannelettes—good colors and patterns—actual values 12½c to 18c—choice for one day, a yard **10c**

Butterick Patterns Are Best, We Are Duluth Agents.

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Subscribe For the "Delineator" Best Fashion Magazine.

Our Big Half Price Cloak Sale



is the greatest money saving and value giving sale ever known in Duluth. Scores of the finest up-to-date garments, one or two of any one style only—but a complete assortment of sizes in the lot—all fashionable lengths in both Short Jackets and Long Coats—tan, castor or black—actual values from $10.00 to $65.00—are offered without reserve for this sale—at the uniform cut in prices of just—ONE-HALF

These Extra Specials for Thursday:

Tibbett Cloth Walking Skirts—Oxford grey, tailor-stitched, all sizes—choice only **$2.98**

Ladies' Flannel Waists—a large assortment made up of small lots, of values up to $1.75—all good colors, new styles and nicely made—one or two of a kind only—choice **89c**

Black Broadcloth Dress Skirts, with graduated flounce finished with taffeta bands—price Thursday **$3.00**

$1.50 and $1.75 Flannelette Wrappers, heavy fleece—good colors—sizes 34 to 44—choice **$1.25**

Black Sateen Petticoats—some domet lined—finished with accordeon ruffle flounce—choice **75c**

Eiderdown Dressing Sacques, nicely finished, good colors, worth 98c, special at—each **59c**

Children's School Dresses, nicely made and prettily trimmed—ages 6 to 14—special price only **98c**

Children's Flannelette Dresses for little tots—1 to 4 years—price during this sale only **48c**

This week's advance sale of Table Linens and White Goods

Quality considered, prices lower than elsewhere—a select showing of the best goods from the best mills of the world. Our formal opening will be a revelation in up-to-date merchandising.

68-in Bleached Satin Table Damask, Irish linen—Wm. Liddell & Co.'s "Gold Medal" brand, sells at $1—advance sale price, a yard **78c**

72-in. half bleached Table Damask, pure Irish linen, several new designs, guaranteed to give satisfactory wear, real $1 value, special advance sale price **78c**

These Muslin Extras.

Unbleached Muslin, fine soft finish: free from dressing—for this sale, a yard **4½c**

"Fruit of the Loom" or Lonsdale Muslin, 36 in. wide, for this sale—per yd **6½c**

No. 400 Imperial long cloth, chamois finish, advance sale price; per yard **12½c**

Or per piece of 12 yards at $1.35

Leaders in Towels

18x34 Linen Huck Towels, fast color borders, hemmed, ready for use, good value at 15c—advance sale price, each **10c**

21x54 Turkish Bath Towels, a bargain at 12½c—advance sale price each **9c**

10-4 Lockwood Bleached Sheeting worth 27c, sale price, a yard **20½c**

Knit Underwear and Hosiery.



Ladies' fleece lined Vests and Pants, ecru only, silk taped and crochet edge, finished vests—regular 50c values, for Thursday—only at **35c**

Ladies' wool mixed Vests and Pants, "Harvard" make—natural grey—vests silk taped—a small lot of 75c values, for tomorrow—a garment **69c**

Women's fleece lined union suits, Florence style, ecru or grey, nicely finished, perfect fitting, all sizes, regular 50c values, at per suit **42c**

Boys' fleece lined Shirts and drawers, very heavy—and very special at—a garment **35c**

Ladies' silk fleeced Cotton Hose, black only—ribbed or plain tops—very special tomorrow at—per pair **25c**

Ladies' black Wool Hose, very elastic—the 25c kind—a pair **19c**

Misses' black Wool Hose, sizes 6 to 8½ only—good 35c value—tomorrow at—per pair **19c**

Dress Goods Specials.

50-inch $1 black Cheviots—thoroughly sponged and shrunk—pre-inventory price—a yard **79c**

42-inch black Cheviots—good 65c quality—pre-inventory price—a yard **50c**

54-inch Hopsackings—the new popular textile for full suits, colors light or dark grey, green, blue, also black, very special at—per yard **59c**

Mohair Mixtures in light or dark blue and black, brown or black, brown and green; also plain granites, 36 to 40 inches; 65c value at per yard **48c**

Silk 27-inch black Taffeta—extra fine $1.35 quality—especially priced for this week—at a yard **98c**

Pre-Inventory Sale of Basement Wares at Low Clearance Prices.

There are numerous small lots of choice merchandise which to close quickly will be priced accordingly. Only a few of the many bargains are enumerated in this list—



Fancy Baskets—An elegant assortment, including dainty work or sewing baskets, baby baskets, scrap baskets, and large fancy Hampers with covers—all priced for this week at—

⅓ off

Bird Cages—Japanned Bird Cages—finely painted—worth 63c—special two-days' sale at **48c**

Coal Hods—Japanned Coal Hods—good size—special **15c**

Galvanized Coal Hods—very heavy—special **23c**

Card Tables—$1.50 Card Tables—nicely finished, an opportunity for card clubs—special Thursday **98c**

Sewing Tables—$1.00 Sewing Tables, light, yet strong, very special at **69c**

89c Lap Boards, at special price for one day only **49c**

Air Tight Heaters, the regular $3.50 values—just the thing for bedrooms—each **$2.48**

Fancy China Fruit Plates, the 10c kind, at—each **5c**

29c China Salad Bowls—at each **19c**

Sugar and Creamer—China Sugar and Creamer, prettily decorated, worth 39c—at per set **19c**

Fruit Plates—China Cake and Fruit Plates—good decorations, the 25c kind—at **15c**

Lamps—Gas Lamps, complete—special for Thursday only **39c**

Gas Mantles—19c Gas Mantles for one day only at **10c**

Jardinieres—8-inch Tinted Jardinieres regular price 25c, cut to **12½c**

"Dew Drop" Tea Pots, a large assortment at, choice **10c**

Dinner Sets—100-piece English Porcelain Dinner Sets—worth $11.50; for this week, a set **$7.98**

Advance Showing of Dainty Lingerie This Week.

While only part of our purchase is in, new invoices are arriving daily and go on display as soon as received. Our general opening will be no ordinary event, and Duluth women will have seldom seen a larger or better showing of undermuslins in larger cities—for they represent not only the best American makes, but many exclusive French garments.

GYMNASTICS.

Universities Asked To Send Teams To Madison March 22.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 8.—Invitations have been sent out by Dr. C. Elsom, director of the Wisconsin gymnasium to the leading Western universities asking them to send teams to participate in a gymnastic meeting at Madison on March 22. The institutions expected to compete are Minnesota, Chicago, Michigan, Illinois, Iowa and Beloit. The occasion will be taken advantage of to hold a meeting of Western gymnastic directors, and to take steps looking to the formation of a Western gymnastic association.

Health restoring, life renewing cordial, a tonic that fortifies the body and brain and stops the mine of decay. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

REVOLVER MATCH.

A Subscription Contest For the Championship.

New York, Jan. 8.—At the annual meeting of the Metropolitan Shooting club, just held in this city, plans were perfected for what promises to be the most important revolver match ever held in this country. In order to determine who is the best shot with the revolver in the United States, it was decided to hold a subscription match open to all comers for the championship. The match will be open to all, will begin soon and end at 10 p. m. on Feb. 3. There ought to be twenty shots at 20 yards, targets unlimited, and the best four targets of five shots each will count.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Johnson & Moe,

The West End Big Department Store.

Our Annual Clearance Sale now going on has proved a great success. You are invited to join the crowds and reap the benefit of this great bargain harvest. **In addition to the many "good things" offered in our previous "ad," we place on sale tomorrow:**

1 case Flannelettes, well fleeced, choice patterns, 7c kind—1 case brown and gray mottled Flannels, the 8c sort—tomorrow's Clearance price—choice—the yard..... **4½c**

Wrapper Cloth.

One case fleeced Wrapper Cloth, blue and red figures and fancy patterns, our 10c sort; tomorrow's Clearance price..... **5½c**

In the Dress Goods Section We Offer:

10 pieces Novelty Dress Goods, in neat plaids and checks, for school dresses—regular price 12½c and 15c; Thursday's great clearing sale price a yard..... **9½c**
—Limit, ten yards.

10 pieces 36-inch Novelty Waist Cloth, in pretty stripe and corded effect, regular price 25c and 29c—Thursday's great clearance price—a yard..... **19c**
—Limit, ten yards.

10 pieces 36-inch heavy wool Melton Skirting, gray, blue, black and brown, our leader at 48c; Thursday clearing price, a yd.. **29c**
—Limit, ten yards.

In Our Cloak Department

We have simply turned things loose and are making prices that represent a saving to our patrons of—

25 to 50 Per Cent.

WE OFFER THE REMAINING STOCK OF

Misses' Tailor-Made Box Coats at Exactly Half Price.

Former price-marks remain and you pay us just HALF—

Ladies' $10 and $12.50 Box Coats go at..... **$6.98**

All other Ladies' Coats reduced from $5.00 to $10.00 from former prices.

Ladies' Wool Shirt Waists

REDUCED AS FOLLOWS:

Our $1.98 Waists go at..... **$1.25**

Our $4.00 Waists go at..... **$2.75**

All others reduced 25 per cent—one-quarter—off from former prices.

Ladies' Furs.

$33 Astrakhan Fur Jacket, reduced to..... **$22.50**

All other Fur Jackets, Fur Capes, Scarfs and Collarettes go at 20 per cent—one-fifth—off from former low prices.

It will be to your interest to attend this sale—it's a great money-saving opportunity.

Special For Tomorrow In Our Model Grocery Dept.

Our positive rule of buying and selling for CASH ONLY, thereby avoiding loss from bad accounts—makes it possible for us to undersell all competition in this department. Compare these prices:

19 lbs White A Sugar for..... **$1.00**

21 lbs light Brown dry Sugar for..... **$1.00**

Sago, Tapioca and Macaroni, in bulk, sold at 8c to 10c elsewhere—here, only..... **5c**

Farina, in bulk—per lb..... **4c**

Choice Coffee, in bulk—per lb..... **12½c**

Wheat is booming and Flour as a consequence is advancing. We advise buying freely at this sale. We offer:

FANCY PATENT FLOUR—guaranteed one of the best—regular price $2.25—at—per 98-lb sack..... **$2.10**

Fire Proof Boxes

Insure Safe Keeping of Deeds, Contracts and Mortgages.....

Factory Price, $8.00—

The above price is what the Victor Safe Co., of Cincinnati, advertise in all the leading magazines for their Fire Proof Deed or Mortgage Boxes, delivered to your city, but not to your house.

Our Price Is $7.50—

We ask this for the same fire proof box, delivered to your house. This gives you the privilege of seeing and saving $1.00 by buying of us.

Saved, $1.00.

Kelley Hdw. Co.,

118-120 West Superior Street.

Reporting. Collecting. Publishing. Rating.

BRIGHT'S MERCANTILE AGENCY

Collections Made Anywhere in the United States or Canada. Send Us Your Accounts or Write For Terms.

Main Office, Torrey Building. Duluth, Minn.

HOLDEN---MILES.

Pretty Wedding Ceremony At Minneapolis on Monday.

A wedding of interest to many Duluthians occurred at Gethsemane church, Minneapolis, Monday, at high noon, when the Rev. Irving P. Johnson, rector of Gethsemane, united in marriage Miss Eleanor Holden, of Hampton, Iowa, and John R. R. Miles, of Duluth.

Owing to the recent death of the bride's father the wedding was very quiet, and was witnessed by only a few relatives and friends of the contracting parties.

The bride was given away by Thomas Miles, and looked very charming in her wedding veil and beautiful white lace gown made over white taffeta and trimmed with applique of white panne velvet. She carried a bouquet of bridal roses and was attended by Miss Janie C. Miles as maid of honor. Miss Miles wore a gown of pink mousseline de sole and carried pink roses. The best man was Warner B. Field, an old friend of the bridegroom's. A very pretty incident was the ringing of the wedding bells as the bridegroom and bride passed from the church.

After the ceremony the wedding party, consisting of the bride and bridegroom, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Miles, Miss Janie C. Miles, Miss Gwendoline A. Miles, the Rev. and Mrs. Irving P. Johnson, Miss Quillard and Miss Frances Quillard, of Duluth; Warner E. Field and E. R. Corning, of Hampton, Iowa, repaired to the Commercial club, where a breakfast was served in one of the private dining rooms. Mr. and Mrs. Miles left on an early train for Chicago, followed by the usual shower of rice, confetti, tiny hearts and the good wishes of their friends.

Before Inventory Sale!

All unworked Pillow Tops at..... **1-3 off**

Plush Balls for fancy work—in blue, red, yellow, pink, green and heliotrope..... **1-3 off**

Mrs. B. M. Smeallie,

At French & Bassett's

A few fine pieces of Burnt Wood left.

LAMPRE PRESENTED.

Washington, Jan. 8—Admiral Walker, president of the isthmian canal commission, called at the White House today and presented to the president, M. Edouard Lampre, secretary generale of the Panama Canal company. Mr. Lampre did not present the proposition of his company for the sale of their property to the United States, nor did he talk to the president regarding it. Later on the formal offer will be made to Admiral Walker, and by him presented to the secretary of state.

COST HIM NICE SUM

James Scanlon Must Pay $30 For Maltreating a Dog.

Drove a Spike Into Animal's Brain And Ran Away.

Eric Ericson Convicted Of Violating the Game Laws.

For driving a spike through the head of a pup, James Scanlon was fined $15 and costs in the police court this morning.

The costs amount to more than the fine, making the dog's torture and death cost Scanlon over $30. In order to pay this he was given a stay of twenty days.

The pup belonged to Dr. Henry E. Webster, of 19 Sixtieth avenue east. It was a pet with the children of the neighborhood. One day last week it ran out after a wagon, in which were two men. One of the men leaned over and struck at the pup with a stick, in which there was a long spike.

The spike penetrated the brain and paralyzed the dog. Dr. Webster put it out of misery when he went home, five hours later. Mrs. Webster saw the act of torture and chased the wagon several blocks, but the men whipped up the horse and got away from her.

Persons in the neighborhood identified the wagon and the police discovered that James Scanlon and Thomas Marks were the two men in it. Both were arrested, but Mr. Marks was released this morning as there was no evidence against him.

* * *

Late yesterday afternoon Eric Erickson, postmaster of Independence, was found guilty of violating the game laws, having two dead deer in his possession on Dec. 6.

However, sentence was not passed on Mr. Erickson, and will not be for a period of twenty days, during which time it is likely that a motion will be made for a new trial.

Owing to unexpected length of a case in the district court Mr. Erickson was deprived of the counsel that had looked up his case for him and it is probable that he will make a better fight in the new if the motion is granted.

* * *

There was a singular incident in police court at the hour of arraignment this morning. A father and son occupied seats in the box of sorrows, charged with drunkenness.

The father was W. N. Nordby and the son was Peter Nordby. He was only 18 years of age. The father explained that he and the boy had left a lumber camp and were on their way to the southern part of the state. Both visited the Bowery and that was all they knew. The court sentenced each to ten days in the county jail.

* * *

Mary Johnston, of the piquant, breezy set, charged with much wickedness, entered a plea of not guilty and her hearing was set for next Tuesday morning.

She and Mary Cargdoe gave a little entertainment on the Bowery last evening.

They invited in a few friends, and the report that they were about to open wine spread like a scandal. When the commotion ceased it was found that the report was without foundation.

Then two detectives that stood beneath the window heard groans from all parts of the room. Then came silence, followed by weird sounds, which gave the impression of a tortured soul.

It was learned that Miss Cargdoe was singing. After the audience had recovered somewhat, it was announced that Miss Johnston would oblige with an excruciatingly funny monologue of her own make. Guards were placed at all the exits and the monologue began. There were some whispers that the excruciating portion of it was great. As to the humor there were doubts expressed by the more sober minded. The entertainment closed violently with the detective stunt, and the two women were taken to headquarters. Miss Cargdoe forfeited $15 bail rather than appear in court this morning.

HANDSOME RECEPTION

Given For Miss Freimuth and Victor Kohn.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Freimuth gave a large and handsome reception at their home, 1306 East Second street, last evening, in honor of their daughter, Miss Rosa Freimuth, and her fiance, Victor Kohn, whose engagement was recently announced.

The house was beautifully decorated throughout. The hall mantel was banked with carnations, while potted plants in bloom were placed about at intervals. The parlor decorations were of bridesmaid roses and maidenhair ferns, the effect being very artistic. In the drawing room the color effect was very striking, the decorations consisting of red roses, smilax, ferns and tall palms. The color scheme in the dining room, where the punch was served, was in green and white. The centerpiece of the long table was a large cluster of bride's roses and maidenhair ferns, and white carnations filled the vases on the mantel.

The guests numbered about 125. Mr. and Mrs. Freimuth received, assisted by Mrs. J. Moutner, of Chicago, a sister of Mr. Kohn; Mrs. Levi and Mrs. J. D. Sattler, and a number of young ladies assisted in the dining room and Miss Josephine Sattler served the punch.

Soft music was played during the evening by Robinson's Mandolin orchestra stationed in the reception hall.

The gowns of the receiving party were very beautiful. Miss Freimuth wore a gown of delicate pink crepe, embroidered and encrusted with torquoise.

THE WINNIPEG CURLERS.

Four Rinks Are Known To Be Coming.

The Winnipeg Free Press says that Winnipeg will be well represented at the Duluth bonspiel next week. From the Granite club S. G. Hartsone and James McDiarmid will be here and from the Thistle C. Huffman and A. Black are coming. The Assiniboine club will also be represented. The Free Press says that in addition to the Winnipeg rinks there will be several from outside points.

Last evening was the first since the curling season opened when it was impossible to play owing to the soft condition of the ice. There was water standing upon it and curling was out of the question. The curlers were disappointed for they want to get all the practice possible this week, but they were not complaining for they feel that a warm spell this week is likely to mean colder weather next week.

HAD A BREAK DOWN.

Disabled Engine Delays Street Railway Traffic.

Owing to a breakdown in the big engine at the street railway power house yesterday afternoon shortly after 5 o'clock, street car traffic on every line in the city was tied up and seriously delayed until 6 o'clock. The small engine at the power house was used while repairs were being made but could not furnish power enough to operate successfuly the increased number of cars that are put on at that time in the afternoon. The accident happened at a time when crowds of people were on their way home for dinner and was unfortunate in that respect as the cars were packed and passengers became tired of sitting in the cars for half an hour, with no signs of movement. The big engine was repaired and in running order again by 7 o'clock last evening.

THE DEBATE.

Triangular Political Discussion Attracting Much Attention.

The triangular political debate at the Armory next Monday evening is one that will attract not only the attention of politicians but a large number of people of all classes. This will be one of a series of five that will be given in different parts of the Northwest. The promoters express the hope that it may be the beginning of a return of the days of Abraham Lincoln when men were free enough from party prejudice to listen to the claims of all parties and politicians and were willing to stand or fall on the merits of the issue rather than on the size of the corruption fund or the brass band. It was then the custom to meet and debate the issues.

J. Adam Bede will speak for the Republicans, T. J. Caton, of Minneapolis, recently Democratic nominee for congress, for the Democrats, and Oliver M. Stewart, chairman of the National Prohibition party, for that party.

GRAND

Political Debate

ARMORY, Monday, Jan. 13, by prominent speakers, such as Bede, Caton and Stewart. Don't miss these contests, as they will be interesting and instructive. Tickets at Chamberlain & Taylor's and Smith Drug store.

A SUPERIOR WEDDING.

Miss Nellie Searles and Herbert W. Newton Married.

A very pretty wedding took place at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Searles, of Superior. The bride was their daughter, Miss Nellie Searles, a well-known and popular young lady of West Superior, and who had a large number of friends on this side of the bay. The groom was Herbert W. Newton, city salesman in West Superior for the Duluth Candy company. Mr. Newton is a member of the family of that name who were among the pioneer settlers at the head of the lakes.

Mrs. Charles Gallagher, of Superior, was the matron of honor and Capt. Harry Newton, a brother of the groom, was the best man. The house was beautifully decorated with pink and white roses and lit with pink and white candles. The wedding march was played by Miss Mabel Bishoff, and the bride entered the parlor on the arm of her father, who gave her away during the ceremony. The bride was becomingly gowned in silk crepe de chine over white taffeta and carried pink roses. The matron of honor carried red roses.

A reception and supper followed the ceremony, and Mr. and Mrs. Newton left on this afternoon's Omaha train for the Twin Cities and various points in Iowa, where they will visit relatives on their honeymoon. They will be at home on their return at Superior, Wis.

FOUND DEAD.

Ex-Alderman Graham of Superior Found on Railroad Track.

Ex-Alderman Frederick A. Graham, of 622 Grand avenue, West Superior, was found dead across a spur track of the Terminal company on Connor's point between Main and Third streets, near the shipyards. The body was discovered about 7 o'clock this morning by a man named Johnson who was on his way to work at the shipyards. When found the body was frozen stiff and is believed to have lain across the tracks all night. There is no suspicion of foul play, although an inquest will be held this afternoon.

Mr. Graham represented the Fifth ward in the city council, his term of office expiring two years ago. For some time past he has been employed at the shipyards. Last summer family troubles caused a separation between himself and wife and after obtaining a divorce she left with the children for some point in Michigan.

UNBIDDEN GUEST

Caused Sensation at the White House Party.

Washington, Jan. 8.—One of the uninvited guests at Miss Roosevelt's debut party in the White House was a bull pup of imperturbable disposition. He followed Howe Totten's carriage and after Mr. Totten entered, the dog loafed around a bit. He became chilled in the biting wind that swept the portico and then clamly walked into the White House lobby and comfortably disposed himself on a rug in the warmest corner. Messengers, ushers and guests were all interested in the dog, but he paid no attention. Col. Theodore Bingham, the master of ceremonies, came into the lobby. "Who permitted that dog to enter?" he demanded. None confessed to having vised his ticket of invitation. "Put him out," he ordered. His brave satellites used diplomacy, which the dog ignored. The pup's jaw forbade the thought of applying force.

Col. Bingham cried "Shoo!" He might as well have shooed a rubber plant or one of the rooted palms. The dog moved neither ear nor tail, but distinctly winked at the gallant warrior.

The colonel gave it up and the dog remained until the lights went out.

PANTON AND WHITE

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — DULUTH, MINN.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

Every Cloth, Silk, Satin Jacket or Coat In Our Dept. at ..... Half Price!

Sale Begins Tomorrow—Nothing Reserved—all go at Half Prices.

Ladies' Automobile Coats at half prices.
Ladies' Three-quarter Coats at half prices.
Ladies' Raglan Coats at half prices.
Ladies' Short Box Coats at half prices.
Ladies' half-fitted Short Coats at half prices.
Ladies' Velour Blouses at half prices.
Ladies' Long Black Satin Coats at half prices.
Ladies' ¾ length Black Satin Coats at half prices.
Ladies' Long Opera Coats at half prices.
Children's Jackets and Coats at half prices.
Misses' Jackets and Coats at half prices.

No reservations—every garment to be sold just as advertised—a wonderful sale—matchless offerings—splendid selections.

MORRIS IS IN DOUBT

(Continued From Page 1.)

ama canal, so far as constructed, and the property rights, privileges, and franchises of all the corporations or persons interested therein can be acquired by the United States, free and clear of all incumbrances for a sum not exceeding $40,000,000, and in addition thereto equally desirable political and territorial rights and privileges as in the case of the Nicaragua route and at no greater expense, within six months from the passage of this act, then the president of the United States, if the Isthmian canal commission, or a majority thereof, shall so recommend, is hereby authorized to purchase the same and to complete the construction of said Panama canal, subject to all the conditions, provisions and limitations aforesaid. And the sum of $50,000 is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated toward the project herein contemplated."

Washington, Jan. 8.—The second day of the debate in the house on the Nicaragua canal bill was opened by Mr. Shackleford (Missouri), a member of the committee which reported the bill. He spoke earnestly in advocacy of its passage. He believed that the Eads Tehauntepec route was preferable to any which had been proposed, but he did not think the present a time for cavil. He did not like the Panama route, but if the new proposition of the Panama company offered advantages over the Nicaragua route he thought the president should have the alternative authority to accept it.

"If you favor this bill," interposed Mr. Bartholdt (Mo.), "why is it that you and your Democratic colleagues from Missouri at the last session, voted against a similar bill?"

"Because," replied Mr. Shackleford, "the bill at the last session was passed through this house at the tune of 'God Save the Queen.' I want it passed to the sweet strains of 'Hail Columbia.'" (Democratic applause.)

"But the Hay-Pauncefote treaty was not ratified at the last session," observed Mr. Bartholdt.

"True it was not," replied Mr. Shackleford, "but our English secretary of state wanted it ratified, and because we believed the wishes of her majesty's representative in the cabinet would prevail we opposed the bill."

Mr. Lovering (Mass.), also a member of the committee that reported the bill, who followed Mr. Shackleford, said that in the past he had favored the Nicaraguan route because the engineers had reported in its favor and because until recently he had believed that the transcontinental railroads were using the Panama route to obstruct action, but he had recently satisfied himself that the railroads were not behind the Panama canal. The recent offer of the Panama company, he believed, was made in good faith. The French stockholders were trying to realize something out of the wreck of their fortunes. He believed that, in view of the Panama company's offer, it was business to pause, take advantage of the present situation and give the commission which reported in favor of the Nicaraguan route a chance to revise its conclusions. He said he would vote for the Morris amendment and in conclusion appealed to members not to make the fatal error of committing the government to the Nicaraguan route. Mr. Lovering's remarks were liberally applauded.

COACHING

Will Be Made A Prominent Feature At Olympian Games.

New York, Jan. 8.—Great interest in the Olympian games to be held in Chicago in 1904 is being aroused in New York city by James H. Hyde, a prominent member of the Coaching club. The outlook is that this city will be represented magnificently in those competitions. Mr. Hyde already has spoken to many prominent New Yorkers and invited them to co-operate with him in making arrangements to send to Chicago at the time, the best horses and whips the local field can supply. Assurances he has received have given him much encouragement.

The interest of Mr. Hyde is more than general. Baron Pierre De Coubertin, of Paris, the international head of the Olympian games movement, and H. G. Furber, Jr., of Chicago, the executive head of the exhibition to be held in that city, are his personal friends.

Knowing that I am interested in coaching, Mr. Burber asked me to arrange for some coaching competitions, either driving through obstacles or a road race," said Mr. Hyde. "He requests me to interest myself and also other members of the Coaching club and persons who are interested in coaching. I replied that I would be glad to speak to some of them and I have done so.

"It is not the intention of the New Yorkers to don togas and engage in the chariot races or other ancient sports. They will participate in the more modern features, which will include coaching. A ten-mile road race out of Chicago with but one change of horses is talked of, as well as amateur and professional driving through obstacles.

"What would be exceedingly interesting would be a race through the traffic-crowded streets of Chicago, but thus far nothing has been arranged definitely, for the Olympian games still are two years off."

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

IN MICHIGAN.

An Ishpeming Saloon Keeper Embarks In Reform Business.

Ishpeming—The novel spectacle of a saloonkeeper embarking in the reform business is just now creating much comment and much anxiety in this city. Thomas Flannigan, one of the most prominent liquor dealers in Ishpeming, is out with a statement in which he declares that the majority of the liquor bonds are not worth the paper they are written on; that the saloons make no pretense of closing at 11 o'clock at night, or on Sunday, and that in addition to the forty-six saloons there are numerous "blind pigs" where intoxicants are sold which pay no tax. Mr. Flannigan has written to the attorney general calling his attention to the "straw bonds," and has also sent a letter to Circuit Judge Stone, informing him of the open violation of the closing law and asking that steps be taken to work reform in this regard. He vigorously scores the city administration.

William Davis committed suicide, by shooting himself through the brain at Swanzey location, twelve miles south of here, where he had lived for some years past. A letter addressed to his wife indicated that he was temporarily insane. He was 35 years of age, and is survived by his widow and two children. Before coming to Swanzey Davis lived in the lower peninsula.

Sault Ste. Marie—Out of revenge, Napoleon St. Pierre, recently dicharged as janitor, has caused the arrest of A. Von Schon, chief engineer of the water-power company. The charge was the driving of a horse over the Portage avenue bridge faster than a walk. Mr. Von Schon pleaded guilty and was fined $1 and costs. St. Pierre had been laying for him for some time, having blamed him for the loss of his job.

Manistique—A great sensation has been caused here by the arrest of V. P. Chappel, former treasurer, on the charge of embezzling county funds. An examination of the books has revealed a shortage of $7300, of which amount $2300 was taken during the last year of his first term and the remainder during his last term. Chappel says that poor bookkeeping is responsible for the discrepancy, but the experts who have checked up the books declare it a case of theft. The shortage was discovered by the present treasurer, George C. Rogers, brother of the late Governor Rogers of Washington, but steps to arrest Chappel were not taken until the experts had conducted their examination.

Escanaba—By a deal just closed the Escanaba & Gladstone Transportation company becomes the owner of valuable lands at the head of Little Bay de Noc. The tract comprises the entire townsite of Masonville, thirty-two blocks, and includes valuable water frontage, dock facilities, part of an island and a score of residences. The purpose of the transaction cannot be ascertained, but it is surmised that summer resort plans are in contemplation.

L'Anse—During the year just closed there were but thirty-one marriage licenses issued in Baraga county. In Houghton county just across the line, 775 permits to wed were made out.

Calumet—August Brink, a miner who had his back broken at the Tamarack Junior mine a week ago, is surprising the medical profession of the copper country by slowly recovering. When first brought to the hospital he had no sensation whatever in his legs, a pin stuck in them not even being felt, but now the use of the limbs has been restored and feeling restored. Despite the fact that the man's spine was broken and the cord injured. The physicians now believe he will soon be a well man.

TO COME INTO HIS OWN.

Dispossessed Heir of Nebraska Millions Will Inherit.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 8.—Developments bordering on the sensational have just come to light in the Miles will case, which involves the distribution of an estate of an estimated value of $4,000,000 to $7,000,000, the bulk of the property being located in Richardson county in Northeastern Nebraska. As a result, a son, dispossessed according to an old will drawn by Samuel Miles, a territorial pioneer and the wealthiest man in his section of Nebraska, died in 1888. A will indited in 1883 gave the bulk of his possessions to his youngest son, Samuel, Jr., was cut off were also remembered in a scant manner.

Samuel resisted the probating of the will of 1883, alleging that his father had forgiven the old quarrel and had drafted a new will dividing the property equally, and Samuel was forced to rest his case upon the testimony of witnesses who averred that they were present at the drawing of a new will in 1886 in St. Louis, when the elder Miles was there on a business trip.

After a spirited trial lasting several weeks, Judge Thompson held that the preponderance of the evidence was in favor of the will of 1888, which was admitted in evidence, and Joseph Miles was given a decree. Samuel appealed to the supreme court of the state, where it is now pnding, and next turned his attention to ferreting out the testimony relating to the will of 1887.

Four weeks ago he stumbled by chance upon the information that Paul T. Gadsden, a young attorney, formerly of St. Louis, had drawn the document of 1887 on the order of the elder Miles. Shortly thereafter Gadsden removed to Old Mexico and went into mining. He was communicated with and announced his willingness to testify that the terms of the will gave Samuel an equal share with Joseph. His former stenographer was then located and related a similar story.

Both Gadsden and the stenographer came to Lincoln and testified before Judge Thompson in support of the motion of Samuel's attorneys that the case should be reopened. The hearing will last for several days.

TO SENATE.

President Formally Nominates New Cabinet Officers.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The president today sent the following nominations among others to the senate: Leslie M. Shaw, Iowa, secretary of the treasury; Henry C. Payne, Wisconsin, postmaster general; John R. A. Crossland, Missouri, minister resident and consul general to Liberia; Alphonso J. Lespinasso, New York, consul at Turpan, Mexico.

REHEARSAL

Of Royal Procession For Opening Parliament.

New York, Jan. 8.—The first rehearsal of the royal procession for the opening of parliament in full state has just been conducted here with painstaking care, says a dispatch to the Tribune from London. A heavy brake was used in place of the pompous state coach, but otherwise it was an undress replica of the approaching function, with cream ponies, postillons, outriders, walking men and the yeomen of the guard in line.

MARRIED.

Senator Foraker's Daughter Wed to a Philadelphia Man.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Miss Julia Foraker, the youngest daughter of Senator and Mrs. Foraker, was married at her parents' residence here today, to Francis King Wainwright, of Philadelphia. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Mackay-Smith, and was followed by a reception at which about 400 guests were present. The bride's wedding dress was of heavy white satin with yoke and sleeves of rose point. The veil of tulle was held by orange blossoms. The jewels worn were gifts—a crescent of diamonds from her father and a dog collar of pearls from the groom.

The bridal party and personal friends of the couple, twenty in all, sat at the table together for their wedding breakfast. Senatorial, diplomatic and social circles were largely represented in the guests attending the reception. The bride received a number of elegant gifts, which made a glittering collection.

Mr. and Mrs. Wainwright left on the afternoon train for a honeymoon jaunt. Their future home will be at Bryn Mawr, but until their new house there is completed, the couple will live in Philadelphia.

Best for you because best made, Satin Skin Cream and Satin Skin Powder. Use is proof. 25c.

DRAWS THE LINE

At Venus Poses by His Young Wife.

Baltimore, Jan. 8.—John Baum filed a cross bill to divorce proceedings instituted against him by Mary Baum.

Mr. Baum charges his wife with infidelity and with pawning his wedding suit of clothes, likewise his umbrella. These articles, he declares, since they were "put up," which was without his knowledge and consent, he has been unable to recover.

At the time of his marriage, he says, he was 65 years old, while his bride was only 17.

Another accusation brought against Mrs. Baum by Mr. Baum was her propensity for posing as Venus with not too plentiful drapery, for the admiration of her cousin.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distess. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

Hotel Northern,

208 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

AWAY WITH BACKACHE!

That constant backache! Strikes you any time—'Tis the first symptom of Kidney ills—comes in many forms—Sudden twinges of pain—Slow exhaustive aches—Kidneys out of order require relief.

Backache is a Kidney warning—neglect the warning other troubles follow.

Sick Kidneys cause bad aches—

Bad backs are weak and lame and aching.

Sick Kidneys cause weariness—headaches—dizziness—Rheumatic pains and numerous other aches.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Cure every ill of the Kidneys and Bladder—

Relieve the aching back and cure it.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure dangerous Urinary disorders—Infrequent and too frequent Urinary discharges—Not a symptom in the Kidney calendar they do not reach, down to the borderland of Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease---The evidence is home testimony.



DULUTH PROOF:

THIRD STREET

Mrs. William Lynn, of 120 Third street west, says: "I suffered a great deal for many years with pains through my back and kidneys. Especially if I caught cold or over-exerted myself. I tired very easily and often when working about the house my back hurt me so that I was obliged to sit down and rest myself. I tried many remedies, but could get nothing to relieve the trouble. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended I procured a box at W. A. Abbett's Drug store and commenced using them. They acted like a charm and in a few days I was much better. I continued the treatment until the trouble was banished, and since then I have felt splendid.

THIRD AVENUE

Mr. Josiah Collins, of 510 Third avenue east, employed at C. Coon's meat market, says: "I suffered severely from rheumatism for a long time, and during a year was so bad I could hardly get around at all and found it impossible to get up and down a hill. I felt like an old man, all worn, my shoulders were so sore I could scarcely raise my arms, and the least exertion tired me out completely. I tried bottle after bottle of medicine and spent lots of money treating for the trouble, but nothing did me any good. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised I procured a box at W. A. Abbett's Drug store and used it. I felt some better after the first box, and continued their use until I had completed the seventh box, when I had no signs or symptoms whatever of the trouble left."

SECOND STREET

Mr. McLean, of 122 Second street east, first mate on the steamship Bon Voyage, says: "There was a constant dull, aching through the small of my back, over the kidneys. The kidney secretions were unnatural and irregular and too frequent in action. I could not rest well nights and was generally run down. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills so highly recommended that I concluded to try them and got a box at W. A. Abbett's. They helped me from the very start and soon freed me from all aches and pains and rendered the action of the kidneys healthy and normal."

NINETEENTH AVE.

Mrs. Agnes McKay, of 125 Nineteenth avenue, says: "For some years I suffered from kidney complaint, and although I tried different remedies, I did not succeed in getting anything to effectually rid me of the trouble. I had constant heart bearing-down pains across the small of my back so that I could hardly get around, and at night I could not rest well. The kidney secretions were irregular, highly colored, and deposited a heavy sediment. I also suffered from severe and persistent headaches. On being advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, I procured them at the W. A. Abbett's Drug store, and used them. They relieved me of the pains and restored the action of the kidney secretions to their normal state."

Get what you ask for. Get DOAN'S. Don't accept something "just as good." Most druggists sell Doan's Kidney Pills and will give you what you call for. Some may endeavor to substitute an article they make more profit on. Insist on having the genuine. Price 50 cents. Manufactured by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

GREATER ACTIVIVY

Than Ever In Movement Of Homeseekers To Northwest.

Two Hundred Thousand Expected To Immigrate In 1902.

Conditions Favor Minnesote and North and South Dakota.

St. Paul, Jan. 8.—Two hundred thousand homeseekers will invade the Northwestern states in 1902. This estimate is regarded as conservative by railway men who are preparing to handle the crowds.

It is estimated that 150,000 homeseekers came into the Northwest last year. There is every indication that the movement this year will be from 35 to 45 per cent greater than in 1901. Men who are in touch with the situation make these figures after a careful survey of last year's business and on the strength of reports from immigrant agents in th field and other sources of information in states to the South, Southwest and East.

Immigration this year will come from the same territory that Northwestern railroads and Northwestern land men have been cultivating since 1890 and from which the first important results came in about 1894. This includes the states of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Southern Michigan, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska. The Northwest is meeting with keener competition than ever from the Southwest this year in its immigration campaign.

In the big movement of last year railway men estimate that the coast states secured the larger portion of immigration.

It is believed that the conditions this year will favor the states of Minnesota and North and South Dakota more than ever and that the larger part of the movement will go into that part of the Northwest. There is great activity among the land companies interested in those states. Large tracts of railway land hitherto not offered for sale are on the market. In addition to the work done by the railroads, numerous land companies have agents in various states working up immigration and all hands are doing an immense amount of advertising.

The first big excursion into the Northwest will begin early in March. The Northern Pacific, Great Northern and the Soo are completing preparations for handling it. In spite of the agitation for higher land seekers' rates, which has been going on for some months, the rates this year into the Northwest are on as liberal a basis as ever, which is exerting a favorable influence.

BROWN'S Bronchial Troches

give most salutary relief in Bronchitis.

Sold in Boxes only. Avoid Imitations.

Fac-Simile Signature of John S. Brown & Son on every box.

SCRATCHED A PIMPLE

And Professor May Die From Blood Poisoning.

New York, Jan. 8.—A pimple on his nose may cost Professor Frederick Simpson, of Newark, his life, as he is suffering from a bad attack of blood poisoning. The professor conducts a dancing academy for young people in that city. While preparing to go to the academy two weeks ago he noticed a small pimple on the end of his nose. He tried to make himself more presentable to his dancing class by scratching the pimple off. A few days later the nose began to swell. The swelling extended to his lips and finally to the upper part of his face.

Everything possible was done, but the disease had spread through the professor's system, until he is now in a critical condition, although the doctor hopes to save his life.

PILOT'S FRIEND.

Congressman Morris Figures In This Role.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Representative Morris today introduced a bill providing that masters of vessels of the United States shall have liens for their wages of like character and to like exteni as that now existing in favor of seamen of such vessels. He also introduced a bill providing that investigations of incompetency or misconduct committed by any licensed officer while acting under authority of his license shall be by the local board of inspectors, who shall have power to summon witnesses, as is done by United States circuit or district courts. They shall also be aided by a jury of not more than five persons, who shall be either masters, mates or pilots. These bills were introduced by request of the Pilots' association of the United States.

AN IMPOSING PROJECT.

From Lake of the Woods to Gulf of Mexico.

St. Paul, Jan. 8.—William T. Smith, of Des Moines, vice president and manager of the Continental Railway company, has written Secretary A. C. Clausen of the Minnesota railway commission for maps and information about the railway laws of Minnesota. He inclosed maps showing the projected route.

The company has been incorporated in Iowa and will soon file its articles in Minnesota, it is promised. Mr. Smith says that building will begin in Minnesota. The line is to begin at Lake of the Woods, connecting with the Canadian Northern, and run almost due south, across White Earth reservation and through Perham, Alexandria, Glenwood, Murdock and Renville. There are two proposed lines from there, one running through Lakefield and the other through Windom. Choice between these routes will depend on the aid given and the cost.

The line runs across Iowa, connecting with the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy at Bedford, which will give a line to Kansas City. It is intended to build eventually to the Gulf of Mexico.

THE DAKOTAS

Former Philippine Soldier Dies From Poisoning at Yankton.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Yankton—Otto Keehr, of Wakonda, was found in a dying condition in an alley near the Pierce hotel in this city about 2 o'clock Tuesday morning by Joe Hoenthaner, with whom he had been during the night. A bottle, fhich had contained aconite, was found lying on the ground by his side. Whether he took poison accidentally or with intention to commit suicide is not known, but probably the latter. If a suicide, this is the second in Yankton in a week. Both men had been drinking, but were not drunk. Keehr left oHenthaner in a restaurant, and fifteen minutes later, when Hoenthaner went to look for him, he was dying. He was a veteran of the Philippine war, and was married about six weeks ago.

Deadwood—The mail clerks on the Elkhorn running between Long Pine, Neb., and Deadwood will remain over at the Deadwood end of the line now. The division headquarters have been changed from Long Pine to Deadwood. Five clerks are employed. There is also a probability of a change in the Edgemont-Deadwood run that will permit the two clerks to lie over at Deadwood instead of Edgemont.

G. D. Hazen, who has just returned from Dawson City, after spending two years there, is favorably impressed with the Klondike region. A large amount of gold is being taken out and business is good in all branches.

John Newton, a young man who has been working at various mines and mills in the black hills, died in the hospital here. His nearest relatives reside in Idaho and Arizona.

Aberdeen—Charles F. Dutcher, for several years employed as a clerk in a department store here, attempted suicide at Dell Rapids, where he resided before coming here. He and another clerk in the store were discharged about ten days ago because of a quarrel over a young woman. Dutcher has a family here and a grown son at Dell Rapids. The other man, named Clark, is said to have a wife and three children living in Minnesota, and he is reported to have a divorce case pending in Marshall county. Clark left the city some days since. Dutcher will probably recover.

Miller—The land and immigration boom is on here, land having reached the $10 an acre notch in some instances. Fred Furman sold his quarter not many months ago for $300. Now it has just passed into the hands of an Iowa man for $12.00. S. H. Putman came from De-Smet and paid $700 for a quarter. Last season he raised potatoes enough on a few acres to pay for the farm, and now he is offered $1600 for the land. Four new land and loan offices are being opened, and the inflow of settlers will be well cared for.

A 10-year-old boy was found on the prairie badly frozen. He had been herding horses and was afraid to go home for fear of ill-treatment. He was adopted by a farmer last spring from a Chicago home.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Dr. Pearsons, the philanthropist who promised the Fargo Congregational college $50.00 provided the college officials would raise $200,000, has extended the time till Jan. 1, 1903. The first of the year was the date originally set, but the death of President Simmons and the election of his successor caused some delay. There seems no doubt but that the conditions will be met in the next twelve months.

Rev. Edgar W. Day, who has been pastor of the Presbyterian church for eight years, has resigned and will retire April 1. His resignation is in the nature of a surprise, as there was no intimation of it. The official meeting of the church will be held Jan. 14, when the matter will be considered. There is an effort to get Mr. Day to withdraw his resignation, as he is extremely popular.

Fargo aldermen have accepted a proposition of the Washburn Coal company to make a test of lignite in the city waterworks. Apparatus for handling the coal will be put on and the lignite burned for two weeks. If it shows no saving, it will be removed without cost to the city. If it is success, the city will purchase the outfit and use the coal instead of Minnesota wood. Other heating concerns in Fargo claim a saving of 15 to 25 per cent on the cost of Minnesota tamarack.

Park River—There is rejoicing in church circles over a proclamation recently issued by the mayor, urging better Sabbath observance and calling upon citizens to aid him in enforcing the Sunday law.

Grafton—The county commissioners met for their regular monthly meeting. Many citizens were in attendance, as it was expected that Commissioner Southard and Commissioner Spencer would be retired and Democratic successors elected, but State's Attorney Myers held there were no vacancies under the law. The board proceeded to elect a chairman, the ballot resulting in the re-election of Chairman D. Southard.

Eighty years old—Catarrh Fifty Years.—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cures him. Want any stronger evidence of the power of this wonderful remedy over this universal disease? Want the truth of the case confirmed. Write George Lewis, Shamokin, Pa. He says:—"I look upon my cure as a miracle." It relieves in ten minutes. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—3.

ON THE DOORSTEP.

Rich Iowa Family May Adopt Infant Waif.

Creston, Iowa, Jan. 8.—Early in the morning an unknown person rapped on the door of the residence of John Eckert, a well-known and wealthy resident of this place. When Eckert went to the door no one could be seen. He went back to bed, but shortly after a tiny cry was heard, and an investigation revealed the fact that the unknown person had left an infant boy on the doorstep. The babe was but a few hours old. The little one was taken in and cared for. So far there is no clew as to its parentage, and it is probable that Eckerts will adopt it.

SHOOTS HIMSELF

In Presence of Two-Year-Old Child.

St. Paul, Jan. 8.—Louis Rothmund shot himself through the heart, and died shortly afterwards in his room yesterday.

Rothmund lived with a wife and four small children in Room 28, on the fourth floor of the Schurmeier block, 272 East Seventh street. He had been ill for more than four years and unable to work. His wife was out washing when her husband killed himself. Three of the children, George, 15; Irvine, 12, and Gertrude, 8, went to the Washington school. A little daughter, Floy, 2½ years old, stayed at home with her father.

Rothmund was formerly a lawyer of Gaylord and Henderson, this state. He was a judge of probate at Gaylord about fifteen years ago. He studied too much and became a victim of nervous prostration. He was compelled to give up als practice. He moved to St. Paul and started the North Star restaurant, but could not make it a success. He was compelled to take to his bed four years ago, and a year later he was suffering from temporary abberation. He recovered, but was never able to do any work.

Half Rates to Fargo Grain Growers' Convention.

The Great Northern railway will sell half rate excursion tickets to Fargo and return on Jan. 6, 7 and 8, 1902, good returning until Jan. 11. An attractive program of addresses and papers has been arranged.

A BISHOP.

Rev. Frederic Keator Consecrated at Dubuque, Iowa.

Dubuque, Iowa, Jan. 8.—The Rev. Frederic William Keator, rector of St. John's Episcopal church the past two years, was this morning consecrated missionary bishop of Olympia. The ceremonies were held in St. John's church and were of an elaborate nature. It was the first time in the history of the church in Iowa that a bishopric consecration has taken place, and the attendance of the outside clergy was large. The ministers of the consecration were:

Presiding consecrator, Rt. Rev. William Edward McLaren, D.D., D.C.L., bishop of Chicago; consecrators, Rt. Rev. William Hobart Hare, D.D., missionary bishop of South Dakota, and Rt. Rev. Theodore Nevin Morrison, D.D., bishop of Iowa; preacher, Rt. Rev. Charles Palmerston Anderson, D.D., bishop coadjutor of Chicago; bishops presenting, Rt. Rev. Cook Edsall, D.D., bishop of Minnesota, and Rt. Rev. Arthur Llewellyn Williams, S.T.D., bishop coadjutor of Nebraska; attending presbyters, Rev. William De Witt, rector, St. Andrew's church, Chicago, and Rev. J. Hollister Lynch, D.D., rector Trinity church, Ottawa; deputy registrar, Rev. John C. Sage, rector St. John's church, Dubuque; master of ceremonies, Rev. John C. Sage, and assistants, Rev. Charles J. Schutt, rector St. James' church, Independence, and Rev. Frank F. Beckerman, rector Trinity church, Muscatine.

The bishop's vestments were the gift of St. John's parish; the ring, of the clergy of Iowa; the cross, of the Knights Templar, and the Bible, of the Rev. Mr. Sage. The sermon was preached by the bishop coadjutor of Chicago.

Bishop Keator was born Oct. 22, 1855, at Honesdale, Pa. He was graduated from Yale in 1880 with the degree of A.B., and from the law department in 1882 with the degree of LL.D. He practiced law in Chicago until 1889. In 1887 he became interested with his fellow-lawyer, S. C. Edsall, now bishop of Minnesota, in church mission work. He was graduated from Western Theological seminary, Chicago, in May, 1891, and ordained to the priesthood in December of that year. He was in charge of the Church of the Atonement at Edgewater until 1896, when he resigned to become rector of Grace church at Freeport, Ill., which he resigned in the fall of 1899 to become rector of St. John's in this city. Bishop Keator is a member of the board of trustees and secretary and treasurer of Western Theological seminary. He also is a trustee of Griswold college, Davenport, and dean of the Waverly convocation of the diocese of Iowa.

OIL IN KENTUCKY.

Duluth Holdings Are Showing Up Well.

Flat Lick, Ky., Jan. 8.—The strike at the Baker farm, owned by Fargo, N. D., and Duluth, Minn., people, is now all the talk. Dozens of oil men have come into the country. The sand gotten at 1390 feet has continued down to 1460 feet, where they stopped last night. Work will be resumed down to about 2000 feet, if the granite is not encountered. A big well is predicted.

Mr. Galloway, of Jennings Bros. & Galloway, who successfully fought the Standard Oil company and succeeded in building an independent line from the West Virginia fields to the coast, is here. He came in last evening. When shown the sand from the Baker farm he pronounced it like that secured on the Hardman farm in West Virginia, from which his firm secured ninety big wells and laid the foundation for their present millions, building up a rival to the Standard Oil company. He says such a sand must produce the very highest grade of illuminating oil, and says it compared with anything in either West Virginia or Pennsylvania.

Heretofore the Kentucklans have been content to take the good money of the "lie men" for leases, but a company was organized in Barbourville yesterday, headed by James D. Black and Banker John A. Black. The former is the most prominent candidate for governor in the next contest. They have become inoculated with the virus and are in the wildest condition of enthusiasm over the oil situation.

JILTED

Sweetheart Adopts Strenuous Measures To Get Her Rings.

Cincinnati, Jan. 8.—The recent marriage of George Sparka, of Dayton, Ky., to Mrs. Maggie Burnside, of Newport, last Tuesday, was the culmination of a series of rather stirring mishaps and unfortunate events.

The wedding was to have taken place Saturday night, Dec. 28, but there were circumstances which prevented it.

The trouble, it is said, was started by Sparka's penchant for the fair sex, which led him to become engaged to two young women at the same time.

On the Saturday night mentioned Sparka attired himself in his "Sunday best," and leaving his home at Third and Jackson streets, walked to Clay street to take a street car for Newport, to be married to Mrs. Burnside. At Third and Clay streets he was confronted by Mrs. Belle Cassidy, who demanded that he return the two rings which she gave him when they plighted their troth, a few months before. Sparka refused to give them up and started up Clay street. Mrs. Cassidy followed him, exclaiming: "I will have those rings if I have to get them over your dead body."

When Fifth and Clay streets were reached by the now thoroughly excited pair it was alleged that Sparka grabbed the woman by the throat and attempted to choke her. At this juncture Mrs. Cassidy let go her good right and landed on Sparka's jaw. She then tore the two rings off his fingers, and, knocking off his hat, tore it nearly to pieces.

Sparka ran to catch a passing car, leaving the irate woman standing in the middle of the street shaking her fists at him.

On arriving in Newport Sparka repaired to the house of Mrs. Burnside, at Fifth and Isabella streets. Much to his chagrin he found the house in total darkness. There was not even a notice on the door to inform him of Mrs. Burnside's whereabouts. The crestfallen man returned to his home, ruminating sadly over the disheartening events of the evening.

To a reporter Mrs. Sparka stated that she was summoned to Visalia, Ky., by the sickness of her mother last Saturday night, which accounts for her absence when her fiance called.

"We were married," she said, "in Covington on Tuesday night by Squire Wheeler."

This is Mr. and Mrs. Sparka's second venture on the matrimonial sea together, she having been divorced from him two and one half years ago. She later married a Mr. Burnside, of Newport. He soon after died. Mrs. Cassidy, the other woman figuring in the case, was recently divorced from her husband, Charles Cassidy. She was formerly Miss Belle Carr, daughter of Samuel Carr, a pioneer resident living on Second avenue.

BASEBALL.

Freedman Willing To Spend Money For Winning Team.

New York, Jan. 8.—Andrew Freedman, principal owner of the New York Baseball club, announces that he intends to remain in the baseball business in the future. He said among other things:

"I want a winning team here, and nobody will spend more money than I to secure it. The baseball public want a winner, and I am going to give it to them, if I can. I offered $50,000 to Frank Robinson three years ago to get the Cleveland club, and every year since then I have done all I could, but I was handicapped. No club would sell to me.

"I have a contract with Ned Hanlon now, which he accepted. I offered Hanlon $25,000 for a two-years' contract to manage the New York team, which he accepted, and the New York club will hold him to his contract. Moreover, Mr. Hanlon has an option for three years more at the same terms.

"My sole object was to get a winning team for New York city, and I am willing to spend the money for it. When the team was losing, three years ago, I was willing and offered more money than any other club to strengthen the Giants." But I could not; no club would sell. I offered as high as $100,000 to get a team here.

"I stand ready now to spend more money for a winning team in New York than any one else."

APPROPRIATION

Wanted To Survey the Drainage Canal.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Members of the drainage board will leave for Washington Saturday afternoon to ask congress for an appropriation of $200,000 to be used by the government engineers in making a survey and estimate of cost for an eight, ten, twelve and fourteen-feet waterway to connect the drainage canal with St. Louis. The sanitary trustees will appear before the committee on rivers and harbors of the house Monday morning.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

General Tone Weak But Market Advanced a Half Cent.

Cables Were Steady In Face of Tuesday's American Decline.

Flax Continued Its Upward Move with Active Trading.

Duluth Board of Trade, Jan. 8.—The wheat market was a surprise to many traders today for while the general tone seemed to be weak it held rather steady and finally closed higher. The opening was stronger owing to favorable cables. Liverpool closed ½d higher, in spite of a decline of 1s in American markets yesterday. The market stiffened up somewhat after the opening, but selling orders were heavy and it declined, showing another rally shortly before the close, however.

Bradstreet's statement of the world's visible supply was a day late. It showed a decrease of 1,536,000 bus. Primary receipts of wheat were 432,000 bus, last year 664,000 bus. Shipments were 240,000 bus, last year 186,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 402,000 bus.

May corn in Chicago closed unchanged today although at one time it was down from yesterday's closing price. Oats advanced ⅛@¼c. Primary receipts of corn aggregated 486,000 bus, last year 891,000 bus. Shipments 329,000 bus, last year 419,000 bus. Clearances were 10,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis 374 cars, and at Chicago 30, a total of 404 cars, against 250 last year.

Trading was very light on the Duluth board and the market while stronger early fell off later. The opening was 58c up at 86⅝c. It sold up to 87¼ a 87⅛c, fell to 87c at 10:30 and 86¾c at 11. From there it rallied to 87½c at 1 and closed at 87¼c, an advance of ½c. Chicago advanced ⅛@⅜c, and Minneapolis 1c.

Cash sales were 20,000 bus and prices were unchanged at ⅜c under May for No. 1 northern, 2c under for No. 1 for No. 2 and 5c under for No. 3.

Flax continued its upward course with active trading. May opened ⅜c up at $1.70, fell to $1.68 and then bulged to $1.71¾ and closed there, an advance of 2c. Cash and to arrive advanced the same. Oats advanced 3c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 86c; to arrive, 84c. No. 1 northern, cash, 86c; to arrive, 78c; May, 87¼. No. 2 northern, 75@c. No. 3 spring, 78c. Oats, 47½@48¾c. Rye, 66c. Barley, 46-58c. Flax, cash, $1.69; to arrive, $1.69½; January, $1.69; May, $1.71¾. Corn, 45c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 54; last year, 11; oats, 4; barley, 3; flax, 10. Receipts—Wheat, 1462 bus; flax, 19,564 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 1100 bus; oats, 800 bus; flax, 18,701 bus.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.78
No. 1 northern, 3000 bus	74¾
No. 1 northern, 2000 bus	75
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	75¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	75½
No. 3 spring, 1 car	73¾
No. 3 spring, 4 cars	74
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	73¾
Rejected, 1 car	70¾
Barley, 1 car	56½
Flax, 1 car, cash	1.69½
Flax, 1 car, cash	1.67½
Flax, 1000 bus, to arrive	1.68

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Cable List Again Caused Advance in Wheat.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—The cable list was again at variance with yesterday's conditions here, and was the principal factor in advances at the opening today. Liverpool wheat was almost unchanged, while this market sustained a loss of a cent. Parts was steady. May prices opened ¼@¼c to ⅜@⅝c up at 82¾c to 83⅝c. The weather may still showed no moisture in the suffering winter wheat country. The delayed report of the world's visible was expected to show a decided decrease. Outside markets were strong and though there was liberal selling on all the bulges May advanced to 84⅜c. Receipts, 70 cars, 1 contract: Minneapolis and Duluth reported 374 cars, a total for the three points of 151 against 350 a year ago.

Wheat was poorly supported after its early upturn and heavy selling depressed May to 83¼c. The bears fought to keep prices under 84c, but at this figure there were plenty of buying orders and May closed firm, ⅜@½c up at 84¼c.

Trade in corn at the opening was slow and largely under the influence of wheat. The cable situation was about the same as in wheat and there was the added bullish impetus of small offerings. May opened unchanged to ⅛@¼c up at 67¾c to 67⅞c, and sold up quickly to 67½c. Receipts, 93 cars.

Corn followed wheat to some extent in its late decline, and on rather poor trade May slid off to 66¾@67c. The close saw a fair recovery with May unchanged at 67⅛c.

There was a fair revival of the bull spirit in oats at the start. Some strength was borrowed from the other pits, but the bulling of July options because of the relatively cheaper price of this delivery than of May brought a good advance. May opened ¼c to ⅜c up, at 46⅜c to 46¾c and sold to 47c.

Liberal selling by commission houses on the bulges brought a slightly easier tone and May had a hard time keeping at its top. Receipts, 50 cars.

Provisions were dull and almost featureless. Hogs were slow and influenced an easy opening. Small outside buying and the grain strength helped in a slight advance. May pork started 2½c down to 2½c up, at $17.22 to $17.25, and sold to $17.22½. May lard, a shade lower to unchanged at $9.50@9.52½ to $9.92½ and sold up 2½c, and May ribs, ½c lower to unchanged, at $8.75 to $8.77½, and touched $8.80.

Close, wheat, January, 86c; May, 84¼c; July, 83⅝c. Corn, January, 67¾c; May, 67⅛c; July, 66⅝c; September, 65¾c. Oats, January, 46¼c; May, 46⅞@47c; July, 41⅝@43c; September, 33⅜c. Pork, January, $16.82½; May, $17.27½; July, $17.25. Lard, January, $9.80; May, $9.92½@9.95; July, $10.00. Ribs, January, $8.47½; May, $8.77½; 68.80. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.72; Southwestern, $1.69; May, $1.73¾@1.75. Rye, January, 67¼c; May, 70¼c; July, 58c. Barley, cash, 58@65c. Timothy, March, $6.00. Clover, March, $10.15. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 87@89c; No. 3 red, 84@85¼c; No. 2 hard winter, 81@83c; No. 3 hard winter, 80@82c. No. 1 northern spring, 82@85c; No. 2 northern spring, 80@82c; No. 3 spring, 76@80c. Corn, No. 3, 62¾@63c. Oats, No. 2, 47@47c; No. 3, 46½@47c.

Main Office—329 Jackson St., St. Paul. Local Office—324 West Superior St.

Dealer in **A. J. CUMMINGS, Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 5000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,

428 West Superior St., (Spalding Hotel.)

Members of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.

Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,

Private Wire.

MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls

A, Manhattan Building, St. Paul, Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis, Duluth, Minn., Room A Torrey Building.

LAND SCRIP!

Can now supply Forest Reserve and Soldiers' Additionals.

H. W. COFFIN Manhattan Building

GRAIN GOSSIP.

"We estimate at Winnipeg," says G. R. Crowe, of the Northern Elevator company there, "that we have about 30,000,000 bus more wheat than we ever had before, probably about 60,000,000 bus. Of this we expect to export about 40,000,000 bus. The grade of our wheat is about the same as the Duluth, but its reputation is not so well established and we consequently have to sell at about 2c under the American prices. Because of the fine fall weather a good share of our wheat this year will grade No. 2 northern. We are feeling across the border the same lack of railroad facilities for moving our big crop the Americans are feeling. Consequently the crop movement is slow."

• • •

Rycroft, of Chicago—I think wheat now has two sides to it, on the bulges I would sell and on good breaks buy it for turns, as long spell of dry weather in winter Southwest we are liable to get rain any day now and it would have a tendency to weaken prices.

• • •

Greenleaf, Baker & Co., of Atchison, Kas.—Wheat is undoubtedly damaged in our territory. None moving and being fed freely. In our opinion but little wheat remains to move out in the Southwest. However, damage might be overestimated.

• • •

Farnum's Chicago morning gossip—Wheat—Liverpool not following our changes very closely just now. They are out of line. It is still dry in the winter wheat country. It is so long before the result of this dry weather can be really known that it will be forgotten at times. A more important factor will be the amount being fed to stock. I am inclined to think the market will have a little more decline.

Corn—Our speculative corn market has been dull for a few days. Prices away above ours continue to be paid through the West. Confidence in higher prices is very general. Our market is having the support of some strong interests.

Oats—Attracting great deal of attention. Strong people on both sides, look to me as though those long of May and July oats had much the best of the situation.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Jan. 8.—Close: wheat, cash, 79¼c; May, 80¼c; July, 81¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 81¾c; No. 1 northern, 79¾c; No. 2 northern, 77½@78¾c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Jan. 8.—Close: Wheat, May, 88¼c; July, 88½c. Corn, May, 71⅛c; July, 70⅝c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	80⅝B	79¾-¾	83¾-⅞	88¾-½
High	81¼	80¼-¼	84⅜	89⅜
Low	80⅜	79¼-⅜	83¼-½	88¼-¼
Close	81¼B	80¼-⅜	84½A	88¾B
July—				
Open	80¾	83¼		88¼B
High	81¼	83⅝		88¾-⅛
Low	80⅜	82⅞		87⅞
Close	81-1/8	83⅜		88¼B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	46⅝@46¾	67¼	$17.22½@17.25
High	47	67¾-¼	$17.30@17.32
Low	46⅜	66¾-⅞	$17.22
Close	46¾-47	67¼A	$17.27

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Jan. 8.—Close: Wheat, spot, firm; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 3d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 9d; No. 1 California, 6s 6d; futures, quiet; March, 6s 4¼d; May, 6s 4¾d. Corn, spot, American mixed new, no stocks; American mixed old, steady, 5s 4¼d; futures quiet; February, 5s 4½d; March, 5s 4d; May, 5s 4d.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Cattle receipts, 15,500, including 500 Texans; strong; good to prime, $6.50@7.50; poor to medium, $4.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.75; cows, $1.25@4.90; heifers, $2.50@5.50; canners, $1.25@2.25; bulls, $2.25@4.75; calves, $3.00@6.50; Texas steers, $3.25@5.25. Hogs receipts today, 45,000; left over, 9505. 5@10c lower; mixed and butchers, $6.00@6.45; good to choice heavy, $6.25@6.50; rough heavy, $5.90@6.20; light, $5.90@6.20; bulk of sales, $6.05@6.30. Sheep receipts, 18,000; strong; lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $4.00@4.75; fair to choice mixed $3.50@4.25; Western sheep, $4.00@4.75; native lambs, $3.50@5.85; Western lambs, $5.00@5.75. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 8727; hogs, 33,60; sheep, 25,312. Shipments—Cattle, 3372; hogs, 3416; sheep, 4212.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report trade unsteady. Farm horses and all other classes of horses alike were moving in retail lots. Supplies were large, causing an uneasiness on the part of the shippers, who in many instances closed out at losses. Values:

Draft horses, extra	$165@220
Drafter, choice	135@165
Drafters, common to good	120@135
Farm mares, extra	125@145
Farm mares, choice	115@125
Farm mares, common to good	80@115

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—

Puts, May wheat, 79⅝ to 79⅝-¾c.

Calls, May wheat, 80¾c to 81⅛c.

Curb, May wheat, 80-⅛c to 80⅜.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—The wheat market ruled very nervous all day with a large trade. After opening firmer owing to steady cables from abroad, later declined on heavy realizing. There were several breaks and rallies during the day but the market finally closed firm, ⅝c higher than last night. Liverpool reported their market as steady and higher for the day. Continental markets were generally lower. Cash demand all over the country was generally quiet, but Minneapolis reported fairly large flour sales made there for export. The weather throughout the Southwest continues dry, but we are likely to get a good rain any day now. The seaboard reported export demand there quiet with bids generally 2c to 3c per bus below a working basis. General sentiment continues bullish but around present prices we are inclined to think there are two sides to the market and on good advances would advise taking profits and wait for a break to buy again. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 25 cars.

Trade in corn was light today and the market was inclined to be weak, but was held up by the strength in wheat. The close was quiet, unchanged to ⅛c lower than last night. Country offerings were moderate, but the cash demand was quiet both here and at the seaboard. Foreign markets were dull. There was no special feautre to the market. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 160 cars.

Oats ruled very strong all day with a large trade. There was good buying by longs as well as liberal covering by shorts. The market closed, May ⅝c, July ⅞c higher than last night. Country offerings were moderate, cash demand good. As we said before, there is a large short interest in the market which we believe will be forced to cover and carry prices higher. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 100 cars.

Provisions opened easier with hogs, later advanced some on buying by local crowd, but there was too much packer's stuff and outside realizing orders on the market, and the close was about at yesterday's prices. We are getting enormous receipts of hogs of much better quality and as far as we know there is no short lines out other than by packers. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 40,000 hogs.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Butter, steady; creameries, 15@24½; dairies, 14@20c. Cheese, steady; twins, 10¼@11½c; young Americas, 10¾@11½c; daisies, 10¾@11¼c. Eggs, firm; loss off, cases returned, 26@28c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 8.—Butter receipts, 6907 packages; firm; state dairies, 15@23c; creamery, 16@25c; June creamery, 15@22c; factory, 13@15½c. Cheese receipts, 810 packages, firm; state full cream large fall made fancy, 10½@11c; full cream small made fancy, 10¾@11c; late made best large 9¾c; late made best small, 10@10¼c. Eggs receipts, 5723 packages; strong; State and Pennsylvania, 33@34c; Western at mark, 27@33c; Southern at mark, 25@32c.

THE SURPLUS.

Sulzer Would Have It Deposited In National Banks.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Representative Sulzer, of New York, today introduced in the house the following resolution:

Whereas, absorption of money by the United treasury is detrimental to the business interests of the country, therefore be it

Resolved, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby directed to deposit all surplus funds belonging to the United States government with national banks having a capital of not less than $500,000, and a surplus of not less than $500,000.

That such deposits be made without requiring United States government bonds as security, that on such deposits the United States treasury receive interest at the rate of 2 per cent per annum.

And that such deposits shall be a first lien on the assets of the bank.

No deposit in any one bank shall be greater than the combined capital and surplus of such bank.

WAS NOT IDLE

That's All Shaw Says About His Washington Visit.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Governor Shaw, of Iowa, next secretary of the treasury, is in Chicago on his way home from Washington. He was entertained by the Union League club, and after attending to private business here today, will leave for his home in Iowa tonight.

"There's nothing I can say that would interest the public," said the governor. "I was not idle during the three days spent in Washington, but there is not a word I can say regarding my plans."

His successor, Governor-elect Cummins, will be inaugurated Jan. 16 and Governor Shaw will leave for Washington Jan. 21 or 22. He will take the oath of office Jan. 25. It is understood that Secretary Gage has said to his successor that he does not expect "to change climate during the winter," which is taken to mean that he will remain in Washington.

Mrs. Shaw has been contemplating a trip to Old Mexico with a party of friends and she will go to Washington later in the winter.

"The children," said the governor, "are in school and will remain in the West. I probably will visit us in Washington during the vacation. We shall not keep house, but will board at one of the hotels."

The new secretary has accepted an invitation of the National Business league to deliver an address at a meeting of the Auditorium, Feb. 27. His subject will be "The Commerce and Industries of the West."

Des Moines, Jan. 8.—Arrangements for the big banquet to be given by the Grant club of Des Moines, to Leslie M. Shaw upon his return from Washington are practically completed. It will be given at the Savoy and 150 prominent guests from all over the state will be present. The attendance has been limited to men an account of the great number who have signified their intention of being present. Governor A. B. Cummins will act as toastmaster. A reception committee of about 100 members has been announced. At is head is former Governor Frank D. Jackson, of Des Moines.

STUBBORN.

Western League Magnates Say League Will Be Preserved.

Omaha, Jan. 8.—Western League baseball magnates came to town today to confer with Manager Rourke, of this city. They were President Whitfield, of Kansas City; Thomas F. Burns, of Colorado Springs and Representatives from Milwaukee and Indianapolis.

The meeting was secret and of short duration. It was held at the office of W. A. Rourke. Van Brunt, of St. Joseph, telegraphed that he would be unable to get here and it was decided to hold another meeting tomorrow in Kansas City. It was given out after the meeting that while no formal action had been taken it has been decided to keep the Western league as now constituted intact at any cost. One of the magnates said that President Hickey's proposition to compromise would not be considered and that today's meeting decided definitely that the Western league would have a team in this city.

President Whitfield, Manning, Rourke and Burns and a representative of Milwaukee will all leave on afternoon trains for Kansas City where they will meet Van Brunt and the Indianapolis man tomorrow.

REBATE FROM CARNEGIE.

London, Jan. 8.—In the recent rent collections on the Skibo castle estate, Andrew Carnegie remitted from 20 to 25 per cent of the amounts due.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Pressure at Start To Sell Steel Stocks Was Relaxed.

A Vigorous Upward Movement Asked By the Pacifics.

Closing Was Active and Strong at Best Figures.

New York, Jan. 8.—Bearish sentiment was in the ascendant at the opening of the stock market. The whole list was affected by the acute weakness in the United States Steel stocks, of which blocks of thousands of shares were thrown on the market in quick succession. The common was carried down a point and the preferred 1½. Declines elsewhere were within fractional limits, but large blocks of all the prominent stocks were unloaded. Supporting orders stopped the decline in the steel stocks after the first few minutes of trading. This rallying, however, failed to cause any rebound of consequence. The general market rallied considerably, the improvement lifting most of the leaders to yesterday's close or a trifle above. Amalgamated, Sugar, People's Gas, Baltimore & Ohio and St. Louis & San Francisco second preferred sold a point above the lowest. Delaware & Hudson fell 1⅜ and rallied 1⅜, but Lackawanna broke 2 and National Biscuit lost 1½. United States Express advanced 1½ and Rock Island 2¼.

An effort to rally the United States Steel stocks met with renewed liquidation. The common stock fell 1¼ below last night and the preferred 2¼. The general market fell lower than before in sympathy. New York Central lost 1½, St. Paul 1¾ and Colorado Fuel 2. There were reactions in Rock Island of 2¾. Delaware & Hudson 2, Missouri Pacific 1½ and in many stocks a point. The rally was led by Sugar with a recovery to 1¾ over last night. Amalgamated copper, People's Gas and Rock Island also made good recoveries. Bonds were irregular.

Prices improved with a relaxation of pressure to sell the steel stocks. The Readings rose well above last night, the first preferred nearly a point. The other coalers were benefited by sympathy. The market was dull on the rise. Northwestern dropped 2¾. Prices made slow progress upward during the early afternoon and in some cases reached the highest of the day. The anthracite coalers all rallied above yesterday's close, as did Union Pacific, Rock Island and the high priced specialties. Active bidding for the Chicago terminal stocks benefited them 1¾ to 2 and United States Steel preferred got back above 95. American Express declined 2 points, but United States Express rose again to 108. Green Bay & Western debenture certificates B rose 2. Sugar advanced briskly to 123 before the end of the hour.

A vigorous upward movement in the Pacifics was led by Union Pacific with a rally of 2⅝. This drove the bears to cover throughout the list. The leaders, including the Pacifics, grangers, New York Central, local tractions and People's Gas rallied from 1 to 2½ points. Pittsburg, C., C. & St. Louis rose 3⅜. Sugar touched 124. The closing was active and strong at the best.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal Copper	71⅝	70⅛	71¼
Anaconda M. Co	31	31	31
Atchison, T. & S. F.	80¼	79	80⅛
do preferred	101	99⅝	101
Baltimore & Ohio	105⅝	105	105⅞
do preferred	96½	96¼	96½
Brooklyn Rap. Transit	66⅜	65½	67¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	47¼	46½	47¾
Chicago & Alton	36¾	35¾	35¾
Col. F. & I.	85½	84	86¾
Chicago Great Western	23⅝	23	23⅞
do 4th pfd	42¾	42	42⅝
Erie	44¾	43¾	44¾
do 1st pfd	74¾	73¼	74½
do 2d pfd	61½	60½	61½
Great Northern pfd	188	187½	187½
Louisville & Nashville	103¾	103½	103⅝
Leather	12	11⅞	12
do pfd	81½	81½	81½
Manhattan Con	135½	134⅝	135¾
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	40⅝	39⅞	40⅝
do pfd	90½	90½	90½
Missouri Pacific	103	101	103
New York Central	166⅜	164½	165¾
Norfolk & Western	57¾	56⅞	57½
Ontario & Western	35	34½	35
Pennsylvania Ry.	150	148¾	149⅞
Pacific Mail	47¼	47	47⅜
People's Gas	102⅞	101¾	103⅛
Rep. Iron & Steel	17	16¾	17
do pfd.	68⅜	68¼	69⅝
Reading	57⅞	56¾	57⅞
do 1st pfd	82⅝	81¾	82½
do 2nd pfd	67	66¾	67⅛
Rock Island	157	155	156½
Southern Railway	35⅝	33¾	35¾
do pfd	94¼	93⅜	93¾
Southern Pacific	60⅞	59⅝	60⅞
Smelter	45¾	45¼	46¼
Sugar	124¼	119½	124¾
St. Paul	165⅜	163½	165⅝
T. C. and I.	64¾	63½	64¾
Texas Pacific	39⅝	39½	39⅞
Union Pacific	104¾	101⅝	104¾
do pfd	89⅞	89½	89⅞
U. S. Steel	43⅜	43⅛	43⅜
do pfd	95½	94	95⅜
Wabash	22⅝	22¼	22⅝
do pfd	43¼	42½	43¼
Western Union	91⅜	90¾	91¼
Wisconsin Central	21½	20⅝	20⅞
do pfd	41	40½	41

The total sales were 869,100 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

New York to Edwards, Wood & Co.: Sentiment is dampened, but not changed, by the setback in the market. In most financial circles higher prices are looked for and stocks are considered a purchase. Argument is made that the sales made were chiefly by light waisted bulls, disappointment because a January boom has not materialized, and by fact that there has been no great absorption by the public. The indications are that manipulation is directed against small margins with the object of gathering in stocks for a renewed advance, when the monetary situation eases up which will be soon. Profit-taking by interests who are running the market contributes to the reaction, and these interests are following out a well-considered plan to keep speculation on bounds until money becomes thoroughly easy. In the main, pressure to sell comes from the bear element.

• • •

Town Topics: The action of the market today will be influenced more or less by the disappointing statement of the United States Steel corporation, issued after the closing of business yesterday. This showed that for the month of December the net earnings were less than $8,000,000, whereas early estimates had placed them as high as $12,000,000. While on the whole, the earnings of the company are very satisfactory, and it now has a surplus of $19,000,000 after charging off $97,000,000 depreciation, etc., its prospects could not well be better, and it will pay to buy Steel on any decline. We are particularly bullish upon the preferred stock, and believe that it will sell above par within a short time. Aside from the temporary disappointment concerning the Steel statement, there is nothing whatever to affect the market unfavorably; nevertheless, we expect the professional operators will utilize the steel statement to hamper the market with somewhat today, and look for lower prices, with a sharp rally towards the close. We understand that something of importance is developing in Southern Pacific, and therefore advise the purchase of that stock. Don't be afraid to hold your coal stocks. Buy Mexican Central on any decline, and Colorado & Southern stocks will do better.

• • •

The Export Oil and Pipe Line company, Charles A. Towne, president, has closed the largest single contract for oil yet made by any Texas company.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	19¾	20¼
Allouez	2⅝	3
Anaconda	31½	31¾
Arcadian	4	4¾
Amalgamated	71½	.....
Arnold	50c	61c
Ashbud	.....	50
Atlantic	27	29
Baltic	37	38
Bingham	24	25
Phoenix	4	4½
National	1	2
Calumet & Hecla	685	690
Centennial	13	13½
Copper Range	55	55½
Cochita	1¾	2
Dominion Coal	55⅝	55¾
Elm River	2	2½
Franklin	13	13½
Humboldt	25	50
Isle Royale	21	22
Mass	17¾	18
Michigan	10½	11
Mohawk	30	30½
Mayflower	2	2½
Old Colony	3	.....
Old Dominion	23½	24
Osceola	82	83½
Parrot	29¼	30
Quincy	130	140
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	3	3½
Tamarack	265	270
Tecumseh	.....	75
Tri-Mountain	32	35
Utah	22½	22¾
United States	14	14½
Victoria	5	6¼
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	49¾	50
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	75c	1.25

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Jan. 8.—Money on call, nominally 5 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5@6½ per cent; sterling exchange about steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝@¾ for demand and at $4.84½@¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85 and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.83¾@⅞; bar silver, 56c; Mexican dollars, 44¼c; government bonds, steady; refunding 2s, registered and coupon, $1.08½; 3s, registered, $1.07¾; coupon, $1.08⅝; new 4s, registered, and coupon, $1.35½; old 4s, registered and coupon, $1.11¾; 5s, registered, $1.07⅝; coupon, $1.07½.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Jan. 8.—Cotton opened firm, 1 to 5 points lower; March first sold at 7.81 on the call, but immediately stiffened and the market fell lower than before in sympathy. New York Central lost 1½, St. Paul 1¾ and Colorado Fuel 2. There were reactions in Rock Island of 2¾. Delaware & Hudson 2, Missouri Pacific 1½ and in many stocks a point. The rally was led by Sugar with a recovery to 1¾ over last night. Amalgamated copper, People's Gas and Rock Island also made good recoveries. Bonds were irregular.

Prices improved with a relaxation of pressure to sell the steel stocks. The Readings rose well above last night, the first preferred nearly a point. The other coalers were benefited by sympathy. The market was dull on the rise. Northwestern dropped 2¾. Prices made slow progress upward during the early afternoon and in some cases reached the highest of the day. The anthracite coalers all rallied above yesterday's close, as did Union Pacific, Rock Island and the high priced specialties. Active bidding for the Chicago terminal stocks benefited them 1¾ to 2 and United States Steel preferred got back above 95. American Express declined 2 points, but United States Express rose again to 108. Green Bay & Western debenture certificates B rose 2. Sugar advanced briskly to 123 before the end of the hour.

A vigorous upward movement in the Pacifics was led by Union Pacific with a rally of 2⅝. This drove the bears to cover throughout the list. The leaders, including the Pacifics, grangers, New York Central, local tractions and People's Gas rallied from 1 to 2½ points. Pittsburg, C., C. & St. Louis rose 3⅜. Sugar touched 124. The closing was active and strong at the best.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal Copper	71⅝	70⅛	71¼
Anaconda M. Co	31	31	31
Atchison, T. & S. F.	80¼	79	80⅛
do preferred	101	99⅝	101
Baltimore & Ohio	105⅝	105	105⅞
do preferred	96½	96¼	96½
Brooklyn Rap. Transit	66⅜	65½	67¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	47¼	46½	47¾
Chicago & Alton	36¾	35¾	35¾
Col. F. & I.	85½	84	86¾
Chicago Great Western	23⅝	23	23⅞
do 4th pfd	42¾	42	42⅝
Erie	44¾	43¾	44¾
do 1st pfd	74¾	73¼	74½
do 2d pfd	61½	60½	61½
Great Northern pfd	188	187½	187½
Louisville & Nashville	103¾	103½	103⅝
Leather	12	11⅞	12
do pfd	81½	81½	81½
Manhattan Con	135½	134⅝	135¾
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	40⅝	39⅞	40⅝
do pfd	90½	90½	90½
Missouri Pacific	103	101	103
New York Central	166⅜	164½	165¾
Norfolk & Western	57¾	56⅞	57½
Ontario & Western	35	34½	35
Pennsylvania Ry.	150	148¾	149⅞
Pacific Mail	47¼	47	47⅜
People's Gas	102⅞	101¾	103⅛
Rep. Iron & Steel	17	16¾	17
do pfd.	68⅜	68¼	69⅝
Reading	57⅞	56¾	57⅞
do 1st pfd	82⅝	81¾	82½
do 2nd pfd	67	66¾	67⅛
Rock Island	157	155	156½
Southern Railway	35⅝	33¾	35¾
do pfd	94¼	93⅜	93¾
Southern Pacific	60⅞	59⅝	60⅞
Smelter	45¾	45¼	46¼
Sugar	124¼	119½	124¾
St. Paul	165⅜	163½	165⅝
T. C. and I.	64¾	63½	64¾
Texas Pacific	39⅝	39½	39⅞
Union Pacific	104¾	101⅝	104¾
do pfd	89⅞	89½	89⅞
U. S. Steel	43⅜	43⅛	43⅜
do pfd	95½	94	95⅜
Wabash	22⅝	22¼	22⅝
do pfd	43¼	42½	43¼
Western Union	91⅜	90¾	91¼
Wisconsin Central	21½	20⅝	20⅞
do pfd	41	40½	41

The total sales were 869,100 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

New York to Edwards, Wood & Co.: Sentiment is dampened, but not changed, by the setback in the market. In most financial circles higher prices are looked for and stocks are considered a purchase. Argument is made that the sales made were chiefly by light waisted bulls, disappointment because a January boom has not materialized, and by fact that there has been no great absorption by the public. The indications are that manipulation is directed against small margins with the object of gathering in stocks for a renewed advance, when the monetary situation eases up which will be soon. Profit-taking by interests who are running the market contributes to the reaction, and these interests are following out a well-considered plan to keep speculation on bounds until money becomes thoroughly easy. In the main, pressure to sell comes from the bear element.

• • •

Town Topics: The action of the market today will be influenced more or less by the disappointing statement of the United States Steel corporation, issued after the closing of business yesterday. This showed that for the month of December the net earnings were less than $8,000,000, whereas early estimates had placed them as high as $12,000,000. While on the whole, the earnings of the company are very satisfactory, and it now has a surplus of $19,000,000 after charging off $97,000,000 depreciation, etc., its prospects could not well be better, and it will pay to buy Steel on any decline. We are particularly bullish upon the preferred stock, and believe that it will sell above par within a short time. Aside from the temporary disappointment concerning the Steel statement, there is nothing whatever to affect the market unfavorably; nevertheless, we expect the professional operators will utilize the steel statement to hamper the market with somewhat today, and look for lower prices, with a sharp rally towards the close. We understand that something of importance is developing in Southern

REASON

Was Restored By Sight Of His Former Wife.

Fort Scott, Kan., Jan. 8.—There is an odd story in connection with the recent restoration to sanity of D. W. Thurston, who was about to be removed to an asylum when his divorced wife from whom he had been separated for more than thirty years, arrived, and his mind became clear at sight of her. Thurston and the woman, whose name had become Mrs. Sarah Maycumber, were remarried yesterday, and are now living happily at Girard Kan.

The original marriage took place in Michigan 40 years ago. There was a separation, and Mr. Thurston came to this country and located on a farm. His divorced wife was married again in Michigan to Maycumber, and, in time, Thurston married here.

Fourteen years ago Maycumber died. Thurston's second wife died about the same time.

During the thirty years of their separation they never heard directly from each other, and it was only at long intervals and by chance that they heard indirectly.

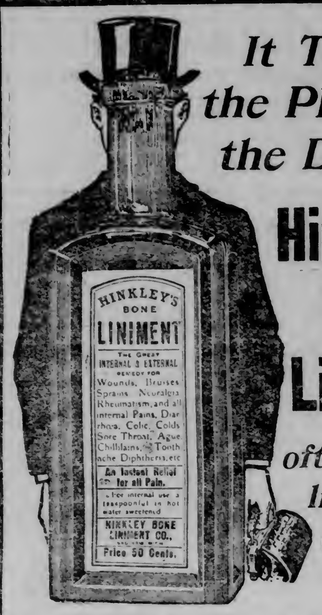
Thurston is past 70 years old, and the wife of long ago is a few years his junior.

Last fall he learned that his former wife was living, a widow, in the old Michigan home near Cheboygan. Memories of youth and a love that had never died tempted him to address a letter to her, asking her to come to Kansas and live with him. Her reply was favorable, and the plans were made. Something happened to cause a postponement, and it is said by his physicians that the disappointment so operated on Thurston as to make him insane.

He was brought to this city in November and, after an inquest in court, was declared insane.

Through fear of violence, his daughter had him placed in a cell, where he remained for weeks, awaiting admission to an asylum. The delay was so long that the daughter risked taking him back home, and it was then that another letter came from the wife of his younger days, notifying him that she would return to him as soon as he willed. She was sent for, and the physician says that her presence immediately restored his reason.

The doctor had been appointed his guardian and had charge of his estate



It Takes the Place of the Doctor.

Hinkley's Bone Liniment

often saves lives and doctor's bills.

In many cases of illness, where the doctor is not needed, cannot be reached, or must be waited for, **Hinkley's Bone Liniment** is invaluable. It is prompt, sure and safe. It relieves pain of every kind, soothes and quiets.

Sold everywhere in 25c., 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

HINKLEY BONE LINIMENT CO., Saginaw, Mich.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

CABLE ON PACIFIC

Congress To Discuss It After the Nicaragua Canal Debate.

Radical Change In the Construction Of Fire-arms Proposed.

Three Correspondents Who Have Recently Passed From Earth.

From The Herald Washington Bureau

Washington, Jan. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—As soon as the committee on commerce of the house shall have cleared its docket by passing the isthmian canal bill, the subject of a Pacific cable will be taken up once more. For the past five years, and especially since the acquisition of Hawaii, the need of cable communication across the Pacific has forced itself into the committees of the house and senate. There have been repeated efforts made to secure legislation looking to the construction of a cable to connect Hawaii and the Philippines with two continents of the world, but the efforts towards securing these ends have been complicated, first, the disposition on the part of those interested in Alaska to insist upon the Alaskan route, and second, by the opposition of the capitalists of the East to the proposal of congress that any subsidized cable must be of American manufacture in order to obtain government aid.

For the past three or four years congress has taken the initial step again and again towards securing the consideration of a cable, and in each instance it has been specifically provided that the wire must be made in America in order that the owners of the cable might enjoy the benefits of the federal subsidy. Within the past few months Great Britain has authorized the laying of a cable from Australia to British Columbia, and it was thought for a time that this would complicate matters and perhaps prevent any action by congress. Such, however, does not seem to be the case, for the members of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce of the house are determined that legislation shall be enacted which will provide for a trans-Pacific cable with one end in California orr Washington and the other in the far East. A bill of this character is certain to pass the house, and there is reason to hope that the senate will take favorable action upon it.

* * *

A proposition has been submitted to the war department by an inventor, which, if adopted, will radically change the construction of all kinds of firearms used by the government. The proposition is to apply the principle of ball-bearing to the rifling of a gun or a cannon. The sample which has been submitted is said to be identical with the device adopted by some of the European governments, and it is claimed that the tests made demonstrate beyond question that this new application of a somewhat old principle to firearms produces wonderful results.

Twenty years or more ago, when Hotchkiss and Maxim, two American inventors, proposed the arms which bear their names, the government of the United States refused to consider their adoption, and Maxim and Hotchkiss went to England and France respectively for the establishment of their first plants. Since those days Hotchkiss guns and Maxim guns are made in the United States and they have proved exceedingly effective weapons on shore as well as on shipboard. Now comes the latest device for applying the ball-bearing principle to the rifling firearm, and again the American inventor is compelled to go abroad before his own country will give him a hearing.

* * *

The interstate commerce commission will be engaged for some time to come in hearing evidence relative to the Northern Pacific and Great Northern merger. The hearing will be conducted in Chicago, the idea being to ascertain whether or not consolidation is inimical to the interests of the people at large. As a rule, the members of the commission seem to favor consolidation of railroads in the abstract, for, as one of them said, consolidations result in cheapening freight charges and generally bring about beneficial results to shippers.

* * *

Within a week Washington has lost three of the best known of her veteran newspaper men. There art something like 300 members of the press in this city, the large majority of whom are engaged as correspondents, the remainder being employed in various capacities on the three excellent local newspapers. The loss in so brief a time of three of the best known members of the fraternity seems to call for some reference to their personal characteristics, experience and ability. J. Stanton Van Antwerp, who represented several leading newspapers of the country had been a resident of Washington for twelve years. Before coming here he had, like most of the men connected with newspapers in this capacity at the national capital, had "his eye teeth cut" by a long experience in home offices, and came to his work in the Capital City ripely experienced. He was known from the moment he came here as correspondent of the Minneapolis Journal, as one of the keenest judges of news and one of the most indefatigable workers in the profession. He performed some extraordinary and well-remembered feats of newspaper work during the Spanish war, and throughout his entire newspaper connection in Washington was distinguished for diligence, enterprise and success in his work.

It was a somewhat notable coincidence that immediately following his death there should pass away Col. E. W. Ayres, who had been closely identified with Mr. Van Antwerp and his family. Col. Ayres was a man of wide acquaintance and had many friends in every state and in almost every city of the Union. Although Col. Ayres was long prominently identified with the newspaper fraternity in Washington, in recent years he had devoted himself to the representation in Washington of a number of important interests and had achieved large success in that relation. It is said that during the period that he was engaged in promoting legislation—during which time he assiduously refrained from newspaper work—he achieved more for the interests he represented than any man who ever appeared before a congressional committee in either branch of congress.

Col. Ayres was born in Lynchburg, Va., about sixty-two years ago. He left the place of his birth after the civil war and engaged in business as a tobacco expert in New York. His home was in the heart of what is known as the bright tobacco belt of Virginia. He soon amassed a considerable fortune, but this was lost through a decision of the treasury department, and becoming disgusted with commercial life, the deceased went to Kansas, where he engaged in the ranch business. In the West Col. Ayres achieved decided success and was prominent for a number of years in political affairs. Although a decided Democrat, he held several prominent positions in that strong Republican state and was placed in command of the state militia by the late Governor Thomas A. Osborne for the express purpose of cleaning out the horse thieves that were overrunning the state. He performed this task to the satisfaction of all concerned. Shortly after he had made Kansas a law-abiding state. He came to Washington as the correspondent of the Kansas City Times, one of the most influential newspapers of the Middle West. Col. Ayres had been a resident of this city ever since. He was a very energetic man who made numerous friends and retained their friendship while he lived. It is pleasant to note that Col. Ayres accumulated a handsome competency during his life. He was one of the closest friends of the late Judge Jacob J. Noah, father-in-law of Mr. Van Antwerp, alluded to above. Judge Noah was the son of the celebrated Mordecai M. Noah, one of the noble figures in the earlier history of the American republic.

The third death in the fraternity was that of Cluskey Cromwell, who was a native of this city. He began and ended his newspaper work here, but was long identified with the leading papers of the West and Northwest. He was a brilliant writer and responsible, among other bright conceptions, for the peculiar Olympic fables of New York life. His work first attracted attention at the trial of Charles J. Guiteau, and during his life he performed many notable bits of newspaper work. One of his best stories was written for the Washington Star on the return of Governor Alexander R. Shepard to this city after years of absence. This celebrated "Boss" Shepard, as governor of this district, under the second Grant administration, redeemed it from the long existing condition of morasses and squalor. He left this city a vastly unpopular man and he returned, after years of self-imposed exile in Mexico, to receive the plaudits of the people of the city which he practically rebuilded. Cromwell met him on the train returning, and having known him while governor, was able to give his paper a very graphic account of the governor's return, distancing all competitors.

Five Dollars a Box

The Price Cut No Figure With Him.



"I want to say for the benefit of some poor dyspeptic that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will give comfort and a cure every time. Five dollars a box would not stop my purchasing them should I ever suffer again as I did for a week before using them.

"The one 50-cent box I bought at my druggist's did the work and my digestion is all right again.

"Many of my neighbors have also tried these tablets and found them to be just as represented and Mr. Ellms also wants me to use his name in endorsing Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. (Signed.)

A. ELLMS AND CHAS. F. BUZZELL,
Asst. Postmaster,
South Sudbury, Mass.

Mrs. Jas. Barton, of Toronto, Canada, writes: "For eighteen months I suffered from what I supposed was bladder and kidney trouble, and took medicine from three different doctors, without any sign of cure. I felt so ill at last I was hardly able to do my work.

"I thought I would try a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and see if they would make me feel better, never really thinking I had dyspepsia, but after only three or four tablets had been taken all the acid trouble disappeared and then I discovered I had had acid dyspepsia, while the doctors had been treating me for kidney and bladder trouble and one of them treated me for rheumatism.

"My digestion is fine, my complexion clear and I am able to do my work and low spirits are unknown to me.

"I am so thankful for my finding a cure so good and so pleasant to take as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I am surprised at the change they have made in me."

All druggists sell and recommend Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they contain only the simple natural digestives, and taken after meals prevent acidity and cause prompt digestion and assimilation of food.

Physicians everywhere endorse them because they are as safe for the child as for the adult; they are invaluable for sour stomach, nervous dyspepsia, heartburn, gas on stomach and bowels, and every form of stomach derangement.

CAUSING COMMENT

Antics of Young Roosevelts at Recent Public Functions.

Not Up to the Requirements of Social Etiquette.

Social And Official Circles In Washington Much Disturbed.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Social and official circles in Washington are undecided whether to be amused or displeased at the conduct of the younger members of the Roosevelt family which, to apply the mildest term possible, is "unconventional."

While society is almost a unit in condemning the attempts to lift the curtain and pry into the private life of the president and his family, no one disputes the perfect propriety of discussing the happenings of public receptions, for when the public is invited anywhere it feels free to observe and criticise what it sees. For instance, should "Teddy, Jr.," throw a plate of soup at his brother Archie at the family table, it is the president's private business, and no one's else; but if the irrepressible Kermit should play football with the head covering of the British ambassador during the progress of a diplomatic dinner, it would be a proper topic for tea-table gossip. As yet, the line between the public and private life of the president's family is so faintly drawn that it has escaped the most observant eyes. However much the unconventionality which characterizes the entire family may appeal to the general public when confined to their private affairs, their actions must be subject to adverse criticism when they pass beyond the boundary between their private and public life. President Roosevelt on horseback properly wears riding clothes, but had he appeared at his daughter's ball in the same costume, society would have been properly shocked and the feelings of the American people outraged at the impropriety of his conduct.

The gossip concerning the Christmas eve entertainment at the White House, when a somewhat lively Virginia reel was exaggerated in some quarters into a wild and hilarious "cake walk," was confined to a very limited circle, as it was felt that when entertaining privately the president and his family should enjoy the same immunity as they would if the head of the family was an ordinary private citizen. But events in connection with the New Year's day reception, when the most distinguished ladies of the city were invited to assist in receiving; when the line of visitors, headed by the representatives of all civilized governments, included the most prominent army and navy officers, the leading officials of the government, members of both houses of congress, representatives of all the military, patriotic, social and business organizations of Washington, to say nothing of 6000 plain citizens who had testified to their respect for the president by patiently waiting for hours for an opportunity to grasp his hand—these events are fit subjects for comment.

Skylarking by the Roosevelt children cannot be regarded merely as an overflow of exuberant animal spirits when it is indulged in at public receptions. Consequently some of the ladies who were behind the receiving line on New Year's day are freely relating their experiences, saying that so much of their time was occupied by their efforts to keep the children from stumbling over the long trains of their best gowns they had little time to enjoy themselves. These stories make it appear as though the children had taken great delight in the apprehension which their antics caused the ladies who were constructively "assisting" their mother in receiving.

Nor were the efforts of the children to amuse themselves and their child friends confined to the parlors where the receiving party was stationed. In the east room Theodore, Jr., and a friend of about his own age were observed strolling about in a lackadaisical manner with their heads on each other's shoulders, their arms twined about each other's waists, and their attitude described as one of sickly sentimentality. While strolling about the room they made comments upon the guests which appeared highly diverting to the precocious youths. Presently Theodore, Jr., spied his uncle, Douglas Robinson, leaning over some ladies who were seated, endeavoring to entertain them. The opportunity was too good to be missed, and, according to an eyewitness, "Teddy, Jr.," advanced, fairly scintillating with the brilliancy of his idea, and planted a kick on his uncle's anatomy. The joke, so it is said, appealed so strongly to the "Rooseveltian" fancy that it was repeated each time the youth's uncle sought to resume his attentive attitude.

Later in the afternoon, when the "hot pollo" were being shunted through on "double quick" step, the Marine band exhausted its available supply of classical music and began playing more popular, if not so musical, selections. Thereupon young Teddy, with his friend, adjourned to the red parlor, where they enlivened the occasion with a "break-down." The spirit was infectious, and, so the report goes, Miss Alice and some of her friends, older than Teddy, Jr., and his chum, danced in the other parlors. Unfortunately, the plain citizens were hurried through so rapidly they caught but a fleeting glimpse of the festivities in the smaller parlors.

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

An Enjoyable Ride.

You appreciate the best of everything when you travel, and this you never fail to obtain when your tickets read over "The Northwestern Line." This is especially so when taking the Twilight Limited to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater. Observation and dining car, beautiful parlor car with large upholstered chairs, entire train wide vestibuled, heated with steam, brilliantly illuminated with Pintsch gas, comfortable and as cozy as your own home.

Tickets for this train can be purchased at city ticket office, 405 West Superior street, or at Omaha railway depot, foot of Fifth avenue west.

Weak Backs

Omega Oil

The weak spot in many men and women is the back. It gives out before the other parts of the body. It gets tired and aches terribly after a day's work or night's pleasure. A tired, weak back pulls a person right down and renders life miserable. The kidneys are often supposed to be the cause, but usually the muscles and tendons in the back have been strained. Omega Oil is the proper and only permanent remedy. Rub it into the pores of the back, and a feeling of renewed strength and vigor will come immediately, and a few such treatments will fix you up all right again. Omega Oil takes out soreness and inflammation. It invigorates and freshens all the muscular tissues. It contains ingredients that you never used before.



763

Diseases of Men

Advice from an office practice of 30 years: Don't neglect trifles. A white or brown sediment in the urine, a little weakness or pain in the back, may be the first symptom of a fatal disease. Don't doctor yourself unless you are tired of life. Employ a good specialist near home, not 1000 miles away, and don't quibble over charges. The best are the cheapest in the end. You live but once and life is short at best. I have cured thousands of WEAK MEN who were mental and physical wrecks from sexual diseases or abuse and have the records to prove it. Remember, I give a Legal Written Guarantee to cure in all cases or refund the money.



VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, No. 5 West Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

DR. LYON'S French Periodical Drops

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: John L. Lyon. Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation, 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 5 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address: **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.,** P. O. Box 2275, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES— 215 West Sup. St.

BROU'S INJECTION.
A PERMANENT CURE
of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 8 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.

COPYRIGHTS. CAVEATS. TRADE-MARKS.

PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, James T. Watson.

Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED If we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

CREPT

Through A Little Sewer And Compelled To Return.

Jeffersonville, Ind., Jan. 8.—Frank Strunk, an inmate of the reformatory, whose home is at Brookville, Ind., and who is serving a term of from two to fourteen years for burglary, made a desperate attempt to gain his freedom Sunday, and in doing so almost lost his life. Strunk is a machinist, and a man of observing mind. While he had the freedom of the kitchen for a short while his eyes fell on the sink, and like a flash it occurred to him that if he could only squeeze through the sewer he might escape from the prison walls.

Watching for a favorable moment he slipped out and disappeared as completely as if the earth had swallowed him up. For seven hours the officers made a search without finding a trace of the man, when, to their amazement, Strunk suddenly reappeared as mysteriously as he had gone. He was more dead than alive, and told a story of terrible suffering.

He had gained the entrance of the sewer, easily enough, but having acted on the spur of the moment had not calculated that the canal was almost a mile and a half long, that it must necessarily be partially full of water, and that there would be danger of death by asphyxiation.

For about fifty feet he squeezed through an eighteen-inch pipe, and an occasional poisoning whiff of gas, almost overpowering in its effects, brought him to realize the danger of his attempt. Still he pressed on. The sewer grew larger, he could move a little more freely, but he also encountered water. After another 50 feet or so the pipe was twenty-four inches, but there was much water, ice cold, too, and the poisonous vapors became stronger.

By the rumbling noise of cars above him he knew that he was outside the prison walls and took new hope. But as his strength was beginning to give way he remembered that he must still have one and one-fourth miles of sewer in front of him, and felt that he was unequal to the task. So he turned back.

It was harder work on the return trip than he had imagined, and he says himself he does not know how he succeeded. Fear of death gave him strength, and at last he squeezed his body out of the sewer again. His story filled the officials with wonder. Strunk was sent to the hospital, and in a few days he will be all right again. He says he would not make a second attempt of this kind for all the gold in the universe. The man is considered a dangerous criminal and has done time in the Columbus (Ohio) prison.

BIG CHANCES

Taken By Daring Thief To Avoid Arrest.

New York, Jan. 8.—With almost certain death awaiting him if he made a miscalculation, Lorenzo Gaskin, a thief, dropped from a window ledge on the fourth floor of No. 215 West Twenty-ninth street to one on the floor below in an endeavor to escape from detectives. His judgment was accurate and he landed on the lower ledge. He had intended dropping from window to window to the ground in the same way, but before he could repeat the operation he was compelled to surrender at the point of a revolver.

He lives on the fourth floor of the building with James Miller. It is charged that the men entered into a conspiracy with William Napoleon Crawford, a servant, to rob Dr. Henry F. Doane, a dentist at No. 454 Lexington avenue. They got away with $600 worth of goods. Crawford was arrested and squealed on the others.

CHECK NO GOOD

Was Given to a Bride On New Year's.

Westbrook, Me., Jan. 8.—After an absence of many years William W. Damon recently returned to West brook. He is a member of a West Virginia company with a thriving business. Among those Damon met was Miss Bertha W. Knight, and Christmas evening cards were received announcing their marriage. Almost immediately the groom took his departure, and since that time he has not been seen. New Year's day, while in Boston, Damon presented his wife with a check for $100 drawn on a Pittsburg, Pa., bank, as a holiday gift. Bank officials communicated by telegraph with the Pittsburg institution on which the check was drawn, and learned that Damon was not known there. Mrs. Damon still maintains a firm belief in her husband's honesty of purpose.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.

LITTLE GIRL REVIVED

One Day After She Was Pronounced Dead.

Benton Harbhor, Mich., Jan. 8.—Word was received her that Camille Chamberlain, aged 9 years, who was pronounced dead at Hartford Saturday morning, and whose funeral was arranged for at that place Monday, came to life Sunday.

The little child had been ill for six weeks, taken at first with symptoms of scarlet fever. Afterward the family physician gave out that it was a fatal case of Bright's disease. There is no doubt that the family considered the child dead, as they notified friends here Saturday, both by letter and 'phone.

Parties from this place left for the home, and when the child came to life, word was sent by them here to the friends that there would be no funeral. Flowers had been purchased, and several from this place had arranged to be present, among whom were the wealthy families of W. P. Robbins and Cashier of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank Charles Foster.

The girl who came to life is the daughter of Theodore Chamberlain, a druggist at Hartford. The families at Hartford and this city are in communication by telephone, and the story as related is vouched for by reliable people.

The electric spark goes through every vein and every nerve. A pleasant feeling creeps over the soul after taking Rocky Mountain Tea, making young the aged and feeble. Ask your druggist.



Happy Childhood Knows What's Best

Medicine that a child dislikes, will not do it much good. Sensible parents will give the little darlings medicine that tastes good and does good, and don't grip or gripe; the kind they like themselves.

"I rely upon Cascarets entirely in looking after our children."—Mrs. Ellen Barwell, 1812 Division St., St. Louis.

"My little boy three years old was troubled with bleeding piles. We began to give him Cascarets, and before he had taken one box, he was sound and well."—W. A. Goin, Okmulgee, I. T.

"My little daughter complained of not feeling well and began to vomit and became very sick. A half Cascaret tablet was given her and in less than half-an-hour she got up as well as ever. Cascarets are a household necessity."—Thos. L. Most, P. M., Trenton, Pa.

"My little girl was greatly troubled with worms, but after giving her a 25c box of Cascarets, she is entirely well."—Mrs. John F. Bliey, 6 Sudior St., Gloucester, Mass.

"I have never used any remedy that has been as good as Cascarets. Have to keep them hidden from my little boy, as he eats them like candy."—Mrs. Robt. G. Fay, Goes, Ohio.

"I shall never be without Cascarets. My children are always delighted when I give them a portion of a tablet, and cry for more. They have a permanent place in my home."—Mrs. John Flagel, Michigan City, Ind.

"We use Cascarets in our family and they are the children's friend."—Mrs. James Greenwood, Menasha, Wis.

"I always keep Cascarets in the house for the children as well as myself."—Mrs. Chas. Rock, 622 Lorain St., Cleveland, O.

"For months I have used Cascarets, and my little ones require no other medicine."—Mrs. G. H. Hammond, 603 24th St., Minneapolis.

Medicine forced on the little ones loses half its power. Nasty, sickening medicine is an injustice to the dear little innocents who can't protect themselves, makes them peevish and afraid of the dose. When a child hates the medicine, it will not be effective. Children like Cascarets Candy Cathartic, ask for them and are kept healthy always and easily against the damages of childhood's ailments.

Cascarets

Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 666

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 24th, 1901.
In the Matter of the Estate of Charles C. Babbitt, deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of Charles C. Babbitt, deceased, late of the County of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, being granted to Francis Shunk Brown,

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 26th day of March, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth this 24th day of December, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court,
St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 1-8-15, 1902.

Your house, your flat, your room can be quickly rented by a small want ad in the Saturday Herald

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

SPECIAL OFFERING

Of the 5 per cent Gold Bonds of the Crookston Water Works Power and Light Company, of Crookston, Minn.

These bonds are an especially sound security owing to the fact that the electricity used for light and power is generated by water power. The net earnings of the property securing these bonds is more than three times the interest upon the bonds.

Personal interviews or correspondence invited.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO., First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

JUSTICE IS SWIFT

Two Slayers of Deputy Sheriffs Have Been Convicted.

Third Man Now on Trial Which Is Nearly Ended.

Quick Work of a Mississippi Court of Justice.

Oxford, Miss., Jan. 8.—Whit. Owens, the third member of the quartet charged with the murder of the Montgomery brothers, is now on trial, Will Mathis, the leader of the gang, having been sentenced to death.

The town is filled with country people breathing vengeance, and Judge Lowery requires every person entering the court room to be searched and relieved of weapons.

The scenes attending the trial of Will Mathis and the incidents attending the court proceedings were of the most exciting and surprising character. The evident desire of the populace to wreak summary vengeance upon Mathis and his three accomplices has been restrained only by the utmost efforts of the cooler heads of the community and by the plain determination on the part of Judge Lowery and the prosecuting lawyers to enforce the law with rigor and dispatch.

Mathis is the second member of the quartet that murdered the Montgomery brothers to be convicted and sentenced to death. The crime was peculiarly atrocious and altogether unprovoked. Mathis, a farmer and occasional moonshiner, lived a few miles out from Oxford, and the Mongomery brothers, deputy sheriffs, went to his house one evening a month ago to serve on him a warrant of arrest for a trivial misdemeanor. At the house, in addition to Mathis, were his wife and a negro, Orlando Lester. The Montgomerys were received in a friendly way, were invited in to supper, and afterwards, as the hour had grown late, accepted an invitation to remain over night. Mathis agreeing to accompany them to Oxford in the morning. The officers retired for the night.

In the morning the Mathis place was discovered to have been burned to the ground. Search among the ashes and embers revealed the charred skeletons of two men, afterwards identified as those of the Montgomery boys. Mathis was missing. His wife was found at the home of her father, a few miles away. The negro servant was captured in the vicinity, but could give no definite information about the tragedy.

The search for Mathis was then taken up by the officers and by the people generally. Business and farm work was suspended throughout a large part of North Mississippi, while all the men and most of the boys took up the man-hunt. The trail of Mathis was soon discovered. He had taken forcible possession of a horse upon which to get away, and this horse was easily traced through the country. Mathis did not try to get far from the scene of the crime, but hovered in the vicinity, hiding in the river bottom. The pursuit continued for three days. Mathis finally, overcome by hunger and broken down by fear, surrendered to a country justice. He, the negro, Lester, Whit Owens and Will Jackson were all brought to Oxford at the same time, and the people of the neighboring country gathered to hang him at once. The wife of Mathis, with her baby, was also locked up in the village jail. On the night set for the lynching Circuit Judge Lowery addressed the people, promising them a speedy trial, and the lynchers dispersed, though not until Mathis had been so thoroughly frightened that his appeals for mercy could be heard penetrating the walls of the jail.

Mrs. Mathis was subsequently released, as there was no evidence connecting her with the crime. The negro, Lester, was induced to make a confession. Mathis also, upon the coroner's inquest, made a confession, in which he told how the Montgomerys were shot after they had gone to sleep in the house, and how the place was afterwards fired to hide the crime. The confessions implicated Owens and Will Jackson.

Judge Lowery's promise of a speedy trial was carried out. A special session of the grand jury was held last Monday. Indictments against Lester, Mathis, Owens and Will Jackson were returned on Tuesday night. Lester was placed on trial on Wednesday and was sentenced on Thursday morning to hang. Thursday afternoon Mathis was placed on trial, and his case was ended with the imposition of a similar penalty. Then Owens went on trial.

In the course of the Mathis trial some startling evidence was offered by the state. A letter was read to the jury, written by Mathis since he was incarcerated, to a neighbor, in which he set forth a story, which he wanted the neighbor to swear to on the witness stand, proving an alibi for Mathis. There was also a letter from Mathis to his wife, telling her to bring him a saw, a chisel and a revolver, with which he proposed to cut and shoot his way out of jail. He also told her to bring him a quart of liquor to brace his courage for the task. He denied writing either of these letters. On the witness stand he denied guilt, and said the confession made to the coroner's jury was wrung from him by threats and intimidation.

KING EDWARD

In Excellent Health And Attending Strictly To Business.

New York, Jan. 8.—The king's health is all that can be desired, if the court officials speak without reserve, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune. He refers constantly to the subject himself and seems bent upon preventing a revival of the sinister rumors which cost the tradesmen heavily when they were insuring the coronation stocks. What was once known as "the prince of Wales' set" has been restored to favor, if it was ever in danger of being excluded from the court and the queen welcomes at Sandringham all the king's old time friends.

The king is described by officials, as following closely his mother's manner in dealing with public business. He makes it a matter of conscience to read every document carefully, and to ask for information if he does not fully understand it. He takes every detail of the business of reigning as seriously and methodically as she was in the habit of doing and uses many of her characteristic expressions.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR RENT

2232 West Superior Street, 4-room flat, city water..... $12.00
Second Floor 2207 West Third Street, 5 rooms, city water..... $10.50
2120 West Second Street, seven rooms..... $12.50
1527 London Road—5-room flat, bath, electric light, cooking range, first class neighborhood..... $18.00
Three-room flat at 2132 West Second street, city water..... $6.00

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

24 per cent Interest

Double house on Twenty-fourth avenue west. Street and avenue graded. Will sell so as to pay 24 per cent on the investment. Takes only $500 to handle it.

Little & Nolte.

REAL ESTATE
All parts of the city.
MONEY TO LOAN
Any amount.
CALUMET & ARIZONA
We buy and sell it.
T. W. Wahl & Co
'Phone 439 Residence 'Phone 1100 201 Exchange Bldg.

5 and 6 Per Cent Money on Hand
No Delay A Few More Applications Wanted
E. D. Field Co. 204 Exchange Building.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Two Absolute Snaps.

$600 Will buy lot 10, block 55, Endion division. Look this up and make us an offer.

$2500 Will buy fine seven-room house and lot on Ninth avenue east. Small amount of cash will handle it; balance in monthly payments.

HOUSES FOR RENT.
Seven-room house for rent, East End.
Five-room house for rent, West End.
Five-room house for rent, West End.

C. P. CRAIG & CO.,
103 Herald Building.
Real Estate, First Mortgage Loans and Fire Insurance.

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres
For Sale or Lease. All good values.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN LANDS ARE just beginning to move. I offer 957 acres of good farming land, close to railroad, and covered with 500,000 hemlock and 6000 cords of hardwood, besides considerable pine and cedar. Price, $2.50 per acre. B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

ONE OF THE VERY BEST SECTIONS of land in Carlton county is for sale at $6 per acre. No other land around it can be bought for less than $7.50 per acre. First class soil. No stone. Fine creek runs through. Only two and one-half miles from railroad. Would make fine stock farm. Terms $2 per acre cash, balance $1 per acre per year at 6 per cent. B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

40-ACRE TRACTS IN CARLTON COUNty. Good soil, easily cleared, and in well settled neighborhood, $5 per acre, easy terms. For sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

Big Snap in Acres

320 acres of good land near the city, on good roads, will be sold at a sacrifice.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Building.

$3150

For 1101 and 1103 West Michigan street. This is a great bargain. Can sell on easy terms. Monthly payments.

$2000

For handsome eight-room house and two lots at Hunter's Park. House has hardwood finish down stairs. Barn. Easy terms. Monthly payments.

$1700

For 2422 West First street. Full lot. Rents for $17 per month. This is very cheap.

$6000

For 1909 West Superior street. Building cost $5000. Just sold 25 feet in the block for $3000. Rents for $57.50 per month.

Houses For Rent:

We have the largest list of houses in the city. Some great bargains in all localities.

FIVE PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN.

Stryker, Manley & Buck

OCEAN STEAMERS.

CLARK'S CRUISE OF THE "CELTIC," THE LARGEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD, TO THE **Mediterranean** AND THE **Orient**
FEBRUARY 8, 74 DAYS, $400 AND UP.
Including shore excursions, hotels, drives, etc.
18 DAYS IN EGYPT and the HOLY LAND.
Clark's Excursions to Europe, 1902.
Send for programs. F. C. CLARK, 111 B'way, N. Y.

LOST.

LOST—HANDLE OF DOOR TO HACK. Please return to Stewart's livery.

LOST — MEDIUM-SIZED DARK BRINdle water spaniel dog; answers to name "Sancho." Owner's name on tag. Reward paid if delivered or reported to 211 Torrey building.

LOST — FRIDAY AFTERNOON, ON Superior street, between Fifteenth avenue east and Second avenue west; small gold opal pin. Return to 1416 East Superior street. Reward.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, January 7th, 1902.
In the matter of the estate of Caroline L'Estrange, deceased:
Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Caroline L'Estrange, late of Swords, Ireland, deceased, and the probate thereof in the high court of justice in Ireland, queen's bench division (probate) have been delivered to this court;
And whereas Marie L'Estrange has filed therewith her petition representing among other things that said Caroline L'Estrange lately died in the county of Dublin, Ireland, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis, and that said petitioner is the residuary legatee of said deceased, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters of administration with the will annexed be to Ross L. Mahon issued thereon:
It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court at the probate office in said county, on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.
And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.
Dated at Duluth, this 7th day of January, A. D. 1902.
By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan-8-15-22-1902.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

We will build a two-story store building between Second and Third avenues east on Superior street and lease for a term of years.

A 50-foot lot on Superior street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues west to lease for a term of years.

We have a seven room house in West Duluth, in good condition, and in a good location, that we can sell very cheap and on easy terms.

A seven-room house at Lester Park, good location and in good condition, can be sold cheap and on easy terms. Possession given at once.

For Rent—2101 East First street. Hot water heat and first class shape.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

LAST CHANCE!

$1200 takes 50 feet on First street, near Ninth avenue east.

$2200 Takes 8-room house in East End.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Bldg.

THIRD STREET AND LAKE AVENUE building lot, 25, 50 or 100 feet front, very cheap. Other improved and unimproved central properties. A. A. Mandenhall, 312 Lonsdale building.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS

$275 50x140-foot lot, Pitt street and Sargent avenue, Lakeside.

$400 50 feet corner Twenty-eighth avenue west.

T. W. WAHL & CO.,
201 Exchange Building.
Phone 439. Phone Residence 1100.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

CASH FOR YOUR BUSINESS OR REAL estate; no matter where it is. Send description and price.
DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
Albert L. Preston, Manager,
309-310 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE — BAY MARE, WEIGHT 1200 lbs. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE IN ROOM ON Superior street. Address J. 19, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE SET HEAVY BOSS and heavy harness, two cutters, four single harness, set light double harness, two buggies, two wagons, robes, blankets, etc., iron pump; also car load fresh milch cows, two fine Jerseys, 2512 West First street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS COW 5 years old. 615 Fourth avenue west.

FOR SALE—THREE HORSES, THREE set of harness, two set of sleds, one dray wagon, two lumber wagons, at 1902 West First.

FOR SALE—TEAM OF DRAFT MULES, wagon and harness. Call corner Forty-fourth avenue east and London road.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS; great number to select from, or will exchange for fat cattle. S. M. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows will arrive Nov. 29. Evan Johnson, 2608 West Helm street.

L. HAMMEL & CO. JUST RECEIVED forty head of the best logging horses ever brought to this city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

CARLTON COUNTY FARM LANDS for sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES!

Barrett & Zimmerman, Midway, St. Paul, Minn., have constantly on hand from 500 to 1000 head of all grades of horses. Part time given if desired. The finest lot of heavy logging horses ever brought into the Northwest can be seen at their stables.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901. 75c A BOTTLE, AT C. J. Tufte's drug store.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, January 7th, 1902.
In the matter of the estate of Mary A. Noble, deceased:
Letters testamentary on the estate of Mary A. Noble, deceased, late of the county of Saint Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Francis H. Feetham.
It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.
It is further ordered, that the eighth day of July, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m. at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.
And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.
Dated at Duluth, Minn., this seventh day of January, A. D. 1902.
By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan-8-15-22-1902.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Call at 117 West Third street.

BEST FOR YOU BECAUSE BEST made. Satin Skin Cream and Satin Skin Powder. Use is proof. 25c.

INSTRUCTORS AND SOLICITORS wanted for Schulter German Compounds. 207 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER AT 230 LAKE avenue south.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call at 1369 East Third street. Good wages paid.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply 222 Third avenue west.

MS. P. H. KIELY, EMPLOYMENT OFfice, 225 East Superior street. Phone 892.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL TO DO general housework, $15 per month. Apply H. E. Krantz, 619 West Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT SECOND girl. 2001 East First street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 541, Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED — UP-TO-DATE GROCERYman, one competent to take charge of stock. No other need apply. Steady position to right party. State experience and reference. Address J 20, Herald.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SOLICITOR at once. Address E 59, Herald.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED GROcery salesman. Address E 60, Herald.

SPLENDID WAGES PAID MEN WHO learn the barber trade with us. Facilities offered that cannot be had elsewhere. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—AT ONCE, FOUR GOOD moulders; wages $3 per day, with steady work. No trouble. Carroll foundry, Houghton, Mich.

WANTED—AGENTS.

PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated tittle booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given to the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co. Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED — SITUATION BY MAN OF 22, with good character, would like some kind of an indoor job. Adress V. L., Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION—A MAN OF 35 with some experience, would like position as janitor or watchman. Address D. K., Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY AN ALLaround printer; can feed also cylinder press. Will go out of town if necessary. Address F. L., care of Herald.

A YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE A place to take care of a child or to help with general housework. Call or address 225 East Superior street. 'Phone 892.

A YOUNG BOY OF 17 WITH GOOD education wants position. F. 57, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 26 YEARS OF AGE, wants work of any kind for his board. Address 121 Parke avenue.

WANTED—PLACE BY YOUNG LADY to work for board, attending Business college. J 23, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 23 YEARS OF AGE wants work of any kind. Best of references. Address J 7, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, SECond girl's work or general housework in small family. No washing. J 24, Herald.

A YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE A place to take care of children or assist with light housework. Call or address 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATION IN A HOTEL as dining room girl. J 21, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS JANITOR or watchman. 2218 West Ninth.

WANTED — CHILDREN'S SEWING. 325 Third avenue west; basement.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

HOTELS.

THE COMMERCIAL Segal & Witz, Proprietors.
228 Lake Avenue South.
Room and Board, $4.00 per week.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—J. W. HARNEY, MACHINist; communicate with Spider Lake Lumber company.

FOUND.

FOUND — A HORSE. OWNER CAN have same by proving ownership, paying expenses and for this ad. 315½ Fourth avenue west.

SATIN-SKIN SPECIALTIES.

BEST FOR YOU BECAUSE BEST made. Satin Skin Cream and Satin Skin Powder. Use is proof. 25c.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FURNISHED house, 223 East Second street. Inquire Scott's Drug store.

NICE EIGHT-ROOM MODERN HOUSE for rent; now ready. Inquire 312 Palladio building.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, $10, at 901 West Fourth street. Inquire 532 West Third.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, $10, at 901 West Fourth street. Inquire 523 West Third.

FOR RENT — 2217 WEST TENTH street, six rooms; low rent; will repair for responsible tenant. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows' building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

CHOICE OF TWO PLEASANT ROOMS, suitable for married people or two ladies. Apply 2 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT — OFFICE, 417 LONSDALE, $10. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT — PARLOR, ALSO FRONT room, suitable for two gentlemen. 29 West Second street.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms with modern conveniencies. 211 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, water, sewer and bath. 109 West Fifth street.

FURNISHED ROOM, CENTRALLY LOcated, suitable for two, either sex, ladies preferred; reference required; $8. Address J 18, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. 119 West First street.

SEVEN ROOMS FOR RENT, $15.00 524 Lake avenue north.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FRONT ROOM 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — WELL FURNISHED rooms; bath, furnace, electric lights. 720 West First street.

FOR RENT—ROOM FOR BAKERY—good location; low rent. Albertson, 330 West Superior street.

ROOMS—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished for light housekeeping. All conveniences. A. Emmons, 206 Lake avenue south.

FOR RENT NICELY FURNISHED room; all modern conveniences. 18 Seventh avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOM WITH BREAKfast, suitable for two, including bath, gas and heat. 15 East Fourth; upstairs.

FURNISHED ROOM, COOK STOVE. 339 West Superior street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOUR, FIVE AND SEVEN ROOM flats, $12.00, $14.00, $16.00. Inquire 706 East Second street.

FIVE ROOM FLAT, $18. ALL MODERN conveniences. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS, $11 up. Inquire 718 West Fifth street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY DESIRES room, centrally located. Modern conveniences. Address J 32, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM IN PRIVATE family; lady preferred; every convenience. 13 East Fourth street, upstairs.

ROOM AND BOARD, FURNACE HEAT. 526 West First street.

ROOM AND BOARD. 823 EAST THIRD street.

BOARD AND ROOM OFFERED. 207 West Second street.

GOOD ROOM AND BOARD AT 320 WEST Second street, E. Havsted.

ROOMS AND BOARD, BATH, ETC. 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board for two. 228 Second avenue west.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMily by man and wife; references furnished. Address E. 42, Herald.

FINANCIAL.

DO YOU NEED MONEY? If you have a number of small bills that are being crowded for payment, we will advance you enough money to pay them all up, leaving you owing only us, which you can arrange to pay back in weekly or monthly payments. We advance this money to people holding permanent positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock or on any kind of security. Courteous treatment and all business absolutely confidential.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
52L Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmond, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Superior St. Established 1893.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1791-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 766-b.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

TYPEWRITER FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NEW TYPEWRITER, cheap. Room 103 Manhattan building.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 227 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON, female complaints. Private hospital 418 7th ave. E. 'Phone 1235.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 6, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting Jan. 13, 1902. Work, Third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 29, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, rehearsal, Jan. 8, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 15, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Jan. 7, 1902. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS. ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. Frank Crassweller, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 65, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m. at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wilfred Harris, sachem; U. G. Holloway, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. George Dion, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. NORTH STAR LODGE KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Special election of officers Jan. 7 to fill vacancies, and to prepare for public installation of officers Jan. 14. G. H. Pradden, C. G.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 48, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Fryberg-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 66, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter' hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger; city hall; James Kelly, treasurer, Union depot.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT. TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf.. Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia.. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:39
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P. M.	P. M.	Daily except Sundays.	A. M.	P. M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†2 25 pm †7 10 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
†Daily	‡Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Cro-ston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points.	†11 48 am

Sleeper for 8:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. L. J. KITCHELL, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 40 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 45 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m b 8:00 a m a 7:10 p m 8:40 a m	Ashland and East " Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 11:15 a m 6:55 p m a 7:55 a m a 4:55 p m
"DULUTH SHORT LINE."		
Leave	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	Arrive
b 9:00 a m a 4:55 p m a 11:30 p m		b 6:00 a m b 3:10 p m a 1:10 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
† 2 00 pm † 8 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED. Copper Country Local.	† 8 30 am † 8 00 pm

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

10 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

10 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL

STEAMER WRECKED

Pacific Boat Goes to Bottom With Seven Lives.

Struck Small Island and Slid Out of Sight.

Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 9.—The steamer Bristol, one of the oldest and best known heavy carriers of the coast, lies a wreck on the end of Green island, forty miles from Port Simpson, and her captain with six members of the crew have gone to the bottom with her.

The steamer was on her way from Ladysmith, Vancouver island, to the Treadwell mine, on Douglass island, Alaska, with 250 tons of coal. She was wrecked on the night of Jan. 2, and is now entirely out of sight, at high tide. Passengers arriving last night by the City of Seattle gave accounts of the disaster.

Green Island lies right in the path of Alaskan steamers and, being low and small, is impossible to be seen on a dark night. The steamer was trying to make Dixon's Entrance in a rough sea when she went aground. It was 11 o'clock when she struck, and seas washed over her stern until she disappeared.

Capt. McIntyre at first thought that she would float off all right at high tide. He sent Chief Officer Smith below to investigate and found that the coal was going through the bottom of the ship. The captain then ordered out the boats. Three were safely launched, the fourth was probably smashed against the side of the ship. It has never been found, and there is no trace of it or the seven men who were to go aboard and for whom all hope has been given up. The lost are: Capt. McIntyre, 70 years of age, Port Townsend; Capt. Roberb, pilot, Victoria; C. Vivian, chief engineer; Third Engineer Edwards, Joseph Silva, M. Romer, H. C. Hurlent.

The steamer Cottage City came along at 8 o'clock in the morning and picked up the three boats. There was still a heavy sea running. All the twenty-one who were rescued are coming down by the City of Topeka.

The Bristol is of 1474 tons register. She was engaged a year on the Klondike trade and was owned by Premier Dunsmuir's Coal company.

MUST GIVE TESTIMONY

Directors of the Amalgamated Copper Company Are Ordered to Submit to an Examination In the Montana Cases.

New York, Jan. 9.—Judge Lacombe of the supreme court here has ordered that the directors of the Amalgamated Copper company must submit to examination before William Klein on Friday, to give testimony in cases between the Montana Ore Purchasing company and the companies acquired by the Amalgamated Copper company. The order directed that subpoenas be served to examine H. H. Rogers, Frederick P. Olcott, Anson R. Flower, William G. Rockefeller, James Stillman, Leonard Lewisohn, Robert Bacon and F. J. McIntosh. The order was issued on an affidavit by Franklin Bien, one of the solicitors in the action. It recites the fact of the pendency of the actions, and that the witnesses reside more than 100 miles from the city of Butte, state of Montana, and are not amenable, therefore, to any subpoena as issued by that court to attend the trial in Butte, Mont.

PATIENT ASS MUST GO

Electric Lines Are to Be Installed From Cairo to Mt. Sinai and Thence to Coast of Red Sea.

Cleveland, Jan. 9.—Trolley cars are to displace the patient ass as a means of locomotion in the Orient. Cleveland and Chicago capitalists, incorporated as the Cleveland Construction company, have been successful in negotiations with Signor J. P. Spanier, of Rome, Italy, for concessions for electric lines from Cairo, Egypt, to Mt. Sinai, and thence along the coast of the Red sea through Syria ung Arabia to Mecca. A branch is to connect Damascus with the system at Mt. Sinai.

It is figured that the business during a single one of the annual Mohammedan pilgrimages to Mecca, whither it is the pious duty of every Mohammedan to go will pay a handsome profit on the cost of construction, the number of pilgrims being enormous. Letters received from Signor Spanier say that the sultan of Turkey has granted an important part of the concessions for the system.

Already trolley cars are running from Jerusalem to Galilee. The Cleveland Construction company is working under an agreement to finance all the undertakings if given the contracts.

ARRESTED IN EQUADOR

Friends of American Mine Manager Are Unable to Get Satisfactory Reports as to Cause of His Imprisonment.

New York, Jan. 9.—D. C. Stapleton, an American, vice president and general manager at the mines in Ecuador, of the Playa De Oro Mining company, has been placed under arrest in Ecuador. The company has offices in this city, and Mr. Stapleton's friends here thus far have been unable to learn anything of a satisfactory character concerning the cause of his imprisonment.

A letter has been sent to Secretary of State Hay saying that under information received here by letter and cable from a reputable citizen at Ecuador, the government had arrested and imprisoned Stapleton in Esmeralda for the offense of counterfeiting, he having used aluminum checks in paying workmen, and for his present refusal to pay money as required by law.

The letter asks whether the department of state has been informed of Mr. Stapleton's arrest, and if so, the particulars, and if no information has been received, asks that it may be obtained and publicity given to it in order that a number of other stockholders here may know the facts.

INSURANCE EXPENSIVE

Chicago Underwriters' Association Gives Rates a Boost That Will Increase Aggregate Premiums In That City Over $300,000.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—As a result of fire losses of 1901 exceeding $1,000,000 in this city, the Chicago Underwriters' association decided to raise rates and ordered them into effect at once. It is believed that the increases ordered will swell the aggregate premiums of the city over $300,000.

The advance on the contents of all non-preferred, non-sprinkled, non-fire proof risks, excepting single occupancy risks are increased 10 per cent. The most notable advances are: Provisions warehouses and contents, 10 cents. Coal, 50 cents. Street car barns, from 25 to 50 cents. Contents of street car barns, from 50 to 75 cents. Grain elevators, 25 cents; contents, 25 cents. Malt elevators, 25 cents; contents, 50 cents. Lumber, 25 cents. Furniture finishing establishments, 25 cents. Contents of public storage warehouses, 20 cents.



THE LATEST PICTURE OF MRS. THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

[Drawn from a photograph.]

FRANCE MAY ALSO ACT

She Sounds the United States on the Matter of Pushing the Claims of Her Citizens Against Venezuela.

Paris, Jan. 9.—The correspondent of the Associated Press has made inquiries in official circles regarding the development of the attitude of France towards Venezuela. He learns that Frenchmen having claims against Venezuela are urging their government to adopt coercive measures. The government, however, is undecided whether to do so or not. Nevertheless in view of the possibility of such action, it has informally sounded Washington on the feeling of the United States in the matter. It can be positively said that whatever action France may take will be absolutely independent of that of Germany, with which country there will be no co-operation.

The authorities here are waiting for a turn of events in the civil war in Venezuela, but in any case the action of France will be non-political and will be confined to obtaining satisfaction for material injury to the interests of French citizens.

ADVANCE IS URGED

In the Price of the Mesaba Iron Ores.

New York, Jan. 9.—The Iron Age in its current issue will say: Hardly have the first signs appear that there may be an improvement in the supply of coke when the news comes of possible labor trouble in the Wallston coal district, which would seriously embarrass a number of blast furnaces, the majority of which run on foundry iron. So far as the Connellsville and West Virginia districts are concerned there seems to be a probability that shipments soon will become better.

As yet the prices of ore have not been settled. It seems, however, that an advance ranging from 8 to 10 cents on Mesaba ores is urgently advocated and may be accepted.

The buying of foundry pig continues on a good scale and is widely distributed, consumers of all classes taking additional quantities. The price of Southern iron, which has been at $12 for No. 2 Birmingham by the majority of sellers, is now established for all of them.

In the Chicago district, the makers of malleable iron castings and other founders have been turning to charcoal to relieve the scarcity of coke iron, and as result of the sales made the price of charcoal iron has advanced.

The scarcity of Bessemer and basic iron in the central West continues. Further purchases of basic have been made outside of that territory for delivery here, one fair-sized lot having been sold by a Virginia furnace. Some little business has been done in imported Bessemer pig. An interesting transaction is the sale of 24,000 tons of spieglein at about $24 duty paid. Little is doing in the steel market. We hear of occasional small lots of billets, but the movement does not possess significance. Domestic wire rods are firmer owing to scarcity. In the wire trade there is a growing probability that the outside makers of wire nails will get together and put an end to the cutting of prices, which has been going on for some time. In other branches of the industry, the new mills are becoming more aggressive. Indications of this are appearing in the sheet and pipe trades.

The outlook for structural iron continues excellent. Large requirements are constantly making their appearance in all parts of the country. The makers of bars, notably in the West, are crowded with inquiries, and are selling freely. There has been, moreover, less trouble about securing prompt delivery. Reports are current that the Mexican rail orders have been taken by German makers. It is likely, however, that at least part of them will be secured by American and English producers.

The metal trade is generally in an unsettled state. The "official" copper prices are being cut by outside producers and the trade seems still convinced that the last of the cuts have not yet come. Tin has had a further drop and is not particularly firm.

IDENTIFIED.

Railroad Officials Certain In Recognition of Logan.

Knoxville, Tenn., Jan. 9.—General Manager D. S. Elliott and Messenger C. H. Smith of the Great Northern Express company, and Fireman F. W. O'Neil, who were on the train which was robbed by bandits at Wagner, Mont., July 3 last, have positively identified the man under arrest here at Harvey Logan, as one of the men who robbed the express car of the new Montana bank bills and other valuables. The same train which brought these three men here had as passengers a man and woman who came on Great Northern tickets and who are believed to be friends of Harvey Logan. They are thought to have followed the Elliott party to this city. They are being looked for by the police. Messrs. Elliott, Smith and O'Neil have departed for St. Paul.

VIOLET RAYS

Are Sent Down Patient's Throat to Try to Cure Cancer.

New York, Jan. 9.—As a last resort Dr. John Richardson, of Brooklyn, who has been a sufferer from cancer for many years and whose life is despaired of, is submitting to a test of the newly discovered voliet ray treatment. The physicians had informed him that his case was hopeless and that he might die at any moment. He then determined to try the new treatment. A voliet ray machine was installed in the house and every fair day the rays are concentrated and projected down Dr. Richardson's throat. After several months of treatment it is declared that his condition is so much improved that hope is entertained for his recovery.

HELENA SUED.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 9.—The National Exchange bank, of Providence, R. I., has brought an action in the district court against the city of Helena to recover $87,822 claimed to be due on unpaid warrants issued a number of years ago.

AN ICE GORGE AT ST. LOUIS

St. Louis, Jan. 9.—Despite the almost summer like weather that has been prevailing here for several days, the river is blocked opposite South St. Louis, and marine traffic cut off by an immense gorge that formed during the cold spell in December. It has formed a dam across the river at Arsenal island, and backed up the water until it is 11½ feet over the minimum stage of the river in January. Unsuccessful attempts to break the gorge with dynamite have been made.

BRUTAL MURDER ON LAKE AVENUE

Stens Karbo Killed Jacob Myllymaki, Nearly Severing His Head From His Body.

Plunged the Knife Into Myllymaki's Dead Body, Making Awful Wounds In the Back.

Probably the most horrible murder ever committed in Duluth occurred at noon today.

> With a large pocket knife, Stens Karbo almost decapitated a fellow Finlander, named Jacob Myllymaki.

The murder occurred in Signer & Wiita's saloon at 334 South Lake avenue.

Karbo, the murderer, was sitting at a card table in the rear of the saloon singing. Myllymaki, closer to the table, with his left side to Karbo.

Suddenly Karbo sprang to his feet with an open knife in his right hand. He is a powerful man, and with his left hand he caught Myllymaki by the back of the neck and forced his head down on the table.

> While holding him in this position, Karbo slashed his knife down across the head, opening the skin to the skull bone from the top of the head to the neck.

Joseph Wiita, one of the proprietors of the saloon, sprang at Karbo, as did Fred Lilinix and Swan Johnson, the only other men in the saloon.

The murderer tried to cut Mr. Wiita's throat and nearly succeeded. The proprietor saw he could not stop him and ran out of the saloon, calling for a policeman.

Karbo then turned his attention to Myllymaki again, and the latter, seeking to escape, ran toward the front of the saloon. He staggered up against the bar, and Karbo plunged the knife into his left cheek, drawing it downward, cutting off part of the mustache and cutting through the throat.

> The windpipe and jugular vein were severed completely, and all that saved actual decapitation was the fact that the knife blade struck the spinal vertebrae at the base of the skull.

Myllymaki staggered across the room and then fell forward on his face dead. Karbo then plunged his knife into the dead body, laying the back bone and ribs open from a point opposite the shoulder to the small of the neck. This cut was on the left side of the body. There was another cut not so deep, but fully as long down the right side of the back.

Coroner Boyer says that these awful wounds in the back were made after death, as no blood flowed from them.

In the meantime Mr. Wiita had summoned Officer LaFlam, who entered the saloon and found Karbo standing over Myllymaki's body with blood-dripping hands and knife, and he was singing. He gave the knife to the officer and went with him without the slightest protest. He continued to sing on his way to the police station and for sometime after he was locked up.

Occuring at the noon hour, when many people are passing up and down Lake avenue, the murder drew a crowd of several hundred people in a very short time.

Chief Troyer, Capt. Resche and Officer LaFlam cleared the saloon of all, except the three men that saw the murder.

> Neither the murdered man nor the murderer was intoxicated. Karbo had been in the saloon since 8 o'clock in the morning and drank nothing but one glass of cider. When treating or being treated he would take cigars, saying that he was a temperance man.

Myllymaki was not drunk either. So far as could be learned he neither drank nor bought drinks during the several hours he was in the saloon. He and Karbo appeared to be utter strangers. Although sitting at a card table they were not playing cards. When the attack was made Myllymaki was fingering a deck of cards for his own amusement, and Karbo was singing a Finnish song. Across the table were Fred Lilinix and Swan Johnson looking at a Norwegian song book. Wiita was back of the stove at the time and did not see the start of the trouble.

Mr. Wiita jumped around the stove and caught Karbo's arm, trying to wrest the knife from him but found the murderer was too strong, and with one desperate lunge the man nearly succeeded in cutting the saloon proprietor's throat.

Mr. Wilta and the other two men concluded to save their own lives then and ran out the front of the saloon.

All three witnesses tell the same story and say that there was not the slightest trouble in the saloon prior to the murder.

The murdered man has a black eye, which he is said to have received in a fight last night, and there is a theory that he and Karbo may have had trouble before they met in the saloon, but Mr. Wiita says they appeared to be total strangers to each other.

The murderer would not talk for the first few hours after his arrest, but finally to Detective Mork said his real name was Stens Karbo, and not Daniel Carbo or Stans Carwini, as he first gave it.

For six years he has lived near Floodwood, and came to Duluth yesterday. He is 30 years of age and a big man physically. He is single. When arrested he had only his knife and $94 on his person.

Very little can be learned regarding the murdered man. He is from a lumber camp seventeen miles above Tko Harbors, and arrived in Duluth yesterday. He is apparently 35 years of age.

Dr. Boyer made an examination of the body a short time after the murder, and says that in all his experience he never saw a more horrible sight. Chief Troyer says that words cannot describe the murder.

> The body looked more as if it had been mangled with an ax than a pocket knife.

The authorities are not disposed to waste any time with the murderer. County Attorney McClintock issued a warrant charging him with murder in the first degree within a short time after the crime was committed, and this afternoon he was arraigned in police court and the complaint read.

Not being entitled to plead guilty or not guilty for such a serious crime, Karbo was held for a preliminary examination, which will be at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

UNKNOWN

Man Found Dead Under a Viaduct at Superior.

Workmen going to the Great Northern shops at West Superior about 7:30 o'clock this morning found the body of a man lying under the Belknap street viaduct. Appearances indicated that the man had been dead some hours. Up to this noon the body had not been identified. He was about 30 years of age, fairly dressed. There was a silver watch and $1.55 in money in the pockets of his clothes. No identification marks were found on the body or in the cloths to give the authorities any clue of his identity. The man had red hair.

From the position in which the body was found it is inferred that the man came to his death through natural causes, probably heart disease. An inquest will be held by the Douglas county coroner this evening.

MINE STILL CAVING IN

Surface at Negaunee Continues to Fall, Going Direct to the Drift Where the Bodies of Workmen Are Covered.

Milwaukee, Jan. 9.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Negaunee, Mich., says: The surface of the Negaunee mine is still caving in, going drect to the drift where the bodies of the workmen are covered. The blacksmith shop west of the opening went down late last night, and from present indications the dry house west of the opening will go down. It is now problematical when the bodies of the entombed miners will be recovered, as with water pouring in and the surface giving way, the work cannot be carried on with any degree of safety.

THREW ACID AT WRONG MAN

Aurora, Ill., Jan. 9.—Charles Straussberger, 22 Newberry avenue, Chicago, a student for the priesthood, was the mistaken victim of an acid thrower at the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy depot here last evening. As Straussberger entered the door of the depot a man stepped in front and dashed a vial of acid in his face. The fluid missed his eyes, but the right cheek and side of his nose was covered and burned. The thrower took a second look at his victim and cried out: "My God, I've got the wrong man," and fled.

Straussburger was able to return to his home in Chicago. There is no clue to the identity of the thrower.

RUSH ORDERS FOR WARSHIP

New Orleans, Jan. 9.—The battleship Illinois will leave New Orleans just as soon as it leaves the dock, probably on Friday. The move is the result of a hurry order to proceed to sea. It will coal outside the jetties. Capt. Converse said tonight the Illinois would proceed to Havana.

HAS FASTED THIRTY DAYS

Boulder, Col., Jan. 9.—J. D. Choate, of New York city, is at the Colorado sanitarium here. For thirty days Mr. Choate has eaten absolutely nothing. His fast has been self-imposed and because of a stomach trouble which would not yield to medical treatment. His mental and physical condition, aside from the weakness of the latter due to his protracted fast, has not suffered in the least.

DYNAMITE KILLED MINERS

St. Paul, Jan. 9.—A Calumet, Mich., special to the Dispatch says: An explosion at the Arcadian mine about eight miles south of this city, resulted in the death of Isaac Sarala and serious injury to Andrew Laru. They were drilling when they encountered an unexploded charge of dynamite. Sarala leaves a widow and large family. The recovery of Laru is uncertain.

HEALTH FOR YEAR

Number of Births In 1901 Was 1145 and Deaths 778.

Fewer Than Previous Year---Boys Lead By 63.

The Causes of Deaths---Fumigation and Inspection Figures.

During the year of 1901 there were 1145 births and 778 deaths in Duluth.

The birth record failed to equal that of the preceding year by twenty-six. The death record shows a decrease of sixty-four in comparison with the statistics of 1900.

During the year there were sixty-three more boy babies born than there were girls, the totals being 606 males and 539 females.

The record of births by months was as follows:

Month.	Males.	Females.	Total
January	54	33	87
February	52	57	109
March	50	35	85
April	67	41	108
May	58	48	106
June	46	48	94
July	45	54	99
August	49	43	92
September	59	48	107
October	50	38	88
November	42	35	77
December	50	40	90
Totals	606	539	1,145

The death record of the department shows that the most people died between the ages of 20 and 40. The statistics show the number dying and ages as follows:

Under 1 year of age	140
From 1 to 5 years	64
From 5 to 10 years	53
From 10 to 20 years	50
From 20 to 40 years	196
From 40 to 60 years	123
From 60 to 80 years	77
From 80 to 95 years	18

The causes of death are given as follows:

Accidents, 67; abcess of brain, 1; acute entero colitis, 3; acute alcoholism, 7; acute anaemia, 1; acute bronchitis, 15; acute gastritis, 2; acute indigestion, 1; acute meningitis, 1; acute nephritis, 9; appendicitis, 9; apoplexy, 8; asphyxia, 1; bilious colic, 1; bilious fever, 1; Bright's disease, 10; bronchitis, 1; broncho pneumonia, 2; cancer, 15; cancer of liver, 2; capillary bronchitis, 2; carcinoma of uterus, 1; carcinoma of stomach, 3; catarrhal pneumonia, 1; carcinoma, 4; carbuncle, 1; cardiac insufficiency, 5; cardiac thrombosis, 1; cerebral hemorrhage, 1; cerebral thrimbosis, 1; cerebras embolism, 1; cerebral softening, 1; cerebral apoplexy, 3; cerebral meningitis, 6; cerebral spinal meningitis, 9; cerebral abcess, 1; cirrhosis of liver, 4; chronic nephritis, 6; chronic enteritis, 1; chronic diarrhea, 1; cholera morbus, 5; cholera infantum, 31; chronic dysentary, 1; croup, 2; cramps, 1; convulsions, 16; consumption, 51; cyanosis, 1; cystitis, 1; diphtheria, 21; delirum tremens, 1; diabetes, 3; diabetes millitus, 2; diarrhea, 1; dropsy, 3; dysentery, 1; dystocia, 1; effusion of brain, 1; entro colitis, 3; endocarditis, 3; enteritis, 5; epilepsy, 1; erysipelas, 5; exhaustion, 1; fatty degeneration of heart, 4; fibroid tumor of uterus, 1; gastro enteritis, 12; gastric ulceration, 1; gastritis, 2; gastro intestinal catarrh, 1; general tuberculosis, 5; general peritonitis, 1; heart disease, 22; hernia, 1; hemorriage, 3; hepalitis, 1; hip disease, 1; hydrocephaloid, 1; illocolitis 1; inanition, 14; intestinal obstruction, 1; intestinal perforation, 3; insufficient vitality, 1; interssusseption, 1; infantile convulsions, 1; indigestion, 2; inter uterus, 1; la grippe, 3; lack of vitality, 4; laryngitis, 2; lobar pneumonia, 1; marasmus, 5; measles, 1; membranous croup, 4; meningitis, 13; miscarriage, 1; mitral lesion, 1; myocarditis, 1; nephritis, 2; nyocarditis, 1; Oedema glottis, 2; obstruction of bowels, 3; old age, 16; organic heart disease, 1; paralysis, 5; pachy meningitis, 1; peritonitis, 6; pernicious anaemia, 3; pelvic abscess, 1 perforation of bowels, 2; perlecarditis, 1; phthesis, 7; phelebitis, 1; pleuro pneumonia, 1; ptomaine poisontig, 1; pneumonia, 51; premature birth, 2; puerperal septicaemia, 4; pulmonary oedma, 1; pyaemia, 1; pyosalpinetis, 1; rheumatism, 1; rupture of thoracic aorta, 1; rupture of gall bladder, 1; septicaemia, 8; septic poisoning, 1; septic peritonitis, 2; scarlet fever, 3; shock hemorrhage, 1; shina bifda, 1; spinal meningitis, 5; stab wound in heart, 1; stillborn, 2; suppurated cheek, 6; syphillis of brain, 1; thrombosis, 1; tuberculosis, 5; tubercular enteritis, 1; tubercular meningitis, 4; tubercular peritonitis, 1; typhoid fever, 26; typhoid pneumonia, 1; ulcers of stomach, 1; uraemia, nephritis, 1; uraemia, 1; variola, 1; valvular heart disease, 8; whooping cough, 1, wounds in battle, 1.

During the year the department fumigated 977 rooms and quarantined 274 houses. The butcher shop inspections during the year numbered 1127 and the grocery store inspections, 4184. Besides this the wholesale houses were inspected 818 times.

The meat inspector condemned 3127 pounds of meat during the year, and 728 pounds of poultry. The inspector also found 289 pounds better unfit for use, and 280 pounds of fish. The number of pounds of fruit condemned was 3570 and vegetables, 6027.

TO THE WEST

Duluth Business Men Going to the Grain Growers Convention.

When the Northern Pacific train for the West leaves tonight it will have attached to it a special car containing a number of representative Duluth business men, who are bound for Fargo to attend the session of the Tri-State Grain and Stock Growers' association on Friday. The association is holding its annual meeting at Fargo, and a feature of Friday's session will be the presence of James J. Hill, who will deliver an address.

There are a number of obvious reasons why Duluth business men are attending this meeting. Among grain men and jobbers it is a desire to take part in anything that will benefit their customers of the country west of Duluth. Naturally, they take a deep interest in everything pertaining to the advancement of the territory covered by the association.

The meeting began Tuesday, and it will end tomorrow. It is expected that 2000 farmers and business men of North and South Dakota and Minnesota will be in attendance at tomorrow's session.

Among the Duluth men who will go to Fargo tonight will be the following: Mayor Hugo, G. G. Barnum, A. D. Thomson, John Miller, George Barnes, A. L. Ordean, A. M. Marshall, D. G. Cutler, H. M. Peyton, John Miller, C. A. Duncan, Mille Bunneli, A. C. Weiss, F. A. Patrick, Joseph B. Cotton, C. J. Lesure, Capt. Ray T. Lewis, L. W. Leithhead, A. Fliger, Reiner Hoch, A. B. Chaplin and W. J. Olcott. The party will return in its special car Saturday morning.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

LIFE SAVED BY SWAMP-ROOT

The Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy.

SAMPLE BOTTLE SENT FREE BY MAIL

Swamp-Root, discovered by the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, promptly cures kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles.

Some of the early symptoms of weak kidneys are pain or dull ache in the back, rheumatism, dizziness, headache, nervousness, catarrh of the bladder, gravel or calculi, bloating, sallow complexion, puffy or dark circles under the eyes, suppression of urine, or compelled to pass water often day and night.

The mild and extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best.

Sold by druggists in 50-cent and $1 sizes. You may have a sample bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and a pamphlet that tells all about it, including many of the thousands of letters received from sufferers cured, both sent free by mail. Write Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and please mention that you read this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald.

BANQUETTED.

B. W. How, Who Is Coming Here, Honored At His Home.

Tuesday evening at Sauk Centre a farewell banquet was given B. Willis How, of that city, who has taken an interest in the new Kelley-How Hardware company, of this city, and will remove here. The St. Cloud Times said of it:

"A farewell banquet was given to B. W. How by the business men of Sauk Centre, at the Palmer hotel, last evening, and the occasion was an enjoyable one, a fitting farewell to one of Sauk Centre's most prominent and enterprising citizens. Mr. How has bought an interest in the business of the Kelley Hardware company at Duluth and will move to that city. The Palmer hotel set up a spread that was pronounced perfect and the attendance showed the high esteem in which Mr. How is held by his fellow towsmen.

"Hon. L. R. Barto acted as toastmaster and the following set toasts were responded to in a happy manner: 'The Guest of the Evening,' Dr. J. A. DuBois; 'Mr. How, ex-Mayor,' Mayor M. Hogan; 'Mr. How, the Business Man,' Cassius M. Springer; 'Mr. How, the Citizen,' Hon. Henry Keller; 'Mr. How, the Promoter,' George C. Ingram.

"In addition to the set speeches a number were made by guests who, while unexpected, were welcome ones. Among the impromptu talks were those of Judge D. R. Searle, Sheriff Fred Schilplin and County Attorney W. F. Donohue, each of the talks shrowing the high esteem in which Mr. How is held by acquaintances in other cities."

Miss McDowell's Lectures

Subject—"The Social Conscience."

Saturday—Elk's Hall—2:30 p. m.

Subject—"The New Philanthrophy."

Tuesday—Unitarian Church—8 p. m.

TICKETS, 25 CENTS.

TO REFRAIN.

Drug Stores Want Department Stores to Stop Slashing Prices.

The retail drug stores of the city are interested in an effort to have the department concerns refrain from slashing prices on patent medicines.

E. H. Chapman, of Cleveland, representing the national organization of retail druggists, is handling the matter. He does not seek to have department stores sell patent medicines at the same prices as the drug stores, but asks that they refrain from making cuts of 15 and 20 per cent.

Mr. Chapman has secured agreements between department and drug stores in Chicago, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, St. Paul and Des Moines. He will probably be able to make an agreement with Duluth leading stores if he can bring the West Superior stores to enter into it also.

The drug men claim that the department stores, in some cases, sell patent medicines below cost, as an advertisement and to draw trade to the store.

A Rare Opportunity.

The Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company, of whose property The Herald gave such an interesting account a few days ago, announces in another column that they will place on the market a limited amount of the stock of that company at the low price of 10 cents per share. This is lower than the price at which most copper stocks are started, and will give investors an excellent opportunity to "get in on the ground floor," on a first class copper proposition.

It is the intention of the company to develop its property at once, and if the opinions of reliable experts are at all to be relied upon, the property can be made a shipper from the start, as the best test pits and shafts will, to a great extent, be cut through high grade ore bodies, and the ore taken out in this manner can be at once shipped to the smelter, and converted into cash in a short time, thus making the development work practically self-supporting. This gives the company a great advantage from the start, and also enables them to offer the first issue of treasury stock at an unusually low figure, as it will not require the expenditure of a very large sum of money before cash returns are received.

Remarkable Feat.

The Chicago American of Tuesday contains an extended notice of the achievement of Louise McKay Leslie, a sister of David McKay, of this city, in singing a difficult part in the performance of "The Messiah" at Carnegie hall, New York, on ten minutes' notice and without any rehearsal. Mrs. Leslie was attending a school of voice culture in New York when the sudden illness of two of the leading sopranos that were to take part in the performance left the management in the lurch. Mrs. Leslie was called in, and created a sensation with her voice. Walter Damrosch, the conductor, was quoted as saying that hers was the most remarkable performance of the kind ever observed, and that she should go upon the operatic stage at once.

Investigate

The Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock, of which a limited amount is now being offered at 10 cents per share. Call at the offices, 318 Manhattan block and see the prospectus, samples, etc. It is a rare opportunity.

IT IS NOT A FIASCO

Meeting of Interstate Commerce Commission at Kansas City.

Grain Men Are Telling Some Things of Interest.

How Kansas City Is Placed at a Disadvantage.

Kansas City, Jan. 9.—The interstate commerce commission, whose members arrived on an early train from Chicago, began its investigation of eastbound grain rates from Kansas City this forenoon. The investigation in Kansas City conducted by the commission last summer was considered a fiasco as all those called denied having knowledge of illegal rate cutting, but the present hearing is taken more seriously. Before the first testimony was taken today the forty or fifty shippers and freight agents summoned were at sea as to what to expect. This time the grain men have decided to tell all they know about the situation and it is believed that the railroad officials will tell enough to absolve themselves from further liability. The investigation will, it is believed, be confined to looking into the charge that freight rates on grain and grain products from Western points to the Atlantic, are being cut in violation of the tariffs.

W. P. Brickett, head of the Kansas City transportation bureau, the first witness, said the arbitrary proportional and differential grain rates, as they obtain on goods shipped from Kansas City east, places Kansas City at a disadvantage. He said that the through grain lines, which were the Santa Fe, Missouri Pacific and Rock Island, each had special grain representatives in the person of certain grain firms, and that these firms could afford to pay a higher rate than other grain men, as they undoubtedly receive concessions from the roads. Such a system, he said, had been in vogue since about 1896, and it had destroyed competition. This he attempted to show by saying that in 1895 the Kansas City market handled 39.4 per cent of the Kansas wheat crop, while in 1896 it handled but 25.4 per cent, despite the fact that the 1896 crop was the larger of the two. The receipts had decreased since the operation of the larger firms on the through lines. Their operations became apparent after the establishment of proportional grain rates on all lines except the Union Pacific.

J. A. Robinson, of the firm of Hall & Robinson, grain commission merchants, which firm Mr. Trickett had testified was the representatives here of the Missouri Pacific railroad, was called. He was questioned closely as to the records of business between his firm and the Missouri Pacific, but would not admit that there were any such records available. His firm never had, he declared received money for rebates or as a concession from the railroad and had a contract not an elastic rate with the Missouri Pacific.

Fred Hoose, local representative of Richardson & Co., of Chicago, was the next witness. Mr. Trickett had testified that this firm was the representative of the Santa Fe and Mr. Hoose was asked if this were a fact. He declared he did not know of an arrangement by which his firm received special rates from that road. He admitted that of 2,000,000 bushels of grain handled by his firm in Kansas City during the past year, the Santa Fe railroad received all but 250,000 bushels. But this was simply because the Santa Fe ran through better grain country. At 12:30 the commission took a recess until 2 o'clock.

GRIGNON-JOYAL.

Marriage at St. Jean de Baptiste Church.

Miss Diana Grignon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. Grignon, and Adrian D. Joyal were united in marriage at the St. Jean De Baptiste church, Eleventh avenue west and Superior street, Tuesday morning, at 9 a. m. The bridal party marched in to the strains of Lohengrin's "Bridal Chorus," and to Mendelssohn's "Wedding March," when they left the church. The bride was dressed in white and wore a veil and carried American Beauty roses. She was attended by her sister, Miss Georgie Grignon, who was also dressed in white, and her brother, Edward R. Grignon, attended the groom. The choir sang Wigand's Mass in "G," accompanied by La Brese's orchestra. Miss R. Ladouceur presided at the organ. At the offertory Miss A. Chevrette sang De Basse's "Ave Marie," with violin obligato by Mr. La Brosse. A reception was tendered the party by the bride's uncle N. Grignon at 4 Glen avenue. Dinner and supper were served to relatives at the home of the bride's parents, 2519 West Third street.

Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock now on sale. A limited amount for a limited time at 10 cents per share. Money to be used for developmtnt purposes. Offices, 318 Manhattan building.

CHICAGO POLICEMAN

Loses His Star For a Practical Joke.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—A practical joke has cost Policeman Edward J. Callahan his star. The trial board decided that his talents were misemployed on the police force. Callahan, according to the charges, poured alcohol on the boots of a man sleeping in a saloon and then set fire to them. Frank Krotahvil, the victim, a cigarmaker at 1810 West Twenty-second street, told his story through an interpretor.

According to witnesses, the results obtained from the policeman's joke were astonishing. Krotahvil is said to have danced and called for the fire department. The intention of the policeman was said to be to wake Mr. Krotahvil up. He denied the story, but the verdict of discharge was unanimous.

TO PREVENT ACCIDENTS.

New York, Jan. 9.—From Vienna comes the news that Herr Bartelmus has invented a system for preventing railroad accidents says the London correspondent of the Tribune. The invention, it is said, makes it possible to prevent accidents arising from trains meeting one another or from one train running into the rear of another.

RAILS RECEIVED.

Billings, Mont., Jan. 9.—The Burlington railroad has received seven cars of steel rails to be used in the construction of a branch line from Billings to Great Falls. Active work on the new road will commence in a few days. Burlington bridgemen are now in Billings and will make a trip of inspection over the proposed route with a view to construction of bridges.

REPEAL

Of Burdensome Taxes Asked By Board of Trade.

New York, Jan. 9.—At the annual meeting of the board of trade and transportation yesterday, it was unanimously resolved "that since the reduction made by the last congress has not decreased the revenue as much as had been expected, and a further reduction might be made without detriment, the board of trade and transportation urges the repeal of such taxation as has proved a burden to the commerce of the country, especially such taxes as are a burden upon the people and do not protect our manufacturing interests."

A resolution was prepared urging on congress the establishment of a new department under a secretary of commerce and industries, "who shall be a member of the president's cabinet, and in which department there shall be a bureau of reciprocity, and which shall be charged with the duty of investigating the conditions of any industry affected by a proposed treaty."

WU'S VIEWS

On Chinese Exclusion Act Expressed In Letter to Inquirer.

New York, Jan. 9.—Wu Ting Fang, Chinese minister to Washington, gives some of his views on the Chinese exclusion act in a letter to one of the speakers in a debate to be held on that question at Passaic, N. J., at an early date. Mr. Wu says:

"There is no danger that the Chinaman will supersede the American laborer, although there has been much said on the subject. The Chinaman is a home body. He does not leave his native country in any large numbers, a fact which is proved by the few Chinese to be found in countries where they have free access."

Wu Ting Fang quotes from many leading authorities in support of his views.

GREAT INCREASE

In Corporation Business Is Transacted In New York.

New York, Jan. 9.—There was a great increase in the capitalization and in fees collected from corporations and the amount collected from the same source in 1900. There were filed last year the certificates of 2345 large and small corporations, one-tenth being more than $1,000,000 and seventy more than $5,000,000. The total capitalization was $4,775,792,000. The fees received by the state were $587,429. In the last two years 5031 corporations have been brought into existence in New Jersey with a combined capitalization of $6,124,000,185, the fees received by the state from which amounted to $1,625,271.

LECTURE

First Norw.-Danish Lutheran Church

First Ave. E. and Third St. Prof. E. CHR JOHNSON of Minneapolis, will lecture Friday, Jan. 10, 8 p. m. Topic: "Customs of the People of the Middle Ages." Everybody understanding the Scandinavian language is heartily invited to come. DON'T MISS IT! Sing a ticket as cents. Season ticket, for the four lectures held during the winter, 75 cents.

LACK OF WIRE

Has Delayed Settlement of Troubles at Nuchwang.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Although without any further communication from Nuchwang respecting the trouble between the sailors of the Vicksburg and the Russian soldiery, the navy department officials are confident that there will be no serious outcome. They have been very much hampered in communicating with the Vicksburg by their failure to secure the use of the telegraph lines connecting Nuchwang with the cable system of China. Undoubtedly if this telegraph could be used by the United States agents and officers the last possibility of further trouble surely might be averted. As it is the Vicksburg must remain where she is for the winter, being ice bound, and for the same reason it is impossible to send another ship from the Asiatic squadron to take her place. There is no intention of withdrawing United States representation at Nuchwang, which is a treaty port belonging to China, at which American interests are safe as at any port in Northern China.

PERMANENT.

Census Bureau Will Be Recommended By Committee.

Washington Jan. 9.—The senate committee on census today unanimously agreed to recommend the passage of the bill introduced by Senator Hale to create a permanent census bureau. The committee was addressed by Director Merriam, who said that with a permanent establishment the work of the bureau could be better done, but that it could be done more economically; that the bill is a measure of six lines, and makes permanent the existing bureau.

REVOLUTION

Has Broken Out In Paraguay---President a Prisoner.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 9.—(Via Galveston, Texas.)—It is reported here that a revolution has broken out in Paraguay. President Aceval of that republic is said to be a prisoner.

According to a dispatch received in New York, Wednesday, Jan. 8, from Managua, Nick., a revolt recenily occurred at Bogota capital of Colombia. President Marroquin was said to have been made a prisoner.

Furniture Sale

This Week!



Bedroom Suites, Iron Beds, Folding Beds, Rocking Chairs, Dining Chairs, Children's Chairs, Center Tables, Dining Tables, China Closets and Book Cases all included in the sale.

Lamps, Albums, Bibles, Lace Curtains, Tapestry and Chenille Curtains and Covers, Rugs, Clocks, Wringers & Washboards.

Carpets We sew, lay and line all carpets.

The half price sale on Ladies' Suits and Children's Jackets continues for the balance of this week. There are some rare bargains to be secured.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

Gately Supply Co.,

Open Saturday Evening 'Till 10:30. 8 East Superior Street.

ONE KILLED

In Head-End Collision on Mississippi Valley Road.

New Orleans, Jan. 9.—The Vicksburg express, on the Mississippi valley, which left here at 7:10 this morning, collided head on with a southbound freight, twelve miles from New Orleans. Henry Foster, negro fireman of the freight was killed; Engineer Campbell had his jaw and leg broken; Engineer Baldwin and Fireman George Wasson of the passenger, and three of the brakemen, Tom Royal, James Canty and Elgin Newer, negroes, were injured. None of the passengers were hurt. A relief train brought the injured to the city. They were sent to the hospital. The accident is said to have ben due to a heavy fog.

FOR RANSOM

Little Child Was Held, According to His Uncle.

Chillicothe, Mo., Jan. 9.—Alexander Ross Carter, aged 7, was located in Chillicothe Monday morning and given over to the custody of his uncle and aunt. Alexander allas, of Sallneville, Ohio, is the uncle, and the stepfather is Frank Hardy, who recently arrived from Denver.

According to the story told by Dallas, which he claims is corroborated in the main by letters which is corroborated in the main by letters which he had in his possession, Hardy has been holding the boy for ransom since the death of the child's mother, nearly two months ago, and has subjected the child to cruel treatment.

The mother died in Denver, and Hardy, it is alleged, demanded $150 before he would send the child back to its grandmother and uncle. Hardy at first claimed to the Chillicothe officers to be the child's father, but afterward consented to give up all claims on the boy for $25, which was paid him.

SPITEWORK,

Says Sister of Man Who Wants Father's Body Exhumed.

Youngstown, Ohio, Jan. 9.—Andrew Wilson, aged 75, died some days ago, supposed from pneumonia. His son John came from Ossian, Ind., to attend the funeral, and learned, he says, that some trouble had occurred between the old man and Joseph Ott, a boarder at the house. The son demanded that Coroner H. E. Blott raise the body to determine whether his father died from a blow which he believe Ott inflicted.

Miss Cora Wilson, daughter of the dead man, who for the last few years has been the sole support of the family, defends Ott and says that although her her father and Ott had quarreled just before the former's death that no blows were struck. She says that her brother is actuated by spite in preferring the charges against Ott.

The coroner, however, announced that the body would be exhumed for examination.

HOT TIME

Had Minister After Recent Matrimonial Venture.

Washington, Ind., Jan. 9.—Rev. William H. Whittig, a Quaker minister who has charge of the Friends' church in this city, has filed suit for divorce. He was married in Chicago two months ago. He alleges that his wife is a common scold and keeps him in hot water continually; that she often denounced him as a liar, a slouch and a bum preacher," and when he refused to sell his farm near this city and move to Chicago she deserted him.

FOR THE JEWS.

Jacob Schiff Selects Site For Seminary Home.

New York, Jan. 9.—Jacob H. Schiff has purchased the site near the Columbia university campus on which, as reported, he will build a home for the Jewish theological seminary. The seminary now has thirty students. It was organized in 1886. The new building will contain a dormitory and will be designed in the architectural style of the Columbia structures. According to present plans it will be six stories high and cost $250,000.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The senate committee on commerce today authorized a favorable report on Senator Nelson's bill for the creation of an executive department of the government to be known as the department of commerce.

STORY

Of Little Folks' Wedding Premature But Now United.

Petersburg, Ind., Jan. 9.—The announcement sent from Washington last week that Hector L. Swinehart, of Uniontown, Ohio, and Miss Millie Holton, of this place, had been married at that place, was a mistake, as the couple were united in marriage here Monday afternoon. The contracting parties are dwarfs, the groom being 26 years of age, 5 feet high and weighs 105 pounds, while the bride is 20 years old, 4 feet tall and weighs 75 pounds. They will live in Canton, Ohio.

The wedding occurred at 1 o'clock in the afternoon in the private law room of Hon. Thomas H. Dilton, Rev. Biddle, pastor of the M. E. church officiating. The bride was attired in a traveling gray suit, and the groom's gift was a diamond ring. The groom is the superintendent for his father, who is a contractor and intimate friend of the late William McKinley.

The father of the bride lives just north of town, and is one of the wealthiest farmers in the county, and after the wedding invited them to his home accompanying the request by presenting his daughter with a gift of $1000 in gold. The couple had never seen each other until last week, having become acquainted with each other through an advertisement last summer. By agreement they met last Thursday at Washington to see if each would suit the other, and both being pleased, he accompanied her here, where they will remain a week and then locate at Canton, Ohio.

SOLVED MYSTERY.

He Lived In "Crows' Nest" For Thirty Years.

Toledo, Ohio, Jan. 9.—Infirmary Director Beecher has just solved the mystery of "Crow's Nest," an island in the Maumee river, about a mile this side of Grand Rapids, Ohio, and in Lucas county. For more than thirty years "Crow's Nest" has been a mystery that caused as much speculation hereabouts as the "Man in the Iron Mask" has caused throughout modern history.

Thirty years ago Daniel Tennyson came to "Crows' Nest" as if from nowhere to live. Later he was joined by a young woman and several children have since been born unto them. Death robbed the couple of two of the children, and illness once laid Tennyson so low that the infirmary officials' attention was called to "Crows' Nest."

In brief, Tennyson is witness to the truth in the rhyme that "man's inhumanity to man makes countless thousands mourn."

Tennyson was born and raised in a village near Evansville, Ind., and, despite the popularity of "copperheads" in that district during the civil war, he served with distinction throughout three years of that struggle. He came home on a furlough to see the "copperheads" a thing or two, as he puts it, and attended a dance, from which he was to withdraw at midnight in order to reach Columbus, Ohio, before the expiration of his furlough. By the substitution of another horse for his own Tennyson claims the "copperheads" made it appear that he was a horsethief, convicted him on the charge, and kept him in prison five years.

When he was released the memory of his faithful services as a soldier had been forgotten by superior officers, who promised him a captaincy, and Tennyson in turn forgot all the good he ever knew or thought of mankind.

KRAENZLEIN RETIRES.

Milwaukee, Jan. 9.—Alvin C. Kraenzlein, the famous athlete of the red and blue, who has just returned from the East, where he stopped at New York and Philadelphia for several weeks, announces that he will never enter athletics again, but will devote his time to the profession of dentistry. Kraenzlein is at present practicing here, but intends during the next year to go to London, Eng., and there establish a practice.

ALL WENT CRAZY.

Violinist Is Nearly Mobbed By His Admirers.

New York, Jan. 9.—When Jan Kubelik, the violinist, endeavored to leave the Academy of Music in Brooklyn at the close of his concert on Mondoy evening he was nearly mobbed by women admirers. Kubelik looked a little startled at first, then began to smile. Pretty mouths were put up for him to kiss, and one girl declared that she got one. When he held out both hands they were seized, shaken and kissed. Men held their wives and sisters up that they might reach over for a handshake, and men who were alone pressed forward for one touch of Kubelik. But it was no use. The women had the street.

Finally he and his party got into the carriage, the escort finding that a difficulty as the crowd pressed so closely about Kubelik. Enthusiasts followed him until far down Fulton street. Some of them were men who seemed to be as delirious as the women. Two substantial looking citizens were heard to say: "If he had not been staying in Manhattan the driver might have had his horses. We would have carried him home. He is glorious."

JEWELS AT AUCTION

Were Seized From Recent Passenger on Umbria.

New York, Jan. 9.—United States Marshal William Henkel will sell at public auction tomorrow the jewels that were seized on the person of Penrhyn Neville, the young Englishman, who came over on the Umbria some weeks ago for the purpose of wedding Miss Neva M. Vail, of Chicago. The seizure consisted of a diamond necklace worth about $2000, a diamond and sapphire ring valued at about $300.

Experience convinces. See for yourself how quickly Ely's Cream Balm will cure catarrh or cold in the head. We mail trial size for 10 cents. Full size, 50 cents. All druggists.

ELY BROS.,
56 Warren Street, New York.

Clifton, Arizona, Jan. 20, 1899.

Messrs. Ely Bros.: Find enclosed 50 cents, for which please send me your Cream Balm. I find your remedy the quickest and most permanent cure for cold in the head, catarrh, etc. Yours truly,

DELL M. POTTER,
Gen. Mgr. Arizona Gold Mining Co.

It May Make You Rich.

A limited amount of stock in the Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company is offered at the low price of 10 cents per share. When taken into consideration the prospects and location of this property and the men who have the destinies of this company in charge, it seems like an excellent opportunity for a small investment to secure stock that in a few years may make you rich.

MAY BE A BRIDE.

Girl Who Was Arrested In Male Attire.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 9.—Miss Caltha Eads, the young woman who was arrested in Baltimore, Mr., while masquerading in male attire, is a daughter of William Eads, of this city. Her companion, Nathaniel G. Henderson, formerly was employed here as city solicitor on a daily paper. He came from Tallula, Ill.

Miss Eads is a graduate of the Springfield high school and the Teachers' training school. A year ago she became a teacher, but in December resigned and left for the East. Henderson had been paying her attention, and when she left she announced that she was going to New York to be married to him. The family objected, but the girl insisted. She left Springfield on Dec. 5 and her mother received letters regularly.

Miss Eads stated that for reasons which she did not disclose the wedding was to be kept a secret for a time. Her mother believes she is married. The girl is 20 years old.

SIGNED BY PRESIDENT.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The president today signed the parcels post agreement recently arranged between United States and Bolivia.

Prospects Good.

The prospects of the Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's property are very promising. Many of the leading business men of Duluth are interested in this company, of which Mr. C. W. Ericson is president. A limited amount of stock is now being offered in order to secure money for developing purposes. The price put upon this stock is only 10 cents per share, and it is an exceptional opportunity to become interested in a company whose future is practically assured, for very little money. Call at the company's offices, 318 Manhattan building, for particulars.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, January 9th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Margaret Neilson, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Ronald J. McLeod, administrator of the estate of said Margaret Neilson, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the 3rd day of February, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the office of the judge of probate in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 9th day of January, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Jan-9-16-23-1902.

CAPITAL ENLARGED

Marshall-Wells Hardware Company Add to Its Resources.

Is Necessitated By the Larger Volume of Business.

Nearly Seventy Traveling Representatives Now In the Field.

The Marshall-Wells Hardware company has been reorganized with larger capital, the new corporation providing for an issue of $1,000,000 of preferred stock and $1,000,000 of common stock.

The directors of the company are: A. M. Marshall, A. W. Wright, of Alma, Mich.; A. H. Comstock, H. C. Marshall, E. P. Stone, of Saginaw, Mich.; F. W. Parsons and W. P. Mars. The officers are the same as they have been during the past year: A. M. Marshall, president; A. H. Comstock, vice president; H. C. Marshall, treasurer; F. W. Parsons, secretary.

The object of this increase of capital is to accommodate the larger volume of business which is steadily coming to the company. It has a branch house at Winnipeg and a large warehouse at Portland, Ore., and is preparing to do a larger business from both places.

The company today has from sixty to seventy traveling representatives and the amount of territory covered by them is enormous. It includes the upper peninsula of Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, the northern part of Iowa, Northern Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Utah, Oregon, Washington and California.

The business on the Pacific coast is largely taken care of from the Portland house and a large stock is carried there. C. C. Pier is the manager in charge of the house there.

Representatives of the branch house at Winnipeg cover all of Canada west of Port Arthur to and including the Pacific coast. W. G. Macfarland is the manager there.

About fifty traveling representatives of the company were in the city the first of the year.

Prospects Good.

The prospects of the Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's property are very promising. Many of the leading business men of Duluth are interested in this company, of which Mr. C. W. Ericson is president. A limited amount of stock is now being offered in order to secure money for developing purposes. The price put upon this stock is only 10 cents per share, and it is an exceptional opportunity to become interested in a company whose future is practically assured, for very little money. Call at the company's offices, 318 Manhattan building, for particulars.

DAMAGES.

Meri Ana Skull Claims She Was Falsely Arrested.

Judge Cant and a jury in district court this morning were hearing a damage suit for false arrest and assault begun by Meri Ana Skuli against Joseph Holub, village marshal of Sparta. The plaintiff claimed that Holub assaulted her on the street, and for this she asks $500 damages. She also claimed that he arrested her and put her in jail without probable cause, and for this she demands another $500 or $1000 altogether. Holub alleges that the woman was drunk and disorderly on the street, so he arrested her, as was his duty. He denies that he used any roughness in handling her. John Jenswold, Jr., appears for the plaintiff and Albert Baldwin for the defense.

In Judge Ensign's court the defense was putting in testimony in the case of the estate of Leslie J. Craig against the Benedictine Sisters' Hospital association. At the close of the plaintiff's case a motion to dismiss was made by the defendant, but it was denied.

An important point in the case will be whether or not the hospital association conducts a charitable institution. Charitable institutions are not subject to prosecution for personal injury damages and the defense in this case will claim that St. Mary's hospital is a charitable institution, though it accepts pay for attendance, and did in the case at issue.

Judge Dibell's court is still hearing the case of the Northern Pacific against D. A. Duncan and others, involving an appeal from the award of commissioners in condemnation. J. L. Washburn appears for the road and William Harrison and J. B. Richards for the appellants.

STOCK ON MARKET.

Duluth and Arizona Copper Stock Offered For Sale.

The Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company announces elsewhere in this paper a special offer of its stock made in order that development work may be begun at once. A limited amount of the stock has been placed on the market at the low price of 10 cents a share. The company and its prospects were noticed by The Herald a few days ago. It owns four mining properties in the great field, near Prescott, Arizona, near some enormously rich developed properties, and the experts that have examined it say that its promise is great. One expert said that he did not know of any copper mines in Arizona so advantageously situated at the beginning of their development.

NEW ELEVATOR COMPANY.

Owns Valuable Site on Rice's Point, Duluth.

Articles of incorporation of the Pioneer Steel Elevator company have been filed in the office of the register of deeds by F. C. Van Dusen, C. M. Harrington and Jewett S. Mathewson, of Minneapolis. The capital stock is $250,000, and the limit of indebtedness is $2,500,000.

The company owns a valuable elevator site on Rice's Point, which was recently transferred to it.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Parlor theater. Everybody enjoys it.

Mrs. Lottie Abell, who resided in this city for fourteen years until about a year ago when she went South for her health, died at Coldwater, Mich., Jan. 4, 1902, of heart disease and was buried at the same place Jan. 7.

Get your tickets for John G. Woolley's lecture at the Y. M. C. A. at Pinto's jewelry store, 204 West Superior street and White Star restaurant, West Duluth.

M. I. Edelman has returned from a brief pleasant visit with friends in the Twin Cities.

On account of the death of Mrs. Sophia Lachmund, the pupils of Mrs. E. L. Schmied and Ernest Lachmund are requested to await further instructions.

The revival meetings which are in progress nightly at the First Methodist church are meeting with a great display of interest and religious enthusiasm. They are conducted by Dr. Long, assisted by John Callahan, and Professor Weeks is in charge of the music. Tonight there will be special music by a mixed quartet and Professor Weeks will also provide a chorus number.

Parlor theater—new specialties.

There will be a meeting of the members of the Q. F. C. Saturday morning at 10:30 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. Charles F. Macdonald, 225 fifteenth avenue east. The society has not been active for two or three years and the meeting is to arrange some matters connected with its affairs.

Thomas Thompson has sued Albert Kitto in district court to compel Erland Fredrickson to carry out an alleged agreement to sell the timber on his land for $840. William B. Phelps is the attorney.

Articles of incorporation of the Bethany Kvindeforening have been filed in the office of the register of deeds. The society is an auxiliary to the Lakeside Norwegian Lutheran church of Lakeside, and it is a society for Scandinavian young women.

Louise Leaf, aged 22, of West Duluth, was found insane in probate court yesterday and was committed to the insane asylum, where she was taken last night.

Violin lessons 25 cents upwards, at the Bradbury violin school, 3 Columbus Bldg.

The following newly elected officers of Lodge 18, Den Skandinaviska Hjelp och Enlighets Forenigen of America, were installed with appropriate ceremonies in Sloan hall last evening: John Johnson, president; John H. Johnson, vice president; John Carlson, secretary; C. J. Dahl, cashier; John Sandquist, financial secretary; Ole Lee, chaplain; Charles Rohde, marshal; C. John Carlson, inside watchman; Knute Lindberg, outside watchman.

PERSONALS.

W. H. Bliss, of Nashville, Tenn., is among the guests at the Spalding today.

Dr. and Mrs. W. B. Warner, of Wimbledon, N. D., are visiting in the city for a few days.

W. A. Shields, of Loring, La., is a guest of the Spalding.

Rev. C. W. B. Ellis, of Soudan, is registered at the McKay.

A number of railroad men from the Twin Cities were in the city today, among them being Second Vice President Farrington of the Great Northern, Traveling Auditor A. B. Fisher of the Great Northern, Traveling Auditor D. J. Galvin of the Northern Pacific, Traveling Auditor D. J. Caven of the South Shore and Traveling Passenger Agent W. B. Dixon of the Milwaukee.

L. E. Clausen, of Battle Creek, Mich., is a guest at the St. Louis.

James Robb, A. O. Sisson and J. A. Healy were among the visitors from Eveleth today.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Miller and family, of Two Harbors, are visiting friends here today.

Joseph M. Dalton, of Ashland, is a guest of the St. Louis.

A. O. Ewart, of Stillwater, is in the city this afternoon.

W. R. McKenzie of Madison, Wis., is registered at the Spalding.

Mrs. Lachmund Dead.

Mrs. Sophia Lachmund died last evening at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Emil Schmied, 5901 London road.

Mrs. Lachmund was 75 years of age, and has been gradually failing for the last few months. She was a remarkable woman, beloved by all who knew her. She is survived by five children: Mrs. Schmied and Ernest Lachmund, of Duluth; Mrs. Anna Eyller, of Chicago; Carl Lachmund, of New York, and Otto Lachmund, of Clinton, Iowa.

The funeral will be held from the Schmied residence, 5901 London road, Saturday morning, at 10:30. The interment will be at Forest Hill cemetery.

Died at Minneapolis.

Word was received in the city this morning of the death of George Gray, at his home in Minneapolis. He was 82 years of age. Mr. Gray was the father of Mrs. D. E. Holston, of this city, and Mrs. F. D. Dehnmater, of Minneapolis. Mr. and Mrs. Holston left today for Minneapolis to attend the funeral.

Mr. Gray was well acquainted in this city, where he formerly owned considerable property. He was a building contractor and did a great deal of work in hardwood finishing and in painting. One of his last contracts was the hardwood finishing and painting in the First National bank of this city.

WHAT'S THE USE

Sticking to Any Habit When It Means Sure Death.

Old King Coffee knocks subjects out tolerably flat at times, and there is no possible doubt of what did it. A lady gives her experience. "I used to have liver trouble nearly all the time and was compelled to take some liver medicine like calomel which relieved me only for a little while. Then every once in a while I would be suddenly doubled up with an awful agony in my stomach. It seemed as though every time I took a breath I would die. No one could suffer any more and live.

"Finally I got down so sick with catarrh of the stomach that I could not turn over in bed, and my stomach did not digest even milk. The doctor finally told me that if I did not give up drinking coffee I would surely die, but I felt I could not give it up.

"However, husband brought home a package of Postum Food Coffee and it was made strictly according to directions. It was the only thing that would stay on my stomach, and I soon got so I liked it very much.

"Gradually I began to get better, and week by week gained in strength and health. Now I am in perfect condition, and I am convinced that the whole cause of my trouble was from coffee drinking, and my getting better was due to leaving off coffee and taking Postum.

"A short time ago I tasted some coffee and found, to my astonishment, that I did not care anything about it. I never have to take liver medicine any more. I hope you will use this letter for the benefit of those suffering from the poisonous effects of coffee. I would gladly send to those who wish, the address of my attending physician who will corroborate what I say." Mrs. Abner Marrion, Clinton, Mich.

ROAD IS SECURE

Eastern Minnesota Protects Itself In a Mining Lease.

If Freight Rates Drop Cut Is to Go on Royalty.

Two Mining Leases Are Filed In Register's Office.

Two iron mining leases were filed for record in the office of the register of deeds this morning. One runs from the West Missabe Land company to the Pitt Mining company, and the other runs from M. D. Hull and others to Alexander Maitland.

That the Eastern Minnesota is interested in the West Missabe Land company is made evident by the manner in which the lease protects the road from reductions of ore freight rates. It is provided by the lease that if the freight rates are reduced from 80 cents per ton, the reduction is to apply to the royalties. So that if the state railroad and warehouse commission should accidentally drop the freight rate to 60 cents per ton, the land company's royalties would become 20 cents per ton larger than they are under the lease.

The property involved is the s½ of the sw¼ of section 2, and the nw¼ of the ne¼ and the ne¼ of the nw¼ of section 11-57-21. The minimum output is 50,000 tons per year, and the royalty is to be 20 cents per ton. If more than 100,000 tons is mined in one year, the royalty is to be cut to 17½ cents; if more than 200,000 tons is mined, it is to be 15 cents; and if over 500,000 tons is mined, the royalty is to be 12½ cents. The lease is signed by L. N. Hill of the Eastern Minnesota as vice chairman of the West Missabe Land company.

The other lease runs from M. D. Hull and others, of Chilaire; Marie M. Owsley, of Greenwood, Va.; M. H. Alworth, of Duluth, and F. A. Schulte, of Detroit, to Alexander Maitland. The lease runs for fifty years as to five-sixths of the property, and for twenty-five years as to the remaining one-sixth interest. The property is the ne¼ of the ne¼ of section 7-57-17, and the royalty is 75 cents, to amount to a minimum ground rent of $12,500 a year.

Band Concert.

At City Hall rink tomorrow evening, corner of Ogden and Winter, West Superior.

Wants a Divorce.

Mamie A. Warner has asked the district court for a divorce from Frederick A. Warner on the ground of desertion. They were married in Superior March 2, 1899, and the desertion is alleged to have taken place Dec. 7, 1899. The plaintiff is 22 and the defendant is 25 years of age. Leo A. Ball is the attorney.

POLITICAL ACTIVITY

Was the Cause of Mayor Gerner's Suspension.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Although the officials of the war department will make no official statement regarding the reason for the suspension of Miguel Gener from the office of mayor of Havana, by order of Governor General Wood, it is learned on good authority that such action was the result of an investigation into Mayor Gener's conduct in relation to political affairs in Cuba in general and the recent presidential elections in particular. No further information is forthcoming on the subject here beyond the admission that the action of Gen. Wood in this matter has the approval of the secretary of war.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Commence For Tomorrow

The first showing of imported cotton fabrics for spring and summer of nineteen hundred and two. The novelties shown now and those that will follow from time to time are made expressly for their trade, and the styles confined exclusively to their firm for this section of the country. January is the month when the choicest and most fashionable spring and summer fabrics are first exhibited, and is of much importance to purchasers of high class cotton goods, and the early showings by this firm in Duluth is fully appreciated, as is attested by the large volume of business usually done.

LABOR LEADERS

Entertained at Lunch By the President.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The president had with him at luncheon today the attorney general, the secretary of agriculture and a notable gathering of representatives of organized labor. They were F. P. Sargent, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen; E. E. Clark, grand chief conductor of the Order of Railway Conductors; P. H. Morrissey, grand master of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen; H. B. Perham, president of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, and A. D. Youngson, first assistant to P. M. Arthur, chief of the Order of Locomotive Engineers.

IMDEPENDENT DEALERS.

Association Reorganizes and Elects Its Officers.

Omaha, Jan. 9.—The work of today's sessions of the Nebraska and Iowa Retail Implement Dealers' association was that of reorganization. It was decided to put a general agent in the field, whose duties it should be to take charge of the interests of the association.

The following officers were elected: President, H. B. Schumway, Wakefield, Neb.; vice president, Niels Brennen, O'Neil Neb.; director (retiring president), N. L. Maloney, Essex, Iowa; delegate to national federation, Henry Ludker, Columbus Neb.

The convention closed with the afternoon session.

TO REBUILD.

Des Moines Starch Plant Will Also Be Enlarged.

Des Moines, Jan. 9.—President W. F. Piel, of the National Starch Works company, of New York, today announced that the Des Moines plant will be rebuilt and enlarged on condition that the city lay a water main to it and remit taxes for ten years. He was assured by Mayor Hartenbower this would be done. The loss sustained in the recent fire here was adjusted at 83 per cent of the policies, amounting to $243,000. The net loss to the company approximates $100,000.

DEATH LIST.

Anson P. Waterman, Old Resident of Beloit, Is Dead.

Beloit, Wis., Jan. 9.—Anson P. Waterman died here last night, aged 83. He was for 50 years a resident of Beloit, and always conspicuous in public affairs. He was twice mayor and for forty years a trustee of Beloit college. He was one of the founders and a member of the board of directors of the Northwestern Life Insurance company of Milwaukee. Mr. Waterman was for sixty years an elder of the Presbyterian church and was frequently a delegate to the general assembly of the church.

Little Falls, Minn., Jan. 9.—Peter Gravel, of Portland, Ore., met with an accident Tuesday night which caused his death yesterday morning. As the 12 o'clock train pulled in, he stepped from the train while it was yet moving, and which caused him to be thrown to the cement sidewalk, striking his head, which resulted in concussion of the brain. He was 57 years of age. Mr. Gravel was on a visit to his brothers here after an absence of twenty years.

New York, Jan. 9.—Marcellus Hartley, director in some of the largest corporations of New York and whose fortune is estimated as among the largest in the city, died almost instantly from heart disease yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the executive committee of the American Surety company. Mr. Hartley was 74 years of age. He was a member of the gun firm of Hartley & Graham, president and director of the Bridgeport, Conn., Gun Implement company, the Remington Arms company and the Union Metallic Cartridge company; vice president and director of the Western National bank, director American District Telegraph company, Audit company of New York, Equitable Life Assurance company of the United States, Fifth Avenue Trust company, Manhattan Railway company, Mercantile Trust company, Westinghouse Electrical and Manufacturing company, trustee of the American Deposit and Loan company and American Surety company.

TO THE BELL.

Mayor of Charleston Extends Welcome to Old Liberty.

Charleston, S. C., Jan. 9.—The Liberty bell, under the escort of Mayor Ashbridge and the delegation from the Philadelphia council arrived this morning at 10 o'clock from Savannah. The train was met at the station by Mayor Smythe and the board of alderman of Charleston and President Waggoner and the directors of the Charleston Exposition company. A detachment of regulars from the artillery post and several companies of marines from the camp at the exposition with a regiment of militia was drawn up at the station when the train bearing the bell rolled in. As the bell was lifted from the flat car a salute of thirteen guns was fired. The historic relic was placed on a decorated truck prepared for the occasion but it was found that the wagon would not bear the weight and the bell had to be replaced on the car and taken to the grounds by rail. At the exposition grounds Mayor Smythe extended a formal welcome to the bell and its escort and Mayor Ashbridge responded. Several brief addresses were made and patriotic airs were sung by 2000 school children. The bell will be placed in the Philadelphia building.

FOUR COURTS

Now Identified With the Bayfield Railroad Case.

St. Paul, Jan. 9.—A Washburn, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The manager of the Washburn, Bayfield & Iron River railroad and thirty-seven other employes who were arrested Tuesday for attempting to tear up the main line, had their examination continued until Jan. 30. Today the United States marshal, Charles Lewiston, appeared with Receiver Lemke, and the latter was served upon the business men who have been interested in keeping the road intact an order to show cause, at a term of the United States court to be held in Madison next Monday, why they should not be punished for contempt. Those cited are District Attorney A. W. McLeod, Sheriff L. H. Llen, Capt. R. D. Pike, of Bayfield, a mill owner and capitalist; D. M. Maxey and M. A. Sprague, bankers, of this city; John A. Jacobs, a leading lumberman; William H. Lemke, a principal dry goods man of this city and Carl Hirsch, a farmer.

The matter is now in four courts, the municipal court of this city, circuit court, state supreme court and the United States court.

TO RETURN DEPOSITS.

Twin City Car Men to Get Money Back.

St. Paul, Jan. 9.—The Twin City Rapid Transit company, operating all the street car lines in St. Paul and Minneapolis and suburbs, will tomorrow refund to its employes the money which has heretofore been required as a deposit, the total aggregating over $25,000. Each man was required to deposit $20 as a protection to the company from possible loss through him.

TO CHARITY.

Late W. F. Cochrane Leaves Much Money.

New York, Jan. 9.—In the will of the late William F. Cochran, carpet manufacturer, of Yonkers, $10,000 each is left to the Woman's Institute of Yonkers, the Church mission to deaf mutes in New York, of which Thomas Gallaudet is president, the trustees' fund for the relief of widows and orphans of deceased clergymen and aged, infirm and disabled clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal churches in New York and the Presbyterian board of relief for disabled ministers and widows and orphans of deceased ministers. The Young Men's Christian association of Yonkers gets $5000.

Musical Instruction Free.

Free violin lessons for six months will be given to one boy or girl between the age of 7 and 13 applying before Jan. 20 at the office of the Bradbury Violin school, No. 8 Columbus building, with a letter of recommendation from the pastor of their church or a known business man.

Assignment of live Lobsters at the Stag Chop House.

DEBATE CLOSED

General Discussion On Canal Bill Ended In House.

Mr. Cannon Sharply Criticises Hepburn and His Measure.

Several Members Spoke In Favor of Morris Amendment.

Washington, Jan. 9.—In anticipation of a vote upon the Nicaragua canal bill today there was a large attendance on the floor when the house met. Under the order made yesterday the general debate was to close at 2 o'clock, when the bill was to be read for amendment under the five minute rule. Mr. Adamson (Ga.), the first speaker today, urged the passage of the Hepburn bill without amendment. He argued that the time had come for action and that equivocation now could only result in delaying the commencement of the canal. If the Panama company had an offer to make which we could accept he said there would be time enough to take advantage of it when the bill was pending in the senate or later in conference.

Mr. Wooten (Tex.) also argued that the bill should be passed without amendment. If the Morris amendment were adopted, he said, the canal would become a conditional propect surrounded by doubts and difficulties which might doom it to final failure, owing to international complications. He declared it was rather a strange coincidence that those who now wanted to amend the bill had in the past opposed the passage of any bill. He regarded the Morris amendment as a modern Trojan horse. Mr. Wooten said he did not favor an amendment to fortify the canal. He believed such an amendment savored more of spurious sentiment than sound and salutary sense. He favored a netral canal.

At this point, upon the request of Mr. Davis (Fla.), the time for general debate was extended until 2:30 p. m.

Mr. Sparkman (Fla.) spoke in favor of the Hepburn bill.

Mr. Cannon (Ill.) chairman of the appropriation committee then took the floor. His remarks were given close attention. The building of the canal, he said, was a business proposition and should be considered from a business standpoint. Gentlement talked about this proposed canal having been agitated for 400 years, and used that as an argument why members of congress should fall over each other to vote the bill. Personally, he had favored a canal for years, but because he had not been willing to proceed without information and against fixed treaty law he had been called hard names. Mr. Cannon at this point clashed sharply with Mr. Hepburn, who is in charge of the bill. Mr. Cannon criticised the Iowan for withholding his speech from the record and Mr. Hepburn characterized Mr. Cannon's criticism as "querulous and for an improper purpose" and stated that he had only exercised a privilege customarily exercised by members. But he offered then and there to give Mr. Cannon the speech and sent it over to him by a page.

Mr. Cannon declared that in his recollection, a member presenting a great measure to undertake a work that was to last for centuries had never pursued such a course. He declared it was not decent parliamentary procedure and when Mr. Hapburn made some quick reply he answered amid laughter that if the gentleman from Iowa were only as straightforward as he was "slip of tongue" he would be a better legislator.

Mr. Cannon, discussing the language of the bill, said that under its "artful language" full power was given to pay not only Nicaragua and Costa Rica and the Maritime Canal company their demands, but also the American and Nicaraguan speculators who owned property along the route. He criticised the undue haste of the promoters of the Nicaragua canal. He wanted to see the protocol that had been recently negotiated. He objected to the provision that contracts could be made for the whole work.

Mr. Cannon said that it was doubtful if war taxes could be removed if the government was committed to such a giantic enterprise. He said he would vote for the Morris amendment, and if that failed, would move to recommit, so the bill could be amended.

Mr. De Armond (Mo.) favored leaving the question of routes to the president. With alternative authority he could make better terms. The bill as presented was not mature. Was the army engineer corps or a gigantic syndicate to build the canal?

At 2 p. m. Mr. Hepburn took the floor to close the general debate. He replied briefly to the criticisms of Mr. Cannon and drew frequent applause and laughter as he loosened his shafts of sarcasm at the chairman of the appropriation committee. Mr. Hepburn said Mr. Cannon posed as a business man, yet he wanted to pay $40,000,000 for something the commission said was worth $27,000,000. He stated that it was rumored the bill would have rough sledding in another body, but he said the moral effect of passing the bill by almost unanimous vote in the house would be material.

General debate on the bill closed at 2:45 and the bill was then read for amendment under the five-minute rule.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 9.—As soon as the senate met today, on motion of Mr. Hale (Me.) the senate agreed that when it adjourned today it be until Monday next.

Mr. Cockrell (Mo.) reported from the committee on military affairs the result of the Heisland inquiry that was conducted under the Pettigrew resolution of the last session. No action was taken on the report.

The senate in executive session today confirmed the nomination of Hon. L. M. Shaw to be secretary of the treasury and of Hon. Henry C. Payne to be postmaster general.

A house bill appropriating $10,000 for finishing transcripts of records of the general land office was passed.

At 1:50 p. m. the senate adjourned until Monday.

Perils of Our Presidents.

All of our presidents have been in the habit of mingling freely with the people, usually without any particular precaution being made for their safety. The danger of this has been so emphatically pointed out in the last few months that wise statesmen suggest that the old plan be discontinued. There is also cause for great danger in many of the so-called remedies advertised for stomach, liver and bowel complaints. The safest medicine to take is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It has been before the public for fifty years, and has always been found safe and reliable in cases of nervousness, insomnia, indigestion, dyspepsia and malaria, fever and ague. It therefore occupies the foremost position in the list of household remedies, and no family should be without it.

Assignment of live Lobsters at the Stag Chop House.

Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock now on sale. A limited amount for a limited time at 10 cents per share. Money to be used for development purposes. Offices, 318 Manhattan building.

Closed at 5:30. **Silberstein & Bondy Co.** Open at 8:30.

The White Sale Begins Next Monday.

We Announce for Tomorrow—the

First Showing of New Spring and Summer

Cotton Dress Goods

Of Our Own Importation.

The custom inaugurated by our firm—of opening our importations of new goods for spring and summer early in January is fully appreciated, as is attested by the large volume of business usually done.

January is the month when the choicest and most fashionable Spring and Summer Fabrics are first exhibited, and it is a month of much importance to purchasers of High-class Novelties in Cotton Goods.

We will receive and open from now on the different new things as they arrive from Europe and are forwarded to us.

Most of the following lines are made expressly to our order, and confined exclusively to our firm for this section of the country.

Novelty Swiss Dress Patterns.
Beautiful embroidered effects and but one of a kind.

Swiss Novelties.
Very sheer and fine in new spring shadings.

Silk Tissue
Or embroidered Silk Ginghams.

Silk Chambray.
In all of the new plain colors for spring.

Scotch Tissue.
A handsomely embroidered Zepher.

Satin Leno.
Fine open work—Silk Chambray.

Satlee Silk.
New—nearly all silk—in handsome colorings.

Lenore Stripes.
Very sheer and fine.

Embroidered Swiss Dots.
Linen ground with different colored dots.

La Touraine.
A corded material with lace designs.

Silk Mousline.
An embroidered Mousseline de Soie.

Silk and Linen Fancies.
Silk and linen ground with embroid'r'd colored stripe

Fabric Fancies.
Plain colors with worked stripes.

Colored Victoria Lawns.
In the spring and summer season's newest shade.

Plain Dimity.
In plain colors, new shades for spring and summer.

Diaphone Dimity.
Beautiful small designs—for children's wear.

DOMESTIC COTTONS
Spring Patterns and Colorings have just arrived and are already much sought for—good colorings will be very scarce later.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

EXPLOSION

In Powder House Caused Death of One Man.

Dubois, Pa., Jan. 9.—An explosion in a powder house near Clearfield today wrecked the building, killed one man and seriously injured four more. The dead:

JOHN C. STEWART, aged 51 years.

Injured: Roy Smith, Frank Zentmire, —— Rosenbery and William Blaker.

Several others were slightly hurt. The prompt work of the Clearfield fire department saved the adjoining powder house.

FALLEN LOW.

Former Governor of South Carolina Sent to Jail.

Boston, Jan. 9.—Admitting that his picture was in the rogues' gallery and that, for a period of years he had been familiar with the "lowest depths" of New York opium joints," yet pleading for mercy from the court, Franklin J. Moses, once governor of South Carolina, was sentenced here today to four months imprisonment for the larceny of an overcoat.

TO FIX PRICE OF ORE.

Cleveland, Jan. 9.—The Ore association met here today to fix prices on iron ore for the current year. Late this afternoon it was stated that no agreement had as yet been reached.

PAPERS ISSUED.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 9.—Governor Gates today granted extradition papers for the removal of John H. Joyce to Stoughton, Wis., where the latter is wanted on a charge of bank wrecking.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Ben P. Smith and Minnie Thompson.

John Jaklbovski and Franciska Jankovski.

DEATHS.

LACHMUND—Mrs. Sophia Lachmund, mother of Mrs. E. P. Schmied and Mr. Ernest Lachmund, died Jan. 8, 1902, at the age of 76. The funeral service will be held from the late residence, 5901 London road, at 10:30 Saturday morning.

Open day and Night. 730 W. SUP. ST. New 'Phone 1358
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers
JOHN FLOOD, Manager. DULUTH, MINN.

FUNERAL FLOWERS and Floral Decorations of all descriptions. Fresh Cut Flowers, Potted Plants, Etc. Lowest market price.
VICTOR HUOT, 223 West Superior Street

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Busy Under-Price Friday!

3 Big White Shows 3

Table Linens, White Goods and Undermuslins—each an event in itself, together with our January Clearance Sale of Cloaks and other choice merchandise prior to Annual Inventory are big public attractions, for prices are uniformely low.

9-4 Pequot Bleached Sheeting, every woman knows the brand, and its prices elsewhere. Special here Friday only with 10-yard limit to a customer, at—a yard—only **19½c**

72-in. Silver Bleached Table Linen—pure flax, made by Wm. Liddell & Co.—actual $1.00 value—Friday only a yard..... **69c**

30c to 40c Damask and Huck Towels, hemmed, hemstitched or knotted fringe, fast color borders—very special at—choice..... **25c**

Misses' Wool Toques, fancy stripes—regular 39c value, price to close, each **25c**

Trimmed Street Hats, plain or tailor stitched felt, with wings, quills, or soft silk trimming—dainty chic hats for general wear—have sold all season up to $4.00—priced to close..... **$1.45**

All Untrimmed Shapes, patterns of the season's best styles will be sold tomorrow at just ..... **Half Price**

$1 W. C. C. or Empress Corsets—an assorted lot broken sizes—no straight fronts, white, grey or black, a pair..... **69c**

Women's Outing Flannel Gowns—well made and neatly finished, very special at..... **45c**

Women's $1 Outing Flannel Gowns—lace or embroidery trimmed, cut full and long, at **89c**

Ladies' $3.50 Kid Shoes—hand welted or turned sole, patent or stock tips—foot-form lasts—a special line for Friday at, a pair **$2.50**

Misses' $1.50 Shoes—kid or box calf; light or heavy, an excellent school shoe—for Friday only, a pair..... **$1.00**

Ladies' fleeced Vests and Pants—closed ribbed, ecru only—very special, a garment..... **25c**

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Pants—well fleeced—the 50c kind at, a pair **42c**

Economy Prices From Our Big Basement.

Good Laundry Soap—special Friday—limit one lot to a customer—12 bars for..... **25c**

59c Willow Clothes Baskets, medium sizes, special—at..... **39c**

25c Cotton Clothes Lines—the "Ideal" brand; full 60 feet—for Friday..... **12½c**

"Our Leader" Wash Boards, strongly made, good 20c values, at each **14c**

Palmetto Fibre Scrub Brushes, good value at 18c—special for Friday **10c**

75c Buck Saws—strongly made, well tempered blade, for Friday only **48c**

AT WEST DULUTH

Another of the popular silver medal contests will be held Saturday evening at the Westminster Presbyterian church, under the auspices of the West Duluth branch of the W. C. T. U. A very pleasing musical and literary program has been prepared. The contestants will be: Eva Sawyer, Harvey Ketchum, Clyde Bean, Ruth Scott, Clinton Loomis, Marie Loomis, Floyd Kindy. The opening number will be singing of "New America." Miss Gertrude Smith and Miss Wallace will render solos and there will be two concert musical selections by the children, entitled "The Man in the Moon" and "Topsy Turvy."

A CLUB FORMED.

A social and literary club has been organized by the young people of the Norwegian Lutheran church. O. Peterson is the president, P. H. Evans vice president, Peter Johnson recording secretary, E. J. Hanson financial secretary, Carl Erickson treasurer. Meetings will be held on every other Tuesday evening.

QUIETLY MARRIED.

Miss Eva Brigham, who has been employed some time in Chabot's dry goods store here and Samuel J. Beck, surprised their relatives and friends by slipping away quietly to Carlton, where they were united in marriage last Saturday. The secret was kept until yesterday, when some of the brides' young lady friends thought it too good to keep longer and divulged the particulars. The bride is a daughter of Officer Brigham, of the city police force, and the groom is a painter and decorator.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The match factory has closed down for a few days to permit of repairs to the machinery caused by a break-down yesterday.

H. R. Patterson has had a streak of bad luck within the past few days. A week ago he purchased a team of horses. One sickened and died yesterday while its mate had a leg broken in a kick from another horse and had to be shot.

The West Duluth young nimrods are said to be bagging a large number of rabbits in this vicinity during the holiday vacation.

Carlo Martini, of Second street, was united in marriage with a young lady of Duluth Tuesday evening. The wedding celebration, held on Second street, was a large one.

Thomas Doyle, of Chisholm, was in the city yesterday calling on old friends.

M. J. Fillatrault is the possessor of two fine cocker spaniels, the result of a recent purchase. He is training them for bench shows.

Mrs. La Chappelle left this morning for a short visit at Carlton.

The Clergy Like It.—Here are a few names of clergymen of different creeds who are firm believers in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder to "live up to the preaching" in all it claims: Bishop Sweatman, Rev. Dr. Langtry (Episcopalian); Rev. Dr. Withrow and Dr. Chambers (Metrodist); and Dr. Newman, all of Toronto, Canada. Copies of their personal letters for the asking. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—4.

James Mulligan of the range is visiting friends here.

A horse attached to a wagon of lumber stirred matters up on Central avenue yesterday by running away. Part of the route traveled was on the sidewalk.

Paul Foucault has returned from a flying trip to Scanlon.

John Dorsey, who has been sick several days, is on the road to recovery.

Charles Petrischke, the box manufacturer of West Duluth, has gone to St. Louis on a business trip. Mr. Petruschke has a large trade with that portion of the country.

The Commercial club will meet tomorrow night at Stewart's hall. Matters of importance will come up and a large attendance is desired.

Christopher Maginnis has returned to his home in Superior after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Kenny.

Martin Smithson has returned from Highland.

Charles O'Brien and Walter Kurtz will leave Monday for points on the Pacific coast.

The public schools of the city will resume sesison next Monday morning, and a number of the teachers have already returned from their vacation trips. Others will return the last of this week. It is rumored that there will be a few changes in the teaching corps caused by holiday weddings.

Miss Perry, who has been sick some days, is able to be out again.

Charles Rufus, of Iron River, was a business caller here yesterday.

Thomas Davis will leave tomorrow for his home in Great Falls, Mont., after a visit with his sister, Mrs. Nickerson.

A daughter was born last evening to Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Brotherton of Cody street.

The Woodmen held installation of officers last evening, followed by a dance. A very enjoyable time is reported.

Neil Darrow left yesterday for points in Indian Territory, to remain for the rest of the winter.

A private dancing party will be given by a number of the West Duluth young people at Gilley's hall, Saturday evening.

Mrs. Joseph Hicks is reported on the sick list.

Leon Le Casse left this morning for Scanlon on a business trip.

Johnson & Thorpe, the grocers, have purchased the team of ponies formerly driven by Frank Gottwald.

J. J. Lauermann has returned from a trip to Carlton and Cloquet.

John Manley, of St. Paul, is visiting at the home of Miss Bessie Manley, of West Duluth, this week. Miss Manley will return with him to St. Paul to remain until spring.

West Duluth lodge A. O. U. W., No. 145, held a business meeting last evening at which L. H. Wellington and Charles Sliger were elected delegates to represent the lodge at the grand lodge meeting in St. Paul next month.

Mark Neumann and daughter of Chicago, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Kastriner. Mr. Neumann is a brother of Mrs. Kastriner.

The Lady Maccabees of Pearl hive held a very successful carnival at the covered rink last evening.

Lanners' orchestera has been engaged to play at the installation ceremonies of North Star lodge K. of P., at Duluth next Tuesday evening.

Euclid lodge will tender a reception to the members and their families next Wednesday evening.

Lauerman's shoes fit my feet.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank our many friends and relatives for their kindness, sympathy and assistance during our recent bereavement in the sudden death of our beloved son, Bernard.

MR. AND MRS. A. J. MELDAHL AND SONS.

FURTHER CHANGES

In the Cabinet of President Roosevelt Are Rumored.

Ex-Governor Lowndes of Maryland May Be Long's Successor.

Lowndes Is a "Schley Man" From Start to Finish.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Jan. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—With the reassembling of congress after the customary recess for the holidays, come to the surface renewed rumors of further changes in the cabinet of President Roosevelt. One of these which gained considerable credence and a vast amount of velocity as it was shot from the lips of Dame Rumor and rolled along the corridors of the capitol building, like a snowball gathering strength in its erratic course was to the effect that ex-Governor Lowndes, of Cumberland, Md., is to be invited to become a member of Mr. Roosevelt's official family.

Those who have launched this boom for one of Maryland's chosen sons confidently assert that there is no doubt the president has the name of the famous Marylander under very serious consideration and it would not at all surprise them should he be invited to take a place at the president's official political table. Ex-Governor Lowndes is at present "out of politics," a least so-called "strenuous political affairs," and is now engaged in various commercial enterprises in his state and elsewhere. He is said to be quite extensively interested in a local bank at Cumberland, and is said to be a large stockholder in various coal interests of this section of Maryland. His friends here today are predicting that he may succeed John D. Long as secretary of the United States navy.

So much has been said regarding the apparent hostility of this, as well as past administrations, toward Maryland's ideal hero, Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley, that it is believed a continuance of such criticism would be considerably allayed should President Roosevelt call ex-Governor Lowndes to sit at his cabinet table. Lowndes is a "Schley man," from start to finish; from stem to stern, from keelson to truck; and it is believed that President Roosevelt is wearied of the contentions between leading officers of the navy and would like to have a strenuous and strong arm to put down bureaucratic tendencies.

Ex-Governor Lowndes is the man to turn the trick. It is pointed out that President Roosevelt and the ex-governor of Maryland are intimate friends and that during the campaign of 1899 Mr. Roosevelt "stumped" the state of Maryland to aid Lowndes. He traveled on a special train delivering speeches at every considerable town or city "en route" from the western borders of the state to the seaboard. The friendship of the present executive and the ex-governor of Maryland began at this time and has been uninterrupted by subsequent events.

Ex-Governor Lowndes made his first prominent entry into national politics at quite an early age, having been elected



EX-GOVERNOR LOWNDES.

a member of the house of representatives in 1871, being at that time only about 28 years of age. In 1895 he was nominated by the Republicans of Maryland to head the gubernatorial ticket and carried the banner to victory. He ran upon a "reform platform" and drew votes from those of the opposition who were disgusted with the alleged corruption existing in high places in Maryland. This campaign was the initial one resulting eventually in breaking up the so-called "Solid South." Ex-Governor Lowndes, it is said, is ably equipped to fill any position within the gift of President Roosevelt, and Marylanders today are cheerful and hopeful that their state will receive recognition in the person of Mr. Lowndes in the general shake-up of cabinet officials which all concede as being impending.

* * *

A fight over federal offices in the city of St. Louis which has been waging for some weeks between Hon. Richard Kerens, national committeeman for the state of Missouri, on one side, and Secretary of the Interior Ethan Allen Hitchcock and Representatives Charles Joy and Richard Bartholdt on the other, has been terminated, through an announcement made by President Roosevelt that he had decided to recognize the men recommended by the anti-Kerenites. This situation recalls a somewhat similar condition which existed in New York state during the early days of James A. Garfield's administration, and which had its culmination in the melo-dramatic withdrawal, through resignation from the United States senate, of Roscoe Conkling and Thomas C. Platt. The situation existing between the Republican leaders at St. Louis had almost reached the breaking point, and then the president grasped the rudder with a firm hand and decided to steer the craft into calm waters by appointing the men who had been recommended by Secretary Hitchcock and Representatives Joy and Bartholdt. The Kerens faction is now like that famous Turk who sulked in his tent, but it is confidently believed that the white dove of peace will eventually obtain a roosting place somewhere in the camp of the Missourians.

* * *

Representative Soreno E. Payne, chairman of the committee on ways and means, has caused to be issued a very handy little card neatly printed, giving one a very concise idea as to when his great and important committee meets as a body, and on the reverse side of the card anyone interested may learn the names of those of the committee who are assigned as members of the various sub-committees to deal with specific subjects in which merchants, shippers and business men generally are interested. It is announced by Mr. Payne that the committee in its entirety will assemble regularly each Wednesday at 10 o'clock a. m. The names of those comprising the committee on ways and means as organized for business during the present session of congress are as follows: Sorenco E. Payne, chairman; John Dalzell, Albert J. Hopkins, Charles H. Grosvenor, Charles A. Russell, George W. Steele, James A. Tawney, Samuel W. McCall, Chester I. Long, Joseph W. Babcock, Victor H. Metcalf, James D. Richardson, Samuel M. Robertson, Claude A. Swanson, George B. McClellan, Francis O. Newlands, Samuel Bronson Cooper.

As an aid to those who may have business before this committee, Chairman Payne has announced the following subcommittees:

1. On customs, custom duties and custom officials—Messrs. Payne, Dalzell, Hopkins, Grosvenor, Russell, Richardson and Robertson.

2. On administration of custom laws—Messrs. Russell, Payne, Steele, Babcock, Metcalf, Swanson and McClelland.

3. On internal revenue—Messrs. Steele, Hopkins, Russell, Tawney, Long, McClelland and Newlands.

4. On the public debt, the preservation of the public credit and redemption of government notes—Messrs. Dalzell, Payne, McCall, Richardson and Cooper.

5. On reciprocity and commercial treaties—Messrs. Hopkins, Dalzell, Tawney, Long, Babcock, Swanson and Cooper.

6. On revenue from other sources than customs and excises, and on miscellaneous subjects—Messrs. Grosvenor, Steele, McCall, Long, Metcalf, Robertson and Newlands.

SOHULTZ MEDIOATED SEASALT BATHS

Given in your own homes by Miss F. A. Bacon and her competent nurses. The company CHALLENGE the WORLD to find a pain they will not relieve or cure in ten to ninety days.

207 Lonsdale Building.

FORCED

Into the British Army and Friends Are Indignant.

Spencer, Ind., Jan. 9.—All Western and Southwestern Indiana is aroused over the report of the pressing into the British army in South Africa of three young Indiana men, one of whom formerly resided near this town. The belief here is that all three have been made to fight against the Boers.

Some months ago Edward Franklin, of Owen county, went as a muleteer along with a lot of other Western boys to South Africa in charge or hundreds of mules purchased by the British government and shipped from New Orleans. He promised to write on his arrival, and not a word has been received from him, though double the time has elapsed necessary for a letter to come from Cape Town.

The most careful inquiry has been made at the state department in Washington to ascertain whether or not any word has ever been received from Lennon Porter, the 16-year-old son of Frank Porter, of Logansport, Ind., who was induced through a St. Louis employment agency to ship with a cargo of mules from New Orleans to South Africa on the same vessel on which young Franklin sailed. The steamer Monterey, on which young Franklin and Porter, with several other Indiana boys embarked, is long overdue at Cape Town. The matter has been brought to the attention of Congressman Sulzer, of New York, and he is threatening to introduce a resolution for a congressional investigation.

Mr. Franklin's relatives and friends here in Owen county have written to Congressman Robert W. Miers, of the Second district, to look the matter up in the department at Washington. There is said to be a young man from Warrick county with Franklin and Porter, but his name has not been learned here. It is suspected that when Franklin and Porter and the Warrick county boy reached Cape Town or some other port in South Africa that the British officers forced them to go along with the English soldiery to drive the mules.

A NEW PARASITE.

New York, Jan. 9.—Sir Alfred Jones, chairman of the Liverpool school of tropical medicine, according to a London dispatch to the Times, has received a letter from Maj. Ross saying that Dr. Dutton, at Bathurst, has made a most important discovery of a new kind of parasite which causes a fever in human beings, and which closely resembles that causing the fly disease in the horse in South Africa.

Investigate

The Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock, of which a limited amount is now being offered at 10 cents per share. Call at the offices, 318 Manhattan block and see the prospectus, samples, etc. It is a rare opportunity.

John G. Woolley at the Armory Saturday evening, Jan. 11.

Dr. Bull's

Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.

COUGH SYRUP

Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

IS SURE

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

CAN THIS BE TRUE?

MEDERINE

$100—GUARANTEE—$100

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss.
West Superior,
Douglas County,

JOHN A. MONGER makes oath that he is a partner in and Manager of the Mederine Remedy Co., County and State aforesaid, and that said Company will pay the sum of One Hundred (100) Dollars for each and every case of Blood Disease, Catarrh, Rheumatism or Gout that cannot be cured by MEDERINE. JOHN A. MONGER.

Sworn to before me and subscribed to in my presence, this 19th day of August, A. D., 1901. (Seal.) JOHN A. HOBE, Notary Public.

N. B.—We make this guarantee after 15 years test of the curative qualities of "Mederine."

IT CURED ME OF CATARRH

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Feb. 27, 1900.
MEDERINE REMEDY CO.,
West Superior, Wis.

Gentlemen:—I take great pleasure in telling you that MEDERINE cured me of Catarrh of the worst kind. I tried various remedies, but they did me no good. Finally I bought a bottle of MEDERINE. It gave such prompt relief that I took a full course of six bottles, and I am now cured. It is surely a wonderful remedy.
A. FRANK WILLIAMS.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Write for MEDERINE JOURNAL OF HEALTH. Mailed to any address free of charge. It explains everything. MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis

SHALL BE PUNISHED

Those Responsible For Railroad Wreck Must Suffer Consequences.

District Attorney Jerome Will Make Thorough Investigation.

President of Borough Will Also Take Up Matter.

New York, Jan. 9.—Thomas P. Murphy, of New Rochelle, whose legs were broken, and who was badly hurt internally in yesterday's tunnel wreck in this city, passed a quiet night at Bellevue hospital. His left leg, which was badly crushed, probably will be amputated today.

Albert Wadley, a florist of this city, with a home in New Rochelle, who had both legs broken and who suffered internal injuries was improved today.

At the Grand Central station it was said today, that as the district attorney had commenced an investigation to determine the cause of, and responsibility for the wreck, the railroad officials had indefinitely postponed their investigation and would present all the facts in their possession to the county prosecutor. Another investigation probably will be made by President Cantor of the borough of Manhattan. Mr. Cantor said today:

"I will confer with the corporation counsel regarding my authority over tunnels exclusively used by railroads. I am not fully satisfied as to my power in this matter. As there are investigations being conducted now by the coroners' jury and the state railroad commission, I thought it best to find out my authority before I attempted an investigation of my own. My opinion is that if electricity had been used by the railroad the accident would not have happened. I visited the scene of the wreck at 9:30 last night. I watched the trains passing through the tunnel. The volumes of smoke from the locomotives filled the tunnel so that it was impossible to discern the lights."

President Cantor looked up the charter regarding the powers of the board of aldermen in the matter and after reading the sections said they were so indefinite that he could not give a clear opinion. He said, however, he thought there was no doubt that the board had full power to reduce the speed of trains within the city limits.

District Attorney Jerome said he wished his investigation to be as thorough as possible and that he would confer with Coroner Scholler to that end.

"It is possible," said Mr. Jerome, "that the engineer only was at fault. It is also possible that the railroad company did not provide the engineer with the devices known to the knowledge of men in railroad affairs. If there was a duty imposed upon any person, did that person do it? If he did not, no matter who he is, he shall be punished."

In New Rochelle, where all but one of the dead lived, business was almost entirely suspended today. Of those hurt, twenty-nine live in New Rouchelle and numbers of their relatives spent the night in New York near the hospitals. Today several of the bodies of the dead were taken to New Rochelle. The town was in mourning and many persons who had no relatives in the wreck made visits to those who had suffered loss and offered sympathy and aid.

REFORMED.

"Marsh Market Jake" Is Now Employed as a Watchman.

New York, Jan. 9.—"Marsh Market Jake," a famous crook, well known to the police of Cincinnati and the country, who in his day was associated with the "upper ten" of crookdom, has forsaken his evell ways. This man, who has handled thousands of other people's money without their consent, and spent forunes in riotous living, is now, at the age of 61, working as a watchman on the subway for $1.50 a day. The men who touch elbows with him daily know nothing of his past, nor do they dream of the many remarkable adventures through which the quiet old man with the gray hair and kindly blue eyes has passed.

Detective Chief Titus knows of the old man's whereabouts, and it is said in confidence that Capt. Titus got Jake his present job.

Jake is working under his right name, which is not generally known outside of police headquarters. He has had so many aliases that the police never pretend to keep track of them all. Hartmann, Peters, McGloin, Cook, Milburn, Webb, Young—these were a few of the names under which he pursued his calling and dodged the detectives. His alias "Marsh Market Jake," by which he was most commonly known, was given him in Baltimore, where he was born and brought up near the old Marsh market.

Jake began his criminal career as a boy till tapper. Next he was a pickpocket and shoplifter. Then he came to New York and got in with the best men in the profession in big jobs which involved large sums of money.

He was looked upon as a skilful burglar and a clever bank sneak. In 1880 he was convicted of robbing a Philadelphia man of $2200 in bank notes and served a term in the eastern penitentiary. He has been convicted two or three times since, once at Indianapolis for a postoffice robbery. The last time was in January, 1886, when for forging checks on the German American bank he was sentenced by Judge Gildersleeve to ten years in state prison. There were other complaints against him at the time, made by the Bank of America and the Corn Exchange bank.

CRISIS IMPENDING.

New York, Jan. 9.—A dispatch to the Herald from Valparaiso, Chili, says: It is rumored that a cabinet crisis is impending, owing to the explanatory note which has been sent to the Argentine government in order to make the protocol acceptable.



Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It cleanses instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 320 Times Bdg., New York.

The Whirling Spray Syringe sold in Duluth by

MAX WIRTH, Druggist 13 W. Superior St

NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY



HONEST TREATMENT —and— GUARANTEED

CURE

—IS— OFFERED YOU.

I Do Not Treat All Diseases, but I Cure All I Treat; I Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured.

Varicocele, Stricture, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases,

And all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a **legal contract** to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men?

If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

REFERENCES—Best Banks and Leading Business Men of This City.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Avenue. DULUTH, MINN.

BLONDIN OUTDONE

The Slack Wire Workers on the East River Bridge.

Nothing Funny About Performances of These Nervy Men.

They Work In Gangs and Great Hazards Are Taken.

New York, Jan. 9.—Not all the slack wire walkers are engaged by the circuses. Within a few weeks the builders of the new East river bridge will have work for another twenty-five men who can walk on slack wires, and there will be abundance of work for them for some little time. The men will be required to "walk" in gangs of twenty-five, so that anyone who wants to see "the largest single aggregation of slack wire walkers ever performing at one time" should keep an eye on the new bridge.

Perhaps it would be well to explain that the twenty-five slack wire walkers who may be required by the builders of the East river bridge are not expected to give a thrilling performance. They will be expected to work, and there will be a painful lack of spectacular features about the task. They will be needed to "crawl" the wire, as the operation of straightening and disentangling the cable wires is called, but none the less they will be legitimate performers on the slack wire.

Up on the top of the big new bridge men are now busily at work stretching the single wires which, later on, will be bound together to form the great cables which are to support the bridge structure. Two wires are stretched at a time by a mnecilne which is hauled back and forth across the East river, and each day the embryo cables grow bigger and bigger. It may seem to be a very simple matter to stretch the wires from one side to the other, but, as a matter of fact, it is one of the most troublesome and intricate details of the work.

Each one of the single wires is 0.165 of an inch in diameter, and 291 of these single wires are stretched across the river before they are bound together to form one of the nineteen parts of which each of the great cables is to be constructed. In other words, nineteen cables are made on each side of the bridge and then each group of nineteen is bound together to form a single length for one of the big cables.

Every time one of the nineteen strands is completed the slack wire walkers are called into service to arange the wires. Everything possible is done to keep the wires at the same temperature, but each one of the long strands is as sensitive as a thermometer to changes of temperature and the consequence is that the wires "snarl up" and get twisted into the most astonishing combinations. Into this mass of wire the twenty-five slack wire walkers lower themselves, and, holding on with hand cables that are specially provided for them, they "tread out" the tangled wires by short sections until the part they are working on lies smooth. When this occurs the small cable is quickly bound around so as to prevent it from twisting again, and then the "wire walkers" pass along to the next section.

The work of "treading out" the mass of wires is very laborious, slow and primitive, but the engineers say that it is still the only way in which the work can be done satisfactorily.

When each of the nineteen cables has been "trodden out" and bound up safely each must be lifted, one after the other, into the saddles on the top of the towers. The end of each individual wire has to be fastened to a pin before it is stretched, and then all these 291 pins on the ends of the wires have to be gathered together and made fast to the anchorages on each side of the river. When this has been done 3329 times, the resulting cables are fastened nineteen times more, and then each big cable is ready to be "wound." This is done by gathering together the nineteen thick wire cables and winding them around and around with wire, in the same way that a sailor "seizes" a rope—or in the same way in which thread is wound upon a spool.

Not until each of these nineteen-ply cables has been wound around, tested and adjusted will it be possible for the builders to begin work upon the roadway of the bridge. All the peculiarities of behavior evidenced by the individual wires in each of the nineteen strands are accentuated when the whole number is bound together. When the sun shines on one side of the big cable it expands, while the other side, being in the shade contracts slightly. The result is that the cable usually tries very hard to tie itself into a knot, and it is the task of the bridge builder to circumvent these intentions by giving it room in which to move. If a bridge were not allowed plenty of "play" it is probable that it would pull itself down, say the engineers.

So far there have been very few bad accidents on the bridge. This is due, it is said, to the remarkable amount of good weather which has been experienced. It is on gusty, squally days, it seems, that the most danger is incurred. Contrary to popular belief men are very seldom blown from these high structures, but they do sometimes make miscalculations and then they fall. In order to preserve their balance when working at a great height, with no hand hold and little more than bare room for their feet, the men are accustomed to lean forward or back, as the case may be, and so brace themselves against the wind. If there comes a sudden and unexpected lull the workman finds himself instantly robbed of the support upon which he has been leaning and unless he can recover himself swiftly he falls to his death. For this reason the days when the winds blows in occasional sharp puffs are dreaded by the workmen.

Because of the good weather that has accompanied the work the contractors find themselves ahead of the specified time of their contracts, and it now appears probable that the bridge can be opened and used early in 1903. There is, indeed, a good deal of good natured rivalry between the bridge contractors and those who are building the Rapid Transit subway. Many of the chances seem to be in favor of the subway, but it is being predicted that the finish will be quite close.

TEXAN

Failed to Attend Concluding Exercises of Land Deal.

Georgetown, Ohio, Jan. 9.—Two score or more wealthy farmers held a meeting here Monday for the purpose of closing a land deal with a Texan, who gave the name of Daniel Miller, and who came here, he said, for the purpose of getting an option on an immense tract suitable for a cattle feeding depot. He showed recommendations and letters purporting to come from reliable Texas business men, and negotiated chiefly with farmers along the Adams county line.

Mr. Miller related in the course of his dealings with prospective sellers that he owned thousands of acres in Texas on which counties cattle grazed.

By a careful canvass Miller succeeded in getting an option on one of the finest tracts of land in Southern Ohio. When an owner was not disposed to sell, Miller would point out, it is said, that it would be next to impossible for him to live in the midst of all the cattle that were intended to fatten here. Everything was in ship-shape several days ago for the meeting here, whereupon the Texan left, saying that he was going to Cincinnati for the purpose of closing the sale of some farm land he owned in Hamilton county, and that he would be back in time for the final conference.

But he was not here, and the farmers who gave options are now making an effort to find out what has detained him. Many of them say that they signed their names to papers purporting to preliminaries to the deal.

A Rare Opportunity.

The Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company, of whose property The Herald gave such an interesting account a few days ago, announces in another column that they will place on the market a limited amount of the stock of the company at the low price of 10 cents per share. This is lower than the price at which most copper stocks are started, and will give investors an excellent opportunity to "get in on the ground floor," on a first class copper proposition.

It is the intention of the company to develop its property at once, and if the opinions of reliable experts are at all to be relied upon, the property can be made a shipper from the start, as the best test pits and shafts will, to a great extent, be cut through high grade ore bodies, and the ore taken out in this manner can be at once shipped to the smelter, and converted into cash in a short time, thus making the development work practically self-supporting. This gives the company a great advantage from the start, and also enables them to offer the first issue of treasury stock at an unusually low figure, as it will not require the expenditure of a very large sum of money before cash returns are received.

Assignment of live Lobsters at the Stag Chop House.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Some people can't drink coffee; everybody can drink Grain-O. It looks and tastes like coffee, but it is made from pure grains. No coffee in it.

Grain-O is cheaper than coffee; costs about one-quarter as much.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

STAG CHOP HOUSE.

J. J. WALL. 310 W. SUPERIOR ST.

20 PER CENT OFF

From now to Jan. 13, when I leave for the Merchant Tailors' National Convention at Norfolk, Va., all winter weight business suits and Overcoats will be sold at a reduction of 20 per cent.

M. L. PARKER.

FINISHES ITS WORK

County Board Closes Its First Meeting of the Year.

Old Committees Reappointed and a New One Is Formed.

The Contracts For Printing and Supplies Are Awarded.

The board of county commissioners, when it finished all arguments and figuring, slipped through the work on hand at an amazing speed yesterday afternoon. About 4:30 o'clock the work was all done, and the board adjourned to Jan. 15, when it will consider the bonds of those to whom contracts were awarded.

Before the adjournment Chairman Morcom announced his committee appointments for the coming year. There were no changes in the membership of any of the existing committees. The only change was to take the jail away from the old court house and jail committee, leaving that committee only the court house to handle, and to create a new jail committee, with the following membership: Commissioners Berg, Patterson, Kugler and McInnes. Commissioner Berg was the only one without a chairmanship, and now he is supplied.

The contracts were all awarded. J. L. Thwing got the contract for blank books, Peachey & Lounsberry the contract for printed blanks and stationery, O. F. Collier received the court calendar contract, and Chamberlain & Taylor were awarded the contract for stationery and office supplies.

The printing of the delinquent tax list and the proceedings of the county board will be done by the News Tribune and The Herald will publish the financial statement of the county.

The matter of renewing the liquor license of Delos Stanton in 58-15, aroused a little discussion. Commissioner Kauppi objected to the renewal of the license because, he said, the place invited lumbermen to get drunk, and this bothered their employers. He thought there should be no saloons in unorganized towns where there is no police protection.

Commissioner Berdle said he would rather have one licensed saloon, under the control of the board, than 1000 blind pigs.

Commissioner Patterson said he understood the man ran a thoroughly orderly place, and he thought the renewal ought to be granted.

It was granted.

G. Thompson, the lowest bidder, was awarded the contract for copying the worn-out plats in the office of the register of deeds, at $5 per plat.

The Duluth Humane society was given its annual appropriation of $300.

Joseph C. Helm was reappointed assessor for unorganized territory at a salary of $5 per day.

The board passed a resolution ordering Gustaf, Otto and Adolph Kalkbrenner and Mrs. August Selig to pay $20 per month towards the support of their aged father and mother, who are now in the poorhouse because the children will not support them any longer. If the children do not pay, the county attorney is directed to bring suit against them.

The town of Duluth was divided, as prayed for, and now there is a new town just east of Lakeside, called "Lakewood." It comprises township 51-13.

Commissioners Berdle and Patterson were appointed supervisors of the new bridge over the St. Louis river, which the contract provides must be completed by July 1.

BURNS DAY.

Clan Stewart to Celebrate It January 24 at Spalding.

Clan Stewart never lets the anniversary of the birth of Robert Burns, Scotland's bard, pass without a public observance. This year's festivities will take place on Friday evening, Jan. 24, instead of Jan. 25, and will be held at the Spalding.

The entertainment will take the form that has been customary in the past, a banquet with toasts and music, followed by a ball.

The committee in charge of the arrangements is as follows: Simon Clark, chairman; Colin Thomson, A. T. Park, J. B. Laird, Robert Ferguson, James Elder, W. B. Henderson, Robert Hendry, John McAlpine and John Christie.

Judge William A. Cant will be the toastmaster at the banquet. There will be three responses to toasts, by Mayor T. W. Hugo to "The City of Duluth," by Alexander Milne to "Bobby Burns," and by A. T. Park to "The Ladies."

There will be vocal music by Mrs. Florence Sykes, of Clopnet; Miss McKay, Miss Bessie Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Black and E. W. Phophist.

The music for the dance will be furnished by Planten's orchestra.

This will be the 143rd anniversary of Burns' birth.

AMUSEMENTS.

PRIMROSE & DOCKSTADER.

Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday afternoon Primrose & Dockstader's minstrels will appear at the Lyceum. This is regarded as the greatest minstrel aggregation on the road. During the co-partnership of these two great exponents of the art of minstrelsy the character of their performances has never retrograded, and everywhere they have been warmly welcomed.

"RICHARD CARVEL."

Next Monday evening at the Lyceum Andrew Robson will be seen in "Richard Carvel," the dramatization of Winston Churchill's great novel. The play is said to be one of the most effective transferences of a novel to the stage that has yet been effected. All the beauty of Mr. Churchill's love story and all the dash and hero-clamor of young Carvel have been cleverly extracted from the printed pages and are set forth on the stage in a most attractive and delightful manner.

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

CEYLON TEA

BLACK OR GREEN,

Is the Best Tea On the Market.

Government experts say that it is PURE. Tea experts say that it is WHOLESOME. Housekeeping experts say that it is ECONOMICAL. Why use an inferior article when the best is obtainable?

Finest the World can Produce,

Lipton's

CEYLON-INDIA TEAS

BLACK OR GREEN.

Absolutely Pure, Fragrant and Refreshing

Wholesale Distributors,

Stone-Ordean-Wells Co

IS ON TRIAL.

Robert J. Shields Having His Hearing at Superior.

The examination of Robert J. Shields, of West Superior, who is charged with destroying an alleged fraudulent bill against Douglas county, Wis., after it had been filed with the county clerk, was begun in municipal court at West Superior yesterday afternoon and is being continued today. The case is the outcome of an investigation started in county affairs by the citizens' committee and is exciting much interest. Supervisor Naughton, who is much wanted as a witness in the case, cannot be found, a sworn statement to that effect having been made yesterday by Under Sheriff Frank Sommer.

County Clerk Erickson testified that the bill in question was filed Aug. 20 and was withdrawn three months later by Supervisor Wildner, about an hour before the district attorney asked for it. The county clerk said that it had been customary to permit bills to be withdrawn for correction.

Supervisor Wildner testified that Deputy County Clerk Leader telephoned him that Mr. McIntosh was investigating the bill and that it had better be withdrawn. Mr. Wildner informed Mr. Shields and at the latter's request secured the bill for him. He also testified to a conversation that he heard between Supervisor Naughton and Mr. Shields in which the supervisor, who had sold the bill to Mr. Shields for 80 per cent of its face value, alleged that it was all right, that Supervisor Doble and Anton Johnson, keeper of the workhouse, would O. K. the bill because Doble had just been allowed $300 in claims.

After a little more testimony of this nature, the defendant's attorneys moved for a dismissal of the case, but the motion was denied.

Mr. Shields testified that he had bought the bill in good faith from Supervisor Naughton and that when he heard that there was trouble over the claim he talked with Naughton and was assured by the latter that it was all right. He claims that he was so provoked over the matter that, when he got the bill back, he destroyed it.

Mr. Shields denied any fraudulent intent to gain advantage for himself or anybody else in destroying the bill. He admitted having a conference with Naughton after Wes Jones was arrested for perjury, but denies that he told anybody that he, Shields, had been arrested, that Wes Jones was fixed and would be out of the way before his trial.

Wes Jones, who is wanted as a witness, is also missing, although search has been made for him by the sheriff's force.

ANNUAL BANK MEETING.

American Exchange Re-Elects Directors and Officers.

The annual meeting of the American Exchange bank was held last evening and the entire board of directors and officers were re-elected. The directors are: H. M. Peyton, M. J. Forbes, J. H. Upham, C. A. Congdon, J. D. Ensign, J. C. Hunter and George Spencer.

The directors re-elected the officers, who are as follows: President, H. M. Peyton; vice president, M. J. Forbes; cashier, J. C. Hunter; first assistant cashier, W. G. Hegardt; second assistant cashier, I. S. Moore.

As was noted in The Herald at the time the bank paid a 3 per cent semi-annual dividend on Jan. 2. That was the forty-third dividend paid by the bank. The present statement shows a remarkably fine condition of affairs.

FORECLOSURE LAW.

Radical Change That Went Into Effect Sept. 1.

An act amending the laws in regard to the foreclosure of mortgages was passed at the last session of the state legislature and went into effect last September. The statute as amended reads as follows:

"Every action to foreclose a mortgage heretofore or hereafter commenced on real estate, shall be commenced within fifteen years after maturity of the whole of the debt secured by such mortgage, and said fifteen years shall not be enlarged or extended by reason of any non-residence nor by reason of any payment or payments made or applied upon the debt secured by such mortgage after the maturity of such debt."

This is a rather radical change as heretofore the time at which mortgages could become void was fifteen years from the time of last payment, yet few persons are aware that any change has been made in the laws.

BUY NEW ENGINES

Eastern Minnesota Will Put Powerful One In Ore Hauling.

New Steel Bridge at Stony Brook Junction Nearing Completion.

Residents Along Line Are Anxious For Opening of Reservation.

In line with the announcement that the Eastern Minnesota Railway company will do a heavier ore-hauling business next year from the independent mines than ever before attempted over the road in any previous season, comes the report that the company is, as fast as possible, replacing its lighter engines by others as heavy as the largest ones used on the line during the past year. The engines will weigh seventy tons each and will have a tremendous hauling capacity. It is claimed that one of the big engines will haul a train of forty-five 64-ton ore-laden cars. During the past season a large amount of money has been spent by the company in getting its new ore road cut-off from Stony Brook in condition for heavy traffic, and the roadbed is said to be in fine condition for the ore-hauling that will begin early in the season of navigation.

The officials now feel confident that the roadbed has been made secure over the sinkholes between Stony Brook and the mines that for so many months caused trouble in filling up. It is known that a small-sized fortune has been put in these sinkholes in the way of timber and other material, besides the cost of labor, while the cost of wrecks occasioned at the soft spots has been no inconsiderable sum.

The pier work for the new steel bridge over the St. Louis river about a mile and a half north of Stony Brook Junction is nearing completion, the remaining masonry work to be done being the placing of the heavy capping stones. Some of the bridge material has been forwarded to the river and the rest will follow in good season. The new bridge is to be ready for the ore traffic at the opening of navigation. The structure will consist of two long spans, and in stability will form quite a contrast to the wooden structure that went down under the weight of an ore train last summer.

The next season's ore business will make Stony Brook Junction one of the most important points on the Eastern Minnesota ore road, for all the ore brought from the mines will probably be hauled to Stony Brook, the engines will turn and run back to the mines, while trains will be made up and sent steadily from the junction to the ore docks at Allouez.

The material for the new depot and freight house at Stony Brook, known in the postoffices department as Brookston, has been placed, and work on the new structure will begin within the next few days. Besides the depot, the company has a large water tank, engine house and coaling station at the junction, besides quite large yards containing several miles of trackage. New tracks will also be put down in anticipation of the coming season's business.

The station is located on the Fond du Lac Indian reservation, and this is said to be the only thing that has thus far prevented the establishment of a townsite at the junction point. All along the Eastern Minnesota line the people are anxious for the opening of the reservation, and the settlers are said to have some hope that this will eventually take place, in view of the agitation now being made regarding the opening of other Chippewa reservations. The reservation is rich in timber as well as agricultural lands, and it is believed the opening of the reservation would mean the rapid coming to the front of a region with some of the best resources in this part of the state.

Stony Brook, or Brookston, it will be remembered, was brought to the notice of the county authorities not long ago through the operations of a "blind-pig-ger," who, through the co-operation of the railroad company withthe county attorney, was arrested, brought to Duluth and fined. The railroad company has now, and has had for the past year, a force of several hundred workmen, with headquarters near Stony Brook, and has been interested in keeping the "blind pig" establishments at a distance.

TO STOP IT.

Grocers Take Steps to Prevent Jobbers Selling Direct.

Retail grocers have requested the jobbers to quit selling direct to consumers at wholesale prices.

At a meeting in Odd Fellows' hall last evening this matter was discussed at length and today a committee of retailers is urging the jobbers to sign an agreement.

This move of the retailers will probably do away with the family club system. In the past a number of families have clubbed together and placed large orders for staple groceries with the wholesalers.

The retailers claim that this has cut into their business to a considerable extent and they say that in the future they will not patronize any wholesale house that makes wholesale prices direct to the consumer.

There is apparently no ill feeling between the retailers and the wholesalers, as the jobbers have decided to give a big concert and dance at the Armory on Feb. 7, for the retailers and their employes. This entertainment is planned on a very elaborate scale, and is being arranged by a committee consisting of Charles Phelps, of the Wright-Clarkson company and H. B. Knudson, of the Knudson-Ferguson company.

In speaking of the petition to wholesalers, a prominent retail grocer today said today, that the retail stores were very anxious to see the wholesale grocery business flourish in Duluth, but that it would be impossible to give local jobbers local retail support, if they persisted in entering into competition for the retail trade.

THIN AND THICK.

Good Food Will Do Wonders.

A test was made to see how much a thin person could gain by using Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food. A lady in Warren, Ohio, says: "Some months ago I was so thin and poorly nourished I thought I would see what effect Grape-Nuts would have on me, so I began taking the food regularly for breakfast and began to greatly improve at once.

"I kept track of my weight and found I gained nearly ten pounds in about six weeks, and I have never felt better in my life. Have no more sour stomach, and you may depend I think the food a great success.

"My son noticed he could memorize more readily since he began using Grape-Nuts. Please don't publish my name." (Name can be given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.)

The system will build out the body to its natural size and weight if the stomach can digest the food properly. So when Grape-Nuts food is taken, being really predigested, it quickly goes into the blood and makes, not only tissue and muscle, but particularly nourishes and builds the brain and nerve centers. This comes from the delicate particles of phosphate of potash which is from certain parts of the field grains and incorporated in the food. Its use will prove the truth of the statement.

NOT WORRYING.

Ice Man Not Concerned Over Warm Weather.

The warm weather is already causing the public to wonder whether the ice man is not getting anxious.

The public is a little ahead of time. The ice man does not begin to worry for some time to come. If this were the end of February and the lake was in its present condition he would begin to show signs of alarm, but not now.

The ice crop of Duluth, that is the portion of it harvested for domestic use is largely cut in the latter part of February and in March, often, in fact, entirely in March. The ice man is not therefore concerning himself about the condition of the weather or the lake at this time.

One of the companies will again cut ice from the reservoir during the winter. The water board will charge it double the price paid heretofore, however.

Miss McDowell's Lecture.

The lectures that will be given Saturday afternoon and Tuesday evening by Miss Mary E. McDowell, of Chicago, will be of much interest to all concerned in philanthropic work. She will talk of "Social Settlement Work," a subject of which little is known here, in all probability, and which is nevertheless of great value and influence.

Miss McDowell will speak before the Saturday club at Elks' hall Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock and at the Unitarian church Tuesday evening.

Miss McDowell is a cousin of Mrs. S. L. Frazer and Mrs. Thomas S. Wood, of this city.

FRIENDS OF NOYES

Assert Judge Is Victim of a Conspiracy.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Judge Noyes' friends here still insist that he is the victime of a conspiracy, and that they have not yet given up hope of doing something in his behalf.

The North Dakota senators are preparing a statement to submit to the president and it is said that will be a rather sensational affair.

A prominent member of congress from Iowa, who has been very active against Judge Noyes, is a relative of Lane, the head of the mining syndicate which has been making a bitter fight on the judge.

The feeling between the Noyes and anti-Noyes people in congress almost equals in bitterness that of the rival mining companies.

BOODLERS

In Dutch Army Reported By Socialist Organ.

The Hague, Jan. 9.—The government is disturbed by the appearance in Het Volk, the Socialistic organ of Amsterdam, of charges taken from a Dutch East Indian paper to the effect that the Jambi war, which cost so many lives on both sides, was precipitated by capitalists anxious to seize native petroleum and gold fields near Palembang, Samatra.

It is asserted that prominent officers of the Dutch army and employes of the Dutch government occupying the highest positions, were promised large rewards if the campaign succeeded, and hence connived with the greedy conspirators to bring about the war.

Het Volk, commenting on these charges, says that the government cannot refuse to make the fullest inquiry and to inflict the severest punishment on any officials who may have sold their consciences for gold.

PROHIBITION IN SWEDEN.

Good Templars Admit It Cannot Be Accomplished.

Stockholm, Jan. 9.—Replying to a deputation of Good Templars, Count Wachtmeister, minister of finance, promised legislation for carrying the Gothenburg system a step further.

For the first time the supporters of the great organized temperance movement in Sweden approve a proposition of this kind. They recognize that the question of absolute prohibition does not belong to the field of practical politics, and that in the central local governments public opinion is ripe for effective moderate measures.

Hitherto the prohibitionists have refused to co-operate with sympathizing outsiders whom they classed among moderate drunkards.

IN MICHIGAN.

Officers Elected By the Northwestern Cedarmen's Association.

Menominee—The Northwestern Cedarmen's association had its annual meeting here at Stephenson hotel. Sixty prominent cedarmen from different parts of the country were present and elected the following officers: President, C. H. Wooster, Marinette, Wis.; vice president, R. H. Downing, Minneapolis; secretary, F. H. Gilman Minneapolis treasurer, H. W. Read, Escanaba, Mich.; directors, D. K. Wright, Marinette; J. C. Kirkpatrick, Escanaba; H. S. Gilkey, Janesville; A. D. Watson, Chicago.

A slight revision was made in official weights, and the price of cedar shingles was advanced. Extras star "A" from $230 to $275, standards from $200 to $210.

It is said that Mrs. S. B. Sanderson, whose sensational divorce suit in the Milwaukee courts, a few months ago, is fresh in the minds of the people of this city, will marry a prominent lumberman of Traverse City, Mich., the engagement having been announced a few days ago. Mrs. Sanderson was the wife of a well-known Menominee lumberman, who applied for a divorce, but the courts turned the tables and granted her a decree instead.

Escanaba—Preliminary work has been started at the St. Paul ore dock at Escanaba for the erection of the 1000-foot extension it is proposed to build this winter. The addition will make the St. Paul dock the largest at that port. There are rumors to the effect that the St. Paul people contemplate building another large ore dock at Escanaba within a year or two.

W. J. Anthony, who for thirty-three years has been in the employ of the Chicago & Northwestern machine shops at Escanaba, has retired from his position. He is said to be the only man in the mechanical department of the Northwestern who is eligible to a pension. Mr. Anthony will leave in a few weeks for the West. His residence there will be Douglas, Wyo.



Suffered 20 Years. Cured of Piles.

A. L. Husing, Alma, W. Va., writes: "I suffered frightfully for twenty years from itching, blind and bleeding piles. I tried many remedies without relief; the first application of Pyramid Pile Cure gave blessed relief and part of a 50-cent box cured me completely." For sale by all druggists. Little book, "Piles, Causes and Cure" mailed free. Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

SCHEDULES

For Middle Western College Meets For Coming Season.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—Five managers of athletics in the middle western colleges met in Chicago yesterday to arrange baseball games and track meets for the coming season. They were: George Huff, of the University of Illinois; Dr. Hollister, of Northwestern; Charles Baird, of the University of Michigan; A. A. Stagg, of University of Chicago, and Charles McCutcheon, of the University of Iowa. The meeting was held at the Victoria hotel, and the entire day was consumed in arranging schedules. Coach Stagg announced progress had been made toward the final adjustment of football relations between the two colleges, and stated positively that the Maroons would meet Michigan next fall. A track meet between Michigan and Chicago was arranged for May 17, at Chicago.

The Chicago baseball schedule, as arranged yesterday, follows: April 14, Michigan, at Marshall field; April 26, Illinois, at Champaign; May 3, Illinois, at Marshall field; May 10, Michigan, at Marshall field; May 7, Illinois, at Champaign; May 17, Illinois, at Champaign; May 24, Michigan, at Ann Arbor; June 7, Michigan, at Ann Arbor.

The Northwestern's schedule: April 16, Michigan, at Evanston; May 10, Illinois, at Evanston; May 24, Michigan, at Ann Arbor.

The Iowa schedule: April 17-26, practice games with Rock Island league teams at Iowa City; May 16, Illinois, at Champaign; May 10, Minnesota, at Minneapolis, May 21, Minnesota, at Cedar Rapids; May 24, Ames, at Ames. Besides these games Iowa will play the University of Nebraska, Cornell college, Grinnell, Iowa state normal and Michigan.

The state Iowa track meet will be held in Iowa City on May 25, but no further track meets have been arranged.

Annual January White Goods Sale.

PANTON AND WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

All Jackets at Half Prices.

Great January Sales

¶ The bargain feast of the year, when the winter stocks are shrinking to make room for the more seasonable advance showings of spring goods. There has never been a Bargain Friday in our whole history of as much moment to the economical buyer as tomorrow will be. Every section of the entire establishment offers something at extreme discounts.

¶ The White Sale has been inaugurated under favorable circumstances. The beautiful new goods have awakened the admiration of all lookers, and the sales have been phenomenal, especially in the linen department. This is due to the fact that prices are lower and better than we have offered.

¶ The muslin underwear styles are exceptionally fascinating. There is not a sweat shop article in the whole store. All made in factories with cleanly surroundings, free from smoke and the grime of city life, by happy, clever, well paid operatives whose cheerfulness is reflected in the perfection of their products. We have bought our goods from more than a half dozen of America's largest manufacturers, and our styles are the very newest and best. Our sale is ahead of all others in every particular—time, importance, interest, economy, values, varieties, quantities, sales, satisfaction, results.

¶ Call for these splendid Bargain Friday bargains tomorrow.

Oil Cloth.

18c 500 yards floor Oil Cloth, two yards wide, a good, durable quality, slightly damaged by water—worth 25c to 30c a yard, for 18c a square yard—a notable reduction.

Extra Stove squares—3-9x3-9, damaged on one edge, regular 65c square—to close out, only 25 cents each.

Kersey Skirtings.

75c 54-inch 20 ounce heavy Kersey Skirtings, regular price $1.50—for Bargain Friday special 75c—bonafide, dependable, extraordinary.

Shirt Sale.

25c Broken lines of the following styles—some worth up to $1, all go at 25c each—Men's Top Shirts, jersey fitting, lace cord fronts—Men's and Boys' colored madras and percale Shirts with a pair of cuffs; also a lot of unlaundered White Shirts for men, all at 25c each. Greatest values ever offered in the shirt department.

Handkerchiefs.

3c 100 doz. ladies' and misses' white hemstitched handkerchiefs, regular 5c values, Friday 3c each—hundreds wait and watch for these periodical handkerchief sales; they offer an unusual opportunity for economizing.

Underskirts.

98c Ladies' $1.50 blk. Sateen Underskirts—made full width and deep pleated flounce—all go at 98 cents each.

Wall Paper.

7½c All small lots of Wall Paper that we have only one and two rooms of, at half prices—good, new, stylish papers—some of the best selling patterns—formerly 50c, 40c, 30c, 20c, 15c a roll—now 25c, 20c, 15c, 10c, 7½c—noteworthy bargains.

Women's Slippers.

19c Women's Turkish Toweling, Mules or Bath Room Slippers, in white and colors—value 59c—Friday at 19c—notable saving.

Crockery.

2c Odds and ends of Crockery left from our immense holiday stocks, divided into special lots, and priced to sell at once—remarkable values at $1, 75c, 25c, 15c, 10c, 5c, 2c.

Jackets, Half Price.

Half All ladies', misses' and children's Jackets at exactly half prices, none reserved, prices not altered; a jacket free if you find one that has been marked up before being marked down—rare bargain feast.

White Goods.

10c Nainsooks, Madras, Dimities, etc., extra fine goods—worth from 15c to 25 a yd—hundreds of yds at 10c. Bargain counter 2.

Bargain Friday Bed Spread Bargains.

Full size $1.59 Marseilles Bed Spreads, fringed all around, $2.00 value, $1.59 each

Colored Bed Spreads, pink or blue, fringed all around, $1.75 value, $1 25 each. $1 1/4

333 Satin Marseilles Bed Spreads, pearl hemmed, worth $3.00, at $2.00 each. $2

Full size Bed Spreads, hemmed Marseilles patterns, $1.25 value, 85c. 85c

Bows for the Hair, latest styles--Dolls' Wigs, made with natural hair--Hair Switches for the new style hair dressing.

KNAUF SISTERS,

101 West Superior Street.

Zenith 'Phone 418. Old 'Phone 344-5.

Hotel Northern,

208 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

"Figprune Cereal"

consists of 54 per cent fruit and 46 per cent grain. Makes a highly nutritious and pleasant table beverage for both big and little folks.

ALL GROCERS SELL IT.

SKYLIGHTS, CORNICE,

Gravel Roofing and Sheet Iron Work.

DEETZ & CO.,

408 East Superior St.

Zenith Telephone 703. Long Distance 703

We do all kinds of Hair Dressing Shampooing and Manicuring and handle all the celebrated Hair Dyes. Also a complete line of Masquerade Costumes.

DAHL SISTERS, 216 West Superior St 'Phone 115

New Building—
New Equipment—
Modern in every particular—

Hotel McKay

One block from Union Depot. Convenient to all parts of Duluth. RATES—$2.00 and $2.50 per day.

Duluth Wholesale Supply Company

114 West Michigan Street.

We sell Groceries direct to hotels, restaurants and large consumers at wholesale prices.

SKATING

WEST END RINK

Foot 21st Avenue West. Lanners' Band Tuesday and Thursday evenings. Race Thursday night, January 9th.

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Jan. 9—The barometer is low over Assiniboia and Lake Superior, and high over North Pacific and Gulf states. Pressures are rising throughout the Northwest and are falling in the extreme Southwest. Cooler temperatures prevail in the Red River and Upper Missouri valleys. Light falls of rain or snow occurred at Buffalo, New York City and Portland, Ore., otherwise fair weather continued. A light frost occurred this morning at Jacksonville, Fla.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	36	Medicine Hat	32
Battleford	10	Memphis	48
Bismarck	2	Miles City	34
Boston	36	Milwaukee	34
Buffalo	30	Minnedosa	12
Calgary	38	Modena	24
Charleston	52	Montgomery	34
Chicago	34	Moorhead	24
Cincinnati	42	New Orleans	56
Davenport	30	New York	42
Denver	28	North Platte	32
Detroit	38	Oklahoma	36
Dodge City	42	Omaha	32
Duluth	34	Pittsburg	42
Edmonton	18	Port Arthur	14
El Paso	58	Portland	46
Escanaba	44	Qu'Appelle	20
Galveston	60	Rapid City	28
Green Bay	34	San Francisco	50
Havre	28	Santa Fe	30
Helena	30	Shreveport	48
Houghton	42	Spokane	42
Huron	32	St. Louis	36
Jacksonville	64	St. Paul	36
Kamloops	28	Sault Ste. Marie	30
Kansas City	38	Swift Current	28
Knoxville	52	Washington	38
La Crosse	40	Williston	14
Lander	32	Winnemucca	36
Los Angeles	46	Winnipeg	32
Marquette	36		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Friday. Cooler tonight; fresh winds; mostly westerly.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast official.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—State forecasts for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Friday: For Minnesota—Fair tonight and Friday; slightly cooler in east portion tonight; variable winds.

For Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Friday. Slightly cooler in west portion tonight; variable winds.

The Dakotas—Generally fair with moderate temperature tonight and Friday.

Would Injure Our Ship Owners.

American shipowners who are urging that the navigation laws of the United States be extended to the Philippines are seemingly very shortsighted as far as their own interests are concerned. While it would be pleasant to have all the travel between the islands and this country handled by American vessels, there is a provision in the Paris treaty with Spain which would work disastrously. This provision reads: "The United States will, for the term of ten years from the date of the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty, admit Spanish ships and merchandise to the ports of the Philippine islands on the same terms as ships and merchandise of the United States." The American ship owners who want the navigation laws extended to the Philippines either were not aware of this obligation, or else considered that the decision of the supreme court nullified it, which is not held to be the case by the treasury department. Under these circumstances, the application of our coasting laws to the Philippines, would immediately restrict the carrying trade between the archipelago and the United States to American ships and those flying the flag of Spain. Foreign ship owners would very quickly change the registry of their vessels to that of Spain and would compete with American steamships. As the laws govern the granting of Spanish registry are very mild, imposing a penalty of something like $5 a ton, there would be a big fleet in the trade in a short time. The result would be that American ships would stand no show whatever against their rivals. Just as soon as these facts are realized all further effort to have the laws extended will pe shrd shrdlushdrlu laws extended will be promptly dropped.

Prospect of Penny Postage.

Advocates of penny postage find that the strongest opponent to the measure is Chairman Loud of the committee on postoffices and post roads. He is also opposed to an increase in pay for carriers and delivery mail clerks. On these propositions the committee is about evenly divided. On the question of pneumatic tube service and extension, there is but one expressed sentiment among the members of the committee. All are opposed to passing any tube legislation, so long as the tube contractors persist in asking exorbitant rentals for their service. If these charges are radically reduced and assurances of good service furnished, the committee is disposed to recommend resumption of tube service in New York, Boston and Brooklyn and the extension of the service to St. Louis and Chicago. There has been no definite indication of the intentions of the tube people in this direction. Chairman Loud in quoting from the figures of the postmaster general, says: "The receipts from the sale of 2-cent stamps for the last year were about $60,000,000. Cut that in two and you have a deficit of $30,000,000 to add to the existing deficit in the department. You cannot figure it any other way. Increased expense is being incurred in many branches of the department in the rural free delivery system and in the rapid transportation plans for the mail service, and there is no one who will contend that a cutting of the revenues by the adoption of penny postage can have any other effect than to add to the loss that appears annually in the postal department. That ought to be sufficient argument to prevent any serious consideration of the penny postage bill at this season. Personally I would like to vote for the adoption of penny postage, but I can never do so until the revenues of the department will warrant it." Penny postage is certainly desirable and should become a fact as soon as it can be done without seriously affecting the revenue of the department. Representative Smith and others argue that the time is at hand, owing to reductions made in other branches of the postoffice department. If they can convince congress that this is so, penny postage will be easily secured. There is a strong sentiment in favor of it and the only question is when it can be accomplished to the best advantage.

MEN OF SMALL MEANS.

"The man with small capital has been crushed in his efforts to compete with gigantic masses of corporate wealth," is the remark of a writer in the latest number of the Outlook. The Chicago Tribune, while admitting that there is much truth in the statement, contends that it is misleading. It cannot be denied that there are some industries which have been so completely taken up by great corporations and combines that the man of small capital has no chance to succeed or continue long in them. But this does not prove that there are not many other lines of business in which men of small means have excellent opportunities.

The Tribune makes out a strong case by showing that in Chicago, a city where the tendency toward industrial combination has been as marked, perhaps, as in any other locality, the number of independent manufactories has increased largely during the last ten years. The number of manufacturing establishments in that city, which was 9977 in 1890, had increased to 19,203 by 1900, a gain of nearly 100 per cent.

The fact that men of small means had not been discouraged from going into business for themselves during the ten years when the formation of the trusts and combines had been more frequent than ever before is shown by the fact that the average amount of capital to the establishment was 20 per cent less in 1900 than in 1890. The man of small means is evidently not being crushed out in Chicago, nor is it probable that he has been destroyed as a business factor anywhere to the extent that some economic writers would have us believe.

The Chicago Tribune is supported by good reasons when it says: "The man who wishes to be his own master—to be employer instead of employe—need not despair, even though he have but little capital. He can have his wish if he will keep out of the comparatively small number of industries which demand great capital as a condition of cheap production and confine himself to some one of the myriads of minor industries which do not excite the cupidity of the great manufacturer or attract the attention of the promoter."

AN IMMENSE BUSINESS.

When Edison invented the telephone, he probably had little thought as to the gigantic and vastly useful and important business that would result from its introduction. Few inventions, if any, have had such an important effect on the business world as well as the general public. The rapid growth of this business may be comprehended when it is remembered that a single generation ago no such an appliance as a telephone was in existence, had only been dreamed of as a possibility by Edison and perhaps a few others; yet today there are over a million and a half miles of telephone wires in operation in this country alone, and nearly half a billion dollars are invested in the business. One company alone is said to have 2,278,720 instruments in use, and to employ about 33,000 persons. This company operates over 1500 exchanges, and the other companies have nearly twice that number.

Readers not yet old can remember when the telephone was first considered a wonderful toy and next a luxury; but later and rapidly it became a necessity in every business place and in many homes and if we think of it at all we wonder how we, or the generation before us, ever got along at all without it. The "wizard of Menlo Park" has invented many things, but none, perhaps, of such general, and now indispensable utility, or one on which his fame will so securely rest. He deserves to be the richest man in the country, but is said to be comparatively poor—not an unusual circumstance with inventors. He has been more interested in applying himself to perfecting his inventions than to accumulating money.

ANTI-PISTOL CRUSADE.

The war on the pistol habit is being carried on with increased vigor in the South. This is a pernicious habit that obtains to a much greater extent in the South than in the North, although there are quite a number of people in this section of the country who carry weapons of this character. The Atlanta Journal reports that public opinion in the South has set against this vicious practice more sternly than ever before, and the judges of the criminal courts are laying on heavier penalties for it. A Memphis judge announced some months ago that he would make imprisonment with hard labor the penalty in every case where conviction was had for carrying concealed weapons and that he would not allow the alternative of a fine, no matter how prominent the offender might be. This judge has proved that he meant what he said, for in several instances he has laid it on to "pistol toters" so severely as to make impressive examples of them.

During the past year or two there has been a marked increase in the severity of the punishment visited by Georgia courts upon violators of the law against carrying concealed weapons. The pistol is the weapon that is most frequently concealed, and is used most mischievously, and the concealed pistol is therefore becoming more odious every day in the eyes of the public and the authorities.

Various methods of suppressing the pistol have been adopted. South Carolina has provided that after the first of next July it shall be illegal to sell any pistol in that state that is less than twenty-two inches long and weighs less than three pounds. A pistol of such length and weight would be very hard to conceal, but there is a large supply of smaller pistols in the possession of the people of South Carolina already, mainly among the very classes that are most likely to conceal and misuse them. Still, the South Carolina law may do some good. In other states the sale of pistols is taxed heavily and kept under strict regulation. Permits to buy pistols are required in many communities, and in others a special license must be procured by the person who would carry a pistol.

The many schemes to bring the pistol into disrepute and to discourage its promiscuous and reckless use, together with the growing determination to enforce the law against concealed weapons will bring excellent results and hasten the coming of the day when the man who is known to carry a pistol habitually will be very rare in any part of the civilized world. A great proportion of numerous crimes that have been perpetrated during the recent holiday season is attributed to the pistol habit, and it is natural that the feeling against this vicious practice should have been intensified among law-abiding citizens.

The Creek Indians have astonished the interior department. In fact they have shocked the sensibilities of the officials who, to a certain extent, control the destinies of the red man. The officials of the Creek nation are not satisfied with dealing with the department and they have requested permission for a delegation of Creek Indians to come to Washington for the purpose of negotiating with congress direct for the preparation of a supplementary treaty between the Creek nation and the United States. It is needless to say that the request will be refused by the secretary, who looks upon it as an insult, both to the Dawes commission and to the department, and a direct effort to ignore the department in the preparation of a supplementary treaty. But the secertary cannot prevent Chief Porter and other members of the tribe from coming to Washington and negotiating with congress direct in the preparation of a new treaty, provided the Creeks pay their own expenses. The only thing the secretary can do is to refuse to give them money to come to Washington or pay their board bills while here. This he will certainly refuse. Nevertheless, it is understood that members of the tribe will come regardless of the secretary's decision, and take up the question with members of the committee on Indian affairs of the house and senate. There may be reasons why the Indians want to come to headquarters. At any rate there can be no harm done and they should be given a respectful hearing.

There comes from the United States minister at The Hague a flat-footed statement that all the yarns that have been circulated about the domestic troubles of the queen of Holland and her husband were pure falsehoods, without any foundation in fact. Minister Stanford Newel declared that he has evidence of the falsity of all the charges brought against the prince consort. He denies unqualifiedly the whole story of the duel between Prince Henry and Van Tets. He asserts, as one having authority, that not a cloud has darkened the home life of the royal family of Holland. Every one who takes an interest in Holland's little queen will be pleased to hear this, and yet it is almost conceivable that all the stories could have been concocted without some basis.

Mr. Griggs, who has become an avowed candidate for United States senator from New Jersey in place of the late Gen. Sewell, would at least give to the state a type of representation which it has not had in the upper branch for many years, says the Springfield Republican. He is an eloquent orator and an able lawyer, whatever may be thought of some of his performances when attorney general in the McKinley cabinet. New Jersey senators for years have been more of the boss type exemplified by Sewell and Smith.

"Whether the president favors Nicaragua or Panama is not known," says the Washington correspondent of the Boston Globe, "but it is known that he proposes to have the merits of the Panama proposition very carefully considered by the best talent at the disposal of the government." And the president could take no other attitude and be true to his official self. The amendment offered by Judge Morris to the Hepburn bill would give the president power to choose the best route.

"Carmen pro Invictis" ("Poem for the Unconquered") is the title of a book published for the benefit of Boer women and children in the concentration camps, by Mrs. Wasklewicz, president of the Netherland's women's peace league. It is issued in several languages, and among the contributors are Bjornstjerne Bjornson, Hyacinthe Loyson, Bertram Romilly and Sully Prudhomme.

Certain ladies protested against the use of a bottle of wine at the launching of the battleship Missouri. It must be admitted that wine was hardly appropriate. Red rye whisky would have been more in keeping with the fitness of things.

That everyone should carry a gun is now the preachment of the singer of Fuzzy-Wuzzy and "The White Man's Burden." Mr. Kipling's poem in favor of military conscription is the logical end of his performance as the poet of empire.

Saye the Washington Post: "The people of this country stick stubbornly to the old-fashioned ideas of heroism. They insist upon admiring the men who do the fighting, much as they may deprecate the necessity for it."

The movement at Washington to double the salaries of congressmen is not making rapid progress. The scheme was tried once before, with disastrous results.

An Oklahoma man has been sentenced to ninety-five years in the penitentiary. He probably congratulates himself on escaping a life sentence.

If the St. Paul Pioneer Press can be persuaded not to print a "Spring" editorial, this fine weather may last a few weeks longer.

If Secretary Long does not intend to retire until the people cease wishing he would resign, he will remain in office all his life.

Senator Foraker says somebody has been lying about him. What, when the truth would do as well?

As another step toward one-cent postage, the franking privilege should be abolished.

Did you ever before experience such fine spring weather?

The new century has opened with wireless telegraphy and the dirigible balloon.

CONFIDENCE IN HILL.

Sauk Center Herald: Mr. Hill's statement fully justifies the action taken by him and his business associates in thwarting the purposes of the Harriman interests in their efforts to gain control of the Northern Pacific road, that it might tack it upon the tail of their Union Pacific kite. Who, that has given the matter serious consideration, could for a moment doubt that such a result would be immediately prejudicial to the interests of the Northwest territory traversed by its line? To say that no such condition threatened is to deny the patent situation, and to openly declare that Mr. Hill is untruthful—a very violent assumption. Better, a thousand times better, for Minnesota that there be a community of interests between the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific, than that such a community existed between the Union Pacific and the Northern Pacific—with the Union Pacific in control.

We of the Northwest know Mr. Hill, and have confidence in him. He has been the tremendous power in developing its interest. He has made two rails to grow where it seemed presumptuous folly to think that one—even a rail fence— could flourish before. He has touched vast areas with the magic wand of his prescience, and those areas are shipping twenty bushels to the acre over these rails. Mr. Hill has benefited by it—but not until after the farmer raised the twenty bushels per upon heretofore unaccessible acres. One hundred farmers had to prosper before this one railroad president could share in that prosperity—and he made the conditions possible.

Think of all these things calmly and dispassionately, before passing judgment. Consider what Sauk Center and Western Stearns would have been, must have been, but for Mr. Hill. The immediate reply is that some one else would have done it, if he had not. Very well—in that case the Herald would now be indorsing the prescience of that some one else, instead of Mr. Hill. The principle is the same.

The Heroine in Real Life.

Indianapolis News: That was a very pretty story that came from New York to the effect that a young woman was giving up millions of dollars in order to marry the man she loved, but the story was robbed of much of its romance when the fact was brought out that she would have $15,000 a year anyhow and that she would begin a contest to break her father's will. What these commercial times would like to see would be a young woman who would be willing to begin the battle of life with the man she loved by going into the kitchen and becoming a real helpmate.

Leisure a Pace That Kills.

American Medicine: The mortality of Donothingism according to insurance statistics, is much higher than that of men with serious occupations. It is well known that in certain occupations the death rate is very high, brewers and saloonkeepers, e. g., dying about twice as fast as the average, and butchers, workers in the building trades, glass-workers, miners, chemists and druggists being much above the average. Yet, take these and those of all occupations together and the occupation of the "gentlemen of leisure" is the hardest on life, reported to exceed that of the average by 132 per cent. There is at present perhaps not great danger of an increase of the unoccupied in our country, as our restless energy would prevent, if it were not the fashion of the day to be busy. The truth may be of service to the rich and shows that poverty and even the most injurious work is less dangerous than wealth and idleness. Time has a wise way of ironically killing the time killer.

Who Can Blame Her?

Chicago Inter-Ocean: Sir Robert Ball says the moon is surely edging away from us, and considering the many things that it is compelled to witness, who can blame it?

New Field For Exploiters.

American Analyst: The human body of average weight contains three pounds thirteen ounces of calcium. Calcium, at present market rates, is worth $300 an ounce, so that the amount of it contained in one human body has a money value of $18,300. Few of our fellow citizens realize that they are worth so much intrinsically.

New Jersey Put to the Test.

Washington Post: There is no better test of the quality of a party than the selections it is able to make of the men who may speak for it with authority. The Republicans of New Jersey will be put to an immediate test when they shall fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the lamented Sewell. As the state is, so are its senators.

Trade Offsets Policies.

Portland Oregonian: They put a duty on sugar in Great Britain to raise money for the Boer war, but so lurkishly does Germany pump her bounty-fed beet sugar into Britain that the price keeps coming down in spite of the import tax. To use a Hibernicism, with one hand Germany rebukes England for suppressing the Boers and with the other she contributes bounties to carry on the war. As an exhibit in statesmanship this is wonderful, my masters, wonderful!

A Type of Combines.

Boston Post: The asphalt trust is a typical trust, and so is the manner of its collapse typical of the ending of inflated corporations. It was built upon the accumulated stock of corporations really doing business. For itself the asphalt trust did no business dividends. It owned neither asphalt nor working plant. It was a fiction created for the purpose of preventing competition, maintaining prices and, in short, restraining trade. In this it differed at no essential point from the sugar trust, the tobacco trust, the telephone trust, the steel trust or any other of the modern combinations for monopoly which we designate by the generic name of trusts.

Shadowy Results.

Indianapolis News: It begins to look as if the Pan-American conference now meeting in Mexico will be about as effective for peace as the conference at The Hague.

Greatest of Marked-Down Sales.

Chicago Post: The Panama Canal company is said to have decided that Uncle Sam can have its isthmian property, bag and baggage, for $40,000,000. And it may be added that Uncle Sam knows when to take advantage of a marked-down sale.

Hot Letter Looked For.

Philadelphia Record: Hon. J. Sterling Morton has been appointed to represent Nebraska at the St. Louis exposition. As the distinguished agrostologist is opposed to expositions in general, this appointment ought to be good for a red-hot letter of declination.

THE LOVE AFFAIR OF MISS MARGARET

BY DOLLY GRAY

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

Well, it's all over," said Margaret in the solitude of her room.

She had just returned from mailing a very large packet. The packet contained letters, a man's photograph and a ring. Miss Margaret removed her wraps slowly, listlessly and sank back in the only comfortable chair the room could boast. Hall bedrooms, at best, are never superfluously comfortable. Today there was a blankness about the walls, a meagreness about the furniture that struck upon Miss Margaret's mood with ruthless candor.

Oh, she had meant to be so brave over it! She had meant to face this sorrow with all the calm control of a nature long used to struggles and conquests.

But now—of a sudden the memory of what she had lost swept upon her, with its train of vivid recollections, cruelly sweet, bitterly distinct.

"Oh, how could he have misunderstood me so! But that is the way with men. They cannot, cannot understand."

There was a vacant place on the dresser where his photograph had been. Just now the sight of it smote her heart with a peculiar ache.

"But it's all over, all over!" she repeated grimly. She arose resolutely, went to the window and stood looking out. No cheering prospect, certainly. The back view of a cheap flat building faced her, with its dingy windows, its rows and rows of porches and stairways and its frank dispay of crude discrepancies.

Miss Margaret shuddered. It seemed a symbol of her life. And now it was always to be the same—always! The realization of it overwhelmed her. There stretched before her the dull vista of future days—days all alike in their endless monotony. Each morning she would rise to face the same dreary routine. Down town to the dingy office, back again to the tasteless dinner, then to bed with that ache at her heart. Always, always the same, until she would grow to be an old woman, worn and bowed with the weight of her sorrow. A sour, cynical woman, whom no one loved. All at once Miss Margaret started.

"How selfish I am!"

The thought had darted into her mind, breaking up into little circling eddies the dark waters of her despair. A gleam of light streaked the gloom of her heart's horizon.

She turned and faced the mirror. "Oh, how selfish I am!" Health and strength showed in the strong, pure lines of her face. Miss Margaret was not beautiful, from an artist's standpoint, but she had a certain compliness of feature and expression. Thirty years had left no ugly traces on her smooth brow. Her eyes were young and sweet.

In that moment of illumination a radiant possibility flashed on her sight. She had heard often of that transfiguration which turns a sorrow into a blessing. Why should she not transform her sorrow?

"I will!" Her eyes beamed back at her from the mirror, younger, sweeter than before.

"All the joy and the beauty that I have tasted through this love of mine, all the rapture and gladness that I seem to have lost, I shall try to give to others. I will spend my life in giving happiness. Instead of mourning over what I have lost I will do everything in my power to make possible for others the gladness that was mine at one time. Oh, that will be living!" Her whole being fired with the joy of the thought.

Then she remembered. "But I am not rich—I have no means, no opportunities. Oh, that I had the means of making hundreds, nay thousands, glad of being alive! Oh, for the opportunities!"

She sighed. Then she threw back her head and laughed happily. "I will give what I have to give. Right here in this cheap little boarding house I will live bravely and cheerfully and search earnestly for ways of making others happy, too."

She thought of the dull lives of her fellow boarders and her heart went out to them in a great wave of love and pity. Heretofore she had classed them under one comprehensible adjective—"unconcenial!"—and had treated them with punctilious politeness merely. Now she would—oh, she would make every effort to get in touch with their lives, their sympathies, she would do all in her power to brighten and freshen the heavy, colorless atmosphere that seemed to have settled over the place.

"Why, I am happy already!" she cried.

It was time for dinner and she got out her prettiest, brightest waist and waved her hair back softly from her forehead. She looked anything but heartbroken when she appeared at the table, smiling a good evening to everyone.

After dinner she ran over to the florist's shop on the corner and bought three beautiful roses. These she took in to little Mrs. Dutton, who occupied the smallest, most uncomfortable room in the house. Mrs. Dutton was a widow and worked down town also. She seemed almost childishly glad over Miss Margaret's visit and made no effort to conceal her pleasure when the roses were put into her hand.

"Flowers are just like a little bit of heaven in a room," she said, "I love them so."

Miss Margaret went back to her room with a wonderful glow in her heart. "Isn't it strange!" she mused; "such a simple remedy for the heartache. I didn't believe it possible I could be so happy."

After that it was easy to find opportunities. They were all about her. She seemed to be in a current of opportunities.

The boarders began to speak of her with new interest. "She used to be so self-centered. How she has changed. Why, she is the sweetest, most cheerful person I ever knew." So said the mother of three unruly children, with whom Miss Margaret had made friends. "Those noisy Bindley children," as the boarders called them, became docile and lovable under the influence of Miss Margaret's smiles. They always ran out to meet her when she came home from the office. She seemed to possess some magic charm that created peace and harmony wherever she went.

One evening she sat in the parlor telling stories to the Bindley children, when the front door bell rang. "I'll answer it, Mrs. Martin," she called to the landlady. She went out into the hall, the children clinging to her skirts, and opened the door. The light from the hall fell directly upon the face of the man standing there.

Miss Margaret gasped and fell back, putting out her hands uncertainly.

"Harvey!" she cried.

The man came in and stood beside her. He took both her hands in a strong clasp. His eyes gazed hungrily on her face.

"I was to blame, Margaret," he said.



When Father Tried to Skate.

When father searched the attic through
He brought us down to show
A pair of skates he used to use
Some twenty years ago.
He held them proudly by the straps,
And said with much elate,
"I guess I'll go down tew the pond
An' show ye' how tew skate."

So father put his cowhides on,
And started for the ice;
He screwed the screws into his heels
And strapped them tight and nice.
"I'll show yew youngsters how tew cut
A pidgin wing that's great!"
He cried, and then he started out
To show us how to skate.

He made a bold and rapid stroke,
His arms spread parallel,
And then his feet went in the air,
And with an awful yell
He fell kerplunk down on the ice
And cracked it far and wide;
And bruised himself from head to foot
Until he nearly died.

We carried him into the house,
And laid him on his bed,
"Please sen' fur good ol' Dr. Brown."
My father faintly said.
The doctor came with pills and squills,
And looked both great and wise;
And said my father's case was one
Of too much exercise.

Pa saw a million stars, I guess,
And likewise saw his err;
He let us put those skates away
Without the least demur.
They hang up in the attic now,
Abandoned to their fate;
And never since that fatal day
Has father tried to skate.

—JOE CONE in New York Sun.

Postal Savings Banks.

St. Louis Republic: Advocates of postal savings banks are compelled to answer the objection that the placing of so much money into the hands of government officials would be a temptation to defalcation. During the past fiscal year of the money order department the only loss was $174, this amount being paid to a man who had the same name as the rightful owner of the order. Considering that this branch of the government's business exceeds $1,000,000 a day, it will be hard to find any private business with such a clear record. There is no reason why the postoffice department could not operate a postal savings bank with as little loss.

Deserves Approval.

Koochiching Budget: Representative Morris is firm against the force now being exerted to compel him to fall into line in favor of the park hobby and doesn't need any help, but we cannot refrain from expressing approval of such loyal work. The Sixth district representative is determined that if parks are needed, all sections shall supply the acreage instead of taking off such a huge slice in the center of Northern Minnesota.

Eph'm's Colored Supplement.

Eph'm's er newspapuh man.
Yas, indeed—des so.
He's de janitoh down dah
Fo' dem folks, yo' know.
Epm'm, he don' edit much—
Des sweep out de place.
Den he fix dem 'po'teh's desks—
Clean dem pots er pas'e.

Eph'm—he am sho'ly bright.
Else he wouldn't be
'Mongst dem editohs so much—
Helpin' dem, yo' see.
Lawsy! He's er papuh man,
'Deed en 'deed, dat's right.
Nuffin dat he couldn't do
Ef he thought he might.

Eph'm—he come home las' night—
Doctoh in de do'.
Smilin' inter Eph'm's face,
Say, "Yo' got one mo'."
Eph'm des grin foolish like,
Den say: "'Pears I'a bent
On er bein' up ter date—
Cullud supplement!"

—Baltimore American.

LOWER FREIGHT RATES.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: It is stated upon high authority that in the course of a few days a new tariff will be promulgated by the Great Northern and Northern Pacific largely reducing the freight rates on merchandise along their lines. This tariff is reported to have been in the course of preparation for months past, and its publication and enforcement have been delayed by causes which has been recently removed. If this shall turn out to be the case, what will become of the allegation in the complaint filed yesterday by the attorney general of Minnesota in the supreme court that the combined companies are going to raise rates?

The Millenium Approaching.

Philadelphia Press: If Professor Loeb succeeds in deferring death indefinitely by destroying the death germ, all the diseases to which flesh is heir will sooner or later become innocuous. The grim reaper will then have to depend for his crop entirely upon the "boat-rocking 'dilot," the "didn't-know-it-was-loaded gun" and our friend, the freight car coupling, though the latter is being gradually put out of business.

FLASHES OF FUN.

Chicago Tribune: Anxious Young Man—Camilla, is your love for me absolutely dead?

Beautiful Maiden—It is Philip. I have applied the cyanide of potassium test, and it does not respond.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Two managers are squabbling for the possession of the young violinist who recently came to this country."

"What's the boy doing about it?"

"He doesn't mind. It's all play for him, no matter how it's decided."

Philadelphia Press: "She has improved in her singing and she knows it, too."

"Think so? I noticed it didn't require very much applause to induce her to sing again."

"No, but there was a time when it didn't require any applause at all."

Brooklyn Life: Mrs. Gatterson—You will come to dinner, anyway, Mr. Tutter, will you not? Though I am afraid there will not be many interesting people present.

Tutter (gallantly)—What difference does that make? One is always sure of a good square meal at your house.

Washington Star: "It is appalling to contemplate the effects that this increase in the price of corn may lead to," said the panicky person. "It may lead to something like a famine."

"Worse than that," returned Col. Stillwell solemnly; "worse than that. In my opinion the pangs of thirst are even more terrible than those of starvation."

Boston Transcript: Harris—I say, Charley, you've got a tremendous cold. How in time did you get it?

Thompson—Standing on the sidewalk while Yawler gave me directions how to prevent taking cold.

Chicago Post: "There is nothing like choosing the right time for an argument."

"How so?"

"Well, for instance, this would seem to be a good occasion to put forward the theory that the sun is losing its heat."

A FATHER'S LULLABY.

I.

"Sleep, baby, sleep!"
(Confound the squalling brat!)
"The angels vigils keep."
(You pesky little rat!)
"Thy father is shaking the dreamland tree,"
(As his father did!)
"To shake down little dreams on thee."
(Shut up, you kid!)

II.

"Rest, baby, rest!"
(I'll gag you pretty soon!)
"Safe in your downy nest."
(Here! suck this tablespoon!)
"Thy father is watching his baby wee,"
(Yes! bite your thumb!)
"And mother is coming home to thee."
(Thank God, she's come!)

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Repentence is of more concern than sin.

Great deeds begin where petty acts leave off.

To be in love is to be out of nearly everything else.

Women know better than men how not to know too much.

Women find reflections of themselves on the stage; men in novels.

Every man thinks he can raise vegetables to be more eatable than his neighbors, and every woman thinks she can raise babies to be more healthy than her neighbors, and the man wishes she was as successful with babies as he is with vegetable, and she washes the same thing about him.

A Modern Carol.

Oh, let us all be joyous,
While we may,
Though the scientists annoy us
Every day.
For they agitate the topic
Of these creatures microscopic
'Till we're getting misanthropic,
Old and gray.

So now to drown our sorrow
Let us try,
Lest some microbe on the morrow
Should draw nigh.
Let the song and dancing thrill us,
Let's forget that bacillus
Hopes with all his heart to kill us
By and by.

—Washington Star.

A Dollar on Its Rounds.

Boston Globe: If White owes Black $1 and Black owes Brown $1 and Brown owes Gray $1 and Gray owes White $1, a dollar bill sent the rounds by White will cancel all the debts and at the end White will have the money in his pocket. Pay your bills and the chance is good that this money you set circulating will come back to you.

Uncertainty of Estimates.

Springfield Republican: Estimates of the cost of the Nicaraguan canal, upon which not a spadeful of soil has been dug, should be considered in the light of the cost of the Siberian railroad. When begun, ten years ago, the cost of the line was estimated at $50,000,000 rubles, but a year ago it had already cost 780,000,000 rubles, and it cannot be finished short of a round 1,000,000,000, or roughly, in our money $500,000,000. The Walker commission now thinks the canal by the Nicaragua route could be built for about $180,000,000, but no one should accept the figure as a finality.

Evidences of Good Will.

Kansas City Star: The expressed desire of Emperor William that the daughter of President Roosevelt should act as sponsor for the kaiser's yacht is a compliment that will not be overlooked in this country. It is an unusual manifestation of personal and national good will, and the public aspects of the incident will serve to impress it on the people of both countries. It may readily be understood that the quality of President Roosevelt's personality and official conduct appeals with especial force to Emperor William, perhaps the most direct and positive ruler of Europe.

Strides of the Bear.

Philadelphia Record: It is but three years since Russia took possession of Port Arthur, at the head of Liao Tung gulf, yet the other day there was launched from a shipyard there a 27½-knot torpedo boat. Quick work, indeed, and calculated to create shivers of apprehension among the "Yankees of the East."

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
Friday and Saturday, Jan. 10-11.
Saturday Matinee.
Primrose & Dockstanders
American Minstrels.
Under the Management of Jas. H. Decker.
Prices—Night: Dress Circle, $1; Parquette, $1 and 75; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c. Matinee: Dress Circle, 75c; Parquette, 50c; Family Circle and Balcony, 35c.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. Williams, Owner and Manager.
MONDAY, JANUARY 13.
The Distinguished Romantic Actor,
ANDREW ROBSON
—IN—
RICHARD CARVEL
A dramatization of Winston Churchill's famous novel of the same name by Edward E. Rose.
The original massive scenic production and magnificent costumes that marked the success of this play at the Empire Theater, New York.
Prices during this engagement—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquette, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.
Saturday, Jan 18, Jefferson Anyelle.

Marvelous Growth Of Hair.

A Famous Doctor-Chemist Has Discovered a Compound That Grows Hair on a Bald Head in a Single Night.

Startling Announcement Causes Doctors to Marvel and Stand Dumfounded at the Wonderful Cures.

The Discoverer Sends Free Trial Packages to All Who Write.

After half a century spent in the laboratory, crowned with high honors for his many world-famous discoveries, the cele-



MISS HISLOP, of New Zealand and Her Marvelous Growth of Hair.

brated physician-chemist at the head of the great Altenheim Medical Dispensary, 5263 Butterfield Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio, has just made the startling announcement that he has produced a compound that grows hair on a bald head. The doctor makes the claim that after experiments, taking years to complete, he has at last reached the goal of his ambition. To the doctor all heads are alike. There are none which cannot be cured by this remarkable remedy. The record of the cures already made is truly marvelous and were it not for the high standing of the great physician and the convincing testimony of thousands of citizens all over the country it would seem too miraculous to be true.

There can be no doubt of the doctor's earnestness in making his claims nor can his cures be disputed. He does not ask any man, woman or child to take his or anyone else's word for it, but he stands ready and willing to send free trial packages of this great hair restorative to any one who writes to him for it, enclosing a 2-cent stamp to prepay postage. In a single night it has started hair to growing on heads bald for years. It has stopped falling hair in one hour. It never fails no matter what the condition, age or sex. Old men and young men, women and children all have profited by the free use of this great new discovery. Write today if you are bald. If your hair is falling out or if your hair, eyebrows or eyelashes are thin or short and in a short time you will be entirely restored.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co
INTERIOR FINISH.
This is the time to order your
Storm Sash.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY CHARTER.

ONE.

Amend Section 372 so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 372: When said board shall be ordered by the common council to make any improvements described in Sec. 356 of this charter, it shall cause an estimate of the cost of such improvement to be made by the city engineer, and shall thereupon proceed at once to assess 75 per cent of such portion of the estimated cost of such improvement as is assessable, including 10 per cent upon such amount, which shall be added to the assessment to defray the necessary expenses of making survey, plans, specifications and superintendence, on the property to be benefited by said improvement in proportion as nearly as may be to the benefits resulting thereto, but in no case in excess of such benefits. In making such assessment roll the board shall describe each parcel of property assessed, and the amount assessed against the same, and shall state the name of the owner thereof so far as known to said board. No mistake in, or omission of such owner's name shall in any wise affect such assessment.

If the work shall have been completed before any assessment is made, or if the amount so assessed shall be insufficient to complete the work, said board shall make a final assessment in the same manner to pay the same.

All assessments paid on account of any improvement ordered to be done by contract before the contract therefor is let shall be kept separate in the permanent improvement revolving fund for such improvement until the amount of said fund, available for said improvement, equals that portion of the estimated cost of said improvement that shall be paid from said fund."

TWO.

Amend Section 358 by adding to the end thereof the following:

"Provided, that for the purpose of this section in determining the ownership of the property where any piece of property is owned by two or more owners jointly or in common all such owners shall be counted as one."

THREE.

Add a Section as follows:

"Section 381 a. The same penalties and interest shall be collected by the county treasurer on assessments as upon general taxes, which penalties and interest shall belong to the city and be turned over by said treasurer to the city with the assessments."

FOUR.

Add a Section as follows:

"Section 358 a. The common council of the city of Duluth by a ⅞ vote of all its members shall have power to order the construction of sanitary main trunk sewers when the public health and necessity require it, and the city shall have the power to assess upon the real estate to be specially benefited by the same to defray the expense of such construction, or a part thereof, according to special benefits which accrue to such real estate, without the petition of property owners, provided for in Section 358 of this charter; provided, however, that a sanitary main trunk sewer is hereby defined to be and shall be the main outlet sewer for the drainage of any sanitary sewer district terminating at the point of final discharge of sewerage into St. Louis bay or river, or Duluth or Superior bay or harbor, or Lake Superior, the whole length of which shall be designed and intended as the outlet for lateral sewers and shall not include any other main outlet branch, lateral sewer or any extension of such main trunk sewer."

City Clerk's Office,
Duluth, Minn., Jan. 3, 1902.

I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of the proposed amendments to the city charter of the city of Duluth, submitted o the common council by the charter commission through the mayor of the city, on this date, which amendments are to be voted on at the municipal election to be held in the city of Duluth, February 4, 1902.

H. W. CHEADLE,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 4 to Feb. 4 inclusive. 1902.

MINERAL PRODUCT

Of United States Has Exceeded Billion Dollar Mark.

Iron and Coal Alone Yield Over Half the Total.

Mesaba Range Produced Thirty Per Cent of Iron Ore.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The value of the mineral products of the United States in 1900 exceeded for the first time the billion-dollar mark, according to the geological survey report on mineral resources which has just been issued. The exact figures were $1,067,863,006, as compared with $971,-900,894 in 1899, a gain of $95,702,712, or 9.85 per cent. Iron and coal alone yielded more than half of the grand total, their combined value being over $566,000,000. The statistical summary of the production of the various minerals already has been published. Of the total iron ore output of 27,553,101 long tons, the Lake Superior region, embracing mines in Michigan Wisconsin and Minnesota, produced its maximum output of 20,564,328 long tons, or 75 per cent of the total for the United States. The Mesaba range in Minnesota alone produced 8,158,450 long tons, or 30 per cent of the total domestic product.

The total value at the mines of the 27,-553,101 long tons produced in 1900 was $65,-500,503, as compared with $34,966,077 in 1899, a gain of 90.26 per cent. The average price was $2.42 per long ton, as compared with $1.42 per long ton in 1899, a gain of 70.4 per cent. The lowest price per ton was 82 cents in Texas (where convict labor is an element in mining). The highest price was $3.71 in Colorado. Of 19,053,393 long tons shipped from the Lake Superior region in 1900 only 498,087 tons went by rail. Over 2,500,000 long tons went to furnaces at Chicago and in Michigan and Wisconsin, and over 15,700,000 tons went to lower lake ports, of which the three ports of Ashtabula, Cleveland and Conneaut in Ohio, received more than 9,000,000 tons. The report shows that pig iron production in 1900 increased 1.24 per cent in tonnage and over 6 per cent in value over the record-breaking year of 1899. The total steel production was a decrease of over 450,000 long tons from 1899.

The most important gain in gold production were in the Seward peninsula of Alaska, the Cripple Creek district of Colorado, and in Arizona. The yield for the year was valued at $79,171,000, a gain of $8,-117,600 over 1899.

The silver output was of the commercial value of $35,711,140. The report notes great activity for the year in old and new copper properties.

In 1899 the production of coal in the United States exceeded for the first time that of Great Britain. In 1900 the lead over Great Britain was much increased, thus fixing the United States firmly in the first place among the world's producers. Next to this the most interesting feature of the production of 1900 was the marked increase in value compared with the increase in tonnage. The production in 1900 was 269,881,827 short tons, valued at $386,874,-264. The increase over 1899 being more than 16,000,000 tons in amount and more than $50,000,000 in value. The strike in the anthracite region cut short its output by probably 5,000,000 tons and cost the miners something over $10,000,000 in wages, and the strike in the Cumberland region decreased Maryland's production about 700,-000 long tons as compared with 1899. The advance in value of bituminous coal was unprecedented, the average price per ton having risen from 87 cents in 1899 to $1.61 in 1900. The exports of coal in 1900 amounted to only a little over 3 per cent of total product, and the imports were still smaller.

Fully 95 per cent of the total coke production in 1900 of 20,533,348 short tons, an increase of 864,779 tons over 1899, was taken from the Appalachian fields, which embrace the great coking regions of Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Alabama, Virginia and Tennessee. The average value per short ton of coke at the ovens in 1900 was $1.76; in 1900 it was $2.31.

The crude petroleum production exceeded all records, a large increase being especially noted in West Virginia, California, Ohio, Indiana and Texas. The Texas development was chiefly in 1901. Over from the Appalachian and Lima-Indiana 91 per cent of the total production came fields. The indications for 1901 are for a largely increased output of petroleum over 1900.

"MILLIONS IN IT."

Scene of "The Gilded Age" Sold to Capitalists.

Knoxville, Tenn., Jan. 9.—Deeds to 20,-000 acres in Fentress county have been transferred from the owners, J. F. Spencer and others, to Chicago, New York and Philadelphia capitalists. The land contains coal deposits and heavy timber, and the new owners propose to organize a syndicate for its development, intending to spend at least $1,000,000. The property lies about seventy-five miles from this city. It was once owned by Mrs. Clemmons, the mother of "Mark Twain," and includes the Clemmons homestead, which was chosen as the scene for the famous humorist's novel, "The Gilded Age." The purchase price of the land was over $100,-000. It is on the Obed river, from which Twain's mountain town in "The Gilded Age" called Oberstown was named.

SEWED UP HIS MOUTH.

Pauper Thankful His Plan of Starvation Miscarried.

Dublin, Ind., Jan. 9.—Jeremiah Peabody, an aged and infirm inmate of the Tipton county almshouse, has adopted a most ecullar method of starving himself to death. He recently became dissatisfied with the food placed before him, so he decided to sew his mouth together to keep from eating. He procured a darning needle and some heavy thread and took eighteen stitches through his lips. He was discovered in a serious condition. The stitches were cut and Peabody appeared very thankful to be able to use his mouth once more, and partook exceedingly of some food. The physicians believe blood poisoning will result from the wounds.

INSANITY IN ENGLAND

Said to Be Result of Relatives Marrying.

London, Jan. 9.—Increasing insanity, supposedly due to consanguineous marriages, resulting in a reduction of population in numerous rural parishes, is the latest and most disturbing phase of the exodus from the country to the cities in England.

Physicians and clergymen in several widely separated counties are writing to the London press urging the government promptly to attempt to grapple with the problem. One rector says that 90 per cent of the burials in his parish last year were persons tainted with insanity.

Dr. A. F. Tredgold, Guildford, Surrey, late insanity expert to the London county council, joins in the outcry against

MUNYON'S WITCH HAZEL SOAP
MAKES THE SKIN SOFT AS VELVET

It is the Best Toilet Soap made. A wonderful skin curative. Best for the complexion. Best for the bath. Best for the baby. Best for the hair. Large cakes 15c. Trial size 5c.; all druggists'. Munyon's Remedies are positive cures. Advice and Guide to Health free by mail.

Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.
MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

marriages of relatives, and asserts that the existence of the country population is at stake. He suggests that if legislation cannot be passed prohibiting the union of persons predisposed to insanity some means ought to be found for infusing fresh blood into the rural districts.

MONEY CANNOT BE FOUND.

Scandal In Police Department at Des Moines.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 9.—A serious scandal has been stirred up in the Des Moines police department, owing to the alleged defalcations of funds raised at a recent benefit entertainment and entrusted to the care of a committee of the department.

Mayo Hartenbower has ordered a rigid investigation into the facts. The balance reported from the entertainment was $1011. It is charged there is a defalcation of about $300.

Detective Joseph Connolly has been suspended pending an investigation, and also Patrolman Hugh King and Night Captain James Livingston. In case the shortage is traced to these officers, and others who are suspected, there will be an extensive lopping off of heads in the department.

PAN-AMERICAN RECEIVER

Winding Up Affairs of Buffalo Show Company.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 9.—A receiver has been asked for to settle the affairs of the Pan-American exposition. Foreclosure proceedings were instituted against the Pan-American Exposition company Tuesday for the recovery of $150,000 yet due on the $2,500,000 first mortgage bonds. Besides the exposition company, all the individuals or firms who have claims or judgments against the exposition are named as defendants in the suit in the supreme court.

INCREASE IN EARNINGS

Of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern.

St. Paul, Jan. 9.—About three months ago the prediction was made that the Great Northern and Northern Pacific would earn between them ten millions more this year than in any previous year of their history. This prediction did not tell half of what is actually occurring.

According to figures secured today, it is shown that the Northern Pacific alone, in six months, has increased its earnings nearly half that sum, and that the combined increases of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern reach nearly eight millions. With six months still to hear from, financiers do not like to make guesses for fear people will look upon them as extravagant. It would surprise no one, however, if the increases of the two roads reached $14,000,000.

For the first six months the total gross earnings of the Northern Pacific have been $22,886,321, an increase of $4,773,463. The estimated earnings for December are $3,345,294, an increase of $693,200. The fourth week's gross earnings were $952,-365, an increase of $210,414. When the completed figures for December are compiled it will probably swell the increase for six months to five millions.

CHANGES IN BANKS

By Which Gen. Pope Assumes a Cashiership.

St. Paul, Jan. 9.—Gen. E. M. Pope, who retired Tuesday from the office of public examiner, has been elected cashier of the State Bank of St. Paul, and treasurer of the Citizens' Savings bank, located in the same building, at the corner of University avenue and Wabasha street.

Gen. Pope takes the place of J. C. Jensen, who has resigned.

Mr. Jensen is to go into a general law practice, but will retain his holdings of stock in the banks.

MISS VIRGINIA GRANES

Tells How Hospital Physicians Use and Rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Twelve years continuous service at the sick bed in some of our prominent hospitals, as well as at private homes, has given me varied experiences with the diseases of women. I have nursed some



MISS VIRGINIA GRANES,
President of Nurses' Association, Watertown, N.Y.

most distressing cases of inflammation and ulceration of the ovaries and womb. I have known that doctors used **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** when everything else failed with their patients. I have advised my patients and friends to use it and have yet to hear of its first failure to cure.

"Four years ago I had falling of the womb from straining in lifting a heavy patient, and knowing of the value of your Compound I began to use it at once, and in six weeks I was well once more, and have had no trouble since. I am most pleased to have had an opportunity to say a few words in praise of your Vegetable Compound, and shall take every occasion to recommend it."—MISS VIRGINIA GRANES.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has stood the test of time, and has cured thousands.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address, Lynn, Mass.

ROW ONLY STARTING

End of the Normal School Difficulty Not In Sight.

Governor Van Sant Now Wants to Stop the Controversy.

Attempt Will Be Made to Freeze Out Director Phelps.

St. Paul, Jan. 9.—The Globe says: The normal board-board of control racket is not fairly started yet, despite the supreme court decision. There is every direction that there is considerable fun in the background as yet, and that another week will see things doing, in comparison with which the past rumpus has been child's play.

Things have arrived at that point where Governor Van Sant and his friends feel that something must be done to stop the controversy which has arisen, and some heroic measures are to be attempted.

While Governor Van Sant kept his hands out of the fight from the first, he really favored the board of control. Mr. Morey, although a member of the normal board, also favored the board of control, of which board he had been an original member. When the supreme court decided against the normal board, to the great surprise of that body and to the large majority of lawyers in the state, the governor and Mr. Morey were pleased. Several members of the normal board were not pleased, and said so, but most of them, whether pleased or not, saw the inadvisability of keeping up the agitation, and deemed it best for the normal board to quietly submit to the board of control. This was the program: At the meeting to be held on March 1 it was agreed that the board should gracefully accept the result of the decision and align itself with its new definition with as little friction, outwardly, as possible.

But the agitation has not ceased. Certain members of the normal board have been saying things, and saying them in straightforward fashion. The members of the board of control have been forced into saying things also, and this has not tended to bring the controversy to a close.

Governor Van Sant and his friends have come to the conclusion that the argument is becoming too acrimonious, and that its further discussion will be of no advantage to his administration. He is fearful of the result of a bitter agitation that may be enkindled if the controversy is not immediately ended. To this end he has decided to adopt the tactics employed by President Roosevelt to stop the Schley-Sampson controversy. He intends now to use or to attempt to use, heroic methods in quelling the insurrection. Those members of the normal board who are inclined to kick are to be told point blank that they must keep still, or that their resignations will be very acceptable to his excellency.

Director Phelps, of Duluth, has been the thorn in the side of the governor, his friends, and those on the normal board who were for peace. Director Phelps, the father of the normal board, has been the press agent of the insurgents from the beginning. Most of the trouble between the boards has been aided and abetted by this vigorous, outspoken member. Director Phelps is to be told to quit talking. Having been a member of the normal board before half the present members were born, and having taken a leading part in the development of the normal schools of the state, he is not disposed to heed this dictum. Indeed he has said straight out that he has no intention of resigning under fire, to please those who are afraid of political consequences.

The other day Mr. Phelps gave out a caustic interview referring to the board of control being made up of the commonplace sort of men, not one being up to the average in intelligence or business ability.

Governor Van Sant is said to have turned fourteen colors when he read this, and to have said things under his breath.

Director Phelps is willing to let the matter rest as being "up to the governor."

Director Phelps from the first was vigorously opposed to the board of control dictation, and did not believe that the normal board should give in an inch. When the normal board voluntarily surrendered to the board of control, and in doing so lost its main chance for independence, Director Phelps felt that it was a mistake, and cited it as another evidence that the normal board was gradually passing up its usefulness. As the patriarch of the board he has always stood for the board's complete independence.

The disintegration of the board and its influence, began when Director Mitchell, another of the fathers of the normal schools of Minnesota, resigned in disgust because of the political dilly-dallying which was fast making the board ridiculous in the eyes of the public. Then Governor Van Sant filled the vacancy by appointing Alvah Eastman, Mitchell's bitter enemy. This left Director Pheips practically alone in the fight against the influence that favored diplomacy rather than the stand for independence. There is no denying that the board has been embarrassed by Director Phelps' attitude and hampered by his objections. But the normal school people feel that Director Phelps was right from the start, and that if there has been any recreancy it has been on the part of those members who were willing to give in to the demands of political exigencies.

Whether Director Phelps can be driven out, or froze out, remains to be seen. He has never been found wanting in fighting qualities, and it is not likely that he will now that he feels he is absolutely in the right.

Members of the board, supposed to be in harmony with the administration schedule, have been approached on the proposition to freeze Pheips out, and, unless decided opposition develops, the governor will try to make Director Phelps see that it will be best for him to go 'way back. The expressions of Governor Van Sant's organs and the statements of his official friends prove beyond question that the governor wants to oust Phelps. Director Phelps will hardly submit tamely to this program, and a lively fight is possible.

"LOVE AND LATIN."

Juniors at the Iowa University Are Wedded.

Iowa City, Iowa, Jan. 9.—The University of Iowa is the only prominent co-educational institution that encourages marriages between students. When President MacLean was recently asked to express an opinion as to the propriety of the action of the University of Chicago in expelling a lady student who fell a victim to the chubby little god with a quiver, he replied that Michigan, Chicago and other institutions might keep on expelling students for such offenses as long as they liked, but that the University of Iowa would never frown upon Cupid.

Margaret Allie Tobin, of Fort Dodge, and Harlow Munson Pratt, of Kolo, were married last week at the bride's home and welcomed back to the university this week, where they are continuing their studies in the classical course together. They are two of the most popular members of the junior class. Two years ago Miss Tobin, a graduate of the state normal school, entered the university. She met Mr. Pratt at the study rooms of the general library and he observed that she was greatly perplexed by her latin translations. He translated the lesson for her and from that time their acquaintanceship passed the friendship stage. As Miss Tobin put it, they finally "loved each other so hard they couldn't wait," and obtained permission of the university authorities to wed.

Pratt has an income of her own and Mr. Pratt is well-to-do.

I Can do all My Own Work

"I feel it my duty to tell you what your medicines did for me," writes Mrs. Blanche Marshall, of Whiting, Jackson Co., Kansas, Box 139. "I was severely afflicted with kidney trouble and female weakness. In less than three months the trouble became so bad I could hardly walk around the house. I suffered almost everything. Seeing your advertisement in our paper concluded to write Dr. Pierce. After receiving your kind advice I immediately began taking your medicine. After taking two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' alternately with two of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and using one box of 'Lotion Tablets' I am entirely cured. I can do all my own work without any trouble. I take great pleasure in recommending Doctor Pierce's medicines to all suffering women."



THE DAKOTAS.

Man Smashed a Window to Secure Medical Attendance.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—Frank Whittig pleaded guilty to a charge of malicious misdemeanor in Judge Glaspell's court and was given one day in jail. Whitig smashed a window in Kirk & Allen's store about three months ago and said he did it in order that he might receive medical treatment. He was bound over to the district court and has been in jail ever since. He is a stranger here. Harvey Stack was acquitted in a charge of grand, preferred by Frank Eddy, who alleged that defendant stole a watch from him.

George Hoffman left Jamestown for Hamilton, Mont., without settling with his landlady, Mrs. W. Goodrich, to whom $25 was due. He was nabbed by Sheriff Bogue at Bismarck, and paid the bill.

Kensal, in the northern part of Stutsman county, is enjoying a healthy building boom. The H. N. Tucker company, with a capital of $30,000, will engage in the machinery business. A new state bank, with a capital of $10,000, will commence business in a short time, and many improvements are being made.

Hillsboro—Mrs. Fred L. Goodman, wife of the mayor of this city, died suddenly Wednesday afternoon of paralysis of the heart. She was born at Poultney, Vt., and had resided here since her marriage, fourteen years ago. She was prominent in religious and philanthropic work. The remains will be taken East for burial.

Fargo—Another suit has been started against Cass county to prevent the collection of the assessments by the drainage board for the Argusville drain. Plaintiffs will endeavor to have the $50,000 bond issue declared null and void on the ground that the law under which the county commissioners appointed the drainage board has been annulled and repealed.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—The family troubles of William Schaetzel and wife, prominent residents of Sioux Falls, have been ended in the divorce court. Judge Jones, of the circuit court has granted Mrs. Schaetzel a divorce on the ground of cruelty. A voluntary appearance by attorney was made by the defendant, but he offered no testimony in his own behalf.

The police authorities of Sioux Falls find themselves in a peculiar predicament. There is no way to punish offenders against the ordinances of the city. The death of Justice W. H. Witney a few weeks ago left a vacancy which has never been filled, as it would require the calling of a special election at much loss to the taxpayers. Now Police Justice Fowler is sick, and there is no justice before whom city police cases can be taken, as the county justices of the peace are without jurisdiction.

The following persons have been discharged from bankruptcy in the United States court, and all claims against them have been cancelled: DeWitt Cochran, of Clark; Henry Stienhauer, of Aberdeen; Heinrich Schneider, of Hutchinson county; Ole Svang, of Dayton, Lincoln county; Charles Bradley Hamilton, of Sioux Falls, and William Marshall, of Castlewood.

Bon Homme—The old Sacred Heart church, which since early territorial days has been a landmark, is to be sold Feb. 1 to the highest bidder.

Clark—By the payment of $5, a young man appeased the wrath of the mother of a girl with whom he had eloped, and whom he married as soon as the necessary license could be obtained.

An Enjoyable Ride.

You appreciate the best of everything when you travel, and this you never fail to obtain when your tickets read over "The Northwestern Line." This is especially so when taking the Twilight Limited to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater. Observation and dining car, beautiful parlor car with large upholstered chairs, entire train wide vestibuled, heated with steam, brilliantly illuminated with Pintsch gas, comfortable and as cozy as your own home.

Tickets for this train can be purchased at city ticket office, 405 West Superior street, or at Omaha railway depot, foot of Fifth avenue west.



Johnson & Kaake
DENTISTS.

Best Set of Teeth $10.

Our offices are equipped with all the latest electrical appliances for performing dental operations in a speedy and painless manner. Examination Free and all work Guaranteed.

Painless Extracting.....50c — Gold Crowns (22k) $7.00
Porcelain Crowns.....$5.00 — Gold Filling up from $1.50
Silver Fillings up from 75c.

Open Sundays 10 to 12. — Mesaba Block. — Zenith Phone 168.
407 West Superior Street, — Duluth, Minn

RAILROAD IN CHINA

American China Development Company to Build a Line.

Will Connect With Road Built By Belgian Syndicate.

Opens Provinces Rich In Agriculture and Mineral Wealth.

New York, Jan. 9.—The announcement is authoritatively made that the American China Development company has been organized on a firm basis and that an official demand has been made on the Chinese government for the issue of bonds against the construction of the Hankow-Canton railway, which has been undertaken by the company. A board of directors has been chosen, consisting of Messrs. August Belmont, Pierre Mali, Frederick W. Whiteridge, Charles A. Whittier and William Barclay Parsons, of New York, and Col. Albert Theis and Joseph De Volder, of Brussels. Mr. Parsons is president, Gen. Whittier is treasurer, and W. K. Bryce is secretary of the company. The necessary funds have been subscribed by the stockholders with which to begin the construction of the first section of the road and the money has been deposited with J. P. Morgan & Co., the companies bankers.

It is said that a general manager will be dispatched to China during the present month to make the necessary preparations for beginning work and that construction will follow shortly thereafter.

The Journal of Commerce says: "The American China Development company will take up the work of construction, continuing the road from Hankow or, more properly speaking, from Wuchung, on the southern bank of the Yang Tse, southward of Canton. Connecting with the line under construction by the Belgian syndicate, and, apparently, having a friendly understanding with the projectors of that enterprise, the American line will furnish the southern section of a great trunk road, extending from the capital to Canton, the great port on the China sea. At Pekin connection will be made with the Chinese Imperial railroad, where its northern arm joins with the Manchurian branch of the trans-Siberian road in the neighborhood of New Chwang. Direct rail communication will thus be provided between Canton and the great capitals of Europe. The provinces to be traversed by the American line have a population twice as great as that of the United States and are rich, both in agricultural and mineral wealth. The development of an important coal mining region in the province of Hunan and other demands of local traffic will require the construction of branches which will bring the total length of line between Hankow and Canton up to about 900 miles. From Canton it is intended to extend the line to a point on the main land opposite Hong Kong, a piece of construction extending over 30 miles, which an English syndicate is understood to be ready to undertake.

"Following the analogy of the Lu-Han line, the Hankow-Canton railroad will be known as the Yueh-Han railway, Yueh being the literary name of Canton. The road will cross or reach the fertile and well-developed provinces of Hupeh, Hunan, Kiang Si, Kwang Si and Kwang Tung and will doubtless serve their various provincial capitals, with branch lines for tributary traffic. The chief products of these regions consist of tea, silks, cotton, rice, millet and other cereals, leaving to be taken into consideration later the extensive mineral deposits, which are as yet all but untouched."

REDS WILL GIVE UP.

Indians on Chippewa Reservation May Vacate Lands.

Deer River, Minn., Jan. 9.—The Minnesota reservation matters are warming up to a popular campaign. Citizens of Cass Lake are more interested in getting the reservations opened to settlement than any other people, as their city is located on a small piece of land in the very heart of the red man's land and is consequently wholly without commercial or industrial support.

The Indians as well as the whites have been quietly figuring on the subject, and they have conclude dto ask for their "rights." In short, the Minnesota Indians are going to ask to be made free and independent citizens and relinquish in full all titles to their lands.

This information was elicited from a half-breed, Charles A. Wakefield, who is well educated and does most of the writing for the Indians. Mr. Wakefield says the Indians feel the longer they are handled as at present the more they will be robbed, and they want to be paid in full what will be due them, reserve 160 acres for each head, and get the reserve opened to settlement. Mr. Wakefield started out among the reds with a petition to this effect and he feels confident that almost every one of them will sign it.

The Herald's "want" columns continue to grow in volume and in usefulness. This is conclusive evidence where to obtain the best results.

Buy a Hair Brush Now!

We must reduce our stock quickly and have cut prices to accomplish that end.

Best Brushes Made.

The 50c kind for—
35c and 25c
The 75c kind for—
65c and 50c

See them in our window.

BOYCE'S DRUG STORE.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

PIPE DREAMS

People who take morphine and opium have them.

Their dreams are only dreams, but the after effects are most awful realities.

Nerve murder—nothing less.

Opiates take all the vitality out of the nerves.

PALMO TABLETS

will restore the worst wreck ever laid low by these drugs, alcohol or abuse, to perfect mental and bodily health.

They cure all kinds of nerve decay.

We refund your money if they fail.

50 cents, 12 boxes for $5.00.
Guaranteed. Book free.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

STOP IT! YOUR HAIR IS FALLING. You may be absolutely bald within a year. You can save your hair by using

Coke Dandruff Cure

It allays the itching, cures dandruff and promotes a vigorous, healthy growth. Get the genuine--imitations are worthless. Sold by druggists the world over.

Coke Shampoo and Toilet Soap

is unequaled for beautifying the complexion and shampooing the hair. A DELIGHTFUL TOILET REQUISITE.

A. R. BREMER CO., CHICAGO.

SYPHILIS

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Blood Poison permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address

COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
353 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

THE CLOSE WAS WEAK

Wheat Market Opens With Much Strength But Loses It.

Moisture Badly Wanted In the Winter Wheat Country.

Cables Higher and the Continent Reported Buying Wheat.

Duluth Board of Trade, Jan. 9.—The wheat market opened higher this morning and soon afterward had recovered all of its lost serength, but it failed to hold and finally closed lower. One of the factors in the early strength was the morning and ruled firm with a bullish tendency. One of the factors was the lack of moisture in the winter wheat country. The foreign cables were higher, and the continent was reported buying wheat, while there were indications of a large short interest at Chicago which covered heavily.

The Liverpool market was 3/4d higher. Antwerp unchanged and Paris 1/2c to 1/2c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat aggregated 630,000 bus, last year 474,000 bus. Shipments, 188,000 bus, last year, 246,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 103,000 bus.

Corn was weaker, the May option in Chicago declining 3/4@3/4c. May oats declined 1/4@3/4c. Primary receipts of corn aggregated 369,000 bus, last year 750,000 bus. Shipments, 387,000 bus, last year, 386,000 bus. Clearances, 16,584 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 591 cars, and at Chicago, 22, a total of 323 cars, against 853 last week and 339 last year.

Trading in the Duluth market was quiet. The market opened 1/4c higher at 81 1/2c, advanced to 81 3/4c at 9:25, fluctuated between 81 3/4c and 81 1/4c for some minutes, and then fell again to 81c at 10:50. From there it rallied to 81 3/4@1/2c, fell again to 81c at 12:12, advanced again to 81 3/4c, fell to 81c at 12:40 and closed at 80 5/8c. This was a decline of 3c for the day. Chicago and Minneapolis both declined.

Cash business was light, aggregating 20,000 bus. The price advanced 1/4c to 3c under May for No. 1 northern, 3 1/4c under for No. 2 and 5c under for No. 3.

Flax was very active and weaker. The opening of the May option was 1/4c off at $1.71, it sold down to $1.68 1/2, rallied to $1.70, and then fell to $1.67, a decline of 4 1/2c. To arrive seed declined the same and cash and January the same. Oats fell 1/2c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard—Cash and to arrive, 76 1/2c. No. 1 northern—Cash and to arrive, 77 5/8c; May, 76 1/2c. No. 2 northern, 75 3/4c. No. 3 spring, 72 5/8c. Oats, 46 3/4@46 3/4c. Rye, 61c. Barley, 39@48c. Flax—Cash and to arrive, $1.62; January, $1.65; May, $1.57. Corn, 65c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 26c; last year, 26; oats, 1; rye, 4; barley, 1; flax, 4. Receipts—Wheat, 48,162; oats, 1665; rye, 1351; barley, 2638; flax, 13374. Shipments—Flax, 22,321.

SKIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2000 bus	$ 0.78½
No. 2 northern, 7 cars	76½
No. 2 northern, 2000 bus	76
No. 3 spring, 1 car	73
No. 3 spring, 1 car	72½
Rejected, 2 cars	73½
Oats, 1 car	46¾
Oats, 1 car	46¾
Oats, 1000 bus	46½
Flax, 1 car in store	1.62½
Flax, 2 cars cash	1.67
Flax, 6450 bus to arrive	1.67
Flax, 1000 bus to arrive	1.65½
Flax, 3 cars to arrive	1.65

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened With Strong Tone and Advanced.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—Dry weather was again one of the leading bull factors at the opening of the wheat pit today. The winter country continues to cry for moisture and the Southwest markets advanced prices. Then, too, shorts were disappointed over the way Liverpool followed our markets today and covered heavily. Indications were that this market is heavily short. May opened with a strong tone 1/4c to 1/2c up at 83 3/8c to 84 5/8c and at once advanced to 84 3/4c, the present crop record. A great deal of selling for profit was done at this figure, but trade all around was big and after small dips the market held its price well around 84 5/8c. The continent was reported buying wheat and the pit took on the appearance of a commission house market largely controlled by the outsiders. Local receipts were 22 cars, none contract; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 591 cars, a total for the three points of 523, against 853 last week and 339 last year.

At the high prices some of the early buyers began to sell wheat to secure profits. May declined rapidly and closed weak 3 5/8@3/4c lower at 83 5/8@3/4c.

Corn opened steady and grew firmer in sympathy with wheat. Trade was moderate to start with, but on the advance heavy selling orders were put in the pit and brough a small reaction. Liverpool was slightly lower on poor cash demand. May opened unchanged to shade higher at 67 3/4c to 67 5/8@1/4c, and sold to 68 5/8. There was a dip to 67c, but at the end of the first hour the price was 67 3/4c. Receipts, 159 cars.

Corn felt the influence of wheat and closed weak at the bottom for the day, 5@7/8c off at 66 5/8@1/4c.

Oats opened strong with a heavy trade on the bull movement in July options. Offerings were very small and several large professionals took on long lines. July soon advanced 1c over last night at 42 5/8c. May had some demand, but was comparatively neglected, opening shade to 1/4@3/8c up at 47c to 47 1/4c, selling to 47 3/8c on the July strength, but easing again to 47c. Receipts, 119 cars.

Provisions were firm at the beginning and slightly higher with grains and better prices for hogs. Heavy sales of lard were reported but made little impression on the market. May pork opened 7 1/2c to 10c up at $17.35 to $17.37 1/2 and sold up to $17.40 May lard 2 1/2@5c to 5@7 1/2c up at $9.97 1/2 to $10.00, and May ribs 2 1/2@5c higher at $8.82 1/2.

Close: Wheat—January, 79 5/8c; May, 83 5/8@3/4c; July, 83 1/4c. Corn—January, 63 1/4c; May, 66 3/4@5/8c; July, 65 3/4@7/8c; September, 65c. Oats—January, 46c; May, 46 5/8c; July, 41 3/4@7/8c; September, 33 3/4@3/4c. Pork—January, $16.87 1/2; May, $17.27 1/2; July, $17.35. Lard—January, $9.77 1/2; May, $9.92 1/2; July, $10. Ribs—January, $8.45; May, $8.77 1/2. Flax—Cash northwestern, $1.67; May, $1.70. Rye—January, 66 1/2c; May, 70c; July, 68c. Barley—Cash, 58@66c. Timothy—March, $6.60. Clover—March, $10.15. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 87 1/2@88 1/2c; 3 red, 84@86c; 2 hard winter, 81@83 1/2c; 3 hard winter, 80@82c; 1 northern spring, 83 1/2@83 3/4c; 2 ditto, 80 1/2@81 1/2c; 3 spring, 77@80c. Corn—No. 3, 62 1/2@63c. Oats—No. 2 47@47 1/4c; 3, 47c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

J. F. Harris, of Chicago: The high opening naturally brought selling orders in wheat. Local crowd the best buyers. Traders in very bullish mood, and it is probably safe to buy on recessions today. Indications favor continuance of dry weather.

• • •

Germany's imports of wheat during 1901 amounted to 84,500,000 bus; corn, 47,500,000 bus.

• • •

Broomhall cables: The advance on the New York curb and outside buying offset realizing by large houses at the opening, causing an initial advance of 1/4c; prices at 1:30 p. m. were unchanged. Corn opened quiet and 1/8c lower, owing to a poor cash demand, due to the mild weather in this country.

• • •

Ryeroft, of Chicago: A year ago today wheat was at the highest point. I think the difference in price between wheat and corn has stopped all wheat feeding. There seems to be no export demand yet, and local demand quiet.

• • •

Government Statistician Hyde wires that the December government report will be issued tomorrow at 4 p. m., Washington time, and will give the yield per acre of the last crop and seeded area of the growing crop.

• • •

Price Current: Wheat plant is tender in some localities. General position favors good results barring adverse conditions later. Farmers are selling live stock and holding wheat.

• • •

A. H. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Wheat—Liverpool indifferent to strength of our market. Farmers selling live stock and holding wheat. As long as winter wheat farmers hold their wheat we are likely to have a strong wheat market. There is a shortage in rain fall through winter wheat country excepting Missouri, and even greater shortage on the Pacific coast.

Corn—Speculators letting the market alone. Some fair sized lines of long corn have been sold out. Southwestern prices continue over ours.

Oats—Opinions differ and oats are likely to be active. Price cash oats does not check good demand.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Jan. 9.—Close: Wheat—May, 88 1/2c; July, 83 1/4c. Corn—May, 70 5/8c; July, 69 7/8c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Jan. 9.—Close, wheat, cash, 78 5/8c; May, 79 5/8@3/4c; July, 80 5/8c. On track—No. 1 hard, 81 1/4c; No. 1 northern, 78 5/8c; No. 2 northern, 77 5/8@7/8c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Du. luth.	Minne- apolis,	Chi- cago.	New York.
May—				
Open	81 1/4 B	80 1/4	84 5/8@7/8	89 1/4
High	81 3/4	80 1/4-5/8	84 5/8	89 3/8-1/2
Low	80 7/8 A	79 5/8	83 5/8-3/4	88 5/8
Close	80 5/8 B	79 5/8-3/4	83 5/8-3/4 B	88 5/8 B
July—				
Open	81 1/4	83 5/8-84	88 7/8	
High	81 5/8	84	89	
Low	80 3/4	80 5/8	83 1/4	88 1/4
Close	80 5/8	83 1/8 B	88 1/4 A	

CHICAGO, OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	47@47 1/4	67 5/8@3/4-1/4	$17.35@17.37
High	47 3/4	67 1/4-3/4	17.40
Low	46 5/8	66 5/8-3/4	17.27
Close	46 5/8	66 5/8-1/2 A	17.27

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Jan. 9.—Close: Wheat—Spot, firm; 2 red western winter, 6s 3 1/2d; northern spring, 6s 3d; 1 California, 6s 6d; futures quiet; March, 6s 4 5/8d; May, 6s 4 3/4d. Corn—Spot, American mixed new, no stocks; ditto old, steady, 5s 8 1/4d; futures quiet; February, 5s 5 1/2d; March, 5s 4d; May, 5s 4 1/2d.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 9000; good to choice, strong to 10c higher; good to prime, $6.50@7.50; poor to medium, $4.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.75; cows, $1.25@4.75; bulls $1.75@4.60; calves, $3.50@6.50; Texas steers, $3.25@5.25. Hogs—Receipts today, 30,000; tomorrow, 29,000; left over, 9235; 10c higher; mixed and butchers, $5.30@6.40; good to choice heavy, $6.35@6.60; rough heavy, $5.90@6.25; light $5.25@6.20; bulk of sales, $6.10@6.40. Sheep —Receipts, 12,000; steady; lambs active and stronger; good to choice wethers, $4.00@4.75; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@4.25; Western sheep, $4.00@4.75; native lambs, $3.50@6.00; Western lambs, $5.00@5.85. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 16,574; hogs, 13,585; sheep, 17,416. Shipments—Cattle, 5272; hogs, 2687; sheep, 680.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—The wheat market during the early part of the session ruled firm on buying by local bulls owing to higher cables from abroad which were only natural after our firm closing of yesterday. Later in the day there was very heavy realizing which caused prices to break 1c per bus from the high point, and the close was weak, 1/2c per bus lower than last night. Liverpool reported their market as firm, 3/4d higher for the day. Continental markets were steady. Cash demand all over the country was generally quiet and advices from the Northwest indicate freer offerings by the farmers. The weather throughout the Southwest continues dry, but indications point to rain within a day or two. As we said before the market has had a good advance and there is very little feeding going on as corn is cheaper. Trade has been very large all day and in our opinion the market would be healthier if we had a good break which would probably bring in some foreign buying for our cash wheat. The government report is finally going to be issued tomorrow evening; but we understand it will only give the average rate of yield per acre and say nothing whatever about the total crop in bushels. As the private statisticians entirely disagree with the government on the acreage the report will be of little value unless they give the acreage of the last crop by which to figure. They will probably give the estimate on the acreage for the present crop. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 40 cars.

The corn market, after ruling firm early in sympathy with wheat, later became weak, and prices broke 3/4c per bus from the high point on free realizing by longs, owing to larger country offerings and very poor cash demand. The close was weak, 3/4c per bus lower than last night. Foreign markets were quiet. Liverpool closed unchanged from yesterday. Our Rosario friends cabled us there was a general rainfall in Argentine, which would do much good to the growing crop, which has been suffering from drouth. The discouraging feature in the situation is the poor cash demand everywhere, and unless this improves, prices are likely to work to a lower basis. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 150 cars.

There was a very large trade in oats today and the market, after ruling firm early on covering by shorts and in sympathy with the strength in wheat, later declined on free selling by a prominent long. The close was steady. Country offerings were moderate; cash demand was fairly good. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 135 cars.

Provisions opened higher with hogs and grain, but quickly declined on heavy selling of lard for the Cudahys, closing weak on everything. The lard has gone from the strong hands to settle the shorts and into weak outside buyers. The ribs are neglected and heavy; pork is held by the scalpers and the country, and the buying power seems exhausted. The whole list looks very weak. We look for lower market. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 30,000 hogs.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 79 1/4c.
Calls, May wheat, 80 1/4c.
Curb, May wheat, 79 5/8c.

Main Office—120 Jackson St., St. Paul. Local Office—306 West Superior St.
Dealer in **A. J. CUMMINGS, Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 5000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
428 West Superior St., (Spalding Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A, Manhattan Building, St. Paul. 3 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis. Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, fresh prints	26
Creamery, tubs	25 @ 26
Creamery, storage, tubs	23 @ 24
Dairies, fancy	19 @ 20
Packing stock	12 @ 14
EGGS.	
Fresh	26
Storage	20
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream, new	12 @ 12½
Twins, full cream, old	11½@ 11
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@ 12
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13
Primos	7
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	15 @ 16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	13 @ 14
Dark honey	12 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25 @ 2 40
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00 @ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13
Cocoanuts, per doz	15
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS.	
Grapes, per basket	22 @ 25
Malaga grapes, kegs	6 00 @ 6 50
Apples, per bbl	3 00 @ 5 00
Apples, per box	1 75 @ 2 00
California figs, per box	90 @ 1 10
Turkey figs	1 10 @ 1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 75 @ 3 50
California lemons	3 50
Bananas	2 25 @ 2 50
Messina lemons, per box	4 00
Dates, per box	1 00
Sugar walnut dates	1 25
Navel oranges	3 00 @ 3 25
Cranberries	8 00 @ 8 25
VEGETABLES.	
New celery, bunch	30 @ 35
Mushrooms	60
Lettuce	1 25
Green onions, per dozen	65
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	2 15 @ 2 25
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 50 @ 2 00
Beets, per bbl	1 00
Carrots, per 100	1 20
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 50
Potatoes, per bus	75
Sweet potatoes, per bus	1 75
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75 @ 2 25
Mint, per bunch	30 @
Turnips, per 100	70 @ 85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75
Squash, per doz	1 50
Pumpkins, per doz	1 00
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75 @ 85
Oyster plant, per doz	55 @ 65
Cal. tomatoes, per basket	85
Parsley, per doz	30
Head lettuce, per doz	90 @ 1 00
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50 @ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @ 5 50
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3½@ 4
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Hens	8
Spring chickens	9 @ 10
Geese	9
Turkeys	10 @ 11
Ducks	10
MEATS.	
Mutton	5½@ 6
Lamb, per lb	6 @ 6½
Veal, good	7 @ 7½
Veal, fancy	8
Dressed beef	6 @ 8
Natives	8
Hogs	8
Pork loins	9
Lard	10
Lard, compound	8
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	23 00
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	22 50
Hay, upland	10 00
Hay, timothy	13 50
Feed, No 1	26 00
Feed, No 2	25 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	24 00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	23 50
Corn, car lots, sacked	70
Oats, car lots, sacked	50

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—Butter, steady; creamery, 15@24c; dairies, 14@20c. Cheese, steady; twins, 10 1/4@11c; daisies, 10@11 1/4c; young Americas, 10 1/4@11 1/4c. Eggs, firm; loss off, cases returned, 28@30c.

IN NEW YORK

New York, Jan. 9.—Butter—Receipts, 3708 packages; steady; state dairy, 15@22c; creamery, 16@25c; June creamery, 15@21 1/2c; factory, 13@15 1/2c. Cheese—Receipts, 10,606 packages, firm; state full cream, large fall made, fancy, 10 1/2@10 3/4c; small, 11@11 1/2c; late made, best, large, 9 1/4c; small, 10@10 1/2c. Eggs—Receipts, 4768 packages; firm; state and Pennsylvania, 33@34c; Western at mark, 27@33c; Southern, at mark, 27@ 26c.

CORNER IN EGGS.

Packing Interests Secure Control of Hen Fruit.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—Continued heavy buying of eggs and consequent high prices on the produce exchange gave rise today to the belief that the egg market is being cornered. South Water street merchants said that local packing interests had practically gained control over the market and were pressing prices up. Today fresh eggs were commanding 30 cents. Aside from a large reduction of stocks in storage for local consumption the December cold snap which stopped hens from laying and cut off the country offerings, has seemingly abetted the packers in their manipulations.

SPECIAL LAUNDRY

Needed For Duck Trousers at West Point.

Washington, Jan. 9.—It will require the purchase of $1000 worth of machinery to keep the white trousers of the Military academy cadets in presentable condition. It is found it will be necessary to make some special provision for the means to keep such garments in the best order. It is proposed to spend, as soon as congress will appropriate the money, about $1000 in the purchase of laundry machinery, including two ironers, one starch separator and one starch tumbling machine. The use of this machinery will save time and labor in the ironing of the 2000 pairs of white trousers which must be done each week.

Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock now on sale. A limited amount for a limited time at 10 cents per share. Money to be used for developmtnt purposes. Offices, 318 Manhattan building.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Manhattan and Sugar Were Chief Features of Market.

United States Steel Declined Sharply During Last Hour.

Closing Was Dull and Weak at About Closing Prices.

New York, Jan. 9.—Manhattan spurted upwards 1¼ at the opening and there were a few other stocks showing small gains, but the principal stocks tended downward, Sugar losing nearly a point. The sale of 6000 shares of Union Pacific carried it off ⅝. The market generally was dull.

Sugar rebounded to 124⅝, or ⅜ above yesterday's close. Manhattan was marked up 3⅜c in all, touching 139⅞ and Metropolitan rose a point in sympathy. New York, Chicago & St. Louis second preferred, which had opened down 1, rallied 2⅜ and common stock and Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati & St. Louis rose 1@1½. Other stocks became firmer as a result of these special movements. At 10:30 the realizing sales began to outweigh the demand and there were many important setbacks. Sugar broke to 122½, Amalgamated lost 2 points and St. Paul, Erie second preferred, United States Express, Union Pacific and Manhattan fell a point or over. The United States Steel stocks were rather dull and fractionally lower. The market lapsed into dullness, but subsequent rallies were small and fitful and the undertone remained heavy. There were a few wide changes in less prominent stocks, Rubber Goods preferred, Union Bag preferred and Linseed preferred declining 16@17⅞, while Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati & St. Louis extended its rise to 7⅝, General Electric, Canada Southern, St. Louis & San Francisco and the New York, Chicago & St. Louis stocks 1⅜ to 2½. Sugar shot up to 125⅝, but the market continued irregular, prices receding elsewhere. Delaware & Hudson fell 1⅜ under last night and Erie first preferred a point. Bonds were irregular.

The market hardened until prices of prominent stocks approached last night's level, and then became hesitating and irregular. American Tobacco sold up 5 points, Lake Erie & Western and Lackawanna rose 1½ each. Sugar, after touching 125½, reacted over a point.

Stocks worked slowly downward in the absence of any important demand. Atchison preferred and International Pump scored net losses of a point, while St. Louis & San Francisco, Rock Island and Chicago Great Western preferred B sold 1 to 1½ below their highest. Heavy buying of Manhattan developed later and it reached 140⅝, pulling along Metropolitan to 105½ and rallying Brooklyn Transit a point from the lowest. The buoyancy of these stocks did not much benefit the general market, which was pretty much at a stands-still at 2 p. m.

Realizing in Sugar and Manhattan turned those stocks downward and tired holders threw over stocks generally, making the lowest prices of the day. Sugar reacted 3¾, carrying it lower than on the early dip. Manhattan and Metropolitan reacted about 2. Delaware & Hudson was carried 2¼ below last night, St. Paul 2⅝ and other leading stocks including the United States Steels from 1 to 1½. The market steadied for a time but closed dull and weak at about the lowest.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	71½	69½	69¾
Anaconda M. Co	31	30½	30½
Atchison, T. & S. F	80	78⅝	78¾
do pfd	103⅞	99¾	99⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	105⅜	105	105
do pfd	96⅞	96	96
Brooklyn Rapid Tran	67¾	65⅞	65⅞
Chesapeak & Ohio	47	47	47
Chicago & Alton	36½	35½	35½
Col. F. & I	86¾	86¾	86¾
Chgo.-Gt. Western com	23¼	23	23
Erie, com	42⅝	41⅞	41⅞
do 1st pfd	73¾	73¼	73¼
do 2nd pfd	61	60½	60½
Louisville & Nashville	106¾	105⅞	105⅞
Lehigh	12	11⅞	11⅞
do pfd	81⅞	81⅜	81⅜
Manhattan Con	140⅜	137½	139
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M	41	40	40
Missouri Pacific	102	101⅞	101⅞
New York Central	166¼	165	165
Norfolk & Western	57⅝	57	57
do pfd	92	92	92
Ontario & Western	34⅝	34½	34½
Pacific Mail	47¾	47	47
People's Gas	103⅜	102½	102½
Republic Iron and Steel	17¾	16¾	16½
do pfd	69⅝	69⅜	69⅜
Reading	57½	56	56⅞
do 1st pfd	82⅞	82	82¾
do 2d pfd	69¾	68¾	68¾
Rock Island	157¼	155¾	156
Southern Ry	33¼	33⅛	33¼
do pfd	93⅞	93½	93½
Southern Pacific	61	60	60
Smelter	46¼	45½	45⅝
Sugar	125¼	122¼	122¼
St. Paul	163¾	163	163
T. C. and I	64⅝	64	64
Union Pacific	104¼	102⅜	102⅝
do pfd	98⅜	98⅜	89⅜
U. S. Steel	44⅜	43¾	43⅞
do pfd	95⅞	94⅝	94⅝
Wabash	23¼	22½	22½
do pfd	43½	42½	42½
Western Union	91⅝	91¼	91¼
Wisconsin Central	20⅞	20½	20⅞
do pfd	41	40⅜	40⅜

The total sales were 698,100 shares.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	19½	29
Allouez	2⅝	3½
Anaconda	30¼	31½
Arcadian	4	4½
Amalgamated	69⅜	.....
Arnold	56c	61c
Ashbed	26½	29
Baltic	36½	.....
Bingham	24	25
Bo	4⅜	5¼
Phoenix	1¼	2
National	580	595
Calumet & Hecla	128	129½
Centennial	54	55
Copper Range	.....	2¼
Costa	1¾	2⅛
Dominion Coal	56½	56⅞
Elm River	2	2¼
Franklin	12½	13½
Humboldt	.....	90
Isle Royale	21¼	22
Mass	17⅝	18
Michigan	11	11⅛
Mohawk	29¼	30
Mayflower	2½	3
Old Colony	3	4
Old Dominion	21	22¼
Osceola	82½	83
Parrot	29½	30
Quincy	135	140
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	3	3½
Tamarack	255	265
Tecumseh	.....	75c
Trl-Mountain	31	35
Utah	22½	23
United States	14	14¼
Victoria	5	5¼
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	49½	50
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	75c	1.25

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Jan. 9.—Cotton opened steady 2 points lower to 1 point higher and for a brief time wavered between a reaction and a further rise on covering. May opened at 8.06, last night's final bid, and then settled back to 8.03. There was very little cotton for sale and shorts hurried to cover. Before 10:30, the whole list had stiffened up some 7 to 8 points and active buying from all directions was in progress. Trading was active pretty much all the forenoon. May stiffened up to 8.12, and July to 8.14; March sold at 8.03.

Spot closed quiet 1-16 higher; middling uplands, 8¼; ditto gulf, 8½. Sales, none. Futures closed firm; January, 7.97; February, 8.01; March, 8.06; April, 8.13; May, 8.17; June and July, 8.20; August, 8.06; September, 7.78; October, 7.68.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Jan. 9.—Money on call nominally at 5@6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange about steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅛@7¼ for demand and at $4.83½@⅝ for 60 days; posted rates, $4.86@4.88; commercial bills, $4.83⅝@7⅞. Bar silver, 56½c; Mexican dollars, 44¼c. Government bonds steady. Refunded 2s registered and coupon, 106¼. 3s registered, 107⅝; coupon, 108⅝; new 4s registered and coupon, 139½; old 4s registered and coupon, 111¾; 5s registered, 107⅝; coupon, 107½.

IOWA ASSEMBLY

Will Be Organized on Monday Next.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 9.—The general assembly will meet on Monday next. W. L. Eaton, of Osage, has no opposition for speaker. George A. Newman, of Cedar Falls, present adjutant general of the Iowa G. A. R., has no opposition for secretary of the senate. The Republican caucuses of the house and senate members, will be held Saturday night. The senate slate includes besides Newman for secretary, Fred Alexander, of Winterset, for assistant, and Miss Lois M. Ridby, of Davenport, for engrossing clerk. The house slate includes Rush Benedict of Harlan for chief clerk and John Crockett, of Endora, for assistant.

THE TOASTS

Arranged For Dinner to Shaw at Des Moines.

Des Moines, Jan. 9.—Governor-elect A. B. Cummins will preside at the reception given by the Grant club tonight for Governor Shaw, in honor of his elevation to the secretaryship of the treasury. The toasts will include the following: "The President," William B. Allison; "The Senate," Jonathan P. Dolliver; "The House," George D. Perkins; "The Cabinet," Lafe Young; "The Secretary of the Treasury," Leslie M. Shaw; "Nebraska," Edward Rosewater; "Iowa," George E. McLean, of state university.

WANTED AT ICELAND.

Natives Would Institute Wireless Telegraphy There.

New York, Jan. 9.—A dispatch to the Times says: Some well-known Icelanders, says a dispatch from Copenhagen to the London Times, have applied to Sig. Marconi, requesting him to calculate the possibility of instituting wireless telegraphy between Iceland and the Shetland islands, via the Faroe Islands.

DANIELS A DEMOCRAT.

Tucson, Ariz., Jan. 9.—The appointment by the president of Benjamin Daniels to be United States marshal of Arizona, has received here with surprise, as Daniels is generally considered to be a pronounced Democrat. Daniels was a Rough Rider and was with President Roosevelt in the battle of San Juan hill.

GUN RECOVERED.

London, Jan. 9.—Lord Kitchener cables to the war office that the second British gun captured by the Boers at Brankslaagte has been recovered. This gun was previously reported to have been destroyed.

STRANGE STORY

Of How Father Polycarp Fooled Parisian Sleuths.

M. Goelet, the jailer at Blossin, was very proud of his prisoner. Bernard, of the Paris bureau, that famous detective, had captured him right there in the chief inn of the village, where he had been living for two days with a very fair Parisienne whom he called his wife, says the Chicago Record-Herald.

"Not his wife at all," explained Bernard, after the criminal had been locked up, "and you must not permit her to visit him. Mind that, M'sieur, no visitors.

"Not even the cure?" whispered the jailer, who was a good Catholic and who decided that the mysterious prisoner must be at least a murderer.

"Is he a sober, discreet fellow, this cure?" demanded the pompous Bernard, twirling his mustache grandly, and glad to see the impression he was making on the simple jailer.

"Ah, he is discretion itself," said Goelet, "besides, he could have no business with the prisoner except for confession, and that, you know, is secrecy itself.

"Well, then you may admit the cure, but none other on your peril." The detective was impressed, and M. Goelet began to suspect that perhaps the prisoner was an arch anarchist. "And mind you, good landlord, not a word to anyone about the prisoner. I will take him to Paris with me on the first train in the morning. I might catch the express at Etienne tonight by driving a few leagues, but I am afraid, er—that is, it would be incautious. So you see?"

"Indeed I see that you have a most important prisoner," said Goelet, his big, blue eyes watering with admiration of the famous sleuth, "and I shall guard him as the apple of my eye. I should not have mentioned Father Polycarp, our good cure, but he is very zealous for my prisoners, and always comes with consolation for them. And then, my dear Bernard, it is a matter of conscience with me, too, that guests of my poor house have at least the comfort of repentance."

There was much gossip at the inn between Fifine, the maid of all work, and Gaston, who combined the office of horse-boy, porter and waiter, about the arrest of M. Theriot, the handsome stranger, who, during his brief stay, had been astonishingly liberal with tips. Fifine had seen him and the mysterious Bernard meet in the little hallway that day, heard them accost each other first as strangers, then excitedly, and finally watched them march off to Mme. Theriot. Gatson, quickly surprised of the strange event, had spent hours watching the one door to M. Goelet's dreaded bastile, and when Bernard came out alone, rubbing his hands with satisfaction, he had carried the news to Fifine, who, as bound by custom and instinct, retailed the mysterious story to the butcher, the baker and the candlestick maker, so that by nightfall the whole village knew of the arrest of M. Theriot and that he had left behind him in the inn a beautiful wife loaded with diamonds.

Good Father Polycarp had the news from his gardener, who said that "Theriot, a famous murderer, had been caught by the Paris police" and was at that moment bound and shackled in Jailer Goelet's darkest dungeon. Such an opportunity seldom came to the ezalous cure, and he was plainly excited. At 11 o'clock the gardener saw him go out through the private door at the south of the garden, and knew whither he was bent. Goelet, full of his sudden importance, had dismissed his assistant and was sitting in his little office chatting with M. Bernard when Father Polycarp came in and asked that he might carry the consolation of the church to the unfortunate criminal within.

"Ah, I expected you would come, Father," smiled old Goelet, "but you are too late. I had locked up for the night. M'sieur Bernard, Pere Polycarp, our dear cure, wishes to see the prisoner."

Bernard bowed, grunted and scanned the priest, with an attempt at melodramatic cunning. The cure, who was a quick, shrewd man of perhaps 40, gave back the glance with decorous interest. Then Goelet took the candle and



Our Motto is: "Honest Dental Work at Honest Prices."



Bridge Work $5 per Tooth.

Best Full Set of Teeth $8.00
Gold Fillings.....$1.00 and up
22-karat Gold Crowns.....$6.00.
Silver Fillings.....50c and up
Cement Fillings.....25c and up

Teeth Extracted absolutely without pain. A ten (10) year written guarantee with all work.
WE USE ONLY THE BEST MATERIALS.

Drs. GREEN & BUDD,

Zenith 'Phone 3085. Woodward Bldg., West Duluth, Minn.
Car fare paid from Duluth. Gas, Chloroform and Ether Administered.

VENEZUELA.

Castro Says North Atlantic Squadron Will Resist Germans.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Dec. 31, 1901.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The government of President Castro of Venezuela has caused the following notice to be printed in the journals devoted to its interests in this islands:

"Mr. Long has given formal and definite instructions to the rear admiral of the North Atlantic squadron to watch the movements of the imperial German fleet, which is lying off the Venezuelan coast and to offer resistance by force, if necessary, if the said fleet in any way threatens Venezuelan territory."

The mass of the people and the commercial body in Venezuela do not believe there is any truth in this announcement.

The German-Venezuelan quarrel increases in bitterness and the Venezuelan government has informed the board of directors (at Berlin) of the German railway in Venezuela that their manager at Carcas, Herr Knoop, is no longer persona grata to the Venezuelan government and has begged that another manager be immediately appointed. Herr Knoop is accused of refusing to transport the president's troops without a document recognizing the Venezuelan government to be responsible for any injury or loss arising out of revolutionary attacks on the railway. Another reason alleged by the government is that Herr Knoop insisted on the company being paid for such transport of troops, as the government already owed the company more than $100,000.

President Castro also has used threats, has accused Herr Knoop of favoring the revolution, has suspended all traffic on the line and has threatened to expel the manager from the country.

The company has protested and the German legation has sent a note to the government holding it responsible for any loss occasioned by the suspension of traffic on the railway.

The lawyers who have been consulted hold that the company is within its strict rights. It would seem that the government intends to re-establish the service of the line, using troops to do so.

AN ALIBI

Will Be Proven If Possible By a Phonographic Record.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—A phonographic record of a story which, he says, he told, is what Louis Ludtke, under arrest on the charge of having murdered Minnie Larson during the night of Dec. 30, yesterday advanced as proof that he was not on the steamer Peerless the night the girl is said to have been slain and her weighted body sunk in the river.

He declared that he spent most of the night with some friends, and that Albert Ristau, one of the party, had a phonograph, into which they all talked. Ristau confirmed Thoms' story, but it is said that the record of Thoms' story—a little tale of life on the lakes—had been broken, as well as two others. It is possible that the wax cylinder which Thoms said was his best witness to prove an alibi may be patched up sufficiently to show the truth or falsity of Thoms' story.

GORMAN

Nominated By Maryland Democrats as Candidate For Senator.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 9.—Arthur Pue Gorman and Chairman Murray Van Diver of the Democratic state central committee were selected as the Democratic nominees for United States senator and state treasurer respectively at the Democratic caucus held last night. Senator Gorman's selection was unanimous and enthusiastic.

Three members, Lintchicum and Shepherd, of Dorchester, and Shipley, of Anne Arundel county, declined to vote for Mr. Vandiver. Isaac Lobe Straus, of Baltimore city, refused to enter the caucus.

There were sixty-four members present and as sixty-one are sufficient to elect on joint ballot, the question of the next United States senator and state treasurer is regarded as settled. No other names were mentioned in the caucus.

The Republicans held their caucus in the afternoon and nominated Congressman William P. Jackson, of Wicomoco county, for United States senator, and Gen. Thomas J. Shryock of Baltimore city for state treasurer.

The electric spark goes through every vein and every nerve. A pleasant feeling creeps over the soul after taking Rocky Mountain Tea, making young the aged and feeble. Ask your druggist.

INFERNAL

Machine Was Sent Master Mechanic Miller at Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Jan. 9.—Detectives in the employ of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad have been engaged for several days in efforts to ferret out what is believed to have been an attempt to blow up the office of Master Mechanic J. C. Miller at the West Milwaukee shops.

On New Year's day Master Mechanic Miller received a parcel which he supposed was a box of cigars.

When he started to open the package his attention was attracted by a grating noise as of matches rubbing against a hard surface and laid the parcel down. As he did so a small quantity of powder sifted throuh a crevice. He became suspicious and placed the mysterious box outside the office. A special agent of the company was notified and careful investigation brought out the fact that Mr. Miller was the recipient of what was undoubtedly an infernal machine, with sufficient powder, had it exploded, to not only blow up the man who opened it, but the building in which it was opened.

Mr. Miller knows of no one who could wish to do him harm unless a former employe whom he found it necessary to discharge.

BITTER

Feeling Against United States Expressed at Costa Rica.

San Jose, Costa Rica, Dec. 28.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—El Siglo XX (the Twentieth Century) today publishes an editorial headed "The Northern Eagle," showing a very bitter feeling against the United States, as will be shown from the following extracts:

"The imposing territorial expansion of North America has given birth, first, to violence—trampling on all the principles of justice—and the Latin republics that can do so ought to prepare for the struggle and if necessary, to fight, if with peaceful and impartial means they are unable to obtain a guarantee and due respect for their sovereignty and independence.

"Brazil, Chile, Argentina and Venezuela do not fear the American eagle, either morally or materially.

"Venezuela, the humblest of the four, is able to raise an army of 300,000 brave and well drilled soldiers in twenty-four hours; and the Argentine Republic can raise 800,000 men, with an unrivalled cavalry. Could the American eagle ever subdue these territories when today it cannot even put down the Filipinos?

"Olney and Hay understand this very well and they amuse themselves in deceiving us when talking of peace, arbitration and commercial intercourse, and try to carry out their policy through diplomacy.

"Their diplomacy, which considers us simply as ignorant people, is parcelled by the Yankees, whose brain and heart are made of gold, the only aim of the nation, the race and the individual.

"The sharp Northern eagle is lying in wait for the young lambs of the South, and in the meantime wants to take what little the small Spanish-American republics possess."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Constable Hans Timme, of Omaha, was fatally shot Wednesday by John Rolfas, a German, on whom he was attempting to serve a writ of restitution. Rolfas says Timme thrust a revolver into his face and demanded him to move his effects from the house in which he was living. Timme has been an officer in the city for fifteen years.

Andrew Carnegie was elected a trustee of the New York public library to fill a vacancy. This will give him a personal oversight of the expenditure of the $5,000,000 which he has given the city for library buildings.

Seven hundred miners employed at the Buttonwood colliery of the Parish Coal company struck Wednesday for the discharge of some non-union men whom the officials refused to dismiss.

Signor Marconi says that he has completed all arrangements for building his station at Cape Breton. It is said on good authority that the government will assist in erecting the plant, which will cost $100,000.

The supreme court of Nebraska affirmed the death sentence of William Rhoea, convicted in Dodge county of the murder of Herman Zahnat Snyder a year ago. April 25 was fixed as the day of execution. Under the law passed by the last legislature Rhoea will be the first man to be hanged within the walls of the state penitentiary.

With 40,000,000 bushels of wheat in the counties surounding Wichita, the mills of the city are now idle. The farmers will not sell a pound of their wheat at any price and are determined to keep it for six weeks longer or until the prospects of the growing crops are better determined. Practically all the mills in Southern Kansas are idle. Offers of 71 cents were made in vain at Wichita Wednesday.

A complexion of satin texture, clearness and beauty follows use of Satin Skin Cream and Powder. 25c.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of **Mother's Friend.** "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

CHOICE OF GRANDPA

She Was the Girl the Grandson Had Long Loved.

Won a Fortune, Too, Along With Happy Marriage.

He Had Been an Ardent Lover, Never Losing Hope.

Riverhead, L. I., Jan. 9.—"We all knew that he would win her one way or another. He had the look about him?" That was what the neighbors said Christmas morning when they stood outside the little white cottage of Mrs. Mary M. Benedict, widow of a Congregational minister, and listened to the wedding march. Miss Mary T. Benedict, teh pretty preceptress fo the Riverhead high school, was being married to her young lover, Lester B. Albertson, of New York city. She was 27 and he was 21.

It is one of the prettiest romances Long Island has ever had. Miss Benedict, a college girl, descended from an old and aristocratic New England family, was graduated from a private school in Conway, Mass., and attended Mount Holyoke college. Then she took a course in Oberlin college in Ohio, where she was graduated with honors. She is proficient in six modern languages and a specialist in Greek and Latin and the sciences. Riverhead paid her a good salary as assistant superintendent. She came here in 1898.

The same year young Albertson arrived from Cutchogue to attend the school, and fell in love with his teacher. She considered it a joke at first. Then she was angry. Finally she forgave him and gave him a long talking to. He promised not to love her any more, but that night insisted on waiting for her and carrying her bundle of school books home, as he had been doing right along.

Miss Benedict had other troubles. Her mother was dependent upon her, and this caused many serious hours. At such times the sympathy of the boy was sweet to her because it was genuine. And, too, she pitied him. In spite of herself the teacher had at last to acknowledge to herself that she was in love with the handsome young fellow. This made it all the harder for her to break off.

Albertson was graduated with honors to himself and his teacher a year and a half ago. He had asked her so many times to marry him that he had given up trying to keep the count, and her answer invariably had been: "It cannot be. You have your place to make in the world. You are so much younger than I am that it would not be right for me to wait for you to get your fortune made."

"But whom are you going to marry?" he asked.

"Why, I don't love any one and am not going to marry any one that I know of. I am going to take care of mamma."

"Then why not wait for me?"

"Well, go and make your fortune and come back. I'll talk to you then. I won't promise. But hurry up. I shall be 30 in a few years. You must make your fortune before then."

Young Albertson went to New York and entered a business college and last summer was graduated with high rank. He got a place as bookkeeper in the carpet store of Bigelow & Co. Twenty-first street and Fifth avenue, New York, where he at once demonstrated his capability. His employes liked him. He sat up nights to study how to push himself ahead. He worked after hours keeping books for other concerns, so that he would be sure to make his fortune. He refused to take any vacation till he was told that his salary would be continued.

All this time he had not said a word to his relatives about his love for the school teacher. They wondered at his tremendous energy, and were proud of him. Some one advised them to make him take a rest, and he threatened to discontinue writing home if they suggested such a thing again. Three times in a year his salary was raised.

Last summer he came back to Riverhead for a week or two on a vacation. He took her for a carriage ride to his home, thirteen miles away, at Cutchogue. That is where his grandfather, Josiah Albertson, lives. The old gentleman is a farmer, who has made lots of money in speculations. He has one son, Lester's father. Lester is the only grandchild. Miss Benedict took the hearts of all of Albertson's relatives as soon as she jumped out of the carriage. She remained all day, and when the young man drove away with her at night his people held a consultation, and all agreed that she was just the wife for him. But apparently he was not in love with her. He had tried carefully to conceal from his family the real state of his sentiments for fear they would object to his marrying Miss Benedict.

The next day Grandfather Albertson took the young man aside and asked him if it wasn't about time that he was settling down and getting married?

"I guess not," said Lester.

"But I think that it is!" stormed the old gentleman.

"Why? I have not made money enough yet!"

"Well you get married inside of the year or you'll never get a red cent from me. You young blades skylarking around in New York make me tired. Every young fellow in New York ought to be married. Say, I have picked out a wife for you."

That was the limit.

"Who is she?" asked the boy with a blanching face.

"She's that sensible little girl you had out here yesterday. You marry her and you'll be happy. She has sense. She ain't no tomfoolery was doll. If you marry her you'll get every cent I leave, and I'll throw in a house and lot when you marry her."

Lester's heart gave a big leap.

"I like her," he admitted.

"Start in and win her, then, lad! Win her! Faint heart ne'er won fair lady."

Lester promised to try. He hitched up the old mare and drove pell-mell to Riverhead and unburdened himself of the good news to Miss Benedict. She was getting tired of school life.

"Lester I'll marry you next—next Christmas!" and Lester went home happy. He dared not tell his grandfather too suddenly. He waited a month, then the engagement was announced and congratulations were many.

The wedding came off at the home of the bride Caristmas morning. The Rev. Joseph A. Fisher presided. The grandfather of young Albertson insisted on giving the bride away, and was the second to kiss her after the ceremony. Now the young couple are at home in West One Hundred and Forty-third street.

JACKSON DAY.

W. J. Bryan the Principal Speaker at New Haven.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 9.—Jackson day was observed here last night by the New Haven Democratic club. William Jennings Bryan was a guest and chief speaker. More than 100 guests attended the banquet which was held prior to a public meeting in Music hall. Many prominent Democrats from over the state were present.

At the conclusion of the banquet Mr. Bryan was introduced. He said he should talk somewhat more freely of partisan matters to the banqueting party than he intended at the public meeting to follow. In part he said:

"If I formed my opinion by what I read in the daily press I would come to the conclusion that there are not many Democrats left. I cannot in that way find out what is going on among the masses. It is extremely gratifying to me to find, by coming to you and to others, that there are bands of men who are not disheartened by defeat—men who think more of having their party right in principles than to be merely successful. The Democratic party has no right to exist except it has principles to exist for, and no principle justifies existence of a party unless it is a great principle. A principle that is not great enough to die for is not great enough to live for."

At Music hall Mr. Bryan made a long address. In expounding why he frequently comes here to speak he said the city is a university seat, that there is here a kind of democracy that he likes to keep in touch with, "men who are Democrats for principle, whether the principle be popular or not."

Mr. Bryan discussed a variety of problems under the general head of "Civilization." He said he had studied the subject of civilization and had become deeply impressed with the thought that the moral element in civilization is not only important but is paramount. If the moral obligation of government is understood and is lived up to by individuals and by generations of individuals, he said it would be impossible for a republic to die. It would be grander, greater and stronger a thousand years hence than today.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Waranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets (YELLOW LABEL) EXTRA STRENGTH Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 60 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 435 West Superior Street.

Surprising Results.

A Simple Internal Remedy Makes Remarkable Cures of Catarrh.

People who have used sprays, inhalers, salves and washes for catarrh and have found how useless and inconvenient they are, will be agreeably surprised at results following the use of a pleasant, internal remedy in tablet form; druggists everywhere admit that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, which they sell at 50 cents for full sized treatment is the safest, most effective and popular of all catarrh remedies.



Nearly all cheap cough mixtures and throat lozenges contain opiates; these cheap medicines give a temporary relief, especially with little children by destroying nerve sensation; the irritation in throat, which causes coughing is temporarily removed, not by removing the cause but by deadening the nerves of feeling the irritation is not felt although it is still there and will promptly return.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is the best remedy to remove catarrhal secretion, whether in the nose, throat or stomach, because they are composed of wholesome antiseptics like Red Gum, Blood Root, etc.; when you use these tablets you know what you are putting into your system and not taking chances with cocaine, opiates or similar poisons found in so many catarrh cures and cough medicines.

Dr. Ramsdell in commenting on catarrh cures says: "I can heartily recommend Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, because they contain no cocaine nor other dangerous drug found in so many advertised catarrh cures. I have known many cases of long standing catarrh of the head and throat completely cured by the daily use of these tablets for several weeks. One case in particular, which I could not reach with inhalant or spray and which the catarrh caused daily headaches and a noticeable loss of hearing was entirely cured by this harmless but effective remedy."

Dr. Wainwright says: "I never hesitate to prescribe Stuart's Catarrh Tablets for catarrhal headaches and catarrhal deafness because I know them to be perfectly safe for child or adult and have seen many remarkable cures resulting from their regular daily use; because they are advertised and sold in drug stores is no reason why any good physician should not use them because we should seize upon all means of cure wherever found."

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are especially valuable for catarrhal colds in children because they are pleasant to the taste and may be used freely to break up severe colds and croup at the very beginning.

All druggists sell the remedy at 50 cents for full sized package.

A little book on cause and cure of catarrh mailed free by addressing the F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

COFFEE DRINKERS

More Numerous In the United States Than Elsewhere.

Ten Pounds Per Capita the Average Yearly Consumption.

These Figures Based Upon the Importations of Coffee.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Jan. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Americans are the greatest coffee drinkers in the world and the United States the greatest coffee importing country. The average consumption of the berry during the past five years was a little more than ten pounds per capita per annum. Counting out children and other non-users of the seductive beverage, the average consumption per capita will probably reach twenty-five pounds a year. These figures are based upon the importations of coffee as given by the treasury bureau of statistics. Of course some of the coffee imported into this country may be exported again and some of it never used, destroyed or wasted or spoiled. But the quantity thus taken from the total importations is small as compared with the vast total and would decrease the per capita consumption by no more than a fraction of a pound, perhaps a tenth, hardly more.

The smallest amount of coffee imported in any one of the past ten years was in 1894, 550,934,337 pounds, showing a per capita consumption of eight and three-tenths pounds and an average importation price of sixteen and four-tenths cents a pound. The greatest amount imported was in 1898, 870,514,453 pounds, indicating a per capita consumption of eleven and sixty-eight hundredths pounds, the importation price being seven and four-tenths cents a pound. The last year will break all coffee importing records. Up to Dec. 1, 1901, the figures for that year are 967,969,585 pounds. The importations for December will swell the total above the billion mark, or 200,000,000 pounds more than was ever before brought into the country in one year. The importation value of the coffee imported last year will be about $70,000,000. Of our entire list of imports, coffee is the largest single article, save sugar, and a lot of that is used to sweeten coffee.

Brazil is the chief source of our coffee supply. In the eleven months ending with last November, Brazil sent us 762,148,514 pounds of coffee, and other South American countries 91,297,714, while Central America sent us 64,554,400, and Mexico 21,594,432. Thus American countries to the south of us furnished 939,595,080 pounds, or within 28,374,505 pounds of all the coffee imported into the United States in the first eleven months of last year.

It is interesting to compare the coffee importations of the United States with those of the chief countries of Europe. The year 1899 is the latest for which official figures are available, and they are as follows:

Countries Into Which Imported.	Total Consumption in Pounds.	Per Capita Consumption in Pounds.
Russia.....	18,396,000	.....
United Kingdom ..	29,120,000	.72
Italy.....	31,222,000	.98
Austria-Hungary ..	92,180,000	2.04
France.....	179,120,000	4.63
German empire.. ..	343,501,000	6.12
United States..	801,757,000	10.79
Total....	1,495,296,000	

From this it will be seen that the people of the United States consume more than half of all the coffee exported from the countries that produce the berry to other countries. The consumption per capita was within one-hundredth of a pound of the same amount in the years 1893 and 1894, being 8.31 in the former and 8.30 in the latter year. It rose to 9.32 in 1896, fell to 8.11 in 1898, rose to 10.13 in 1897 and to 11.68 in 1898, the highest yet recorded, though last year promises to surpass it; fell to 10.79 in 1899 to 9.61 in 1900, rising for the fiscal year 1901, the twelve months ending June 30, to 10.60. It is curious to see the consumption of the coffee berry increasing in the face of a great increase in the use of what are known as cereal coffees. These substitutes for coffee made from the various grains, principally wheat, by more or less different methods, probably came into anything like general use during the period of the civil war when coffee was very high in price in the North and not to be had at any price in the greater part of the South in the later years of that war. Bread crusts, cereal grains, usually wheat, were browned and ground up and boiled, making a palatable enough drink that bore a resemblance to coffee in color, and even in taste, and was regarded as a whole lot better than cold water, or plain hot water, either. Some ten or twenty years ago the manufacture of cereal coffee, or more strictly speaking, a cereal beverage as a substitute for coffee, was begun. It found favor with those who could not use coffee without bodily or mental distress, and has extended to a good many who fear possible trouble from the continued use of a stimulating drink such as coffee. But even this new rival in the field, a rival whose claims are urged by extensive newspaper advertising and other keen business methods, coffee continues to be the king of American table beverages. The Russians and the English, who agree to differ upon pretty much everything else, are of one mind when it comes to tea. It is the favorite beverage on the table of high and low, noble and ignoble, rich and poor, in constitutional Britain and in autocratic Russia alike.

Health restoring, life renewing cordial, a tonic that fortifies the body and brain and stops the mine of decay. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Late Afternoon Train.

You can leave Duluth at 4:30 p. m. and arrive in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater at early bed time by taking the "Twilight Limited" over "The Northwestern Line." Duluth-Twin City finest train.

WEAK MEN CURED FREE



A Confidential Chat With Dr. Knapp.

The world's greatest living specialist, who discovered the grandest remedy ever known which has been the means of curing thousands of men of nervous debility, lost vigor, varicacele, night losses, failing memory and other consequences of youthful ignorance or other causes, and restoring the organs to full strength and vigor, sends free to every sufferer the entire receipt so that each despairing man may cure himself at home and thus obtain the great result of perfect manly strength and vigor for life.

The doctor wants all suffering men to share with him the knowledge he has personally attained. He sends the receipt free and all the reader need do is to send his name and address to L. W. Knapp, M. D., 783 Hull building, Detroit, Mich., requesting the free receipt as reported in this paper. It is a generous offer, and all men ought to be glad to have such an opportunity.

A HOUSEHOLD AND STABLE NECESSITY.

Greene's Infallible Liniment is an antiseptic healing dressing, curing cuts, bruises, scalds, sores and all lameness, soreness, stiffness, sprains and pain of muscles and joints. It soothes the nerves, and heals and strengthens the parts where applied.

Hundreds of letters from families, athletes, trainers, stock-breeders, public officials, veterinaries, etc., attest the wonderful virtues of this pain-reliever and healer. It is as much superior to other liniments as an electric light is to a tallow candle. Prepared by

J. W. GREENE & Co., 17 Van Buren St., Chicago, Ills.

GREENE'S INFALLIBLE L. L. LINIMENT

For sale by Schulze Bros., Saddlery; B. L. Tosmey, Horseshoer; G. H. Huseby, Harness Dealer; Clemetson Bros., Harness Dealers, West Duluth; James McMartin, Horseshoer; D. D. Mackey, Horseshoer; Holmer Jentoft, Flour and Feed Dealer; S. M. Jonson, Two Harbors, Minn.



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Power, Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Involuntary Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate, 50 CENTS. Impart vigor and vitality to every organ. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Restores small, undeveloped or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. A written guarantee to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK." BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE

SAPOLIO



Photographed from Life.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

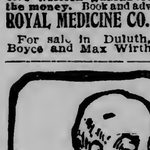
REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY — Made a Well Man of Me.

1st day. 15th day. 30th day.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

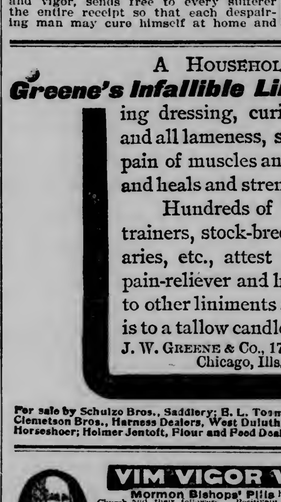


CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper.



Miller's "The Best"

Milwaukee Beer

Best in fact as well as in name. Bottled at the Brewery.

Fred Miller Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

E. C. HAUSER, Agent
47 Railroad St. Both 'Phones.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 31st, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of Frederick A. Miller, Deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Frederick A. Miller, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Lucius H. Whipple and Charles L. Rakowsky have filed therewith their petition, representing, among other things, that said Frederick A. Miller died in said county, on the 6th day of December, 1901, testate, and that said petitioners are the executors named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Lucius H. Whipple and Charles L. Rakowsky.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office, in the City of Duluth, in said county, on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument:

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 31st day of December, A. D. 1901.

By the Court.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.

Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 2-9-16, 1902.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 31, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of David Hoadley, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Charles Townsend, executor of the estate of David Hoadley, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 31st day of December, A. D. 1901.

By the Court.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.

Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 2-9-16, 1902.

Your house, your flat, your room can be quickly rented by a small want ad in the Saturday Herald

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

26360 Acres Of Good FARM LAND.....

in one body, near to, and south of, the head of the lakes, are offered for sale at a price that makes it a very desirable investment, either for reselling at once to actual settlers, who are rapidly coming into this Northern country, or to hold for an advance, which is steadily and surely coming on this class of lands. These lands for stock and dairy purposes especially cannot be excelled. Clover, timothy and all kinds of grain are produced in abundance and are a sure crop. This tract is well watered, never failing streams and lakes. One of the principal lines of railroad runs right through the tract, and it is all within six miles of the railroad, making it very easy of access. Considerable hardwood timber, such as maple, birch, basswood and oak is scattered over the land, and there are no mineral or timber reservations. These lands can be readily resold to settlers at $6 to $7 per acre. Will sell the tract as a whole at $3.50 per acre. Terms if desired.

B. C. CHURCH, 518 Board of Trade, Duluth.

We Own and Offer, Subject to Sale,

$10,000

City of Duluth, Minnesota, 4 Per Cent Gold Refunding Bonds.

Dated May 1st, 1901. Due May 1st, 1931. Denomination $1000. Legality has been approved by Chas. B. Wood, Esq., of Chicago. Price, $103.50, and interest nets 3.80 per cent.

Pulford, How & Co.,
Trust Co. Building, Duluth, Minn.

Snap In Helm's Addition.
40x100 feet—good level lot—
$250 Cash.

N. J. Upham Co.
400 Burrows Bldg.

GOOD LANDS!
near Duluth will surely advance. I have them at low prices.

George Rupley, 513 Board of Trade.

$2000
$2500
$3100
$4000
Buys houses and lots below Second street between Seventh avenue west and Second ave. east.
Invest in heart of city—the best.
—Calumet and Arizona—
We buy and sell it.

T.W. WAHL & CO.
Phones 439. 201 Exchange Bldg. Residence Phone 1100

Big Snap in Acres
320 acres of good land near the city, on good roads, will be sold at a sacrifice.
GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Building.

HOUSES, LOTS, LANDS AND STOCKS. CALUMET AND ARIZONA.
Copper Queen's annual profit $3,000,000. Calumet & Arizona joins Copper Queen. Calumet's main shaft 1650 feet deep. Calumet has two miles of drift. Calumet will have smelters soon. Calumet ore averages 8 per cent smelter run. For sale by Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio Bldg. Old 'phone 636-2. New 'phone 32.

$35,000.

Wholesale building on Michigan street—four floors, 75 feet by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Each floor will carry 450 pounds to the square foot. Foundation and walls built to carry four more stories. Steam heat, two elevators, sewer, water, gas, electric lights, etc.

This is the biggest bargain offered on Michigan street.

We have money on hand to loan at 5 and 6 per cent. No delay. Bring in your application.

Julius D. Howard & Co.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

Look these snaps up before the holiday rush.

$1000 Five-room house, city water, street graded, near 28th Ave. W.
$1300 Seven-room house, city water, street graded, near 28th Ave. W.
$2000 Good six-room house, city water, sewer and closet; Fifth street, near Second avenue east.
$1300 Splendid five-room house, stone foundation; good cellar; good well; Sixth street, near Ninth ave. E.
$2000 Eight-room house, city water, sewer and bath; Fourth street, near Fourth ave. west. And many others.

T. G. VAUGHAN. 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

FIRE Insurance
Resident Agent—
Hartford Fire
Phoenix of Hartford
Orient of Hartford
Palatine of England
Firemen's Fund
North British

MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates
—
Estates Managed

JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
First Floor Providence Bldg.

Who Can Tell

You turn may come tomorrow. Prepare for it today. Consider whether you have a proper amount of insurance on your property. If not, should you not, in justice to yourself and your family, secure the necessary protection at once? You want the best. We furnish it.

Graves-Manley Agency
Insurance and Bonds.
Torrey Building, First Floor.
Duluth, Minn.

Candidates FOR Campaign Printing

Best Work—Prompt Service—Union Label.
15 Second Ave. West. Both Phones. **PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Printers.**

We carry them in stock.
Chamberlain & Taylor.

Loose Leaf Ledgers.
Chamberlain & Taylor.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Two Absolute Snaps.

$600 Will buy lot 10, block 55, Endion division. Look this up and make us an offer.

$2500 Will buy fine seven-room house and lot on Ninth avenue east. Small amount of cash will handle it; balance in monthly payments.

HOUSES FOR RENT.
Seven-room house for rent, East End.
Five-room house for rent, West End.
Five-room house for rent, West End.

C. P. CRAIG & CO.,
103 Herald Building.
Real Estate, First Mortgage Loans and Fire Insurance.

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres
For Sale or Lease. All good values.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN LANDS ARE just beginning to move. I offer 665 acres of good farming land, close to railroad, and covered with 500,000 hemlock and 6000 cords of hardwood, besides considerable pine and cedar. Price, $2.50 per acre. B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

ONE OF THE VERY BEST SECTIONS of land in Carlton county is for sale at $6 per acre. No other land around it can be bought for less than $7.50 per acre. First class soil. No stone. Fine creek runs through. Only two and one-half miles from railroad. Would make fine stock farm. Terms $2 per acre cash, balance $1 per acre per year at 6 per cent. B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

40-ACRE TRACTS IN CARLTON COUNTY. Good soil, easily cleared, and in well settled neighborhood, $5 per acre, easy terms. For sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

The Smoothest Way to Get a Home.

The following parties are getting a home on the easiest plan offered by any one in the city.

They will tell you that it beats paying rent.

Charles TenBrook, J. and W. Prink, F. J. and E. Spetz, John Forsberg, Thomas Larson, Charles Stevens, H. S. Merry, Mrs. Annie Stokes, John A. Bauers, Martin Nelson, Jacob Svorzeckski, Ernest Willie, J. H. B. Smith, Charles Peterson, J. B. Flack, John Sundquist, Adam Sundquist, M. P. Welch, Ole Swenson, O. C. Swedin, Ira W. Smith, Robert Lee Brown, George Todd, Mrs. Annie Nielsen, R. J. Gundry, Charles T. Fancett, Peter Holten, Fred K. Jewett, Gottlieb Gunther, E. J. Sonnenberg, J. S. Osborne, E. E. Blair, Peter O'Brien, Louis Wick, H. L. Smith, and others.

Fifty more properties to select from, on easy terms and low valuations.

A $1000 house will be sold for $100 cash, $500 to be paid at the end of five years, with 6 per cent interest, and $400 to be paid with a monthly payment of $9.40 in forty-eight months to pay the principal and interest.

Office No. 2, First avenue west, in Hunter block.

CHAN SMITH, Secretary.

FOR SALE.

I have for sale the largest exclusive list of desirable city property, both improved and unimproved.

R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale Bldg

A Hotel in the West End, paying 10 per cent net, for sale for

$3,300.

R. B. KNOX & CO
1 Exchange Building.

A Fifteen-Room House
On Fourth Street for.....*$4000*

An Eight-Room House
On Fifth Street for.....*$2000*

LOOK THESE UP.

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4259-3.

Reliable Men and Women
For Domestic Service, Cooks, Housemaids, Etc., easily found through...

HERALD WANTS.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

We will build a two-story store building between Second and Third avenues east on Superior street and lease for a term of years.

A 50-foot lot on Superior street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues west to lease for a term of years.

We have a seven room house in West Duluth, in good condition, and in a good location, that we can sell very cheap and on easy terms.

A seven-room house at Lester Park, good location and in good condition, can be sold cheap and on easy terms. Possession given at once.

For Rent—2101 East First street. Hot water heat and first class shape.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

LAST CHANCE!

$1200 takes 50 feet on First street, near Ninth avenue east.
$2200 Takes 8-room house in East End.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Bldg.

THIRD STREET AND LAKE AVENUE building lot, 25, 50 or 100 feet front, very cheap. Other improved and unimproved central properties. A. A. Mandenhall, 313 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR restaurant, bakery and confectionary; trade already established; no speculation. F 59, Herald.

FOR SALE—LARGE "KING ARTHUR" round table, solid walnut; also sideboard to match, no mirror. Radiant Home heater, large size, good condition; Garland cook stove, water front, in, six covers; oak dining table, cheap; bedroom suite, $5. Duluth Van company.

FOR SALE — BABY CARRIAGE. 15 First avenue west, upstairs.

CASH FOR YOUR BUSINESS OR REAL estate; no matter where it is. Send description and price. DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY, Albert L. Preston, Manager, 309-310 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE — BAY MARE, WEIGHT 1200 lbs. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE IN ROOM ON Superior street. Address J. 19, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE SET HEAVY BOBS and heavy harness, two cutters, four single harness, set light double harness, two buggies, two wagons, robes, blankets, etc., iron pump; also car load fresh milch cows, two fine Jerseys. 2012 West First street.

FOR SALE—THREE HORSES, THREE set of harness, two set of sleds, one dray wagon, two lumber wagons, at 1902 West First.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS; great number to select from, or will exchange for fat cattle. S. M. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows will arrive Nov. 29. Evan Johnson, 2908 West Helm street.

L. HAMMEL & CO. JUST RECEIVED forty head of the best logging horses ever brought to this city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

CARLTON COUNTY FARM LANDS for sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 16 Mesaba block.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES!

Barrett & Zimmerman, Midway, St. Paul, Minn., have constantly on hand from 800 to 1000 head of all grades of horses. Part time given if desired. The best lot of heavy logging horses ever brought into the Northwest can be seen at their stables.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Hankenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901, 75c A BOTTLE, AT C. J. Tufte's drug store.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies, Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

CLARK'S CRUISE OF THE "CELTIC," THE LARGEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD, TO THE **Mediterranean** AND THE **Orient** FEBRUARY 8, 74 DAYS, $400 AND UP. Including shore excursions, hotels, drives, etc. 28 DAYS IN EGYPT and the HOLY LAND. **Clark's Excursions to Europe, 1902.** Send for programs. F. C. CLARK, 111 B'way, N. Y.

WANTED—TO BUY.

OLD LINE LIFE INSURANCE POLicies bought for cash or loaned on at low rates. William Kaiser, 106 Palladio building.

TO EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—A FIRST MORTgage at Lake Minnetonka, for a small house and lot in Duluth, East End preferred. Would assume small mortgage. Address 526 West Superior street.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

SATIN-SKIN SPECIALTIES.

A COMPLEXION OF SATIN TEXTURE, clearness and beauty follows use of Satin Skin Cream and Satin Skin Powder. 25c.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—J. W. HARNEY, MACHINist; communicate with Spider Lake Lumber company.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with general housework. 816 East Second street.

A COMPLEXION OF SATIN TEXTURE, clearness and beauty follows use of Satin Skin Cream and Satin Skin Powder. 25c.

WANTED — A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Call at 117 West Third street.

INSTRUCTORS AND SOLICITORS wanted for Schutz German Compounds. 207 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER AT 230 LAKE avenue south.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call at 1109 East Third street. Good wages paid.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply 222 Third avenue west.

MS. P. H. KIELY, EMPLOYMENT OFfice, 225 East Superior street. Phone 892.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL TO DO general housework, $15 per month. Apply H. E. Krantz, 619 West Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT SECOND girl. 2001 East First street.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544, Zenith 833. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED — MACHINISTS, CAR REpairers and cabinet makers; good wages; steady work. Apply A. C. S., Hotel McKay, between 8 and 10 p. m.

YOUNG MAN STENOGRAPHER WISHing to study law can secure good position by addressing J 10, Herald.

FOR SALE — BABY CARRIAGE. 15 First avenue west, upstairs.

WANTED — A RAPID, ABLE BOOKkeeper or bill clerk, with first-class recommendations; also a stenographer. R. M. & Co., Herald.

WANTED — UP-TO-DATE GROCERYman, one competent to take charge of stock. No other need apply. Steady position to right party. State experience and reference. Address J 29, Herald.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SOLICITOR at once. Address E 59, Herald.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED GROcery salesman. Address E 60, Herald.

SPLENDID WAGES PAID MEN WHO learn the barber trade with us. Facilities offered that cannot be had elsewhere. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired. Catalogue mailed free, Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—AT ONCE, FOUR GOOD moulders; wages $3 per day, with steady work. No trouble. Carroll founory, Houghton, Mich.

WANTED—AGENTS.

THE UNITED STATES FUEL OIL company, 144-146 Endicott building, St. Paul, Minn., desire one reliable and trustworthy representative in every city and town. Address for full particulars, James T. Manning, secretary.

PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED Agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia Pa.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

COMPETENT SWEDISH GIRL WANTS to do housework in English family. Address 314 Twentieth avenue west, Postor's residence.

WANTED—ROOMS AND OFFICES TO take care of. W 11, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS SEWING BY THE day in dressmaker's shop. Address W 10, Herald.

RESPECTABLE LADY WISHES POSItion as housekeeper or nurse for invalid. Can give references if necessary. Address W 12, Herald.

EXPERIENCED LAUNDRESS WOULD like two more steady places. Mrs. S. P. Torm, 1117 Dodge street, Lakeside.

WANTED — SITUATION BY MAN OF 22, with good character, would like some kind of an indoor job. Adress V. L., Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION—A MAN OF 35 with some experience, would like position as janitor or watchman. Address D. K., Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY AN ALLaround printer; can feed also cylinder press. Will go out of town if necessary. Address F. L., care of Herald.

A YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE A place to take care of a child or to help with general housework. Call or address 225 East Superior street. 'Phone 892.

A YOUNG BOY OF 17 WITH GOOD education wants position. F. 57, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 26 YEARS OF AGE, wants work of any kind for his board. Address 121 Parke avenue.

WANTED—PLACE BY YOUNG LADY to work for board, attending Business college. J 33, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 23 YEARS OF AGE wants work of any kind. Best of references. Address J 7, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, SECond girl's work or general housework in small family. No washing. J 34, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS JANITOR or watchman, 2218 West Ninth.

WANTED — CHILDREN'S SEWING. 325 Third avenue west; basement.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

HOTELS.

THE-COMMERCIAL Segal & Witz, Proprietors.
225 Lake Avenue South.
Room and Board, $4.00 per week.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

HOUSE NO. 224 EAST SECOND STREET for rent. For information apply 2015 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED SEVENroom house, good location; modern conveniences. 11 S., Herald.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, $10, at 901 West Fourth street. Inquire 832 West Third.

FOR RENT — 2317 WEST TENTH street, six rooms; low rent; will repair for responsible tenant. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows' building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM SUITAble for one or two gentlemen. 504 East First street.

LARGE FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM for light housekeeping. Apply "A.," Lowell block.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 503 West First street.

CHOICE OF TWO PLEASANT ROOMS, suitable for married people or two ladies. Apply 2 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT — OFFICE, 417 LONSDALE, $10. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT — PARLOR, ALSO FRONT room, suitable for two gentlemen. 29 West Second street.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms with modern conveniencies. 211 Third avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOM, CENTRALLY LOcated, suitable for two, either sex, ladies preferred; reference required; $8. Address J 18, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. 119 West First street.

SEVEN ROOMS FOR RENT, $15.00 524 Lake avenue north.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FRONT ROOM 425 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — WELL FURNISHED rooms; bath, furnace, electric lights. 720 West First street.

ROOMS—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished for light housekeeping. All conveniences. A. Emmons, 206 Lake avenue south.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FIVE ROOM FLAT, $18. ALL MODERN conveniences. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS. $11 up. Inquire 718 West Fifth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM IN PRIVATE family; lady preferred; every convenience. 13 East Fourth street, upstairs.

ROOM AND BOARD, FURNACE HEAT. 526 West First street.

ROOM AND BOARD. 823 EAST THIRD street.

BOARD AND ROOM OFFERED. 207 West Second street.

GOOD ROOM AND BOARD AT 320 WEST Second street, E. Havsted.

ROOMS AND BOARD, BATH, ETC. 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board for two. 228 Second avenue west.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMily by man and wife; references furnished. Address E. 42, Herald.

LAUNCHES!

Pearson Boat Construction Co.,
Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

FINANCIAL.

DO YOU NEED MONEY? If you have a number of small bills that are being crowded for payment, we will advance you enough money to pay them all up, leaving you owing only us, which you can arrange to pay back in weekly or monthly payments. We advance this money to people holding permanent positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock or on any kind of security. Courteous treatment and all business absolutely confidential.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmond, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Superior St. Established 1893.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

TYPEWRITER FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NEW TYPEWRITER, cheap. Room 103 Manhattan building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON, female complaints. Private hospital 413 7th ave. E. 'Phone 1225.

LOST.

LOST—AN AUSTRALIAN SHELL PARquet. Answers to the name Juliet. Full price of bird for return. E. H. Conroy, 129 Lowell block.

FOUND.

FOUND — A HORSE. OWNER CAN have same by proving ownership, paying expenses and for this ad. 318½ Fourth avenue west.

HERALD WANTS
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 20, 1902. Work, Third degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock, next meeting Jan. 13, 1902. Work, Third degree. Clyde W. Stillson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, M. M. F. M. M. E. M. Jan. 22, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Jan. 14, 1902. Work, Red Cross degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.



ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, Frank Crassweller, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.



BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 23, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Clough, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m. at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wilfred Harris, sachem; C. G. Holloway, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUF TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. George Dion, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special election of officers Jan. 7 to fill vacancies, and to prepare for public installation of officers Jan. 14. G. H. Prudden, C. G.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 4296, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 66, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter' hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall; James Kelly, treasurer, Union depot.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..	Duluth ..	Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar..	Proctor ..	Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar.	Iron Jctn.	Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar..	Wolf ..	Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar.	Virginia.	Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..	Eveleth ..	Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar..	Sparta ..	Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar.	Biwabik.	Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar.	Mtn. Iron.	Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar..	Hibbing ..	Lv	p.m	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
*2 25 pm 11 10 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
†Daily	‡Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points	*6 43 pm
13 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m.
L. J. KITCHELL, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 9:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 9:00 a m	" " "	b 6:50 p m
a 7:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
b 4:00 a m	North Coast Limited	b 4:15 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	b 6:00 a m
a 7:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 4:10 p m
11:10 p m		a 7:10 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
405 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily.	*Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
1 7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED.		1 8 30 am
8 8 15 am	Copper Country Local.		8 8 00 pm

12 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 12 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, JANUARY 10, 1902. TWO CENTS.

REVOLT IN PARAGUAY

Another South American Republic Excited.

Senator Killed In a Row Among the Deputies.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 10.—(Via Galveston.)—The rumors, circulated here yesterday, of a revolution in the republic of Paraguay turn out to be well founded. The revolt, which broke out at Ascuncion, the capital, was caused by the question of the presidential succession, the term of President Aceval expiring in November of this year.

The revolutionary junta was composed of Gen. Cabellero, Gen. Escobar, Col. J. A. Escurra, the minister of war; Senor Marro, a cabinet minister, and Senor Freitas.

President Aceval resigned the presidency and congress accepted his resignation.

A collision occurred in the chamber of deputies, during which Senator Facando Insfran, president of the hygienic council, was killed, and Gen. Caballero, Senators Miguel and Corbalan and Deputy Fernando Carreras were severely wounded. The congress of Paraguay has placed the reins of government in the hands of Senor Hector Carvalho.

Great excitement prevails at Ascuncion.

NO FAITH IN FILIPINOS

Gen. Hughes Says at Heart They Have No Sympathy With Americans---Strict Military Rule Necessary For Some Time.

San Francisco, Jan. 10.—Brig. Gen. Robert P. Hughes, who returned from Manila on the transport Warren after three years' service in the Islands is on leave of absence, during which he will visit Washington and other Eastern cities. He said that while the situation in the islands is slowly improving, it would be a long time before the troops can be withdrawn or their number materially lessened. He has very little faith in the professed friendship of the Filipinos. He believes their apparent acceptance of the new condition of affairs is dictated largely by self interest and that at heart they have very little sympathy with Americans. Strict military rule will be necessary for some time to come, he thinks.

CONVEYS FALSE IDEAS

Ladies of Lexington, Ky., Ask That "Uncle Tom's Cabin" Never Be Played Again In Theater In That City.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 10.—Lexington chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, have sent a written petition to Charles B. Scott, manager of the Lexington opera house, asking that the play "Uncle Tom's Cabin" never be played again at the opera house here. They give as their reasons that the best citizens and old families living in and about Lexington were once slave owners as a heritage, not of their own choosing; that the incidents of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" are not typical of slave life in the South, but of isolated cases; that the production, the play and its being advertised with bloodhounds and pictures of an old negro in chains and a slave owner with whip in hand give a false idea of the history of the times to the children of the city and its disrespect to the Southern gentlemen and good citizens and their families in this part of the country.

The petition is signed by four of the most prominent women of the chapter and endorsed unanimously by the members.

ALLIED WITH BOXERS

New York, Jan. 10.—Documents now in possession of Columbia university it is believed, prove that the Chinese imperial government was in alliance with the Boxer uprisings. The documents consist of an original block cut and a copy of a proclamation. The papers are the gift of Rev. F. D. Gamewell, who constructed the defenses of the allies at the siege of Pekin.

Some few days after the relief of the beleaguered garrison by the foreign troops Dr. Gamewell secured new quarters for the Methodist Episcopal schools, their own buildings having been destroyed. Two private houses were taken and it was on a table in one of these, that a number of circulars were found, together with the plate from which they were printed. The circulars bear the seal of the government used on imperial documents. The wording of the circular is:

"By imperial command. Let the Boxers of (here follows names of eight towns near Pekin) rise up in united victory."

This it is supposed, meant the destruction of the foreigners as known in the Boxer motto, "Protect the Manchus, destroy the foreigners."

The circulars are printed on yellow paper with black type, excepting the vermillion of the seal or "imperial pencil," as it is known. Red characters, signifying the seal of the Boxers are stamped on the lower left hand corner.

GERMANS TO HONOR SCHLEY

Chicago, Jan. 10.—The Germans of Chicago will give a demonstration in honor of Admiral Schley on the occasion of his visit on Monday, Jan. 27, when over 8000 members of the German societies of the city will march to the Auditorium and will be reviewed at that point by Admiral Schley. This was decided upon at a meeting of representatives from 134 German societies of the city. Should the weather be such that marching is impossible on the day set for the demonstration, the Germans will call on the admiral at the hotel.

TOOK HIS LIFE AT NINETY

New York, Jan. 10.—Christopher Miller, 90 years old hanged himself in the bathroom of his son's home here early today. A week ago the old man was much grieved by the death of his sister-in-law at the age of 81 years, and his mind was further upset by reading of the accident in the New York Central tunnel on Wednesday.

EXCLUSION

Of Chinese a Menace to Favorable Trade Prospects.

New York, Jan. 10.—Cotton goods manufacturers are much concerned over the renewed agitation looking to the continued exclusion of Chinese, notwithstanding that the treaty with China does not expire until 1904, says the Journal of Commerce. They regard such agitation as a direct menace to the otherwise favorable prospects for a large increase in our business with China, and as being altogether ill-advised. Concerted efforts is to be made to present to Washington in proper light the alleged injust ed epresofnt light the alleged injustice of present agitation and that contemplated in the proposed action of continued exclusion.

HARDSHIPS

Washington, Jan. 10.—The navy department today received the following cablegram from Admiral Rodgers at Cavite:

"Waller reports having completed ten days' march across Samar from Lanaug to Bahey. Column endured great hardships. Killed 13 insurgents, captured captain, lieutenant and four men."

REFORM OF TAXATION

Report of State Tax Commission Is Filed.

Important Changes In System Suggested.

St. Paul, Jan. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state tax commission filed its report, together with the bill for a new tax code, with the governor today. The report contains seventy-five typewritten pages and the bill 225 pages.

Among the most important of the new features is the creation of a permanent state tax commission of three members, a county supervisor of assessment and changes in the state and county boards of equalization, which are to be known hereafter as boards of review.

The state tax commission is to be composed of three members, who are to receive $3000 per year each, to have extensive powers with regard to the examination of records and persons and the increase or abatement of assessments.

The commissioners also have supervision over the county supervisors, and at least one of them is to visit each county in the state during the year to investigate the workings of the tax law. The tax commission is to a large extent under the authority of the state board of review, although it is really a co-ordinate body. Township assessors are retained. Over them is the county supervisor of assessments, who, in counties of over 75,000 inhabitants, is to devote all his time to the office, and is to receive not less than $1800 nor more than $3000 per year; the amount to be set by the commissioners. The supervisor is not only to instruct the assessors, but to investigate the books and records in the several towns and cities himself. Above the county supervisor is the tax commission and the state board of review.

The time for beginning the work of assessment is changed from May 1 to April 1, and continues through April, May and June.

The state board of review is composed of state officers, instead of members appointed by judicial districts, as is the present board of equalization. The county board is to be composed of county officers, including the chairman of the board of county commissioners.

The boards and tax officers are all given the most extensive powers with regard to examining officers and stockholders in corporations, personally, and their books and records, and a refusal on the part of individuals, copartnerships or corporations, or their employes or agents, to furnish the officers or boards with regular reports, and any additional information they may desire concerning the business and property of these concerns, is made subject to heavy penalties.

A determined effort to prevent any escape from taxation is made in provisions adding to the tax of subsequent years any annual tax that may be avoided, with interest, generally, at 7 per cent. It makes no difference how the tax may have been escaped, whether by errors or omission of the officer, or by design on the part of the property owner. All persons are required to list their property, personal and real, and if the owner of personal property removes from one county to another without paying his personal tax, the bill is to be sent to the auditor of the county to which he removes for collection.

No statutes of limitation run in tax matters. The liens are perpetual.

The legislature is urged to memorialize congress for legislation that will authorize the federal government to investigate the business of express and similar companies doing interstate business, and furnish the several state authorities with data which will enable them to impose a proper tax.

The gross earnings tax as applied to railroads is declared to be improper for other public service corporations under existing conditions, and is not recommended.

The commission found the constitutional provision for a tonnage tax on mines so vague that it did not give certainly sufficient authority to impose this tax, and it was obliged to provide for taxation of such properties according to the ordinary methods. The commission, however, favors a constitutional amendment, which will admit of a tonnage tax.

It also favors a constitutional amendment providing for an income tax.

ENGINEERS IN SESSION

Delegates Hold Secret Meetings at Detroit and Decline to Announce the Nature of Business Under Discussion.

Detroit, Jan. 10.—A special meeting of the Marine Engineers' Beneficial association of the great lakes is being held here today, President Uhler of the national body presiding. The sessions are secret and the delegates present are very reticent as to the business under discussion. It is understood that one of the objects of calling the meeting is to take action with regard to the engineers who have signed contracts for next season with the steel trust fleet, against President Uhler's orders. The proposed affiliation with the National Longshoremen's association is also reported to be under discussion.

BUILDING FOR SUPERIOR

Senate Committee Passes Favorably on an Appropriation of $300,000 For a Public Building at Superior.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The senate committee on public buildings and grounds today authorized favorable reports on public building bills as follows: Dallas, Tex., $150,000; Superior, Wis., $300,000; Huntington, W. Va., $120,000; Bluefields, W. Va., $70,000; Wheeling, W. Va., $400,000; Nashua, N. H., $100,000; improvements on public building at Portland, Ore., $105,000.

IS ANXIOUSLY WAITING

Wife of Dr. Anthony, Who Is on Trial For High Treason In South Africa, In Ignorance of His Fate.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Mrs. Alice Anthony, wife of Dr. Richard S. Anthony, is in this city anxiously waiting news of the fate of her husband, who is on trial for his life in South Africa on a charge of high treason to Great Britain. Dr. Anthony is an American citizen residing in Cradock, South Africa. His trial was set for Jan. 7, and his wife is still in ignorance of its result. According to Mrs. Anthony's statement, the couple were married in South Africa, and then came to America. The husband graduated from the Cooper Medical college, of San Francisco, afterwards taking a post-graduate course in the university of Michigan. Five years ago he went to Cradock and began to practice his profession. Mrs. Anthony was a Miss Wessels, daughter of Matthew Wessels, afterwards a Boer general.

For safety Dr. Anthony sent his wife and two little girls to the United States until the war was over. Mrs. Anthony received word of her husband's arrest a month ago. He is charged with lending aid and comfort to the enemy and with intriguing against Great Britain.

CALL THEM "LITTLE FITZS"

New York, Jan. 10.—Mrs. J. C. B. Fitzsimmons has made application in the Brooklyn courts for permission to change her name. She gives as her reason that she objects to bearing the same name as that of a "notorious pugilistic character." She says her children were referred to as "little Fitzs" which was a source of annoyance.

PRESIDENT HILL TALKS AT FARGO

Freight Rates In the Northwest Reduced Faster Than Anywhere Else In the Country.

This Was Done Without Any Competition.

Tells Object In Acquiring the Burlington.

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 10.—President James J. Hill of the Great Northern railway this afternoon addressed the tri-state convention of grain and cattle growers, which has been in session here this week. The crowd today was very large and included farmers and business men from all parts of Minnesota and both Dakotas, special delegations having come today from Duluth and the Twin Cities to hear Mr. Hill. He opened with a few words of praise for the farmers, saying that "the nation at large has more to expect from those who cultivate the soil than from all others combined." He thought the best use for the good lands as yet unsettled a serious question for the consideration of statesmen. He believed that "the future welfare of the country depends more upon the wise disposition of the public domain so as to secure homes for the people than upon any other single condition in the nation." He discussed the need of action to secure more markets for our surplus products, citing the action of other nations in that respect.

After speaking of the development of the Northwest, he said that he thought the one kind of "community of interest" which really existed was that between the producer of tonnage and the carrier; the land and its products and the railroads will either prosper together or be poor together. Much is being said about combination between railroads and competition. The law of the survival of the fittest must inevitably end such competition as exists by the destruction of the weaker by the stronger. This has already been done in the East. He said:

> "Twenty-five years ago it was supposed that competition was necessary to reduce rates. I think that we have shown in the Northwest that without competition rates have been reduced faster than anywhere else in the country."

After speaking of other sections where rates are higher, showing the rate reductions in the Northwest, he said: "This more than anything else has doubled the price of your lands in a comparatively few years." Continuing a little later: "There has recently been an attempt to show that we have no interest in building up the prosperity of your state and of the Northwest.

> "If we did not do everything in our power to build you up we would be false to our best interests.

"Our object in acquiring the Burlington jointly with the Northern Pacific railroad was to ensure an outlet to the best markets for the grain, live stock and lumber of the northern lines and to increase the volume of our traffic, to the end that we might at all times be able to establish the lowest rates and most favorable conditions under which the traffic must be carried. The Burlington, with its own rails, reaches Chicago, Peoria, Rock Island, Davenport, Quincy, Alton, Hannibal, St. Louis, St. Joseph, Kansas City, Des Moines, Omaha and Denver and then connects with the main arteries of traffic of the whole country.

"Assuming that the line of the Burlington had not been constructed, and that the Great Northern and Northern Pacific jointly had raised the money and were engaged in the construction of it, would there be anything to meet the disapproval of the states traversed by the line of the Gerat Northern and Northern Pacific? On the contrary, would not such a course have been hailed with approval as a means of opening up markets for Northwestern products? and of reaching markets in the south and southwest, and of securing business, increasing the volume of the traffic of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific, thus making reduction of rates and adding to the general prosperity of the Northwest. Instead of building the Burlington system, or a line of railroad alongside of it, the Great Northern and Northern Pacific purchased the capital stock of a line already constructed. Instead of issuing stock or bonds for building a line reaching the same country, bonds were issued to purchase the stock of a constructed line.

"Capital stock of railroad companies, as of other corporations, will be held by somebody and somewhere. Railroad companies as carriers are subject to supervision and control by the public, for the purpose of insuring the performance of their obligations to the public. The capital employed in railroad construction is made public. Railroads make public through published rates the price charged for transportation, the only thing they have to sell, and must report the amount they receive for what they sell, and what has been done with it. Courts are open for the purpose of determining whether railroad companies as carriers observe their obligations to the public. The question of the reasonableness of rates and service does not depend upon whether one man owns the capital stock of a railroad or another—whether the capital stock is owned by ten men or 1000, by persons or by corporations. The capital stock of a railroad company is personal property, to be sold, transferred from one man to another, —any one may purchase and hold all that he has means to buy and pay for. The capital stock of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern will be held by somebody, persons or corporations, if not by the present owners, by other owners. Suppose by death of present owners the stock should be scattered and a majority of it find its way into the hands of those interested in competing lines serving the country to the north or the south of the territory served by the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific. Would the people along the lines of these railroads be benefited?

> "If the present owners of a majority of the stock of the two companies be compelled to sell it, or dispose of it on the markets, would it fall into hands more interested in the development and prosperity of the Northwest than its present owners?

"How is it that the lines have been extended and improved? What brought about the present condition of the property of the two companies? What has enabled them to serve the people along the lines as they have been served? Plainly the willingness and ability of those controlling large interests of the stock of the company, who found it to their advantage to build up the lines and promote the settlement of the territory tributary to it and who will continue it."

He called attention to the former high rates on the great lakes and how Northwestern interests had established new lines and forced reductions in rates from the East and by means of new elevators had compelled lower rates there also. After further touching on rate reductions, he said:

"The conditions of the general railroad situation in the United States at the present time are hardly understood. For the year ending June 30, 1899, the number of tons carried one mile by all the railroads was 76,207,000,000 ton miles; in 1900 it was 141,600,000,000 as shown by the interstate commerce commission reports. In 1901 a safe estimate will bring this to 165,000,000,000 tons carried one mile, an increase of 120 per cent in eleven years. During this time the mileage of the railroads in the United States increased 18 per cent.

> "While the tons moved show an increase of 120 per cent, the earnings show an increase of less than 40 per cent. During this time the rates have been reduced to the extent of that difference.

"During that period of eleven years, notwithstanding the enormous increase in traffic, four of the so-called trunk lines have through destructive competition failed and then re-organized and all but one of them have been absorbed by the stronger surviving lines. Destructive competition has forced the weakest lines into bankruptcy and today they are owned by the lines that were able to maintain their position and credit, giving the ability to acquire these bankrupt roads. The Baltimore & Ohio and the Pennsylvania for half a century have been rival roads. Both states and cities actively aided in building them up. Destructive competition between them has finally resulted in the Pennsylvania owning the Baltimore & Ohio. Have the rates advanced? Have the people along the line of the Baltimore & Ohio suffered? On the contrary, the first step has been to furnish money to cut down the grades, double track the line rom the Ohio river to Chicago and to furnish cars and facilities to handle the business to best advantage and at such rates as will enable the shippers along the line to open up their lines and increase their business in every branch of trade and to rely upon a solvent company for the facilities necessary to transact their business."

After speaking of the congested state of transportation throughout the country, he said:

"A careful examination o fthe railroad problem from a national standpoint will, I believe, show beyond question that the business of the country has outgrown the facilities on most of the trunk lines and that new facilities now now apparent will be necessary to relieve the situation. Rates in the United States are much lower than in any other country. Wages are higher—the cost of most of the material is higher than in Europe, still the average rate charged in Europe is fully twice as high as in America. The conditions in this country change very rapidly—while rates have been cut in two in twenty years all kinds of labor and materials used by railroads have advanced from 30 to 50 per cent.

> "Nothing but the increased volume of traffic has made it possible to reduce rates as they have been reduced.

"Today we find the volume of traffic so great east of Chicago that the railways are not able to move it under the present conditions. How will these conditions be changed and at whose cost? Who will build new lines or increase old ones? These are the questions which I will not undertake to answer farther than to say that the West must have the facilities or suffer for the want of them. The public must bear in mind that a bankrupt road cannot furnish good service."

He remarked that "it will be thirty-two years next March since I first saw the Red River valley. At that time there was not a single house on the west side of the Red river from the Bois De Sioux to Pembina."

After speaking of the valley's marvelous growth he said in conclusion:

"I hope in the future that with better methods of cultivation and more knowledge of what is required your condition may be constantly improved, and if your condition is improved ours will certainly share it with you. As the volume of traffic increases our rates will be reduced. Remember that whatever helps you helps the railroad, and whatever hurts you or restricts your growth restricts the growth of the railroad serving you. We will always prosper together or be poor together."



JAMES J. HILL.

WIRE POOL.

An Association to Form to Raise All Prices.

Pittsburg, Jan. 10.—Arrangements have been made for a meeting of the principal companies manufacturing wire and wire nails in this city next Tuesday, at which it is probable that an arbitrary price association will be formed for the purpose of controlling the prices of wire and wire nails. The association, if formed, will be very similar to the steel rail and steel plate pools. It will include about a dozen concerns, the largest of which it is said will be the American Steel and Wire company of the United States Steel corporation.

OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT TILL 11 O'CLOCK.

Our Annual Mid-Winter Clearance Sale IS NOW ON....

Fur Coats and fur lined Coats

Best in the world for less than it costs to make 'em. All kinds—Dog, Goat, Russian Buffalo, Wombat, Astrachan, Persian Lamb, Otter, Etc.



The Positive Rule

of this great store is that no goods shall be carried over from one season to another no matter what the loss—hence this great sacrifice.

M. S. BURROWS.

Positive Reductions of 10, 20, 30, 40 and 50 Per Cent in all Departm'nts

Greatest of All Clothing Sales.

The Extraordinary Inducements we are offering to clothing buyers is convincing evidence of our determination to sell and get rid of every dollar's worth of Winter Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Underwear, Caps and Shoes, for men and boys—that still remain upon our counters. **Our Clothing Stands Alone In Duluth as Representing the Best.**

MEN'S FASHIONABLE SUITS.

$40 Suits, regularly sold at $12 to $15—price during the Mid-Winter Clearance Sale---------- **$9.65**

635 splendid Business Suits, sold at $16, $18 and $30—take your pick at---------- **$13.65**

A Suit Bargain of a lifetime—400 highest grade strictly tailor-made suits—sold at $22, $24, $25 and $28—at------ **$17.65**

Special—450 Suits—odds and ends—broken sizes—from full lines which sold at $8, $10 and $12.50—tomorrow---- **$6.65**

OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS.

300 Black, Blue and Brown Meltons, Kerseys and Chinchillas—worth $8, $9 and $10—take your pick for---------- **$5.55**

400 Kerseys, Meltons, Vicunas, Friezes, Chinchillas and Beavers, worth $14, $15 and $16—for---------- **$9.65**

500 fine Overcoats, well known and popular makes, fit for a cabinet officer to wear—worth double the money **$14.65**

All our finest Overcoats—the famous Stein-Block & Co.'s production—on sale during this sale at a reduction of---------- **20%**

Men's Furnishings.

THE LATEST QUILTED MUFFLERS—The kind we have been selling at $2.00 and $1.50—while they last—your choice at..... **$1.00**

MEN'S COLLARS—M. S. Burrows' special brand, regular 15c qualities—each..... **8⅓c**

NECKWEAR—45 dozen Four-in-Hands, Tecks, Batwings, String Ties and Puffs, originally sold at $1.00, 75c and 50c to close—each..... **35c**

MEN'S GLOVES—Lined and unlined, odds and ends of $1.00 and $1.50 qualities, some are slightly soiled from having been in window, exceptional values to close—a pair..... **79c**

CLEAN-UP SALE OF SHIRTS.

White and colored, laundered and unlaundered, stiff and negligee. If you are not too particular about a pattern, you can buy a good shirt for everyday wear out of this lot at about one-third its regular value. We have picked out all our odds and ends of $1.00 and $1.50 Shirts, while they last, your choice..... **50c**

Clearance Sale Men's Underwear.

HOLROYD'S—Finest Derby Ribbed Australian wool Underwear—regular price $3.50—for this sale..... **$2.65**

NORFOLK MAKE—Finest worsted full-fashioned regular made Blue, Gray color, regular price $3.50—this sale..... **$2.65**

DUNHAM—Best Australian wool—derby ribbed—French neck, White and Turquoise Blue colors—regular price $2.50; this sale.... **$1.95**

NORFOLK—Unshrinkable Merino—full fashioned, well made and trimmed, Blue color, regular price $2.00; this sale..... **$1.55**

ALL-WOOL RIBBED—well made—Pink and Blue colors—regular price $1.25—this sale..... **85c**

189 Garments, odds and ends of our regular $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 lines, Merinos, Wools, Worsteds—if you are in need of something to patch out the season with—here is your opportunity—While they last, $1.50, $2 and $2.50 odd garments—choice..... **$1.05**

THE BOYS' END OF THIS MARVELOUS SALE

PRESENTS HUNDREDS OF BARGAINS IN SUITS OVERCOATS AND REEFERS.

Furnishings and Winter Caps, Gloves and Mittens.

Splendid reductions in Boys' Vestee, Little Men's 3-piece and Long Pant Suits as well as Reefers.

Russian Overcoats—2½ to 8 years—

$6.00 qualities at	$4.95
$7.50 qualities at	$5.95
$8.50 qualities at	$6.95
$10.00 qualities at	$7.95
$12.00 qualities at	$8.95

Boys' Overcoats—16 to 20 years—

$10.00 qualities at	$7.95
$12.50 qualities at	$9.95
$18.00 qualities at	$14.95
$20.00 qualities at	$16.45

Special—Winter Caps—

25 dozen 25c Winter Caps	15c
25 dozen 50c Winter Caps	25c
10 dozen $1.00 Winter Caps at	50c

Boys' Shirts, in fancy percale—75c and $1.00 qualities---------- **39c**

Mother's Friend Waists, with two collars and one pair cuffs---------- **75c**

Infants' Underwear—in natural grey—25c quality---------- **13c**

Boys' Sweaters—Turtle neck or sailor collar—navy blue—$1.00 quality.---------- **69c**

Fleece Lined Underwear — silk trimmed—39c quality ---------- **25c**

Odd sizes in fine American Hosiery Company Underwear—that sold at $1.50 and $1.75—to close at ---------- **98c**

Children's Gloves and Mittens—the Scotch or Knit kind—25c qualities---------- 19c
Knit kind—35c qualities---------- 25c
Knit kind, 50c qualities---------- 39c

Windsor Bow Ties for little boys—made from 50c silks ---------- **19c**

Boys' Mufflers—

50c quality at	43c
75c quality at	63c
$1.00 quality at	75c
$1.25 quality at	98c

EXTRA SPECIAL—

Toboggan Suits—Made from best North Star Mackinaw—

HALF PRICE

MEN'S HATS AND CAPS.

Entire stock of Men's Soft Hats in pearls—browns, cedars and black—all the newest shapes including the popular Pantourls, $3, $3.50, $4 and $5 qualities—choice---------- **$2.50**

Knox and Stetson's Excepted.

32 doz Men's Caps—Golf, Brighton, Dewey and Golf Yacht shapes, all colors and styles of cloth—50c and 75c grades—choice---------- **39c**

18 dozen the season's newest shapes Golf Yachts, Brightons and Tie-overs, best of makes, regular $1.00 and $1.50 grades—to close---------- **69c**

Shoe Department Bargains.

MEN'S SHOES—All odd pairs of Men's Shoes in Hanan and Burrows' Benchmade $5 and $6 shoes, in box and French calf viel kid, enamel and patent leathers—some with single and some double soles—all good sizes and widths, your pick of the lot for—only---------- **$3.75**

ALL ODD PAIRS of Men's Shoes in the Burrows $4 and Burrows Regent $3.50 lines—in box calf, viel kid, patent leather and enamel calf, some light and some heavy soles, your choice of the lot---------- **$2.85**

195 PAIRS MEN'S $3.50 WELT SHOES—in single and half double soles, box calf, viel kid and enamel, all sizes and widths—in most of the styles, your choice only---------- **$2.39**

All odd pairs of men's $2.50 Shoes, in lace or congress, single or double soles—in box calf, viel kid or velour calf—your choice of the lot for---------- **$1.89**

All our Men's and Ladies' Felt Shoes and winter footwear, Arctics, lined Rubbers, Overgaiters, etc., at cost or less.

All our Men's and Boys' Shoe Packs, German Socks, Sheepskin Socks, etc., at 20% discount.

Men's Dressy Trousers.

In new and handsome fancy striped Worsteds and Tweeds, made in the proper width legs, that fit and hang perfectly, a splendid assortment of $4, $4.50 and $5 values—choice---------- **$3.45**

Our broken lines of Men's Smoking Jackets, sizes 33 to 48 only. 25 left at exactly ½ PRICE.

THIS SALE IS FOR CASH. **M. S. BURROWS** THIS SALE IS FOR CASH.

DISCHARGED.

Robert J. Shields Dismissed By West Superior Court.

Robert J. Shields, of West Superior, whose examination has been going on for two days in the municipal court of that city, on the charge of destroying public records, was discharged by Judge Halley late yesterday afternoon. In rendering his decision the court held that the claim in dispute was not a public record. The statutes provide that bills that are to be presented to the board can be withdrawn, but nothing is said about bills that have not been presented or acted on by the board. The inference to be drawn is that a bill that has not been presented can be withdrawn at any time and Mr. Shields' action was entirely lawful. Judge Halley said that Mr. Shields had admitted in court that he placed his notarial seal upon the claim without the presence of the person for whom he was supposed to have attested the bill. This constitutes malfeasance in office and the bill, if it could have been produced would be evidence of the crime, but Shields, under the constitution, could not be compelled to produce it in court, as it would be evidence against himself. He therefore had a legal right to destroy the bill which he had withdrawn legally and the county and court had no jurisdiction over it.

Today M. J. Clarke, of Douglas county, is being examined in municipal court at West Superior on the charge of swearing to a large number of alleged fraudulent bills. He brought the bills to the county clerk to be filed and swore to them before the deputy county clerk. The bills are not now on file at the county clerk's office. It is claimed that the men whose names are signed to the claims know nothing about them and a number of these have been subpoenaed as witnesses. Some of the men cannot be found.

NEXT WEEK.

Steamer Grammer to Be Launched at Shipyard Saturday.

Plans are being made by the shipyards company to launch the Grammer, the first of the new boats building, one week from tomorrow. This will be the first boat launched in mid-winter since the passenger whaleback steamer Christopher Columbus slid from the stocks into the water.

The steamer Grammer will not be completed when it is launched, but the finishing touches will be put on before spring. As soon as the boat is off the stocks work will begin on another new boat which is to be launched next spring.

The W. J. Grammer is a steamer 366 feet long, 48 feet beam and 28 feet deep. The boat is being built for the Griffith-Transit company and will probably go into the ore trade. The steamer is fitted with triple expansion engines built entirely at the shops at the yards. The slip into which the steamer will be launched is being kept open by means of steam pipes.

Man Is Identified.

The man found dead under the Belknap street viaduct, in West Superior, yesterday morning, has been identified as Nels Holm, who lived with his sister on Nineteenth street. It is supposed that Holm was at the head of the stairs when he suffered a stroke of apoplexy and fell to the bottom. Death was caused from a fracture of the skull.

Company A Wins.

The company A indoor baseball team defeated the high school team by a score of 7 to 4, in the Armory last evening. The game was clean, fast and well attended.

The winners were challenged by the Freimuth team and a game between these rivals is promised for the near future.

The customary informal dancing party followed the game last evening.

Superior Physician Dead.

Dr. W. C. David, a well-known physician of West Superior, died yesterday afternoon after a lingering illness. He leaves a wife and two small daughters. Dr. David was born in Pittsburg, Ont., and came to West Superior eleven years ago. He was a member of the Douglas County Medical association and the society will have charge of the funeral.

AMUSEMENTS.

PRIMROSE & DOCKSTADER.

The banner minstrel company of the season, Primrose & Dockstader's, will open at the Lyceum this evening and will also play tomorrow evening and Saturday afternoon. This is the big organization which excelled itself last season and broke all records at the popular Herald Square theater, Broadway, New York, by playing to the biggest audiences that theater has ever entertained, and that, too, without an adverse criticism by press or public. In fact, Allen Dale, one of the most critical of critics, went so far as to declare it par excellent to many of the farces, comic operas and musical comedies then in the city.

RICHARD CARVEL.

Monday evening Andrew Robson will give a fine production of "Richard Carvel." The play is a dramatization of Edward E. Rose of the famous novel of the same name by Winston Churchill. The production comes hither precisely as presented in New York, with the extensive company and all the scenery complete, without exception in the least detail. There are over thirty speaking parts in the play, almost all the characters in the book being represented. Readers of the novel from which the play is taken will easily comprehend the assertion that the piece is replete with stirring episodes in which all the human passions are vigorously depicted most picturesquely by Mr. Robson and his company.

BEEF IS CHEAPER

Cheaper To the Butchers But Not to the Consumers.

Butchers' Trust Gobbles Reduction, Letting Consumer Have None.

Wholesale Price Now the Lowest For a Long Time.

This is a hard, cruel world, and the economical housekeeper is up against it these days. On every hand, wherever she turns, she hears nothing but stories of increased prices. This thing has gone up, that thing has gone up again, and the other thing is about to go up. When prices all around are simply appalling when the totals are footed up at the end of the month, these increases are maddening to the housekeeper who would like to do a little better than make both ends meet.

Meet?

That is strongly reminiscent of meat, which is a subject on which the economical housekeeper could talk by the hour. Down on Michigan street, or wherever else the packing houses have their depots, some of the meats are lower. Mutton is higher, but beef is very, very cheap—cheaper than it has been for a long time.

But here is the irony of fate. Here is one lonely article on which prices have gone down, and the housekeeper gets no benefit from it. Because the butchers' trust is not guided by the law of supply and demand and the fluctuations of the market, but by greed, and it makes no difference how low the prices go the butchers pay, the prices paid by the consumer keep right up to the top of the heap. They are the highest prices paid anywhere in the West, and that notwithstanding the fact that beef, at least, is cheaper than it has been for a long time.

To be sure, the butchers' trust has been lenient enough not to put up prices again during the past week. But this is not from benevolence or kindness or brotherly love. It is because the butchers feel pretty sure that if they put up prices again their enraged customers will get out and mob them one and all, and tie them up by their apron strings, with a soup bone in each greedy mouth.

This article is intended merely as a gentle hint to the meat-eaters and buyers of the city of Duluth that if they are paying extraordinary prices for meat, particularly beef, they are doing it without any reason or justice, and that they are getting no benefit whatever from the conditions that make beef a cheap commodity at the present time.

Other things are higher. Poultry is up, and hens are 9 cents and spring chicks are 10 to 11 cents, with turkeys 1 cent higher than that. Mutton, lamb and veal are a trifle higher, but not high enough to warrant the butchers' trust prices.

THE DEBATE.

Order of Speaking at the Armory Monday Evening.

The three-cornered debate upon the question "Which Political Party Ought to Receive the Support of American Voters?" began yesterday at Red Wing, Minn. Tonight the second meeting will take place at Fargo, N. D., Saturday evening, they will hold forth at Minneapolis in Century hall. Monday evening they will be heard in Duluth at the Armory.

At Duluth Oliver W. Stewart, who represents the Prohibition party, and is its national chairman, will be the first speaker. J. Adam Bede, who champions the cause of the Republicans, will follow and the third speaker will be C. J. Caton, who argues for the Democracy. The latter is a campaigner of much experience.

This debate is the outgrowth of a similar one held last summer at the Chautauqua meeting at Fergus Falls. At that time J. Adam Bede was one of the speakers. He afterward issued a challenge for a series of five to be delivered in different parts of the Northwest and they are now being held.

ANNUAL BALL.

Police Relief Association Dance at Armory February 3.

Elaborate preparations are under way for the annual ball of the Police Relief association at the Armory on Feb. 3. Officers Ed Jensen, Frank Schulte and Herman Fritz are acting on the committee of general arrangements and they promise to outdo all previous efforts in the way of entertainment.

The Armory was engaged for the night of the ball by the Republican city committee, but Mayor Hugo, learning that the policemen always had it on the night before election, decided to cancel the political meeting which was to have been held there.

The money derived from the ball will be turned over to the treasurer of the Police Relief association, to be used in the care of sick or injured officers or in case of death to go to the use of their families.

No argument is needed when

GRAPE-NUTS

are served for breakfast

At Grocers.

SOME ARE KILLED

Dr. McKay Pushing Campaign Against Horses With Glanders.

Found Two Genuine Cases and Killed the Animals.

Believed That Prompt Action Will Stamp Disease Out.

The quick action of the health authorities in deciding on rigorous measures against glanders has probably saved many valuable horses.

Dr. McKay, the veterinary surgeon engaged by the health department to run down the threatened epidemic, has found the source of trouble and the authorities confidently expect to see the disease stamped out within a very short time.

Two genuine and very severe cases of glanders were found in one livery stable and the horses were killed and buried in quick lime. It is probable that other horses will be killed before the disease is entirely wiped out.

The prompt action of the health authorities had the effect of confining the glanders to the stable in which the disease is supposed to have originated and with great care and complete isolation there is every prospect that the danger point will soon be passed.

YEAR'S WORK.

The Public Improvements Made In the Year 1901.

The annual statement of R. Murchison, clerk of the department of public works, shows an expenditure of $137,747 in public improvements during the year of 1901. Of this amount the permanent improvement fund only paid $38,520 while the balance came from the permanent improvement revolving fund and is assessed against owners of property benefited by the improvement.

The largest improvement was the Superior street paving which caused a run of $65,000 on the revolving fund. The Michigan street paving cost the revolving fund about $20,000 and the permanent improvement fund $9600. There were about thirteen small sewer contracts during the year.

The Duluth Telephone

Company has issued a new directory for January, giving a complete list of telephone subscribers on their own and connecting lines in Duluth, West Duluth, Superior, Carlton, Cloquet, Two Harbors, Bwabik, Eveleth Virginia, Elba Sparta, Fayal, Mountain Iron, Tower, Ely, Scanlon, Lake Nebagamon and a list of numerous toll stations in Minnesota and Wisconsin.

It is a substantial and clearly printed directory, showing a large increase in subscribers to their system and in facilities furnished to their patrons. The company has now covered the country tributary to the head of the lakes with toll lines, besides its connections by the long distance lines to all important cities and towns of the United States.

THOUGHT TO BE DEAD.

Dredging Trust Scheme Believed to Have Dropped.

Dredging interests all along the lakes looked for the proposed dredging trust to be a failure. All reports from both the head of the lakes and outside points are to the effect that the scheme will fall through. It has been on for several months and it was stated at several different times that the deal would go through.

But the reports now are that there is a very slim chance of anything coming of the proposition to combine the great interests. In fact the chances for the trust becoming a reality are said to be about one in ten. The difficulty is in fixing on the value of the different plants which were to go into the big combine. Several meetings have been held on the matter, but those close in touch with the promoters say that it is about dead.

The proposition was to include all of the plants of the great lakes in the big combine. The Smiths of Cleveland were the principal promoters and they had thoroughly investigated the Barker and Williams plants at the head of the lakes with the result that these plants would have been included in the trust had the deal been consummated.

TARIFFS

Concessions From United States Wanted By Cubans.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—A Tribune special from Washington says that Secretary Root will send to congress copies of cable dispatches just received from Cuba, urging the immediate passage by congress of a law granting tariff concessions to Cuba.

The purport of these dispatches is that Cuba is threatened with immediate ruin unless the concessions asked for shall be granted. Secretary Root is pleaded with to use his utmost power to secure the tariff concessions, and has already asked Gen. Wood to come to Washington and appear before the ways and means committe Jan. 17 on behalf of the legislation proposed in the interest of the island. Gen. Wood's views on this subject are well known to the president and secretary of war. He agrees thoroughly with the statements advanced in dispatches received at the war department that Cuba must have tariff concessions to save it from destruction. He has already informed the president that only by the granting of tariff concessions can Cuba continue to live. On the other hand, he says, with a reduction of duties the development of Cuba will be rapid and immediate.

The dispatches received by Secretary Root are signed by the officers of different commercial bodies in Cuba, and while all of them speak of the necessity of concessions and the ruin that will follow unless these are granted, some go so far as to declare that unless such legislation is enacted the distress in the island will be accomplished by serious disturbances.

Enameline

THE MODERN STOVE POLISH

Brilliant. Clean. Easily Applied. Absolutely Odorless.

BIGGER BOX SAME PRICE

LIQUID-BETTER YET! FIRE PROOF!!

Greatest Sacrifice Ever Known of——

Men's Fine Clothing, Pants, Suits, Overcoats at just ½ of regular price

COMMENCING TOMORROW AT

The Van Guard Clothing Co

We have just finished taking inventory and find that we have altogether too many Winter Suits and Overcoats, and we have made up our minds that we will not carry over a single garment no matter how great the loss.

Don't Wait, Come Tomorrow!

Remember you can have any Suit or Overcoat in the house for half the regular price—no more—no less.

$8.00 Suits and Overcoats, now only just half ---------- $4.00
$10.00 Suits and Overcoats, now only just half ---------- $5.00
$12.00 Suits and Overcoats, now only just half ---------- $6.00
$14.00 Suits and Overcoats, now only just half ---------- $7.00
$16.00 Suits and Overcoats, now only just half ---------- $8.00
$18.00 Suits and Overcoats, now only just half ---------- $9.00
$20.00 Suits and Overcoats, now only just half ---------- $10.00
$22.00 Suits and Overcoats, now only just half ---------- $11.00

We carry a complete line of Shoes, Underwear and Gents' Furnishing Goods and they must be sold, so we have made a cut of 25 per cent on everything. We expect every person in Duluth needing any Clothing, Shoes, Underwear or Furnishing Goods to take advantage of this sale. Rubbers and Mackinaws at ⅓ off.

The Van Guard Clothing Co.

407 West Superior Street.

Inventory Sale..... One-Fifth Off.

PHILLIPS & CO.,

218 West Superior Street.

Ladies' $1 Storm Alaskas reduced to 49c.

Annual Inventory Sale

20% Discount on all Shoes

(Except "Princess" and "Walk-Over" Lines.)

Laird-Schoeber's and Harry Gray's Ladies' Shoes, Strong & Garfield's and Stetson's Men's Shoes all go at **1-5 OFF** during this sale

All our Men's and Women's $5.00 patent leather ideal kid box calf enamel and vici shoes—sale price only ---------- **$4.00**

All our $4.00 Men's and Women's Box Calf Enamel patent kid and vici shoes, nothing reserved—all styles, sale price ---------- **$3.20**

All our Men's and Women's $3.00 Shoes, including heavy sole enamels and box calf—all styles and widths—sale price--- **$2.40**

All Men's and Women's $2.50, $2.00 and $1.50 Shoes, during this sale at--- **1-5 Off** regular price.

Warm Shoes.

Men's $3.00 Rubber Sole Felt Shoes, guaranteed soles, sale price ---------- **$2.40**

Men's good Felt Sole Shoes, worth $2 50, all sizes, reduced to only ---------- **$1.39**

Women's $1.50 fur trimmed leather foxed Juliets, red and black. All seam satin Romeos reduced to- **98c**

Women's 65c Felt Sole Slippers —all sizes ---------- **39c**

Every pair Misses' and Children's Shoes in the store **REDUCED 1-5** during this sale.

All Warm-lined Rubbers, German Sox and Overshoes at Cost During this Sale.

Closed at 5:30. **Silberstein & Bondy Co.** Open at 8:30.

We Close Tomorrow Evening at 9:30

Clearance Sale

Women's Furs and Wraps....



With half price sales around and about us, we are still getting the lion's share of the wrap and suit business. Half price does not always mean the best bargains, as many customers have found out, who looked at garments in other stores and came back here and bought. The people understand values—they also understand when garments are undesirable and when not—and they buy accordingly. The peoples' interest keeps up in this sale because the facts justify it. The reductions are not imaginary, but real—not sensational, but genuine. For instance we offer Jackets

That have been $10 and $12 for---- $7.50
That have been $15 and $13.50 for--$9.50
That have been $25, fur revers and collar, for ---------- $16.50
That have been $18.50, fur rever and collar, for ---------- $13.50
$25.00 and $22.50 Three-quarter Coats for ---------- $15.00
$30.00 and $27.50 Three-quarter Coats for ---------- $18.50
$35.00 and $32.50 Three-quarter Coats for ---------- $21.50
$25 and $22.50 Long Coats for---- $15.00
$30 and $27.50 Long Coats for---- $18.50
$40 and $35.00 Long Coats for---- $24.50

Sales Continued

Several important lots of lots of DRESS GOODS, LACE CURTAINS.

Several hundred pairs of Nottinghams at almost half!

Fine Irish Point, Brussels Net and Battenbergs—at decided reductions—

Sale of Flannelette Night Gowns for women and children.

Sale or French Flannels for waists—also embroidered Flannels—and Skirting Flannels.

$35 to $19.50 tailored Suits $15.00—

Splendid for present or spring use—made in our usual high-class manner; browns, blues, greys, wine, etc.—all sizes in the lot, but not all sizes of each kind—$15, think of it—the material alone can hardly be bought at that price.

$18.50, $15, $12 tailored Suits $7.75;

Broken lots of course—but any of them plenty good enough for shopping wear. Some Walking Suits in the lot, but not many.

$4.75 Flannel Waists reduced to ---------- $3.50
$3.50 Flannel Waists reduced to ---------- $2.75
$5.75 Flannel Waists reducec to ---------- $4.25
$6.00 quality Black Taffeta Waists ---------- $5.00
$19.50 to $25.00 Velvet Dress Skirts ---------- $15.00
$22.50 to $55.00 Evening Capes reduced to--$18.50 to $35.00

Furs, Coats, Scarfs, Muffs, Etc.

$52.50 Electric Seal Coats ---------- $37.50
$65.00 Near Seal Coats ---------- $47.50

FUR SCARFS AND BOAS.

Those that were $10, now $ 7.50.
Those that were $12, now $ 9.00.
Those that were $15, now $11.00.
Those that were $20, now $15.00.

MUFFS.

That were $ 7.50 are now $5.00.
That were $10.00 are now $7.50.
That were $12.00 are now $9.00.
And so on—and almost any kind of fur you can think of.

FUR COLLARS.

Mink, Marten, Seal, Sable, Raccoon, Beaver, Near Seal, etc.
$ 7.50 fur pieces $ 5.00.
$12.00 fur pieces $ 9.00.
$15.00 fur pieces $10.00.
$21.00 fur pieces $14.00.

CHILDREN'S FUR COATS.

Made of extra fine White Tibbet Skins, high storm collar—brass buttons—our $20.00 garments for $14.00—our $16.50 garments for $11.75.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SALES OF LUMBER

Duncan & Brewer Company Disposes Of Its Season's Cut.

Pilson Lumber Company of Chicago Is the Buyer.

Another Large Sale Is Made---Prices Are Good.

Matters have been pretty lively in the local lumber market this week. The largest sale made thus far this season has just been consummated. The Duncan & Brewer Lumber Co. has disposed of its entire cut in all grades for the season of 1902 to the Pilson Lumber company, of Chicago. The exact figures of the cut will not be known until the Duncan & Brewer Co. has finished its winter logging, but it is believed that the cut will be in the neighborhood of 25,000,000 to 30,000,000 feet.

The sale is made to the same lumber company that bought Duncan & Brewer's total cut of 1901 about a year ago. Last year's cut was about 34,000,000 feet, but the cut will be smaller this year.

The figures on which the sale was based are not given out, but it is understood that Duncan & Brewer received an average of from $1 to $1.50 more a thousand feet for their lumber this year than they did a year ago.

The Duncan & Brewer Co. is the only head of the lakes lumber concern that last year sold its cut in advance, and it is said that it is likely to be the only firm to do so this year. The lumber company is composed of men that are conservative, and some of the other lumber manufacturers believe that the firm would have made more money by holding on to their stock instead of selling in advance.

The Duncan & Brewer company is not the only one that has been made this week, for the Red Cliff Lumber company, through F. L. Gilbert, is reported to have disposed of several million feet of No. 3 and better boards to an Albany lumber company at a figure very close to $18 per thousand feet. This figure for No. 3 lumber is said to be high for some stocks, while manufacturers claim that there are stocks of No. 3 and better lumber in this vicinity that could not be touched for that money. The lumber in this sale is some that Mr. Gilbert has been sawing at the St. Louis Lumber company's mill at West Duluth, and will saw during the winter.

There is another sale of about three million feet of log run still pending that is likely to be closed before the end of the week.

Are Jollying Him.

William Sauntry, the Stillwater lumberman, who is making his headquarters in this city much of the time this winter, is receiving a great deal of good natured chaffing from the other lumbermen of the city because he has shaved off this mustache. Mr. Sauntry had worn it continuously for twenty years and its removal has changed his looks very much. His friends suggest that Mr. Sauntry has some scheme afoot and desires to hide his identity.

BONSPIEL.

Curlers Getting Very Anxious Over the Weather Outlook.

Today's change in the weather is a welcome one to the curlers although the drop in temperature is not as marked as they wish. They are getting very anxious as to the outlook for the bonspiel next week. The ice in the rink has been very soft for several days and there has been no curling since Monday evening. It will take a day of sharp weather to put the ice in shape for curling. The weather man offers some hope today for the barometer is rising in the Northwest and there is zero weather some distance above Winnipeg.

John McLeod's rink will arrive here tomorrow from Minneapolis.

An entry has been received from Hartney, Manitoba, as follows: A. McDonald, A. E. Fry, O. M. Shore, J. W. Hunter, skip.

E. J. Rochon, the well-known Fort William curler, one of the most enthusiastic in all Canada, has also entered. He will play A. H. Dale, third; C. H. Jackson, second, and E. C. Currie, lead.

S. F. Fullerton has entered from St. Paul, his rink being as follows: Archie Fondy, Judge Cory, J. G. Hinkle, S. F. Fullerton, skip.

Four rinks have entered from Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. They are as follows: H. Darling, V. R. Conway, A. J. Van Wyck, Joseph Ripley, skip.

W. F. Ferguson, Duncan McGregor, Tomas Blaine, John Bone, skip.

Otto Supe, J. W. Barton, Ed Rayoce, George Comb, skip.

Dr. Dickenson, John McPherson, Otto Fawk, skip.

Most of the rinks will enter after arriving here, as the entries do not close until Monday at noon.

Going to St. Cloud.

The Superior normal school basket ball team left last evening for St. Cloud to play the basket ball team of that city. St. Cloud is said to have a fast team and the Wisconsin men are looking for a hard game.

Buys Dock Property.

A real estate transaction involving dock property at Oneota was attracting a great deal of attention in realty circles today. Alfred Merritt purchased an undivided half of the Erie dock property from the Gray estate for $5000.

This property is located between Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth avenues west and the strip which Mr. Merritt purchased has a frontage of 200 feet on Oneota street and extends out to the dock line in St. Louis bay, a distance of 3000 feet.

Great Overcoat and Ulster Sale at The Big Duluth Tomorrow.

Your choice of any overcoat or ulster in the house for $14.85 at the Big Duluth tomorrow. This includes the finest and best $20, $25, $28 and $30 overcoats and ulsters. The $12, $14 and $15 overcoats and ulsters are selling at $9.85, while their entire stock of boys' overcoats, ulsters and reefers are selling at great discount prices.

Late Afternoon Train.

You can leave Duluth at 4:30 p. m. and arrive in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater at early bed time by taking the "Twilight Limited" over "The Northwestern Line." Duluth-Twin City finest train.

See Page Three.

Men's fine clothing, pants, suits, overcoats, at just half of regular price. No one that needs clothing can afford to miss this great sacrifice in prices.

VAN GUARD CLOTHING CO.,
407 West Superior street.

VAN SANT WILL CALL

An Extra Session of the Legislature About Feb. 18.

It Is to Consider Report of the Tax Commission.

St. Paul, Jan. 10.—Governor Van Sant this afternoon announced that he would call an extra session of the legislature for the middle of February, probably about the 18th. While the session is called specifically to consider the report of the tax commission just made, it is considered likely that the recent railroad developments will come in for consideration.

THE HEARING.

Stens Karvo, the Murderer, Is Arraigned In Court.

Stens Karvo, charged with the murder of Jacob Myllymaki, was given his preliminary examination in police court this afternoon, Attorney Alexander Marshall appearing for the prisoner.

The crowd which had been gathering in the court room, corridors and outside the building was very large. Men and boys looking in at the windows on the Second avenue east side of the building so darkened the court room that the electric lights had to be turned on. This crowd became so noisy that Judge Edson ordered the avenue sidewalks cleared. This had the desired effect on the crowd inside the room.

Charles Hill was called first and testified that Karvo and Myllymaki had stopped at his Lake avenue lodging house the night before the murder, but had had no trouble, so far as he knew.

Joseph Wiita one of the proprietors of the saloon in which the murder occurred, was then called by County Attorney McClintock. He said there was no quarrel preceding the murder. He saw Karvo cutting Myllymaki's throat and caught Karvo's right hand, but the murderer slashed at him. He ran for an officer. When he went back to the saloon he met Karvo in front of the saloon with the knife in his hand and singing. Karvo had first entered the saloon at 8 o'clock in the morning, but left several times, being out but a few minutes each time. Karvo kept singing an old Finnish song over and over. Karvo and Myllymaki had no conversation, though the latter had talked considerably with other men, while Karvo had nothing to say to any person. On cross-examination, when asked if he had talked with Karvo after the first assault, Mr. Wiita said he did not have time. When asked if he talked with Myllymaki he made the same reply about being pressed for time, adding that Myllymaki's throat was "busted."

Mr. Wiita's testimony was the same as the story pulished yesterday, with no variation, except in small details about his running for the policeman.

Fred Lilinix, the man that sat nearest to Karvo and Myllymaki when the murderous assault begun, was the third witness. His testimony was a repitition of the story of yesterday.

At this point the crowd in the court room again became noisy and officers quickly cleared the room.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken, 31 East Sup. St

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Parlor theater. Everybody enjoys it.

Sarah Franklin, who is prosecuting a suit for divorce against William Franklin, has asked the district court to order her husband to pay her permanent allmony. She sued for divorce on the ground of cruelty and non-support, and got an order for temporary allmony, pursuant to which he paid her $20 for November and December. She says in her petition that he is working at a sawmill at Winton, and is earning $25 per month.

Get your tickets for John G. Woolley's lecture at the Y. M. C. A. at Pinto's jewelry store, 2004 West Superior street and White Star restaurant, West Duluth.

The funeral services of Mrs. Sophia Lachmund will be held at the residence of Mrs. Schmied tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Parlor theater—new specialties.

The Board of Trade Livery company, of Duluth, filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state today. The capital stock is $10,000.

PERSONALS.

A. D. Davidson left last evening for Fargo.

Mrs. A. C. Kennedy and sister, Mrs. George Coleman, returned yesterday from the East, where they spent the holidays visiting relaties and friends.

E. J. O'Rourke, of Virginia, is a visitor in the city today.

C. N. Whitney, of Ashland, is a guest of the Spalding.

J. W. Robinson, a well known Buffalo lumber buyer, is a guest of the Spalding.

A. O. Sisson, of Eveleth, is a guest of the McKay.

Mrs. U. U. Patterson, of Minneapolis, is a guest of the McKay today.

P. M. Shaw, Jr., returned last evening from Chicago.

T. N. Akerstrom, of Port Wing, is registered at the St. Louis.

Frank Boutin, the Bayfield vesselman and lumberman, is in the city today.

G. E. Drew, of Montana, is a guest of the St. Louis.

K. D. Chase, of Faribault, Minn., is in the city today.

ONCE MORE

The Release of Miss Stone Is Reported at Hand.

London, Jan. 10.—The release of Miss Ellen M. Stone by the brigands who have held her in captivity since Sept. 3 is believed to be only a question of hours. An official telegram received in London this afternoon, which was dispatched from Constantinople after midday today, says the release of Miss Stone is imminent.

A LITTLE BOOK OF GREAT IMPORTANCE.

Do you ever wish for a book that can be relied upon to answer correctly all the little questions and knotty problems that present themselves day by day—a book that will quickly decide all arguments on all subjects? The 1902 World Almanac and Encyclopedia, which is now ready, is exactly this kind of book. It takes the same position in the world of facts and figures as does the dictionary in the world of words.

The little volume contains over 600 pages of well-printed agate type, every line containing some fact that you will sooner or later want to look up.

The World Almanac should occupy a prominent place in every progressive American household. The 1902 edition is more complete than any of the former ones. It contains facts on many subjects that have recently been brought to the public notice and which every up-to-date person should have at his fingers' ends.

Among the features of the 1902 Almanac are:

The millionaires of the United States—a list giving the names of nearly 4000 Americans who possess over $1,000,000. The great American trusts; full particulars of 163 leading industrial organizations. Organized labor; enlarged statistics of the strength of labor unions and the present condition of the labor movement. The Nicaragua canal and the Hay-Pauncefote treaties with Great Britain. Progress of aerial navigation in 1901. Complete United States census. Anarchist statistics of the United States and Europe, etc., etc., to the extent of over 1000 topics.

The 1902 World Almanac and Encyclopedia is on sale by all newsdealers throughout the country for 25 cents. When ordered by mail 10c extra for postage must be inclosed to The World, New York.

FOR THE CHILDREN.

Jan. 29 Is Set Apart as McKinley Day.

St. Paul, Jan. 10.—In response to the action taken by Governor Nash and the McKinley Memorial commission, Governor Van Sant this afternoon issued a proclamation setting aside Jan. 29 as Children's McKinley day.

ANYTHING ONE WANTS

Obtained at Klondike If One Has Price.

Mrs. H. M. Lockwood, who registers from Dawson City, Yukon territory, is a guest at the Hotel English with her little son, a lad of 9 years. They arrived yesterday afternoon, having left the Klondike country a little over a month ago, says the Indianapolis Journal. Mrs. Lockwood spent nearly four years in the land of the yellow metal and is enthusiastic over its prospects. She is one of the few women who have staked off claims in the Klondike. Her claim is on Gold Hill, and she is here to meet the officers of the syndicate that is forming under the name of the Gold Hill Mining company. Mrs. Lockwood expects to dispose of her claim to the company and then go East and represent the syndicate there. Among the brokers of Wall street she hopes to arouse an interest in what she declares is probably the richest placer mining ground in the world.

Mrs. Lockwood started to the Klondike with her boy, a child of 5 years, in January, 1898, by steamer for Dyea, an Alaskan coast city, taking the Lynn canal route. The steamer was wrecked on the voyage and driven by a gale onto the rocks. For twenty-four hours the passengers were in great peril. During that time Mrs. Lockwood, with her little son in her arms, clung to the deck, expecting every moment to be washed away by the waves that were being driven by a terrific wind. The thermometer was 24 degrees below zero, but the heroic little woman clung on and finally saved herself and child. They managed to reach their destination and two years ago found themselves in Dawson, the most famous mining city in the world.

"Dawson is a thoroughly up-to-date place," said Mrs. Lockwood last night. "A man might as well go to that country without his pick and shovel as without a dress suit. At St. Andrew's ball, the great social event of the year there, I had the honor of leading the grand march with William Ogilvie, who was the governor of Yukon territory. Some of the costumes were very elaborate and it is said that the gown worn by one of the women was made in Paris and cost $1500 laid down in Dawson. This gown was worn by Mrs. Alex McDonnald, whose husband is known as the Klondike King. McDonald was one of the early settlers in that country and struck it rich. And speaking of poor people who have been lucky in the Klondike, I am reminded of an incident that took place on a Lake Bennett steamer in 1899. I was on the steamer and met a woman and her husband who were going out of the country with $1,500,000 in gold dust. During the conversation she said to me: 'I went in there a washerwoman and am coming out a millionaire.'

"'What's the first thing you are going to do to enjoy yourself?' I asked.

"'I'm going to Paris and have a maid,' she replied seriously.

"The decorations at that St. Andrew's Day ball," continued Mrs. Lockwood, "were very elaborate. They had fashioned incandescent lights into American and English flags, and I was told the decorations cost in the neighborhood of $5000. There are three theaters in Dawson, running every night. One of these theaters has what is called 'family night' one night in the week. On family night women and children can go with perfect safety and propriety. I have never attended any of the other theaters and can't say what they are like. There are four churches in Dawson and the Salvation Army has quarters there. There are also two public libraries. There is but one brick building in the town, the majority of structure being of log. There are some pretentious buildings in course of erection now. The four churches are crowded to the doors at each service and they are all enlarging their buildings. Between 300 and 400 children attend school in Dawson, the entire population, including the mining camps, being estimated at 10,000. The weather, though severe in winter, is not unhealthful and is not specially disagreeable. Last winter in January the thermometer at my cabin registered 72 degrees below zero and then went out of business. During that kind of weather my little son walked to school every day, going a mile and a half.

"Two of the beauties of the winter in the Klondike are the gorgeous moonlight nights and the brilliant northern lights. Photographs can be readily taken at midnight by moonlight. The summers in the Klondike are delightful, although it gets very hot during June and July. During June the sun shines almost twenty-four hours. The midnight sun is one of the beauties of the Klondike summer. There is no bedtime there. Some one has asked why Dawson is like heaven. The answer is: 'The streets are paved with gold and there is no night there.' One of the amusements of the winter is sleigh riding behind dogs. To be fashionable in Dawson one must have his dog team. It is no uncommon sight to see a Dawson belle or a wealthy matron enveloped in her costly furs, skimming along behind a team of dashing dogs. These dogs are urged to greater speed by the call of 'mush on,' which means in English 'get up,' or go ahead.'

The men in Dawson City are by no means deprived of club life. The fashionable organization of this kind in Dawson is known as the Zero club. In summer the men play tennis, lacrosse, cricket and baseball. The women play tennis and serve tea. "In winter they have the curling club and the skating rinks. It costs money to live in Klondike, but one can buy everything from an automobile down if one has the price. A gown that a woman in Indianapolis would would pay $25 for she could not expect to get in Dawson for less than $100. However, if one has the money one can get the most fashionable gown there. A very good meal, accompanied by music, is now served at the best hotels in Dawson for $1. Wood is worth $20 a cord. Good apples were 50 cents apiece last winter, and beefsteak brings from 75 cents to $1.50 a pound during the winter. Christmas turkeys were $1 a pound last winter.

"The winters are so cold in the Klondike that graves for the burial of the dead are dug in the summer and covered. Otherwise the ground would have to be thawed out, which is a slow and expensive process."

THE BORDER EVANGELIST.

Months of hard work, loneliness, and suffering follows the woman's advent into border life. Then she finds her efforts to raise a class of Sunday school scholars is bearing fruit. a minister has consented to visit the neighborhood once every two weeks and a song book has found many readers, says the New York Times. The first Sunday service on the border brings a motley crowd. One may sit next to a killer of men, he who has done time for train robbery, or a fugitive from justice come thither to conceal his identity and get a fresh start.

Conversions of the evangelist who makes his circuit include some of the toughest communities on the frontier, and are always lasting. A man will come into a new country who has never been inside a church, but he will readily turn his attention to the service in a tent. He may be impressed with the words of the evangelist and turn his life into the narrow pathway. Some of our worst outlaws have been reformed by these prairie sermons, which, though course of construction, are deep of meaning.

The woman can be credited for it all. She first brings the minister to her community by assuring him that she will get enough to pay his expenses and that he will not be ill treated. For drunken cow punchers are apt to make it hot for the preacher who they think is trying to tame their community. If a woman of the settlement introduces him to the congregation it sets things aright.

Climatic changes, winds, exposures, demand the magical beautifiers; Satin Skin Cream and Satin Skin Powder. 25c.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John Krezeszewski and Agnes Meska.
John Gustafson and Annie Johnson.

Open day and Night. 730 W. SUP. ST. New 'Phone 1358

FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers
JOHN FLOOD, Manager. DULUTH, MINN.

FUNERAL FLOWERS and Floral Decorations of all descriptions. Fresh Cut Flowers. Potted Plants, Etc. Lowest market prices.
VICTOR HUOT, 223 West Superior Street

PLANS OF CARNEGIE

His Purposes In Regard to Educational Institution.

The Incorporators Have Elected a Board of Trustees.

Many Prominent Men Are Included In the List.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Official announcement was made yesterday of the board of trustees of the Carnegie institution, which has been incorporated here under the $10,000,000 gift of Andrew Carnegie. The only indicaton as to the form of the gift is that it will be in "5 per cent" bonds." This is referred to in a single sentence as follows:

"It is the purpose of Mr. Carnegie to transfer $10,000,000 in 5 per cent bonds to the board of trustees for the purposes above mentioned."

The announcement was made in the form of a statement given out by Charles D. Walcott, secretary of the incorporators, in accordance with the expressed wish of Mr. Carnegie. The statement says:

In the development of his plans, Mr. Carnegie has consulted with a number of gentlemen in different parts of the country, including the heads of universities, and particularly with Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, Dr. Daniel C. Gilman, Dr. John S. Billings, Dr. Charles D. Walcott and Hon. Carroll D. Wright.

The board of trustees elected by the incorporators to carry out the purposes of the institution as indicated are:

Ex-officio, the president of the United States, the president of the United States senate, the secretary of the states senate, the secretary of the house of representatives, the secretary of the Smithsonian institute, the president of the National Academy of Sciences, Grover Cleveland, New Jersey; John S. Billings, New York; Wm. N. Frew, Pennsylvania; Lyman J. Gage, Illinois; Daniel C. Gilman, Maryland; John Hay, District of Columbia; Abram S. Hewitt, New York; Henry L. Higginson, Massachusetts; Henry Hitchcock, Missouri; Charles L. Hutchinson, Illinois; Wm. Lindsay, Kentucky; Seth Low, New York; Wayne MacVeagh, Pennsylvania; D. O. Mills, California; S. Weir Mitchell, Pennsylvania; W. W. Morrow, California; Elihu Root, New York; John S. Spooner, Wisconsin; Andrew D. White, New York; Edward D. White, Louisiana; Charles D. Walcott, District of Columbia; Carroll D. Wright, District of Columbia.

The board of trustees will meet to organize and elect officers in the office of the secretary of state on Jan. 29. Mr. Carnegie's purpose, as stated by himself in requesting the various trustees to become members of the board is as follows:

"It is proposed to found in the city of Washington, in the spirit of Washington, an institution which, with the co-operation of institutions now or hereafter established, there or elsewhere, shall, in the broadest and most liberal manner, encourage investigation, research and discovery; encourage the application of knowledge to the improvement of mankind; provide such buildings, laboratories, books and apparatus as may be needed; and afford instruction of an advanced character to students whenever and wherever found inside or outside of schools, properly qualified to profit thereby.

"Among its aims are these:

"1. To increase the efficiency of the universities and other institutions of learning throughout the country by utilizing and adding to their existing facilities and by aiding teachers in the various institutions for experimental and other work in these institutions as far as may be advisable.

"2. To discover the exceptional man in every department of study, wherever and wherever found, and enable him by finanical aid to make the work for which he seems specially designed his life work.

"3. To promote original research, paying great attention thereto, as being one of the chief purposes of this institution.

"4. To increase facilties for higher education.

"5. To enable such students as may find Washington to be the best point for their special studies to avail themselves of such advantages as may be open to them in the museums, libraries, laboratories, observatories, meteorological, piscatorial and forestry schools and kindred institutions of the several departments of the government.

"6. To ensure the prompt publication and distribution of the results of scientific investigation ,a field considered to be highly important.

"These and kindred objects may be attained by providing the necessary apparatus for experimental work by employing able teachers from the various institutions in Washington or elsewhere and by enabling men fitted for special work to devote themselves to it through salaried fellowships or scholarships, or through salaries with or without pensions in old age or through aid in other forms to such men as continue their special work at seats of learning throughout the world."

Selected Shoe Values for Saturday.



One lot Women's $1.25 to $2.50 Shoes—dongola or vici kid, lace or button, all sizes in the lot, priced to close quickly, choice—per pair ... **$1.00**

Women's Felt Shoes, leather or felt soles, lace or button, regular $1.50 and $2 values at choice a pair.... **$1.25**

Misses' $1.65 Box Calf School Shoes, light or heavy sole, lace or button, very special tomorrow—pair **$1.25**

Little Gents' $1.50 Shoes, satin calf, solid leather, sizes to 13½c, tomorrow at—per pair ... **$1.25**

"Gilt Edge" Shoe Dressind—20c bottles—Saturday at ... **15c**

Ladies' $2.50 French dongola kid shoes, stylish foot-form lasts, button or lace, special price for Saturday—per pair only ... **$2.00**

Small lot ladies' fine kid shoes, hand welted soles, patent leather tips, broken line of sizes, but values up to $2.50 and $2.75 per pair ... **$1.49**

Ladies' $5.00 Kid Shoes, mostly celebrated "Wright & Peter" make, hand welted or hand turned soles, patent leather or plain tips, French or military heels, values up to $5.00—specially priced for tomorrow at per pair—only ... **$2.50**

Boys' $1.50 Shoes—good solid leather school shoes; several styles but all sizes in the lot—tomorrow's special—per pair ... **$1.00**

Children's fine Shoes, button or lace, broken line of sizes, values from $1.10 to $1.50—at choice—per pair ... **75c**

Special Values in Men's Wear

Men's Unlaundered White Shirts, Wamsutta muslin, re-inforced back and front, pure linen bosom, any length sleeve, a very special bargain at each.... **49c**

Men's Fleeced Underwear, single breast shirts, double seated drawers, best value in the city at ... **50c**

Men's Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, fleece lined, equal to many $1.00 values—our leader at each ... **69c**

Wool Shirts and Drawers, close ribbed, tan or natural—price a garment.... **89c**

Boys' Outing Flannel Night shirts, the 50c kind at each ... **35c**

Successful first showing of White Goods.

It's the customers whom we cater to and by their liberal patronage we know that we are giving them good values for their money.

81 x 90 Sheets, regular price 60c; advance sale price each ... **47c**

81 x 90 "Defender" Sheets regular price 75c; advance sale price ... **59c**

45 x 36 Pillow Cases, the 12½c kind; advance sale price each ... **9½c**

$1.25 Extra Size Bedspreads, Marseilles pattern, heavy quality; advance sale price ... **98c**

Real Marseilles Bedspreads new designs, good value at $2.25; advance sale price ... **$1.48**

18x34 Linen Huck Towels fast color border, hemmed, good 15c value; advance sale price each ... **10c**

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Our Great Cloak and Suit Sale



Has been the most successful Mid-Winter Clearance Sale we have ever held—scores of our best cloaks, and every broken line of medium priced garments went into the great bargain list. As they were all new, stylish garments, just as good selections remain as have been sold. **Stop a minute and think**—here is the greatest sale that will occur in Duluth this winter—garments that for elegance, style, fit and finish are the best produced—and yet you can buy them now for half the money they would have cost you a month ago. You can't make money easier if you need the goods. Come in and look them over.

These garments are in all the fashionable lengths, and are black, castor or tan—actually worth at regular prices $10 to $65—all at choice for this sale at just ... **Half Price**

Suit Special No. 1—About eighteen fine Cheviot and Covert Suits, in blue, oxford grey or mixtures, all that are left of two lines of $12.00 and $15.00 values—for a special Saturday offer—choice.... **$5.00**

Suit Special No. 2—About thirty regular $20.00, $25 and $27.50 - stylish suits consisting of Black Cheviots, Coverts in tan, castor, red or blue—and heavy unlined Walking Suits in popular street shades—single or double breasted, tight fitting Eton Jackets—or the popular Norfolk style—a few black Brilliantine Suits in the lot—a big leader for tomorrow at the exceptionally low price of ... **$14.50**

Sale Worth Waiting For.

The advance showing of Undermuslins this week is lacking in nothing but quantity—for while only a part of our new stock, the daintiness, the elegance, the style—of what we are showing is convincing that our complete line will eclipse any similar effort elsewhere. New invoices are arriving daiiy and the formal opening will occur at an early date. As it is, we can supply all immediate wants for less money, quality considered. than you would expect to pay.



Women's and Children's Knit

Underwear and Hosiery.

Ladies' Ribbed Union Suits—well fleeced, neatly finished—ecru only, our regular $1 value, for Saturday, a suit **88c**

Ladies' Ribbed Silk and Wool Vests and Pants, natural color—a very superior $2 value; for Saturday leaders, at a garment ... **$1.50**

Ladies' heavy Merino Vests and Pants, silver grey, neatly finished regular $1.00; at a garment ... **89c**

Ladies' Jersey ribbed Vests, natural color, always sold at 50c; special for Sat'y.... **40c**

Misses' Combination Suits, silver grey wool, actual $1.50 value; for one day only—at ... **$1.25**

Misses' ribbed Pants and Vests, fleece lined, ecru; sizes 4 to 6, real 50c values, for tomorrow each ... **35c**

Misses' fleeced, Ribbed Hose, fast black, excellent quality for the price—a pair ... **15c**

Ladies' fast black Lisle Hose, a small though choice assortment; price for Saturday a pair ... **42c**

Ladies' fancy Cotton Hose, in all the popular stripes and plaid effects; our regular 35c value —for one day a pair **29c**

Ladies' 35c black Hose, pure Hermsdorf dye, extra quality, very elastic; special—a pair ... **25c**

Boys' elastic ribbed Hose, guaranteed stainless, very heavy, all sizes; price a pair ... **15c**

Children's ribbed Hose, fast black, double knee, 18c value, a pair.... **12½c**

Saturday's Big List Basement Bargains.



Extra Special—Decorated Cups and Saucers, the $1.50 a dozen kind—special for Saturday—a pair ... **8c**

15c Teapot Tiles, at each ... **10c**

30c English Jet Tea Pots at—each ... **29c**

25c Night Lamps—very pretty—each ... **15c**

15c Candle Sticks, wrot iron—dainty pattern—each.... **10c**

$1.25 Crystal Glass Water Sets—special ... **69c**

$1.00 Crystal Glass Wine Sets at—per set.... **59c**

18c Crystal Glass Water Pitchers at—each.... **10c**

25c Crystal Glass Celery Trays at—each ... **15c**

18c Crystal Glass Vinegar Cruets at—each.... **10c**

15c Crystal Glass Syrups at—each ... **10c**

15c Crystal Glass Vases, pretty shapes, each ... **10c**

23c House Brooms, good quality, each ... **15c**

5c Shelf Paper, fancy lace edge ... 2 packages for **5c**

15c Towel Rollers, well and strongly made, each.... **10c**

$1.10 Hardwood Clothes Bars, family size, each.... **69c**

25c Sham Holders, any size—each ... **18c**

23c Feather Dusters, real turkey feathers, each.... **15c**

15c Fibre Lunch Boxes, at each ... **10c**

20c Tin Folding Lunch Boxes at—each ... **15c**

15c Flour Sifters—special tomorrow ... **10c**

Heavy Tin Wash Boilers, with copper bottom, worth $1.25 at hardware stores—special ... **89c**

A Rare Opportunity.

The Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company, of whose property The Herald gave such an interesting account a few days ago, announces in another column that they will place on the market a limited amount of the stock of the company at the low price of 10 cents per share. This is lower than the price at which most copper stocks are started, and will give investors an excellent opportunity to "get in on the ground floor" on a first-class copper proposition.

It is the intention of the company to develop its property at once, and if the opinions of reliable experts are at all to be relied upon, the property can be made a shipper from the start, as the best test pits and shafts will, to a great extent, be cut through high grade ore bodies, and the ore taken out in this manner can be at once shipped to the smelter, and converted into cash in a short time, thus making the development work practically self-supporting. This gives the company a great advantage from the start, and also enables them to offer the first issue of treasury stock at an unusually low figure, as it will not require the expenditure of a very large sum of money before cash returns are received.

WORST OVER.

People at Johannesburg Are Growing More Sanguine.

New York, Jan. 10.—Progress in Johannesburg has been particularly rapid within the last two months, according to the London Times correspondent there. The dispatch as reproduced in the New York Times says:

Prospects for the future are even brighter. Communication with the coast is secured by the block house system, and the agreement with Portugal in regard to native labor appears to have removed the obstacles to the resumption of industry.

Thousands of refugees, says the correspondent, are still waiting to return. The community is naturally somewhat impoverished, but every one is sanguine that, as regards Johannesburg, the worst of the war is over.

VICTOR,

Prince of Savoy, Coming to Visit the United States.

New York, Jan. 10.—Prince Victor of Savoy leaves Rome, Italy, next week for a trip to the United States, according to a dispatch from Rome to the Journal and American. The prince is fourth in the line of succession to the throne of Italy. He is one of the most accomplished cavalry officers in the Italian army and will be remembered also as having wounded Prince Henry of Orleans in a duel in Paris, the duel being brought about through insults to Italian prisoners in Abyssinia in the columns of the Paris Figaro. Prince Victor visited the United States in 1897. It was rumored throughout Italy that he was sent to America to break off an unfortunate attachment. His uncle, King Humbert, however, is believed to have sent him to learn as much as he could of the institutions of America, especially the military establishments, as Prince Victor is destined for a military career.

It is generally believed in Rome, however, that Prince Victor returns to carry word that the consent of his royal cousin, now king of Italy, has been secured to a marriage with an American heiress.

FULSOME

Praise of Manila By a Colorado City Preacher.

San Francisco, Jan. 10.—Rev. A. L. Hazlett, a Methodist Episcopal preacher of Colorado City, Col., has returned from the Philippines. He went to the islands at the request of Gen. MacArthur and under the authority of the secretary of war, to study and report upon the moral conditions there, particularly at Manila. His report is that he found a gratifying condition of affairs in the metropolis of the Philippines.

"Manila is the best governed city I have ever seen," said Rev. Hazlett, "and I do not believe its equal in this respect exists in the United States today. The moral condition of the city is better than ever before in its history. Since the American occupation the arrests for drunkenness have decreased in number and for the good reason that drunkenness has been discouraged by the authorities in the right manner. It was formerly said that there were 400 saloons on the Escolta, but now not one is to be found there. The total number of saloons in the city is 100 and these are governed in a strict manner. The city generally is in a pretty good condition and its management reflects credit upon the Americans who have its government in charge."

MACDOWELL'S "FULLNESS"

Blanche Walsh Says the Actor Has Misrepresented.

New York, Jan. 10.—In a letter from Birmingham, Ala., Blanche Walsh says: "Melbourne MacDowell testified to an untruth when he said I broke his heart. Our relation was purely a business one. We separated because he could not refrain from drinking. His conduct at Omaha during the performance of 'Cleopatra' was disgraceful. After giving his oath that he would drink no more he appeared at Sioux City on the stage so full that the curtain had to be rung down, the audience dismissed and the money refunded. As further prove that love did not enter into our separation, I cite the case where, two weeks after our season closed, he married the lady whi has since been divorced from him."

Only One Night on the Way From Chicago to Florida.

Leave Chicago Union station 12 o'clock noon on the Chicago and Florida special through service running over Pennsylvania lines via Cincinnati, Atlanta, Macon and Jacksonville to St. Augustine. Latter city is reached at 9:30 p. m. next day. Sleeping car reservations may be made upon application to H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago, who will also answer inquires about the through service and its conveniences.

MURPHY'S CHANCES GOOD.

New York, Jan. 10.—The surgeons at Belevue said today that Thomas Murphy, whose leg was amputated last night as a result of injuries received in Wednesday's tunnel wreck had rallied from the operation and had good chances of recovery.

TO OVERHAUL BROOKLYN.

New York, Jan. 10.—It is announced at the Brooklyn navy yard, that the armored cruiser Brooklyn, at present the flagship on the Asiatic station, will come to the local yard for extensive repairs after she is relieved at Manila by the Rainbow, now on her way there. The Brooklyn is to be overhauled at an expense of about $250,000.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS



The Medicine with 50 years of cures back of it, is surely the one you need to strengthen your weak stomach and restore your appetite. It will cure DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, LIVER AND KIDNEY TROUBLES, also prevent BELCHING, INSOMNIA or NERVOUSNESS.

Nashville, Tenn.
I have found Hostetter's Stomach Bitters an excellent remedy for stomach trouble and would not be without it. A. P. M'CLURE.

North East, Md.
I can recommend your Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for Dyspepsia, as it cured me when nothing else did. L. W. THOMAS.

BE SURE TO TRY IT. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND GENERAL DEALERS.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

JANUARY BARGAIN SHOE SALE

Before taking inventory, we have too many of some lines of shoes. They must be closed out. ODDS AND ENDS AT COST AND BELOW!

Men's Box Calf Shoes, heavy extension soles, latest styles, regular $4.00 shoes—they are selling fast at the sale price **$2.98**

Men's $5.00 watertight built Shoes—an ideal winter shoe at ... **$3.98**

Men's welt sewed $3 Shoes, heavy or light soles—swell shoes and they will go fast at ... **$2.48**

Men's $2.50 heavy or light sole Shoes reduced to ... **$2.00**

Men's Felt Shoes at large reductions.

Bargains in Boys' Shoes.

Ladies' Bargains.

Calf and Velour Calf newest shoes—our regular $3 shoe—sale price ... **$2.25**

Ladies' $3 Kid Shoes, patent leather tip—new style—sale price ... **$2.48**

Ladies' $1.50 Felt Shoes—felt or leather soles—on sale at ... **$1.25**

Ladies' Felt Shoes and Slippers—odd lots—worth $1.35, $1.50—at ... **98c**

Ladies' $1.50 fur trimmed Slippers—to close them out—only ... **$1.19**

Rubbers.

Ladies' Storm Rubbers at ... **38c**

Ladies' Storm Overshoes at ... **65c**

Misses' and Children's Shoes at Bargains.

Wieland Shoe Company

123 West Superior Street.

MYSTERY INCREASES

And Safely Conceals Murderer of John Seay In Indiana.

Police Cannot Trace Ownership of the Gun Barrel.

Probably Used By Assassin, and Fodrea Protests Innocence.

Noblesville, Ind., Jan. 10.—After two weeks of diligent work the authorities are no nearer a solution of the John E. Seay assassination than they were when they first began to give the case their attention, the day the murder was committed. William Fodrea, who is in jail suspected of having fired the fatal shot through a window in the Model mill, that resulted in Seay's death, still declares that he is innocent. Every effort on the part of the detectives to get him to say something of an incriminating nature has failed.

Fodrea was shown photographs of himself, Seay and Miss Phillips, with whom, it is alleged, both men were in love. He commented on his own picture by saying it was too light, that the photograph of Miss Phillips was good, and, pointing to the one of Seay, he remarked: "So far as that man is concerned I never saw him before."

Since the finding of a gun barrel by schoolboys under a brush pile on the outskirts of the city, a week ago, which is presumed to have been used by the murderer of Seay, every effort to find the stock and trace the ownership has availed nothing. While the detectives are satisfied in their own minds that the gun was purchased from the Lyon Brothers, of Chicago, an examination of all the express offices in the surrounding towns does not show that Fodrea received the firearm under an assumed name.

It has developed that Philip Knarr, night engineer at the Model mill, where Seay was killed, saw Fodrea loading about the place late one night about a week before the shooting.

This, together with the statements he made to Miss Phillips and her mother, that if he couldn't "go" with the young lady no one else could; that his life wasn't worth anything to him, and his story that he sat on the court house steps for three hours on the night Seay was assassinated, when the thermometer was eight degrees below zero, is the only evidence of importance against the young man. It is the opinion of the detectives that these incidents will fall far short of being sufficient to convict him if he be placed on trial.

Prosecutor Beals announced that he would withdraw from the case on account of relationship, Fodrea being a cousin to Mrs. Beals, Judge Neal has appointed Ralph Kane to take his place. A grand jury was drawn to investigate the case.

IN TIGHTS

Miss Sanson Willing to Appear and Show the Jury.

Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 10.—How much damage can be done to the outlines of a pretty calf by unwrenching the knee is the question that is puzzling a supreme court jury in this city. Alice Sanson, who led the chorus in "The Telephone Girl," and held this position through the beauty and perfect symmetry of her lower limbs, which appeared on the stage clad in pink tights, has brought suit for $5000 damages against the Baker theater of this city.

While leading the march on the night of Dec. 21 she stepped into a slot on the theater stage, where the asbestos curtain rests, which, owing to the glare of the footlights, she was unable to see. The force of the fall sprained her right ankle and wrenched her right knee. She alleges that her right leg will probably be permanently disfigured, and as she makes her living by appearing in tights she demands heavy damages.

A jury composed of men from the baldheaded row would undoubtedly give her a verdict for the full amount, but the jury not all being theater-goers, is divided in opinion. Miss Sanson is of the opinion that she can convince them of her disfigurement if she appears in tights before the court.

NARROW ESCAPE.

Train Nearly Hit Wagonload of Nitroglycerine.

Georgetown, Ohio, Jan. 10.—What threatened for the nonce to be one of the most destructive collisions in the history of railroading was averted here by spectators, who saved a wagon drawn by two horses and their driver from being hit by a C., G. & P. train, bound for Cincinnati. The wagon was laden with 384 quarts of nitroglycerine, for delivery at the oil fields in Kentucky from Hartford City, Ind.

The wagon was approaching a crossing north of the city, and was nearly on the track, when the Cincinnati train hove in sight. Spectators who saw the danger managed to stop the horses with their own hands after ineffectual attempts to make the driver hear their warnings.

The horses' noses all but grazed the sides of the passing coaches.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate
Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—
Hood's Pills

Five Dollars a Box

The Price Cut No Figure With Him.



"I want to say for the benefit of some poor dyspeptic that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will give comfort and a cure every time. Five dollars a box would not stop my purchasing them should I ever suffer again as I did for a week before using them.

"The one 50-cent box I bought at my druggist's did the work and my digestion is all right again.

"Many of my neighbors have also tried these tablets and found them to be just as represented and Mr. Ellms also wants me to use his name in endorsing Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. (Signed.)
A. ELLMS AND CHAS. F. BUZZELL,
Asst. Postmaster,
South Sudbury, Mass.

Mrs. Jas. Barton, of Toronto, Canada, writes: "For eighteen months I suffered from what I supposed was bladder and kidney trouble, and took medicine from three different doctors, without any sign of cure. I felt so ill at last I was hardly able to do my work.

"I thought I would try a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and see if they would make me feel better, never really thinking I had dyspepsia, but after only three or four tablets had been taken all the acid trouble disappeared and then I discovered I had had acid dyspepsia, while the doctors had been treating me for kidney and bladder trouble and one of them treated me for rheumatism.

"My digestion is fine, my complexion clear and I am able to do my work and my spirits are unknown to me.

"I am so thankful for my finding a cure so good and so pleasant to take as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I am surprised at the change they have made in me."

All druggists sell and recommend Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they contain only the simple natural digestives, and taken after meals prevent acidity and cause prompt digestion and assimilation of food.

Physicians everywhere endorse them because they are as safe for the child as for the adult; they are invaluable for sour stomach, nervous dyspepsia, heartburn, gas on stomach and bowels, and every form of stomach derangement.

SHOCKING

Recital of Cruelty Resulted in Acquittal Verdict.

Denver, Col., Jan. 10.—The acquittal of Mrs. Jane Perry, who shot and killed her son-in-law, James Devere, on Decoration day, 1900, was the climax of a remarkable scene. Judge, jurors, lawyers and spectators were all in tears when the prosecuting attorney moved a verdict of acquittal.

It was Mrs. Eleanor Devere, widowed by her mother's shot, who secured her mother's acquittal. With her baby in her arms she told a story of such shocking treatment by her husband, before and even while she was in the throes of maternity, that many left the court room sickened with horror. She became hysterical and declared that in spite of his cruelty she still loved her dead husband. At the end of her recital Prosecuting Attorney Sales arose with tears streaming down his face, and said:

"I would not ask a juror to do that which I would not do myself—to vote to convict the prisoner of murder. I ask the court to order a verdict of acquittal."

The judge did so, and the jury signed the verdict at once.

"READ EXODUS!"

Mrs. Virginia Kelly Exhorts Survivors in Will.

Louisville Ky., Jan. 10.—The will of Mrs. Virginia Kelly, who died recently, contained a remarkable clause. It read: "To the members of my late husband's family who took from me the $10,000 which he told me he meant for me, I bequeath that amount, that they may have a clear title to it. I also recommend that they read Exodus xxii, 23-25."

PRICES NOT FIXED.

Members of Ore Association Fail to Agree.

Cleveland, Jan. 10.—The meeting of the Ore association was held here today and after a five-hours' session no action was taken on the question of fixing annual prices for which the meeting was called. Some collateral questions were discussed, among others being the possibility of an agreement on the price of old range and Bessemer range, upon which there has been no established schedule during the past two years. A committee was appointed to write up the details of the minor questions, and among them the matter of prices on the two grades mentioned.

VILLA MARIE SCHOOL

An Important Meeting of the Alumnae Held.

Frontenac, Minn., Jan. 10.—On Jan. 7 an alumnae meeting was held, at which the important work of making the constitution and by-laws of the association was done. Officers were elected, Mrs. Margaret Rahilly Arnold, '92, of Rockford, Ill., who has been very active in the interests of the association, and at whose suggestion a scholarship was established, was chosen president; Mrs. Mattie Wilkinson, Olmstead, '97, of Crookston, Minn., vice president. The offices of treasurer and secretary were given to members of the faculty who are also active members of the association. The association includes not only graduates of Villa Maria, but also pupils desiring membership who receive the full vote of the executive board. A copy of the constitution and by-laws will be sent to every member as soon as they are printed. The next meeting will occur Aug. 25, that being the day on which the silver anniversary of the arrival of the Ursuline Nuns in Minnesota will be celebrated.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment, at any drug store.

IS GOING TO INDIA

Mrs. Blackburn Lane Will Be Guest of a Maharajah.

Seeks to Convert Her to Religion Taught By Buddhists.

Reading Up In Preparation For Her Coming Travels.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Mrs. Lucille Blackburn-Lane is to sail for London within ten days, when she will have settled all the legal matters which have kept her in this country until now.

After a few months of life on Carleton Terrace, in London, she expects to join a party of English friends who are going to tour India and interest themselves the while in Buddhistic research, returning in the late spring. While in India they will be entertained by a Maharajah friend.

When a reporter sought and found Mrs. Lane in her apartments she was deeply interested in a volume of religious literature. Other volumes on the same subject, Buddhism, lay about her on the table and on the floor.

She appeared very happy, indeed, as, clothed in a dainty, lace trimmed, morning slip of violet satin, she read the "Life of Buddha," "Lore of Cathay," etc.

Asked when she expected to start for Europe and what she would do while there she said:

"Now that my business with the Orphans' court is nearly settled, I will be able to sail in a few days."

Asked as to her interest in books Buddhistic, she laughed good-naturedly and said:

"Oh, I am only reading up on Buddhism because I expect to take a trip to India, when our party will be guests of Buddhists. A few years ago, when traveling on the continent, I met, through Mr. Broderick, of London, a Maharajah and a touring party of his friends, all Buddhists. I met them in London, then in Paris, at the races, at the watering places—in fact, they seemed to be taking about the same course of European travel. They evinced a desire to convert me, and sent me a great many books on the subject of their religion. Then they made our party promise that we would arrange a trip to India, whence they hoped to send us back to Europe convinced of the truth of Buddhism.

"Am I on the road to conversion? Well, I would hardly say that. I am still a Catholic, and suppose I shall be until convinced that Buddha is the supreme and living God. I do agree, though, with W. A. P. Martin, from what little I have read. You know he says that the two religions, Christianity of the West and Buddhism of the East—the first having broken down the walls of Jewish isolation and the other having burst the bonds of Hindoo caste—are approaching each other, so that in the course of ages they have come to occupy the same ground, each lending a tinge to the other. It is such a thorough philosophy of self-discipline, however, that I fear I should make a very poor follower. As, for instance, I do love to eat, and any deprivation of 'square' meals would be most terrifying to me. Arnold and Schopenhauer, in their works, have brought it forward as a rival of Christianity, and so why not study it as one would anything else?"

SCHLEY CASE.

Legal Points of Inquiry Investigated By Attorney General.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The Post says: The case of Rear Admiral Schley is now being considered by the attorney general for the purpose of discovering whether there was any illegality in connection with the court of inquiry. It is understood that at the recent conference between the president and Rear Admiral Schley the latter pointed out some alleged violations of law in regard to the court, and these matters have been deemed worthy of examination.

The attorney general is not to pass upon the merits of the case, but will deal solely with its legal phase. If he shall find that the court was properly constituted, that the precept was legally drawn and that the rules of law were followed as to the evidence, it will then be within the province of the president to consider the case upon its merits. The attorney general decides there were illegalities as claimed by Admiral Schley, the verdict of the court would be vitiated. It is understood that Admiral Schley's future course concerning a formal appeal in writing to the president will depend very largely upon the decision of the attorney general.

AN IOWA TRAGEDY.

Old Man Shoots Granddaughter and Then Suicides.

Macedonia, Iowa, Jan. 10.—William Tompkin, aged 73, owner of one of the largest breeding farms in Eastern Iowa, yesterday fired four shots at his granddaughter, Nora Miller, aged 18, and then put a bullet through his own heart, from the effects of which he died in a few minutes. Two of the shots fired at Miss Miller caused flesh wounds and the other two missed their mark. The shooting occurred in the Miller restaurant, owned by the young lady's parents. No reason is known to exist for the deed.

The family is well known and the young lady is prominent in society.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP
Cures a Cough or Cold at once.
Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

Bargain Counter No. 2.

Undoubtedly the greatest bargain in white goods ever heard of in this city. The great crowds that have been buying from this counter will attest to this. Dimities, Nainsooks, Piques and Madras—worth up to 25c per yard for 10c. The very first sale of these goods to one lady amounted to over $150. She considered them unusual bargains.

10c

Bargain Counter No. 3.

100 Women's Underskirts in good, black mercerized sateen—deep pleated flounce and nice dust ruffle—stitched and finished perfectly—former price $1.50 and $1.75—all go at ---------- 98c

50 Women's $1.50 Flannelette Night Gowns in dainty stripes—tomorrow all go at—each ---------- 98c

Bargain Counter No. 1. Embroidery Sale.

PANTON AND WHITE
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINN.

Bargain Counter No. 2. New Wash Goods.

Great January Sales

Annual Linen and White Goods Sale!

¶ Every housekeeper has learned that this is the best time of the whole year to buy linens and white goods, for we always plan to have the greatest stock during January, and our prices are exceptionally low. We have carefully searched every linen center of Europe and America for the splendid goods we are offering. We have bought lavishly but carefully and quantities are unusually large. We import direct many of our finest linens, and have the exclusive control of them for this community. We show the best Irish and German makes as well as the leading American brands. We invite you to attend this sale and share with your neighbors in the extraordinary linen values.

Fruit of the Loom, 6c.

Fruit of the Loom 36-inch Bleached Muslins, regular price 10c—during the January White Goods Sale, limit 20 yards to a customer, at ---------- 6c

Sheetings—Mill Prices.

Lonsdale Cambric, 36-inch, bleached ---------- 10½c
Pride of the West Bleached Muslin, 36-inch ---------- 12½c
10-4 Pequot Bleached Sheeting, worth 30c, at 22½c
9-4 Pequot Bleached Sheeting, worth 28c, at 20½c

Ready Made Sheets and Pillow Cases.

73x90-inch Mohawk Sheets, bleached, torn and ironed, worth 59c, at ---------- 42½c
81x90-inch Mohawk Sheets, bleached, torn and ironed, worth 60c, at, each ---------- 49c
81x90-inch Sheets, Dwight's Anchor Brand Muslin, worth 85c elsewhere, each ---------- 59c
45x36-inch Pillow Cases, ready made, worth 10c—each ---------- 7½c
45x36-inch Pillow Cases, ready made, worth 12½c, each ---------- 10½c
45x36-inch Pillow Cases, ready made, hemstitched, worth 20c, at ---------- 15c

Bed Spreads.

Full size Bed Spreads, hemmed ready for use—Marseilles patterns, worth $1.25—each ---------- 95c
Marseilles Bed Spreads, hemmed, ready for use—worth $1.75, each ---------- $1.39
Marseilles Bed Spreads, hemmed ready for use—worth $2.25, each ---------- $1.85
Marseilles Bed Spreads, satin finish, full size, pearl hemmed, worth $3.50, at, each ---------- $2.45

Towelings.

18-inch Twilled Cotton Toweling, bleached or unbleached—sold at 25c, at ---------- 3½c
Glass Toweling, linen, checked, worth 7c a yard at, only ---------- 5c
18-inch Kitchen Toweling, bleached, worth 10c, at only ---------- 7½c

Sheetings.

9-4 Pequot bleached Sheeting, our price ---------- 18½c
10-4 Pequot bleached Sheeting, worth 30c, at 22½c
6-4 Pequot bleached Sheeting, worth 20c, at 15½c
5-4 Pequot bleached Sheeting, worth 15c, at ---------- 12c
42-inch Pequot bleached Sheeting, worth 14c, at only ---------- 10½c
68-inch bleached satin Damask, fine pure linen, the $1.10 value, napkins to match, at ---------- 88c
72-inch bleached satin Damask, fine pure linen—$1.35 value, 5-8 and 3-4 napkins to match, at $1.00

Napkins.

5-8 bleached table napkins, all linen, dozen ---------- 59c
5-8 bleached table napkins, all linen, dozen ---------- 75c
5-8 cream table napkins, all linen, dozen ---------- 98c
5-8 cream table napkins, all linen, dozen ---------- $1.25
5-8 bleached or unbleached, all linen ---------- $1.50

Longcloths.

Imperial 36-inch Longcloth, "chamois finish," for underwear, etc.
No. 300 quality at 10c a yard, piece ---------- $1.08
No. 350 quality at 12½c a yard, piece ---------- $1.35
No. 500 quality at 14c a yard, piece ---------- $1.65
No. 600 quality 5-4 at 18c a yard, piece ---------- $2.10
No. 800 quality 5-4 at 22c a yard, piece ---------- $2.50
Twelve yards to a piece.

Nainsooks—for underwear, etc.

Twelve yards to a piece—at, per piece, $1.50, $1.75 and ---------- $2.25

Bleached Table Damask.

72-inch Bleached Damasks, fine Satin Damasks—"J. N. Richardson Sons & Owden manufacture," all the newest designs, open borders, etc., regular $1.50 value, per yard ---------- $1.12½
5-8 and 3-4 Napkins to match all.
72-inch Bleached Damasks, fine Satin Damask, "J. N. Richardson Sons & Owden manufacture," Irish manufacture, beautiful designs, the $2 value, per yard ---------- $1.43
5-8 and 3-4 Napkins to match.
72-inch Bleached Damask, fine Irish manufacture, newest up-to-date designs, the $2.25 and $2.50 value—napkins to match—per yard ---------- $1.73
72-inch Bleached Damask, John S. Brown & Son's manufacture—$3 value ---------- $1.98
5-8 and 3-4 Napkins to match.

Pattern Table Cloth.

Border all around—we show the finest line in the Northwest.
2x2½ cloths, border all around, one dozed 3-4 napkins to match, worth $9, at, a set ---------- $6.98
2x3-yd Cloths, border all around, 1 dozen 3-4 napkins to match, worth $10, a set ---------- $7.50
2x2-yard Cloths, border all around, one dozen 5-8 napkins to match, worth $12.50, at ---------- $9.50

Annual January Sale of Muslin Underwear.

¶ We have made the most elaborate preparations for this annual Muslin Underwear Sale that we have ever attempted. The stock is a great deal larger than it has ever been at any previous time. We have been selecting the goods for this event for over six months, purchasing from factories that were in the best position to manufacture for us at advantageous prices. A great many of our orders were placed at a time when work was slack in the muslin underwear factories, and especial concessions were made to keep machines going during the dull season. This accounts for many of our very low prices. We have been exceedingly cautious in making selections, satisfying ourselves that the factories are perfectly sanitary and have been inspected by the proper authorities.

¶ Every garment is new and fresh, and needlework such as you seldom see. There are thousands of new styles you have never seen before, trimmed with exquisite lace, embroideries, ribbons, etc. All of our garments come from sanitary factories, most of them situated in rural districts where operatives are cleanly, well paid, satisfied and skilled. This sale continues throughout the month of January, and it would take a very large catalog to describe everything we have.

¶ We invite you to attend this sale, and we shall take particular pleasure in showing you through the various stocks.

50 dozen ladies' fine corset covers on sale at ---------- 25c, 35c, 49c and 59c
Ladies' good plain muslin chemise at ---------- 39c
Ladies' fine muslin chemise, lace and embroidery trimmed at ---------- 59c and 79c
Ladies' fine muslin drawers with several tucks 29c
Ladies' fine muslin hemstitched drawers at ---- 35c
Ladies' fine cambric and muslin drawers 49c and 59c
Ladies' extra good muslin gowns at ---------- 49c
Ladies' fine muslin and cambric gowns at ---------- 65c and 75c
Ladies' handsome muslin walking skirts at ---------- 59c and 75c
Ladies' elegant muslin skirts, embroidery trimmed at ---------- 98c
Ladies' fine lace trimmed skirts at ---------- 98c, $1.25 and $1.49
Ladies' nice short skirts at ---------- 49c, 69c and 79c
Children's and misses' gowns at ---------- 59c and 98c

One-Half Off On All Jackets and Coats.

¶ Our entire stock of Ladies,' Misses' and Children's Cloth Jackets and Coats on sale at half price. None reserved. No marking up—then down. Every jacket or coat goes at half the regular price.

1/2

Ladies' three-quarter length Automobile Coats—prices range from $15 to $65—all at half price.
Ladies' Velvet Blouses and Jackets, $18 to $30—at half price.

2

Ladies' short, nobby tight-fitting Jackets half price.
Ladies' Newmarkets, $18 to $75—all go at half off.
Misses' Jackets all go at half off.
Children's Jackets all go at half off.

Every cloth, silk, satin Jacket or Coat in our department at half price.
Ladies' Automobile Coats—Ladies' three-quarter length Coats—Ladies' Newmarkets — Ladies' Raglan Coats—Ladies' Short Box Coats—Ladies' half-fitted Short Coats—Ladies' Velour Blouses—Ladies' long black satin coats—Ladies' three-quarter length black satin Coats—Ladies' long swell opera Coats—Children's Jackets and Coats—all go at half price.

1/2

Glove Department.

Ladies' 2-clasp Gloves—always sold at 69c a pair—on sale for one day only at per pair ---------- 39c
Ladies' 2-clasp Kid Gloves—never sold less than 89c a pair—for one day only, a pair ---------- 69c
All 65c and 75c Ladies' Imported Wool Gloves, a pair ---------- 50c
Ladies' all-wool Golf Gloves formerly sold at 25c a pair ---------- 19c
Ladies' Mittens, per pair ---------- 8c
Children's Golf Gloves, small sizes—navy, blue and brown—at ---------- 10c

Shoe Department

Women's shoes extra high cut, heavy extension sole, plump glace kid, round toe, military heel, lace—all sizes—value $3.00 and $3.50—on sale ---------- $2.15
Children's shoes—sizes to 11. About 300 pairs odd styles in kid or box calf—lace or button—value to $1.50—on sale at ---------- 79c
Little gent's extra high cut mannish lace shoes—heavy vici kid, whole foxed rope stitch extension soles, low heels—sizes to 13½, regular price $1.75—on sale ---------- $1.33
Women's felt and quilted satin for trimmed Juliets in red, brown, blue or black with low or high heels. Your unrestricted choice of all our $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00 values—Saturday $1 00
While they last—200 pair women's felt slippers, leather soles, kid foxed or all felt—also a few red felt Juliets in the lot values to $1.00—only ---------- 53c
Your choice of any women's felt or warm lined shoe in the house including all $1.75 and $2.00—on sale ---------- $1.00

Art Dept.

Stamped Pillow Tops.

A grand clearance of all odds and ends in stamped pillow tops that must go to make room for our new spring line.

65c Pillow Tops ---------- 35c
35c Pillow Tops ---------- 19c

Silk Fringes.

That now sell at 12½c a yard—clearance price ---------- 5c

Swiss Doilies.

12x12 inches, that sell now at 30c—each for ---------- 15c
15x15, inches that sell now at 45c—each for ---------- 20c
6x6 inches, that sell at 5c each—special ---------- 2 for 5c

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Jan. 9.—The barometer is high throughout the Northwest and over gulf states, and low off the North Atlantic coast. Pressures have risen decidedly in all Northwestern districts and it is generally colder especially in the region north from the Dakotas and Montana. Light falls of snow occurred during the past twenty-four hours over Lake Superior, Northern Huron and Eastern Erie.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	48	Miles City	22
Battleford	0	Marquette	52
Bismarck	18	Milwaukee	28
Boston	23	Minnedosa	8
Buffalo	34	Modena	18
Calgary	10	Montgomery	40
Charleston	48	Moorhead	20
Chicago	32	New Orleans	50
Cincinnati	38	New York	30
Davenport	30	North Platte	39
Denver	24	Oklahoma	44
Detroit	28	Omaha	34
Dodge City	32	Pittsburg	34
Duluth	14	Port Arthur	28
Edmonton	14	Portland	34
El Paso	34	Prince Albert	2
Escanaba	32	Qu' Appelle	8
Galveston	54	Rapid City	26
Green Bay	32	San Francisco	58
Havre	18	Santa Fe	22
Helena	26	Shreveport	46
Houghton	32	Spokane	26
Huron	22	St. Louis	40
Jacksonville	44	St. Paul	22
Kamloops	26	Sault Ste. Marie	20
Kansas City	36	Swift Current	14
Knoxville	38	Washington	26
La Crosse	26	Williston	12
Lander	16	Winnemucca	24
Los Angeles	42	Winnipeg	12
Memphis	52		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 a. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Saturday; colder this afternoon, tonight and probably Saturday; fresh and brisk winds, mostly westerly. H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Saturday; cooler tonight; brisk northwest winds. Minnesota—Fair tonight and Saturday; cooler tonight; brisk northwest winds becoming variable Saturday. The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Saturday; colder tonight.

Fletcher Opposed to a Canal.

Congressman Fletcher of this state stands in an unusual position by reason of being one of the two members of the house who voted against the passage of the canal bill in congress yesterday. Mr. Fletcher is not only opposed to the Hepburn bill, but to any other isthmian canal proposition (except construction by private enterprise) that may be presented. The other congressman voting against the bill (the vote standing 310 to 2) was Lassiter (Dem.) of Virginia. Mr. Fletcher makes a plain, straightforward statement of his views and had the courage to back his convictions by his acts. Mr. Fletcher has been for eight years a member of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce and has heard all the "arguments" which have been "presented" in behalf of the various bills and the two routes. "I was the only man on the committee," said Mr. Fletcher, "to vote against reporting the Hepburn bill. I do not believe in spending $400,000,000 down in Central America on such an uncertainty as that canale will be. Although the official estimates of the cost are about half the figure named, I have no doubt that we shall put in $400,000,000 there before we get through. Of the two routes, although I should vote against them, the Panama is greatly to be preferred. The Nicaraguan is only an experiment at best and by no means a hopeful one." With an almost universal opinion throughout the country that a canal ought to be built, the argument of Mr. Fletcher can have but little weight. It is evident that the canal is wanted and, being wanted, the people expect to pay for it, and the main question at issue is a choice of routes and not whether a canal shall be dug or not.

Going Ahead Too Fast.

That wireless telegraphy is capable of great possibilities and that it will prove one of the greatest and most useful inventions of the age, no one doubts. But some of the enthusiasts seem to be going ahead faster with their theories and suggestions than the present development warrants. A dispatch was sent out by the Associated Press the other day stating that a professor at Columbia had said in relation to wireless telegraphy: "It is not necessary to wait for more developments before equipping every lighthouse with apparatus for sending messages to sea notifying ships of their proximity to rocks and breakers. * * * The lighthouse could still save the lives of those headed for the rocks no matter how dense the day." The professor is evidently a little premature in his theory or else he knows of possibilities of the system unknown to the public. In the present state of the art it would be quite impossible for a signal station to warn vessels approaching danger to any greater advantage than the ordinary fog whistle. The mere ability to send messages between a ship at sea and a land station will not suffice. The captain of the ship must know the direction from whence the signal comes and the distance intervening; this is precisely what wireless telegraphy is quite unable to tell him. In other words the captain must receive such information as will enable him to prick his position on the chart. If he were not lost in the fog he would not need anyone to tell him his bearings or his proper course, but if the captain does not know where he is how can anyone on shore enlighten him? Messages may pass between the ship and the shore giving information on a vast variety of subects, but in answer to the all important question, "Where am I?" the shore station can tell him absolutely nothing. If the captain asks the shore station, "Who are you?" they can give him their name, but if he asks them "Where are you?" they can only refer him to his map. If he asks them his bearings in relation to their station they can tell him nothing. In other words, unless the captain can stand on the deck of his ship and point his finger directly to the shore station, the mere identification of its name and its position on the map will do him no good. A message received on shipboard by wireless telegraphy gives no indication of how far it has traveled nor from which point on the horizon it came. Thus, a ship in the mid-Atlantic will receive the same warning of "danger ahead" from a shore station that every other ship along the coast would receive at the same instant, and as none of them could tell, either from which point of the compass the warning came, nor how far away the danger really lay, none of them could afford to pay the least heed to it. For the present at least it is doubtful if the wireless system is adapted for danger signals.

DESERVING CENSURE.

The body of the man murdered in the Lake avenue saloon yesterday was taken, by order of the coroner, to Tibbetts' morgue, and there it lay exposed to the gaze of the public. It is stated that "hundreds of people, excited by morbid curiosity, viewed the body, and turned away shuddering from the horrid spectacle. In the stream were many children, tots of boys and girls 7 and 8 years coming in in dozens and staring with wide open eyes at the mutilated corpse laid out on the slab in its grisly nakedness."

The Herald does not know who is responsible for this unwarranted catering to the morbid curiosity of a certain class of people. Possibly it may be the usual custom. If so, the custom should be promptly changed. If there had been any question of identification involved, there might be some excuse for admitting the public to the morgue, but there was none. Even in that case there would be no excuse for admitting children to the morgue. That they were permitted yesterday to see the hideous spectacle deserves the strongest condemnation. Whoever is responsible should be severely censured. It was an inexcusable outrage.

WOULD PROVE EFFECTIVE.

The interstate commerce commission seems to be making better progress with its hearing at Kansas City than it did on its last meeting in that city. That affair was a perfect farce and so recognized. Many of the men summoned failed to appear, and those who did present themselves were troubled with such defective memories that their testimony was of no value. For some reason the grain men have loosened a little, and at the present session some important information is being given. But supposing the commission makes out a clear case of violation of the laws by the railroads, under the present laws governing the commission it is unable to enforce any rulings it may make. However, a bill is now prepared providing for radical amendments to the interstate commerce act, and if passed, it will remedy the present difficulties of the commission.

The proposed bill is limited to three sections, embracing only the provisions which are deemed indispensable for securing the effectiveness of the interstate commerce act. The first section provides that the transportation of or offer to transport traffic at any other than the published rate, or the payment of a rebate, or the transportation of traffic without having first published a tariff applicable to the same, shall be deemed a misdemeanor and punishable by a fine of not less than $5000 nor more than $20,000. The making of a false representation by the shipper as to weight or description of a shipment shall be punishable by a fine of from $1000 to $1500. All imprisonment penalties prescribed by the existing act are eliminated.

The second section makes it the duty of the commission, after a full hearing, when it is found that any rate is in violation of the interstate commerce law, to make such changes as deemed just. The commission's orders shall take effect in no less than twenty days after service upon the carrier. The right of appeal to a circuit court of the United States is provided for the carrier, and either party may appeal to the United States supreme court from the findings of the circuit court.

The third section provides that the findings of the commission shall continue in force but two years. United States circuit courts are required to enforce obedience of the commission's orders, and the penalty of a refusal to comply with such orders is fixed at $10,000 for each default. The circuit court is required to enjoin carriers and shippers from giving or receiving any concessions from published rates, and the carrier from rendering greater service in any respect than that stated in the published tariffs.

These amendments should be enacted and then the work of the commission will prove much more effective.

THE CANAL BILL PASSED.

The Nicaragua canal bill went through the house of representatives almost unanimously, only two votes being cast against it. The effort to amend the bill failed. The chief fight centered on the proposition to vest the president with power to select the best route. This would enable him to accept the offer of the Panama company to sell its rights and properties for $40,000,000, in the event that the isthmian commission reported that it was the preferable route under the latest offer. Several amendments, one by Judge Morris, were offered, but all were abandoned in favor of a new one giving full authority to the president on this point. It was defeated by a vote of 102 to 170. The sentiment in favor of the Nicaragua route was too strong to be overcome.

Theer is a prospect that the senate may take different action. The question is not as between a feasible and an impracticable route, but between two routes, both pronounced practicable and feasible by the self-same authority—the Walker commission, composed of able and impartial experts. In its report last November the commission estimated that the physical work of cutting canals by the two feasible routes can be completed for the following sums:

Nicaragua route	$189,864,062
Panama route	144,233,358

These figures include dams, locks, harbors, docks, etc., on both routes, but not the cost of acquiring the rights and property of the French company, upon which the Walker commission put the following value:

Excavation already made	$27,474,033
Panama railroad stock at par	6,850,000
Maps, drawings and records	2,00,000
Total	$36,324,033

To this sum the commission added 10 per cent to cover omissions, making a total value of what the French company has to sell. This would make the cost of the routes practically the same, viz.:

Nicaragua route	$189,864,062
Panama route	184,233,358

Up to the date of the report of the commission and until recently, the price put by the French company upon its rights and assets was $109,141,500, making the cost of the two routes: Nicaragua, $189,864,062; Panama, $253,374,858. But this difference of $63,500,000 in favor of the Nicaragua route has been wiped out by the Panama company's offer. Irrespective of the feasibility and cost of construction of the two canals the commission found that there were certain physical advantages, such as a shorter canal line, lower summit of level, fewer locks, less curvature and a lower cost of maintenance in favor of the Panama route. The estimated time for a deep draft vessel to pass through the Panama canal is about twelve hours, against thirty-three for the Nicaragua route. It is also estimated that it would cost $1,300,000 less annually to operate the Panama canal, which would mean lower tolls for the vessels passing through. But all these figures are estimates, and perhaps Congressman Fletcher of Minneapolis, who voted against the bill, may be right when he predicts the enterprise will cost this country $40,000,000 before it is finished.

A Chicago man has started a Good Health club. He says the idea came to him from being asked all day, "How are you?" This was easy, but the inquiry, "How's your good health?" threw him down hard. He invented the Good Health club as a sort of antidote to these daily problems. It anticipates the doctors by promoting physical culture, fasting and other means to secure good health. Thousands of men and women all over the country have joined the club, the membership to which is free.

After taking two years to think it over Judge Tuley, of Chicago, decided that if the Pullman Palace Car company wanted to buy out the Wagner Palace Car company and operate both concerns as one, it is nobody's business except the parties directly concerned. "Governor Van Sant will take due notice," observes the Topeka State Journal.

The Philadelphia tariff bill will probably be radically changed by the senate. It is said that Senators Nelson and Clapp, of this state, are leaders in a movement to remodel the measure to the extent of applying only one-half the Dingley tariff rates on imports. The Republican organs that praised the house bill as splendid statesmanship will now have to change front.

The report of the Minnesota tax commission is now ready for presentation to the governor, who will call an extra session of the legislature in February to consider it. It is said the report will recommend the creation of a permanent tax commission to take the place of the board of equalization, but with increased powers.

Mr. Brownlow, of Tennessee, has introduced a bill in congress which seeks to increase the salary of the vice president of the United States from $8000 to $15,000. This is one salary increase which everyone will agree is entirely proper. The expenses of the vice president are heavier than many people imagine.

The doctors in a certain Illinois county have resolved that no member shall accept the position of county physician at the price fixed by the commissioners. But there will probably be some "scab" doctor willing to do the work for less than union wages.

Says T. P. O'Connor, M. P.: "I believe that in half a century from now no man will rise to the heights of any profession, in the field, in the forum or at the desk, who is not a teetotaler." But Mr. O'Connor will not find this theory popular in Kentucky.

The claim of the duke of Manchester that he kept copies of all the letters he wrote to Miss Portia Knight gives a clear indication of his finish. If he wrote letters, he might just as well settle now.

Gen. Palma, the new president of Cuba, probably gained a few pointers while residing in this country on how Boss Platt and Boss Quay run things.

The third rail system has been successfully tried on the New York elevated railway. According to the Transcript, it has been tried in Boston also and found guilty.

The Atlanta Journal thinks the law against wearing hats in theaters ought to be made to apply also to the habit of putting them on before the play is over.

President Roosevelt kept the McKinley cabinet until he could find time to pick out a new one.

Three Finnish papers were recently suppressed by the Russian government, and that was their finish.

Has there been any decline in the saloon trade as the result of the new year resolutions?

Getting Ready For Business.

New York Tribune: With a brand new president of approved patriotism and ability, should tirn a fresh tobacco leaf in her history of texture and fragrance unrivalled. Her new budded prosperity should not end in smoke, like her principal crop, and will not if we can help her out in any way.

Christmas Roses

By Angela Morgan.

(Copyright, 1901, by W. R. Hearst.)

Christmas eve, and mercilessly cold.

The small boy pulled his thin little coat collar up about his ears, thrust his hands into the thread bare pockets and set his face resolutely against the bitter wind.

A mere speck he was in the stream of jostling humanity that surged by on its way from work, from amusement and from belated holiday shopping.

He walked briskly, eagerly, darting through inconvenient crevices in the crowd with an ardent determination that countenanced no obstructions.

He was walking home from the store tonight, instead of taking a car. Already he had saved 20 cents this week by adopting this system of economy. By avoiding car fare this one time more he would make it thirty-five cents—the magic sum! The sum that would purchase the beautiful treasure which he had set his heart upon giving to his mother for Christmas.

As one of the stock boys in the big department store down the street, his salary permitted nothing but the merest necessities—certainly nothing so extravagant as this gift, which for weeks he had been planning as a Christmas surprise for the patient invalid mother at home—the little mother whose life was so barren of beauty, so shorn of pleasure.

He could picture even now her delight, her gladness, when, on the morrow, the surprise would greet her gaze. How the wan face would flash into smiles, the tired eyes beam with radiant astonishment! She was not expecting anything in the way of gifts. She knew how impossible even the smallest remembrance would be on their slender income, and was cheerfully resigned. Of course, she had no idea whatever of his little scheme for saving nickels.

The small boy's face broke into smiles as he hurried on. Wouldn't she be surprised, though! He started to whistle, but the sound froze at his lips.

Whew! How cold it was. His ears ached and his hands were stiff. It was a long distance yet before he would reach home. He had not even left the business district. There was still the bridge to cross and several blocks beyond—long blocks they were, too.

But the present were all these things, with the reward so close at hand? It had been the constant remembrance of this that had sustained him thus far in his long tramps during the week. The thought of it had urged him on in spite of hunger, cold and natural weariness after his day's work in the store.

O, the treasure! He could scarcely wait to purchase it.

At sight of the big florist's shop on the corner, his impatience blossomed suddenly into a resolve—why wait until tomorrow? He would take the gift to his mother tonight.

He went up to the window and stood gazing upon the bloom within. His eyes sought eagerly for the fresh, velvety hue of American Beauty roses. Ah, there they were—a gorgeous cluster. And one of these perfect things would soon be his—his to take to the little mother!

He opened the big door and went in. The shop was crowded with Christmas customers. Men were busy taking orders and filling them. All were too occupied to notice the Small Boy. He stood rather dazedly in the midst of the light and warmth and fragrance, waiting until some one should address him.

Meanwhile his eyes feasted upon the wealth of loveliness about him. There were palms—great, tall, glossy ones—and holly—whole stacks of it. How bright the berries looked. There were flowers—all kinds of them. And there were—roses.

The small boy's eyes opened wide at sight of a huge box being heaped with his dear favorites—American Beauties. Who in the world could be getting all those roses?

He looked up and saw that a young man was making the purchase and that a pretty young woman, beautifully clad, stood near him. O, he was getting the roses for her. The Small Boy drew a deep breath and marveled.

Whew! But it must take money to buy all those roses! How could people ever feel rich enough to afford such extravagance? His calculations wavered, his imagination reeled at the suggestion of so much opulence.

And the young girl? How was she impressed with this lavish gift? The Small Boy sent a shy glance toward her, anticipating a radiant countenance. He was more than puzzled at the listless indifference of her face.

Suddenly the young man caught sight of the Small Boy.

"Hello, Bobby!" he cried, in good-natured chaffing. "Out buying Christmas roses, too?"

The Small Boy, startled out of his reverie, uttered a mechanically swift "Yessir."

The girl turned and her glance dropped upon the child with a half idle interest.

"What are you buying?" she questioned with a whimsical smile.

"One o' these," indicating the beauties.

"Ah, I'll wager it's for your little sweetheart," said the young man knowingly. The girl gave him a reproving look.

"No," resented the Smal Boy promptly; "it's for my mother."

"Your mother!"

The girl and the man looked at each other. The listlessness had left her face; the mischief had departed from his.

"Your mother is fond of roses?"

"She likes 'em better'n anything. I'm getting this for her Christmas present. She's sick an'—it'll please her. It's a surprise—she don't know."

"Isn't that lovely!" exclaimed the girl, impulsively. But aside she murmured to her escort, with a ring of passionate pity in her voice, "Only think of it—one rose—one!"

The young man cleared his throat and frowned in a meditative way.

The Small Boy looked at the roses.

Suddenly the girl whispered to the man. He nodded. She took up the heaping box and placed it in the child's arms.

"I want you to give these to your mother," she said in a low, hurried tone.

The Small Boy looked up at her, an unbelieving wonder in his eyes.

"All—all of 'em?" he gasped.

"All of them. I hope she'll—"

But the girl could get no further. She turned away suddenly and hid her face in her muff.

"Look here, my boy, they're not treating you square," remonstrated the man. "Nobody's said a word about your Christmas present." He slipped something in the Smal Boy's hand. "There—that'll fix you up, Bobby. You just make the selection yourself."

"You ain't jokin'?" asked the Small Boy, regarding the glittering coin with wide eyes in which bliss and bewilderment struggled for the mastery.

"No, indeed—it's all yours—every bit. Now you just go ahead and have a merry Christmas, that's all."

After he had left the shop, laden with his precious burden of perfume and color, the girl turned to the man, who had caught her hand in a sudden warm grasp.

"Don't," she said chokingly, unashamed of her tears. "I'm not worth it. I'm selfish. I'm cruel. I'm heartless."

"You're no worse than the rest of us. We all forget," protested the man. "We don't realize these things unless they are brought forcibly to our minds."

"But, O, how can we forget? How can we! It's dreadful, it's criminal! Did you see that poor child's little thin coat—did you? And to think that all he wanted was—one—poor, pitiful rose."

* * *

And the Small Boy? He burst into his mother's room, in a perfect tumult of gladness.

"Mother—mother—look! All of 'em—every one of 'em for you!"

At first the invalid could scarcely believe her eyes. She, too, was inclined to doubt so much happiness. But it was all true!

Such a Christmas as they had! The glittering gold piece performed marvels in the way of replenishing the larder and furnishing other necessities. O, the happiness, the rejoicing on that blessed day. The Small Boy and his mother have never forgotten that Christmas. In after memory it stands out clearly, distinct and glowing. They call it the Christmas of Roses.

What Is Made for This Winter Must Be Sold This Winter!

Our Overcoats and Ulsters are known far and wide as the finest and best fitting Overcoats and Ulsters made. We've carried a big stock and done a big business in them but we don't intend to have any left when the season ends.

$9.85 For Overcoats and Ulsters worth $12, $14 and $15

$14.85 For Overcoats and Ulsters worth $20, $25 and $30

Fur lined Coats and Fur Coats Selling at cost. Big reductions in Boys' and Children's Overcoats, Ulsters and Reefers.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

BELONGS TO MINNEAPOLIS.

Sikorski, of Legislative Fame, a Public Charge.

Winona, Minn., Jan. 10.—W. L. Boynton, poor commissioner, will call the attention of the authorities of Minneapolis to the case of Louis Sikorski, who is now being cared for as a public charge at the hospital in this city. Mr. Sikorski, although he formerly made his home in Winona, is not a proper charge on the city. He has more recently lived in Minneapolis and has gained full citizenship there, having voted at the last two elections. This is the same Sikorski who some years back gained notoriety by introducing a bill in the legislature to compel Chinamen to wear their shirts inside their trousers.

STRONG OPPOSITION

To Be Made on Cuban Reciprocity Bill.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Secretary Root's policy for reciprocity with Cuba will be strongly opposed in the house of representatives. It is an even prediction that it will be defeated. Scores of Republican members who were dragooned into supporting Payne's Philippine bill are openly against granting concessions to Cuba which have been denied the Philippines. The senate will remodel the Payne bill and split the Dingley rates on imports. McMillan, of Michigan, will lead a fight on this line with Nelson and Clapp, of Minnesota; Cullom, of Illinois, and other Western men. The leadership of Payne and Dalzell in the house is threatened by an unorganized portion, which may develop at any time.

SPRECKELS' BACKING

Sought By Fitzsimmons For Fight With Jeffries.

San Francisco, Jan. 10.—Adolph Spreckels, son of the California sugar king, has received a telegram from Fitzsimons which indicates the Cornishman is ready to enter the ring again and fight Jeffries if suitable arrangements can be made. In the telegram Fitzsimmons asked the millionaire if he would back him for $25,000 against the present champion, the winner to take the fighter's entire share of the gate receipts.

The California millionaire has always been an ardent admirer of Bob, but whether he will put up the $25,000 to back him against Jeffries is a matter of some doubt. Spreckels is not as active in sporting circles as he was a few years ago, and to back Fitz for any such amount would give him a prominence in the fistic world he would not desire. Then, again, while he is Fitzsimmons' partisan, he may have too good an opinion of Jeff to bet any such amount against him.

GOOD EFFECT

Of Moderate Attitude By Temperance Societies.

Stockholm, Jan. 10.—The temperance societies have advanced greatly in the esteem of the public since they announced a determination to co-operate with the moderate reformers. More than a dozen town councils have already decided to pay the rents of halls used for the societies' meetings for the present year.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

THE DAKOTAS

A Flying Machine Company Incorporated at Pierre.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—Articles of incorporation have been filed for the Northwestern Navigation company, at Elkton, with a capital of $2,000,000. Incorporators, Henry Heintz, M. F. Heintz, Rev. George Sheehan, and other residents of Elkton. The purpose of the company is to utilize the patents of Henry Heintz, of Elkton, who claims to have perfected a flying machine.

Mellette—Frank Coleman was found dead at his house, ten miles east of here. He was sitting in a chair. He was about 25 years old and unmarried, his former home being at Winona, Minn. He was a member of the A. O. U. W. and Modern Woodmen lodges, in which orders he carried insurance.

Lead—The remains of a male child were found near the Homestake settling dam by several workmen. It is believed that a murder had been committed within the last few weeks. The child was several days old.

Deadwood—The railroads in the hills have put in effect a 4-cent passenger rate, this being a reduction of 1 cent a mile from former rates. The reduction makes a difference of over a dollar in the fare from Lead or Deadwood to Hot Springs, Edgemont, Rapid City and other points in the hills.

Doland—There is some speculation in this section as to what the Northwestern Railway company proposes to do regarding a line south to connect at Iroquois. Officials of the road have been driving through the country south. They did not state their business, but the inference is they were looking up a route.

Aberdeen—S. H. Jumper has sold the Aberdeen telephone exchange to the Dakota Central telephone lines of this city for $16,000. The company will enlarge the system, which now has over 300 phones in service.

Hudson—Sidney Fritz and Ed Lang, each aged about 12 years, have run away from their homes here. They were seen climbing into a box car on the southbound freight train and are supposed to be in Sioux City.

Miller—Adjut. Gen. Conklin has organized a state militia company here of forty-five members. The officers are: J. W. Coquillette, captain; F. J. Dunn, first lieutenant; W. H. Redmond, second lieutenant.

Valley Springs—The board of trustees will hold a special meeting this week for the purpose of opening bids for the sale of the waterworks bonds. If the bids meet with approval, work on the plant can commence early in the spring.

Menno—Since Aug. 1 last, the sum of $364,044.50 has been paid by Menno houses to farmers in exchange for stock and grain. This does not include private shipments of stock, creamery products, etc., which would make the total over $400,000.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—The open weather that has marked the entire winter has culminated in the most remarkable January thaw has was ever experienced in North Dakota. The snow is practically all gone, the streets have been sloppy for two days, and the ice in the river is covered with water. The weather is more like the latter part of March or the first of April. Gophers are seen on the prairies, and one was brought to the city yesterday.

Fargo—The Scottosh Rite reunion next week promises to be the biggest affair of the kind ever held in Fargo. There are already 127 petitions in for the degrees, and Inspector General Flemming says that there will probably be about 100 in the class. The mammoth new temple will furnish ample room for the work even on such a large class.

IN MICHIGAN.

Scheme of Young Rascal to Get Cash Frustrated.

Marquette—J. R. McDonald has been arrested at Newberry for attempting to cash a postal order which did not belong to him, and will be brought to this city for trial. It appears that McDonald recently gained the confidence of a young man named Mortrude, and learned from him that his father, who resides in North Dakota, was a man of means. Writing to the elder Mortrude, McDonald stated that the son was very sick and requested that a remittance be sent to enable him to return home. The Dakota man sent an order for $28, which McDonald, posing as young Mortrude, attempted to cash. The postmaster surmised that something was wrong, however, and instead of handing over the money, notified the sheriff, who placed McDonald in custody pending an investigation. The prisoner confessed, and on his person blank checks of various banks were found. The officers think they have a forger of note in the tolls.

Crystal Falls—As a result of the reform wave which recently struck Iron Mountain, Crystal Falls contains more disreputables among its population than ever before. The denizens of "the Midway" were driven out of Iron Mountain, following many complaints, and they forthwith emigrated to Crystal Falls. Now the people at Crystal Falls are protesting against the transformation of that town into a harbor of refuge and a descent upon the dives is being planned.

L'Anse—For the January term of the Baraga circuit court, held at L'Anse this week, there was only one case on the calendar—a civil action—the docket being the lightest in years. The jury was drawn but was not summoned. The absence of criminal cases is pointed to with pride by the officials, and the fact that lawlessness is now rather an unknown quantity is shown by the jail records. During the year just closed only forty people were confined in the county bastile.

Iron Mountain—The 3-year-old son of Julius Rusky, of Iron Mountain, is dead as the result of falling into a pail of boiling water. Mrs. Rusky and her servant girl were both in the kitchen at the time of the accident. A pail of hot water stood on the floor, when the little fellow came in and asked for a drink of water. The servant started to get it for him, and while his mother was not looking he fell into the pail of water backwards in a sitting posture. He was considerably burned, but apparently was not very badly injured. Later, however, convulsions set in and from these death ensued.

Munising—The keeper of the Munising pest house, in which a couple of smallpox patients are quarantined, was surprised on getting up the other morning to find a young Swede asleep on the floor beside the stove. When informed just where he was the intruder did not want to stay, but he was detained and the health officer was notified. The young fellow was vaccinated and ordered kept in the pest house for some time as a precaution against a possible spread of the contagion.

AN INQUIRY

Into the Cruelty Charges at Red Wing School.

St. Paul, Jan. 10.—President Leavett, of the state board of control, says a thorough investigation will be made of the charge of cruelty at the Red Wing school. The monthly meeting at the institution will be held Saturday, but the investigation will not occur until later. Some of the complainants have asked that their testimony be taken at St. Paul instead of at Red Wing.

"KISSING" SUIT ENDS.

Miss Miller Gets a Verdict of $1500.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—A jury in Judge Patten's branch of the superior court, sitting in the breach of promise case of Lizzie Miller, of Burlington, Wis., against Henry J. Huening, awarded the plaintiff $1500 damages.

The plaintiff was not present when the verdict was read. Huening was there, however, and listened to the verdict stoically. Through his attorney he made a motion for a new trial. Miss Miller's attorneys said they were satisfied with the verdict.

Kissing, its causes, effects and importance, caused a temporary disagreement among the jurors and they were out all night.

Health restoring, life renewing cordial, a tonic that fortifies the body and brain and stops the mine of decay. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Catarrhal Headache.—That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the seating of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in ten minutes, and cure. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—5.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
Friday and Saturday, Jan. 10-11.
Saturday Matinee.
Primrose & Dockstanders
American Minstrels.
Under the Management of Jas. H. Decker.
Prices—Night: Dress Circle, $1; Parquette, $1 and 75; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c. Matinee: Dress Circle, 75c; Parquette, 50c; Family Circle and Balcony, 35c.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. Williams, Owner and Manager.
MONDAY, JANUARY 13.
The Distinguished Romantic Actor,
ANDREW ROBSON
—IN—
RICHARD CARVEL
A dramatization of Winston Churchill's famous novel of the same name by Edward E. Rose. The original massive scenic production and magnificent costumes that marked the success of this play at the Empire Theater, New York.
Prices during this engagement—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquette, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.
Saturday, Jan 18, Jefferson Angelis.

CALENDAR IS CLEAR

Not a Criminal Case to Go to Trial This Term.

All Criminals in Custody Have Entered Pleas of Guilty.

Sparta Woman Gets Verdict of One Dollar Against Marshal.

A term of district court without a criminal trial is a rare thing indeed, but it is what has happened this term, for the first occasion during the memory of the oldest inhabitant of the court house.

The grand jury at this term broke the record for a short session, adjourning only twenty-five hours after it started. During that time it returned seven indictments. One of the indicted parties is not within reach of the court as yet, so nothing has been done with him, but all of the others pleaded guilty. There were three cases continued over from last term that were expected to result in trials, but one of the parties pleaded guilty, another was released, and the third case, that against Emile Peterson, the West End druggist, was continued this morning.

There are two men to be sentenced, and that will finish the criminal calendar for the January term.

GETS A DOLLAR.

Sparta Woman Gets Vindication and Small Verdict.

Mari Ana Holub was awarded a vindication and a money verdict for $1 by the jury in her case against Joseph Holub, marshal of the village of Sparta, for false arrest, assault and imprisonment.

She sued for $1000, asking $500 for the alleged assault and an equal amount for the alleged false arrest and imprisonment. She got $999 less than she asked for, but she won her case technically. The defendant will have to pay the costs.

The case went to the jury late in the afternoon, and at 6 o'clock a verdict was reached. Court had adjourned, so the verdict was sealed and returned this morning.

There is only one jury trial left after the cases now being tried are disposed of, and the outlook is that this extraordinarily scanty term of district court will be wound up in very short order.

In the appeal from the award of commissioners in condemnation in the proceedings brought by the Northern Pacific against D. D. Duncan and others, the appellants won out. The commissioners awarded them about $1500 each, and the jury gave Alexander McDougall $4162.50 and D. A. Duncan, F. A. Brewer and C. A. Duncan $3468.75. This verdict was found at 7 o'clock last night and delivered into the court this morning.

This morning Judge Dibell and a jury took up the personal injury case of Ida Powers against the Duluth-Superior Traction company, and it was still on trial at noon. The plaintiff claims that on Oct. 3, 1901, she was crossing Superior street at Ninth avenue east when she was run into by a street car, knocked down and dragged fifty feet. For the injuries she received in this manner she asks $4000, claiming that the company was negligent. The company alleges that if she was hurt it was through her own negligence, and that it was in no manner responsible for the accident. Porter J. Neff appears for the plaintiff and Greene & Wood for the defendant.

In Judge Ensigns' room the question of whether St. Mary's hospital is a haritable institution, which incidentally involves the question of whether or not the case of the estate of Leslie J. Craig against the Benedictine Sisters Hospital association shall go to the jury, was being argued this noon. After the defense had finished its testimony, part of which was directed to prove that the hospital is a charitable institution, the motion to dismiss on the part of the defendant was renewed. The argument had taken up most of the morning, and at noon it bade fair to take up a good part of the afternoon as well.

The New Store

Notice!

We have just opened up an advance shipment of

Zephyr Ginghams.

There are 100 pieces in the shipment and consists of plain and fancy stripes, checks, plaids, etc. The price is only—

10c

Per Yard.

FORFEITED.

George Harden of Ely Drops Bail of $500 Cash.

George Harder, of Ely, did not appear in district court this term to answer to an indictment for keeping a house of ill-fame. This morning his bail, which consisted of $500 in cash, was declared forfeited, and a bench warrant for his arrest was issued. If he is caught he will not only lose his $500, but he will have to stand trial on the charge against him.

He was indicted at the November term for keeping a house of ill-fame at Ely, and when he was arraigned on a bench warrant Nov. 13 he entered a demurrer, which the court overruled Nov. 25. His case was then continued to the January term, his bail being continued in force.

Double Installation.

The Progress lodge, No. 6, Degree of Honor, installed the following officers at Sloan's hall last evening: Past chief of honor, Elsie Smith; chief of honor, Mary J. Farrington; lady of honor, Mrs. Carey; chief of ceremonies, Ida Morain; recorder, Margaret Peer; financier, Sarah A. Sloan; receiver, Alice Reamer; usher, Esther Butchart; inside watch, Dora Barr; outside watch, Mrs. Grover.

Rice's Point lodge, No. 80, A. O. U. W., installed the following: Past master, J. W. Cummings; master workman, A. Farrington; foreman, W. C. Burton; overseer, Gust Gustafson; receiver, A. F. Swanstrom; financier, H. C. Nelson; recorder, Frank Burton; guide, G. La Joye.

TENTH ANNUAL

STOCK REDUCING SALE

Owing to carrying too heavy a stock at this time of the season, we find it necessary to make this discount in order to move it.

Reducing Without Reserve.

All Overcoats, Suitings and Trouserings made to order in our usual good style and workmanship, at 25 per cent below regular prices.

To give you an idea of the magnitude of the many bargains that await you we will quote a few items:

TROUSERS— Former price $7.50— Reducing Sale	$5.75	SUITS— Former price $40.00— Reducing Sale	$30.00
TROUSERS— Former price $9.00— Reducing Sale	$6.75	SUITS— Former price $45.00— Reducing Sale	$33.75
TROUSERS— Former price $10.00— Reducing Sale	$7.50	OVERCOATS— Former price $30.00— Reducing Sale	$22.50
TROUSERS— Former price $12.00— Reducing Sale	$9.00	OVERCOATS— Former price $35.00— Reducing Sale	$26.50
SUITS— Former price $30.00— Reducing Sale	$22.50	OVERCOATS— Former price $40.00— Reducing Sale	$30.00
SUITS— Former price $35.00— Reducing Sale	$26.50	OVERCOATS— Former price $45.00— Reducing Sale	$33.75

And so on through the entire line—This is one great bargain event of the year which you should not miss.

Our patrons are earnestly requested to take advantage of this unusual buying opportunity.

ENORMOUS—Owing to the enormous amount of orders taken during the first three days of our great 25 per cent discount sale, we were compelled to discontinue the sale for one week in order to properly execute the work, having added greatly to our working force, we feel that we shall be able to fill orders promptly. This sale will continue until further notice.

REMEMBER—This sale includes Suits, Overcoats, Trousers, both Spring and Fall Goods; also advance styles of Spring 1902. Full Dress fancy Vestings, in fact, Without reserve.

MIES,

Duluth Leading Tailor. **308 W. FIRST STREET.**

French & Bassett Block, Opposite Board of Trade.

Either Telephone 131.

The New Store



Ask For

The Belmar Shoe for Ladies—

All the new patterns and designs in leather and cloth, with light or medium soles, for dress and evening wear. Heavy welted soles for street; $3.50 and $4.00 actual values—for..... **$2.98**

Ask For

Our Ladies' $1.98 Shoe—

Made in box calf or fine kid, heavy and light soles, lace or button Shoes, of "long wear" and "beauty" combined. The price is only..... **$1.98**

Ask For

Our Ladies' Calf Skin Shoes—

For good substantial out door service. The value is $1.50 to $1.75 per pair. You get them Saturday for..... **$1.35**

Ask For

Ladies' Felt Shoes—

First quality. But broken sizes only; $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 values—cleaning up the lines at one price and that only..... **$1.25**

Men's Alaskas—

Not a great many pairs left. We are closing out all Men's goods. These Alaskas first grade and worth $1.25 and $1.50. SATURDAY SPECIAL..... **50c**

Little Gents' Shoes—

Satin Calf, solid soles, splendid wearers and made to fit the foot. Sizes up to No. 13½. Saturday's special..... **98c**



Hosiery and Underwear Specials for Saturday

LADIES' BLACK cotton fleeced Hose, extra weight and fast black; guaranteed the 25c quality. Extra special for Saturday..... **15c**

LADIES' fine black all wool ribbed Hose; special weight and fine length. The real value is much more than the price we ask. Special **35c**

LADIES' FINE black Cashmere Hose, of superior weight and finish, spliced heels and toes; our regular 35c quality. Special.... **25c**

CHILDREN'S BLACK wool Hose, 1x1 ribbed; a good seller at 25c and worth it. Special— **19c**

LADIES' FINE FLAT WEAVE WOOL Pants and Vests, in tan or grey, always sold at $1.25 a garment. Special—



$1.00

EXTRA heavy Pants and Vests, in camel's hair or scarlet; value $1.50 each. Special—

$1.25

CHILDREN'S ONEITA UNION SUITS, natural gray, 50c quality. Special— **25c**

The New Store

Annual January Sale of Muslin Underwear



Muslin Underwear, to last, must be made right. Garments can be made showy, but if not made right they are worn out before the newness has a chance to disappear. The Royal Muslin Underwear is made right from first class materials. Nothing but the best Cambrics, Nainsooks and Muslins enter into the construction of these garments. The prices on these excellent garments are no greater than on many brands of inferior quality of material and workmanship. In many instances they are lower.

CORSET COVERS—Made of good quality cambric and good fitting. Regular value 15c, for— (Two to a customer)..... **9c**

CORSET COVERS—Of good cambric, very neatly made, V-shaped neck, lace trimmed, 25c value— for (Two to a customer)..... **19c**

CORSET COVERS—Plain hemstitched or lace and embroidery trimmed, V or square-shaped neck; 35c value, for..... **25c**

CORSET COVERS—Fine cambric, lace, embroidery or hemstitched finish, V or square-shaped neck. Regular price 50c each. Opening price— **27c**

CORSET COVERS—Of fine cambric or long cloth, daintily trimmed with lace, embroidery and insertion. Special value for opening only..... **33c**

CORSET COVERS—Of finest cambric, lace yoke, insertion, etc; values are $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 each. Opening, special only..... **98c**

NIGHT GOWNS—Good quality of cambric, full sizes and good length, lace trimming. Opening price..... **50c**



THE ROYAL UMBRELLA DRAWERS

DRAWERS—Plain, with three rows of tucking, good quality muslin; 25c quality. Opening price— **19c**

DRAWERS—Fine cambric, lace and embroidery trimmed, hemstitched ruffle —worth 5c each. Opening price..... **39c**

FINE CAMBRIC DRAWERS—With lace or embroidery flounce, yoke pattern; 75c value. Opening price— **48c**

FINE CAMBRIC Drawers, umbrella style, lace or embroidery flounce, yoke patterns. Opening prices at— **69c, 75c, 98c**

NIGHT GOWNS—Of finest cambric, all over lace yoke, ruffled sleeves, etc. A $1.00 gown. Opening price **75c**

NIGHT GOWNS—Finest quality of cambric or nainsook, with all-over lace or embroidery yoke, hemstitched ruffles, etc.; gowns that should bring $1.25 and $1.35. Opening price..... **98c**

NIGHT GOWNS—Of the finest grades of cambrics, nainsooks and long cloths; beautifully trimmed in lace, embroidery, hemstitching, etc. The famous "Royal" makes unequalled for fit and material used. Prices range from..... **$1.25 up**

SKIRTS—Of good quality muslin, with plain hem, at, special opening price— **45c**

SKIRTS—Of cambric or heavy muslin, 3-tucked ruffle, good full sweep. Special opening price..... **69c**

Fine Skirts of cambric or nainsook, torchon lace insertion trimming. Opening price— **98c**

VERY FINE CAMBRIC SKIRTS—With deep flounce. This is a special number. The value is $3.50 each. Opening price..... **$2.75**



THE ROYAL UNDERGARMENTS

Watch and Wait For our Annual January Sale of Linens, Embroideries, Laces and White Goods. It will pay you to do so. Sale will begin in a few days. HENDREN & TALLANT CO.

Clearance Prices on Men's Furnishings.

MEN'S HEAVY ribbed Wool or Merino Underwear; regularly sold in clothing stores and shown in some department stores at 98c each. CLEARING PRICE..... **59c**

MEN'S HEAVY RIBBED WOOL Underwear; brown, silk lap shirts, seamless body, finished throughout. Regular value is $1.25 a garment. CLEARING PRICE..... **89c**

MEN'S FINE HEAVY PLUSH WOOL Underwear, camel's hair color, fine ribbed, silk finished edges, all silk overcast; regular value is $3.00 a suit and cheap. CLEARING PRICE— **$2.50**

MEN'S SQUARE MUFFLERS—Silk and silk and wool, black and white and colors. Values from 75c to $2.25. Now, **50c to $1.75 each**

MEN'S SUSPENDERS—Plain or elastic web, leather or web ends, cord and pully, etc., etc.; 25c and 35c values. Special..... **19c**

Underwear—

MEN'S UNDERWEAR—Tecks, Four-in-Hands and Imperials, good line of colors. Bought to sell at a quarter. Special only..... **19c**

MEN'S CASHMERE SOX, in natural or gray, medium weight, spliced heels and toes; regular 25c value. Special, 3 pairs for..... **50c**

MEN'S EXTRA HEAVY Ribbed Wool Sox, ¾ leg, gray or light brown. Should bring 35c, but we have too many of them and make the price—special only..... **19c**

The New Store



Cloak Dept.

We are slightly overstocked with Eiderdown House Jackets and Dressing Sacques. Tomorrow and the following week we make very low prices. Three lines are especial bargains, viz:

EIDERDOWN DRESSING SACQUES, in red, pink or blue edges, shell stitched, satin ribbon ties, 75c values. Special..... **59c**

EIDERDOWN DRESSING SACQUES, red, blue or pink, collar bound in satin and satin ribbon ties or frogs, shell stitched edges; $1.50 value. Special..... **98c**

EIDERDOWN DRESSING SACQUES, in pink, red, blue or gray, fine heavy quality, fancy trimmings, silk frogs, standing collars, sold formerly at $2.00..... **$1.48**

January Clearing Sale of Cloaks Still Continues.



"This is the event that marks the lowest prices of the year—a time when we reduce every garment in stock for immediate selling. All the odds—all the broken sizes, all the garments where the lines have been reduced to two or three—all priced at a saving of fully one-quarter and in many instances one-half. These reductions do not apply to the lines mentioned, but EVERY garment in the department is placed on sale at prices low enough to move them quickly. It is worth your while to investigate these bargains. SALE CONTINUES tomorrow and ALL NEXT WEEK.

CHILDREN'S LONG COATS—Ages 3 to 6 years; have sold formerly at $3.75, $4.00 and $4.25. Clearing price... **$2.50**

CHILDREN'S Boucle Coat, ages 3 to 5 years, all short, trimmed with chinchilla fur and braid. The former price was $3.75 each. Clearing price..... **98c**

LADIES' 27-INCH Coats; your choice of any in the lot that have formerly sold at $20.00 to $25.00; all colors, but not all sizes. Just 20 garments in this lot. Your choice Saturday... **$12.50**

LADIES' 27-inch Coats, mostly blacks, few colors left. Have been selling all the season at from $10.00 to $12.50. Your choice of the lot Saturday at..... **$7.50**

CENSUS BUREAU

Bill to Create Permanent One Before the House.

Has Been Strongly Recommended By Census Directors.

Much Opposition Is Manifested to the Bill By Members.

Washington, Jan. 10.—At the opening of the session of the house today Mr. Barney (Wis.) from the committee on appropriations reported a pension bill and gave notice that he would call it up on Monday after the disposal of District of Columbia business.

Upon motion of Mr. Hopkins (Ill.) the house went into committee of the whole and took up the consideration of the bill to create a permanent census office.

Mr. Hopkins in support of the bill explained that the subject of the establishment of a permanent bureau had been agitated for many years. Gen. Francis A. Walker, superintendent of the ninth and tenth censuses, and Mr. Porter, superintendent of the eleventh census, as well as the present director, united strongly in recommending it on the ground that it would not only decrease the cost but would increase the value of the results. In reply to questions, Mr. Hopkins said that 3400 clerks had been employed in the bureau, 2700 being still employed. If the pending bill passed, he said, the force would be reduced this year to 800; next year to 750; in 1905 to 200 and thereafter until 1991 to 200. He was besieged by numbers who wanted to know the status of the present clerks in the event of the passage of the bill. He said that if the bill passed it was hoped they could then be placed under the protection of the civil service and transferred to other departments. If the bill were promptly passed the temporary clerks by executive order could be made eligible for transfer.

Several members, among them Mr. Mann (Ill.) and Mr. Corliss (Mich.) suggested that the bill be amended to provide that the clerks be eligible for transfer.

Mr. Grosvenor (Ohio) asked if it would not be wise to authorize the president to extend the civil service law over the surplus clerks.

Mr. Hopkins replied that the subject had been canvassed by the house and senate committees and it had been thought that such action would not be expedient.

Mr. Burkett (Neb.) opposed the bill, contending that it was improper and inopportune, and asserting that the course of the debate today demonstrated that the proposed legislation had not been well matured. He declared that the only persons who had adjusted the subject of a permanent census had been the superintendents of past censuses and others directly interested. He pointed out that a salary of $7.00 was voted to the director of census on the ground of the temporary character of the employment and the great responsibility. This bill proposed to continue this salary. He pointed out that the experts whose services it was claimed were so necessary had been detailed from the various departments.

Mr. Burkett said there was nothing in the bill to keep the census clerks in office. It was designed to keep only the chiefs of divisions and higher officers in their present positions. He thought the bill should be recommitted.

Mr. Crumpacker (Ind.) favored the passage of the bill, which, he argued, would be the first step toward putting the census upon a scientific and logical basis.

Mr. Maddox (Ga.) opposed the plan of a permanent census bureau.

Mr. Hemenway (Ind.) also opposed the bill. Mr. Sims (Tenn.) said he would propose an amendment to place the employes of the office under the civil service law. Mr. Bingham (Pa.) supported the bill.

Miss McDowell's Lectures

Subject—"The Social Conscience."

Saturday—Elk's Hall—2:30 p. m.

Subject—"The New Philanthropy."

Tuesday—Unitarian Church—8 p. m.

TICKETS, 25 CENTS.

COAL MINES

And Appurtenances Are Bought By Pittsburg Coal Company.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 10.—The Pittsburg Coal company, of Pennsylvania, closed a deal today for the purchase of the properties belonging to the New Pittsburg Coal company, whose main offices are in this city. Eight mines located in the Hocking Valley and four company stores are included in the sale. The purchase price was not announced, but it was approximated at $1,000,000. The object of the Pittsburg company in securing the Hocking mine is to ship the coal to their recently acquired docks along the lakes and to the Northwest.

The New Pittsburg company will retain its corporate powers and previleges. The management will remain the same for the present, at least. The Pittsburg company is said to have options of other properties in the Hocking and Sunday Creek valleys and it is further claimed that they are carrying on negotiations for the purchase of a large number of mines in the two valleys mentioned. According to a report they are expected to expend in securing these properties between $5,000,000 and $10,000,000.

BOTH HELD.

Accused of the Murder of Minnie Larson.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—At the inquest held today over the body of Minnie Larsen, the young Swedish girl whose body, with a stone tied about hte neck was taken from the Chicago river, Louis Thoms, who was arrested several days ago charged with the murder, was held to the grand jury as principal and Robert Kiessig, Thoms' accuser, was held as an accessory. The testimony at the inquest did not differ materially from the story already published.

AT PEKIN.

French Minister Refuses to Present His Credentials.

Pekin, Jan. 10.—The French minister, M. Beau, refuses to present his credentials until China fulfills certain demands of the French goverament. The joint audience of the foreign and new Chinese ministers which had been arranged has been postponed because of M. Beau's action. His colleagues are discussing whether to support him or not. A repetition of the Turkish incident is considered possible.

The dowager empress today followed up her friendly advances by verbal messages to several members, thanking them for the care they had taken of the palaces and expressing pleasure at the reception accorded her by the foreigners on the occasion of their majesties' return.

The report of the arrest of Gen. Tung-Fuh-Siang, whose decapitation has been ordered by the dowager empress, is incorrect. The Tartar general, who is governor of Kan-Su, was afraid to execute the orders he received, on account of Siang's influence among the Mohammedans, who dominate the province. The governor feared that the arrest of Tung-Fuh-Siang would incite the Mohammedans to rebellion.

DOUBLE TRACK

Will Be Laid From La Crosse to Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Jan. 10.—President A. J. Earling, of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, announced today that his company had definitely decided to double track the LaCrosse division between Milwaukee and LaCrosse, a distance of 197 miles. The work of double tracking will be begun in the spring as soon as the condition of the ground will permit commencement of the work. It is expected the work will take two seasons to complete. With this improvement accomplished, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul system will have a complete double track system between Chicago and LaCrosse, 282 miles, or more than half the distance between Chicago and St. Paul.

BRYAN'S MOVEMENTS.

Will Address Harvard Students Saturday Evening.

Boston Jan. 10.—William J. Bryan left Boston for Holyoke early to day. He will return here tomorrow and be the guest of the city of Boston at luncheon, with Mayor Collins as host. In the afternoon he will be the guest of Mayor McMamee of Cambridge.

Tomorrow evening he will deliver an address on the "Conquering Nation" before the students of Harvard college at Sander's theater.

SHERMAN LAW

Does Not Apply to the Northwest Railway Merger.

Washington, Jan. 10.—On direct authority the statement was made last night that Attorney General Knox told Attorney General Douglas, of Minnesota, that it would be impossible to bring a suit annuling the Northwestern railway merger under the Sherman anti-trust law. The statement was a great disappointment to the men who have been following the lead of the governor of Minnesota in the effort to break up the combination, because they had expected Attorney General Knox to follow up their proceedings in the supreme court with a suit under the Sherman law.

TORPEDOES

Went Into Position in Tunnel But Did Not Explode.

New York, Jan. 10.—At the end of the district attorney's trip through the New York Central tunnel this afternoon one of those who had accompanied him said they had found the atmosphere fairly clear most of the way, but at Ninety-sixth street they were enveloped in a cloud of smoke and steam so dense that nothing could be seen. On the return trip the tunnel was clear. At Sixty-third street the green light showed plainly, that being the cautionary signal before entering the block slow, and the observation engine slowed up until the red danger light was seen at Fifty-ninth street. The bell rang, but the torpedo did not explode. The engine was stopped and the railroad officials explained that the little mogul or observation engine was not heavy enough, nor its wheels large enough to explode the torpedo as a big passenger engine would do.

According to the Evening Post, the torpedo went into position alongside the rail automatically the moment the red light was shown by the block system, and should have been cut and exploded by the flange on the wheels of the engine. After a consultation it was decided to bring up a heavier switch engine of the same size as the passenger engines, again the torpedo failed to explode. Four more times the big engine was run through the block and not once did the torpedo explode. The railroad officials explained this by saying that the mechanism throwing the torpedo into place had been pressed out of order so that the flange of the wheels did not touch the torpedo.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	19¼	19½
Allouez	2⅝	3
Arcadian	4	4½
Arnold	50c	$1.00
Atlantic	25	27
Bingham	24	25
Calumet	580	590
Centennial	12¾	13½
Cochita	1¾	2¼
Copper Range	55	56
Continental Zinc	2¾	3
Daly West	29	30
Baltic	36½	
Dominion Coal	56	56¾
Elm River	2	2¼
Franklin	12½	13¾
Isle Royale	21½	22
Mass	17¼	18
Michigan	10	11
Mohawk	29¼	30
Old Colony	3	3½
Osceola	83½	82
Parrot	29	29½
Quincy	130	135
Rhode Island	2	3
Santa Fe	3	3½
Tamarack	250	255
Tri-Mountain	35	
Trinity	13¼	13¾
United States	13¾	14
Utah	22	23½
Victoria	5	5¾
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	48¾	49
Wyandot	50c	$1.25

FATAL FALL.

Nebraska City, Neb., Jan. 10.—Col. Frank P. Ireland, former mayor and very prominent in state politics, chairman of the state Democratic committee for three years, fell from a second story window at his home early this morning and died from the injuries received at 1 o'clock today.

NEARLY ALL SIGN.

Cleveland, Jan. 10.—It was stated today that unsecured creditors of the Everett-Moore syndicate, representing $1,400,000 out of a total of $1,600 000, have signed agreements to grant extensions covering a period of eighteen months on their claims. The committee in charge of the syndicates affairs say that every creditor thus far communicated with has agreed to make the desired extension.

O'LEARY'S
Cash Grocery,
17 E. Superior St.

The place to leave your orders.

Oranges, doz 10c, 15c, 20c and 25c
Seedless Oranges, per box--$2.50

Storage Eggs per doz--------18c
Country Shipped Eggs doz-----22c
Guaranteed Strictly Fresh Eggs 27c

Good Creamery Butter, bulk---24c
5-lb Jars Dairy Butter-------$1.10

4 lbs Soda Crackers----------25c
4 lbs Oyster Crackers--------25c
3 pkgs Jell-O----------------25c
3 pkgs Jellycon ------ ------25c
2 Tall Cans Good Salmon------25c
4 10c Sacks of Table Salt----25c
Can Vegetables assorted
6 cans for-----------50c
Sweet Chocolate per cake---- 5c
Baking Chocolate per cake----10c
4 lbs Cooking Figs----------25c
5 lbs Prunes----------------25c
3 lbs Evaporated Peaches-----25c
3 lbs Evaporated Pears-------25c
Evaporated Peaches, very large
extra fancy only per lb-----10c
2 Quarts Saur Kraut----------10c
Maple Syrup----20c qt.; 70c gal.
10 lbs. Buckwheat-----------35c
Buy 1 dozen cans of our assorted Fruit at $1.25 per dozen and compare them with what you are paying 15c to 18c per can.
If you want a cup of Delicious Coffee buy our 3 lb can for 85c

Special Discount given on all large orders.
Lakeside delivery Tuesday and Friday.
Shipping orders receive prompt attention.

GASSER'S GROCERY

100-lb. Sack Gran. Sugar for $5.10
This is at the rate of 19½ lbs. for $1.00—
Why not save the difference?

Creamery Butter, per lb.-------25c
Seedling Oranges, per box--$2.50
Navel Oranges---$3.00 and $3.25
Florida Oranges, doz 25c, 30c, 40c
Tangerine Oranges, doz-------20c
Grape Fruit, doz--------------75c
12 lbs. Extra Prunes for------$1.00
Santa Claus Soap--8 bars for 25c

209-211 W. Superior Street

YERXA'S CELEBRATED
"Hoffman House"
Java Mocha Flavored
COFFEE
30c Per Pound.
In one-pound cartons. Same quality and same price as sold in Yerxa's Minneapolis, St. Paul and Fargo stores.

R. H. RATHBUN,
29 E. Superior St. Sole Agent for Duluth

Bon-Ton Bakery
and Candy Kitchen.
25 West Superior St.
Home Baking and Candy Making.

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon-Bons—per box---------25c
Assorted Nongates per pound---25c
Assorted Buttercups, per pound---25c
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb---25c
Assorted Cream Patties, any color or flavor made to order, a specialty—per lb---------25c
We have a large assortment of Candies in fancy boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.
Cream Puffs—per doz---------25c
Lady Locks—per doz----------25c
Almont and Cocoanut Macaroons, dozen---10c
WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES

Engagement Announced.

The engagement of Miss Mabel Robinson, of Detroit, Mich., and John H. Upham, Jr., of this city, was announced yesterday, both in Duluth and Detroit. In this city Mrs. John H. Upham gave a luncheon at the Kitchi Gammi club, at which thirty-two friends were guests, and announced the engagement. Miss Robinson is a sister of Mrs. George L. Cheesebrough, of this city, and a frequent visitor here.

John G. Woolley at the Armory Saturday evening, Jan. 11.

RATHBUN'S
28 East Superior St.
Both phones 656. Simon Clark, Mgr.

Saturday Specials
FOR UP-TO-DATE HOUSEKEEPERS.

Fresh Turkeys, very best stock—per lb—
13 cents
Sweet New Made Table Butter—per lb—
24 cents
Large Assortment of Table and Cooking Apples—per peck—
40 cents
Finnan Haddies, in perfect condition—per lb—
9 cents
Extra Select Oysters—per quart—
40 cents
Medium Sweet Oranges, large size—per dozen—
25 cents
Extra Large Navel Oranges—per doz—
35 cents
Medium Size Navel Oranges, sweet as honey—per dozen—
25 cents
Small Oranges—per dozen—
10 cents
Here is a flyer in Juicy Lemons, small size—per dozen—
5 cents
First Patent Flour—
98-lb sack— $2.10
49-lb sack— $1.05
Fancy Celery—3 heads—
10 cents

Tomatoes, Cucumbers, Spinnach, Oyster Plant, Lettuce, Radish, Cauliflower, and Hubbard Squash at Right Prices.

Jersey Sweet Potatoes—6 lbs —
25 cents
Corn, Peas and Tomatoes, good stock—3 cans—
25 cents
10 Bars Kirks' Laundry Soap—
25c
Eggs that you can poach, fry or boil—per dozen—
22 cents

A SPECIAL SNAP!
We are overstocked in 3-lb cans of Baked Beans. They go tomorrow, Saturday, at Half Price—3-lbs—per can—
7 cents

RATHBUN'S,
29 East Superior St.

HANSEN & WEIK
Groceries and Meats,
202-204 East 4th Street. 'Phone 1023.

Cash Prices for Saturday:
Grocery Department—
49 lb Sack First Patent Flour--98c
Tomatoes, Corn and Peas
3 cans for--------25c
Eggs per dozen---------------19c
Oranges per dozen------------20c
Fancy Seeded Raisins,
1 lb package for----10c
Laundry Soap 10 bars for-----25c
Toilet Soap 25c box for-------15c
Also a full line of Fresh Butter.
Meat Department—We handle the best Meats and have Mr. J. F. Marlow, a butcher of long experience, at the head of this department.
Come and see us and we will save you money.

Hansen & Weik.

It May Make You Rich.

A limited amount of stock in the Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company is offered at the low price of 10 cents per share. When taken into consideration the prospects and location of this property and the men who have the destinies of this company in charge, it seems like an excellent opportunity for a small investment to secure stock that in a few years may make you rich.

WANT ANOTHER HOLIDAY.

New York, Jan. 10.—A resolution recommending that President McKinley's birthday be made a legal holiday throughout the United States has been adopted at a meeting of the Patriot Republican club of this city.

A BOXING BILL.

New York, Jan. 10.—James E. Sullivan, secretary of the Amateur Athletic union, is preparing for presentation to the legislature a boxing bill under which amateurs will be allowed to compete in this state.



VIKING
Leads them all. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of Milling Products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best QUALITY Wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.
GRONSETH & OLSEN,
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

JEROME AT WORK

District Attorney Begins an Investigation of Tunnel Wreck.

A Thorough Examination Made of the System of Signals.

Some of Wounded Are Still In Critical Condition.

New York, Jan. 10.—District Attorney Jerome, State Railroad Commissioner Baker Assistant District Attorney Garvan and Superintendent Franklin of the railroad made a trip of inspection through the tunnel today. The party left the Grand Central station on a locomotive with no car attached. A thorough examination of the tunnel was made including the workings of the block signal system.

Tests were also made of the distance at which lights could be seen through the smoke and steam in the tunnels. The signals in all their workings between Fifty-ninth street and Fifty-sixth street, where the accident occurred, were gone over and closely examined and tested.

Arthur Whitely, who was scalded and hurt internally, was in a critical condition today. He is 18 years old and was employed as a clerk.

Albert Wadley, of New Rochelle, who had both legs fractured, improved during the night. His daughter has been with him constantly since he was hurt.

John M. Wisker, engineer of the White Plains local, which ran into the Norwalk train, had recovered today from the nervous collapse which followed the wreck. He became more cheerful yesterday after his wife and an attorney called to see him.

Three of the hurt, George Winter, Winfield Schultz and A. E. W. McCray were not improved today. Winter was burned, his left leg fractured and he suffered much from shock. He is not yet out of danger. Schultz and McCray were badly burned and each had a broken leg. A. W. Adams, the carriage manufactruer of this city, was better today.

Mayor Low has sent the following letter of sympathy to Mayor Henry S. Clarke of New Rochelle:

"In the name of the people of the city of New York, I beg to offer your striken city our heartfelt sympathy. It may well be believed that an accident such as has thrown New Rochelle into mourning is deplored by everybody. The duty remains with the living to see to it that the lesson of so costly a disaster shall not be lost."

It May Make You Rich.

A limited amount of stock in the Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company is offered at the low price of 10 cents per share. When taken into consideration the prospects and location of this property and the men who have the destinies of this company in charge, it seems like an excellent opportunity for a small investment to secure stock that in a few years may make you rich.

FOR SCHLEY.

Arrangements For Entertainment at Chicago Are Worked Out.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—At a meeting of the Hamilton club today details of the entertainment of Admiral Schley during his visit to Chicago Jan. 25, 26, 27, were worked out.

The features of the program are a banquet on the night of the 25th and a public reception on the afternoon of the 27th. Sunday, the 26th, the admiral will attend church and give up the remainder of the day to rest. A committee will meet the admiral on the train and escort him into the city. At the Auditorium annex he will occupy what is known as the presidential suite. On his visit to Chicago this suite of rooms always was occupied by the late President McKinley.

The banquet will be held in the massive banquet hall of the Auditorium, and it is announced that the number of guests will be limited strictly to the seating capacity of the table. The set program of speakers, aside from Admiral Schley, follows:

H. W. Price, president of the Maryland society, of Chicago, "Maryland."

Hon. Clark E. Carr, of Galesburg, Ill., former minister to Copenhagen, "Achievements of the American Navy."

Fred A. Bangs, former president of the Hamilton club, "Our Club and Its Guest."

E. A. Munger, president of the Hamilton club, will be toastmaster. The program has been made brief in order to allow for impromptu speeches.

Monday morning the admiral will visit the Winfield Scott Schley school and meet the school children and members of the board of education. The public reception which follows this visit will be held in the parlors of the Auditorium.

A magnificent souvenir of the banquet will be placed at each plate. It will be a bas relief showing the admiral's head and shoulders on a background of the United States flag. It will be inscribed "Follow the flag."

Prospects Good.

The prospects of the Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's property are very promising. Many of the leading business men of Duluth are interested in the company, of which Mr. C. W. Ericson is president. A limited amount of stock is now being offered in order to secure money for developing purposes. The price put upon this stock is only 10 cents per share, and it is an exceptional opportunity to become interested in a company whose future is practically assured for very little money. Call at the company's offices, 318 Manhattan building, for particulars.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

AT WEST DULUTH

Nothing has been learned since the decision of the state warehouse and railroad commission that the Northern Pacific must resume its freight and passenger traffic on the St. Paul & Duluth short line through the West End and West Duluth, and re-establish its depot at the West End as to whether the company will acquiesce or fight the order of the commission. Probably nothing definite will be learned until the time limit of twenty days, given by the commission, has expired.

Since the publication of the order of the commission there has been much speculation among the shippers and the receivers of freight at the West End and at West Duluth as to what steps the railroad company will take, if any. It is held by the business men interested that the action of the Northern Pacific company in discontinuing the Twentieth avenue passenger and freight station, and in running its train from West Duluth to West Superior and again over to Duluth, has been a direct breach of the contract made by the company when the merger was made of the old St. Paul & Duluth road with the Northern Pacific interests. It is claimed that under the old charter given the St. Paul & Duluth road, the road was to be a Minnesota road strictly, and when the merger was made the Northern Pacific company, in order to stop the action started by the state to prevent the merger, promised to carry out the provisions made under the original charter of the St. Paul & Duluth company. There are many who believe that the action of the railroad company in thus violating its alleged contract with the state has left matters just where they were when the state began suit to prevent the merger, and that the state could now go ahead with its case. There is a difference of opinion as to the object of the Northern Pacific company in cutting out the West End station. Some believe the company has had advice that it can successfully accomplish it, while others think the move was a big bluff.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The principal meeting of interest at West Duluth this evening will be that of the Commercial club. The meeting will be held in Stewart's hall but it is possible that arrangements will be made this evening for a permanent meeting place hereafter.

William Vivian came down from Split Rock on the north shore, this morning, for a short visit. Mr. Vivian says that logging operations at Split Rock are heavier this winter than ever before and more logs will be towed to the Merrill & Ring mill here to be sawed, next season, than have ever before been brought down in a season from that point.

The congregation of the Baptist church has been holding nightly meetings at the church building this week, the last of which will take place tomorrow evening.

Amy Sayan, who was married a few days ago in Alpena, Mich., is expected to arrive from Michigan with his bride today. This evening a reception will be tendered the bridal couple at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Sayan, 216 Fifty-third avenue west.

L. Provost is down from French river.

James Scott, who had a foot injured some time ago at one of the mills, is able to get out again.

William Hickerson has gone to Highland.

Joseph La Bow, who has been visiting his parents here, has returned to Red Cliff, Wis.

Cards are out for a masquerade ball to be given by the Degree of Honor.

A. Heller, of Proctorknott, has been chosen village recorder, succeeding T. B. Gilmore who has gone West.

A. L. Merritt will leave in a few days for Elko, Nevada, to remain until spring.

Chief Train Dispatcher Murphy of the Missabe road, at Proctorknott, has gone for a visit at his old home in Woodstock, Ont. He was accompanied by Mrs. Murphy.

William Hankins, of Proctorknott, has returned from a visit at Carbondale, Pa.

A series of revival services will be held at the Westminster Presbyterian church next week.

There will be meetings tomorrow night of the Republican and the Democratic clubs of this part of the city. The Democrats will meet in the store building formerly occupied by O. T. Strand.

Tonight!
Music at West Duluth Covered Rink.
Special Music Monday nights by Lanner's full band.

THE CABLE

House Committee Listens to Explanations of Pacific Wire.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The house committee on commerce today took up the subject of a Pacific cable. The main question is whether the cable shall be constructed by the government or by private parties. The hearing today was devoted to an explanation by eorge G. Ward, vice president of the Commercial Pacific Cable company, of the plans of that organization. He stated that contracts had been made for the manufacture and laying of a cable to Honolulu by Nov. 1next, and the company intended to extend the cable to Manila within two years from next November. The manufacture of the cable was now proceeding, he stated, at the rate of 240 miles per month, and this rate would be increased to 620 miles per month. He gave the cost of the project as between $10,000,000 and $12,000,000. The cross-questioning by Chairman Hepburn and Messrs. Corliss and Mann tended to develop the question whether or not the company, by having an exclusive field, would maintain high rates. Mr. Ward gave the expected rate to Manila at $1 and Honolulu 35 cents to 50 cents a word. The hearing will continue tomorrow.

LOST HIS FOOT.

New York, Jan. 10.—In a cable dispatch received in this city it is stated that Lord Francis Hope had his foot amputated on Wednesday, but that his condition was very satisfactory. This is the result of an injury received a few weeks ago while out shooting.

NO ONE ON RAFT.

Seattle, Jan. 10.—The officers of the steamer Edith which has arrived from San Francisco, report having seen, eighty miles north of Cape Mendonino a life raft from the ill-fated Walla Walla. There was no one on the raft.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

½ Price Cloak sale

JOHNSON & MOE

½ Price Cloak sale

The West End Big Department Store.

COMMENCING TOMORROW MORNING

we shall place on sale our remaining stock of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Tailor-made Cloth Coats, Jackets!

Consisting of About 200 Garments of this Season's Best Styles

at Exactly Half Price

We are determined to make a clean sweep in our Cloak Department before inventory, February 18, hence our reason for this tremendous sacrifice. Bear in mind this is a bonafide half price sale. The former low prices remain in plain figures on every garment, and you pay us just half. Enough said.

WOODS

Is to Succeed Clark as Architect For the Capitol.

Washington, Jan. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Edward Clark, for many years architect for the capitol, who designed the western terrace of that structure and under whose supervision all the changes that have been made within the last quarter of a century have been carried out, died on Monday last.

Mr. Clark has been practically incapacitated for the past three or four years. Fortunately, however, he had as his chief assistant Elliott Woods, than whom no more competent and faithful architect could have been found. Mr. Woods designed the new arrangements of the hall of the house, and it was under his plans that the roof for the supreme court and for statuary hall has been completed. Mr. Woods is a remarkable man in many respects. He is a scientist of widespread attainment, and although employed at a very small salary, comparatively speaking, he has built up a private laboratory near the capitol which is in many respects the most complete in the city of Washington. Certainly there is no other owned by a private individual to compare with it. Mr. Woods has devoted much of his private salary for many years past to the purchase and installation of expensive modern scientific instruments and appliances. He owns devices for testing the tensile strength of metals and other building materials. He has electric and magnetic apparatus for all sorts of purposes, and, in fact, a complete outfit for performing any work which may be required in his profession.

A little more than a year ago congress authorized the architect of the capitol to overhaul and rebuild the wing formerly devoted to the congressional library. It was known then that Mr. Woods would be called upon to make the plans and superintend the work, but owing to the short time available, it was impossible to get an estimate as to the cost, and, at the instance of Senator Allison of Iowa, chairman of the committee on appropriations, the unusual course was adopted of making an indeterminate appropriation to cover the entire work, and Mr. Woods was given carte blanche to proceed. So satisfactory was the outcome of this unusual course that every recommendation that he made for further improvements last winter was promptly endorsed by the house and senate, and, as a result, the capitol today is a modern building with modern appliances and a fire-proof roof, instead of the stuffy, worm-eaten building full of charred timbers which was left by the British when they attempted to burn the capitol nearly a hundred years ago.

The death of Mr. Clark will be followed by the appointment of Mr. Woods to the post of architect, and it is likely that he, too, will remain in office as long as he lives, if that should be his desire, for there is no politics in the position, and it is doubtful if inquiry will ever be made as to Mr. Woods' political affiliations.

BANK FAILS.

Euclid Avenue Trust and Savings Company Has Assigned.

Cleveland, Jan. 10.—The Euclid Avenue Trust and Savings company, at 84 and 86 Euclid avenue, made an assignment today to Attorney Frank H. Ginn. The latter's bond was fixed at $250,000 by Judge Block of the insolvency court.

Subsequently Mr. Ginn made the following written statement:

"The directors of the bank decided to make an assignment for the benefit of all the creditors, for the reason that the bank has been unable to realize upon its assets rapidly enough to meet the unusual demands which have been made on it recently. The directors state that no depositor and no customer of the bank will lose a dollar, and that the bank is solvent, and that its present embarrassment arises from the fact that its patrons have been unable to meet their obligations to the bank with sufficient rapidity to take care of the unusual withdrawals.

"The bank has liquidated during the past three months from about $2,200,000 to $1,400,000 deposits, and the assignment will merely continue the liquidation under orders of the court.

"FRANK H. GINN,
"Assignee."

According to the last published statement of the bank, issued Oct. 1, 1901, the capital stock paid in amounted to $500,000, total resources, $2,964,002; individual deposits, $2,191,773; surplus funds, $65,000.

The president of the bank is H. C. Bradner, and C. H. Stewart is secretary and treasurer. A branch of the institution at 2600 Euclid avenue was closed simultaneously with the down-town offices.

It is stated the bank carried about $120,000 in the securities of the Detroit & Toledo line, which recently passed into the hands of receivers. As a result of the financial embarrassment of the Everett-Moore syndicate, it is understood that the bank found it impossible to realize upon these securities.

SURRENDER.

A Colonel, a Major and a Priest Have Come In.

Manila, Jan. 10.—Col. Marisegan, Maj. Cabrera and a renegade priest named Castillo, who stole a valuable image of the virgin from a church, for which he obtained large sums of money, have surrendered unconditionally to en. Bell, who is conducting the campaign against the insurgents in Batangas province. They had control of the district of Toacl, extending westward to the sea, including the towns of Banan and Guenoa. The agreement is that these chiefs shall, on Monday, absolutely surrender every man and gun in their district. It is estimated that 160 guns will be turned in. Many men and guns have been captured during the past few days, and small engagements occur daily.

Gen. Bell visited the city for four hours today and had a conference with Gen. Chaffee. He says the present campaign is securing valuable results, and that it is possible Malvar, the insurgent leader, will surrender next week.

The United States commission has appropriated $2,500,000 for insular expenses during the first quarter of the year.

Admiral Tchoukinine, with three Russian warships, has arrived here.

The Great Sale
of the Stock of the Parisian Suit Co. is now in full progress

and from the great rush of the past two days we have demonstrated that we are giving practically this stock away and will continue to do so until every dollar's worth is disposed of. Tomorrow still greater bargains await you, not only in this line, but we shall add some other lines to it at great bargain prices.

Remember the place and don't delay this opportunity.

A. Freimuth,
20th Avenue West, - - Superior Street.

Reporting. Collecting. Publishing. Rating.

BRIGHT'S MERCANTILE AGENCY
Collections Made Anywhere in the United States or Canada.
Send Us Your Accounts or Write For Terms.
Main Office, Torrey Building. Duluth, Minn.

A Good Property.

Frederick Wieland, having lately returned from Parry Sound and especially from an examination of the Blanche B mine of the Anglo-American company, was asked what he thought of the property, to which he replied:

"Yes, I had heard so much of the district, and especially of the Anglo-American company, and having had some experience in prospecting and mining, I could not believe the reports. Having bought some of the stock I wanted to satisfy myself as to whether or not my holdings had any value.

"In company with my brother, I went to the property and spent some time on the island known as the Blanche B. I was greatly surprised to find so large a body of high grade ore. It is, in fact, much larger than I had been led to believe.

"This ore is found on the island, which embraces about thirty acres, according to the government deed, and which carries unlimited mining privileges, being at least a full mile on the vein.

"To determine the quality of this ore, I personally broke and took samples, which, in my judgment, would give me an average value of the ore.

"From the samples I had several assays made, showing values in copper and zinc alone of $51 per ton. The determination was made by the smelter at Omaha.

"There are also sulphur and gold in these ores, which will be saved as a by product in the regular course of smelting.

"I found a large pile of ore on the dump so that a smelter of moderate capacity could be supplied at once. The mine is well supplied with permanent buildings of sufficient capacity to accommodate a large force of men. There is a depth of twenty feet of water within forty feet of the present shaft. This will allow the largest lake vessels to lay alongside, which is in every sense a great advantage to the mine, putting it in easy reach of the smelter at the Soo, if the company desires at any time to do so."

The electric spark goes through every vein and every nerve. A pleasant feeling creeps over the soul after taking Rocky Mountain Tea, making young the aged and feeble. Ask your druggist.

$3000 Snap!
Residence property—central locality—one-fourth cash, balance on or before five years, 6 per cent. Pays 25 per cent net on cash payment.
Building alone worth more than purchase price.
N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co
INTERIOR FINISH.
This is the time to order your
Storm Sash.

Hotel Northern,
208 W. SUPERIOR ST.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

STAG CHOP HOUSE.
J. J. WALL. 310 W. SUPERIOR ST.

20 PER CENT OFF
From now to Jan. 13, when I leave for the Merchant Tailors' National Convention at Norfolk, Va., all winter weight business Suits and Overcoats will be sold at a reduction of 20 per cent.
M. L. PARKER.

Clearance Sale!

This week we offer you the most extraordinary bargains in

Men's Clothing!

that we have ever shown. The choicest Suits and Overcoats made in the United States at reductions in price ranging from—

20 to 50 per cent

Suits and Overcoats, worth up to $25.00 for..... **$17.75**

Suits and Overcoats, worth $18.50, $20, $22.50 for..... **$13.75**

Suits and Overcoats, worth up to $15.00 for..... **$9.75**

Boys' Suits and Reefers ⅓ Off.

Sloan, Leverou & Co.

225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

DUAL LIFE.

Divorce Suit Reveals Sensational Story Regarding Bad Man.

Angola, Ind., Jan. 10.—The divorce suit soon to be tried here against the Rev. Philip E. Holp reveals a story which excels that of the ordinary dual life. Educational lecturer and advertiser of patent medicines, expert reviewer of religious publications, and would-be blackmailer of his fellow clergymen, minister of the gospel, and agent for a speculative oil company, dignified father and "uncle" to a gay adventuress in Chicago; these are said by Mrs. Holp to be the comedy roles which her husband has played.

The suit brought by her, which is now pending in the circuit court of Steuben county, Indiana, has set agog the small town of Angola, where the Rev. Mr. Holp held his last pastorate and where the family lived before his alleged true life became known. Besides his acts of unconventionality, which might be attributed to the surplus energy of a strenuous nature allied with a commercial spirit, the Rev. Mr. Holp is accused by his wife of being responsible for performances not so excusable. She says he has carried the heavier role of traducer of innocent girls.

While a lecturer in South Dakota, gay in the trappings of an aide on the governor's staff, she says he inveigled her, then Florence White, an innocent 16-year-old girl. A protecting brother and threats of a criminal suit, she says, brought about the marital knot which Mrs. Holp is now endeavoring to have severed.

Frances Jackson, a prepossessing brunette, is the mysterious woman who is said to have been the partner in the Rev. Mr. Holp's ventures, and also usurped Mr. Holp's place in his affections.

About six months ago Mrs. Holp investigated her husband's private drawer while he was away. Its contents are now in possession of her attorney. Letters written to him by Miss Jackson in endearing and somewhat questionable terms, photographs of her, and "pose" pictures of other women, emblems of a licentious character, gushing letters written by girls before his marriage, and "unmailable" poetry in his own handwriting were an index of what the pastor employed himself in his leisure hours.

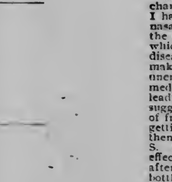
The official board of the church several times requested a meeting, but he refused. He was served with notice that there would be a meeting a week later, but he was out of town at the time and has not been back since. The commotion aroused in the select circles of the town has not subsided. Mrs. Holp commenced suit for divorce, and now has escaped the confusion by going to spend the winter with her brother in Traer, Iowa.

CATARRH

Catarrh has become such a common disease that a person entirely free from this disgusting complaint is seldom met with. It is customary to speak of Catarrh as nothing more serious than a bad cold, a simple inflammation of the nose and throat. It is, in fact, a complicated and very dangerous disease; if not at first, it very soon becomes so.

The blood is quickly contaminated by the foul secretions, and the poison through the general circulation is carried to all parts of the system.

Salves, washes and sprays are unsatisfactory and disappointing, because they do not reach the seat of the trouble. S. S. S. does. It cleanses the blood of the poison and eliminates from the system all catarrhal secretions, and thus cures thoroughly and permanently the worst cases.



Mr. T. A. Williams, a leading dry-goods merchant of Spartanburg, S. C., writes: "For years I had a severe case of nasal Catarrh, with all the disagreeable effects which belong to that disease, and which make life painful and unendurable. I used medicines prescribed by leading physicians and suggested by numbers of friends, but without getting any better. I then began to take S. S. S. and the desired effect, and cured me after taking eighteen bottles. In my opinion S. S. S. is the only medicine now in use that will effect a permanent cure of Catarrh."

S S S is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known, and the greatest of all blood medicines and tonics.

If you have Catarrh don't wait until it becomes deep-seated and chronic, but begin at once the use of S. S. S., and send for our book on Blood and Skin Diseases and write our physicians about your case.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FUNSTON

Arrives at San Francisco and Talks of the Philippines.

San Francisco, Jan. 10.—Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston arrived here last night from Manila on the transport Warren. Gen. Funston comes home on sick leave. While his condition has greatly improved since leaving Manila, he has not yet entirely recovered. On arrival here Gen. Funston immediately went to Oakland to greet his family. He stated that he would remain here about two weeks and then visit his old home and friends in Kansas for a few days, after which he would go to Washington on important business, the nature of which he would not divulge.

Gen. Funston said his leave of absence was for two months. He thought he would have it extended, but it was possible that he would not return at all.

Gen. Funston has as a fellow passenger Brig. Gen. Robert P. Hughes, who has been on duty in the Philippines for a long period.

"Regarding the progress of the war in the Philippines," said Gen. Funston, "there is little that can be added to the news that has been sent out from Manila by telegraph. In Batangas our troops are making good progress and in Leyte the situation is very promising. Samar is a puzzle. The island is being raked from side to side by columns of scouts, but it is very difficult to locate the insurgents. The navy blockade is very effective, however, and we may be able to starve the insurgents out and compel a surrender of the armed forces there, which number about 3500 men, in a few months. The army and navy are co-operating in an effort to force the rebels to come in and give up their arms and good results may be looked for soon.

"The work of the civil commission is progressing satisfactorily, but military rule must be preserved in those provinces where stubborn and influential leaders hold the ignorant and bloodthirsty natives in the palm of their hands and mold their opinions at will."

Investigate

The Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock, of which a limited amount is now being offered at 10 cents per share. Call at the offices, 318 Manhattan block and see the prospectus, samples, etc. It is a rare opportunity.

THE BILL PASSED

Hepburn Canal Measure Received Very Large Vote.

The Various Amendments Offered Were All Voted Down.

Bill Gives President Full Authority to Proceed With Waterway.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The Hepburn Nicaraguan canal bill passed the house late yesterday afternoon by practically a unanimous vote.

Only two members out of 310 voted against it. Messrs. Fletcher (Rep., Minn.) and Lassiter (Dem., Va.) were the two voting in the negative.

The opposition to committing the government to the Nicaraguan route attempted to secure amendments to lodge with the president the discretionary power to purchase and complete the Panama canal, if it could be purchased for $40,000,000.

The test came on the first vote when the advocates of an alternative route polled 102 against 170 votes. At each succeeding vote their strength dwindled until Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, under whose leadership the fight was made, was unable to get the ayes and noes on a motion to recommit.

All other amendments failed and the bill passed exactly as it came from the committee. None of the votes except that on the final passage of the bill was a record vote.

The bill as passed authorizes the president to secure from the states of Costa Rica and Nicaragua in behalf of the United States control of such a portion of the territory belonging to said states as may be desirable and necessary in which to excavate, construct and prospect a canal suitable to the wants of modern navigation and commerce, and appropriate such a sum as may be necessary to secure the control of said territory.

Section two authorizes the president, after securing control of the needed territory, to direct the secretary of war to construct such canal from the Carribbean sea, at a point near Greytown, in Nicargua, by way of Lake Nicaragua, to a point on the Pacific ocean near Brito, and also to construct proper harbors at the termini of said canal and harbors.

Sections 3 and 4 authorize the president to make such surveys as may be necessary and to employ such persons in constructing the canal as may to him seem wise, and directs that in the construction of the canal the river San Juan and Lake Nicaragua shall be used as far as they are available.

Section 5 authorizes the president to guarantee to the states of Costa Rica and Nicaragua the use of the canal and harbors upon terms to be agreed upon for all vessels owned by said states and by citizens thereof.

The last section makes a present appropriation of $10,000,000 to carry on this work, and authorizes the secretary of war to enter into proper contracts for material and work as may be deemed necessary therefor, such work and material to be paid for as appropriations may be made from time to time. The section fixes the aggregate cost at $180,000,000, to be drawn from the treasury on warrants of the president.

After Mr. Hepburn's speech the bill was read for amendment under the five-minute rule.

Mr. Shackleford, Mo., offered the amendment to authorize the president to determine the choice of routes as between Nicaragua and Panama, if the property and franchises of the Panama company could be procured for $40,000,000. He explained that the amendment offered by him had been agreed upon after consultation between himself and Mr. Morris and Mr. Parker, New Jersey, who had given notice that they would offer similar amendments. After a lively running debate over the amendment, it was defeated upon a rising vote of 102 to 170. Mr. Parker, New Jersey; Mr. DeArmond and Mr. Burgess offered various amendments, which were voted down.

The committee then reported the bill to the house, whereupon Mr. Cannon moved to recommit the bill with instructions to report back within thirty days a substitute to enable the president to acquire the necessary rights for a canal from Nicaragua or Colombia and to authorize him to select the route within sixty days. The amendment was defeated without division, Mr. Cannon being unable to secure a record vote. The bill was then passed—ayes 308, nays 2. Messrs. Fletcher (Rep., Minn.) and Lassiter (Dem., Va.) cast the negative votes.

LECTURE

First Norw.-Danish Lutheran Church

First Ave. E. and Third St. Prof. E. CHR JOHNSON of Minneapolis, will lecture Friday, Jan. 10, 8 p. m. Teple: "Customs of the People of the Middle Ages." Everybody understanding the Scandinavian language is heartily invited to come. DON'T MISS IT! Sing's ticket 25 cents. Season ticket, for the four lectures held during the winter, 75 cents.

LOVER

Of Her School Days Left Girl a Fortune.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 10.—Miss Fredericka Briel has inherited a fortune from an old admirer who lived with the Briel family in this city when he was a struggling artist, but who left when he succeeded to the family estates in the old country. E. W. Bruner, while very poor, found his home at last with the Briels, and took a very lively interest in Fredericka, who was then attending school, and as the child budded into womanhood, Mr. Bruner's feelings of admiration became more and more marked. Miss Briel was 14 years younger than her admirer, but her birthday occurred on the same day of the year, a fact that seemed to cement the bond of sympathy.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Livertia, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 250 boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
425 West Superior St. - Duluth, Minn.

M'CREARY

Nominated as Senator From Kentucky to Succeed Deboe.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 10.—Standing in the rostrum of the old hall of representatives of the Kentucky capitol, where nearly thirty years ago he began his public career, James B. McCreary, of Madison county last night accepted the nomination of the Democratic party to succeed William J. Deboe in the senate of the United States.

He received the nomination by a vote of 92 to 37 over Circuit Judge James E. Cantrill, of Scott county—nearly two-thirds of the Democratic members.

He will be elected by the general assembly, in joint session, on Tuesday of next week, over Senator Deboe, who was endorsed by his party for re-election.

For forty years James B. McCreary has been prominent in Kentucky's history. He first came into notice in 1862, when he assisted in raising the Eleventh cavalry regiment for the Kentucky service, C. S. A. In this regiment he was subsequently made lieutenant colonel, a rank he held at the close of the war. He served with distinction in the army of the Tennessee under Gens. Morgan and Bragg, and under Breckenridge in Virginia, and surrendered with his regiment at Appomattox.

He entered politics in 1886, being chosen to represent Madison county in the Kentucky legislature. In 1875 he was elected governor on the Democratic ticket. After retiring from the executive office he was elected to the Forty-ninth congress, and was re-elected to the Fiftieth, Fifty-first, Fifty-second, Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth sessions.

For twelve years he was a member of the committee on foreign affairs of the house. He was also a member of the committee on coinage and weights and measures, and the World's fair, and private land claims.

Governor McCreary was appointed by President Cleveland, in 1892, one of the five commissioners, to represent the United States in the international monetary conference. In that conference he distinguished himself as an advocate of bimetallism.

GAUZY.

Astonishing Assumption of Judge to Detriment of Noyes.

San Francisco, Jan. 10.—In giving the coup de grace to Judge Noyes in his opinion, Judge Gilbert finds that Noyes "committed an overt act which had the direct effect to interfere with the execution of the writs" of the circuit court of appeals in giving certain oral and written instructions to Marshal Vawter and Maj. Van Orsdale, the commandant of the military at Nome, on the afternoon of Sept. 15, 1900. The facts are submitted that the day before the instructions were given Vawter had refused to execute the writs because they were not addressed to him, and that Van Orsdale had refused to execute or enforce them for the same reason before he received Judge Noyes' letter, although it is not contended that Van Orsdale was in duty bound to do so.

This is the alleged contempt upon which the San Francisco court basis its savage opinion. The idea has prevailed in some respectable quarters heretofore that upon reason and authority, in order to interfere with the execution of a writ of process of a court, however high, it was necessary to interfere with some officer or person who was lawfully attempting at the time to execute it or to enforce it, because writs on paper do not generally break loose and attempt to execute themselves. They have never been known to do so before. Noyes' friends say: "Perhaps Pillsbury, the friend of the court, can enlighten us. What we want to know is, who was it that Judge Noyes interfered with?"

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

AGED TWINS

And Triplets in Same Family All Living.

Defiance, Ohio, Jan. 10.—City papers have recently published long accounts of the reunion of the Young triplets in Chicago, the remarkable feature about it being that, considering their age, 45 years, they were all living. A. E. Shrock, of the Vancleve Glass company, of this city, has cousins, who are triplets and all living, at the age of 49 years, and in the same family are twins, both living, aged 55 years. These children are from a family of sixteen children, nearly all living. Frank and George Lehman and Mrs. Maggie Wolf are the triplets and all live in South Bend, Ind. W. B. Lehman, of Goshen, and John Lehman, of Elkhart, are the twins. The children were born near Peru and were reared near Goshen.

Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock now on sale. A limited amount for a limited time at 10 cents per share. Money to be used for developmtnt purposes. Offices, 318 Manhattan building.

Coming

Richard Carvel

A dramatization of Winston Churchill's famous book. To thoroughly understand and enjoy the play, read the book. For sale at—

Panton & White's

Book Department

For $1.19 —Published at $1.50.

MOST BEAUTIFUL

Woman In the Louisiana Purchase Is Chosen.

St. Louis, Jan. 10.—The most beautiful woman in the Louisiana Purchase tract competent judges have declared to be Miss Annye Mae Yeager, of Monticello, Ark. Miss Yeager is of the Venus de Medici type of beauty, about five feet four inches in height, and weighs 118 pounds. She is a perfect blonde, with sunshiny, golden hair and the most delicate apple-blossom complexion. She is dainty in every way, with well-formed, graceful hands and well shaped feet. She is of the gentle, confiding, clinging type—a "man's woman"—and is at the same time most popular with members of her own sex.

Miss Yeager is a splendid horsewoman, being fully as much at home in the saddle as in the easy chair in the parlor. She is an independent bit of femininity, and has recently been elected assistant cashier in the Monticello Savings bank, of which her brother-in-law, George Marchand, is the cashier.

Miss Yeager was born in Danville, Ky., and will celebrate her twentieth birthday on the 20th of this month. She comes of one of the best old families in the Bourbon state.



Don't be undecided which store to patronize. When in quest of

STYLISH OVERCOATS

come straight to us and allow our clerks to show you the handsomest line of Overcoats at—

$10, $12, $15

and those "swell" garments at—

$18, $20, $25, $30

SUITS.

Suits—Elegant patterns—
$10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25.

Smoking Jackets—
$5, $6 and $7

Night Shirts—
50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2

Combination Under Suits—
$2, $2.50, $3, $5 per suit

Initial Handkerchiefs—in Silk at—
25c, 50c, 75c

Cardigan Jackets—at
$1.50, $2, $3 and $4.

NECKWEAR.

in all the latest patterns, at—
25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00

Little Fellows' Reefers at—
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00 to $7.50.

Little Fellows' Suits at—
$1.50, $2.00, $3.00 up to $7.50.

Umbrellas at $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 to $7.

C. W. Ericson

Reliable Clothier,
219 West Superior Street.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

OFFICES—
215 West Sup. St.

If you don't feel just right substitute Figprune Cereal for coffee. It's the perfect food beverage.

Figprune Cereal is an agreeable and healthful substitute. Ask your grocer for the new health coffee—Figprune Cereal, a California product.

Specials for the Holidays.

Photo Jewelry,
Engraved Cards,
Embossed Stationery

Consolidated Stamp and Printing Co.,
Barker & Orr, Props.
323 W. First Street, Ground Floor, Mason Flats

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY CHARTER.

ONE.

Amend Section 372 so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 372: When said board shall be ordered by the common council to make any improvements described in Sec. 356 of this charter, it shall cause an estimate of the cost of such improvement to be made by the city engineer, and shall thereupon proceed at once to assess 75 per cent of such portion of the estimated cost of such improvement as is assessable, including 10 per cent upon such amount, which shall be added to the assessment to defray the necessary expenses of making survey, plans, specifications and superintendence, on the property to be benefited by said improvement in proportion as nearly as may be to the benefits resulting thereto, but in no case in excess of such benefits. In making such assessment roll the board shall describe each parcel of property assessed, and the amount assessed against the same, and shall state the name of the owner thereof so far as known to said board. No mistake in, or omission of such owner's name shall in any wise affect such assessment.

If the work shall have been completed before any assessment is made, or if the amount so assessed shall be insufficient to complete the work, said board shall make a final assessment in the same manner to pay the same.

All assessments paid on account of any improvement ordered to be done by contract before the contract therefor is let shall be kept separate in the permanent improvement revolving fund for such improvement until the amount of said fund, available for said improvement, equals that portion of the estimated cost of said improvement that shall be paid from said fund."

TWO.

Amend Section 383 by adding to the end thereof the following:

"Provided, that for the purpose of this section in determining the ownership of the property where any piece of property is owned by two or more owners jointly or in common all such owners shall be counted as one."

THREE.

Add a Section as follows:

"Section 384 a. The same penalties and interest shall be collected by the county treasurer on assessments as upon general taxes, which penalties and interest shall belong to the city and be turned over by said treasurer to the city with the assessments."

FOUR.

Add a Section as follows:

"Section 385 a. The common council of the city of Duluth by a ¾ vote of all its members shall have power to order the construction of sanitary main trunk sewers when the public health and necessity require it, and the city shall have the power to assess upon the real estate to be specially benefited by the same to defray the expense of such construction, or a part thereof, according to special benefits which will accrue to such real estate, without the petition of property owners, provided for in Section 358 of this charter; provided, however, that a sanitary main trunk sewer is hereby defined to be and shall be the main outlet sewer for the drainage of any sanitary sewer district terminating at the point of final discharge of sewerage into St. Louis bay or river, or Duluth or Superior bay or harbor, or Lake Superior, the whole length of which shall be designed and intended as the outlet for lateral sewers and shall not include any other main outlet, branch, lateral sewer or any extension of such main trunk sewer."

City Clerk's Office,
Duluth, Minn., Jan. 3, 1902.

I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of the proposed amendments to the city charter of the city of Duluth, submitted o the common council by the charter commission through the mayor of the city, on this date, which amendments are to be voted on at the municipal election to be held in the city of Duluth, February 4, 1902.

H. W. CHEADLE,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 4 to Feb. 4 inclusive, 1902.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Arnt Jorstad and Karoline Jorstad, his wife, mortgagors, to Jacob H. Drumader, mortgagee, bearing date August fifth (5th), 1893, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on August seventeenth (17th), 1893, at eight (8) o'clock a. m., in Book thirty-six (36) of mortgages, on page one hundred forty-four (144); such default consisting in the nonpayment of the principal sum of one thousand ($1000) dollars thereby secured, with interest thereon at eight per cent per annum from August 5, 1901, and exchange, and also in the nonpayment of insurance premiums upon the property covered by said mortgage, amounting to $20, which said mortgagors had covenanted to pay in and by said mortgage, but failed to pay, and which said mortgagee was compelled to pay, and did pay, on November 15th, 1901;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand sixty-nine and 45-100 ($1069.45) dollars principal, interest, exchange and insurance premiums paid as aforesaid;

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The northerly thirty (30) feet of lots numbered thirty-four (34) and thirty-six (36), in block numbered eighty-two (82), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, intending to convey a tract of land having a frontage of thirty (30) feet on Second avenue east in said division and one hundred (100) feet in depth; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-fifth (25th) day of January, A. D. 1902, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and said insurance premiums paid, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated December 12th, 1901.
JACOB H. DRUMADER,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-13-20-27-1901-Jan-3-10-17-1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, January 3d, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Parkinson Sharp, deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Henry Parkinson Sharp, late of Bleasdale House Palace Gate Kensington in the county of Middlesex, in the Kingdom of Great Britain and in England, deceased, and the probate thereof in the probate, divorce and admiralty division of the high court of justice of England, have been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Edward Sharp and Robert Cunninghame Cunninghame Graham have filed therewith their petition, representing among other things that said Henry Parkinson Sharp lately died in Cannes, France, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis, and that said petitioners are executors named in said will and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to them issued thereon.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in said county, on Monday, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 3d day of January, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan-3-10-17-1902.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of seven hundred and seventy-five dollars which is claimed to be due and is due upon a mortgage duly executed and delivered by Mary H. Lewis, mortgagor, to H. M. Sidnam, mortgagee, bearing date September 5th, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on November 13th, 1894, at eleven o'clock and fifteen minutes a. m. in Book 95 of mortgages, page 115. Said mortgage was duly assigned in writing by said H. M. Sidnam to Commercial Investment Company December 6th, 1901, and which assignment was duly recorded in said register of deeds office at 9 o'clock a. m., December 16th, 1901, in Book 180 of mortgages, on page 589. Notice is given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises which are situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: The west half of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 27, township 50 north of range 15 west. Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said county at public vendue for cash on the 10th day of February, 1902, at the front door of the county court house, of said county, at 10 o'clock a. m., to pay said debt of $775.00 and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fee and disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Dec. 27, 1901.

COMMERCIAL INVESTMENT COMPANY,
Assignee of Mortgage.
S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgage.
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-27-Jan-3-10-17-24-31.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 27th, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lucinda Smith, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Beriah Magoffin, of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Lucinda Smith, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1901, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a creditor of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Beriah Magoffin granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 27th day of December, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-27-1901-Jan-3-10-1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 27th, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lucinda Smith, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Beriah Magoffin, of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Lucinda Smith, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1901, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a creditor of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Beriah Magoffin granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 27th day of December, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-27-1901-Jan-3-10-1902.

LITTLE CHANGE

Wheat Starts Out Weak But Stiffens Toward the Close.

Modern Miller's Report on Southwestern Conditions Bullish.

Lower Cables and Heavy Receipts the Bearish Factors.

Duluth Board of Trade, Jan. 10.—The wheat market started out weak and lower this morning, the lack of strength being due to the lower cables and the heavy movement of Northwestern wheat. The Argentine shipments amounted to 144,000 bus, last year 781,000 bus. There was a fair amount of buying orders, and a further decline in prices was prevented. About the noon hour the Modern Miller came out and it was very bullish reporting a serious condition existing in parts of the Southwest and farmers down there holding their wheat. This brought an advance of about 1c in the market.

The Liverpool market declined 5c and Paris was ¼@¼c off.

Primary receipts of what were 552,000 bus, last year 625,000 bus. Shipments 187,000 bus, last year 312,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 234,000 bus.

Corn was steady closing without change. Oats declined ¼c in Chicago. Primary receipts of corn were 516,000 bus, last year 248,000 bus. Shipments 368,000 bus, last year 226,000 bus. Clearances were 300 bus. Argentine shipments for the week were 228,000 bus, last year 152,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis 564 cars, and at Chicago 45, a total of 579 cars, against 335 last week and 350 last year.

Stocks of wheat at Duluth are estimated to decrease 150,000 to 200,000 bus this week.

Trading in the Duluth market was fairly active in futures. May opened ⅝c off at 80¼c, sold at 80⅝c at 9:25, dropped to 80¼c at 10:05 and rallied to 80½c at 10:37. After holding steady at that price for some time it sold up to 80⅝@⅝c at 12:50 and closed at that price. This was a shade lower than yesterday's close. Chicago closed unchanged and Minneapolis ¼@⅜c lower.

Cash sales were very light, aggregating only 15,000 bus. Prices were 3c under May for No. 1 northern, 5½c under for No. 2 northern and 8c under for No. 3.

Flax trading was active and the market weaker. Shipments of flax are considerable and receipts are light. May opened ½c off at $1.02½, sold at $1.07 and then fell steadily to $1.03¾, and closed there, a decline of 3½c. To arrive closed at the same decline and cash and January were 2½c off. There was a decline of 1½c in oats.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 80½c; to arrive, 80⅝c. No. 1 northern, cash, 77¾c; to arrive, 77¾c; May, 80⅝@⅞c. No. 2 northern, 75¼c. No. 3 spring, 72½c. Oats 46⅝@46¾c. Rye, 61c. Barley, 48@58c. Flax, cash, $1.04½ to arrive, $1.04½; January, $1.04½; May, $1.03½. Corn, 46c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 43; last year, 17; rye, 1; barley, 2; flax, 13. Receipts—Wheat, 28,000 bus; oats, 1348 bus; barley, 3062 bus; flax, 3249 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 2384 bus; corn, 21,382 bus; oats, 1874 bus; barley, 3563 bus; flax, 16,571 bus.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car $0.77½
No. 1 northern, 7,000 bus 77½
No. 2 northern, 1 car 76
No. 3 spring, 1 car 73¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car 74
Flax, 500 bus to arrive 1.04

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Operators Talk of a "Worked" Market.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Liverpool responded to yesterday's depression here with a lower cable list, and in turn influenced a weaker feeling at the opening of the board today. May wheat started 1@⅝c to ⅝@¾c lower at 83½c to 83¼c, partly on the heavy Northwestern movement. The trade was less active than for the last few days. An attempt to break the market on the early conditions was overcome by numerous buying orders around 83½c, and the market steadied at that figure. Once more the market seemed to be repeating the same action that has characterized it on the last rise. After falling off from the high figure for the crop, it seemed to receive good support above 83c. There was talk again of a "worked" market. Receipts 45 cars, none contract; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 534 cars, a total for the three points of 579, against 335 last week and 559 a year ago. Argentine shipments were 144,000 bus.

Nervousness over the government crop report, expected today, caused longs to unload until May sold at 83c. Short covering and a light country situation brought a reaction and a steady close, May unchanged at 83⅝@⅞c.

Corn opened heavy on the cables and in sympathy with wheat. There also was some selling reported by foreigners. Trade was not important, though the country offerings were still light, notwithstanding the mild weather. May option a shade to ½@¾c down at 66⅝c to ¾c, and sold off to 66¼c. Receipts 125 cars.

Following wheat, corn slid down to 65¾@⅞c for May, but rallied and closed steady, a shade higher, at 66¼c.

Weakness in other grains brought a slightly easier tone in oats, and realizing both for the local and outside accounts depressed prices somewhat. Both July and May were sold short. May opened unchanged to a shade lower at 46⅝c to ½c and eased to 46¾c. Receipts 166 cars.

The hog market at the yard was slow and lower, and brought an easier opening in provisions, followed by a further depression. May pork opened 5c to 2½c down at $17.22½ to $17.25 and sold off to $17.15@17.17½. May lard 2½c lower to unchanged at $9.90 to $9.92½ and lost 10c. and May ribs 2½c off at $8.75 and sold down to $8.67@8.70.

Close: Wheat—January, 79¾c; May, 83¾@⅞c; July, 83⅜@¼c. Corn—January, 63c; May, 66½c; July, 66c; September, 64¾c. Oats—January, 45¾c; May, 46⅞c; July, 46c; September, 33¾c. Pork—January, $16.75; May, $17.15@17.17½; July, $17.10. Lard—January, $9.55; May, $9.80; July, $9.85. Ribs—January, $8.30; September, $8.62½@8.65. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.04½; Southwestern, $1.02; Mal, $1.06½. Rye—January, 57½c; May, 59c; July, 61c. Barley—Cash, 56@61c. Timothy—March, $6.60. Clover—March, $10.15. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 87½@88½c; No. 3 red, 86@87½c; No. 2 hard winter, 86@82½c; No. 3 hard winter, 79½@80½c

Main Office—327 Jackson St., St. Paul. Local Office—pd West Superior St.

Dealer in ..... **A. J. CUMMINGS, Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,

(Successors to Arthur R. Jones & Co.)
428 West Superior Street, (Spalding Hotel).
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A. Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
3 Chamber of Commerce Minneapolis.
Duluth, Minn., Room A. Torrey Building.

LAND SCRIP!

Can now supply Forest Reserve and Soldiers' Additionals.

H. W. COFFIN Manhattan Building

No. 1 northern spring, 81¼@82½c; No. 2 northern spring, 79½@81c; No. 3 spring, 75½@80c. Corn—No. 3, 61½@¾c. Oats—No. 2, 40½@41c; No. 3, 46¾c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Modern Miller.—Drouth conditions are becoming serious in the territory west of the Mississippi river. Complaints are increasing from Kansas, the territories and Texas about dry weather affecting the growing wheat crop. In the extreme eastern portion of the winter wheat belt the plant is doing reasonably well. The advance in the price has brought out more soft winter wheat in the eastern sections, but farmers in the Southwest refuse to part with their holdings of hard wheat, even at the higher prices. There is no abatement in the feeding of wheat to live stock.

• • •

Broomhall.—Expectation of a bearish government report today together with a poor spot demand caused an opening decline in Liverpool of 5c. Declines in American markets and advices of rains in Argentine were the causes responsible for opening declines in corn. Our Argentine agent cables that although some rains have fallen, yet further rains are much wanted.

• • •

A. H. Farnum's Chicago Morning Gossip.—The chief trouble is that the declines in cables are not bringing any buying orders for wheat. The longer it is dry in the Southwest the nearer we are to rains. This begins to be the view the trade takes of the situation. The government report comes out this afternoon. It will give the yield per acre and probably leave us to guess how many acres there are. Think wheat is high enough.

Corn—The strongest interests in corn here have been selling for several days and were still offering corn at the close yesterday. The cash demand is poor here, not as active in the Southwest.

Oats—During the excitement in oats yesterday some of the chief holders worked off some long oats. Think they will be inclined to continue this. The market acts high enough.

• • •

Broomhall cables.—"Present visible supply of wheat in the ports at Argentine today, 552,000 bus against 468,000 bus last week and 1,760,000 bus a year ago. Corn, 432,000 bus, against 510,000 bus last week and 512,000 bus a year ago. The tone of the Argentine wheat market is firm with a good demand for export. Arrivals from the interior are increasing and quality is giving satisfaction."

• • •

Rycroft, of Chicago.—Argentine shipments for the week 144,000 bus. Their market is ⅝d lower in sympathy with our decline of yesterday. Cash demand there is moderate. Their corn market is ⅝d lower with Danubian corn freely offered, but it meets a good demand, there is scarcely any demand for American corn.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 78¾-79c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 80¾c bid.
Curb, May wheat, 79½-⅝c bid.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Jan. 10.—Close, wheat, May, 88½c; July, 88½c. Corn, May, 70½c; July, 69¾c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Jan. 10.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 78¼c; May, 79⅝c; July, 80¼@⅝c. On tract—No. 1 hard, 80⅞c. No. 1 northern, 78¼c; No. 2 northern, 77½@⅝c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	80½	79¼	83¼-½	88¾
High	80⅝	79⅝	83¾	88½
Low	80⅜	78⅞	83	87¾-⅞
Close	80¼-⅜	79⅜	83⅜-¾	88½A
July—				
Open	80½	82¾-⅞	83¾	
High	80¾-⅞	83¼	83½	
Low	79⅝	82½	82½	
Close	80¼-⅜	83⅛-¼	83⅜	

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	46⅝@½	66¾@¼	$17.22@17.25
High	46⅝	66½	17.25
Low	45½	65⅞	17.00
Close	46⅜B	66½	17.15@17.17

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Jan. 10.—Close, wheat, spot firm. No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 3d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 3d; No. 1 California, 6s 6d. Futures, quiet. March, 6s 4d; May, 6s 4¼d. Corn, spot steady, American mixed new, no stocks; American mixed old, 5s 8¾d. Futures, quiet. February, 5s 4¾d; March, 5s 3¾d; May, 5s 3¾d.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Cattle, receipts, 3000. Strong. Good to prime, $5.50@7.30; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.75; cows, $1.25@4.75; heifers, $2.50@5.00; canners, $1.25@2.30; bulls, $2.00@4.60; calves, $3.50@6.60; Texas steers, $3.25@5.25. Hogs, receipts today, 30,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 11,415. 5c to 10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $6.00@6.50; good to choice heavy, $6.30@6.75; rough heavy, $5.80@6.20; light, $5.50@6.15; bulk of sales, $6.00@6.35. Sheep, receipts, 10,000. Strong. Lambs strong to 10c higher. Good to choice wethers, $4.00@4.65; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@4.25; Western sheep, $4.00@4.75; native lambs, $3.50@4.00; Western lambs, $5.00@5.85. Yesterday, receipts—Cattle, 10,093; hogs, 34,273; sheep, 7834. Shipments—Cattle, 4151; hogs, 1713; sheep, 772.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the mild weather has checked the trade on the heavy class of horses; the logging trade being almost extinct. Farm trade, however, showed symptoms of activity, the outlet consisting chiefly of the cheaper grades. Draft horses were especially in a large supply and the prices in a weakening tone. Values:

Drafters, extra	$160@175
Drafters, choice	130@160
Drafters, common to good	115@130
Farm mares, extra	125@145
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	65@100

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—The wheat market during the early part of the session ruled weak on selling by longs owing to disappointing cables from abroad, but at the decline there was good buying by shorts, which caused a reaction and later there was renewed buying on the Modern Miller's report regarding drouth affecting the growing crop, but it is a little early to start to kill the growing crop, and although the weather in the Southwest continues dry, still we are likely to get rain any day. The market closed steady, practically unchanged from yesterday. Liverpool reported their market as dull, ⅝d lower for the day. Continental markets were also lower. Cash demand all over the country was generally light and Minneapolis reported flour demand rather dull, advices from the Northwest indicate freer offerings of wheat by the farmers. Trade was large all day, but mostly all of a professional character. Traders generally were inclined to even up over the government report which will be issued this afternoon. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 40 cars.

The corn market after ruling weak early on selling by longs, later rallied in sympathy with wheat and closed practically unchanged from last night. Country offerings were little larger, but there was a better cash demand on the early break, principally to go East. Foreign markets were quiet. They reported Danubian corn freely offered, but it meets a good demand. There was scarcely any demand for American corn. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 125 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in oats today and the market after ruling weak early, later rallied in sympathy with wheat and closed steady. Country offerings were moderate, cash demand fairly good. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 175 cars.

Provisions opened weak on lower hogs and plenty of them. There was heavy selling of lard, supposed to be for leaders, and some heavy liquidation in pork and ribs, and the market broke very sharply; later it rallied somewhat, but closed weak for lard, with packers selling, and fairly firm for ribs and pork. The feature of the day was the country buying of pork and the selling by weak local holders. We think tonight there are more weak holders than ever, and a break is likely to come. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 25,000 hogs.

CROP REPORT.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The government report says: Grain, 14.8 bus average yield. Estimated acres, 32,000,000

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost insurance an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, fresh prints	27	
Creamery, tubs	24 @	26
Creamery, storage, tubs	22 @	23
Dairies, fancy	19 @	20
Packing stock	12 @	14
EGGS.		
Fresh	26	
Storage	20	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream, new	12 @	12½
Twins, full cream, old	11½@	11
Full cream, young America	13 @	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15	
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@	13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13	
Primos	7	
HONEY.		
New fancy white clover	15 @	16
Fancy white clover in jars	12½@	13
stained, per lb	13 @	14
Golden rod	13 @	14
Dark honey	13 @	14
Buckwheat, jars	13 @	14
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25 @	2 40
Medium, hand picked, per bus	2 00 @	2 15
Brown beans, lanes, bus	1 90 @	2 10
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13 @	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13	
Cocoanuts, per doz	75	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	13	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @	8
FRUITS.		
Catawba grapes, per crate	2 25	
Malaga grapes, kegs	6 00 @	6 50
Apples, per bbl	3 75 @	5 00
Apples, per box	1 35 @	2 00
California figs, per box	90 @	1 10
Turkey figs	1 10 @	1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 75 @	3 50
California lemons	2 50	
Bananas	2 25 @	2 50
Messina lemons, per box	4 00	
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00	
Sugar walnut dates	1 25	
Navel oranges	3 00 @	3 25
Cranberries	8 00 @	8 25
VEGETABLES.		
New celery, bunch	30 @	35
Mushrooms	60	
Lettuce	1 25	
Green onions, per dozen	65	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	2 15 @	2 25
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 90 @	2 00
Beets, per 100	1 10	
Carrots, per 100	1 00	
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 50	
Potatoes, per bus	90	
Sweet potatoes, per bus	1 90	
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75 @	2 25
Mint, per bunch	30	
Turnips, per 100	70 @	85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75	
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75 @	85
Oyster plant, per doz	55 @	65
Cal. tomatoes, per basket	90	
Parsley, per doz	65	
Head lettuce, per doz	90 @	1 00
CIDER.		
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50 @	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @	5 50
POPCORN.		
Rice corn, shelled	3½@	4
Choice, per lb	3¾@	4
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Hens	9	
Spring chickens	10 @	11
Geese	9	
Turkeys	11 @	12
Ducks	10	
MEATS.		
Mutton	6½	
Lamb	9	
Veal, good	7½	
Veal, fancy	8	
Dressed beef	4½@	7
Natives	8	
Hogs	8	
Pork loins	9½	
Lard	10¼	
Lard, compound	8	

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 10.—Butter, receipts, 4445 packages. Unsettled. State dairy, 14@22c; creamery, 16@24c; June creamery, 15@21½c; factory, 13@15½c. Cheese, receipts, 2436 packages. Firm. State full creams large fall made fancy, 10½@10¾c; state full creams small, 11¼@11½c; late made best large, 9¼c; late made best small, 10@10¼c. Eggs, receipts, 5079 packages. Firm. State and Pennsylvania, 33@34c; Western at mark, 27@33c; Southern at mark, 26@32c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Butter, steady; creameries, 15@24½c; dairies, 14@20c. Cheese, steady; twins, 10¼@10¾c; young Americas, 10¾@11¼c; daisies, 10¾@11¼c. Eggs, very firm; loss off, cases returned, 30c.

USUAL COURSE.

Schley Bills Will Go to Sub-Committee.

Washington, Jan. 10.—When the house committee on naval affairs met today for organization, Representative Rixey (Va.) proposed that the various measures relating to Admiral Schley be considered by the committee as a while instead of waiting the consideration of a sub-committee. The sentiment of the committee was against the proposition, and it was determined to allow these measures to take the usual course. There are ten resolutions and bills on the Schley case and they will be in charge of the regular sub-committee on organization, rank and pay, consisting of Representatives Watson, Dayton, Cousins, Fayler, Meyer, Cummings and Wheeler.

HER CONDITION CRITICAL.

Woodbine, Iowa, Jan. 10.—The condition of Mrs. Hillis, mother of Rev. Dwight Hillis, of Brooklyn, who was recently attacked by a stroke of paralysis, is critical and her death is regarded as only a matter of a short while. Rev. Hillis has found it necessary to return to Brooklyn, for which city he left yesterday.

DATE POSTPONED.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Secretary Gage has received a telegram from Governor Shaw stating that he cannot arrange to take charge of the treasury on the date set and asking Mr. Gage to remain until Feb. 1. Secretary Gage has consented to do so.

RISE IN TOBACCO

Of Thirty Points on the New York Exchange.

A Break of Six Points In Delaware & Hudson River.

Rally Near the Close, Which Was Dull and Steady.

New York, Jan. 10.—Opening prices were lower with few exceptions. United States Steel stocks continued depressed, the preferred losing ¾. Sugar was supported and advanced ¾ and Amalgamated Copper, Pensylvania, St. Louis & San Francisco and Brooklyn Transit made small gains. Support developed at other points and there were rallies from the opening declines.

The readiness with which the market recovered induced the room shorts to cover, and some stocks rallied strongly. Most of the speculative favorites advanced above yesterday's close, St. Paul, Copper, Manhattan, Missouri Pacific and Reading gaining a small fraction. Sugar exceptionally rose 1¾. There was no response in the United States Steel stocks, and the bears were encouraged thereby to sell the general list. Prices all round relapsed to the opening level except Sugar, which was maintained about 125. Near 11 o'clock prices moved up again under the lead of Sugar, Manhattan, Amalgamated, Atchison and St. Paul, Consolidated Gas lost 2 and D. & H. 2½.

Traders took profits in Sugar, and its decline of a point checked its rise elsewhere. Trading then became dull and spiritless and there was some setback to the coolers on the break in D. & H. to 176½. Before noon dealings became active again and there was a rise in most of the prominent stocks to the highest prices of the morning. Manhattan sold at 149 and St. Paul at 168¾. Brooklyn Transit rose a point above last night and St. Louis & San Francisco 1¾. The market then became dull again and easier. Bonds were irregular.

Prices dropped back to below those of last night on the desultory operations of room traders. General Electric, Cotton Oil, Lackawanna, Colorado Fuel, Wheeling and Lake Erie first preferred and Chattanooga Ohio dropped 1 to 2 points below last night. Prices generally touched the lowest. The report of the assignment of a trust and savings bank in Cleveland unfavorably affected sentiment. Bear traders were content with small profits and their re-purchases caused a small fractional rally. Sugar exceptionally recovered 1¾. Business then became semi-stagnant, but the recoveries were maintained. Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati & St. Louis declined 3¾ and Wheeling & Lake Erie second preferred a point. American Tobacco old stock advanced 12 points to 157 and was bid for later at 165, without any offerings.

The failure to increase the dividend of the Defiance & Hudson caused a break of 6 points in the stock, which affected the whole market and prices went lower than before. The Great Northern preferred lost 2 points, Lackawanna 2¼ and Baltimore & Ohio 1¾. American Tobacco rose by 5-point intervals to 175 which was 30 points in all. Covering by room shorts caused a rally and the closing was dull and steady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	70½	69½	70
Anaconda M. Co.	30⅜	30¼	30¼
Atchison, T. & S. F.	78⅞	77⅜	77⅜
do pfd	99½	99¼	99
Baltimore & Ohio	104¾	103¼	103¼
do pfd	97	96½	97
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67	66	66¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	46¾	46¾	46¾
Chicago & Alton	35¾	35¼	35¼
Col. F. & I.	86	85½	85⅞
Chi. Great Western, com.	23⅞	22⅜	22¾
Erie, com	42	41¼	41½
do 1st pfd	73⅝	73	73½
do 2nd pfd	69⅜	68¾	69
Great Northern pfd	186⅝	183	185
Louisville & Nashville	106	105¼	10.5½
Leather	11⅞	11¾	11¾
do pfd	81¾	81¼	81½
Manhattan Con	140	138½	138⅝
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	39	39	39
do pfd	93½	93½	92½
Missouri Pacific	102⅝	101½	101⅝
New York Central	165¼	163¾	163¾
Norfolk & Western	57	56⅜	56⅝
do pfd	92⅝	92½	92⅜
Ontario & Western	34½	34	34
Pennsylvania Ry	149½	148⅜	148⅞
Pacific Mail	47¼	47	47
People's Gas	102⅜	102¼	102¼
Republic Iron and Steel	16⅞	16⅜	16½
do pfd	69½	69½	69½
Reading	56½	55½	55½
do 1st pfd	82	81½	81½
do 2d pfd	64¼	63	63½
Rock Island	156½	155½	155¾
Southern Ry	33¼	32⅝	33
do pfd	91	90	90¾
Southern Pacific	60	59⅝	60
Smelter	45½	45	45½
Sugar Refinery	125¾	121⅞	122⅞
St. Paul	164¼	162¾	163½
T. C. & I.	64	63½	63½
Texas Pacific	39⅜	39½	39⅜
Union Pacific	102⅝	101⅝	102
do pfd	89¾	89¾	89½
U. S. Steel	43⅝	43	43⅛
do pfd	94⅝	94	94½
Wabash	23⅞	22⅝	22⅝
do pfd	42⅞	42¼	42⅜
Western Union	91	90⅝	90⅞
Wisconsin Central	20	20	20
do pfd	41	40½	40⅝

The total sales were 568,200 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Town Topics—Some further recession may be expected in the market today as a result of the selling of Union Pacific and of the rumors of a probable bond issue of the Atchison but it would be advisable to buy stocks for a turn of a point or two in any reaction that may take place in the first hour. Average on your Steel by taking up a little more, and don't worry about your coal stocks. Take profits on any quick rise in Manhattan. Sugar promises to work lower, and we don't advise buying Copper. Buy Pacific Mail for a turn.

• • •

New York to B. E. Baker—In the copper trade today it was freely rumored that lake copper had been further cut to 16c per pound but at the closing of the market this was denied by the United Metals Selling company.

• • •

Clark, Dodge & Co.—President Rigley of the Atchison is quoted by the New York Times as saying regarding the issue of bonds by the company: "I may say, in this connection that if any bond issue is decided upon it will be a fair guess to hazard that it will not be for new equipment, improvements or betterment, but it will be for something entirely different that will be of decided advantage to our stockholders. Incidentally, I may say we have spent no less than $13,000,000 on improvements since July last. So you can see we are in no need of money for such purposes. If the issue is made stockholders will not be at all dissatisfied with its purpose."

• • •

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.—Although the outcome of today's stock market is rather discouraging to the bull element, the large commission houses believe that on any further drive, stocks will be a purchase. They hold that the interests playing for higher prices are more powerful than those which are working for a fall. H. H. Rogers and E. H. Harriman are credited with private conferences showing them to be opposed to a rise at this time and that Rogers himself is believed to be short a very large line of stocks, and on the other hand, Morgan, the First National bank people, Gould and Keene are bullish and argument is made that, backed by underlying conditions, they are strong enough to win. There is disappointment because all the money is maintained at the legal rate, something with which the so-called Standard Oil people, by which is meant Rogers and Stillman, have much to do and specialties of the active stocks say that it was pressure from this contingent that closed the market weak at the low prices of the day. They add that the best buying on the scale down is in the coal oil stocks, Reading, Erles, Ontario & Western, Atchison, Southern Pacific and Sugar and that the short interest in the market has materially increased and is now of large proportions. Should the action of the supreme court in the proceedings of the state of Minnesota against the Northern Securities company be favorable to the latter, there is talk of from 5 to 5 points rise in prices all round. The best judgment is that the big Hill combination will successfully withstand every attack that may be made upon it.

• • •

McIntyre & Marshall to Edwards, Wood & Co.—The market has been so full of manipulation lately that it has been very hard to guess the tendency much less the fluctuations. Outside interest is still very small and there has been a disappointing absence of investment buying even when the market has at times had a strong appearance. As a result of today's developments room traders generally have turned bearish and an irregular and unsettled market is looked for the balance of the week.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Jan. 10.—Money on call steady at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¼@¾ for demand and $4.84¼@⅝ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85 and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.83⅜@¾. Bar silver, 57¾c. Mexican dollars, 44¼c. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s registered, $1.06¼; coupon, $1.06¾; 3s registered, $1.07¾; coupon, $1.08⅝; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.30½; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.11¾; 5s registered, $1.07⅝; coupon, $1.07⅝.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Jan. 10.—Cotton opened steady with prices 2 points higher to 2 points lower and during the early session followed a narrow course with trading. Profit taking sent the list off 4 to 5 points to 8.12 for May but before 11 o'clock prices were nearly back to last night's bids on outside support and firm Liverpool cables. Private wire news from the South was bullish in that it told of strong spot markets, urgent demand from exporters and predicted smaller receipts next week.

Spot closed steady: middling uplands, 8½; ditto gulf, 8¾. Sales, 20 bales. Futures closed quiet; January, 7.94; February, 7.99, March, 8.06; April, 8.11; May, 8.15; June, 8.17; July, 8.17; August, 8.03; September, 7.78; October, 7.65.

DEATH LIST.

Alex McClintock Died Suddenly of Heart Trouble.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 10.—Alex McClintock, 68 years old, father of U. D. McClintock, dean of Chicago university and who, at one time, was the most prominent breeder of Alderney stock in the entire South, called his wife to his side this morning at 10 o'clock and, laying his head on her shoulder, died without uttering another word. He complained yesterday of heart trouble, but no attention was paid to it. Today was the anniversary of his birth.

New York, Jan. 10.—Capt. James Crossman, who was in command of the steamer Alliance, when, on March 8, 1855, she was fired on by a Spanish cruiser off Cape Mayst is dead at his home in Jersey City. Three shots were fired at the ship by the cruiser, but Capt. Crossman kept on and brought his ship to New York. The incident created considerable excitement and diplomatic adjustment was required. During the civil war Crossman served as an ensign in the navy. He was born at Hudson, N. Y., fifty-eight years ago.

Clinton, Wis., Jan. 10.—Dr. George Covert, one of the oldest and best known physicians in the state, died here yesterday morning. Neuralgia and rheumatism, the results of a severe cold, caught in the practice of his profession, were the causes of his death. He was 73 years old and had practiced medicine here for forty-six years. He has also been president for several successive terms of both the national and state eclectic medical associations, being identified with that branch of medical science.

THE PENSION BILL.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The pension appropriation bill was completed by the house committee on appropriations today and reported to the house. It carries $138,842,230, exact the amount of the estimates as against $145,245,230 appropriated last year.

MERGER ENDORSED

Grain and Stock Growers Approve President Hill's Policy.

Resolution Adopted In Which His Combination Is Endorsed.

General Sentiment of the Convention In His Favor.

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—President Hill of the Great Northern road arrived in Fargo at 1:45 this afternoon on a special train to deliver an address to the Tri-state Grain and Stock Growers' convention. Mr. Hil was met by a committee with five carriages, but insisted on walking the short distance from the Great Northern depot to the opera house, and on his arrival there was greeted with great applause. The stage was neatly decorated with the national colors, and the opera house packed to almost suffocation. Mayor Johnson introduced the great railway magnate, and he began his speech.

The morning session of the convention was devoted to the adoption of resolutions which included a plank endorsing President Hill's railroad combination. There was some discussion over the matter but the general sentiment of the convention was demonstrated to be in favor of Mr. Hill. The Twin Cities, Duluth and West Superior are well represented here, among the latter being Col. H. Hays, Howard Thomas and Henry S. Butler.

SAID "I'LL FIX YOU"

Fred Lillnix Testifies That Karvo Made That Remark.

Uttered It While He Was Stabbing His Victim.

Insanity Theory Scouted ---Eighteen Cuts on Murdered Man.

Yesterday's murder, in all its grewsome atrocity, was investigated at the coroner's inquest this morning.

The only new development was one of considerable importance. Fred Lillnix testified that when the murderer was holding Jacob Myllymaki's head down on the card table and stabbing him, he said: "I'll fix you."

This testimony is construed as evidence that the attack was made with premeditated murderous intent.

The coroner's jury found that Myllymaki's death was caused by knife wounds inflicted with felonious intent by Stens Karvo.

Nothing touching the motive of the crime was developed. That feature of the crime is in complete mystery.

Insanity, as the motive, is pronounced absurd by several physicians. Shortly after the murder Dr. Boyer took Karvo's pulse and found it 126, indicating great mental strain. Half an hour later Dr. D. D. Murray took the pulse and it was down to 117. Dr. Robert Graham, who is considered an expert on insanity, said that the murderer seemed more like a man coming down with typhoid fever than an insane person.

This morning the murderer's pulse was close to 75, which is normal for him.

He talks freely and rationally on every subject, except that of the murder. When pressed with questions on this point he becomes sullen and simply evades an examination by saying that he does not understand.

Without foundation a rumor was set going yesterday to the effect that a woman was at the bottom of the trouble. The authorities ridicule such a theory and say that Karvo has said nothing since his arrest to indicate it.

The idea of two such men fighting over a love affair seems absurd. Neither had the appearance to deny being capable of any very tender sentiment. The theory most believed in is that at some time in the past the two men quarreled and that Karvo sought to square up his accounts. The murderer has admitted that he knew Myllymaki for the past eleven years.

At the inquest this morning the jury consisted of John G. Howard O. J. Klippen, R. S. Lerch, Fred Knowlton, L. H. Bennett and Allan Ebner. In their presence Coroner Boyer examined Josoon Wilta, Fred Lillnix, Swan Johnson, Chief of Police Troyer, Jailer Fiskett and Patrolman La Flam.

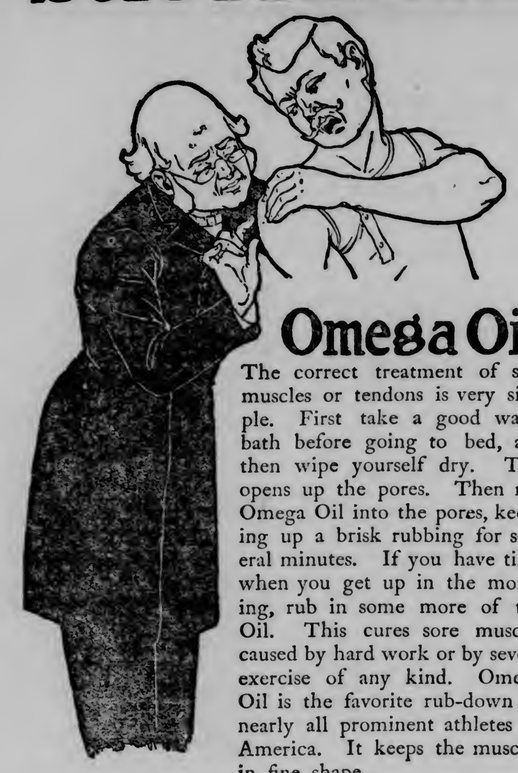
The first three men were the only persons in the saloon at the time of the attack. The police officers examined were those that took the murderer in custody.

The only new development was in Lillnix's testimony, he saying that he saw Karvo spring at Myllymaki and the latter raised his left hand as if to catch Karvo by the shoulder but he did not touch him before his head was pressed down on the card table and Karvo was plunging his knife into him, exclaiming, "I'll fix you."

After the inquest Coroner Boyer made an examination of the body and found eighteen cuts. These were from an inch to thirteen inches in length and most of them were clear into the bone.

A large number of people viewed the remains during the day. Sh

Sore Muscles



Omega Oil

The correct treatment of sore muscles or tendons is very simple. First take a good warm bath before going to bed, and then wipe yourself dry. This opens up the pores. Then rub Omega Oil into the pores, keeping up a brisk rubbing for several minutes. If you have time when you get up in the morning, rub in some more of the Oil. This cures sore muscles caused by hard work or by severe exercise of any kind. Omega Oil is the favorite rub-down of nearly all prominent athletes in America. It keeps the muscles in fine shape.

783

PILES DR. WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT Is a SURE CURE for Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, gives instant relief. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists. Sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

CABMAN

Gets Verdict For One Thousand Dollars Against Carlisle.

New York, Jan. 10.—Former Secretary of the Treasury John G. Carlisle was defendant in a suit tried before Justice O'Dwyer in the city court, in which Richard F. Leake, a cabman, sought to recover $2000 damages for false arrest and imprisonment. Mr. Carlisle testified in his own behalf.

The suit is the result of the arrest of Leake on a charge of making away with a sealskin cape belonging to Mrs. Carlisle. On the night of Dec. 15, 1898, Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle arrived in New York from Washington. They engaged a cab at the Twenty-third street ferry and were driven home. The next morning Mrs. Carlisle missed her $300 cape. Leake was the cabman who drove the Carlisles home. Mr. Carlisle reported the matter to police headquarters and Leake was arrested and held by the grand jury. When the matter came up for trial Leake was discharged. He then sued Mr. Carlisle for false arrest and imprisonment.

After Leake had testified, Mr. Carlisle was called to the stand. He told of his arrival at the ferry and of having engaged Leake to drive him home. Mr. Carlisle said that the night was very cold. His wife was wearing another wrap and he carried the cape across his knees while in the cab. He admitted that he had gone to the ferry in search of Leake about the cape. The latter denied all knowledge of it. The cape was subsequently found in a pawnshop in Fifty-ninth street.

Policeman William Swain and Detective O'Connor both testified in behalf of Mr. Carlisle. Both said that Leake, when they saw him after the cape had been missed, denied having driven Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle on the night in question. Both policemen testified that Leake told them he had driven a sporting man to the Waldorf on the night the Carlisles came from Washington. Leake could not remember the name of the sporting man, however.

The jury awarded Leake $1000 for false arrest.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

FAIR GIRL

Who Likes Chickens Offers Herself as Prize.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Jan. 10.—The principal prize offered in the annual poultry show given here this week by the West Virginia State Poultry association, is the hand of a beautiful young woman, and it is needless to say that the entries are being made in large numbers. The official premium list contains among other prizes the following: Miss Rosa Ray, of Upshaur, W. Va., a beautiful blonde of 18, offers herself in marriage to the young man winning the most honors. The young lady is a great chicken fancier, and as pretty as the premium list describes her.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Massachusetts will not officially recognize the birthday of President William McKinley on Jan. 29. On the request of the National McKinley Memorial committee, the state memorial committee has decided that it is not advisable that such an observance of the day be made this year.

George D. Stratton, a collector for the Equitable Gas and Electric company, is in jail at Utica, N. Y., on a charge of grand larceny. His defalcation from the company amounts to $6699 according to his own admission. Investigation of the books will continue, for Stratton's accusations have been going on for three years.

Officers of the big lake steamship lines have gone on a strike against the anti-pass rule put into effect Jan. 1 by the railroads. Though twenty-five of these representatives were expected at the meeting of the Central Passenger association in Chicago Thursday, not one appeared and they sent word that they did not come because they could not afford to pay their fares.

There is a fight at Racine, Wis., over the acceptance of $50,000 from Andrew Carnegie for a public library building. The labor unions of the city have presented a petition in opposition. The Woman's club unanimously adopted a resolution strenuously urging the council to accept the gift.

Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock now on sale. Limited amount for a limited time at 50 cents per share. Money to be used for development purposes. Offices, 218 Manhattan building.

CHILDREN

Ran Grist Mill While Papa Was Sick.

Painesville, Ohio, Jan. 10.—When Miller Stafford fell ill with pneumonia and was forced to let the old wheel become silent last week, it was a serious blow, for there were many orders ahead for grists.

He remained at work until he could no longer stand. When he was taken home he spoke of the loss it meant, and said he could ill afford to close his mill at such a time.

He was overheard by Bessie, his 14-year-old daughter. She said nothing about her plans, but took her brother Fay, 10 years old, and the two went to the mill.

At length they got the machinery running. Grist after grist they turned out and the mill never ground better. When Stafford recovered he found that with such children he could afford to be ill even in a busy season.

EXTRAORDINARY

Increase In Weight Puzzled Doctors of Arkansas.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 10.—Physicians of Prescott, Ark., are puzzled over a case which will be brought to Memphis for further treatment.

Henry Boston Burnett, living near Prescott, is of extraordinary development. He is 16 years old, weighs 318 pounds, height 5 feet 6 inches. The circumference of his thigh midway between the hip and knee is thirty-five inches. He measures around the hips sixty inches. He wears a No. 6¾ hat and a No. 8 shoe. One of the wonders of his unusually rapid development is that he has gained about 150 pounds of this weight in the last year.

"I was troubled for seven years with my stomach," says E. Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

STUDIES IN THE BOOK OF ACTS.

PROMISE OF POWER FULFILLED

International Sunday School Lesson For January 12, 1902.

Acts 2:1-21. "And when the day of Pentecost was now come, they were all together in one place. And suddenly there came from heaven a sound as of the rushing of a mighty wind, and it filled all the house where they were sitting. And there appeared unto them tongues parting asunder, like as of fire, and it sat upon each one of them. And they were all filled with the Holy Spirit, and began to speak with other tongues, as the Spirit gave them utterance.

But Peter, standing up with the eleven, lifted up his voice, and spake forth unto them, saying: Ye men of Judea, and all ye that dwell at Jerusalem, be this known unto you, and give ear unto my words. For these are not drunken, as ye suppose; seeing it is but the third hour of the day; but this is that which hath been spoken by the prophet Joel; And it shall be in the last days, saith God, I will pour forth of my Spirit upon all flesh, and your sons and your daughters shall prophecy and your young men shall see visions, and your old men shall dream dreams; yea, and on my servants and on my handmaidens in those days will I pour forth of my Spirit; and they shall prophesy. And I will show wonders in the heaven above, and signs on the earth beneath; blood, and fire, and vapor of smoke; the sun shall be turned into darkness, and the moon into blood, before the day of the Lord come, that great and notable day; and it shall be, that whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord shall be saved."

Golden text: "The promise is unto you and to your children." Acts 2:39.

A SPIRITUAL FACT.

Pentecost was a great day among the Jews of Christ's time. It was their harvest festival. After the destruction of Jerusalem the rabbis taught that Pentecost had been instituted to commemorate the giving of the law at Sinai, but this theory is without any basis in the authorities from which historical knowledge of the matter can be safely drawn. It derives its name from the fact that it came fifty days after the waving of the barley sheaf in connection with the feast of unleavened bread, and was an occasion of rejoicing over the fact that the harvest had been gathered in.

Harvest was, theoretically at least, regarded as a sacred period. Therefore, the feast of Pentecost did not itself last longer than one day, except among certain Jews of the dispersion, who observed two days because they could not certainly determine which of the two days was the proper one. On Pentecost no servile work was allowed, special sacrifices were offered and great multitudes joined in the worship and festivities of the celebration.

The feast had originally been instituted when the nation was a unit in language, customs and dwelling place. But in the time of Jesus, not even the Jews of Palestine used the ancient Hebrew tongue, and the other Jews who gathered on such occasion spoke nearly if not quite all the languages of the Orient. They were no longer an agricultural people, but had become the merchants of the world. Yet many of them were true to the religious traditions of their forefathers, and came at the appointed time to their religious capital to honor Jehovah with their offerings, according to the time-honored custom of their people. Philo says, that "Many thousands of people from many thousands of towns made pilgrimages to the temple at every festival, some by land, some by sea, and coming from the East and the West, from the North and the South." And Josephus declares that at times as many as 2,700,000 people assembled in Jerusalem at a single feast, including, of course, the inhabitants of Jerusalem.

In obedience to the command of Christ, the disciples were still tarrying in Jerusalem when the day of Pentecost arrived. They were gathered in a room, not only the eleven, but a large company of men and women, and were engaged in prayer. There was unity of purpose among them. There was that harmony of spirit, "accord," that constitutes the sweetest music of the higher forms of man. We are not told that they were praying for the gift of the spirit of God, they were only waiting for it. Why should they have prayed for that which Jesus had told them they should receive if they only waited for it. But simple waiting was harder than earnest praying. Perhaps the best prayer for spiritual blessing is the expectant attitude of the soul for the fulfillment of the Father's promise.

There was no recognition of rank or grade among them when the blessing came, for all alike received it and began to give evidence of that fact. Their subjective experience constitutes the first great spiritual fact of the Christian church. The church of Christ has a secure foundation laid in a long line of well attested facts crowned with the two that that introduce the Book of Acts, the ascension and the outpouring of the Holy Spirit. The former of these two is the last of the objective facts at the foundation of the church. The latter is the great subjective fact of the church's history.

The great spiritual quickening that occurred among the disciples is readily explained by the facts as here given. Peter appealed to the people then present as spectators of the event, and thereafter the disciples were wont to ascribe spiritual or miraculous powers to the gift of the Holy Spirit. In the second century the church made Pentecost a regular annual feast day, which fact must have had its origin in the momentous events that transpired while the disciples waited in the upper room after the ascension of Jesus.

The deepest significance of this passage of Scripture is that Christianity was not a mere natural evolution from the teachings of Jesus, nor was it the product of mere zeal on the part of his disciples, but was inaugurated by the direct and expected operation of the Spirit of Christ. The divine origin of Christianity rests as much upon the fact of the outpouring of the Holy Spirit as upon the fact of the crucifixion.

SIGNS THAT SIGNIFY.

The power of the Holy Spirit was introduced by the suggestive sign of a great and rushing wind. Like a mighty wind the Spirit of God has since swept through the minds and hearts of millions of men purifying and strengthening them even as the atmisphere is purified by the currents that sweeps through it, and as the trees are made strong by being bent with the blasts of the tempest. "His strength was as the strength of ten, because his heart was pure," was said of a poet's hero, but it is also true of the spiritual strength of the person who has been purified by the Spirit of God.

The visible tongues that parted among them were suggestive of the large place which the human tongue was destined to play in the spread of the gospel message and the establishment of the kingdom of God. Jesus had said, Go, preach. And now they received an especial blessing upon their power of speech, to help them in performing their task. Truly, the grace of God is given sufficient for every task that is assigned to us. No one ought to be fearful about entering upon any undertaking to which God has called him. This lesson, coupled with the recent study of the story of Moses' hesitation and the way God blessed him with wisdom and courage, ought to lead each believer in Christ to embrace the promise of the Holy Spirit and patiently wait for it as the best and indispensable preparation for his Christ-appointed task.

The tongues that rested upon each disciple were not tongues of ice, but were tongues of fire. It was a divine afflatus that they received. The thing that differentiates the believer who has received the Holy Spirit from one who has not is the presence of fire in his life, the fire of energetic spiritual life. The disciples had been quiescent for fifty days. The Spirits' presence fired them with a tremendous and irresistible enthusiasm.

But the most astonishing sign of all was the fact that the Galilean disciples suddenly became able to speak in languages with which they had before been unfamiliar. Devout Jews had come to Jerusalem to live, from every quarter of the earth, and, in addition to their numbers, there were the cosmopolitan visitors to the feast. These heard the sound of the wind and were attracted together. They were amazed to hear the strange utterances from those whom they had considered uncouth Galileans. They questioned one another, What it all meant? Some said that it was a clear case of too much wine. But that explanation would not satisfy the facts. Wine never yet caused men to speak in unknown languages. Peter easily got the attention of the crowd and explained the whole matter.

PETER'S TRANSFORMATION.

The Book of Acts does not tell about what all the apostles did. It tells more about Peter than it does about all the others put together. Perhaps it aims to give a life-size portrait of Peter in order to show what the effect of the Spirit was upon all of them. In his great speech Peter gives evidence that the Holy Spirit had enlightened his mind upon the significance of Old Testament Scripture. His carnal ideas of the kingdom have all gone. He is no longer the same man who objected, when the Lord told him that He would be put to death, saying, Get thee behind me, Satan; thou art a stumbling block unto me: for thou mindest not the things of God, but the things of men. Neither do his words at Pentecost sound like the utterance of the man who had drawn a sword to defend Jesus in Gethsemane, and who had joined with the other disciples in asking Jesus, on Olivet, Dost thou at this time restore the kingdom to Israel. Peter's new idea of the kingdom deals with the remission of sins and a purified inner life.

The sermon which Peter spoke in reply to the charge that the disciples were drunk with wine sets forth his estimate of Christ. It was an appeal to the unbelieving Jews present to accept Jesus as the national Messiah. He appealed to Scripture, quoting Joel's words about the last days when God's spirit would be poured out. He claimed God's own attestation to the Messiahship of Jesus. He quoted from the Psalms on the resurrection. He made no apology for the appeal about the resurrection, but spoke of it as a well known fact which no one would dare undertake to gainsay. He showed that a dying and risen Christ had been foretold in Scripture, and appealed to the assembly that they ought to accept Him who had come and fulfilled the demands of Scripture.

With what courage and eloquence Peter spoke on that occasion! He did not wince even before any of the rulers who might have been present. He cast in their teeth the fact that the death of Jesus had been a national crime, with the implication that a reckoning would one day be demanded. He appealed to the conscience of this crime in order to stir up their sense of the need of Jesus. And the Holy Spirit, who had so enlightened and stimulated him, drove conviction to the hearts of those who had sinned so terribly against the Son of God, even as Jesus had previously said to His disciples that the Holy Spirit would convict of sin and of judgment and of righteousness. And when, in the closing words of his speech, Peter gave an invitation to them, the Holy Spirit graciously blessed the invitation, as we shall have abundant reason to see in our next study.

In the Old Testament the skill of Aholiab and Beyaleel, the strength of Sampson, the prophesying of Saul and the sweet music of David are all said to have been produced by the Spirit of God. The prophets felt that "The Spirit of the Lord is upon me," before they proceeded to speak with authority to the people. In like manner the New Testament prophets felt the motions of the Holy Spirit before they claimed authority to speak or act as the leaders of the church. In old Israel the day of Pentecost was the day when the fruit of the harvest was all brought in; in the new Israel, our Pentecost marked the day when the first fruits of the harvest of the Lord were brought into his garner in quick response to the shower of the Spirit of the Lord.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distress. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

ASK DRUGGIST for 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Gives Relief at once.

It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c.; Trial size 10c.; at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

SNYDER OBJECTED

Zion Way of Keeping House Did Not Suit Him.

Especially When It Came to Stopping His Oyster Supply.

Applied For Divorce In a Very Humorous Petition.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 10.—Dowieism was the rock on which the matrimonial bark of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Snyder struck and was split. A short time ago Mrs. Nettie Snyder brought suit for divorce, claiming neglect, cruelty and kindred wrongs, attributed to her husband.

Henry Snyder has filed his answer, and according to his tale his wife's belief in the tenets of Alexander Dowie has robbed their married life of its sweets and made of their happy home a spot barren of joy's surroundings. He claims that she has no grounds for bringing divorce proceedings and he asks the court to dismiss the case and allow him to go on his way rejoicing.

The answer is as full of delicate humor as a page from Puck, and alms varied shafts of sarcasm at Dowieism and all its beliefs. Snyder says:

"Defendant's conjugal relations with plaintiff have always been placid and serene until the fall of last year, when plaintiff became infected and infatuated with the tenets of Dowieism, and thereupon declared her intention of conducting the household according to the statue in such cases made and provided in "Zion," and of regulating his domestic conduct in conformity with that of the inhabitants of the 'New Jerusalem.'

"Whether asleep or awake the plaintiff seemed to dwell in dreamland rather than on Cedar avenue, in the city of Cleveland, and her enthusiasm for her new spouse gained such ascendancy over her that her marital obligations were notoriously neglected. She concluder that it was useless to wash and mend defendant's clothes, as there was a probability of their becoming soiled and torn again, and would require a similar operation over again in order to put them in presentable condition."

The defendant also declared that on Christmas day, when he asked his wife to prepare for his morning repast some pork in the form of ham she declined, saying that it was "in strict contravention to the rules prescribed for the culinary department of Zion," and thus, as the defendant states, "placing the ban of abstinence, not only upon that much and religiously persecuted quadruped in any of its succulent forms, but, even upon that inoffensive bivalve called the oyster."

Finally, according to the statements of the defendant, the wife, after having promiscuous warm words with her husband, who did not seem to be particularly enamored of Dowie or his tenets, declared her intentions of "repairing to the temple, there to await the descent of Elijah in the form of Brother Dowie in his chariot of fire."

She left their home and he was compelled to eat Christmas dinner on pickled tongue, which his wife had prepared prior to her departure. But that evening, "the descent of Elijah having been postponed," says Mr. Snyder, "the plaintiff retdrned, and since that time defendant has lived with her, but in constant fear of the said chariot might at any time appear and transport the material substance for which the defendant had toiled on this mundane sphere."

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

VIOLIN

Which Ole Bull Played Is Strangely Stolen.

Kokomo, Ind., Jan. 10.—A violin that once belonged to Ole Bull, the famous Scandinavian violinist, was strangely stolen from a buggy in which Arthur McBeth, the boy violinist, rode from Tipton to his home in this city. The boy stopped along the way to warm at a farm house, when he returned to his buggy his violin was missing.

The violin was presented many years ago by Mr. Bull to the late Byron Reed, of this city, now studying music in Paris. Mr. Reed prior to his death presented the instrument to young McBeth, a pupil. It was on this violin that Mr. Reed played his last piece prior to his tragic death in this city several years ago.

While seated in his studio, alone, despondent from ill health he picked up this old instrument on which he played his favorite piece. He next wrote on a sheet of paper the following lines: "Life is a candle, I snuff it out," and sent a bullet through his brain.

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

RENOUNCED

Her Religious Vows and Will Be Married.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 10.—The marriage of Miss Hulda Cudlip, a beautiful woman of 26, of St. John, N. B., and R. Montague Davey, of the Dominion Bridge company, Lachine, and barytone soloist in the Church of the Advent, Westmount, is announced to take place during the present month.

Miss Cudlip is better known to Montrealers by the name of "Sister Hilda," she having been a member of the Order of Sisters of St. Margaret. She entered the mother house of the community at Boston several years ago, but was later transferred to Canada.

Mr. Davey frequently visited the home for the purpose of assisting in the religious services and musicales held there for the enjoyment of the inmates.

A strong attachment subsequently sprang up between Sister Hilda and Davey, the result of which has been the withdrawal of the former from the community in order that she may become the wife of the latter.

Sore and swollen joints, sharp, shooting pains, torturing muscles, no rest, no sleep. That means rheumatism. It is a stubborn disease to fight, but Chamberlain's Pain Balm has conquered it thousands of times. It will do so whenever the opportunity is offered. Try it. One application relieves the pain. For sale at Boyce's drug store.

Jap Rose (TRADE MARK) Soap

one-sixth pure glycerin-- the best for the toilet that human skill can produce.

A better is impossible tho' you pay a dollar a cake for it.

Use it for toilet and bath.

Use it on the hair.

Skin and hair will be as soft and smooth as silk.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY

CHANGES IN THE WEATHER



BRING COLDS COUGHS SORE THROAT ETC.

THEN TAKE A DOSE OF

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

It relieves pain of every kind, quickly and thoroughly. Keep a bottle in the house. Sold everywhere, in 25c, 50c, and $1.00 bottles.

HINKLEY BONE LINIMENT CO., Saginaw, Mich.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Endiness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

Diseases of Men

Advice from an office practice of 30 years: Don't neglect trifles. A white or brown sediment in the urine, a little weakness or pain in the back, may be the first symptom of a fatal disease. Don't doctor yourself unless you are tired of life. Employ a good specialist near home, not 1000 miles away, and don't quibble over charges. The best are the cheapest in the end. You live but once and life is short at best. I have cured thousands of WEAK MEN who were mental and physical wrecks from sexual diseases or abuse and have the records to prove it. Remember, I given a Legal Written Guarantee to cure in all cases or refund the money.



VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, No. 5 West Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Your house, your flat, your room can be quickly rented by a small want ad in the Saturday Herald

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres

For Sale or Lease. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

LOVE OPENS

A Cell Door to Man Claimed By Two Girls.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—After having been locked in a cell in the county jail on the day set for his wedding at the instigation of a girl who wanted to be the bride, Stanislaus Kabat, of 4 Lessing street, finally succeeded in selecting a wife.

He was married to Miss Mary Gala, of 248 West Chicago avenue. The girl who wanted him for a husband and who caused his arrest was Miss Rozella Mika, of 101 Cornell street. The wedding occurred after the case against Kabat had been continued by Justice La Buy.

Kabat and Miss Gala have been in love since they were children in Austria. The affair between the young man and Miss Mika began some time after he came to this country and took up his residence in Chicago.

Kabat was attentive to both, it is said, and each believed she had an undisputed claim to his affections. Some time ago it was arranged that Kabat and Miss Gala should be married. The event was announced in Polish Catholic church circles and the day was set, but at the appointed hour he was a prisoner in the county jail. The Mika girl had grown tired of waiting for him to claim her hand and caused his arrest.

No one knew where Kabat was and his failure to appear on the wedding day caused much excitement. The police were asked to look for him, and after diligent search found him in a cell. He had been unable to furnish bonds when taken before Justice La Buy and was committed to jail.

When the case came up before Justice La Buy both young women were on hand. Miss Mika to press her legal claims against Kabat and Miss Gala looking for an opening to gain possession of her affianced husband. They smiled at each other and both smiled upon Kabat. The contest for a husband had not affected their friendship.

Justice La Buy heard a portion of the testimony and then decided to continue the case until next day. Prison bars again stared the much-sought-after young man in the face. He had no bondsman, and it was this fact that put the winning card into Miss Gala's hand. She hurried away and came back prepared to give bail for the young man.

Kabat was released, and while the Mika girl was on her way home rejoicing, Kabat led the rival girl before a clergyman and they were married. Now, Kabat says, he will be in position to defy the girl who is prosecuting him.

Romance has followed Kabat and his bride since they were boy and girl in Austria. They were lovers as children, but the girl's father was wealthy, while the parents of Kabat were poor, and the match was opposed. They wanted to elope, but Kabat had no money.

As a last resort the young woman obtained from her father money enough to pay for passage to America, and two years ago she arrived in Chicago. Then she set to work to earn the necessary money to bring Kabat here. She worked and saved and finally bought railroad and steamship tickets for Kabat, who at once crossed the water.

The first thing Kabat did after securing a position, it is said, was to say sweet things to Rozella Mika. That is why he was in jail on his wedding day.

A BROKEN HEART.

Annie Bannon Fails to Survive Husband's Disgrace.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—A convicted thief stood over a coffin in a flat at 1928 Archer street Wednesday and realized, as he looked at the face within, that a woman had died of grief.

"I was the cause of it—I know it," the man said. "She was too good for me—and she died of a broken heart.'

James Bannon for thirteen years was a clerk in the freight offices of the Wabash railway. Then he began stealing and was detected by the company's detectives.

Annie Bannon, his wife, would not believe in her husband's guilt, even after he had confessed and thrown himself on the mercy of the court. When he was sentenced to a year in the house of correction the woman still clung to the hope that there was some mistake.

Then, when the truth dawned on her suddenly, Mrs. Bannon collapsed, and a week ago there followed a fever, during which her husband's name was always on her lips. A few hours of the fever and then she died.

A Prominent Chicago Woman Speaks.

Prof. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, Vice-President Illinois Woman's Alliance, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but I seemed to grow worse and the medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I found it was pleasant to take and it relieved me at once. I am now entirely recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering, and I will never be without this splendid medicine again." For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Big Snap in Acres

320 acres of good land near the city, on good roads, will be sold at a sacrifice.

GEO. H. CROSBY,

106-7-8 Providence Building.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN LANDS ARE just beginning to move. I offer 997 acres of good farming land, close to railroad, and covered with 500,000 hemlock and 6000 cords of hardwood, besides considerable pine and cedar. Price, $2.50 per acre. B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

ONE OF THE VERY BEST SECTIONS of land in Carlton county is for sale at $6 per acre. No other land around it can be bought for less than $7.50 per acre. First class soil. No stone. Pine creek runs through. Only two and one-half miles from railroad. Would make fine stock farm. Terms $2 per acre cash, balance $1 per acre per year at 6 per cent. B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

40-ACRE TRACTS IN CARLTON COUNty. Good soil, easily cleared, and in well settled neighborhood, $5 per acre, easy terms. For sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

THIRD STREET AND LAKE AVENUE building lot, 25, 50 or 100 feet front, very cheap. Other improved and unimproved central properties. A. A. Mandenhall, 313 Lonsdale building.

LAST CHANGE!

$1200 takes 50 feet on First street, near Ninth avenue east.

$2200 Takes 8-room house in East End.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Bldg.

IF YOU WANT

To dispose of your property quickly call in, telephone or write us. We will pay the highest cash market price—no delay.

T.W. WAHL & CO.

Phone 439. Incorporated. 201 Exchange Bldg

ODELL

To Support Black If Platt Quits Senate.

New York, Jan. 10.—Governor Odell consulted with former Governor Frank S. Black as to the United States senatorship before Mr. Black talked with Mr. Platt on the subject the other day. Governor Odell assured Mr. Black of his hearty support, if Mr. Platt was not a candidate, and Governor Odell also told Mr. Black that his candidacy would undoubtedly receive the support of a great many Republicans at Albany.

Governor Odell, however, made it plain to Mr. Black that if Mr. Platt desired re-election he, the governor, and all of his friends, would stand by Mr. Platt.

While Governor Odell and Lieutenant Governor Woodruff are friendly, it is well known that Mr. Woodruff desires to go to the United States senate, provided that Mr. Platt does not desire a re-election. The friends of Mr. Woodruff said today they would put up a good fight for him. Mr. Black's friends said they believed that, if it came to a "show down," they could beat the Brooklyn man.

TO PLAY PELOTA.

Spanish Game to Be Introduced In New York.

New York, Jan. 10.—The Spanish game, Pelota, is to be introduced in New York, where it is expected to become popular, and to this end a syndicate, composed chiefly of Havana capitalists, has secured a block near Central park on which a building is to be erected to be devoted to the game. The proposed expenditure, it is said, is $400,000 on the court and arena.

AFTER CRUISERS.

Chilian Officer Will Take Charge of New Vessels.

New York, Jan. 10.—Among the passengers who arrived on the Orizaba from Colon this morning, was Commander L. A. Martinez, of the Chilian navy. He is enroute for England, where he will take charge of two new cruisers and two new torpedo boats now completed there. Six hundred men to man these war vessels sail from Colon today for Southampton, per the royal mail steam packet.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County.—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock now on sale. A limited amount for a limited time at 10 cents per share. Money to be used for development purposes. Offices, 318 Manhattan building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Two Absolute Snaps.

$600 Will buy lot 10, block 55, Endion division. Look this up and make us an offer.

$2500 Will buy fine seven-room house and lot on Ninth avenue east. Small amount of cash will handle it; balance in monthly payments.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

Seven-room house for rent, East End.
Five-room house for rent, West End.
Five-room house for rent, West End.

O. P. CRAIG & CO.,

103 Herald Building.

Real Estate, First Mortgage Loans and Fire Insurance.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—J. W. HARNEY, MACHINist; communicate with Spider Lake Lumber company.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON, female complaints. Private hospital 413 7th ave. E. 'Phone 1225.

TYPEWRITER FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NEW TYPEWRITER, cheap. Room 103 Manhattan building.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

SATIN-SKIN SPECIALTIES.

CLIMATIC CHANGES, WINDS, EXPOsures, demand the magical beautifiers; Satin Skin Cream and Satin Skin Powder, 25c.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901, 75c A BOTTLE, AT C. J. Tufte's drug store.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

We, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of the laws of Minnesota, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

Article I. The name of this corporation shall be "Board of Trade Livery Company." The general nature of the business of this corporation shall be to conduct a general livery business and boarding stable, to buy and sell horses, mules, vehicles of all kinds, hay, grain and other products, either for itself, or as agent for others; to manufacture, repair, sell and deal in all articles necessary or useful in the carrying on of any of the aforesaid business; to buy, own, hold, lease, mortgage, sell and convey all real estate necessary or convenient for any of the aforesaid purposes. The principal place where its business shall be transacted shall be Duluth, Minnesota.

Article II. The time of the commencement of said corporation shall be January 10, 1902, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

Article III. The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be ten thousand ($10,000) dollars, divided into one hundred (100) shares of the par value of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which may be issued and paid in in money or in other property, at such time, in such amounts, and in such manner, as the board of directors may determine.

Article IV. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of $5000.

Article V. The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Harry P. Thomas, James Sullivan and Charles P. Maginnis, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

Article VI. The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are: Harry P. Thomas, James Sullivan and Charles P. Maginnis; said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the offices of the corporation in Duluth, Minnesota, on the first Tuesday in July, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., the time of holding all subsequent annual meetings shall be fixed by the by-laws. The government of said corporation and the management of all of its affairs, shall be vested in a board of three (3) directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation and who shall be elected annually, at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers and perform such duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors in the by-laws, and who shall be elected by said directors at their first meeting, and thereafter at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders, unless otherwise prescribed by the by-laws: A president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 6th day of January, A. D. 1902.

HARRY P. THOMAS, (Seal.)
JAMES SULLIVAN, (Seal.)
CHARLES P. MAGINNIS (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of—
Francis W. Sullivan,
H. B. Fryberger.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. On this 7th day of January, 1902, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared Harry P. Thomas, James Sullivan and Charles P. Maginnis, to me known to be the persons described in, and who executed, the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed. Francis W. Sullivan, Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.

(Notarial Seal.)

Office of Register of Deeds, State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record January 8th, 1902, at 4:45 p. m., and was duly recorded in Book R. of Misc., page 161. A. Lofgren, Register of Deeds, by Thos. Clark, Deputy.

State of Minnesota, Department of State. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 9th day of January, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m. and was duly recorded in Book B. 3 of Incorporations, on page —. P. E. Hanson, Secretary of State.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

We will build a two-story store building between Second and Third avenues east on Superior street and lease for a term of years.

A 50-foot lot on Superior street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues west to lease for a term of years.

We have a seven room house in West Duluth, in good condition, and in a good location, that we can sell very cheap and on easy terms.

A seven-room house at Lester Park, good location and in good condition, can be sold cheap and on easy terms. Possession given at once.

For Rent—2101 East First street. Hot water heat and first class shape.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,

H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS BARGAIN, eight room house and 50-foot lot located 123 East Third street. House in good condition and well rented. Price right. Communicate with C. T. Seymour, 603 West First street, Duluth.

FOR SALE—SMALL SAFE. $20. CALL at once at 125 Seventh avenue west.

LOCAL STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT and sold. Address G 200, Herald.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of modern house; central; part time given if desired. W. 4, Herald.

FOR SALE—FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR restaurant, bakery and confectionary; trade already established; no speculation. F 59, Herald.

FOR SALE—LARGE "KING ARTHUR" round table, solid walnut; also sideboard to match, no mirror. Radiant Home heater, large size, good condition; Garland cook stove, water front in, six covers; oak dining table, cheap; bedroom suite, $5. Duluth Van company.

FOR SALE — BABY CARRIAGE. 15 First avenue west, upstairs.

CASH FOR YOUR BUSINESS OR REAL estate; no matter where it is. Send description and price.

DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
Albert L. Preston, Manager,
309-310 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE — BAY MARE, WEIGHT 1200 lbs. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE IN ROOM ON Superior street. Address J. 19, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE SET HEAVY BOBS and heavy harness, two cutters, four single harness, set light double harness, two huggies, two wagons, robes, blankets, etc., iron pump; also car load fresh milch cows, two fine Jerseys, 2012 West First street.

FOR SALE—THREE HORSES, THREE set of harness, two set of sleds, one dray wagon, two lumber wagons, at 1902 West First.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS; great number to select from, or will exchange for fat cattle. S. M. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows will arrive Nov. 20. Evan Johnson, 2608 West Helm street.

L. HAMMEL & CO. JUST RECEIVED forty head of the best logging horses ever brought to this city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

CARLTON COUNTY FARM LANDS for sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES!

Barrett & Zimmerman, Midway, St. Paul, Minn., have constantly on hand from 500 to 1000 head of all grades of horses. Part time given if desired. The finest lot of heavy logging horses ever brought into the Northwest can be seen at their stables.

HOTELS.

THE COMMERCIAL Segal & Witz, Proprietors.

228 Lake Avenue South.

Room and Board, $4.00 per week.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, made and delivered by Joseph Sellwood and Ophelia Sellwood, his wife, mortgagors, to John D. Miller, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of February, 1892, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of March, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 67 of Mortgages, on Page 257, which mortgage was duly assigned by said John D. Miller, Mortgagee, to The Rutland County National Bank of Rutland, Vermont, by written instrument, dated June 21st, 1897, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of January, 1902, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 189 of Mortgages, on Page 27.

There is claimed to be due and there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of twelve thousand three hundred and sixty dollars, failure to pay which constituting the default in said mortgage and made up as follows, to-wit: Principal, $9000; interest thereon, $2970.61; delinquent taxes for the years 1891, '92, '93, '94 and '95, paid by the Assignee of the Mortgagee on April 21st, 1899, $320.35; interest thereon, $69.04.

And whereas, no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover any part of the debt secured by said mortgage, except a certain action in the district court of St. Louis County, Minnesota, wherein John D. Miller was plaintiff and Joseph Sellwood was defendant, wherein judgment was rendered and docketed on April 23rd, 1902, and execution thereupon duly issued and thereafter duly returned wholly unsatisfied.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein mortgaged and described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

An undivided three-fifths interest in the south half (s½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of section fourteen (14), in township fifty (50) north of range fourteen (14) west.

Which premises will be sold by the Sheriff of said County at the front door of the County Court House, in Duluth, Minnesota, on Monday, the 24th day of February, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, including taxes so paid as aforesaid, and one hundred dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated January 10th, 1902.

THE RUTLAND COUNTY NATIONAL BANK OF RUTLAND, VERMONT,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald Jan. 10-17-24-31, Feb. 7-14, 1902.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK. 1211 East First street.

NURSE GIRL WANTED AT 1102 EAST First street.

NURSE WOMAN WANTED AT CHILDren's home. 1730 East Superior street.

WANTED—AN ELDERLY WOMAN TO take care of children and do the housework. Address 504 West Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO HELP WITH housework. Apply 230 Fourteenth avenue east.

BRIGHT NURSE GIRL FOR CHILdren. 1102 East First street.

CLIMATIC CHANGES, WINDS, EXPOsures, demand the magical beautifiers; Satin Skin Cream and Satin Skin Powder. 25c.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with general housework. 316 East Second street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Call at 117 West Third street.

INSTRUCTORS AND SOLICITORS wanted for Schutz German Compounds. 207 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER AT 230 LAKE avenue south.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply 222 Third avenue west.

MS. P. H. KIELY, EMPLOYMENT OFfice, 225 East Superior street. Phone 892.

WANTED—A COMPETENT SECOND girl. 2001 East First street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.

All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544, Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—A BOOKKEEPER. APPLIcations will be received from active young men aged from 20 to 25 years. In their application must state age, nationality, place of birth, name and residence of father, school from which graduated, experience in bookkeeping. In fact give a little history of their life. Also give references. Address Manager, B. X. Co., care Herald.

WANTED — MACHINISTS, CAR REpairers and cabinet makers; good wages; steady work. Apply A. C. S., Hotel McKay, between 8 and 10 p. m.

WANTED—A RAPID, ABLE BOOKkeeper or bill clerk, with first-class recommendations; also a stenographer. R. M. & Co., Herald.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SOLICITOR at once. Address E 59, Herald.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED GROcery salesman. Address E 60, Herald.

SPLENDID WAGES PAID MEN WHO learn the barber trade with us. Facilities offered that cannot be had elsewhere. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—AT ONCE, FOUR GOOD moulders; wages $3 per day, with steady work. No trouble. Carroll foundry, Houghton, Mich.

WANTED—AGENTS.

PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first rate, and at the end of the season $20.00 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—$5 WILL BUY A GOOD overcoat. Will give a young man another overcoat that helps to support a widowed mother. Address J 30, Herald.

FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER DESIRES work in families or at home; also plain sewing; perfect fit guaranteed. Call No. 616 East Fourth street; basement flat.

COMPETENT SWEDISH GIRL WANTS to do housework in English family. Address 314 Twentieth avenue west, Postor's residence.

WANTED—ROOMS AND OFFICES TO take care of. W 11, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS SEWING BY THE day in dressmaker's shop. Address W 10, Herald.

RESPECTABLE LADY WISHES POSITION as housekeeper or nurse for invalid. Can give references if necessary. Address W 12, Herald.

EXPERIENCED LAUNDRESS WOULD like two more steady places. Mrs. S. P. Torm, 1117 Dodge street, Lakeside.

WANTED — SITUATION BY MAN OF 22, with good character, would like some kind of an indoor job. Adress V. L., Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION—A MAN OF 35 with some experience, would like position as janitor or watchman. Address D. K., Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY AN ALLaround printer; can feed also cylinder press. Will go out of town if necessary. Address F. L., care of Herald.

A YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE A place to take care of a child or to help with general housework. Call or address 225 East Superior street. 'Phone 892.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT. TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

ANCHOR RESTAURANT. FURNISHED complete. Inquire of S. Selleck.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE. Cooley & Underhill.

SMALL HOUSE FOR RENT. APPLY 1124 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED SEVENroom house, good location; modern conveniences. H. S., Herald.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, $10, at 901 West Fourth street. Inquire 532 West Third.

FOR RENT — 2217 WEST TENTH street, six rooms; low rent; will repair for responsible tenant. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows' building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

PLEASANT FURNISHED SITTING room and bedroom, suitable for light housekeeping. Very reasonable. 1109 East Fifth street.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM SUITAble for one or two gentlemen. 504 East First street.

LARGE FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM for light housekeeping. Apply "A.," Lowell block.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 503 West First street.

CHOICE OF TWO PLEASANT ROOMS, suitable for married people or two ladies. Apply 2 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT — OFFICE, 417 LONSDALE, $10. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT — PARLOR, ALSO FRONT room, suitable for two gentlemen. 29 West Second street.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms with modern conveniencies. 211 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. 119 West First street.

SEVEN ROOMS FOR RENT, $15.00 524 Lake avenue north.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FRONT ROOM 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — WELL FURNISHED rooms; bath, furnace, electric lights. 720 West First street.

ROOMS—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished for light housekeeping. All conveniences. A. Emmons, 206 Lake avenue south.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FIVE ROOM FLAT, $18. ALL MODERN conveniences. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS. $11 up. Inquire 718 West Fifth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM IN PRIVATE family; lady preferred; every convenience. 13 East Fourth street, upstairs.

ROOM AND BOARD. FURNACE HEAT. 526 West First street.

ROOM AND BOARD. 823 EAST THIRD street.

GOOD ROOM AND BOARD AT 320 WEST Second street. E. Havsted.

ROOMS AND BOARD, BATH, ETC. 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board for two. 228 Second avenue west.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMily by man and wife; references furnished. Address E. 42, Herald.

FINANCIAL.

DO YOU NEED MONEY? If you number of small bills that are being crowded for payment, we will advance you enough money to pay them all up, leaving you owing only us, which you can arrange to pay back in weekly or monthly payments. We advance this money to people holding permanent positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock or on any kind of security. Courteous treatment and all business absolutely confidential.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmond, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Superior St. Established 1895.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 765-5.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of nine hundred and fifty-two dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at this date, upon a certain mortgage made by Casper Henry Truelsen and Henriette D. Truelsen, his wife, mortgagors, to H. P. Pettengill, mortgagee, bearing date September 27th, 1892, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 1st day of October, 1892, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 103 of mortgages on page 167. And no action or proceeding having been instituted to recover any part of the debt secured by said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein mortgaged and described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots numbered sixty-five (65), sixty-seven (67) and sixty-nine (69), on Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 24th day of February, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated January 9th, 1902.

H. P. PETTENGILL,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan-10-17-24-31-Feb-7-14-1902.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 20, 1902. Work, Third degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting Jan. 13, 1902. Work, Third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, M. M. P. M. M. E. M. Jan. 22, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Jan. 14, 1902. Work, Red Cross degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, Frank Crassweller, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2 meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huitquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m. at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wilfred Harris, sachem; U. G. Holloway, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. George Dion, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Special election of officers Jan. 7 to fill vacancies, and to prepare for public installation of officers Jan. 14. G. H. Prudden, C. G.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twenty-first avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2. Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2296, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 66, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter' hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall; James Kelly, treasurer, Union depot.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn.Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf ...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta...Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron.Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing .Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
*12 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
†Daily	‡Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
‡3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	‡12 58 am

Sleeper for 11:00 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. L. J. KITCHELL, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**6 00 pm

18 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEOTION 1. Pages 1 to 10

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1902. TWO CENTS.

QUIETLY LYNCHED

Mob Makes No Fuss In Hanging Negro Rapist.

Fiend Strung Up to a Tree In the School Yard.

Springfield, Ky., Jan. 11.—Jim Mays, a negro, charged with assaulting Lulu Jeans, the daughter of Joseph Jeans, one of the most prominent farmers in this county, was taken from the jail by a mob at about 2 o'clock this morning and hanged to a tree in the high school yard. The mob came into town quietly and after arousing Jailer Catlett, demanded the keys to the jail. Their request was refused and they began to hammer the locks on the jail doors. It took but a few moments to obtain an entrance to the prison, where they found Mays in his cell begging the other prisoners to protect him. The mob's work was quietly done, and but few words were spoken by the leaders while they were at the jail. They seemed determined to get their man.

Only the jailer and two or three others knew anything about the coming of the mob until this morning. It is not known in what direction the men departed, nor are any of them known to the officials. The negro's body was cut down this morning and an inquest held by the coroner.

Mays was arrested and brought here Wednesday. Miss Jeans was returning home from a neighbor's and was attacked by him. Her screams brought two of her brothers to her rescue, who captured Mays. They were prevented from killing him only by the arrival of some farmers, who turned the negro over to a constable.

TERMINAL FOR B., C. R. & N.

Railroad Secures Ten Acres In West St. Paul and Will Construct Freight Houses and Other Buildings Thereon.

St. Paul, Jan. 11.—The Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern railway has purchased a tract of land of about ten acres on the river front in West St. Paul reaching from the end of the Robert street bridge to the proposed bridge at State street, which will extend across the river to the Union depot. It extends along the river about 850 feet and is about 350 feet wide. On this tract will be constructed freight houses and terminals. The work of the engineers in developing the site will begin next Wednesday, and it will be pushed to a conclusion as soon as the weather will permit. In the meantime four lines of railroad will be surveyed to South St. Paul over different routes. Each will be about five miles long. The surveys will be made in order to give the railroad a choice in securing a right-of-way.

PANAMA CANAL OFFER

Lampre and Others Are Subpoenaed By the Canal Committee of the Senate to Furnish Information.

Washington, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—There will be several sensational developments in the Panama canal matter within the next few days. Senator Morgan is determined to get all the facts of the offer of the Panama company to sell its interests for $40,000,000, and in order that he may have the information which he desires in the form of oath-bound statements, he has taken the precaution to subpoena Mr. Lampre and others interested, and their testimony will be taken by the canal committee of the senate, which meets for the purpose today.

In taking this course, Senator Morgan has somewhat disarranged the plans of the president. President Roosevelt had a recent talk with Admiral Walker, which has resulted in the summoning of the commission to meet immediately for the purpose of considering the offer of the French people. The commission is likely to assemble within a day or two, and until a supplemental report is submitted by that body it is unlikely that any action will be taken in the senate upon the bill which passed the house almost unanimously on Thursday.

BANK CLOSES ITS DOORS

The Peoples' Bank at Painesville, O, Connected With the Euclid Trust Company at Cleveland, Has Suspended.

Painesville, Ohio, Jan.—The People's bank of this city closed its doors today on account of the suspension of the Euclid Avenue Trust and Savings company, of Cleveland. Dr. H. C. Brainard is vice president and C. H. Stewart, a director of the local bank. A big run was expected this morning which it was thought would be impossible to meet. The assignment was made to Harley Barnes, vice president of the Pioneer Trust company of this city. No statement of assets or liabilities has yet been made.

A statement issued by the bank Oct. 1 last showed its total resources to be $220,640; capital stock paid in, $50,000; individual deposits, $173,640; undivided profits, $7000. G. G. Grant, one of the directors of the bank, made the following statement today:

"There is no reason why the bank should not pay every dollar. This bank was run independent of the Cleveland bank, and its securities are independent. It is impossible to realize quickly on securities on account of close connections, but we have less than $500 with the Cleveland bank."

A MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

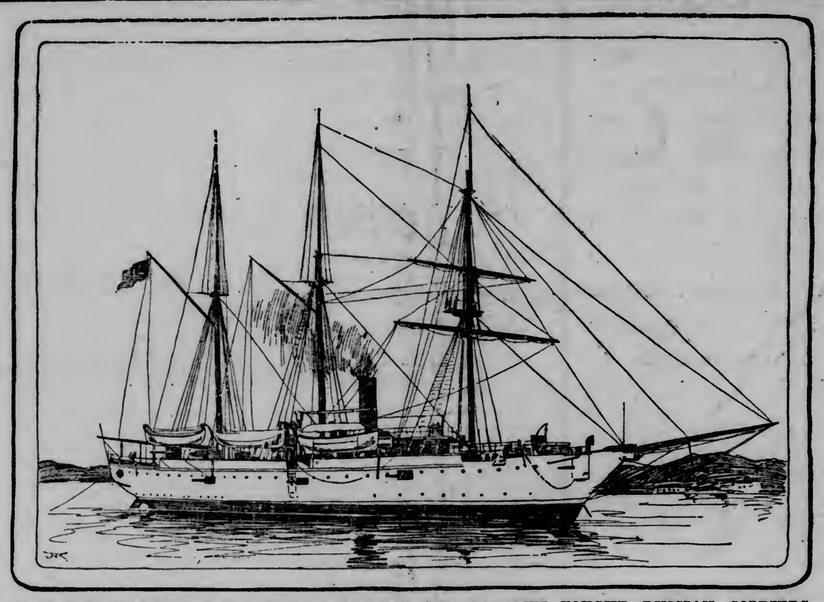
Tacoma, Jan. 11.—Seldom, if ever, does maritime history record a more thrilling experience or a more miraculous escape from certain destruction than which was encountered by the three-masted British bark Caithennesshire, Capt. Furneaux, which arrived yesterday. While struggling to keep off the rocky Vancouver shore last Tuesday night, the vessel lost both anchors and 200 fathoms of chain. The helpless bark was being driven by a furious wind and heavy sea straight into shoaling water and so certain were the skipper and crew of her fate that the small boats were lowered and hurried preparations made to take to them.

Almost within an instant, however, the wind shifted and began to blow from the opposite direction. Sail was clapped on to the vessel and she was carried clear of the shore, anchorless but safe. Seldom do such escapes occur.

"It was a miracle," said Capt. Furneaux, "and but for the miracle she would be piled up on the Vancouver shore instead of being safely in harbor."

JAPANESE ARE CALLED OUT

San Francisco, Jan. 11.—Twenty-six Japanese mechanics, who have been working at the Union Iron works filling the places of some of the American iron workers who are on strike for a shorter work day, have been called out and have quit work. The Japanese were ordered out by the officers of the Japanese association of America, an organization with which all the residents of that nationality are affiliated. This action was brought about through the efforts of the chief iron trades' council.



THE GUNBOAT VICKSBURG, WHOSE SAILORS AND MARINES FOUGHT RUSSIAN SOLDIERS.

There have been several clashes between Russian soldiers and the sailors and marines of the United States gunboat Vicksburg at Newchwang, China. At least one Russian soldier was wounded. Russia has complained to Minister Conger at Peking, and Commander Barry of the Vicksburg has been asked to send all the facts in the case to the state department and to use every effort to prevent further collisions.

WIRELESS

System May Have Serious Effect on Submarine Cables.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The effect of wireless telegraphy on the future of the submarine cable was developed to some extent today by the house committee on commerce in connection with the hearing on the proposed Pacific cable. Vice President Ward of the Pacific Commercial Cable company, replying to questions asked by Chairman Hepburn as to the effect of wireless telegraphy on the submarine cable, said that the new system presented a serious question. He was not certain that the Pacific cable project would have been undertaken if the long distance experiments had occurred earlier. As to the claims that wireless signals had been conveyed 200 miles across the Atlantic, Mr. Ward said that if the claims were good they would deter people from laying any more cables. When asked as to the effect thus far on the cable business, Mr. Ward said that it had depressed cable interests.

Mr. Stewart wanted to know if the "cable companies had not chased Marconi out of Canada," to which Mr. Ward answered that he believed the cable companies had insisted upon certain exclusive rights they held.

FREE TRADE.

President Schurman Says the Philippines Should Have It.

Ithaca, N. Y., Jan. 11.—President Schurman today delivered the annual address in commemoration of Founder's day. His subject was "The Outlook in the Philippines." He reviewed briefly the work of the first Philippine commission and then turned his attention to the recent report of the Taft commission. His opinion as to the policy recommended therein concurred in general, but on several points he took issue. Mr. Schurman recommended free trade with the islands and said there was no reason why they, any more than Porto Rico, should have tariff burdens. He advocated re-adjustment of suffrage qualifications. Knowledge of Spanish, he said, ought not to be a test, while the amount of the property qualification should be materially reduced.

DEVERY

Has Former Officials Cited to Appear In Court.

New York, Jan. 11.—William S. Devery, former deputy commissioner of police of this city, obtained from the supreme court today orders for former Comptroller Coler, former Police Commissioner Murphy and Civil Service Commissioner Knox, directing them to show cause on Monday why writs of mandamus should not issue against them and their successors in office. The writs of mandamus referred to were orders to reinstate Devery as chief of police and pay him back salary as such. Devery insisted that his removal from office as chief of police about a year ago by abolishing the office was unconstitutional, and he refused to accept pay as deputy commissioner.

MARINES

Who Went Ashore at Colon Had Little To Do.

New York, Jan. 11.—Lieut. Commander McCrea, commander of the gunboat Machias, which was at Colon during the uprising in Colombia, speaking in this city of the landing of the marines to protect American interests, said:

"Our blue jackets went ashore on Nov. 19. Their orders were to protect American property from the rabble which swarmed into the city after its capture by the rebels. At no time were our men fired upon, and all they did was to make a few arrests. I don't believe the country will be quiet for some time to come. The government does not seem to be considerate of the wishes of the people."

DR. ANTHONY RELEASED

American Physician Who Was Tried For Treason In South Africa Was Trapped Into Giving His Brother-in-Law Clothing.

Washington, Jan. 11.—A cablegram received at the state department from United States Consul General Bigham, at Capetown, announces the acquittal and release of Dr. Richard S. Anthony, who has been on trial there on a charge of high treason and aiding the enemy. Anthony is an American citizen, but has lived for some time in South Africa, where he married a Boer woman. Mrs. Anthony is at present in San Francisco.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Mrs. Crissie Wessels Anthony, wife of Dr. Anthony, who has been acquitted of the charge of high treason in South Africa, received the news of her husband's release today with every evidence of joy. Mrs. Anthony is stopping at a local hotel, while her children are with relatives in San Francisco. Dr. Anthony being a citizen of that city. She gave the following explanation of the manner in which her husband got into trouble with the British:

"I have two brothers in the Boer army and am an Afrikander myself. This fact was used to get Dr. Anthony into difficulties. A man came to my husband and told him that my younger brother, Matthew, was hiding in the bushes nearby and in great need of clothing. He fell readily into the trap and gave the boy clothing. Meanwhile the man who had brought the appeal to him hastened to the authorities and accused him of high treason. Hearing of the arrest, I secured the aid of Secretary of State Hay, who cabled the United States consul at Cape Town to see that my husband had a fair trial. I am overjoyed at the outcome of the trial."

TO WORK IN THE YARDS

The Engineer of the New York Central Train Wrecked In the Tunnel Is to Be Given a Life Position.

New York, Jan. 11.—Engineer John M. Wisker, who was arrested after Wednesday's accident in the New York Central tunnel, was reported today to be in better mental and physical condition than he had been at any time since the wreck. The news that bail would be accepted, and that he probably would be able to leave the Tombs today cheered him very much.

C. C. Paulding, of the law department of the New York Central and a nephew of Senator Depew, called at the coroner's office and expressed his desire to go bail for Wisker. The coroner said last night that he would not accept bail from the New York Central. Mr. Paulding said it was the intention of the company to give Wisker a life position in the yards, and that he would enter upon his new duties as soon as the coroner released him.

All of the injured were reported today to be doing as well as could be expected.

Later in the day Wisker was released under $10,000 bonds furnished by a surety company at the request of the New York Central railroad. District Attorney Jerome, an assistant and Railroad Commissioners Baker and Cole had a consultation today. At its close the district attorney said that on Tuesday next the examination of witnesses would be resumed. At that time, he said, some further information might be made public.

A REGULAR OCCURRENCE

The Postoffice at Short Hills, N. J., Has Been Burglarized For the Sixth Time In as Many Years.

New York, Jan. 11.—For the sixth time in as many years the postoffice at Short Hills, N. J., was entered by robbers early today. They got into the outer safe by the use of dynamite, but failed to open the inner safe, so that all they secured was $10, which was in a drawer in the office, and some stamps. In the inner safe were $600 in money and a number of registered letters.

Every time the postoffice has been robbed the robbery occurred in the same manner. This time they broke open a tool box, which stands beside the Lackawanna railroad tracks, and got a hammer and heavy iron bar. They knocked off the combination of the safe, and inserting a charge of dynamite, blew off the outside door of the safe.

EXPLODED A FEW BOMBS

Venezuelan Revolutionists Set Off Several In Different Parts of Caracas Without Doing Any Damage In Particular.

Willemstad, Island of Curacoa, Jan. 11.—(Via Haytien cable.)— Dispatches received here from Caracas, Vex., announce that a bomb was exploded Tuesday last before the house of Senor Tello Mendoza, the minister of finance, and other bombs were exploded in different parts of Caracas. The situation is unchanged. The success of the revolution depends entirely upon the results of the landing of the adherents of Gen. Matos.

Managua, Nick, Jan. 11.—(Via Galveston.)—The government of Nicaragua has arrested Gen. Vasquez, the former president of Honduras, on board the South American Steamship company's steamer Tucapel. The general is charged with attempting to excite a revolution in Central America against President Zelaya of Nicaragua, who drove Gen. Vasquez from the presidency of Honduras in 1894 for the same offense.

A HUMAN SACRIFICE

Indians Kill Medicine Man to Satisfy Spirit.

Expiated Sins of Tribe According to Laws.

Denver, Jan. 11.—A News special from Phoenix, Ariz., says: "Padre," a big medicine man of the Yuma Indians, who lives on a reservation near Yuma, Ariz., has been offered as a sacrifice to the spirit, in accordance with customs, and has expiated the sins of the tribe, which are held responsible for an epidemic of smallpox. The medicine man divined the Indians' plans several days ago and fled to the mountains, but in a half starved condition wandered back to the Indian village and pleaded for mercy. He was promptly bound hand and foot and conveyed by a delegation of Indians to Mexico, where he was bound to a tree and cruelly tortured to death.

"Padre" had a warm place in the hearts of his tribesmen, but their customs required them to make a heavy sacrifice.

WAS WARNED TO DESIST

Labor Organizer Was Told to Stop Organizing Negroes at Mendrau, Miss., Or He Would Be Driven From Town.

Meridian, Miss., Jan. 11.—F. Seeley, of St. Louis, a general organizer for the American Federation of Labor, has been compelled to seace his efforts to organize negro laborers of Meridian into local unions. Seeley began his work here last week organizing whites and negroes into separate unions. When his purpose became known he was waited upon by a prominent railroad man, who handed him a written warning to desist. The warning was signed by the mayor and seventy-one prominent business men. Seeley was told plainly that if he persisted in organizing the negroes into labor unions he would be compelled to leave town. He accepted the warning and is now working among the whites only. Referring to the matter today, he said:

"I have been traveling in the Southern states eleven weeks, and this is the first time I have run up against anything of this kind. In Memphis, Little Rock, Jonesboro and Vicksburg I organized unions composed wholly of negroes. They worked as carpenters, barbers, cooks and waiters. In no place was there any objection of the kind raised. The American Federation of Labor has strongly indorsed the idea of the negroes being organized. It is our plan to assist the blacks in bettering their conditions. So long as kind, they will be forced to accept low wages with miserable treatment. This will ultimately result in the white men getting the same sort of a deal. So to protect ourselves we want to raise the negro to better conditions. I am not prepared to say just what course I shall pursue, but I believe the negroes will be well organized here before long."

HAD ROMANTIC CAREER

Death of Mme. Adele Preveau Ends Existence of Once Popular Woman Who Passed Away In Hovel of Colored Friend.

New York, Jan. 11.—The death of Mme. Adele Preveau, which occurred last night in a miserable shelter which she called her home, ends a career of romance and misery. She was born near Paris, 72 years ago, and early in life married the Count De Doreau, at that time well-known and high in official favor. A dispute in a famous Paris club over a gambling debt resulted in a duel, and the count was killed. The young widow married Henri Preveau, who came to this country to live. They moved in the highest circles in Washington and were received in the diplomatic sets. Later Mr. Preveau came to New York. It was here that he died.

His widow inherited from him considerable property, but the funds disappeared in time, and the old lady, driven to the last resort of poverty, made application to a poor house. From this she was taken by a negro woman, and it was in the house of this woman that she died.

CANNOT TRANSPORT THEM

New Orleans, Jan. 11.—Capt. De Velliers of the Boer army, who is in this city, is in a receipt of a letter from H. C. Arnold, of Bloomington, Ill., declaring that he has organized in Illinois a company of young men, all of whom served in the United States during the recent trouble with Spain, who are anxious to serve with the Boers in South Africa, and who wants to know if Capt. De Velliers can make any arrangements for their transportation there.

Capt. De Velliers replies that it is impossible to get the men to Africa, although he has received numerous offers of this kind.

AVERSION

To Secret Societies Not Unnatural--- Bissell's Will Stands.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 11.—The supreme court has handed down an opinion upholding the will of William C. Bissell, who died four years ago, aged 80, leaving the bulk of his estate of $25,000 as a trust fund for the National Christian association of Chicago, a society which is said to have as its object the disruption of all secret societies. Mr. Bissell made provision for his widow and gave small sums to nephews and nieces. The latter began a contest, asserting that he was incapable of properly dividing his property. The court holds that Mr. Bissell's aversion to secret societies is not unnatural or uncommon, nor is it evidence of an unsound mind.

GROOM OF A DAY

Will Die as the Result of an Operation.

New York, Jan. 11.—John F. Pidcock, president of the Georgia Northern railroad, who underwent a surgical operation at Whitehouse, N. J., about three months ago was very weak today and his physicians said death was expected at any moment. Complications, one of which was dropsy, followed the surgical operation and hope of recovery was abandoned several weeks ago. Mr. Pidcock was married on the day of the operation.

TREATY APPROVED.

Santiago de Chili, Jan. 11.—(Via Galveston).—The extraordinary treaty between Chili and the United States has been approved by the Chilian congress.

BASEBALL.

National Board of Arbitration Holds Important Meeting.

New York, Jan. 11.—The national board of arbitration held a meeting in this city last night. This is the governing body of the minor baseball leagues of America. Those present were B. T. Powers, president of the National Association of Professional Baseball leagues; N. M. Sexton, president of the Three X league; L. M. Farrell, of the New York state league; J. T. Rourke, of the Connecticut league, and T. H. Murnane, of the New England league. Authority was given for the fixing of the sale limits of the league. At a meeting of the Western league in Kansas City next week, Powers, Farrel and Sexton will be in attendance according to a decision arrived at last night and will then deal with the questions affecting the fight between the Western league and the American association.

IS DYING.

German Actress Cannot Survive Surgical Operation.

New York, Jan. 11.—Fraulein Kathe Brandt, a grandniece of Richard Wagner and a member of Herr Conreid's Irving Place Stock company, who came here lately from Berlin, submitted to an operation for appendicitis at a private hospital in this city and it is feared is dying.

Fraulein Brandt was born in Berlin, where her father is prominently connected with the Hof theater. Her granduncle was Richard Wagner, the composer. She was a member of the stock company at the Hof theater in Wiesbaden during the season of 1900-1901.

RUG AND CARPET SALE.



There is no argument half so convincing as the evidence of your own eyes, therefore, we ask you to call at our store and we will convince you that we are offering the biggest values in House Furnishings, Women's, Men's and Boys' Clothing ever offered in Duluth. We will be glad to make you better acquainted with our Credit plan and explain wherein it differs from other systems and how inexpensive and satisfactory you can make this your buying headquarters. Your convenience as to payments is always consulted. You are perfectly safe in your dealing with us as we guarantee everything we sell regardless of cost.

Gately Supply Co.,

Open Saturday Evening 'Till 10:30. 8 East Superior Street.

A PASTOR RESIGNS

Rev. Bower Reynolds Patrick Has Announced His Withdrawal.

Has Been Pastor of First Baptist Church Since 1897.

Is Applicant For Appointment as Chaplain In the Navy.

Rev. Bower Reynolds Patrick, pastor of the First Baptist church, has resigned. He may be appointed a chaplain in the United States navy, having presented an application.

However, the congregation has not accepted the resignation. It is being considered by a special committee and will come up for formal action at a meeting of the congregation next Thursday evening.

The news of Rev. Patrick's resignation was received with expressions of regret in church circles throughout the city. He came to Duluth in the summer of 1897 and is regarded as one of the ablest ministers in the city.

The congregation was surprised to receive his resignation at the annual church business meeting held on Thursday night. At that meeting L. D. Campbell and W. W. Hanna were elected deacons, Mr. Smeed was chosen as a member of the board of trustees and A. Bousfield, church clerk.

W. B. Patton was re-elected superintendent of the Sabbath school. He has been the superintendent for the past fifteen years and his re-election was an occasion for congratulation on the success of the school work in that long period.

Surprise Party.

A pleasant surprise party was given by the United Social club in honor of Miss Lena Aune and Miss Jeanette Adams at Miss Aune's home last Monday evening. Those present were: Misses Edith Schaller, Edna Schaller, Louise Lowe, Ida Shearer, Lena Aune, Jeanette Adams, Carrie Schmaltz, Blanche Clayton, Lucy Aune, Genevieve Ives, Anna Harper, Lizzie Morton, Alma Aune, Lottie Potter, Merita Davis, Anna Peterson, Kolla Aune, Katherine Callahan, Hazel Hopkins, Jessie Preston, Emma Aune, Cora Schaffer and Lillie Dyser.

Messrs. Harry Merritt, Harry Potter, John Clayton, August Knutson, Orlando Olso, Edwin Preston, James Callahan, Edward Olson, John Adams, Eddie Miller, Frank Pardis, Roe McKenzie, Harrison Hanson, James Tusch, James Heart, Arthur Smythe, Clifford Dennis, Franklin Scoble, Norman Lamont, Harry Kelly, Martin Madison, Wilson Peer and George Farrington.

Macleod-Nesbitt.

The marriage of Miss Mary Macleod and Samuel Nesbitt took place last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Guthrie, 1207 East Fourth street. The ceremony was performed by Dr. T. H. Cleland, pastor of the First Presbyterian church. It was a very quiet wedding, only immediate relatives being present. The bride is a sister of Mrs. Guthrie. Mr. and Mrs. Nesbitt will make their home at 1031 East Third street.

A Pleasant Party.

Mrs. Mande Kimerer, of Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street, entertained Friday evening in honor of her friends, the Misses Selma and Hilda Ohman, of Staples, Minn., who are visiting her for a few days. The young people enjoyed themselves for a few hours with music and games. Those present were: Misses Selma Ohman, Hilda Ohman, Edna Stevenson, Ottlie Briggs, Zella Le Clare, Lillian Oppel, Adalia Oppel. Messrs. P. Stevenson, A. Schlack, G. Stevenson, E. Miller.

A Surprise Party.

A delightful surprise party was given Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Larson, of Bay View Heights, by their many friends Saturday evening. They were presented with a handsome iron clock and a beautiful silver tea set. The evening was spent in games and dancing. Light refreshments were served. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames: Andy Flemming, Clausen, Olbell, A. Larson, Martin, Sanders, D. Nesbet, J. Bethune.

Mesdames: C. C. Christie, Nolan.

Misses: Dorothy Tvedt, Mary Bert, Ida Miller, Mamie Clausen, Tillie Goodwin, Hilda Ramstaed, Belle Tvedt, Hildagarde Miller, Pearl Nolan, Jennie Miller, Birdie Hankenson, Jane St. Arnard, Mary Bell Bethune, Sadie Larson, Margaret Cameron, Georgia Miller, Jennie Loken, Magdalene Wenberg, Bertha Pinney, Magdalene Flemming, Gena Loken, Mary St. Arnard.

Messrs.: Nels Goodwin, Alexander Cameron, Charles Kitchen, C. Olson, Molitor, August Miller, Harry Larson, John Goodwin, Alexander Bethune, Charles Andrews, Herman Martin, Harry Sanders, Allan Clausen, Paul Neuman, Bert Collins.

GRAND

Political Debate

ARMORY, Monday, Jan. 13, by prominent speakers, such as Bede, Caton and Stewart. Don't miss these contests, as they will be interesting and instructive. Tickets at Chamberlain & Taylor's and Smith Drug store.

PAYNE

New Postmaster-General Has Started For Washington.

Milwaukee, Jan. 11.—Postmaster General Henry C. Payne, Mrs. Payne and their niece, Miss Louise Jones, left Milwaukee today at 11 o'clock over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road for Washington, where Mr. Payne goes to assume his official duties.

Prior to his departure, Mr. Payne was given a rousing send off by his old associates of the Milwaukee street railway company. A large number of his Milwaukee friends were at the depot to wish him godspeed.

Mr. Payne will occupy President Earling's private car on his journey from Chicago to Washington, which will be made without any stops via the Baltimore & Ohio railroad.

McKINLEY MEMORIAL

By Congress Will Be Held on Feb. 27.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The joint committee of the senate and house appointed to make arrangements for a memorial meeting in honor of President McKinley at which Secretary Hay is to deliver an address decided today that the proposed meeting should be held in the hall of the house of representatives, at noon, Feb. 27.

PALMER DENIES

That He Is the Fugitive From Justice Wanted.

Pittsburg, Jan. 11.—Edmond Palmer, the actor under arrest here, charged with being a fugitive from justice from Chicago, where he is said to be wanted on an indictment charging the larceny of a considerable sum of money, is making a strong effort to prevent being taken to Illinois. He stoutly insists that he is not the Palmer wanted in Chicago.

Detective L. M. Custy, who is here from Chicago to take the prisoner back, had Palmer photographed today and his picture will be sent to Chicago for positive identification.

BUILT A MONUMENT.

The Best Sort In the World.

"A monument built by and from Postum," is the way Mr. J. G. Casey, of Ayers, Ill., describes himself. He says: "For years I was a coffee drinker until at last I became a terrible sufferer from dyspepsia, constipation, headaches and indigestion, and was a physical wreck.

"The different kinds of medicines I tried did not cure me, but finally some one told me I must leave off coffee and take up Postum Food Coffee. I was fortunate in having the new coffee made strictly according to directions, so that, from the start, I liked it. It has a rich flavor and I made the change from coffee to Postum without any trouble.

Gradually my condition changed. The old troubles disappeared and I began to get well again. My appetite became good and I could digest food. Now I have been restored to strength and health. Can sleep sound all night and awake with a fresh and rested body. Everyone who meets me comments on my getting so fat and rosy.

"I am really a monument built by Postum, for I was a physical wreck, distressed in body and mind, and am now a strong, healthy man. I know exactly what made the change, it was leaving off coffee and using Postum."

TO PLEAD INSANITY

That Is Likely to Be the Defense of Stens Karvo.

Karvo Has an Experience Not Pleasant For Anyone.

Finnish Girl Does Some Talking But Quickly Closes Up.

Insanity will probably be the defense of Stens Karvo when placed on trial for the murder of Jacob Myllymaki.

The cross-examination in police court yesterday afternoon was along that line, though it did not develop anything very insane in the murderer's actions prior to or after the crime.

In one point his trial may resemble the Rivers trial. It was brought out during yesterday's examinatio n that not one of the men saw where the knife came from. Special stress was laid on this testimony in the cross-examination, and there may be an effort to prove that the knife was in Myllymaki's possession at the beginning of the trouble. So far there is no evidence to show that it was not.

At the conclusion of the preliminary examination late yesterday afternoon Judge Edson remanded the murderer to the next grand jury, which meets in March.

Few men have ever had the experience that Karvo had yesterday afternoon, and few men will envy him for it. He was hurried out of his cell in the county jail shortly after 1 o'clock and into a patrol wagon. He was then taken to Ely's photograph gallery and "mugged." He sat for his picture with stolid indifference.

In the meantime a report was circulated that he had escaped, and thousands of people gathered along Superior street. When the murderer was hustled out of the photograph gallery and walked to police headquarters he was followed by this immense crowd.

He showed some relief when the doors at headquarters closed behind him and the crowd was on the other side. It was only for a moment, however, for he was hurried down through the Passage of Sighs to Michigan street and there met a larger and more eager crowd. In the court corridor he lost his hat and collar in the jam.

The insanity dodge is ridiculed by those that watched him during the examination. There is a general theory that when Karvo and Myllymaki met in the Silger & Wilta saloon, both knew that some old account had to be squared.

It is claimed that the night before the murder both men were seen drinking, but not together. This destroys the assertion that both were temperance men, as they claimed, and it is said that both simply refused to drink anything stronger than cider in Silger & Wilta's saloon for the reason that they were playing a waiting game and did not care to risk anything through intoxication.

This, however, is but a prevalent theory. While the murder is one of the most terrible and brutal cases of homicide on record, and was witnessed by at least three men, the authorities are experiencing the greatest difficulty in getting the evidence desired to off-set the insanity dodge.

Finnish people of lower intelligence are peculiar. It is with this class of the countrymen that the authorities have to deal exclusively in this case, and in gathering in the evidence desired.

The Finns will cut each other even to the extent of murder, and will then shield each other by refusing point blank to give the slightest evidence. Stealing is regarded as a much greater crime than stabbing, among them, and if a Finn steals anything his countrymen are only too anxious to tell on him.

An example of what has to be contended with in this respect was brought to light this morning. A Finnish girl on St. Croix avenue has been telling friends that she knew both Karvo and Myllymaki in Finland, and that the murdered man leaves a wife and family there. The authorities got hold of this information, and when they questioned her about it she denied all point blank, but her denial was so badly put that it was easy to see she was not telling the truth.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.

Your Druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50c.

THE KAISER

Will Not Attend Coronation Ceremonies of King Edward.

Berlin, Jan. 11.—Following close after the snub administered to Great Britain on the subjects of the prince of Wales earlier in the week, when the semi-official North German Gazette denied that Emperor William had urged the prince of Wales to visit Berlin on the occasion of his majesty's birthday celebration, pointing out that the prince had been invited, at the request of King Edward, the North German Gazette today pointedly denies that the emperor will attend either the memorial services in honor of the late Queen Victoria, or the coronation of King Edward. The paper says the statements in the English papers on the subject are untrue. Regarding the coronation, the North German Gazette points out that it is not in accordance with traditional international usages for sovereigns to attend the coronation or festivities of foreign monarchs.

SOHULTZ MEDIOATED SEASALT BATHS

Given in your own homes by Miss F. A. Bacon and her competent nurses. The company CHALLENGE the WORLD to find a pain they will not relieve or cure in ten to ninety days.

207 Lonsdale Building.

FIERCE FIRE

Nearly Cost Members of the Plaunt Family Their Lives.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Jan. 11.—The home of Henry Plaunt was burned early today and the eleven inmates barely escaped with their lives. Four members of the family were horribly burned in making their escape from the house. Their passage being through a mass of flames. A ten-year-old boy saved his life by jumping from a second story window. Plaunt clad only in his night clothes, ran four blocks through a storm to give the alarm. An explosion of a lamp caused the fire.

STEAMER

Purchased to Run Between Toledo and the Sault.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Jan. 11.—The Algoma Central Steamship line has purchased a large passenger steamer which will be placed on the route between Toledo and Sault Ste. Marie. It has cabin accommodations for 500 passengers and can carry 500 tons of package freight. It is expected to have her make a trip from Toledo to the Soo twice a week, catering particularly to the Ohio tourist trade.

PERMANENT

Injunction Is Granted In the Tarrant Case.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Judge Chetlain today made permanent the temporary injunction granted last week in the case of Robert Tarrant against the local lodges of the International Machinists' association and the union pickets who have patrolled the streets near his shop. The injunction restrains the strikers from interfering with the workmen, but the jurist holds that workingmen have the right to peacefully urge other men to leave their posts.

HOT METAL

Badly Burned Workmen In a Foundry.

Sharon, Pa., Jan. 11.—By the explosion of hot metal in the pig iron casting department of the Sharon Steel company last night, Joseph Panine, William Logan and Robert Lower, workmen, were badly burned. It is thought all will recover.

The explosion caused considerable damage, and it will be some time before the pig iron casting department can resume operations.

FIGHT IN CONGRESS

Over Admission of Sugar From Cuba Will Be Exciting.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Both sides of the controversy over the Cuban commercial relations with the United States have started in the fight with a great deal of vigor. Mr. Havemeyer, president of the sugar trust, at the meeting of that corporation on Wednesday last, said very frankly that the people of the United States were paying $85,000,000 more per annum for their sugar than there is any necessity for. Mr. Havemeyer, in advocating the admission of raw sugars free of duty, is not talking for his health or from any philanthropic desire to benefit the common people. The American Sugar Refining company wants raw sugar free of duty and a heavy protection on the refined article. The beet sugar men, on the other hand, headed by Henry Oxnard and the sugar planters of Louisiana, insist that the admission of raw sugar from Cuba without a duty would bring about disaster to their interests. Havermeyer claims that with free raw sugar the cost of the refined article to the consumer would be reduced 2 cents a pound. Havermeyer is backed by the advocates of closer commercial relations with Cuba and he will undoubtedly have their strong support in his efforts to secure raw sugar free from all the interests asking for an open door policy between the new republic and this nation. On the other hand, Michigan, New York, Nebraska and California are expressing themselves very forcefully to their representatives in congress in opposition to any plan looking to the importation from Cuba or anywhere else of sugars whether raw or refined unless a duty of 2 cents a pound is maintained.

The states mentioned are deeply interested in sugar beet culture, and, according to an advocate of a sugar tariff, the industry is expected to double in extent once in five years until enough beet sugar shall be produced to supply the entire needs of this country.

* * *

Hon. William J. McConnell, a native of Michigan, ex-governor of and senator from Idaho, is spending some time revisiting Washington. Governor McConnell is a typical Westerner and is not at all worried when the great American game is mentioned. He tells an excellent story on himself in this connection. Some years after he became governor he had a son studying in San Francisco. After the manner of affectionate, liberal fathers, he was accustomed to meeting his son's expenses by paying drafts. One day the son duplicated a draft for a considerable sum three days after the first had been paid. The governor went over to consult the cashier of the bank, and said: "Say, John, I think that boy of mine is playing a pair of deuces for high." The cashier disabused his mind, and the young man got the money. Some years after this the governor was a member of the senate and his son was attending the university of Michigan. The distinguished Westerner took a hand in the senatorial sky-scraping game which was sometimes conducted in the old Chamberlain hostelry. He played a good game, as all people do from his region, the limit of which was a hole in the ceiling. An enterprising newspaper correspondent described this game, and in the course of his story related how the senatorial players were startled by the appearance of a new senator from the West, who, in his first hand, stood a $10 raise on deuces. This story yas widely copied and was seen by young McConnell at Ann Arbor. He addressed a note to his father at the senate, Washington, reading: "Fond Parent: You do not know how proud I am that I am the son of a man brave and brilliant enough to play a pair of deuces for high." And father and son were even.

* * *

The Maryland legislature, which is Democratic, has settled the question as to who will be the next senator from that state by organizing under the Gorman program. Arthur P. Gorman will come back to Washington to succeed Wellington. Mr. Gorman was a popular man in the capital. He was a Democrat of Democrats. There never was any question as to where he stood in a political matter, and at the same time there was never a question as to where he stood on any matter after he had once given his word. Senator Pue Gorman is recognized by political friends and foes alike as one of the squarest men in political life. He never allowed his politics to interfere with his friendships. He will be welcomed back to the upper branch of congress, where he has been missed for four years, and there will be no more cordial greetings extended to him on the Democratic side than will come from the Republicans who knew him when he served in the senate before.

* * *

About once every year a writer of syndicate letters startles newspaper readers with a wonderful account of the doings of wealthy men in congress. The letter for 1902 appeared in a great many newspapers last Sunday and it was embellished with nearly a full page of pictures of houses alleged to be owned by the millionaires in congress. Among the pictorial productions of these congressional residences is the one in which Representative Hitt resides, which the article says he owns. Mr. Hitt is simply a "renter" and owns no property in Washington.

But the most glaring inaccuracy is the half tone reproduction of a palace on Dupont Circle, near the Mansion of L. Z. Leiter. The writer of misinformation asserts that it is the house of Representative James W. Wadsworth, of Geneseo, N. Y., and that the congressman is a millionaire; that his wife, who was the daughter of William R. Travers, brought him a fortune and that many entertainments are to be given by the congressman and his wife.

The facts are that the residence, now approaching completion, was built by Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth, of Avon, N. Y., whose husband is a cousin of the congressman. Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth was a Miss Bloss, of St. Louis. Some years ago Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth bought the church property formerly owned by the late Senator Van Wyck, of Nebraska. The lady designed a palace to suit her tastes and built according to her own ideas. Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth is in no way connected with the official life of the capital and is unknown to Washington society, never having resided here. The congressman's family are anything but society people. Mr. and Mrs. Wadsworth have a modest home on K Street, and they live in a very simple manner and are thoroughly domestic in their tastes. No doubt that the former "Van Wyck church," now transformed into one of the finest Washington, will be the scene of much social activity during the season, but the hostess on such occasions will be Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth, of Avon, and not Mrs. James V. Wadsworth, of Geneseo.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

CURED TO STAY CURED

What the afflicted man wants is not a temporary relief, but a permanent cure. The beneficial effects of my treatment are as lasting as life—I cure to stay cured.



MASTER SPECIALIST.

When once a patient is rescued by me from the ravages of disease or weakness peculiar to his sex, he is never again bothered with his former trouble.

I do not treat all diseases, but I treat men—MEN ONLY—and cure them to stay cured.

Varicocele.

Under my treatment, which includes no cuting or pain this insidious disease rapidly disappears.

Pain disappears almost instantly.

The pools of stagnant blood are driven from the dilated veins and all soreness and swelling quickly subside.

Every indication of Varicocele soon vanishes and in its stead come the pride, the power and the pleasure of perfect health and restored manhood.

STRICTURE.

My cure for Stricture is safe, painless and bloodless, and, therefore, free from surgery of any form.

It is the only cure that should ever be used, and the only one recommended by the legions of men who have been restored by it.

We charge nothing for private counsel, and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men?

If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully. Our home treatment by correspondence is always successful.

REFERENCES—Best Banks and Leading Business Men of this city.

Consultation Free and Confidential.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

It dissolves the Stricture completely and removes every obstruction from the urinary passage, allays all inflammation, stops every discharge, reduces the prostate gland when enlarged, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys when irritated or congested, invigorates the organs and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

Contagious Blood Poison.

My special form of treatment for specific or contagious blood poison is practically the result of my life work, and is endorsed by the best physicians of this and foreign countries.

It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicine of any kind.

It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity.

Soon evry sign and symptom disappear completely and forever.

The blood, the tisue, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health, and the patient prepares anew for the duties and pleasures of life.

Nervo-Sexual Debility.

My cure for weak men does not stimulate temporarily, but restores permanently.

It soon drives away all those distressing symptoms which so constantly remind one of his former folly.

It stops every drain of vigor and builds up the muscular and nervous system, purifies and enriches the blood, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys, invigorates the liver, brightens the spirits, brightens the intellect, and, above and beyond all, restores the wasted power of manhood.

Reflex Diseases.

Many ailments are reflex, originating from other diseases.

For instance, manly weakness sometimes comes from Varicocele or Stricture, innumerable blood and bone diseases often result from blood poison taint in the system or physical or mental decline frequently follow loss of manhood.

In treating diseases of any kind I always cure the effect as well as the cause.

I WANT TO SEE

those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

BOWLING.

Entries to National Tournament Larger Than Were Expected.

Buffalo, Jan. 11.—The entries for the national bowling tournament which will begin on Jan. 20 and continue during the week, have closed and have filled beyond expectations. They will be made public this evening.

Representative bowlers of this country and Canada have been entered either as individuals or in teams of two and five men. The Palace alleys, eight in number, will be used. They are entirely new. Manager Floss is engaged in arranging the playing schedule.

The five-man teams will play first and at the conclusion of that series the two man teams will follow, the individual matches being the last to bowl.

Bowling will begin at 7 o'clock on the evening of Jan. 20. On the following Friday evening, the management will entertain the visiting bowlers and if all the matches have been completed, the prizes will be distributed at that time.

ENGINEERS.

Question of Affiliating With Longshoremen Not Yet Settled.

Detroit, Jan. 11.—The delegates representing the 2000 members of the Marine Engineers' Benefit association employed on the great lakes, who were in conference all yesterday and until late last night over the question of affiliating with the International Longshoremen's association, resumed their secret sessions today. One of the delegates said at noon that the question would not be settled at this meeting. He said the conference would adjourn tonight to meet again in Cleveland about the middle of next week.

A Tour of Old Mexico.

In a solid vestibuled train running on special time, with every luxury and comfort afforded, makes an ideal mid-winter vacation.

This train, in connection with the Northwestern line, leaves Chicago Thursday, Feb. 6; Wednesday, Feb. 19 and Wednesday, Feb. 26, at 11 a. m. and Kansas City at 11:45 p. m.

All points of interest in Mexico will be reached with a choice of three routes returning.

Prices are arranged to include all traveling expenses. Railroad tickets, sleeping car, hotels, all meals in dining car, transfers, services of conductors, guides, interpreters, etc.

For complete information, maps, detailed itinerary, etc., call on or write S. A. Love, city ticket agent, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, 405 West Superior street, Duluth.

It May Make You Rich.

A limited amount of stock in the Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company is offered at the low price of 10 cents per share. When taken into consideration the prospects and location of this property and the men who have the destinies of this company in charge, it seems like an excellent opportunity for a small investment to secure stock that in a few years may make you rich. You may learn more about the merits of this company at the offices, 318 Manhattan building.

LOVING CUP FOR SCHLEY.

Knoxville, Tenn., Jan. 11.—It has been decided to present Admiral Schley with a handsome gold and silver loving cup on the occasion of his visit here, Feb. 5 and 6.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures all Throat and Lung Affections. Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

IS SURE

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

STAG CHOP HOUSE.

J. J. WALL. 310 W. SUPERIOR ST.

20 PER CENT OFF

From now to Jan. 15, when I leave for the Merchant Tailors' National Convention at Norfolk, Va., all winter weight business Suits and Overcoats will be sold at a reduction of 20 per cent.

M. L. PARKER.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—

It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—

It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—

As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—

By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

Dr. Mitchell's Strange Powers

A Great and Good Gift.

The writer of this article was an eye-witness yesterday to what deserves to be chronicled among the most marvelous cures of modern times. Everybody knows that Dr. Mitchell is daily curing the sick without drugs, but are scarcely prepared for the extraordinary and astonishing results that follow the application of Dr. Mitchell's hands in many cases of hopeless and confirmed invalids. Don't you believe until you see, feel and know, but go and see Dr. Mitchell make the blind see, the deaf hear and the cripples relieved of their canes and crutches. Every week day he is at his office, 17 East Superior street, from 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m., giving consultation free. He removes tumors and growths before your very eyes. Would it be interesting for you to see a man do this? Animal electricity is the secret of his healing power, which is so strong he can blister with his right hand, and is the only man living who possesses this life-giving force in such quantities as to blister the skin. No man can witness Dr. Mitchell remove pain and suffering without becoming a convert to his wonderful power over disease. Patients when cured by him remain cured and return to prove that the cures are permanent.

Yesterday afternoon we saw a man from West Superior so badly crippled that he had to be assisted into the office, and Dr. Mitchell, after examining the man, stated to the men who helped him into the office that the gentleman was so badly crippled that he hardly knew where to commence. The doctor placed one hand on the man's head and passed the other down over his back and arms and so on down over his legs, and in ten minutes that man who entered the office a helpless cripple was walking back and forth down the hall like a boy; he bent himself in all shapes and jumped and laughed and cried at the same time, he was so overjoyed at his restoration. As he passed out of the office a gentleman spoke to him and asked if he was really cured. His reply was: "Don't stop me, mister, don't stop me. I am in a hurry to get home and let my family see what Dr. Mitchell has done for me; it is a miracle."

What power this man possesses perhaps cannot be satisfactorily explained, but that he does possess a strength and marvelous power to heal the sick cannot be denied.

A lady with a paralyzed child, who had not walked for many months, asked the doctor to help her baby. Many of the physicians had failed to do her any good. Hospitals had tried without giving her any benefit, but the doctor's magnetic touch started the vital force into action, and after a few treatments she was able to walk again.

He successfully treats all diseases and deformities that flesh is heir to.

None who are suffering should fail to see this great healer. Take no man's word, but go yourself and witness this marvelous power that has brought health and happiness to thousands.

PRINCE WILL ATTEND.

Berlin, Jan. 11.—Emperor William's yacht Hohenzollern will go to New York to participate in the launching of his majesty's new yacht. Prince Henry of Prussia also will be present at the ceremony as the representative of Emperor William.

It May Make You Rich.

A limited amount of stock in the Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company is offered at the low price of 10 cents per share. When taken into consideration the prospects and location of this property and the men who have the destinies of this company in charge, it seems like an excellent opportunity for a small investment to secure stock that in a few years may make you rich. You may learn more about the merits of this company at the offices, 318 Manhattan building.

GOLD FOR BREMEN.

New York, Jan. 11.—The National City bank shipped today $500,000 in gold to Bremen.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

The electric spark goes through every vein and every nerve. A pleasant feeling creeps over the soul after taking Rocky Mountain Tea, making young the aged and feeble. Ask your druggist.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of one hundred twenty-one and 37-100 ($121.37) dollars, principal and interest, and twelve and 88-100 dollars (12.60), taxes heretofore paid by the undersigned on the premises hereinafter described, making a total of one hundred thirty-four and 6-100 dollars ($134.06), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date hereof upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Edlund and Wendla Sophia Edlund, his wife, and Magnus Edlund, single, mortgagors, to The Park Place Land Company, of Duluth, a corporation, mortgagee, dated the 19th day of September, 1894, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 13th day of October, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 95 of Mortgages, at page 86; which said mortgage and the debt secured thereby were thereafter by assignment in writing dated December 24, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds on December 28, 1896, at 8:40 o'clock a. m., in Book 132 of Mortgages, on page 151, duly assigned by said The Park Place Land Company of Duluth, to Louisa Hall;

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that under the power of sale contained therein, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described therein, to-wit: Lot numbered twenty-four (24), in "Hall and Linderberg's Park Place," St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, duly recorded in the register of deeds' office, in and for said county, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes, $25 attorney's fees and the disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the City of Duluth, in said county, on the 11th day of January, 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

Dated November 29, 1901.

LOUISA HALL,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

McGIFFERT & HUNTER,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 29, Dec. 6-13-20-27, Jan. 3, 1901.

The above sale was opened by me at the time and place above specified and then and there publicly adjourned to January 18, 1902, at the time and place in said notice mentioned.

Dater January, 11, 1902.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, January 11, 1902.

COTTON IS ELOQUENT

Makes Fine Address at the Banquet at Fargo.

Pays Tribute to the Genius of James J. Hill.

Duluth People Handsomely Treated By Fargo Citizens.

The Duluth delegation to the Grain Growers' convention at Fargo returned this morning, and one and all reported an excellent visit with the Fargo people and a handsome reception from them. The delegations from Duluth, Superior, St. Paul and Minneapolis were the guests of honor yesterday. In the afternoon they occupied seats on the stage at the meeting addressed by James J. Hill, and in the evening were guests at a banquet given in their honor.

The men from Duluth were especially well treated, and a fine spirit of friendliness toward Duluth people was manifested by the Fargo people. The Duluth delegation was as large as that of St. Paul and larger than those of Minneapolis and Superior.

At the afternoon meeting ex-Governor John Miller, of this city, was one of the speakers, and he was cheered with much enthusiasm. Capt. Lewis also spoke and renewed old acquaintance with Dakota friends. H. P. Hall, of St. Paul, was also one of the speakers of the afternoon. All of this was previous to the coming of James J. Hill. His speech followed these. It made a great impression and was listened to by an audience that packed the opera house to its limit.

At the banquet in the evening there were speeches by a number of men who were in the delegations, but the speech of the evening was made by Joseph B. Cotton, of this city.

After some pleasantries, Mr. Cotton said that all had heard the story of the Northwest told at the afternoon meeting by that master mind, Mr. Hill. He had given what represented thirty-two years of active experience. Forty years ago, before the building of the railroads, the country in which they then were was a wilderness, a plain, a forest, the habitat only of the wild animal and the painted children of nature, the Indians. In forty years this country has been developed by the pioneers and other great agencies in a great agricultural and commercial region. Duluth on its rock-ribbed hillside by Lake Superior has nearly 70,000 people and is one of the greatest shipping, commercial and transportation centers of the world. The tonnage of the Sault canal is greater than that of the Suez and the time will come when only one city in this land will exceed Duluth in volume of shipments. Duluth is the center of the great empire of the Northwest. All roads lead to her. As we in retrospect view the achievements of forty years we are justified in clinging to the hope that in the near future the white-messengers of commerce sailing from Duluth, freighted with the agricultural and other products of the Northwest, will set their sails to the breezes in every clime and anchor in every port.

We are all one happy family, made up of the blood of all nations. Ours is a composite citizenship such as the world has never seen. To the student of the progress of the world it is apparent that land is the basis of all wealth. Land and the products of land form more than half of the world's wealth. The greatest patriotism, the greatest civic and moral virtue has been in the homes on the prairies and in the fields, due to the environment.

But agriculture could not flourish unless the other handmaidens, commerce, mining, manufacturing and transportation, flourish. In the final analysis, in the adjustment of branches of human industry, what affects one industry affects all. If one prospers, the others do; if one suffers, the others do. The relationship is reciprocal and mutual. The law of compensation applies here as in every other thing. It is the undoubted law of all nature. Our true interest, therefore, lies in all working hand in hand together in developing these great callings of men.

We have need of the business man, the jobber, the retailer, the banker, the grain commission man and the farmer. It is a mistake to say that all but the farmer are business men. He too is as much a business man and as necessary a factor in the performance of the World's business as any of the others. In the same category may be included the sometimes neglected and often abused lawyer.

The history of the last few years shows that this nation has become a world power; that it is destined to be the world power. New York is the money center of the world. We will soon be the great producing, manufacturing and commercial nation of the world. The present tendency toward combination is the natural and legitimate growth of the ages. It is the inherent logic of things. All the years since we became a people seem to have been fitting us for this position in the world's affairs, shaping this as our future destiny. It is not alone sufficient, nor can we with safety confine ourselves to a restrictive policy. We cannot build a wall and undertake to limit the sales of the fruitage of our people's toil to our own confines. We want the markets of the world. Our greatest prosperity, commercially speaking, will come when we sell more than we buy; when the balance of trade is our way.

The railroads have been a great civilizing agency. They have been pioneers. All credit is due to Mr. Hill for his magnificent achievement, not alone for self, but for the development of this great empire of the West, and for what he has done for the advancement of the people who have made this empire their home. His genius is, undoubted. He had the wisdom to see years ago with far seeing acumen and a nicety of precision what the future had in store for this section, and as much as any living man he foresaw the coming of what we are today. Today he is in as good position as any man to judge of the future greatness of this section. He has been persistently urging the acquisition of foreign markets, the securing of the Orient's trade, the making of the Pacific an artery of transportation, such as the Atlantic.

"I listened to Mr. Hill's address with great interest and was much impressed with it," said the speaker. "As it was delivered it seemed to me that it clearly pointed out that Mr. Hill's personal success and that of his railroad enterprises were due to a right conception of the fundamental idea that lies at the basic structure of real progress, growth and achievement in civilized society; that such basic structure is construction, not destruction; that it is building up instead of tearing down. All through the address the spirit was evident that his motto is 'live and let live.' We are destined for greater fame and action in the worlds' affairs. This is no time for the dissatisfied, nor the discontented or malcontents. The old saying is true of business or pleasure, 'Laugh and the world laughs with you, weep and you weep alone.'

"It seems to me, running down all these years, the fundamental basis for success was been expressed by the immortal Lincoln in his Peoria speech in 1857 when he said: 'Labor was before capital, but capital is the fruit of labor. Let no man who is houseless tear down the house of his neighbor, but rather let him labor diligently to build one himself, thus insuring its safety when built.'

"In my judgment the nation or individual that takes that motto or advice as his or its rule of action will never go far from the proper moorings or greatly fail in performing his or its mission here."

Mr. Cotton received much applause throughout.

Henry S. Butler, of Superior, when called upon, endorsed all that Mr. Cotton had said and simply wanted to amend it to read "Duluth and Superior" in every portion that he mentioned Duluth.

If You Are Sick

LET ME KNOW IT.

I wish simply your name and address—no money. Say which book you want. I will send with it an order on your druggist to let you have six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. He will let you take it for a month, and if it succeeds, he will charge you $5.50 for it. If it fails, he will send the bill to me. He will trust to your honesty, leaving the decision to you.

Such an offer as this could not be made on any other remedy. It would bankrupt the physician who tried it. But in five years I have supplied my Restorative on these terms to 500,000 people. My records show that thirty-nine out of each forty paid for it, because they were cured.

This remedy alone strengthens those inside nerves that operate all vital organs. It brings back the only power that can make each organ do its duty. No matter how difficult the case, it will permanently cure, unless some organic trouble like cancer makes a cure impossible.

I have spent my lifetime in preparing this remedy. I offer now to pay for all you take if it fails. I cannot better show my faith in it. Won't you merely write a postal to learn if I can help you?

Simply state which book you want, and address Dr. Shoop, Box 685 Racine, Wis

Book No. 1 on Dyspepsia
Book No. 2 on the Heart
Book No. 3 on the Kidneys
Book No. 4 for Women
Book No. 5 for Men (sealed)
Book No. 6 on Rheumatism

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Parlor theater. Everybody enjoys it.

Hon. J. G. Woolley will lecture this evening at the Armory on the temperance question. He is the head of the Prohibition party.

The postponed monthly meeting of the Swedish Sick Benefit society will be held in the parlor of the Bethany Lutheran church, Twentieth avenue west and Third street, Monday evening, Jan. 13.

The Bliss class in the home of Mrs. J. D. Morrison will hold its first meeting for this winter at the bishop's home, 2131 East Superior street, on Tuesday, Jan. 4, at 3 p. m.

Canton North Star P. M., I. O. O. F., will hold their tenth annual ball at their hall on Wednesday evening, Jan. 22, 1902. Invitations can be secured at Schiller's cigar store, Kugler's drug store and Kruschke's City Gun store, and of the members.

Parlor theater—new specialties.

F. J. Puiford, assignee of the Imperial Coffee & Spice company, this morning secured an order from the district court for the sale of the assets of the company by sealed bids at a time to be fixed by the assignee duly advertised. The assets consist principally of a stock valued at $2000, furniture, fixtures and machinery, horses, wagons and harness, and the book accounts. Judge Dibell signed the order.

Colvin & Robb have begun a suit in district court against Ole Halvorson to recover $169.15 alleged to be due for materials furnished for a building at Eveleth. Crassweller & Crassweller are the attorneys.

Mary Bustad, the young Scandinavian girl, who was found insane a few days ago, was taken to Fergus Falls last night. She had only been a resident of this state seven months, and as there was some doubt as to whether or not she was a resident of this state she was held until the state board of control decided what was to be done with her. The decision was to admit her to the state hospital for the insane.

Articles of incorporation of the Marine club, a social organization, have been filed in the office of the register of deeds. The incorporators and officers are as follows: A. C. Taylor, president; Bruce Pringle, vice president; John Wright, secretary; J. W. Saunders, treasurer.

George E. Brooks, who the morning paper stated was arrested for forgery, is not the Capt. George E. Brooks, nor is he any relation.

A petition of bankruptcy has been filed with the clerk of the United States district court by William B. Galvin, a saloonkeeper of Mora, Minn. Liabilities are given as $3325 and assets nothing.

There will be a special term of United States district and circuit courts in this city next Tuesday. One of the matters to come up is the settling of a decree in the case of the Metropolitan Trust company against the Commercial Light & Power company. Judge Charles F. Amidon, of the district of DaKota, will preside, as Judge Lochren, of this district, will be attending a term of court in the Third district of Minnesota.

PERSONALS.

Miss Maude Kimerer, of Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street, returned on Wednesday evening from a two weeks' visit at Staples.

Misses Selma and Hilda Ohman, of Staples, are visiting at the home of Mrs. J. M. Kimerer, Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street.

John Dice, of DesMoines, Iowa, is in the city for a few days for a visit with his brother, C. E. Dice and family.

Miss Lillie Abrahamson, of 1215 East First street, will entertain on Tuesday evening for Miss Freimuth and Mr. Kolan.

T. H. Larke, of Minneapolis, general Northwestern manager for the Dominion line of ocean steamships, arrived this noon.

Mr. and Mrs. William Merrill and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Merrill, of Two Harbors, were guests of the McKay today.

J. O. Johnstone, of Sandstone, Minn., is registered at the McKay.

F. S. Colvin, of Biwabik, a member of the contracting firm of Colvin & Robb, was a guest of the St. Louis today.

E. O'Neal, a Stillwater lumberman, is in the city today.

P. J. Sheldon, of Owatonna, Minn., was a business caller here today.

William Deary, of Spokane, Wash., was a guest of the St. Louis last evening.

P. J. Bouquist, of Hibbing, is among the range visitors here today.

Miss Blanche Lovelace, of Rush City, Minn., is visiting friends in the city.

W. W. Broughton, the newly appointed traffic manager of the Great Northern road, is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Nugent, of Bay City, Mich., are guests of the Spalding.

W. C. Burleigh, of Minneapolis, is a business caller here this afternoon.

Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock now on sale. A limited amount for a limited time at 10 cents per share. Money to be used for development purposes. Offices, 318 Manhattan building.

SCHLEY HOLDS RECEPTION.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 11.—Admiral Schley held a public reception here this afternoon and received a delegation from Columbus, Ga., inviting him to visit that city.

IT WA$ A MURDER

Theodore Frigon, Who Died Here, Was Victim of Assault.

Attacked By a Fellow Workman and Struck On Head.

Occurred at Morgan's Camp---Coroner Boyer Investigating.

Coroner Boyer is at Pine station today investigating into the death of Theodore Frigon, of Cloquet.

Mr. Frigon died yesterday at St. Mary's hospital from injuries on the head. It is claimed that a cook in a lumber camp near Pine had a fight with him and kicked him, fracturing the skull.

The authorities have very little to say regarding the death until after Dr. Boyer's return from Pine this evening. In the meantime the body is being held at Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms, pending the investigation.

The Cloquet Pine Knot this afternoon brought the following details:

"Just as we go to press we received meager details of a murder which occurred at Morgan's logging camp Tuesday evening. From what we have been able to learn Theodore Frigon, of this city, a teamster in the above camp, was putting away his horse when he got into a dispute with another teamster, whose name we have not been able to learn, about the opening and closing of the barn door. The fellow picked up an evener and struck Frigon across the mouth and the chest. Both blows were violent and Frigon was badly injured.

"The assailant was at once given his time and left the camp, no effort being made to detain him as it was not supposed Frigon's injuries were fatal. The wounded man was taken to a Duluth hospital where he died Friday morning at 7:30. As far as we can learn the murderer has not been apprehended.

"Theodore Frigon was about 26 years of age and has lived in Cloquet for about three years. He was a jolly free-hearted young fellow and had a host of friends. He has a brother, Eugene, living in Cloquet. A few months ago he was married to Miss Ida Germain, who is left to mourn his loss. He carried no insurance on his life.

"The remains will be brought to this city today and will be interred in the Catholic cemetery. Coroner Boyer, of Duluth, viewed the body at the city yesterday and in the evening he telephoned us that today he and Sheriff Sargent would go to Mogan's camp and hold an inquest. The sheriff also informed us that he had been notified of the murder, but that no warrant had been issued for the arrest of the guilty man."

EXPERIMENT.

Time Ball Will Take a Trial Drop Next Week.

If the people at the head of the lakes see the time ball drop down its staff on top of the Torrey building some day next week they need not look at their watches and correct them by the time ball. If they do they may have to miss an engagement or wait on the corner for the other fellow by reason of being ahead of time.

The first falls of the ball will be experimental only, and it will not really start in business until the last of next week or the beginning of the week following.

Some day next week, and perhaps on several days if necessary, of next week, the ball will drop, but it will be only an experiment, and to find out if everything is running in proper shape. If all is well, the time ball will start operations at the end of the week or the beginning of the next.

After that the ball will drop promptly each day, giving the exact time, the impulse that sends the ball coming from the United States observatory at Washington.

GOOD ICE

Is Expected For the Bonspiel, Weather Having Improved.

The brisk cold weather has caused wild enthusiasm among the curlers.

The indications are for the finest kind of curling ice during the Northwestern bonspiel next week.

T. C. Davis, of St. Paul, manager of the bonspiel arrived last night and has been busy today with the preliminary arrangements. He says the Curling club rink is one of the finest on the continent, and he predicts great things for the coming bonspiel.

The visiting curlers are expected to begin coming in force tomorrow and will come Monday with a rush. It is expected that 200 men will enter the big contest.

INJUNCTION.

City of Virginia Wants One Against Telephone Company.

The city of Virginia has a telephone fight on its hands. This morning a complaint was filed in district court in the name of the city of Virginia against the People's Telephone and Telegraph company, in which the court is asked to permanently enjoin the company from building its lines in the streets of that city.

The complaint states that the company applied to the council of the city of Virginia for permission to erect its poles and string its wires through the streets. Two resolutions were introduced in the council by the company, it is claimed, and both of them were rejected by the members of the council.

Notwithstanding this objection, it is alleged, the company proceeded with its work, and has put up twenty or twenty-five poles in the streets. It is claimed that these poles are an obstruction and a nuisance. The city council authorized the city attorney to bring suit for an injunction, and this suit is the result. M. C. Palmer, city attorney of Virginia, is the attorney.

A SERIOUS CONDITION

Of Affairs Is Confronting the British War Office.

Its Call For Volunteers Meets With No Response.

Must Introduce Conscription or Withdraw New Regulations.

London, Jan. 11.— The British war office is confronted with a most serious condition of affairs. Its call for volunteers to relieve the regiments at the front has so far met with absolutely no response, and has served to intensify the widespread indignation among all the volunteer regiments. In the first place, volunteers answering the call would only receive a shilling per day, while the yeomanry, in which many volunteers already have enlisted, receive 5 shillings per day. The only solution for the deadlock appears to be for the war office to introduce conscriptions or withdraw the new regulations. These have stirred up strife to an extent which has not existed for many a year between the government officials and the volunteer regiments. The service has got into a dispute with another teamster, whose name we have not been able to learn, about the opening and closing of the barn door. The fellow picked up an evener and struck Frigon across the mouth and the chest. Both blows were violent and Frigon was badly injured.

"The assailant was at once given his time and left the camp, no effort being made to detain him as it was not supposed Frigon's injuries were fatal. The wounded man was taken to a Duluth hospital where he died Friday morning at 7:30. As far as we can learn the murderer has not been apprehended.

"Theodore Frigon was about 26 years of age and has lived in Cloquet for about three years. He was a jolly free-hearted young fellow and had a host of friends. He has a brother, Eugene, living in Cloquet. A few months ago he was married to Miss Ida Germain, who is left to mourn his loss. He carried no insurance on his life.

"The remains will be brought to this city today and will be interred in the Catholic cemetery. Coroner Boyer, of Duluth, viewed the body at the city yesterday and in the evening he telephoned us that today he and Sheriff Sargent would go to Mogan's camp and hold an inquest. The sheriff also informed us that he had been notified of the murder, but that no warrant had been issued for the arrest of the guilty man."

POULTRY.

Sixth Annual Poultry Show Opens Week After Next.

The sixth annual show of the Duluth Poultry association will be held in this city Jan. 21 to 25 inclusive. The association expects this year to hold the show in the building at 19 East Superior street, and preparations are already being made to get the building in condition.

The association predicts that the poultry show this year will be much better than the successful events of the nature that has been held here in previous years. Assurance is made that there will be more and finer birds on exhibition at the show this year than last. Breeders will be represented from all over the Northwest, including also those from the southern part of the state. Word has already been received and entries made from Grand Rapids, the Twin Cities, Tower, Mankato, Fargo and other cities.

Some of the birds that will be shown in Duluth this year have just been imported, and it will be their first show in this country. There will be a large display of pheasants and other fancy birds.

The list of premiums offered this year will be issued in a few days. Cash premiums will be offered and will be more liberal than the association has offered in former years.

Besides the premiums there will be several handsome prizes offered this year. There will be four solid silver cups to be competed for. The largest will be known as the "Association Challenge Cup." It was presented by President Theodore Hollister of the association, and will be awarded for the ten highest scoring birds. The cup will have to be won three times to become the permanent property of the winner. The other three cups will be offered for the highest scoring pens in the American, the Asiatic and the Mediterranean breeds.

George D. Holden, of Owatonna, Minn., a poultry judge well known all over the country, will score the birds. This will be an excellent opportunity for all breeders of poultry to bring in their birds and have them scored by a competent judge.

Special features for each day will be arranged as the details for the show are perfected.

In addition to the poultry show this season the association will have a cat show. Competition in cats as well as birds is open to the whole world. The cat show feature is one that has been tried in connection with poultry shows elsewhere in the country and the popularity of the show has encouraged the Duluth association to attempt it. Premiums will be offered for the best cats on exhibition.

The poultry show in Duluth will close just before the annual poultry show in St. Paul begins and a number of the highest scoring birds at the show here will be taken to St. Paul to compete.

The Duluth Poultry show will be under the management of Superintendent G. W. Smith. The officers of the Duluth Poultry association are: President, Theodore Hollister; secretary, J. B. Greenfield; treasurer, H. S. Patterson.

DR. EVANS' Penetrating Counter-Irritant

For Dyspepsia, Diarrhoe, Cholic, Appendicitis, Rheumatism, Eczema, Diphtheria, Kidney Trouble, Lame Back, Sore Throat. For sale by all druggists.

Read what other people say about it:

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 8, 1902.

I have used Dr. Evans' Penetrating Counter-Irritant for neuralgia and sprains and cannot recommend it to the public too highly. N. F. RUSSELL,
Of firm of Bridgeman & Russell, Duluth.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 7, 1902.

Have used Dr. Evans' Counter-Irritant for a severe cold and sore throat and found instant relief. Its work is wonderful. Respectfully yours,
C. A. DAY.
Famous Shoe Store, Duluth.

If You Have Stomach Trouble

Of any kind such as catarrh of the stomach, heartburn, flatulency, coated tongue, bad breath, constipation or dyspepsia, you should try Herba Cura—a preparation that is the result of careful study and skillful mixing of pure ingredients. The Herba Cura formula was discovered by a man who had chronic dyspepsia for years. It cured him and it can cure you.

I take pleasure in recommending Herba Cura to anyone having stomach trouble. I had suffered for a long time with indigestion, distress after eating and loss of appetite. I tried Herba Cure and less than two boxes have given me a healthy digestion and an excellent appetite.
MRS. A. C. WILLIAMS.

Sold by the best druggists. Price $1.00

CHARITABLE.

Question of Whether That Is St. Mary's Hospital's Character.

Monday morning Judge Ensign will decide whether or not St. Mary's hospital is a charitable institution. This question has been submitted to him after an extended argument, and upon its determination depends whether or not the case of the estate of Leslie J. Craig against the Benedictine Sisters Hospital association will go to the jury.

The defense has moved for the direction of a verdict in its favor on the ground that the hospital is a charitable institution and therefore exempt under the law from personal injury suits. The arguments on this point were begun yesterday morning and were not ended until this morning, when Judge Ensign took the matter under advisement.

He will decide it Monday morning when the jury is convened again.

When court in Judge Dibell's court was adjourned yesterday afternoon to Monday the case of Ida Powers against the Duluth-Superior Traction company, to recover $1000 damages for personal injuries, was still on trial. The case will be given to the jury Monday.

There are two more jury cases to be tried, and one trial will take care of both of them. Jacob Nelson and Swen Ryden want $900 each from the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company because they claim the company trespassed on their lands and w...ully did damage amounting to $300 in each instance. This trial will be taken up Monday.

FLAT RATES.

Judge Powell Wants City Water That Way.

Judge Dibell in district court today was hearing arguments in the case of R. S. Powell against the city of Duluth and the water and light commission, involving the question of whether Mr. Powell must take the city water on a meter basis, or whether he can get it on a flat rate basis, which he prefers because it is cheaper. He claims that others are permitted to get water on that basis, and he claims that it is illegal discrimination for the water and light board to refuse to him what it grants to others.

The question of his right to get water as he wants it was the subject of the argument that started shortly before noon and that was still in progress this afternoon. Mr. Powell appeared in his own behalf, and City Attorney Mitchell appeared for the city.

MINING DEED FILED.

Enterprise Mine Transferred to Hill Interests.

A deed covering valuable iron property was filed yesterday afternoon in the office of the register of deeds, running from William C. Yawkey and Robert T. Torrey to Louis W. Hill of the Eastern Minnesota railroad. The property is the sw¼ of the nw¼ of section 5-58-17, and the consideration named in the deed is only $1. The revenue stamps, however, aggregate $80 in value, and they indicate a consideration of $158,000.

The property is located a mile north of Virginia, and Mr. Yawkey owned nineteen-twentieths and Mr. Torrey the remaining one-twentieth. The property is undeveloped, and it is known as the Enterprise mine.

Investigate

The Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock, of which a limited amount is now being offered at 10 cents per share. Call at the offices, 318 Manhattan block and see the prospectus, samples, etc. It is a rare opportunity.

Andrew Robson Ill.

A Minneapolis disptach says that Andrew Bobson, who has been starring there in "Richard Carvel," which is to appear here Monday night, is seriously ill there with peritonitis, and was unable to appear Thursday night, an understudy taking his place. Nothing further has been heard here, except a report that his illness was not so serious and that he might improve enonugh to take part in the performance here.

Goes to Norway.

County Auditor Halden left this afternoon for Norway, to be absent about five weeks. His mother, who is 80 years of age, is dying, and she has asked to see him before she dies. Mr. Halden has not been home for twenty years, and though it was difficult for him to get away, he felt that it was his duty under the circumstances to go. He will remain at his old home in Trondhjem, Norway, but a short time, and most of the time will be spent in going and coming.

Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock now on sale. A limited amount for a limited time at 10 cents per share. Money to be used for development purposes. Offices, 318 Manhattan building.

RECEIVERS

Appointed For the American Hardwood Lumber Co.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 11.—In the United States district court here today, Judge Clark appointed Judge Love and C. C. Trabue temporary receivers for the American Hardwood Lumber company, of Hillsdale, Mich. The creditors are given authority to select permanent receivers. The case is taken out of the jurisdiction of the state courts, and for further proceedings referred to the referee in bankruptcy.

McKINLEY DAY.

Olympia, Wash., Jan. 11.—In a proclamation, Governor McBride has set aside Jan. 29 as McKinley day, and has asked that on that date contributions be taken in the schools for the monument.

WEST POINT.

Committee to Inspect the Academy Arrives at Grounds.

West Point, N. Y., Jan. 11—The members of congress and army officers, delegated to make an inspection of the West Point buildings and grounds, arrived today. They were met at the railroad station by Col. Mills, the commandant; Adjt. Rivers and a detachment of cavalry. A salute of seventeen guns was fired, and the committee was conveyed to the academy building. The delegation consists of Gen. Corbin, his assistants, Cols. Carter, Barry and Johnston; Senators Hawley of Connecticut, Scott of West Virginia and Quarles of Wisconsin, and Representatives Dick, Ohio; Parker, N. J.; Sulzer, New York; Slayden, Texas; Prince, Illinois; Stevens, Minnesota; Esch, Wisconsin; Broussard, Mississippi; Ketcham, New York; Capron, Rhode Island; Brick, Maryland; Rodey, New Mexico, and Snodgrass, Tennessee. The committee started on a thorough inspection of the buildings of the post.

MAY EXPEL

A Member Who Refuses to Arbitrate His Troubles.

Minneapolis, Jan. 11.—Judge Simpson of the state district court today handed down an opinion upholding the right of the chamber of commerce to expel a member who refused to submit a business dispute with another member, to its board of arbitration. C. P. Evans had been expelled for such refusal to comply with the rules of the chamber, and sued in the courts for reinstatement. Judge Simpson holds that the arbitration clause in the rules is a legal condition of membership, and that it was accepted by Evans when he became a member. The decision is important for the bearing it has on all similar commercial bodies.

THE BIG PUGS

Will Appear In London During the King's Coronation.

London, Jan. 11.—The papers here announce that the coronation of King Edward will be marked by an international athletic tournament in London, in which the world's champions in boxing, wrestling, fencing and other branches of sport will compete.

Jeffries, Fitzsimmons, Corbett, Sharkey and McCoy are said to be likely to appear, in addition to amateur boxers from Yale and Harvard, who will meet representatives of Oxford and Cambridge. One of the largest halls in London already has been procured. The winner of the heavyweight boxing contest is to receive, in addition to the stakes, a "coronation belt" valued at at £1000, which will be the gift of the National Sporting club. A tug-of-war between soldiers representing the British and American armies is said to have been arranged, while the strong men of those countries and France, Germany and Russia also will appear.

NOT CAPT. BROOKS.

Forger In Superior Assumes Duluth Man's Name.

Capt. George E. Brooks of the tug Carrington, one of the best known tug captains at the head of the lakes, is the victim of a peculiar incident that is decidedly embarrassing. Yesterday a man was arrested in Superior for forgery, and when arsigned he gave Capt. Brooks' name and address, or rather the address Capt. Brooks had some time ago, 505 London road. He also stated that he was captain of the tug Crosby, which the Duluth Capt. Brooks sailed at one time.

The matter was published in the Superior papers and in the News Tribune that way, and as a result Capt. Brooks has come in for considerable unenviable notoriety. He wishes it distinctly understood that he is not the man that was arrested. His name was wrongfully used by the man that was arrested, with what idea it is hard to determine.

Late Afternoon Train.

You can leave Duluth at 4:30 p. m. and arrive in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater at early bed time by taking the "Twilight Limited" over "The Northwestern Line." Duluth-Twin City finest train.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John Larson and Phenie Johnson.

Samuel Nesbitt and Margaret Mary McLeod.

DEATHS.

JONES—John Alexander Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey Jones of 122 South Sixty-third avenue west, died this morning of consumption. The funeral will be held from the Asbury Methodist church, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Open day and Night. 730 W. SUP. ST. New 'Phone 1393
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers
JOHN FLOOD, Manager. DULUTH, MINN

FUNERAL FLOWERS and Floral Decorations of all descriptions. Fresh Cut Flowers, Potted Plants, Etc. Lowest market price
VICTOR HUOT, 223 West Superior Street

UTILIZE CANALS

Cargoes Shipped From Duluth to Interior European Ports.

An Important American Enterprise Has Just Culminated.

Erie Concern Secures Controls of Many English Canals.

London, Jan. 11.—One of the most important of American commercial enterprises in Europe has just culminated here. It consists in the securing of all water routes for American cargoes of grain and other commodities from inland ports in the United States to inland ports in Europe, and embraces the purchase by American capital of several British and other canals. Frank W. Hawley, vice president of the Erie Canal Traction company, has been on this side several months, quietly securing concessions for the operation of European canals by electricity. The Erie concern today secured control of about 5000 miles of canals in England and on the continent. As a result cargoes shortly will be shipped on the same bill of lading from Duluth, Minn., to Brussels, Bruges, Ghent and Cologne, and later to many points in the United Kingdom, France, Germany and Italy.

At the forthcoming session of parliament the British legislators will be asked to grant permission for the erection of central power stations for the propulsion of traffic on at least two British canals. These will be operated with American capital, though their control will nominally remain in British hands.

Mr. Hawley said today to a representative of the Associated Press: "Yes, it is true that the traction company is making considerable progress in securing all water routes by electrically operated canals throughout Europe. I cannot tell you yet the names of the canals which will figure in parliament. There are in the United Kingdom 1133 miles of canals owned by railroads, which do not make a very good financial showing; but 2768 miles of English canals, independent of railroads, show earnings of £729 per mile, which are greater than those shown by many American railroads. However, we have been able to get control of a portion of these, because their operation and maintenance expenses are over 7 per cent of their gross receipts. The largest canals in England, viz., the Birmingham, Grand Junction, Leeds and Liverpool, Oxford and Bridgewater, are not far removed from sources of electric power supply, at least nothing like so far removed as is the canal at Oakland, Cal., where the power is transmitted from the Yuba river, a distance of 140 miles. Therefore, it is merely a question of getting the necessary consent of parliament for the conveyance of this electric energy before the English canals will be equal to the canals of America and Belgium, where electrical energy has resulted in increased facilities, with a corresponding reduction in the cost of operation."

Prospects Good.

The prospects of the Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's property are very promising. Many of the leading business men of Duluth are interested in this company, of which Mr. C. W. Erickson is president. A limited amount of stock is now being offered in order to secure money for developing purposes. The price put upon this stock is only 10 cents per share, and it is an exceptional opportunity to become interested in a company whose future is practically assured, for very little money. Call at the company's offices, 318 Manhattan building for particulars.

TWO KINDS OF WAVES.

Scientist Discusses the Light and the Electric.

London, Jan. 11.—Professor Fleming, lecturing on "Waves" before the Royal Institution, referred to Marconi's trans-Atlantic communication. He said he had been comparing light waves with electric waves and found they were both waves in the ether, which bent around obstacles they encountered. They traveled at about the same speed of 186,000 miles a second. Marconi's trans-Atlantic waves were about 1000 feet long, which was not very small compared with the obstacles they had to encounter, that is, the hill of water forming the curvature of the earth, which he calculated was about 110 miles above a straight line joining the Lizard and Newfoundland. The bending required, therefore, was not great compared with the distance, being comparable to a wave 1-100th of an inch in length bending round an obstacle 1-5th of an inch high.

It was an interesting question, continued the lecturer, whether it was possible to send an electric wave around the world. He did not presume to answer the question, but he suggested that it was an interesting possibility. He had already shown that water is opaque to the Hertzian waves, and he believed it likely that the upper strata of air, being highly rarified, were also opaque to these waves. He imagined that by internal reflection between these two opacities a beam of rays could always be confined between them, and so, provided the impulse was strong enough, it could be made to pass any distance landwiched between them, independently of the curvature of the earth.

To Sleep Well

get your stomach and liver acting right. The easiest, quickest and safest way to do it is to use

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.



JOHN EVANSON HYGSTAD.

Popular West End Man Who Is Missing and Is Supposed to Have Committed Suicide.

The police, private detectives, friends and relatives have searched in vain for a trace of John Evanson Hygstad, a popular West End man, who disappeared mysteriously the day after Christmas.

It is believed that Mr. Hygstad committed suicide because a young East End girl refused to marry him, and returned his Christmas presents. He was very attentive to her for several months but the young lady did not care for him and told him so. On Christmas day he sent her a $5 gold coin for a present, and sent another to her father. Both were sent back to him.

Mr. Hygstad left $500 in the St. Louis County bank and over $100 in his trunk, and with friends. He also left a month's pay at the National Iron works, where he has been working as a core maker.

When he left his boarding house, at 1915 West Michigan street, he did not take money with him, and this leads to the supposition that he has committed suicide. Besides the money in the bank the missing man owns a fine homestead near Moose Lake. He was sober, industrious and a very pleasant companion till a few months ago, when he fell in love and found that his affection was not returned.

Mr. Hygstad is 32 years of age and 5 feet 6 inches in height. His complexion is dark and his mustache is dark and sandy colored. When last seen he wore a dark suit of clothes, a dark Fedora hat and a dark overcoat.

ZION SUED

For $50,000 By Husband For Loss of Wife's Love.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—John Alexander Dowie aid his elders, John G. Speicher and Cyrus B. Fockler, were reminded of Mansfield, O., when they were asked to pay $50,000 to a former resident of the hostile town.

Suit was begun in the circuit court by Benjamin F. Williams, formerly a school teacher in Mansfield, demanding that Dowie and his satellites reimburse Mr. for the loss of the affections of his wife, Edith R. Williams. It is charged that when Williams refused to contribute to the support of the Christian Catholic church, Mrs. Williams was persuaded that he was not worthy of her and that consequently she left him.

As a result of the alleged conspiracy, Mr. Williams says, his wife no longer loves him, but treats him "like a stranger."

Mr. Williams charges that Dowie and his elders "conspired together by concerted action to accomplish the purpose of increasing in value certain property, income and wealth, known in the aggregate as Zion, and of adding thereto and acquiring other property, income and wealth from contributions of money, services and property and things of value, in the nature of tithes and gifts, from such persons as could be induced to approve of said business and enterprises and to believe in certain doctrines taught by the defendants."

Dowie's system of acquiring riches, says Mr. Williams' bill, was by means of persuading the women of his flock "to approve of the Zion business and enterprises and to believe in Zion doctrines and to contribute money, services and property to add to the wealth of Dowie."

Should ordinary persuasion fail, the bill relates, Dowie would resort to such means as inducing a wife to desert her husband unless he paid tithes; that is, contributed to Dowie money, services, or property, and unless he believed or professed to believe in Dowie's doctrines and approved of his businesses and enterprises."

The bill accuses Dowie and his elders with "contriving and wickedly intending" to injure Mr. Williams by depriving him of the society and assistance of his wife.

Williams said last night that Dowie had tried to send one of his children, a boy aged 12 years, to the "reform farm" because he had not been baptized in Zion.

He also said that Ender Splecher had confiscated money which he had earned working for Zion.

GERMANS EXPECT

Overthrow of the Castro Government In Venezuela.

London, Jan. 11.—The overthrow of the Castro government is expected as the result of the kaiser's martial demonstration against Venezuela, according to business men prominent in Germany's South American trade.

Whatever may be the outcome of the present imbroglio the German owners of 200,000,000 marks ($47,600,000) invested in the South American republic declare that the safety of their interests will not be permanently assured until the Castro regime has been ousted root and branch.

The German government repudiates such intentions, but the merchants and bankers, whose case the kaiser's squadron is to advocate, say that its work will not be finished until a new government has been put in the saddle at Caracas.

In Venezuela, more than in any other South American country, German capital is inseparably linked with the nation's industrial and financial fabric. The railways, shipping, banks and wholesale trade of the republic are in German hands. The progressive element of the native population realizes this, and, it is said, will welcome foreign assistance in installing a regime calculater to render the commercial conditions of the country stable.

Prospects Good.

The prospects of the Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's property are very promising. Many of the leading business men of Duluth are interested in this company, of which Mr. C. W. Erickson is president. A limited amount of stock is now being offered in order to secure money for developing purposes. The price put upon this stock is only 10 cents per share, and it is an exceptional opportunity to become interested in a company whose future is practically assured, for very little money. Call at the company's offices, 318 Manhattan building for particulars.

FATEFUL MEETING

Of the British Cabinet to Be Held Monday.

Future Prosperity of West Indies Must Be Solved.

Countervailing Duty On Sugar Is Necessary For Preservation.

London, Jan. 11.—There will be a cabinet meeting here Monday, which bids fair to be most fateful in the history of the West Indies and may eventually affect the United States. Lord Salisbury and his colleagues will then decide whether Great Britain will put a countervailing duty on sugar. Colonial Secretary Chamberlain will submit a statement, made up on the unimpeachable evidence of the West Indian authorities that if this step is taken the sugar industry in the West Indian islands will be dead within a year and the West Indies hopelessly bankrupt.

The British delegates to the Brussels sugar conference also will, report that there is no likelihood of the continental nations abolishing bounties unless Great Britain declares her intention of imposing countervailing duties, should the bounties be continued.

The preliminary sessions of the Brussels sugar conference have convinced the British delegates that the continental power only desire at the most to amend the bounty system, and that this is chiefly due to the hope of placating their own consumers.

The best informed opinion, gathered by a representative of the Associated Press, inclines to the belief that the cabinet will not consent to the imposition of countervailing duties, for fear of raising a storm of international criticism from the old school of free traders, who constitute a formidable wing of the Unionist party. The memorandum which Mr. Chamberlain will present on Monday is worded more in the nature of an ultimatum than any hitherto presented to the government, and while it does not openly threaten secession, that phase of the situation has been verbally communicated by the colonial secretary.

It is almost needless to add that the decision of the cabinet will be kept a profound secret, at least until Jan. 20, when the British delegates return to the Brussels sugar conference. It is said that Mr. Chamberlain realize the gravity of the crisis and favors imposing countervailing duties; but the personnel of the large cabinet includes so many utterly differing economic views that it is doubtful whether Mr. Chamberlain will win the day.

PRESIDENT ELIOT

Tells About Drinking of Beer at Harvard.

Boston, Jan. 11.—The following statement has been given out by the private secretary of President Eliot:

"The Harvard union has been from the start and is still a total abstinence organization, so far as the use of all the general rooms is concerned. In the case of some separate rooms, which are rented or otherwise opened to outside organizations, the members of which have no access to the general rooms of the club unless they are also members of the union, permissive action has been taken amounting simply to this: That the union will not interfere with the moderate use of light liquors in their rooms, provided they are brought there by the organizations. No liquors are allowed to be kept in the building on tap or on demand. As a matter of fact, this permission is rarely availed of by student organizations.

"The actual influence of the union in prohibiting the use of liquor in its own club rooms and thus encouraging sociability without the use of liquors is all on the side of temperance. The trustees of the union do not approve the use of intoxicating liquors by student organizations, and their vote was made strictly permissive in the belief that moral influence against drinking would be of greater value than rigid regulations. The regulations governing the union are made by its own officers, and are not controlled by the governing boards of the university. The existing rule and practice at the union is in entire conformity with the no-license laws of the city of Cambridge, which prohibits the sale of liquor."

Got a Constant Headache? — Ten chances to one the secret of your suffering is that "white man's burden," Catarrh. Here's a sentence from one man's evidence for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—"One application gave me instant relief, cleared the nasal passages and stopped the pain in my head." It's a quick, safe and sure treatment, and it never fails to cure. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—6.

PONIES SHIPPED

For Use of Polo Players In England.

New York Jan. 11.—Twenty-five ponies for the American players in the coming match with the players of the Hurlingham club, were shipped today on the steamer Minneapolis.

The event is to be played late in May and the Americans hope to bring back the challenge trophy which was carried to England by Sir John Watson's polo team from the Hurlingham club in 1886. Foxhall Keene will be its captain. The other members will be Lawrence Waterbury, J. M. Waterbury, Jr., and John B. Cowdin, with Robert L. Agassiz as substitute.

A Rare Opportunity.

The Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company, of whose property The Herald gave such an interesting account a few days ago, announces in another column that they will place on the market a limited amount of the stock of that company at the low price of 10 cents per share. This is lower than the price at which most copper stocks are started, and will give investors an excellent opportunity to "get in on the ground floor," on a first class copper proposition.

It is the intention of the company to develop its property at once, and if the opinions of reliable experts are at all to be relied upon, the property can be made a shipper form the start, as the test pits and shafts will, to a great extent, be cut through high grade ore bodies, and the ore taken out in this manner can be at once shipped to the smelter, and converted into cash in a short time, thus making the development work practically self-supporting. This gives the company a great advantage from the start, and also enables them to offer the first issue of treasury stock at an unusually low figure, as it will not require the expenditure of a very large sum of money before cash returns are received. For particulars call at the offices, 318 Manhattan building.

IS A PROFESSIONAL.

Athletic Standing of Cutts Is Determined.

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 11.—Oliver F. Cutts, right tackle of the Harvard football team of 1901 whose athletic standing was the subject of exhaustive inquiry before the game with Yale last November, is declared a professional in a statement made public today by Professor Ira N. Hollis of the Harvard athletic committee. Evidence was produced that while teaching at Haverford, Cutts gave private boxing lessons for pay.

The matter was thoroughly discussed by the committee. Cutts admitted the facts, and the committee decided that they must change their decision made the evening before the Yale game that Cutts was a pure amateur and it was also decided to explain the case to the college and send copies of the explanation to all colleges and universities which Harvard played, as the best means of reparation. It is thought that, coming just at this time, the matter will serve to further the idea, already popular at Harvard, of having an inter-collegiate board of arbitration, which shall settle all such cases in future.

NEIL GETS DECISION.

Los Angeles, Jan. 11.—Al Neil, of San Francisco, was given the decision here over Mike Donovan, at the end of a 20-round bout.

SLOT MACHINES

47 VARIETIES

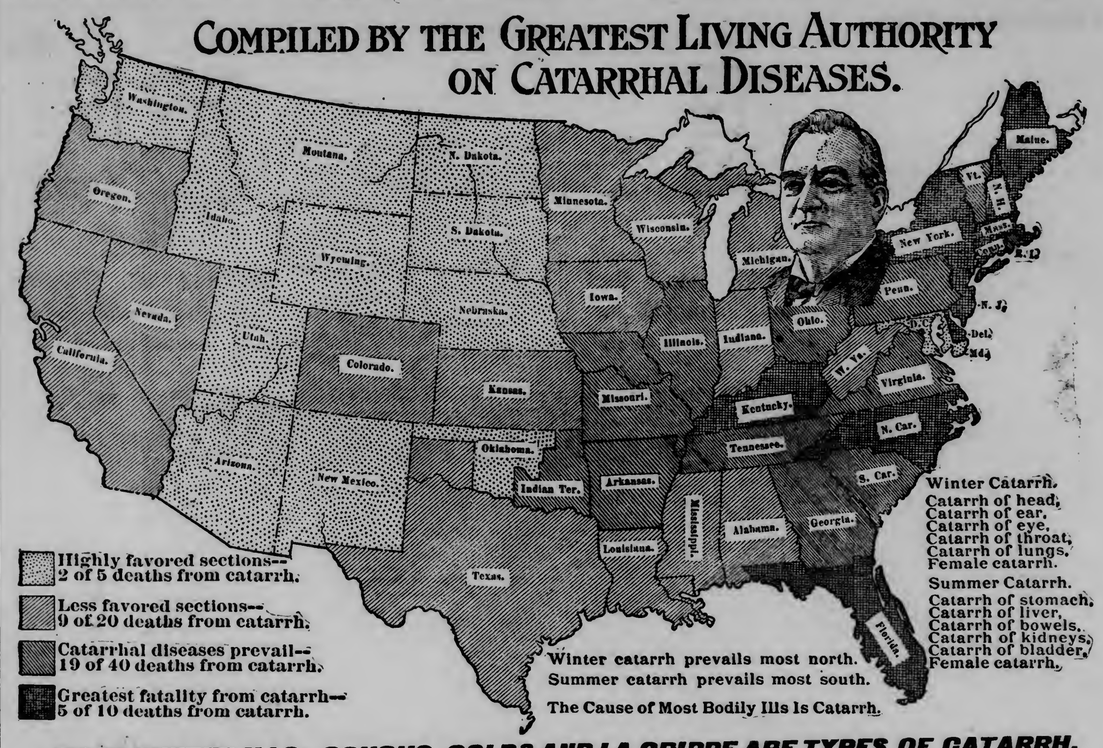
We are the largest manufacturers of coin operating machinery in the world. Write for our catalogue.

MILLS NOVELTY CO., Chicago.

11 to 23 South Jefferson Street.

WHERE CATARRH IS MOST FATAL.

COMPILED BY THE GREATEST LIVING AUTHORITY ON CATARRHAL DISEASES.



MOST WINTER ILLS: COUGHS, COLDS AND LA GRIPPE ARE TYPES OF CATARRH.

The above map has been carefully compiled from United States documents by The Pe-ru-na Medicine company, of Columbus, Ohio. The figures were taken from the latest mortal statistics published by the government and entirely agree with the archives kept at The Hartman Sanitarium.

The map is made in four shades. The lightest shade shows the states which have the lowest per cent of deaths due to catarrhal diseases. In these states very close to 42 per cent of all deaths in 1899 were due to catarrhal diseases. That is to say, four out of every ten deaths were from catarrhal affections.

In the states of next dark shade the per cent varies from 42 to 45. In next darker shade, 45 to 48 per cent of the whole number of deaths resulted from catarrhal diseases. In the darkest shade we have indicated the states in which over 50 per cent, or one-half or more, of all the deaths were directly traceable to catarrh as the cause.

This is an appalling state of affairs. This nation has got to confront the fact that catarrh has become a national curse. Catarrhal diseases threaten the life of our people. Over one-half of the people suffer from some form or degree of catarrh. Fully thirty-five million people are personally interested in the discovery of a radical catarrh cure.

Hon. Dan A. Grosvenor, of the well known Ohio family, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., says:



Dan A. Grosvenor, of Ohio.

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from one bottle of Peruna. One week has brought wonderful changes and I am as well now as ever. Besides being one of the very best spring tonics it is an excellent catarrh remedy."

DAN A. GROSVENOR.

Mr. J. C. Metcalf, 3826 Elmwood avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I am 72 years old, have been troubled with catarrh of the throat and stomach a great deal, and have tried almost every kind of medicine, but none have done me so much good as Peruna. I was a traveling salesman for 27 years, and this is the cause of my trouble. Today I am feeling better than I have for the past five years. I can heartily recommend Peruna to all who suffer from like diseases as a sure and complete cure."

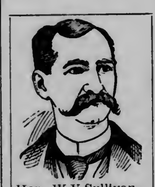
J. C. METCALF.

Mr. Isaac Thompson, Monkland, Ore., writes:

"I take great pleasure in acknowledging the curative effects of Peruna. I suffered for fifteen years with catarrh and by the use of five bottles of Peruna, taken according to directions, I am cured and can cheerfully recommend it to all who may be suffering with catarrh. Peruna is a good medicine to keep in the house, and when one feels a little off a few doses will tone up the system and do one good—Peruna is the medicine for catarrh."

ISAAC THOMPSON.

Hon. W. V. Sullivan, United States senator from Mississippi, in a letter recently written to Dr. Hartman, says the following of Peruna as a catarrh remedy:



Hon. W.V.Sullivan, U. S. Senator.

"For some time I have been a sufferer from catarrh in its incipient stage, so much so that I became alarmed as to my general health. But hearing of Peruna as a good remedy, I gave it a fair trial and soon began to improve. Its effects were distinctly beneficial, removing the annoying symptoms, and was particularly good as a tonic.

"I take pleasure in recommending your great national catarrh cure, Peruna, as the best I have ever tried."

M. V. SULLIVAN.

Hon. J. Courtney Hixson, ex-United States consul at Foo Chow, China, of Washington, D. C., says the following of Peruna:



Hon. J. C. Hixson, Consul to China.

"I join with my distinguished friend, General Wheeler, of my state, in recommending your preparation, Peruna. Friends who have used it recommend it as an excellent tonic and particularly good as a catarrh cure."

J. COURTNEY HIXSON.

Hon. H. W. Ogden, congressman from Louisiana, in a letter written at Washington, D. C., says the following of Peruna, the national catarrh remedy:



Congressman Ogden, of Louisiana.

"I can conscientiously recommend your Peruna as a fine tonic and all round good medicine to those who are in need of a catarrh remedy. It has been commended to me by people who have used it particularly effective in the cure of catarrh. For those who need a good catarrh medicine I know of nothing better."

H. W. OGDEN.

Mr. J. Orpe, corner Twenty-seventh and Market streets, Galveston, Texas, writes:

"I was afflicted with a case of chronic catarrh of twenty years' standing. I had been partially deaf on the left side for twelve years. Six months ago I had to be propped up in bed at night and lie on my side for fear of choking. I did not think I could be cured. My breathing is thoroughly free and easy, and I cannot too highly recommend your remedies."

J. ORPE.

Hon. John V. Wright law department, general land office of Tennessee, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., says the following of Peruna for catarrh: "I have used Peruna in my family and can cheerfully recommend it as being all you represent and wish every one who is suffering with catarrh, general debility or prostration could know of it. I would advise all such to take it in time and forestall the terrible consequences. I regard it as a most valuable remedy, and most cheerfully recommend it."



Gen. J. V. Wright, of Tennessee.

JOHN V. WRIGHT.

The women recommend Peruna also. The following are testimonials from thankful women prominent in society and business who use Peruna:

Mrs. Jane Gift, of Hubbardsville, Ohio, writes:

"I think I would have been dead long ago had it not been for Peruna. I have used it in my family for coughs and colds and la grippe. I would not be without it in the house. I really think that it has added years to my life."

MRS. JANE GIFT.

Mrs. A. S. Tipple, 148 Linden avenue, Minneapolis, Minn., writes as follows:



Mrs. A. S. Tipple.

"Last winter in taking a journey in very severe weather, I caught a cold which settled on my lungs, developing a severe case of catarrh of the respiratory organs. My family physician gave me only temporary relief, when my son advised me to try Peruna. I sent for a bottle and in two days the cough had nearly disappeared, and within a week I felt better than ever."

IRS. A. S. TIPPLE.

Catarrh is a systematic disease of climatic and nervous origin. With Peruna the nerves become strong and the mucous membranes are consequently strengthened, thus protecting the system from the bad effects of a changeable climate. This is why some people do not have catarrh.

Miss Mabel H. Ellis, president of the Woman's Athena Club, Trout Creek, Mich., says:



Miss Mabel H. Ellis.

"I suffered for three years with chronic catarrh of the bronchial tubes and found no relief until I tried Peruna. "Seven weeks' constant use of Peruna cured me permanently."

MABEL HELEN ELLIS.

Mrs. W. B. Krause, of Port Washington, Wis., in a recent letter to Dr. S. B. Hartman, says: "Your Peruna has cured my catarrh and suffering which I had in my back, and bearing down pains. I am very thankful for Peruna, as it has cured me where other medicines have failed. I will always speak a good word for Peruna."



Mrs. W. B. Krause.

MRS. W. B. KRAUSE.

A great many remedies for temporary relief have been devised from time to time, such as sprays, snuffs, creams and other local applications, but, as a rule, the medical profession has little or no enthusiasm in the treatment of catarrh. It is generally pronounced by them to be incurable. It therefore created a great sensation in medical circles when Dr. Hartman announced that he had devised a compound which would cure catarrh permanently. The remedy was named Pe-ru-na, and in a short time became known to thousands of catarrh sufferers, north, south, east and west.

Letters testifying to the fact that Peruna is a radical cure for catarrh began to pour in from all directions. Thousands of such letters are on file in the office of the Pe-ru-na Medicine company. These letters are not used for publication, except by the express wish of the writer. A pamphlet filled with such letters will be sent to any address free. This book should be read by all who doubt the curability of catarrh.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

PE-RU-NA RESTORES 200,000 CATARRH VICTIMS EACH YEAR.

Ask your druggist for a free Pe-ru-na Almanac. Every druggist has them.



MEN

Cured While You Sleep In Fifteen Days

Any sufferer from STRICTURE and its offspring, Varicocele, Prostatitis and Sexual Weakness is invited to cut out the coupon below, write his name.

FREE TREATISE COUPON

71 St. James Medical Association,

St. James Bldg., Cincinnati, O.

Please send me a copy of your Illustrated Work upon the Male Sexual System, securely sealed, PREPAID, FREE of all CHARGES.

Name

Address

and address plainly, mail it to St. James Medical Assn. 71 St. James Bldg., Cincinnati, O., and they will send their Illustrated Treatise, showing the parts of the male system involved **PREPAID FREE**

ST. JAMES MEDICAL ASSOCIATION,

71 St. James Bldg., Cincinnati, O.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.** Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

WILL BE SETTLED

Sale of Large Tract of Land In St. Louis County.

Forty Thousand Acres In Floodwood District Bought By Iowans.

Important Deal By Boston & Duluth Farm Land Company.

The Boston & Duluth Farm Land company opens the new year with a sale of a large tract of land in this county, and emphasises to the general public the influence and importance of the great work which this company during the last year has been doing towards the agricultural development and settlement of the locality around about the western end of Lake Superior.

This company has just concluded a sale of some 40,000 acres of lands in the Floodwood district, in this county, to a syndicate of gentlemen from Iowa, who have made this purchase after having made three different examinations, during the summer and fall, of the lands included in their purchase, and after having become fully convinced of their great productivity. Those gentlemen will retail the lands to farmers from their own community in Iowa, whom they will support in the way of furnishing them means to prepare their farms for cultivation, and whom they will supply with cattle and other live stock of the best Iowa breed. It is their purpose to establish a creamery at Floodwood and to institute a bank there and to do all things incidental to the upbuilding of that section of our county to their own profit and the benefit of the farmers therein.

This sale is indeed very instructive and important to every citizen of Duluth who sees in the agricultural development of this and adjoining counties an accession and creation of wealth ever to increase and always to remain here; to the merchant who has goods to sell, to the citizen who has farm produce to purchase, and to everyone who in the least possesses the spirit of advancement and development of the community in which he lives. It is to be hoped our people will grasp the significance and full importance, as well as the need of encouragement, of this important work, and that the hand of good purposes will at least be extended to incoming farmers.

That the lands in the Duluth district are not as easy of preparation for cultivation as in an open and timberless country is well known; that they are no harder to prepare for cultivation than were timber lands in any other states, and even in the southern part of this state, where are now the finest and most valuable farms, is likewise a fact. Whatever difficulties these timber lands may present is overcome by the cheapness at which they can be bought and the easy terms of payment which are extended the purchaser, as well as by their nearness to the cities of Duluth and Superior, which are growing up here, after the same manner as the cities of Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit and Chicago, and which growth will give to the lands round about them a corresponding increase in value, as were given to the lands approximate to the last named cities.

The incoming of these thousands of farmers calls upon the most friendly spirit in granting them all possible encouragement, and especially in the beginning of this movement. Chief among these is in securing them access to the lands by means of roads. This is an important matter, and the treatment accorded these new comers will have much to do in the furtherance or in discouragement of the agricultural development now so well inaugurated.

These farmers will bring value here, and they will create greater value which will ever remain here, when the millions of value in the iron ore fields shall have been taken from our community to enhance the fortunes of men who live in other portions of the country. They will give a splendid development to the agricultural regions round about us, and one of which our community stands so much in need. Men of the same character have transformed other timber countries into great agricultural communities, just as these incoming farmers have now undertaken to transform our community.

The concentration of most of the large manufacturing industries in the country into the hands of a few has lessened the possibilities of independence, in such lines, to the average man, and this feeling has caused a widespread and general movement on the part of the people to get hold of a small part of the earth's surface, something which is, in itself, a guarantee of livelihood and independence to any man who will apply thereto reasonable diligence.

That this agricultural movement and its importance has not escaped the notice of many of our own people is evidenced by the great number of sales that have been made during the last year to parties living in Duluth and in St. Louis county, and who either intend to move upon their land at once or to secure a tract upon which they intend to move later on. The low rate of interest and the easy terms of payment upon which the Boston and Duluth Farm Land company has been selling its land, has made it possible for almost any man so inclined, to own from forty to 160 acres of land. This is an opportunity and a good one for all those who desire to secure a piece of farm land; for land owned by individuals cannot be bought so cheaply or on terms so favorable as are extended by the Boston and Duluth Farm Land company.

It is estimated by the officials of the Northernwestern railway lines that the movement of land seekers from points South and East into Minnesota will, during this spring and summer, be without precedent in the history of the Northwest.

The Boston and Duluth Farm Land company states that from their correspondence they will scarcely be able to take care of their trade this spring and summer.

Of the 200,000 acres purchased from the Northern Pacific railroad about one year ago, but little over half of it yet remains unsold. This is a remarkable showing when it is considered that all but 10,000 acres of the lands sold have been in retail and to parties who will locate upon the same. At the same rate the company will sell all these railroad lands before the snow flies next fall. The 40,000-acre sale made to the parties of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, comprise about 30,000 acres of land which the Boston and Duluth Farm Land company also bought from the Iron Range company, and about 10,000 acres of land they bought from the Northern Pacific Railroad company.

ADJUSTED.

Department Stores and Druggists Settle Their Differences.

All differences between the retail druggists and the department stores at the head of the lakes are said to have been adjusted. The trouble was over the sale of patent medicines at a low cut rate price by the department stores. The Retail Druggists' association of the head of the lakes held its annual meeting at the St. Louis hotel last evening and a report was read from E. E. Chapman, representing the national association, who has been in the city some time bringing about the compromise. According to the adjustment the department stores may sell patent medicines at a 5 per cent reduction from the regular retail price, and they will not advertise the medicines in the papers.

The meeting last evening was well attended by druggists from both this city and West Superior. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, S. F. Boyce; vice president, J. S. Hadley, of West Superior; secretary and treasurer, David Shesgren.

The executive committee is comprised of F. W. Kugler, Max Wirth, W. A. Abbett, of Duluth; C. H. Slocum, P. A. Lignell and B. D. Merrill, of Superior.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Waranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

Fell Dead at Superior.

Vetal Burrow, a man about 60 years old, fell dead late yesterday afternoon as he was eating his dinner in a West Superior restaurant. He lived at 1710 Winter street and was janitor for the building occupied by the Superior Leader. His son runs a restaurant in West Superior. A postmortem showed that death was caused from apoplexy. This is the third death in West Superior from apoplexy within the last three days. The first death was that of ex-Alderman Graham, who was found near the shipyards. The second was that of N. Holm, who was found near the foot of the stairs at the Belknap street viaduct.

Will Entertain.

Mr. and Mrs. Erastus S. Upham, of East First street, will entertain at cards next Thursday evening and Mrs. Upham will entertain Thursday afternoon. It will be the thirtieth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Upham.

Eczema

How it reddens the skin, itches, oozes, dries and scales!

Some people call it tetter, milk crust or salt rheum.

The suffering from it is sometimes intense; local applications are resorted to—they mitigate, but cannot cure.

It proceeds from humors inherited or acquired and persists until these have been removed.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

positively removes them, has radically and permanently cured the worst cases, and is without an equal for all cutaneous eruptions.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic. Price 25 cents.

Surprising Results.

A Simple Internal Remedy Makes Remarkable Cures of Catarrh.

People who have used sprays, inhalers, salves and washes for catarrh and have found how useless and inconvenient they are, will be agreeably surprised at results following the use of a pleasant, internal remedy in tablet form; druggists everywhere admit that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets



lets, which they sell at 50 cents for full sized treatment is the safest, most effective and popular of all catarrh remedies.

Nearly all cheap cough mixtures and throat lozenges contain opiates; these cheap medicines give a temporary relief, especially with little children by destroying nerve sensation; the irritation in throat, which causes coughing is temporarily removed, not by removing the cause but by deadening the nerves of feeling the irritation is not felt although it is still there and will promptly return.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is the best remedy to remove catarrhal secretion, whether in the nose, throat or stomach, because they are composed of wholesome antiseptics like Red Gum, Blood Root, etc.; when you use these tablets you know what you are putting into your system and not taking chances with cocaine, opiates or similar poisons found in so many catarrh cures and cough medicines.

Dr. Ramsdell in commenting on catarrh cures says: "I can heartily recommend Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, because they contain no cocaine nor other dangerous drug found in so many advertised catarrh cures. I have known many cases of long standing catarrh of the head and throat completely cured by the daily use of these tablets for several weeks. One case in particular, which I could not reach with an inhaler or spray and where the catarrh caused daily headaches and a noticeable loss of hearing was entirely cured by this harmless but effective remedy."

Dr. Wainwright says: "I never hesitate to prescribe Stuart's Catarrh Tablets for catarrhal headaches and catarrhal deafness because I know them to be perfectly safe for child or adult and have seen many remarkable cures resulting from their regular daily use; because they are advertised and sold in drug stores is no reason why any good physician should not use them because we should seize upon the means of cure wherever found."

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are especially valuable for catarrhal colds in children because they are pleasant to the taste and may be used freely to break up severe colds and croup at the very beginning.

All druggists sell the remedy at 50 cents for full sized package.

A little book on cause and cure of catarrh mailed free by addressing the F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

BIG DEAL PENDING

Sale of Valuable Lease In 57-22 Is Under Consideration.

Eastern Minnesota After It and $900,000 the Reported Price.

M. L. Fay of Virginia Gets Leases on Western Mesaba Lands.

One of the largest deals in mining property in many months is said to be under way now. The land is on the western end of the Mesaba range in section 32-57-22, and an enormous deposit has been shown upon it. Explorations have been under way for more than a year, and the amount of ore disclosed is said to be from 25,000,000 tons to 30,000,000 tons, running about 56 per cent in iron, and a large quantity of lower grade ore running from 56 per cent down to 50 per cent. It is mixed in character, some being of Bessemer quality and some high in phosphorus, which puts it out of the Bessemer class. The lease of the property is owned by Messr. O. D. Kinney, E. B. Hawkins, J. H. Pearce and George H. Crosby. The fee is owned by the Mississippi River Lumber company, which is owned by the Weyerhaeuser interests.

The sum for which the lease is to be sold is reported to be $900,000, and the sale will cover only 160 acres, while the syndicate which is making the sale owns a considerable quantity more.

Another ore land sale that the same interest which is involved in the purchase of this is said to be negotiating, is for a tract of 120 acres in section 12-57-21. Some of the land is mixed up in a controversy between the state and the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, and this may delay the deal. Several million tons of ore are said to have already been shown up on this tract.

It is understood that the Eastern Minnesota railway is the interest which is figuring on the purchase of the properties. There will be an enormous amount of ore to be hauled from them, and the road is naturally anxious to get it. The combination of iron and steel interests made it necessary for this road to get control of iron mines in order to give it ore to haul, and it has been busily engaged since that went into effect in getting control of iron properties.

During the past week M. L. Fay, of Virginia, has added a neat bunch of valuable west end lands to his holdings, including the Buckeye, a state lease originally held by Gen. Baker and wife, of Mankato, in section 36-56-25, and comprising, in addition thereto, five forties in section 31-56-24, adjoining the Buckeye on the east, and four forties in section 1-55-25, adjoining the Buckeye on the south, the property located in sections 31 and 1 being owned by Messrs. Bovee and DeLaittre, of Minneapolis.

The Buckeye is one of the oldest of west end explorations, work on the property several years ago proving a large body of good ore, said to run very low in phosphorus and better than 60 per cent in iron.

At different points on the southwest quarter of 36 three pits were put into ore at from eight to ten feet surface, the ore body showing an average depth of 124 feet.

The leases on the property mentioned were obtained from Capt. J. W. Robinson, of Necedah, Wis., who retains an undivided sixth interest therein. The property, under direction of Mr. Fay, will be thoroughly explored and developed, and with the known facts of the extent of the ore body it is a certainty that a large mine will be proven.

MUSIC EDUCATION.

MR. C. W. WEEKS, Teacher of Singing, (Shakespearian Method.)

Lessons given evenings and at noon hour if desired. Terms reasonable. The Temple Male Quartette may be engaged for entertainments, banquets, lodges, funerals, etc.

Studio 326 The Temple. Residence 207 W. Third St.

THE DAKOTAS.

But Few Fatalities From Smallpox In North Dakota.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—Dr. H. H. Healy, of this city, state superintendent of health, has completed his report for December, covering the smallpox situation in North Dakota. Out of the 150 cases and over reported, but one terminated fatally, that being in Bottineau county. Reports received daily by the doctor show a steady increase of smallpox all over the state.

Jamestown—The cathedral car, purchaser by Bishop Walker over ten years ago to travel over the state and hold services of the Episcopal church, is now being used by a clothing firm in the East having been remodeled for that purpose. The car was used for a time in Carrington by the Episcopal congregation, having been secured from Fargo. Bishop Walker used the car but little as it was hard to heat and more expensive than was expected. The car was well built and had a pretty interior.

The jury in the case of John Nelson vs. the Northern Pacific and Soo railway, for damages to a baker's oven shipped from Jamestown to Harvey, brought in a verdict for $125—half the amount sued for.

Grafton—A large and enthusiastic meeting of farmers and business men was held at the Business Men's club last night to discuss the question of creameries. At the last meeting of the club a committee was appointed to investigate the matter, and this meeting was for he purpose of interesting the farmers. The interest aroused will result in great good. A mass meeting will soon be called.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

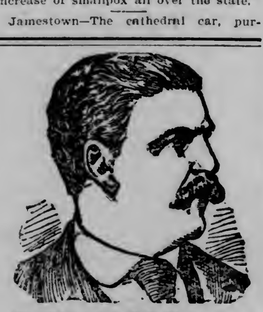
Pierre—A party of hunters trailing along the bluffs north of this city a few days ago came upon a mound on which was a broken slab of limestone. A few marks on the slab attracted attention and an investigation showed the following inscription rudely carved on the stone: "C. H. Atkins, Died 1883." As there was no general expedition into this section of the Northwest that year, the only solution seems to be that some small trapping party lost one of their number and that he was given burial in the bluffs.

Huron—The winter term of Huron college began Wednesday with an enrollment of 200 students and more coming.

Sioux Falls—Philip Knodel and Sophia Serr, an eloping couple from Hutchinson county, who were recently arrested at Sutton, Neb., and brought back to South Dakota, at their preliminary hearing waived examination and are in jail in default of bail.

The first flowing well in this portion of the state has just been struck on the farm of F. Dalsie, half a mile from the village of Trent. The news was brought here by Col. C. A. B. Fox, of this city. The well is only sixty-five feet deep. It is two inches in diameter and is flowing at the rate of two gallons a minute.

Armour—The sports of Armour were treated to a genuine prize fight last night. Jim Ptock, a cigarmaker, and Riley Shuler, a farmer, agreed to fight to a finish over some love affair and put up a forfeit of $5. When the first round was about finished the sheriff appeared and arrested the two young men. They appeared before Judge Hill, who fined them $10 each. The fight took place on the Armour Driving and Fair association track, outside the city limits.



Suffered 20 Years. Cured of Piles.

A. L. Husing, Alma, W. Va., writes: "I suffered frightfully for twenty years from itching, blind and bleeding piles. I tried many remedies without relief; the first application of Pyramid Pile Cure gave blessed relief and part of a 50-cent box cured me completely." For sale by all druggists. Little book, "Piles, Causes and Cure" mailed free. Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

IN MICHIGAN.

Large Buck Deer Attacks a Woodsman Near Skance.

L'Anse—Andrew Newman, while at work in the woods near Skance, was attacked by a large buck deer. The onslaught was so sudden that the man, dropping his canthook, grabbed the buck by the antlers. He gave a jerk and threw the animal in the snow, and as he did so, to Newman's surprise, the antlers broke off. The deer quickly regained its feet and bounded into the woods. It is about this time of year that the deer annually shed their antlers, which explains why they were lost so easily on this occasion. It is a rare instance, however, that deer attack men.

Escanaba—R. D. Ewing, superintendent of the public schools of this city, tendered his resignation to the school board, to take effect at once, and will accept a position with the Butler Sheldon Book company, of Chicago. W. M. Jolliffe, of Michigamme, has been elected to succeed him, and will take charge of the schools as soon as the transfer can be made.

Sault Ste. Marie—Yesterday afternoon the board of supervisors passed a resolution dividing Superior township and making the township of Bay Mills. The big lumber manufacturing plant of the Hall & Munson company is located in the latter.

The Hotel Belvidere was burglarized Wednesday night and $25 taken from the bar till, besides a quantity of cigars and other goods.

Iron Mountain—Mrs. H. M. Pelham, wife of an Iron Mountain attorney, cleverly defeated the efforts of a sneak thief to rid her of a fine beaver coat a few evenings ago. She was alone in her house when she was apprised of the front door being opened by the draft which it occasioned and merveling at the occurrence she proceeded to investigate when she saw a man, muffled in a great coat, enter the hall and take from the rack her beaver coat. Quick as a flash she turned to the assaulted will result in great good. A mass meeting will soon be called. and the fellow, frightened at the alarm, dropped the coat outside of the door and fled.

Crystal Falls—The Crystal Falls schools were closed all last week on account of the appearance of scarlet fever in the city. Though there was only one case—that of a little girl who expired suddenly—a number of school teachers roomed in the house where the patient died. On this account the health officer deemed it advisable to close the schools until all danger of the disease spreading has been eliminated. For the same reason the dance advertised by the firemen for New Year's eve was postponed indefinitely and the dance of the Friday Night club was abandoned.

Woman's Missionary Union.

The quarterly meeting of the Woman's Missionary Union will be held Tuesday at 2:30 o'clock in Grace Methodist church, Third street, corner of Twenty-second avenue west. The program is as follows:

Devotional exercises, led by Mrs. Angus Giddon.
Minutes of last meeting.
"Mission's Studies" ..... Mrs. Sherwin.
Extracts from letters from Broosa, In Turkey ..... Mrs. Holt.
"Baby Mission Band in Pittsburg" ..... Mrs. Bingham.
Letters from a teacher in Manilla.
"Work of the Baptist Church in Mexico" ..... Miss Milne.

Musical Instruction Free.

Free violin lessons for six months will be given to one boy or girl between the age of 7 and 13 applying before Jan. 20 at the office of the Bradbury Violin school, No. 8 Columbus building, with a letter of recommendation from the pastor of their church or a known business man.

LUMBER DEAL.

Texas Company Sells Lands and All Its Assets.

Orange, Tex., Jan. 11.—Another big deal of interest to the lumber trade has just been consummated by the Newton County Tram company, having sold to John H. Kirby, of Houston, all of its assets, consisting of pine lands, logging railroad, logging equipment and pine logs in the Sabine river, the consideration named being $240,000.

AN ICE AGE.

Another Will Happen In a Few Thousand Years.

New York, Jan. 11.—Sir Robert Hall, professor of astronomy and geometry at the university of Cambridge, England, delivered a lecture at Columbia University yesterday on "The Cause of an Ice Age." He explained that the ice was due to the influence of the planet Venus and Jupiter on the course of the earth's revolution around the sun, and the change of orbit from a circle to an ellipse. He said also that there would be another ice age when Venus, Jupiter and the earth were in a certain position as regarded one another. This would not happen for several thousands of years.

Sir Robert said that it was his last address in America.

French & Bassett

Store Open Saturday Evenings.

Store Open Saturday Evenings.

EVIDENCES OF LOW PRICES!

Clearly demonstrated in one department are evidences of low prices all over this mammoth house. We handle goods that are cheap, but not cheap goods. We want our goods to become your goods and our store to become your store. We start the week with this price impressive sale—and know when you see these prices you'll go down in your pocket with a smile.

IN THE DRAPERY DEPARTMENT.

100 pairs English Lace Curtains—extra wide — 3 1-2 yards long—per pair **$1.50**

15c *yard FISH NETS — ten pieces, 36-inch net lace; in white and ecru.*

Fish Net Lace; 5-in wide, regular 12c quality 6c

Cedarine Furniture Polish.

By the use of which scratches and mars are removed and your old furniture looks like new, a bottle 25c

100 pairs Curtains in one and two pair lots, in Brussels Net, Arabian, Irish Point, Rennaissance Ruffled Net and Nottingham — all grades of goods from $2 up to $25 per pair ..... **1/3 Off**

200 Remnants Drapery and Upholstery Goods; suitable for pillow tops and chair seats; divided into two lots at—

25c and 50c each

Worth Double.

500 yards Silkalines, Cretons and Printed Crepes; worth 15c to 25c a yard—on sale at **10c**

$1.00 *pair—50 pairs Printed Chamber Curtains —assorted colors.*

Cedarine Furniture Polish.

By the use of which scratches and mars are removed and your old furniture looks like new, a bottle 25c

IN THE HOUSEFURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

WELSBACH GAS MANTLES, 18 cents

OTHER GRADE 12 cents

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

CHAFING DISH



A Regular $4.25 Nickel Article

$3.25

5 o'Clock TEA



A Regular $2.25 Brass Article

$1.50

Silk Candle Shades

18c

Exquisite Design Paper Shades—

10 cents

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

PROF. G. W. E. HILL,

Illustrated Lectures

— AT —

Lakeside Presbyterian Church,

Tuesday Evening, Jan'y 14.—Subject: "Along English Hedgerows."

Wednesday Evening, Jan. 15.—Subject: "Land of Shamrock and Heather."

Friday Evening, Jan. 17.—Subject: "Rhine From Source To Sea."

Course Tickets:—Adults 50 cents; Children 35 cents.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co

INTERIOR FINISH.

This is the time to order your

Storm Sash.

Hotel Northern,

208 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

SKYLIGHTS, CORNICE,

Gravel Roofing and Sheet Iron Work.

DEETZ & CO.,

408 East Superior St.

Zenith Telephone 793. Long Distance 79

New Building—
New Equipment—
Modern in every particular—

Hotel McKay

One block from Union Depot. Convenient to all parts of Duluth. RATES—$2.00 and $2.50 per day.

Duluth Wholesale Supply Company

114 West Michigan Street.

We sell Groceries direct to hotels, restaurants and large consumers at wholesale prices.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. Sold by all druggists.



Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL Co., Room 420 Times Bldg., New York.

The Whirling Spray Syringe sold in Duluth by

MAX WIRTH, Druggist 13 W. Superior St

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp disease & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

PET SCHEME

Of Navy Will Be Realized If Hale Bill Passes.

Washington, Jan. 11.—At the instance of the navy department, Senator Hale has introduced in the senate a bill intended to carry out a long cherished plan of the naval engineers, and especially of Engineer-in-Chief Melville, to provide the navy an experimental plant of the first class, somewhat on the lines of the magnificent German naval experimental plant at Charlottenberg, which has been of such benefit to the German navy. The bill provides an appropriation of $400,000 for the construction of a building at the naval academy at Annapolis, and its equipment to deal with engineering problems of value and interest to the navy which cannot be properly left to private enterprise to solve. Much pressure has been brought to bear on the navy department by the great manufacturing interests throughout the country and also by the scientific colleges and shipbuilders to have the navy undertake this important work. Admiral Melville pointed out important reasons that make it desirable that the government should not be obliged to rely on outside experimentors for this work. Beside being a benefit to the navy proper, the proposed plan, it is said, was of immense service in solving problems of the greatest importance to manufacturing interests and in stimulating the inventive genius of the navy.

PLAN OF ARBITRATION

For Labor Disputes Presented By Secretary Sayward.

New York, Jan. 11.—William H. Sayward, secretary of the National Association of Builders, makes the announcement, that, having submitted his plan of arbitartion of building strikes to individual members of the building trades unions and employers' organizations, he has now arranged to submit it to the organizations themselves. His plan contemplates a court of arbitration with paid officers, for the settlement of labor disputes.

DAUGHTERS OF 1812.

New York, Jan. 11.—Members of the National Society of Daughters of 1812 are attending the annual meeting in this city and yesterday visited places of interest in the city. This is honor day and the New York state society will give a luncheon for the visiting state and national officers.

THE EVENING HERALD
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week
EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Jan. 11.—High barometric pressures, cool temperatures and fair weather prevail in most districts lying between the Mississippi river and 115th meridian. An area of low pressure is central near Buffalo. Somewhat cooler weather prevails in the lake region, Ohio, Upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys. Although temperatures have risen in extreme Northwest Canada during the past twenty-four hours the outlook is rather favorable for a continuance of moderately cool weather in Duluth during the ensuing thirty-six to forty-eight hours. Light falls of snow or rain occurred in the upper and eastern lake region and North Atlantic states, with brisk to high westerly winds in the lake region.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	60	Marquette	32
Battleford	24	Memphis	66
Bismarck	28	Miles City	38
Boston	34	Milwaukee	38
Buffalo	34	Minnedosa	22
Calgary	46	Modena	54
Charleston	68	Montgomery	64
Chicago	40	New Orleans	70
Cincinnati	44	New York	40
Davenport	40	North Platte	44
Denver	50	Oklahoma	56
Detroit	36	Omaha	38
Dodge City	52	Pittsburg	42
Duluth	30	Port Arthur	38
Edmonton	34	Portland	52
El Paso	66	Prince Albert	18
Escanaba	34	Qu'Appelle	26
Galveston	64	Rapid City	40
Green Bay	36	San Francisco	54
Havre	46	Santa Fe	50
Helena	36	Shreveport	66
Houghton	32	Spokane	42
Huron	34	St. Louis	50
Jacksonville	68	St. Paul	30
Kamloops	40	Sault Ste. Marie	32
Kansas City	50	Swift Current	38
Knoxville	62	Washington	42
La Crosse	34	Williston	24
Lander	38	Winnemucca	48
Los Angeles	68	Winnipeg	24

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 a. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Probably snow flurries tonight. Generally fair Sunday. Slight changes in temperature. Fresh and brisk westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Forecast till 7 a. m. Sunday: Wisconsin and Minnesota—Fair tonight and Sunday. Slight change in temperature. Northwest winds.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Sunday.

Trade Relations With Cuba.

As the time approaches for the hearing to be given by the ways and means committee to Cuban representatives on the question of reciprocity, it is encouraging to note that the feelings of the members of that committee seem to be changing in favor of the Cubans. The feeling certainly is more encouraging than at the opening of the session. It is expected that Russell of Connecticut, Long of Kansas, McCall of Massachusetts and perhaps Tawney, may be in favor of reciprocity. The great trouble is, of course, in the opposition of the beet sugar people, though the representatives of the states in which that industry is beginning to make some headway. Next Wednesday the hearings will begin, first to the advocates of concession and then to the remonstrants. It will open a contest, the results of which may be of history-making importance. Most people believe the trouble in Cuba is economic, and that should this country adhere to a policy which would leave Cuba no market for her products, that island in a spasm of poverty would ask admission to the United States. If, however, we grant such concessions that the industries of the island can live, the new government there will have a chance for itself. In the pending sugar controversy both sides realize this; they know that the beet sugar people are liable to ultimately defeat their own ends if they succeed in preventing any reasonable access of Cuban products to our market, for annexation is a much stronger issue than reciprocity and would be likely to prevail in congress, were the application properly made by Cuba, even if reciprocity did not command a majority. The matter practically simmers down to one of two results; reciprocity with the Cuban repulic or annexation with accompanying free trade.

Popular Election of Senators.

Some of the observers of national affairs think that a constitutional convention for the purpose of amending the constitution providing for popular election of United States senators may be impending. Six states have already notified congress through their legislatures that they desire an amendment to the constitution providing for the popular election of United States senators, and four of them specifically ask for the call of such a convention as is authorized by the constitution in article five. It is asserted that at some time in the past at least thirty-five states have given their adhesion to the plan for the popular election of senators. Congress would have to call a convention upon the request of two-thirds of the states. The movement has begun to receive some attention from the senate and influences have already been set at work to check the further spread of the feeling. The senators claim it is not the question of election of senators to which they object, but the mischief which might be worked by such a convention. Although it would require the approval of the legislatures of three-fourths of the states to ratify any changes in the constitution that such a convention might propose, it is not altogether sure that anti-corporation regulations of a radical character might not find acceptance, and so the business interests of the country would work against having any such assemblage. Some of the other amendments which would doubtless come before such a convention are those relating to the income tax, the life tenure of the judiciary, the hours of labor, uniform divorce, prohibition of polygamy, the suppression of trusts, the control by the general government of the irrigation waterways, and woman suffrage, but whether any of them could command a three-fourths vote would have to be doubtful. The change of plan of electing senators is alone of sufficient importance for a convention. As far as other amendments are concerned the matter can be safely trusted to the states, whose diversified interests would be sufficient protection against any unwise legislation.

MR. HILL ENDORSED.

The cordial endorsement given to President James J. Hill and the so-called merger of the Northwestern railroads, by the Tri-State Grain and Stock Growers' convention, is significant of the state of public feeling on this question. A moribund politician temporarily occupying the governor's chair started an agitation which he thought would revive his fortunes, and with the aid of several sensational newspapers and a certain class of people who are always ready to join in any new cry, he made a great howl about the "great outrage" that was being perpetrated and the "great railroad monopoly" that was being established to the injury of the people of the Northwest. At first glance there seemed to be some merit in the claims that they made, but when the circumstances surrounding the combination were made known and explained, it was seen that instead of having done something that might injure the Northwest, Mr. Hill had saved the people of this section of the United States from being placed at the mercy of railroad magnates who would be interested in diverting trade to other channels and building up other communities and states at our expense. In fact, as the resolutions adopted at Fargo state, "James J. Hill has performed a notable public service, and once more displayed the far-sighted and businesslike policy that has characterized his long career as the great developer of Northwestern resources and the most watchful guardian of Northwestern interests." While others slept in fancied security, he was wideawake and alert, and checkmated the scheme of the Union Pacific crowd to get control of the Northern Pacific, to the detriment of the great country traversed by the latter road.

The members of the convention at Fargo were the cream of the intelligent, practical agriculturists of the Northwest, and they fairly represent the sentiment of the grain and cattle growers of Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota. They have learned by experience to appreciate the splendid efforts made by Mr. Hill to develop the Northwest and to provide it with railway facilities, and they know how freight and passenger rates have been steadily reduced as the volume of traffic increased. They have faith enough in Mr. Hill and his policy to believe that the so-called merger will result in another reduction of freight rates in the near future. In these views they were strengthened by the able and sincere speech delivered by Mr. Hill. It was a convincing answer to the many falsehoods that are being circulated by the anti-Hill press concerning the Great Northern-Northern Pacific union, and it removed any fears that some people may have still held regarding the effect of the "community of interest" thus established.

The convention at Fargo was attended by large delegations from Duluth, Superior and the Twin Cities. They were splendidly treated by the people of Fargo and were entertained at a most enjoyable banquet. The residents of the metropolis of the Red River valley were lavish in their hospitality, and the visitors returned home loud in their praises of the kindness with which they were met everywhere.

THE NEW TAX CODE.

The report of the tax commission is in the hands of the governor, and it has been announced that the legislature will be called in special session about Feb. 18 to consider it. In the meantime the report, with the new tax code proposed by the commission, will be printed and placed in the hands of the members of the legislature in order that they may make themselves familiar with its provisions before the legislature meets.

In many respects the proposed code is a radical departure from the present method of taxation in Minnesota, which is a piece of patchwork that has been biennially made more complex and unsatisfactory by attempts to improve it. And yet there is nothing utoplan or visionary about its provisions. It is yet too early for definite opinion to be formed upon it. Opinion regarding it must be crystallized from discussion by experts, in which class will be included many of the officers familiar with the workings and short-comings of the present system.

On the whole the new code seems at a glance to be a step in advance, and a large one. The ideal tax system would include every item of property in the state that has value to the owner and would distribute the expense of government equally over all that property. The great fault of the present system is that it permits too much invisible property to escape, leaving the wealthy to pay in proportion very much less than the poor. Many provisions of the proposed code are designed to avoid this difficulty. How wisely and well they have been designed to this end can only be finally determined by practical application. Discussion in advance of a trial of the system must be largely theoretical, except where provisions have been copied from other states where their workings have been observed.

Of course it would have been much less work to legislate thorough honesty into the owners of property, thus assuring that each individual, firm and corporation would make a fair and complete return of its property for purposes of taxation. That would dispose of all difficulty about securing equable taxation. But of course that is impossible, and the next best method is to pass legislation that will enforce honesty and provide means for seeking out and placing on the tax rolls property that has been hiding from taxation. Severe punishment for bad faith in making returns of property is a good producer of honesty, and the proposed code contains what seem to be some excellent proposals along these lines.

The constitutional limitations that prevented an income tax, a tonnage tax on iron and an abolition of the unjust gross earnings tax on railroads being proposed are, of course, to be regretted. While the supreme court has held the tonnage tax to be unconstitutional, the fact remains that from all points of view that method of taxation is the most satisfactory way to get at such things as minerals that are being removed from the ground, thus lessening the value of the mine as real estate and making the ordinary methods of taxation difficult and unsatisfactory.

Enforcement is a necessary element of the success of any law. Tax commissions might report tax codes, and legislatures might pass them until they were black in the face, and if good faith and energy are not employed in their enforcement they will be ineffectual The best way to insure such good faith is to create a public sentiment that shall understand the tax laws and demand justice in their enforcement. It should be the duty of every citizen and taxpayer to make himself familiar with the law and to interest himself in seeing personally that whatever the legislature makes a law after deliberating upon the report is most rigidly enforced.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY FARMS.

The influx of farmers into this section of the state during the past year has been very large. It is a circumstance that means much for the prosperity of Duluth. Until recent years there was a widespread impression that this portion of the state was nothing but a mass of rocks, rich in mineral resources, but entirely unfit for agricultural development. This erroneous idea has been well nigh dissipated, and the prejudice against the supposed rigor of the winters here has been largely removed by the spread of information concerning the excellent climate enjoyed in the winter months by Duluth and the tributary country. The present winter has been a fair example of what may be expected. There has hardly been a full week of cold weather thus far and while the people of states farther south were suffering from a severe cold snap the northern part of Minnesota was enjoying the most beautiful weather. The dryness of the atmosphere prevents suffering here from the cold that would cause distress in the South, where the air is laden with moisture. The Herald has not heard of a single fatality in Northern Minnesota this winter from the cold. Certainly there has been none in the vicinity of Duluth.

The settlement of lands in St. Louis county in recent years has shown that they are unexcelled by those in any other portion of the state for fertility. The result is that there is a steady influx of settlers and farms are springing up all over this county and the adjoining counties. An important announcement in this connection is made by the Boston and Duluth Farm Land company, that it has just concluded a sale of 40,000 acres of land in the Floodwood district in this county to a syndicate of Iowa people who intend to retail the land to farmers from that state and aid them to prepare their farms for cultivation. It is impossible to say too much in regard to the importance of this deal. It means more business for Duluth's merchants and manufacturers and cheaper farm produce for its inhabitants.

DOOMED TO DEFEAT.

Although the supporters of the ship subsidy bill could not pass that measure through the last congress, in the face of adverse public sentiment, they did not give up hope and they soon became confident they would build up sentiment and secure sufficient votes to get their measure through the present congress. The indications now are that they are doomed to disappointment. Representative Stevens of St. Paul, who is on the house committee which has the ship subsidy bill in charge, stated the other day that he was convinced the bill could not be enacted this year. The fact is that the ship subsidy bill has been steadily losing strength instead of gaining it.

Since the opening of the present congress this has become more evident. An impartial view of the prospects of this raid upon the treasury makes its defeat seem very probable. A member of the senate committee on commerce, himself ardent advocates of the ship subsidy bill, is reported to have admitted recently that the measure cannot pass. He is quoted as follows by one of the most reliable of Washington correspondents:

"Even if the bill were to pass the senate it could not pass the house with a majority of the committee on rules of that body opposed to it. Senators Hanna and Frye have received assurances that Speaker Henderson will vote with the Democratic members of the committee on rules against any proposition to frame a rule for the bill.'

This is a very reasonable assurance of the doom of the ship subsidy scheme. The senate is known to be very close on the bill with the chances in favor of a majority against it. The outlook for the bill is still less favorable in the house. It would require a very decided majority in favor of it to overcome the determined opposition of Speaker Henderson. By his preference for consideration and the assertion of his authority as ex-officio chairman of the committee on rules the speaker has always the power to keep from consideration any measure that is not backed by an overwhelming majority of the house. Those who know how stubborn Speaker Henderson is do not doubt that he will exercise his official influence and prerogatives to their fullest extent against the ship subsidy grab. Its advocates do not claim any great majority for it in the house, and the best informed of them practically admit that they are making a hopeless fight at least in the present congress.

Senator Frye, one of the chief sponsors and directors of the measure, hoped, and doubtless expected to rally recruits for it when he introduced a substitute which eliminates some of the provisions of the original bill that had been most severely attacked, but the principle of the proposed legislation is maintained in the diluted form, and it has arrayed against it an antagonism both in the country at large and in congress that will kill it, unless all signs fail. The prosperous state of the shipbuilding industry shows that no subsidy is needed to encourage the building of vessels.

ONE TRUST'S FALL.

Another trust has gone to the wall and it is the same old story—overcapitalization, expensive management and piling up fixed charges that could not be met by the revenues. It is the tendency of the average trust, when it finds it has a good thing, to push it along too rapidly. Soon it finds itself swamped by obligations it cannot take care of. Then the investors whom it has drawn into its scheme by promises of fabulous profits begin to complain. Finally they realize that they have been made victims of a gobble game for the benefit of a set of shrewd "capitalists," or that in the exuberance of the officers and directors of a common investment they have been led to financial distress while seeking the safe pathway of enormous profits.

The collapse of the asphalt trust is a striking illustration of the way of all such flesh. That concern has gone to the wall and is in the hands of a receiver on account of its gross overcapitalization and the very questionable methods it employed. The asphalt trust seems to have been characterized by its bold departure from business methods. It has not only resorted to new financial devices, but has dabbled dangerously in politics. It used money obtained from the profits of its legitimate operations and from unsuspecting investors in its fatty degenerated stock for the promotion of all sorts of bold and reckless plans of world-wide extension.

By this process it built up an amount of fixed charges which it could not meet and a receiver had to step in and simplify the situation. The moral of the matter may be put in these words: That when trust promoters are swayed by greed and not by sound business principles the end of their scheming is a foregone conclusion, and in most cases is already in sight. The legislative power of states and the nation is busy in devising schemes to prevent the trust evil. In the meantime it is occasionally curing the inevitable results of defying the fixed laws of finance and trade.

A little publicity ought to put a curb on these trusts and possibly wipe them out of existence. If they were compelled to make public statements of their earnings and expenditures, there would be few people get caught by unstable concerns.

Each day of the week is observed as Sunday by some nation. The first day of the week is our Christian Sunday; Monday is the sacred day of the Greeks; Tuesday is the holy day of the Persians; Wednesday, of the Assyrians; Thursday, of the Egyptians; Friday, of the Turks; and Saturday, of the Jews.

A Connecticut man who has used tobacco and whisky all his life is still alive at 106 years of age. It is quite possible that it will be learned after awhile that whisky and tobacco are antidotes for the death germ of which Professor Loeb has been telling.

The terms of Senators McLaurin, of South Carolina; Peter Pritchard of North Carolina and William J. Deboe of Kentucky, expire on March 4, 1903. And there will probably be a new senator in each case.

Governor Van Sant has formally announced his decision to call an extra session of the legislature about the middle of February. Surely he did not read that "open letter" in the News Tribune.

The prospects are bright that Superior will get an appropriation of $300,000 from congress for a public building. The public business of Superior requires such a building.

Marmaton, Kan., is run by women. It has a woman school teacher, a woman telegraph operator, a postmistress, a woman pastor in charge of its only church and a woman letter carrier.

The Atlanta Journal says that Hon. Henry Watterson continues to talk like a Kentuckian who has had some one pour water into his liquor.

Tom Sharkey is matched for two more pugilistic battles, and that probably means two more defeats for the ex-sailor.

Governor White of North Dakota will probably consider that he is somewhat endorsed by the resolutions passed at the Fargo convention.

An iconoclastic Parisian scientist now asserts that Greenwich is not on the meridian. This claim will give John Bull a shock.

Several football universities are revising their yells. They cannot be any worse than the old yells.

A Chicago street car was destroyed by fire the other day. But how did a street car get so hot?

Hill's Control Preferable.

Bemidji Pioneer: The Pioneer does not advocate the consolidation of competing lines as beneficial to the people. But it maintains that it is far better for the Northwest that these railway systems be under the control of James J. Hill than in the hands of Union Pacific interests. The one has been active in building up this country, the other would divert Northern traffic to its own line. We further maintain that the state is powerless to dissolve the Northern Securities company. It is not a railroad company, but a stock company, and certainly has a right to purchase whatever kind of stock it pleases.

MR. DOOLEY

On Discipline From the White House

BY F. P. DUNNE.

(Copyright, 1902, by Robert Howard Russell.)

"Where did ye spind th' New Year's?" asked Mr. Dooley.

"I didn't go to th' White House rayciption," said Mr. Hennessy pleasantly.

"I see ye didn't." said Mr. Dooley. "Ye'er ar-rm is not in a sling. Man an' boy, Hinnissy, I've taken manny a chanst on me life but I'd as lave think iv declarin' th' sintiminte iv me heart in an Orange meetin' as dhroppin' in f'r a socyal call at what Hogan calls th' ixicutive mansion. That is, if I was a government employee, which I ain't, havin' been born wrong.

"Th' time was whin a man lost his job an' his heart to th' prisidint at th' same time. A reproof was administhered to him with chloryform. He woke up an' rubbed his eyes an' says, 'Where am I?' an' the polisman says: 'Ye'er in an ash bar'l.' He come fr'm th' White House with tears in his eyes an' was tol' he was out iv wurruk. But, Hinnissy, th' prisint occypant iv th' White House is a heartier person. A reproof fr'm him is th' same thing as a compound fracture. A wurrud iv caution will lay a man up f'r a week an' a severe riprimand will sind him through life with a wooden leg.

"There was me frind, Gin'ral Miles. No more gallant sojer iver dhrew his soord to cut out a patthern f'r a coat thin Gin'ral Miles, He's hunted th' Apachy, th' Arypahoo, th' Comanchee, th' congressman, an' other savages iv th' plain; he's faced death an' promotion in ivry form, an' no harm come to him till he wint up th' White House stairs or maybe 'twas till he come down. Annyhow, Gin'ral Miles was pursooin' th' thrue coorse iv a nachral warryor an' enlightenin' th' wurruld on th' things he happened to think iv. 'Tis what is ixpicted iv him. Wan half th' pa-apers iv th' counthry is edited be Schley an' th' other half be Sampson an' Gin'ral Miles is a conthributor to all iv thim. If ye don't read him ye don't know what's goin' on in th' wurruld. Ivry Sundah I plek up me paaper an' hurry through th' articles on what's a suitable Christmas gift f'r th' hired girl who'll pizen th' soup if she gets three yards iv calico, be Winnyfield Scott Schley an' what ought to be done f'r th' Chinee be Cap. Mahan an' get down to what Gin'ral Miles thinks. 'Tis always good an' full iv meaty advice. 'Is Mars inhabited?' 'Th' future iv the Columbya river salmon,' 'Is white lead good f'r th' complexion?' 'What wud I do if I had a millyion dollars an' it was so,' 'England's supreemacy in Cochin China,' 'Pink galters as a necissity iv warfare,' 'Is th' Impire shouldhers goin' out?' 'Waist measurements iv worriors I have met,' an' so on. Gin'ral Miles is th' on'y in-an-out, up an' down, catch-as-catch-can, white, red or black, with or without, journyilist we have left. On anny subject fr'm stove polish to sun worship, I'd take th' wurrud iv me frind Gin'ral Miles before th' man that made th' goods.

"'Twas that got him into throuble. Wan day afther inspictin' th 'army, Gin'ral Miles give a chat to wan iv his fav'rite journals on what he thought about th' navy, him bein' a great authority on navy affairs before steam come in. I don't know what th' divvle he said an' I don't care f'r me mind was made up long ago an' ivrybody that don't agree with me is ayther 'a Schley man or a Sampson man an' little bether thin a thraitor or a cow'rd at that. But annyhow he give his opinyion an' afther givin' it, he got his bonnet out, had a goold beater in to fix up th' epylets, got th' illethric lights goin' in th' buttons, found th' right pair iv blue an' pink pants, pulled on th' shoes with th' silver bells, harnessed to his manly hips th' soord with th' forget-me-note on th' handle an' pranced over to th' White House. As he wint up th' hall, he noticed what Hogan calls cold hatoor f'r wan iv th' durckeepers said th' prisidint wasn't home an' another lightly kicked him as he passed, but like a sojer he wint on to th' East room where Mr. Rosenfelt, th' pa-apers tells me, shtud in front iv th' fireplace, nervously pluckin' Sicrety Gage be th' beard. 'I've come,' says Gin'ral Miles, 'to pay me rayspicts to th' head iv th' naytion.' 'Thank ye,' says th' prisidint, 'I'll do th' same f'r th' head iv th' army,' he says, bouncin' a coal scuttle on th' vethren's helmet. 'Gin'ral I don't like ye'er recent conduct,' he says, sindin' th' right to th' pint iv th' jaw. 'Ye've been in th' army forty year,' he says, pushin' his head into th' grate, 'an' ye shud know that an officer who criticises his fellow officers, save in th' reg'lar way, that is to say in a round robin, is guilty iv I dinnaw what,' he says, feedin' him with his soord. 'I am foorced to administher ye a severe reproof,' he says. 'Is that what this is?' says Gin'ral Miles. 'It is,' says th' prisidint. 'I thought it was capital punishment,' says Gin'ral Miles as he wint out through th' window pursooed be a chandeller. His nex' article will be entitled 'Hospital Sketches,' an' I undherstand he's dictatin' a few remarks to his nurse on providin' atthractive suits iv steel plate f'r gin'rals in th' army.

"Well, sir, they'll be gr-reat times down there f'r a few years. A movement is on foot f'r to establish an emergency hospital f'r office holders an' politicians acrost th' sthreet fr'm th' White House where they can be threated f'r infractions iv the civil sarvice law followed be pers'nal injuries. I'll be watchin' th' pa-apers ivry mornin'. 'Rayciption at th' White House. Among the casulties was so-an'-so. Th' prisidint was in a happy mood. He administhered a stingin' rebuke to th' chief justice iv th' supreme coort, a left hook to eye. Sinitor Hanna was prisint walkin' with a stick. Th' prisidint approached him gaily an' asked him about his leg. ''Tis gettin' bether,' says th' sinitor. 'That's good,' says th' prisidint. 'Come again whin it is intirely well an' we'll talk over that appintment,' he says. Th' afthernoon was enlivened be th' appearance iv a Southern congressman askin' f'r a foorth-class postoffice. Th' prisidint hardly missed him be more thin a foot at the gate, but th' congressman behn' formerly wan iv Mosby's guerillas escaped to th' gr-reat chagrin iv Mr. Rosenfelt who remarked on his return that life at th' White House was very confinin'. 'I will niver be able to enforce th' civil service law till I take more exercise,' he said heartily. Th' ambulance was at th' dure promptly at 5, but no important business having been thransacted nearly all th' cabinet was able to walk to their homes.'

"Yes, sir, 'twill be grand an' I'm goin' to injye it. F'r th' first time since I've been at it, Ar-rchey road methods has been inthrajooced in naytional politicks. I knew th' time wud come, Hinnissy. 'Tis th' on'y way. Ye may talk about it as much as ye want, but governmint, me boy, is a case iv me makin' ye do what I want an' if I can't do it with a song, I'll do it with a shovel. Th' ir'n hand in th' velvet glove, th' horseshoe in th' boxin' mit, th' quick right, an' th' heavy boot, that was th' way we r-run politicks whin I was captain iv me precinct."

"But ye niver was prisidint," said Mr. Hennessy.

"I always had too soft a spot f'r age," said Mr. Dooley; "an' 'tis th' aged that does up us young fellows. An' annyhow, I done bether."

FABLES BY GEORGE ADE.

The Modern Fable of Rugged Hiram and Hiram's Giddy Wife.

(Copyright, 1902, by Robert Howard Russell.)

Once there was a staid Business Man who was hooked up with a hoop-la Spender. It was often remarked that Hiram's Wife seemed to take it for granted that Treasury Notes grew on Trees. She wore three long lozenge-shaped Rings that blind the Spectator, and she had a different Sunburst for every Day in the Week and a Diamond Tarara that made the other Women sizzle with Envy. She wore a trailing Worth Gown that kept coming into the Room long after she had entered.

Now and then she would give a party at which $80 worth of Spinach would be hung on the Chandeliers. The highest-priced Caterer in Town would deal out the sparkling Conversation Water as if Brut and Buttermilk cost about the same.

She was, in very Sooth, among the highest of the Rollers, but Hiram stood for the Bills with nary a Whimper. He was proud to be the Husband of the Lady Ki-Bosh of the Local Knickerbockers.

He never pranced into the Ring himself for Fear that he might Interfere or throw a Shoe, but he sat back in Section A and rooted for the Missus. Every time she was awarded a Blue Ribbon for another Social Triumph, he was pleased beyond Compare.

Hiram was a Child of Nature, and he never had been able to outgrow his Birthright. Even when he was attired in his $135 Evening Clothes, one could tell by looking at him that he knew how to milk a Cow. He had more Hands and Feet than he could dispose of at one Time.

Hiram could not comb his hair so that it would stay, and although he had been in the City for thirty years he never contrived to get the Hang of a tie-it-yourself Bow Tie, so he used the kind that fastens behind with a little Buckle. It was even said that Hiram was unable to put the Studs in his Shirt without getting Finger-Marks on the Bosom. Hiram's Wife or Daughter Jessie always had to go to his Room and look him over and turn him around a couple of times before they dared to lend him out where the Company could see him.

When there was a Theater Party, Hiram always sat back between the Curtains so as to avoid spoiling the Picture, and at the same time keep the Draught away from the other People. At a Dinner Party he was usually put in between two gabby Girls who had tacit instructions to keep him elbowed into the Background.

And yet, withal, Hiram was a man of Sterling Worth and many admirable qualities. He was the Family Gibraltar, while his Wife and Jessie were supposed to be mere Floral Ornaments. Best of all, Hiram was known to be a Star at getting the Coin. The Fact that the Family put up such a tall Front in the Society Column helped the Public to believe that Hiram was as good as Old Wheat and as prosperous as a Kansas Farmer. And he was supposed to be long on Business Integrity. It was argued that one so Yappy would have to be correspondingly Honest.

Hiram was so Severe and Puritanical and had so much clinging Agricultural Simplicity that no one dreamed the Truth about him. In Reality, his Arteries were surcharged with Sporting Blood. When no one suspected it, he liked to put on a Mask and sneak out and hold up the Stock Market. That is what he did until one sad Day in May, the Stock Market up and Did him. He got it right where the Hired Girl wears the Ruching.

Hiram came home as Pale as a Ghost and broke the News that he was in the Hole. He hesitated to tell the Wife, for she was a Fragile Being, unaccustomed to the rude Buffets of the Strenuous Life, and he feared that such a cruel Blow might crush her. But he finally divulged the frightful Truth and then flopped to the Settee and began to Bluff about killing himself so that she could get the Insurance Money. She told him to Behave, and then she went out and made a Cup of Strong Tea for him.

Hiram had been an Imposing Figure so long as he had his Financial Underpinning, but when they yanked away his Supports, he did a horrible Collapse. When he got the Swing in the Plexus and toppled over, he proved to be a sorry Quitter. He lay on his Back and claimed a Foul, while his Wife and Jessie hustled around to save some of the Wreckage.

They gave up the Servants and soaked the Jewels and moved into a smaller House. It was a rapid Come-Down, but even while they were doing the Parachute they continued to look Pleasant and be Game. Although their Female Friends came around to express Sympathy and stick Pins in them they forced the Angelic Smile and did not act a bit like Heavy Losers.

They had to take in Roomers and give Lessons in China-Painting in order to save Hiram from the Poor House, and yet with all their Skimping and Economizing they never pretended to know Poverty.

When a Man loses his Money he goes to his Bed-Room to drink himself into a Trance. A Woman lights the House from Cellar to Garret and sends out Invitations for a Party.

On an Income of about $3 a Week, Hiram's Wife and Daughter managed to keep up Appearances and occasionally have some of their Old Friends to Dinner. Hiram never understood how they managed it. When he looked at his empty Bank-Book and then out at the Cod Word, he was for giving up and disappearing beneath the Waves. His wife braced him and told him to think of Jessie. Hiram wept and said there was no Hope for the Child of a Pauper. Notwithstanding which, Hiram's Wife kept the Family right along in the Swim and married Jessie to a desirable Catch. It is true that she Starved the Household for six months in order to give the Young Couple a daisy Send-Off.

And all this time, Hiram, the astute Business Manager, was standing around on one foot like a Town Simpleton at a Kissing-Bee.

Hiram had learned how to do Things with Money, but he had to turn to his frivolous Wifey to find out how to Manage when there is no Money.

In other words, Hiram discovered that Cash had been the Essence of his Existence while it had been the mere accidental Adjunct of his Wife's Social Campaigns.

Without a big Reserve, he was a Smoke. She, minus her Check-Book, rose to greater heights of Diplomacy. In time she succeeded in resuscitating her groggy Husband and putting him back on the Track, but he had lost his Ginger. He was stoop-shouldered and gray as a Bat.

She turned up at the Club Meetings just as chipper as of Yore, only she came by Trolley instead of Coupe.

Moral: It is the upheaval of Tough Luck that causes a Transfer of the Family Scepter. GEORGE ADE.

BREEZY CHAFF.

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Browne—And who is the president of your club now, Mrs. Malaprop.

Mrs. Malaprop (proudly)—I am the present incumbent, just now.

Boston Transcript: Harding—I saw Fred talking with Holcomb as I came by the club. I didn't know that Fred was acquainted with him.

Buiter—He isn't; he loaned him $5 about a week ago.

Puck: Little Zimri—Paw, what is a country seat?

Farmer Buckover—It's where a rich city man has gone 'way back and sat down.

Yonkers Statesman: Sue Brette—I see they have named a cigar after your leading man!

The Manager—Well, I hope to gracious it will draw better than he does!

Somerville Journal: "How do you like my new waist?" she coyly asked.

"Very pretty, indeed," he answered: "but I see a wrinkle in it that I will press out, if you will let me."

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Somehow the best cooks give us the worst indigestion.

A man is emperor in his own house till a young son comes along to dethrone him.

Nothing makes a woman so suspicious as to have her husband volunteer to go to church.

You can tell an engaged girl by the funny way she puckers up her lips when she looks at his photograph.

One of the hard things to understand is how such nice grandmothers as everybody has ever could have been mothers-in-law.

The Popular View.

Alexandria Post-News: There is a very evident newspaper and public change of sentiment regarding the railroad merger since Mr. Hill made his statement. The great business public and in fact most people except the bitterly prejudiced and some politicians have accepted Mr. Hill's statement in the spirit in which it was made. They also find from the statement of President Mellen of the Northern Pacific that Mr. Hill and his friends have for two or three years had the control of the stock of that road and that its independent operations have not been interfered with. They also remember that if the Northern Securities company is found illegal the same men who organized it will still own this stock. They have about concluded that the Milwaukee and Soo roads have made a peculiar figure of Governor Van Sant, and that it is considerably better to have the trade of the Pacific, the traffic of the Southwest and the emigration go by way of St. Paul and Duluth and through Seattle, than by way of Omaha and Denver and through San Francisco.

Bogus Interviews.

Philadelphia Press: Governor Shaw, of Iowa, on reaching Washington Friday night was of course beset by newspaper reporters who sought his views on various political questions. To all inquiries he replied: "I have nothing to say on those questions. Some interviews have been sent out from Des Moines and Chicago purporting to come from me and giving my views. They were wholly unauthorized. I have said nothing." There is altogether too much of this bogus interview business and Governor Shaw and his wife also appear to have been more or less the victims of that kind of discreditable work on the part of a certain class of newspapers.

No Occasion For Haste.

Kansas City Star: Prof. Loeb's discovery that death is merely a microbe will scarcely justify all of the undertakers in going out of business at once.

IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

Mrs. John H. Upham entertained at an elegant luncheon Thursday at the Kitchi Gammi club. The occasion was to announce the engagement of her son, John H. Upham, Jr., and Miss Mabel Robinson, of Detroit, Mich., a young lady well known to Duluth society people.

Luncheon was served in the large reception room of the club. The guests were seated at five beautifully appointed tables. Each table had for its centerpiece a large basket of spicy carnations with white hyacinths and maiden hair ferns.

The guests were received by Mrs. Upham and her daughter, Mrs. Clark Fagg, Mrs. Upham making the announcement to each guest as she was received. Those present were:

Mesdames—
A. M. Miller, George Spencer, S. C. McCormick, J. H. Crowley, S. L. Chandler, C. E. Dewitt, Clinton Markell, A. R. Macfarlane, G. G. Barnum, J. D. Ensign, R. C. Ray, F. E. House, J. F. McLaren, A. B. Chapin, M. J. Forbes, F. L. Gilbert, D. G. Cutler, George Ripley, E. W. Markell, W. J. Olcott, A. M. Marshall, Giles Gilbert, W. W. Billson, A. H. Comstock, J. B. Adams, A. W. Dutton, W. M. Prindle, G. D. Swift, C. H. Munger, Walter Turle.

• • •

The Card club met Wednesday afternoon at the home of Miss Frazer, of East Superior street. Mrs. H. F. Williamson, Jr., won the head prize, Mrs. W. F. Quayle the second prize and Mrs. A. D. McRae the consolation prize. The club will be entertained a week from next Wednesday by Mrs. H. F. Williamson, Jr. Those present were:

Mesdames—
G. H. Mance, A. D. McRae, H. F. William- J. C. Geggie, son, Jr R. M. Sellwood, F. W. Sullivan, D. W. Stocking, Daniel Waite, A. W. Speyers, W. F. Quayle, C. F. Macdonald, Robert Eyster, Mark Baldwin.

Misses—
Crowley, Macdougall, Ames, Davidson, Martha Peyton, Belle Simonds, Smith, Hirsch. Sellwood, Dickinson.

• • •

The ladies of Pilgrim Congregational church are planning a banquet to be given on Lincoln's birthday, Feb. 2. Two years ago they gave a similar affair and it was a delightful treat. Speakers are being engaged for the toasts and a fine feast of eloquence will be provided. There will also be a fine program of music.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. I. Freimuth entertained Tuesday evening at their home, 1306 East Second street, in honor of their daughter, Miss Rose, and Victor Kohn, whose engagement was announced recently. The entertainment took the form of a handsome reception and a large number of people called and extended congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. Freimuth received, assisted by Mrs. J. Moutner, of Chicago, a sister of Mr. Kohn; Mrs. J. D. Sattler and Mrs. Levi.

The house was beautifully decorated throughout. The hall mantel was banked with carnations, while potted plants in bloom were placed about at intervals. The parlor decorations were of bridesmaid roses and maiden hair ferns, the effect being very artistic. In the drawing room the color effect was very striking, the decorations consisting of red roses, smilax, ferns and tall palms. The color scheme in the dining room, where the punch was served, was in green and white. The centerpiece of the long table was a large cluster of bride's roses and maiden hair ferns, and white carnations filled the vases on the mantel.

In the dining room a number of young ladies assisted. Miss Josephine Sattler served the punch.

Soft music was played during the evening by Robinson' Mandolin orchestra stationed in the reception hall.

The gowns of the receiving party were very beautiful. Miss Freimuth wore a gown of delicate pink crepe, embroidered an dencrusted with turquoise.

• • •

Mrs. G. A. Tomlinson has gone East and on Jan. 22 will sail from New York for the Mediterranean trip.

• • •

The Matinee Musicale will meet Monday afternoon and the program has been arranged by Miss Frazer and Miss Crowley. The composer, to whom the afternoon will be devoted, is Mozart and the program is as follows:

Paper ..... Miss Frazer.
Piano solo—"Fantasie No. 9" ..... Miss Willcuts.
(a.) Arit—"Non so Pin," from "Le Nozze di Figaro" .....
(b.) Recitative—"Guinse alfin il Momento"
Aria—"Deh vieni," from "Le Nozze di Figaro" ..... Mrs. Frederick R. Dudley.
Quarten—"Symphonie No. 40" .....
Mrs. Stephen R. Jones, Miss Smith, Mrs. McLean, Mrs. Bailey.
Sonata for violin and piano—
"Allegro vivace" .....
"Andante Statuento" .....
"Rondo Allegro" .....
Mrs. O. L. Mather and Miss Simonds.
Tenor solo—Aria from "Le Nozze di Figaro" ..... Cyril Tyler.

• • •

About fifty children were entertained by Mrs. Homer Collins Friday at a party for Harriet and William Harrison, and Homer and Cordelia Collins. Among those present were:

Muriel Prindle, Dorothy Dewse, Penelope Turle, Catherine Abbott, Benton Stearns, Catherine Macdougall, Margaret McKindley, Marjorie Harrison, Virginia Harrison, Shores Walker, James McAuliffe, Caroline Marshall, Julia Marshall, McLaren Knox, Warren Draper, Pauline Ayres, Helen Knebel, Elizabeth Stevenson, Helen Upham, Nathaniel Upham, Cecil Myres, Marie d'Autremont, William Bishop, Margaret Craig, Edith Dight, Judith Hartley, Jimmie Smallwood, Caroline Munger, Marie Merrill, Maria Mendenhall, Elizabeth Olcott, Edith Wiston, Whitney Wall, Martha Wall, Elizabeth Wood, Mayme Marshall.

• • •

The board of managers of the Children's home will hold a reception at the home, 1722 East Superior street, next Saturday, from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m., to which the public is cordially invited. The house will be open for inspection, and it is earnestly desired that as many as possible will avail themselves of this opportunity to call and see the children whose lives have been bettered and brightened through their generosity. The members of the executive board will be present to welcome the guests and show all visitors over the institution. While the people of the city have always generously contributed to this worthy charity, the management feels that only a limited number have actual knowledge of the good work being done, and takes this means of coming in closer touch with the public.

There are at present forty children being cared for. This number varies; sometimes more than fifty are sheltered and provided for in this unpretentious building. The matron, acting under instructions, never turns a deserving case for admission from the door. The present quarters are far too small for the demands, and before the close of the year it is possible the people of Duluth will be invited to inspect a new and more commodious "children's home."

• • •

The Twentieth Century club notes for the coming week are as follows:

Monday, at 10 a. m., meeting of the executive board.

Monday, at 8 p. m., regular monthly social.

Tuesday, at 10 a. m., class in child study; Mrs. W. S. Bishop, leader.

Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock the gymnastic class will meet as usual.

Thursday, at 8 p. m., the evening literature class will meet at the home of Mrs. Henry Taylor, 322 East Third street.

Thursday, at 10 a. m., morning Shakespeare class, with Mrs. Henry Taylor as leader.

All club members and friends are cordially invited to be present at the Monday night social. The committee having in charge this feature of the club has arranged a fine program of music and other entertainment. Mrs. Henry F. Green and Mrs. Edward Totman will serve refreshments and be assisted by the other members of the social committee.

One feature of the evening's entertainment will be a "curio" exhibit, and it is requested that members bring some rare or unique "curio" and come prepared to tell about it.

The morning Shakespeare class will resume its study at an extra meeting next Thursday. The play will be "As You Like It," with Mrs. Henry Taylor as leader.

• • •

Carl Meeske, of Marquette, Mich., of the Duluth Brewing and Malting company, visited with Mr. Hoch the past week.

• • •

Mrs. M. J. Mullin left yesterday for Chicago to visit with Mrs. H. T. Roarbach, formerly of Duluth.

• • •

Last evening was a happy one for the alumni of the university of Michigan in this city. It was the occasion of the second annual banquet, which was held at the McKay hotel. Most of the members attended the lecture of Professor Kelsey at the high school, which was a sort of preliminary to the banquet, and then immediately repaired to the banquet hall, where was spread a fine feast. There are about 100 members of the association at the head of the lakes.

Rev. Albert W. Ryan acted as toastmaster. Professor Francis W. Kelsey responded to "A Message from the University," and the message was a most happy one. He brought a personal greeting from President and Mrs. Angell, and gave joy to the students by stating that their more than three score and ten years are resting lightly on them, and that they retain their vigor and activity. His review of the situation at the university went far toward taking the students back on a visit to the old campus. He stated that the university is now in the most prosperous condition that it has been since its foundation fifty-eight years ago. Three thousand and eight hundred students are enrolled, and with all of the spacious buildings which have recently been erected, the university has barely enough roof to cover the heads of its students. The engineering department has doubled in the number of students within the last three years. The law department has now 500 students, and the university is overcrowded, notwithstanding the fact that the requirements for admission have been constantly and rapidly increased. He quoted the words of Professor Tappan, the founder of the university, who said that "the university should consist of brains, books and bricks," and that the bricks are the least important. He spoke most feelingly in eulogy of Professor Tappan, Professor Frieze, Dr. Prescott, Dr. Vaughn and other members of the faculty whom these students once had the pleasure to know.

Judge David L. Roberts, of West Superior, was assigned the toast, "Twenty Years After." Miss Ruth Scott, who left Wednesday to continue her study at the university, responded most charmingly to the "Twentieth Century 'Co-Ed.'" She closed by saying she believed that the best way for a girl of the twentieth century to improve her lot was to build a house on it and then put a man in it.

William J. Olcott responded to the "University and Business Life," and in his talk he pointed out clearly the numerous advantages which the educated business man has over the man who has been deprived of education except in his own line.

The election of officers was also held, and the following were chosen: President, Frank D. Adams; vice president, Hon. D. E. Roberts; secretary, J. H. Whitely; treasurer, H. A. Dancer; board of trustees, Hon. William A. Cant, W. J. Olcott and Miss Ruth Scott. After the banquet the terrific yell of the university was given in such a way that it must have made the guests of the hotel think of the fall of Pompeii.

• • •

Miss Marion Kieren entertained a few

BETTER BE SAFE THAN SORRY. . . .

Piano safety is easily had if you come here. Piano sorrow isn't so easy to cure. When you buy a

Kranich & Bach

you are safe. There's not a suspicion of uncertainty about the quality. That was settled long ago by the testimony and experience of thousands. The price is small for the goodness you get.

DIGNITY, BEAUTY and POWER are in the Kranich & Bach in full measure.

It Costs Nothing

to have us explain the difference between good pianos and inferior ones. It's profit to you and a pleasure to us.

Duluth Music Company,

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agents for Steinway and Knabe Pianos.

Corner Superior St. and Lake Av.

Open Saturday Evenings.

of her friends at her home, 2614 West Fifth street, Thursday evening. The evening was spent in music and progressive games, with selections on the banjo and mandolin by Messrs. Joe and Bennie Lauermann, and piano by the Misses L. Mortan and G. Pember. Those present were:

Misses—
G. Pember, L. Morton, Grace Staples, Louise Lyons, Messrs. Geo. Farrington, Charles Nolan, William Denny, Dove Stenk, Mary Lynott, Florence Kremer, Lucile Kieren, Joe Lauermann, B. Lauermann.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Albertson will entertain the members and friends of the Lester Park Literary club Monday evening, Jan. 13, at 6:30 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. Albertson will be assisted by Mr. and Mrs. Inman, Mr. and Mrs. Pinkerton and Mr. and Mrs. Williams.

• • •

The Lester Park Literary club will meet Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. Theodore Hollister. Leader, Mrs. John Powell, Jr.

• • •

Among the coming notable musical events is the initiatory concert of Duluth's new male glee club, which will take place the latter part of this month. The club has been organized several months and has done some diligent rehearsing. Its membership includes almost all of the leading male vocalists of the city, and is already an organization of which the city may well feel proud. The club will be assisted by outside soloists, and it is proposed to make this first concert of the club one that will stand out prominently in the annals of music in Duluth. From a social standpoint also the prospective concert is being viewed with much anticipation.

• • •

The art and history class will meet Wednesday morning, Jan. 15. The subject for the term of ten weeks is "English Painting and the Evolution of the Nature Sense in Literature and Art." The first study is outlined as follows:

I. The evolution of the nature sense in literature and art.
a. The discovery to the senses.
b. The discovery to the imagination.
c. Discipline of nature.
(Study carefully Emerson's nature addresses.)
II. Painting in England.
a. The legacy of the eighteenth century.
b. William Hogarth 1637-1764.

• • •

Masters Frank and Walter Hoch, who are attending Shattuck school, Faribault, Minn., spent the holiday vacation with their parents at home, and with their grandparents in Chicago. They returned to resume their studies last Wednesday.

• • •

A wedding that is of interest to many people in this city was that which occurred at the Gethsemane church, in Minneapolis, at high noon, Monday, when Rev. Irving P. Johnson, the rector of the church, united in marriage Miss Eleanor Holden, of Hampton, Iowa, and John R. Miles, of Duluth. As the bride's father died recently, the wedding was a very quiet one, the ceremony being witnesses by only a few of the relatives and intimate friends of the bride and groom.

The bride, who was given away by Thomas Miles, looked very charming in her wedding veil and beautiful white silk gown made over white taffeta and trimmed with applique of white panne velvet. She carried a bouquet of bride's roses. Miss Janie C. Miles, the maid of honor, wore a gown of pink mousseline de soie and carried pink roses. Warner B. Field, an old friend of the groom's, was best man. As the bridal party passed from the church a pretty incident of the passage was the ringing of the bridal bells.

After the ceremony at the church, the wedding party, consisting of the bride and bridegroom, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Miles, Miss Janie Miles, the Rev. and Mrs. Irving P. Johnson, Miss Quillard, and Miss Frances Quillard, of Duluth; Warner E. Field and E. R. Corning, of Hampton, Iowa, repaired to the Commercial club, where a breakfast was served in one of the private dining rooms.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles left the same day for Chicago, followed by the usual shower of rice, confetti, tiny hearts and the good wishes of their friends.

• • •

Miss Mildred Cooper was in St. Paul this week to visit friends.

• • •

Mrs. John McKinley, who has been in the East for a year, has returned and is occupying her residene on West Superior street.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Chapman will remove to Minneapolis, where they will make their future home.

• • •

Capt. and Mrs. H. Hall left Tuesday for Pasadena, Cal., where they will spend the balance of the winter.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Duncan, Miss Florence Duncan and Miss Ida Johnson left Monday for Santa Barbara on a pleasure trip.

• • •

J. F. Day and daughter, Miss Day, left this week for the South.

• • •

Louis Daugherty and Edward Daugherty, sons of Senator F. B. Daugherty, returned this week to the state university to resume their studies.

• • •

Mrs. A. N. James and children have gone to Ishpeming, Mich., where they were called by the sickness of a relative.

• • •

Mrs. H. F. Mitchell is visiting in Chicago.

• • •

Miss Julia Hanson left this week for a trip to California.

• • •

Mrs. J. K. Wightman and family are visiting n Chicago.

• • •

Miss Louise Meining and Miss Grace Drummond have been spending the week with friends at St. Paul and Minneapolis.

• • •

Henry Holden and Chester Tibbetts, who have been attending the state university, have been visiting their parents here during the holiday vacation.

• • •

Gordon Wood and Frank Prescott have returned to Houghton Mining school after a visit with relatives here.

• • •

Miss Lillian Scott has returned to St. Cloud, Minn., after a visit with her parents in West Duluth.

• • •

A pretty home wedding of two West Superior young people, who have many friends in this city, took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Searles, of Old Superior, Wednesday afternoon. The bride was their daughter, Miss Nellie Searles, who has been a teacher in the public schools of West Superior, and the groom was Herbert Newton, city salesman in West Superior for the Duluth Candy company. Mr. Newton is a member of the family of the same name that was one of the pioneer families at the head of the lakes. The house was very handsomely decorated in pink and white effect. Mrs. Charles Gallagher, who became a bride during the holidays, was the matron of honor, while Capt. Harry Newton, a brother of the groom, acted as best man. Miss Mabel Bishoff played the wedding march, the bride entering the parlor on the arm of her father. The bride was very charming in a gown of silk crepe de chine over white taffeta. She carried pink roses. The matron of honor carried red roses. After the ceremony a reception was held with refreshments, and the bridal couple left the same afternoon for a visit at the Twin Cities and among relatives of the bride in Iowa. Mr. and Mrs. Newton will be at home on their return at Old Superior.

• • •

The Night Hawk club was pleasantly entertained at the home of Miss Rose Linquist, 31 Lake avenue north. Those present were:

Misses—
Rose Lunquist, Anna Kokkl, Katie Matson, Sofa Welka, Ida Matsen, Kitty Wiltse, Hilda Smith, Lizzie Falk, Anna Johnson, Mira Elgie, George Delaney,
Messrs.—
Wm. Rosenmark, Frank Gullings, George Sellick, Charles Blake, Bert Martin, John Jerald, Frank Lindsay, Edward Guith, Oscar Shantz.

Cards and games were indulged in. One of the features of the evening was a duet by Charles Blake, William Rosenmark, accompanied by Mr. Lindsey on the mandolin.

• • •

The anniversary of the birth of Robert Burns will be observed by Clan Stewart, of this city, on the evening of Jan. 24, at the Spalding hotel. The entertainment this year will resemble in nature that of past years, a banquet with toasts and music, followed by a ball. The committee in charge of the arrangements this year is comprised of the following:

Messrs. Simon Clark, A. T. Park, Robert Ferguson, W. B. Henderson, James McAlpine, Colin Thompson, J. P. Laird, James Elder, Robert Hendry, John Christie.

Judge William A. Cant will be the toastmaster and toasts will be responded to by Mayor T. W. Hugo, Rev. Alexander Milne and others. Vocal selections will be rendered by Mrs. Florence Sykes, of Cloquet; Miss McKay, Miss Bessie Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Black and E. W. Prophet.

• • •

Earl Arsneau, of 305 East Second street, entertained a number of his friends at a birthday party Saturday evening. The table was decorated with red and white carnations. Games and music were the amusements of the evening.

• • •

Miss Diana Grignon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. Grignon, and Adrian D. Joyal were united in marriage at the St. Jean De Baptiste church, Eleventh avenue west and Superior stret, Tuesday morning, at 9 o'clock. The ceremony was witnessed by a large number of the relatives and friends of the bridal couple. The wedding party entered the church to the strains of Lohingrin's "Bridal Chorus" and left to the music of Mendelssohn's "Wedding March." Miss Rose La Douceur presided at the organ.

The bride was becomingly gowned in white, wore aveil and carried American Beauty roses. Misses Georgie Grignon, a sister of the bride, was the bridesmaid. She was also dressed in white. Edward Grignon, a brother of the bride, acted as best man. During the ceremony the choir sang Wigand's Mass in "G," accompanied by La Brosse's orchestra. At the offertory Miss A. Cheverette sang De Basse's "Ave Marie," with violin obligato by Mr. La Brosse.

The wedding was followed by a reception at the home of the bride's uncle, N. Grignon, at 4 Glen avenue. Dinner and supper were served to the relatives at the home of the bride's parents, 2519 West Third street.

• • •

Miss Ena Brigham, daughter of Policeman Brigham, and Samuel J. Beck were united in matrimony at Carlton on Saturday last.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Green entertained a number of their friends on Monday evening.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Buell and two children returned to their home in Eau Claire after a three weeks' visit with relatives here.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Silger entertained their brother-in-law, Peter Hammerstein, of Minneapolis, and William Larson, of Hastings, on Sunday.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Patterson entertained Miss Vera Rockwell, of Duluth Heights, this week.

• • •

Mrs. Edward Sonnenberg has gone to Fargo to join her husband and remain.

• • •

Brown Mallough has gone to Lucknow, Ont., for a visit.

• • •

Miss Marie Tims returned Tuesday evening from a visit with friends in St. Paul.

• • •

Mrs. M. Jacoby is receiving a visit from her brother, Louis P. Funk, of Wabasha, Minn.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Lauermann are receiving a visit from their daughter, Mrs. Ben Wolter, of Aberdeen, S. D.

• • •

Misses Maud Wallace and Georgina Ross returned Saturday from a visit at Carlton.

• • •

Mrs. O'Leary, of St. Paul, is the guest of Miss Rose Buckley.

• • •

Miss Lena Markuson is visiting at Aitkin.

• • •

M. I. Edelman is visiting relatives in Chicago.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. McMahon, of 225 East Fourth street, are entertaining Mrs. Conrad Shannon and son, of Ashland, Wis.

• • •

Frank Edson left the first of the week to resume his studies at the Michigan university at Ann Arbor.

• • •

William Getty has returned from a trip in the East.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Ray and Mrs. C. L. Chandler have taken apartments at the McKay for the balance of the winter.

• • •

Miss Alice Shannon, who has been visiting her parents here, has returned to Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Sayan reached the city Friday after a wedding trip and were given a reception Friday evening at the home of the groom's parents, on Fifty-third avenue west. They were married at Alpena, Mich., a few days ago.

AMUSEMENTS.

PRIMROSE & DOCKSTADER.

Boneless minstrelsy is the modern evolution of the old time blackface show, and the Primrose & Dockstader minstrels at the Lyceum last night gave a demonstration of it that seemed to go just as well as the old-fashioned kind. The end men are end men no longer, but "jesters," and they are adorned with neither bones nor tamborines. The burn cork still continues, however, and so do the old fashioned jokes and dialogues between the end men and the interlocutor. Indeed, some of them were the same jokes, and on less a personage than Lew Dockstader, the prince of minstrels, got off one or two things that were decidedly ancient. These offenses were not many, however, and the first part, with its beautiful settings, went off in a way that pleased the packed house immensely. The singing was very good, especially the numbers by Fred Gladdish, Lew Dockstader, Frederick Barnes, Eddie Leonard and George Primrose.

Claudius and Corbin gave a banjo number that was one of the best ever seen in Duluth. They made the banjo do things of which no musician would have been supposed to be capable. Ollie Young and brother did a new and remarkable hoop-rolling act, and Mr. Dockstader did his usual monologue in good shape.

George Primrose and his dancing midgets did some very clever dancing, and the Southern pictures with sun and moon effects were particularly charming. Zeno, Carl and Zeno did some very good work, and O'Brien and Hallet did a though rather boisterous specialty very well.

HILL BROOK FARM.

The Owner Comments on Grape-Nuts.

A farmer with his out-of-door work might have reason to expect more than the average of good health if he would use proper food and have it well cooked, but many of them, in middle age, suffer torments from dyspepsia, and following that a weakened nervous system.

To show the value of a change in food we quote from a letter written by L. Flagler, owner of Hill Brook Farm, Charlottesville, Va.

"I have spent a very considerable amount of money in trying to cure my stomach trouble with medicines, and have changed climate several times. About two years ago I was taken worse. My heart and kidneys gave me much trouble. I could not sleep nights. Was very nervous, thin and discouraged. Finally I changed my food and began taking Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food. This agreed with me and I thought I could see my way out, so I have stuck to Grape Nuts for a year and and a half and gradually the old troubles have disappeared.

I have made splendid progress in health and strength, sleep well and can now do a good day's work for a man of 50 years.

I know that Grape-Nuts caused the change, and although I am now able to use other food as I like, still I stick to Grape-Nuts because I know how it nourishes me, and besides, wife and I both like the food.

She says nothing has helped her nervous system like Grape-Nuts. We buy the food by the case and are very enthusiastic in regard to it."

It is plain that nervous, worn-out people can be brought back to health by using Grape-Nuts.

"77"

WHAT IS IT?

"77" is a small bottle of pleasant pellets that fits the vest pocket, handy to carry.

WHAT IS IT FOR?

"77" is for Grip, Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Catarrh, ains and Soreness in the head and chest, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, General Prostration and Fever.

WHAT DOES IT DO?

"77" breaks up Colds that hang on and do not yield to ordinary treatment.

At all druggists 25 cents, or mailed on receipt of price. Doctor's book mailed free.

Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Co., corner William and John streets, New York.

COLDS

An Electric Belt Free

Send Your Application At Once To The Physician's Institute.

They Will Send You Absolutely Free One of Their 100 Gauge Supreme Electric Belts, the Belt Which Has Made so Many Wonderful Cures—You Needn't Send Even a Postage Stamp, Just Your Name and Address.



Seven years ago the State of Illinois granted to the Physicians' Institute of Chicago a charter. There was need of something above the ordinary method of treatment for chronic diseases, something more than any one specialist or any number of specialists acting independently could do, so the State itself, under the powers granted it by its general laws, gave the power to the Physicians' Institute to furnish to the sick such help as would make them well and strong.

Ever since its establishment this Institute has endeavored in every possible way to carry out the original purposes of its establishment under the beneficient laws of the State.

Three years ago, the Physicians' Institute, realizing the value of electricity in the treatment of certain phases of disease, created under the superintendence of its staff of specialists an electric belt, and this belt has been proved to be of great value as a curative agent. From time to time it has been improved until it reached that stage of perfection which warranted its present name of "Supreme."

This belt is the most effective of all agents in the cure of rheumatism, lumbago, lame back, nervous exhaustion, weakened or lost vital functions, varicocele, kidney disorders and many other complaints.

This "Supreme Electric Belt" is made in one grade only—100 guage—there is no better electric belt made and no better belt can be made. You have only to write to the Physicians' Institue and one of these belts will be sent you absolutely free. It is not sent on trial, it is yours to keep forever without the payment of one cent. This generous offer may be withdrawn at any time, so you should write to-day for this free "Supreme Electric Belt" to The Physicians' Institute, 2111 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ills.

PANTON & WHITE

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

Special Announcements.

¶ If a friend should ask you, if you had read "Richard Carvel," could you answer "yes"?

¶ If you would thoroughly understand and enjoy the play at the Lyceum Monday night, buy a copy of "Richard Carvel" tonight and read it Sunday.

¶ Published at $1.50.

¶ Sold at Panton & White's Book Department at $1.19.

¶ Our Annual White Goods Sale has been the merchandising event of this week. Thousands have attended and been made happy.

¶ The interest will not abate one bit next week. The sale continues throughout January.

¶ Of course you'll not buy a yard of Linens, White Goods, Embroideries, or purchase a piece of Muslin Underwear without carefully examining our goods.

¶ About 90 per cent of all White Goods sold in Duluth are sold by the Glass Block

¶ The Anuual Clearance sale, prior to Inventory will be an occasion of paramount interest to all shoppers next week. Sale begins next Tuesday morning. Monday's Evening Herald tells the story.

Her Majesty's Corsets Must be Good

We are not satisfied to make a sale of Her Majesty's Corset, if it does not please the woman who buy it. We want everyone not wholly satisfied with the Corset to bring it back and we will make it right, make it please you.

Her Majesty's Corsets have too good a reputation to risk spoiling it by insisting that a customer keep any model not entirely suited to her and there are too many good styles now made in Her Majesty's to make it at all necessary to force an undesirable corset on anyone.



Candidates For Campaign Printing

Best Work—Prompt Service—Union Label.

15 Second Ave. West. Both Phones. **PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Printers.**

We carry them in stock.

Chamberlain & Taylor.



Loose Leaf Ledgers.

Chamberlain & Taylor.

Bows for the Hair, latest styles--Dolls' Wigs, made with natural hair--Hair Switches for the new style hair dressing.

KNAUF SISTERS,

201 West Superior Street.

Zenith 'Phone 413. Old 'Phone 3403.

WE do all kinds of Hair Dressing Shampooing and Manicuring and handle all the celebrated Hair Dyes. Also a complete line of Masquerade Costumes.

DAHL SISTERS, 216 West Superior St 'Phone 118

ONE CENT DECLINE

Wheat Started Out Irregular, Turned Weak and Declined.

Government Report Construed as Bearish But Cables Higher.

Trading In Futures Active on the Duluth Board.

Duluth Board of Trade, Jan. 11.—The wheat market started with a divided sentiment, the cables being higher and the government crop report being construed as bearish, as it suggested a yield of 678,661,400 bus for the crop of 1901, against the September estimate of 626,000,000 bus. The bearish view prevailed finally and the market declined.

The Liverpool market closed ½d higher. Antwerp was unchanged.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 171 cars, and at Chicago, 37, a total of 208 cars, against 326 last week and 418 last year.

Trading in wheat was more active than for some time. The market was a little stronger at the opening, but turned weaker. May opened 84c up at 80⅝-81c, sold at 81c to 81¼c, fell to 80⅝c at 9:42, rallied to 81c at 10 and then fell steadily to 79⅝c at 11:50. The close was at 79¾c, a decline of 1¼c. Chicago declined 1¼-⅜c, and Minneapolis 1-8c.

Cash sales were 20,000 bus. Three cents under May was paid for No. 1 northern, 2½c under for No. 2 and 5c under for No. 3. Duluth No. 1 northern was up to Minneapolis during part of the morning.

Flax was active and steady showing little variation from yesterday's price. May closed unchanged at $1.63½ and to arrive closed unchanged.

Oats declined ⅝c, corn 2c and rye 1c.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 79¾c; to arrive, 76¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 79¾c; to arrive, 79¾c; May, 79¾c. No. 2 northern, 74¾c. No. 3 spring, 75¾c. Oats, 37-14½c. Rye, 63c. Barley, 48-58c. Flax, cash, $1.61½; to arrive, $1.62; January, $1.61½; May, $1.63¼. Corn, 42c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 37; last year, 18; corn, 1; oats, 3; rye, 1; flax, 10. Receipts—Wheat, 32,814 bus; oats, 924 bus; rye, 3171 bus; barley, 3452 bus; flax, 7281 bus. Shipments—Barley, 2521 bus; flax, 32,775 bus.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2,000 bus	$0.78¾
No. 2 northern, 7 cars	76¾
No. 2 northern, 2,000 bus	76
No. 3 spring, 1 car	74
No. 3 spring, 1 car	73⅝
Oats, 1 car	46¾
Oats, 1,000 bus	46¾
Oats, 1 car	46¾
Flax, 1 car in store	1.64½
Flax, 2 cars in store	1.65½
Flax, 3 cars to arrive	1.65
Flax, 6,450 bus	1.67
Flax, 1,000 bus	1.65½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Improved Cables Brought Out Irregular Opening.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Improved cables and an inclination to interpret the government crop report as bearish brought an irregular opening. May wheat opened 1⅛@1¼c lower to 1⅛@1¼c higher, at 83¼c to 83⅞c. The estimate of 14.8 bushels per acre for the crop of 1901, suggests a yield of 678,661,400 bushels, against the September estimate of 626,000,000 bushels, helped the bears somewhat, but bulls were inclined to the view that when the revision of the census figures comes there may be something like 1,000,000 their way of thinking. The report had the effect of bringing a number of selling orders out, but there was no pressure and there seemed to be more buyers than sellers. The outside was slightly stronger in tone, though Minneapolis reported its market slow. May sold up to 83⅞@84c on the cable influence, but eased back to the lower opening figure. Later buying brought a steady feeling around 83¾@83¾c. Receipts, 37 cars, none contract; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 471 cars, a total for three points of 508, against 326 last week and 418 a year ago.

May wheat closed weak, 1⅛@1¼c lower at 82¾c. The wheat depression started a like movement in corn, which became almost panicky on selling by prominent professionals.

Corn opened dull and featureless. May unchanged to ⅛@¼c down at 66⅝c to ⅝c on lower cables. Most of the small business was local. May eased off to 66¾c. Receipts, 141 cars.

May dropped to 65¾@65⅞c but reacted slightly and closed weak, ¾c down at 66⅝c.

Oats opened a shade higher, May at 46¼c, but trade was dull and the demand only scattered and prices eased to 46⅛c. Some covering on low price brought a rally to 46⅜c, where the market steadied. Receipts, 174 cars.

Provisions opened dull and lower. There was a lack of orders and hogs at the yards were cheaper. Packers did almost nothing in the pit. May pork opened 2½c lower at $17.12½ to $17.15; May lard, 2½c lower to 2½c higher, at 9.77½ to 9.82½, and May ribs, 2½@5c down at $8.00 and sold up to 8.02½@8.05.

Close, wheat, January, 78⅛c; May, 83½c; July, 82¼c. Corn, January, 62½c; May, 65⅜c; July, 65¼c; September, 64½c. Oats, January, 45¾c; May, 47¾@47⅞c; July, 40⅜c; September, 33½@33⅝c. Pork, January, $16.79; May, $17.10@17.12½; July, $17.40. Lard, January, $9.50; May, $9.75; July, $9.90. Ribs, January, $8.25; May, $8.60. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.64½; Southwestern, $1.62; May, $1.63¼@1.63½. Rye, January, 66c; May, 69¼c; July, 66¾c. Barley, cash, 58@ 4c. Timothy, March, $6.00. Clover, March, $10.15. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 86¼@89½c; No. 3 red, 83@87½c; No. 2 hard winter, 80 @82¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 79@81c; No. 1 northern spring, 80¼@82⅝c; No. 2 northern spring, 79@81½c; No. 3 spring, 75@80c. Corn, No. 3, 61@½c. Oats, No. 2, 46½c; No. 3, 46c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—There was an enormous trade in wheat today, and the market, after ruling firm early on continued dry weather throughout the Southwest, later in the day became weak on the heavy selling by influential bears, and later by leading longs on predictions for rain or snow in Kansas. Prices sharply broke and market closed weak at the lowest point of the day, 1½c to 1¼c lower than last night.

Main Office—327 Jackson St., St. Paul. Local Office—306 West Superior St.

Dealer in **A. J. CUMMINGS,** **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—no shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,

(Successors to Arthur R. Jones & Co.)
428 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel).
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A. Manhattan Building, St. Paul, 3 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis, Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

Price.

The government report issued last evening was bearish, as it made the crop about 676,000,000 bus, based on acreage given in September, but as they estimated the area seeded to the present crop of winter wheat at 32,000,000 acres and say it is 3.6 larger than that seeded to the last crop, the area to be reckoned on is 30,500,000 acres. It is well known that there was very little area abandoned as the winter wheat crop was practically perfect as shown by the rate of yield, 14.8 bus per acre. Now, when you add to this 30,500,000 acres, 18,500,000 acres for spring wheat, it gives a total of 49,000,000 acres and practically confirms the private statistician's figures and would suggest a crop of about 725,000,000 bus. Foreign markets were generally steady. Liverpool closed ½d higher than yesterday, but reported larger offerings from Russia. Continental markets were generally quiet. The visible supply will probably show a moderate decrease. Cash demand all over the country is rather quiet, and the seaboard reported very little demand there for export, even at the decline. With a breaking in the drouth in the Southwest, we look for lower prices. Europe seems in and buys very freely, but this we think they are hardly likely to do as they have waited so long they can probably afford to wait longer and hold back on a declining market. Estimated receipts for Monday, 475 cars.

The corn market ruled weak all day in sympathy with wheat and reported larger country offerings. There was good selling by longs and the close was heavy ⅝c lower than last night. Cash demand continues quiet, which is a discouraging feature in the situation. Foreign markets were steady. Liverpool reported their market ½d lower for the day. Estimated receipts for Monday, 95 cars.

Oats after opening firm, later in the day became weak in sympathy with wheat and the market closed. May ⅜c. July ¾c lower than last night. There was more or less selling by local longs as well as by bears. Country offerings were moderate; cash demand fairly good. Estimated receipts for Monday, 190 cars.

Provisions opened easy on decline in hogs, then rallied on some aggressive buying by pit traders, closing at lowest point of the day on everything. Lard led in weakness and there was unloading of long line by representatives of foreign houses and selling that was supposed to be for Cudahy's account. Weakness in lard caused the bears to be more aggressive and there was considerable selling by strong men who have held off and we look for liquidation next week. Estimated 43,000 hogs Monday, and 250,000 next week.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

The weather map this morning showed no precipitation either this side or the other of the Rockies except a fall of .02 inches at Columbus, Ohio. There is no rain in the great winter wheat states and there is no prospect of any, and the situation is the same on the Pacific coast. The temperatures are higher and mild weather is indicated.

* * *

Broomhall cables—Covering by shorts on the Modern Miller report more than offset the bearish government report and larger Russian offerings, with the result that opening prices were unchanged to ½d higher. A further slight advance of ½d occurred later in both options. Corn opened unchanged and later eased off ½d on the forecast of larger corn shipments on Monday next. The world's shipments are estimated at 7,000,000 bus, of which quantity Europe will take about 6,000,000 bus. There will be but moderate change in quantity of breadstuffs on passage. Arrivals of breadstuffs into the United Kingdom during the past week about 2,000,000 bus against a similar quantity the previous week and 2,800,000 bus corresponding week a year ago.

* * *

A. H. Farnum, of Chicago—Certainly seems to me as though owners of wheat would be wise to accept today's prices for it. These familiar with the facts know that if the government had issued its figures on acreage it would have made the crop 725,000,000 bus. This is influencing sentiment somewhat.

* * *

Chicago—The government report does not appear as bearish. Figures indicating that the same yield as heretofore estimated. Cables rather firm. Dry weather continues throughout the winter wheat belt and will have more effect than anything else. We look for rather firm opening and advise purchases on any dip.

Chicago—Cash business in wheat yesterday was 25,000 bus red wheat 3½c to 4c over May f. o. b. Sales of corn were 145,000 bus and 27,000 bus oats. Omaha reported 15,000 bus corn sold to Texas at the highest point on the crop. The seaboard reported 64,000 bus wheat, 14,000 bus corn and 50,000 bus of oats taken for export.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Jan. 11.—Close, wheat, cash, 77⅝c; May, 78¼@78⅝c; July, 76⅜c. On track—No. 1 hard, 79@79⅜c; No. 1 northern, 77⅝c; No. 2 northern, 75@76c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Jan. 11.—Close, wheat, May, 87⅞c; July, 87⅝c. Corn, May, 70¼c; July, 69½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	80⅞B	79½	83¼-⅞	88⅜B
High	81	79⅝	83⅞-84	88⅝
Low	79¾B	78¼-⅜	82⅜	87⅝
Close	79¾	78¼-⅜	82	87⅝B
July—				
Open		80¼A	83¼	88⅛
High		80¼	83⅝	88⅝
Low		79⅜	82½-¾	87⅝
Close		79⅜	82¼A	87⅝B

CHICAGO, OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork May.
Open	46⅜@½	66¾@¼-⅜	$17.12
High	46¾	66⅞-¼	17.17
Low	45¾	65¾	17.12
Close	45¾-⅞	65¾B	17.10A

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market.

Puts, May wheat, 77⅝c.

Calls, May wheat, 78¾-⅞c.

Curb, May wheat, 78⅜-½@78¼-⅜c asked.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Jan. 11.—Close: Wheat—Spot, firm; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 3d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 3d; No. 1 California, 6s 6d; futures, steady; March 6s 4¼d; May, 6s 4½d. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed new, no stock; old, 5s 8¼d; futures, steady; February, 5s 4⅝d; March, 5s 3⅝d; May, 5s 3½d.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the market continued along the line of dullness in all branches. The movement in heavy grades for the woods has fallen off decidedly. The only incouraging element in the movement is the demand for farm horses, which while thus showing some sign of activity, is comparatively light. Arrivals were steady, supplying the market with horses in excess of the demand. Values:

Drafters, extra	$150@$290
Drafters, choice	130@ 150
Drafters, common to good	150@ 120
Farm mares, extra	120@ 140
Farm mares, choice	115@ 120
Farm mares, common to good	75@ 100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Cattle—Receipts, 700; steady; good to prime, $6.60@7.40; poor to medium, $4.00@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.50; cows, $1.25@4.65; heifers, $2.25@ $5.00; canners, $1.25@2.30; bulls, $2.00@4.50; calves, $2.50@6.25; Texas steers, $3.25@5.75.

Hogs—Receipts today, 23,000; Monday, 35,000; left over, 3357; 5@10c lower; mixed and butchers, $6.00@6.50; good to choice heavy, $6.30@6.55; rough heavy, $5.90@6.20; light, $5.50@6.05; bulk of sales, $6.00@6.35.

Sheep—Receipts, 7000; steady to strong; lambs, strong, to 10c higher; good to choice wethers, $4.00@4.75; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@4.25; Western sheep, $4.00@ $4.75; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@4.25; Western sheep, $4.00@4.75; native lambs, $3.50@6.10; Western lambs, $5.00@6.00. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 2243; hogs, 29,831; sheep, 7251. Shipments—Cattle, 1778; hogs, 1842; sheep, 1480.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints	27		
Creamery, tubs	24	@	26
Creamery, storage, tubs	22	@	23
Dairies, fancy	19	@	20
Packing stock	12	@	14
EGGS.			
Fresh	26		
Storage	20		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream, new	13	@	12½
Twins, full cream, old	12½	@	11
Full cream, young America	13	@	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15		
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½	@	13
Limberger, full cream, choice	13		
Primos	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@	2 40
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00	@	2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13		
Cocoanuts, per doz	60		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	13		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS.			
Catawba grapes, per crate	2 25		
Malaga grapes, kegs	3 00	@	6 50
Apples, per bbl	3 75	@	5 00
Apples, per box	1 85	@	2 00
California figs, per box	90	@	1 50
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 25
Pineapples, per doz	1 75	@	3 50
California lemons	3 50		
Bananas	2 25	@	2 50
Messina lemons, per box	3 00		
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00		
Sugar walnut dates	1 25		
Navel oranges	3 00	@	3 25
Cranberries	8 00	@	8 25
VEGETABLES.			
New celery, bunch	30	@	35
Mushrooms	60		
Lettuce	1 25		
Green onions, per dozen	65	@	2 25
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	2 15	@	2 25
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 90	@	2 00
Beets, per 100	1 16		
Carrots, per 100	1 20		
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 50		
Potatoes, per bus	52		
Sweet potatoes, per bus	1 90		
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 25
Mint, per bunch	20	@	
Turnips, per 100	70	@	85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75		
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75	@	85
Oyster plant, per doz	55	@	65
Cal. tomatoes, per baset	95		
Parsley, per doz	55		
Head lettuce, per doz	90	@	1 00
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@	5 50
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3½	@	4
DRESSED POULTRY			
Hens	9		
Spring chickens	10	@	11
Geese	9		
Turkeys	11	@	12
Ducks	10		
MEATS.			
Mutton	6½		
Lamb	9		
Veal, good	7½		
Veal, fancy	8		
Dressed beef	4½	@	7
Natives	8		
Hogs	6		
Pork loins	9½		
Lard	10¼		
Lard, compound	8		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Butter, steady; creameries, 15@24½c; dairies, 14@20c. Cheese, steady; twins, 10¼@13c; young Americas, 10¾@11¾c; daisies, 10¼@11¾c. Eggs, firm; loss off, cases returned, 30c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 11.—Butter, receipts, 2608 packages. Market unsettled. State dairy, 14@21c; state creamery, 16@23c; June creamery, 15½@21c; factory, 13@15½c. Cheese, receipts, 1107 packages. Firm. State full cream large fall made fancy, 10¼@10¾c; state full cream small fall made fancy, 11¼@11½c; late made best large, 9¼c; late made best small, 10@10½c. Eggs, receipts, 4140 packages. Barely steady. State and Pennsylvania, 33@34c; Western at mark, 27@33c; Southern at mark, 25@ 32c.

MEMBERSHIP BANQUET.

Annual Y. M. C. A. Event Next Wednesday Evening.

The annual membership banquet of the Y. M. C. A. will take place at the association building next Wednesday evening, Jan. 15. In past seasons similar events have been among the finest social events of the association during the year, and arrangements are being made to have this banquet no exception. Every adult member of the organization is invited to be present.

The past year has been a very prosperiod for the Duluth Y. M. C. A., and the banquet Wednesday evening will also be in the way of a congratulatory event. The banquet will be presided over by the president of the local organization, John Miller. The following toasts will be responded to:

"Duluth Y. M. C. A.," President John Miller; "Duluth," Mayor T. W. Hugo; "Influence," Judge W. D. Edson; "Evolution," B. N. Wheeler; "Twentieth Century Young Men," State Secretary E. W. Peck; "Junior Department," Mr. Hamaker; "Possibilities," Phil Bevis.

Special music will be rendered during the evening.

PASTOR LEADS REFORM.

Congregation at Iowa Falls Will Be Hatless.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, Jan. 11.—Rev. George B. Shoemaker, pastor of the First Methodist church, requested the hundreds of ladies in his audience to remove their hats. The majority of the congregation responded to the request, and an example was set that, if followed, promises to make hatless congregations in this city popular.

A movement is on foot looking to the creation of a sentiment in favor of the passage of a law by the coming legislature making it a criminal offense for any person to wear the emblem of a secret order of which the person is not a member. Lodges will be requested to pass resolutions favoring such a law.

Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company's stock now on sale. A limited amount for a limited time at 10 cents per share. Money to be used for development purposes. Offices, 318 Manhattan building.

THE STOCK MARKETS

Earnings of the Steel Trust Disappointing to Speculators.

Money Easier But Expected Redundancy of Credit Not Shown.

Gains Wiped Out and Market Closed Dull and Easy.

New York, Jan. 11.—Speculators were keenly disappointed over the quarterly statement of earnings of the United States Steel corporation, as the preceding rumors of what they would do proved to have been grossly exaggerated.

The proceedings against the Northern Securities company in the supreme court and the interstate commerce commission have been a depressing influence. The money market has been easier, but has not showed the expected redundancy of credit, and has not stimulated speculation.

The financial troubles in the rubber trade and of the Everett-Moore syndicate, following the collapse of the asphalt trust, have conduced to conservatism in the money market and in speculation.

The growing dullness of the stock market has indicated the closing out of large speculative accounts.

* * *

New York, Jan. 11.—Manhattan opened at an advance of 1⅝, and Baltimore & Ohio nearly a point. The changes elsewhere were fractional with the majority on the side of gains. Business was small and apparently professional.

The tone of the market improved decidedly in expectation of a good bank statement. Stocks which showed the most sawiness yesterday were dull and lifeless and the volume of business small. Selling is scattered and of little effect upon prices. A substantial rise is near at hand and advise holding long stock as much as I have noted a good strong undertone. Union Pacific will be in the next advance, and it will be well to give some attention to it. Do not sell anything short except Copper, which may be sold on all bulges of a couple of points.

Through ex-Senator Charles A. Towne, its president, the Export Oil and Pipe Line company is securing some very advantageous transportation connections, which will put it early in the field for the Northern and Eastern markets.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	18½	19½
Allouez	...	22
Anaconda	30	31
Arcadian	4	4½
Amalgamated	70⅜	...
Arnold	50c	60c
Ashbed	...	25
Atlantic	25	27
Baldie	30½	...
Bingham	24	25
Phoenix	4¼	5
National	1	2
Calumet & Hecla	580	600
Centennial	13	13½
Copper Range	54½	55
Cochita	1⅜	2¼
Dominion Coal	56	57
Elm River	12¼	13½
Franklin	12½	13½
Humboldt	...	50
Isle Royale	21½	22
Mass	17¼	17½
Michigan	10	11
Mohawk	29¼	30½
Mayflower	2¾	3
Old Colony	3½	3½
Old Dominion	23½	23
Osceola	82¼	83
Parrot	29	29½
Quincy	135	140
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	3	3½
Tamarack	250	260
Tecumseh	...	75c
Tri-Mountain	44	45
Utah	21¾	22
United States	33½	33¾
Victoria	5	5¼
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	48	49
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	75c	1.00

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Jan. 11.—Cotton opened steady, 1 point higher to 3 lower, on reports of big port receipts and poor Liverpool cables. After the call there was little variation from last night's prices, and trading was tame. But four options were dealt in up to 10:30 o'clock, thus representing some of the slowest markets of recent times.

Cotton futures closed barely steady: January, 790; February, 795; March, 803; April, 808; May, 812; June, 813; July, 814; August, 802; September, 773; October, 760. Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8¼; middling gulf, 8¼; sales, none.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, Jan. 11.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending today shows: Loans $864,226,800, decrease $5,309,800; deposits $926,982,600, decrease $778,500; circulation $32,013,700, increase $139,500; legal tenders $76,481,400, increase $2,223,600; specie $168,222,700, increase $3,413,900; reserves $244,704,100, increase $5,637,500; reserve required $231,745,650, increase $194,625; surplus $12,958,450, increase $5,440,975.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Jan. 11.—Money on call, steady at 4 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@6¼; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87@4.87¼ for demand, and at $4.84½@4¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85 and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4⅞; bar silver, 55¾c; Mexican dollars, 44¼; government bonds, irregular; state bonds, steady; railroad bonds, firm.

E. P. BARNUM DEAD.

Pioneer, Politician and Newspaper Man Passed Away.

St. Cloud, Minn., Jan. 11.—E. P. Barnum, clerk of the district court, died at 2 o'clock yesterday morning after an illness of more than one year.

Mr. Barnum was prominent in politics of the state. He was a congressional candidate on the Democratic ticket in 1882, and has been a leader in many political gatherings since. He was a Mason of high degree and publisher of the Sauk Center Avalanche. The remains were taken to Sauk Center today for interment, and were accompanied by officers of the State Press association and members of the Masonic order. He was 71 years of age.

MUST OBEY INSTANTLY.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 11.—Owing to recent evidences of a disposition on the part of the populace to demur at the demands of the police, Gen. Kleigel, the prefect, has caused notices to be posted imperatively ordering instant obedience to any orders by the police failing in which the delinquent is punishable by imprisonment for three months or the payment of a fine of 500 roubles.

DYING MURDERER

Has Been Released From Jail at Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Early W. Mason, who stands indicted for murder, was released from the county jail by Judge Dunne on the nominal bond of $100, signed by his attorney, because he was said to be dying from an incurable form of paralysis.

The proceeding is an unusual one, but was acquiesced in by Acting State's Attorney A. S. Barnes, but opposed by W. C. Keough, employed by friends of Stephen Pacini, an Italian bartender, whom Mason was charged with having murdered in a saloon row at Twenty-third and State streets last May.

The signing of the bond was attended with difficulty. Mason could not attend court. Judge Dunne held his signature had once been acknowledged, and accordingly a clerk was allowed to take the signature of the dying man at the county jail hospital.

County Physician McNamara, who once before tried to secure Mason's release, says the man has but a few months to live. Efforts of friends to remove him from the jail will be attended with danger because of his weakened condition.

It May Make You Rich.

A limited amount of stock in the Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company is offered at the low price of 10 cents per share. When taken into consideration the prospects and location of this property and the men who have the destinies of this company in charge, it seems like an excellent opportunity for a small investment to secure stock that in a few years may make you rich. You may learn more about the merits of this company at the offices, 318 Manhattan building.

A CLEAN FIGHT.

An Interesting Bout Between Hawkins and Queenan.

Seattle, Jan. 11.—In a 20-round contest at the Seattle theater, Dal Hawkins was given a decision over Perry Quenan. The fight was one of the cleanest and best that has ever taken place on the coast. At the end of the twentieth round both were on their feet and ready to fight, but the referee decided that Hawkins had the better of it.

FEW AMERICANS

Employed as Miners In the Anthracite Regions.

Pottsville, Pa., Jan. 11.—Reports of the eight mine inspectors of the anthracite coal regions show that only about one-fifth of the miners and laborers are American born. In the sixth district the number of Americans is 4292; Poles, 6289; Hungarians, 1742; English, 900; Welsh, 572; Irish, 2310; Italians, 617; Austrians, 289; while other nationalities make a total of 20,463.

OUTPUT OF MINES.

Johannesburg, Jan. 11.—The chamber of mines has issued a report showing that the output of the mines for December was 52,897 ounces of fine gold, against 33,075 for November.

FAVORITE FOR DERBY.

New York, Jan. 11.—Nasturtium, it is conceded by experts in London, will be the favorite for the Derby, according to the World. He has not been in any way injured by the voyage, and has been exercised daily since his arrival at Higgins' stable, Newmarket.

We, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of the laws of Minnesota, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

Article I. The name of this corporation shall be "Board of Trade Livery Company." The general nature of the business of this corporation shall be to conduct a general livery business and boarding stable, to buy and sell horses, mules, vehicles of all kinds, hay, grain and other products, either for itself, or as agent for others; to manufacture, repair, sell and deal in all articles necessary or useful in the carrying on of any of the aforesaid business; to buy, own, hold, lease, mortgage, sell and convey all real estate necessary or convenient for any of the aforesaid purposes. The principal place where its business shall be transacted shall be Duluth, Minnesota.

Article II. The time of the commencement of said corporation shall be January 10, 1902, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

Article III. The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be ten thousand ($10,000) dollars, divided into one hundred (100) shares of the par value of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which may be issued and paid in in money or in other property, at such time, in such amounts, and in such manner, as the board of directors may determine.

Article IV. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of $5000.

Article V. The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Harry P. Thomas, James Sullivan and Charles P. Maginnis, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

Article VI. The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are: Harry P. Thomas, James Sullivan and Charles P. Maginnis; said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the offices of the corporation in Duluth, Minnesota, on the first Tuesday in July, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m.; the time of holding all subsequent annual meetings shall be fixed by the by-laws. The government of said corporation and the management of all of its affairs, shall be vested in a board of three (3) directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation and who shall be elected annually at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers and perform such duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors in the by-laws, and who shall be elected by said directors at their first meeting, and thereafter at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders, unless otherwise prescribed by the by-laws: A president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 6th day of January, A. D. 1902.

HARRY P. THOMAS, (Seal.)
JAMES SULLIVAN. (Seal.)
CHARLES P. MAGINNIS (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of—
Francis W. Sullivan,
H. B. Fryberker.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. On this 7th day of January, 1902, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared Harry P. Thomas, James Sullivan and Charles P. Maginnis, to me known to be the persons described in, and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed. Francis W. Sullivan, Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.

(Notarial Seal.)

Office of Register of Deeds, State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record January 8th, 1902, at 4:45 p. m., and was duly recorded in Book R. of Misc., page 161. A. Lofgren, Register of Deeds, by Thos. Clark, Deputy.

State of Minnesota, Department of State. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 9th day of January, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m. and was duly recorded in Book B. 3 of Incorporations, on page —. P. E. Hanson, Secretary of State.



CLOSING

United States Fuel Oil Company's Treasury Stock, full-paid, non-assessable.

10 CENTS PER SHARE.

$25 buys 250 shares; $50 buys 500 shares; $100 buys 1000 shares; no less than 100 shares issued.

$225.00 Buys 2500 Shares.

Is a special offer.

Special offer of 10 per cent discount on single cash subscriptions of 2500 shares or more—closes Jan. 15. These are the best terms obtainable, good until that day and date only.

JANUARY 15TH,

Positively Last Day of Special Discount Offer.

Shortly after this date all stock of the United States Fuel Company will be advanced to—

25 CENTS PER SHARE.

The only anti-trust oil company in the Northwest. Comparison with any other advertised company absolutely. Company drilling night and day. Send in your applications at once, any day may raise price to 25 cents per share without the usual notice.

All remittances should be sent to

United States Fuel Oil Co.,

144-146 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

HOWLAND & CO.

AMES BUILDING, BOSTON,

Bankers and Brokers.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold for cash, or carried on margin. Special attention given to copper stocks.

Interest allowed on deposits. Send for circular and telegraphic code.

Customers can wire orders and instructions at our expense.

Vermilye & Co

BANKERS,

NASSAU AND PINE STS., NEW YORK
18 CONGRESS STREET, BOSTON.

Government Bonds of all issues bought, sold or taken in exchange for other securities. Quotations furnished by wire at our expense

List of current offerings of Municipal Railroad and other investment Securities furnished upon application.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and Individuals Solicited.

NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE LAKE TRANSIT CO., OF WEST VIRGINIA.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lake Transit Company will be held in the city of New York at the Manhattan hotel, at ten o'clock on the morning of Tuesday, January 21st, 1902.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., January 8th, 1902.

Signed, J. J. McWILLIAMS,
Secretary.

Duluth Evening Herald—Jan-11-18—1902

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of three thousand one hundred and three and 12-100 dollars ($3103.12) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Otto C. Hartman and Alice W. Hartman, both unmarried, mortgagors, to Juliette Fonda, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1891, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Lou

FINANCIAL.

DULUTH AND ARIZONA COPPER MINING CO.,

Capital Stock $1,000,000, Divided Into 1,000,000 Shares of the Par Value of $1.00 each, With 400,000 Shares Reserved as Treasury Stock.

OFFICERS:

President, CHAS. W. ERICSON. Treasurer, WM. A. HUNT.
Vice President, WM. H. DANIELS. Secretary, GIDEON SCHELIN.

DIRECTORS:

CHAS. W. ERICSON, WM. A. HUNT, DANIEL G. CASH, WM. H. DANIELS, HENRY S. SWIFT.

THE PROPERTY OF THE COMPANY

At present consists of a consolidation of four mining properties known as the "Sulphuretts," "Washington," "Denver" and "Carthage," named collectively "The Three Black Buttes" and situated in that promising new mining field south of Prescott, in Yavapai County, Arizona. This property is well located so far as the two most important considerations, transportation and water, are concerned. One of the best known mining experts in Arizona and the Southwest, who has been highly recommended by the president of the Valley Bank of Phoenix in the following terms: "I WOULD SOONER TRUST HIS JUDGMENT ON A COPPER PROPERTY THAN ANY MAN I KNOW,"—says concerning this property: "I DO NOT KNOW OF ANY COPPER MINES IN ARIZONA SO ADVANTAGEOUSLY SITUATED AT THE BEGINNING OF THEIR DEVELOPMENT."

ORE IN SIGHT.

Sufficient work has not yet been done on the property to demonstrate the depth and extent of the ore deposits. They cover a surface area of from 200 to 800 feet in width, by 2000 feet in length. Pits have been sunk on the several veins only to a depth of from 20 to 35 feet. These pits show a much higher grade of ore at the bottom than at the surface. Assays from a number of average samples of the ore show an average value of $5.93 per ton in gold, and 11.32 per cent in copper. Experts say there is sufficient surface ore in sight averaging $6.00 per ton in gold and 8 per cent in copper, to keep a 250-ton smelter going for many years, and that it ought to pay from the grass roots down. IT CAN BE MADE A SHIPPER FROM THE START.

SPECIAL OFFER.

In order that development work may be commenced without delay, the company has concluded to offer a limited amount of this very desirable stock at the extremely low price of TEN CENTS PER SHARE, reserving the right to withdraw this offer without notice. Subscriptions for stock will be received at the office of the company, 318 Manhattan Building, or at the office of the president, Chas. W. Ericson, 219 West Superior Street, on and after Monday, Jan. 13, 1902.

SPECIAL NOTICE! THERE ARE NO SALARIED OFFICERS CONNECTED WITH THIS COMPANY. EVERY DOLLAR RECEIVED FROM THE SALE OF TREASURY STOCK WILL BE USED FOR DEVELOPING THE PROPERTY AND PUTTING IT ON A DIVIDEND PAYING BASIS.

WE INVITE A FULL AND FREE INVESTIGATION OF THIS PROPOSITION.

For Prospectus or further information, call on or address the Secretary, at 318 Manhattan Building, or the President, Chas. W. Ericson, at 219 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

ARE HIGH ENOUGH

Lumberman Who Thinks Prices Should Go No Higher.

Says That They Are Now at a Profitable Figure.

Further Advances May Bring Competition From Outside.

The present winter season, as well as the past fall and summer, has been marked by high prices in the lumber trade, and there is not a manufacturer at the head of the lake, probably, who would not characterize the trade as "booming." With the constantly diminishing stock of unsold lumber on the docks here, and the advance sale of next season's cut at figures much better than the manufacturers could get on advanced sales a year ago, there is a general feeling among the lumbermen tht the prices will go even higher during the coming season. While it stands to reason that the lumbermen wish to get the highest possible price for their product, there are some of the local manufacturers who believe a further advance would be dangerous to the interests of the lumber trade of the Northwest.

On the face of it such a statement appears strange, but it is argued that when all the conditions that make the lumber trade in the North so prosperous as it is today were carefully considered, the idea is entirely reasonable. A remark to that effect was made yesterday by a lumberman in this city, whose timber and manufacturing interests are among the largest in the Northwest. Said he:

"I would be sorry to see lumber prices go higher than they are at the present time, because of the results that will threaten the trade in Northern pine under that condition. Lumber prices are excellent at the present time, the manufacturers are getting better prices than they ever did before in the history of the trade in the northern part of this state, as well as Wisconsin. I can readily see how a further advance, providing it is large enough, will create conditions in the market that will let in pine from the South and from the coast, and there will be a limited market for the manufacturers of the Northwest.

"True we are receiving pine from the South at the present time, we need it to care for a certain trade, but we do not want an opening made that will let the Southern pine in in such quantities as will injure our own trade. At the present time the high freight rates have had the effect of keeping the coast lumber from our markets, but as surely as the prices of our pine lumber are put up until they reach a mark too high, the coast timber will be brought in to compete with it.

"I believe, however, that there is not another pine product in this country that can compare with the white pine of the Northern states. Compare it for instance with the pine from Southern California. The pine from that state is so elastic and safe that it can be struck with the knuckles and a dent will be made that will remain. Strike a board of Northern white pine and it is so elastic and firm that the figures will spring back and the mark dissappear. The Northern white pine board is the only board that can be seasoned out of doors, taken out of the sun straight, and when put on a house, either inside or outside, will remain there."

Relative to the reported high prices at which some sales have recently been made, this same lumbermen said:

"There are different grades even of No. 3 pine boards, and while $18 might be a good price for some stocks, there are other stocks that are worth a little more. I know of one stock, particularly, that was cut to order for a certain buyer who did not take it afterward on account of a slight disagreement as to the price. He could not that he could just as well leave it alone, for another season he would be paying $1 a thousand more for it. The next season has not yet come, but the other dollar per thousand has already been offered and refused."

A Rare Opportunity.

The Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company, of whose property The Herald gave such an interesting account a few days ago, announces in another column that they will place on the market a limited amount of the stock of that company at the low price of 10 cents per share. This is lower than the price at which most copper stocks are started, and will give investors an excellent opportunity to "get in on the ground floor," on a first class copper proposition.

It is the intention of the company to develop its property at once, and if the opinions of reliable experts are at all to be relied upon, the property can be made a shipper form the start, as the test pits and shafts will, to a great extent, be cut through high grade ore bodies, and the ore taken out in this manner can be at once shipped to the smelter, and converted into cash in a short time, thus making the development work practically self-supporting. This gives the company a great advantage from the start, and also enables them to offer the first issue of treasury stock at an unusually low figure, as it will not require the expenditure of a very large sum of money before cash returns are received. For particulars call at the offices, 318 Manhattan building.

TO MEET IN DES MOINES.

Ottumwa, Iowa, Jan. 11.—President W. A. McIntyre, of the Iowa Retail Hardware Dealers' association today announced that the annual meeting of the association will be held in Des Moines, Feb. 18, 19 and 20. The meeting promises to be one of the largest in the history of the association.

IN FAVOR OF PARKER.

Topeka, Kas., Jan. 11.—The supreme court today decided the Parker-Hughes mayoralty contest case in favor of Parker, the Democratic contestant.

ENDOWMENT INCREASED.

Richmond, Ind., Jan. 11.—It is announced todays that by gifts from Sarah Hollingsworth and Zacariah Stanley, late prominent Indianans, $40,000 have been added to the endowment of Erlham college.

REALTY OUTLOOK ENCOURAGING

Dealers Would Not Be Surprised to See a Banner Year---Transfers For the Years 1900 and 1901.

The real estate market in Duulth is in a good, healthy, prosperous condition and "never better" is the verdict of real estate men generally. There have been no particularly large deals announced the past week, and no very large ones made, but business has been good, and a number of good sales are known to be pending that will be announced presently. The new year is starting in well, and if it does not prove a banner year in Duluth real estate there will be a very much surprised and disappointed lot of people in Duluth and elsewhere.

• • •

George H. Crosby, the well known Duluth real estate man, has inaugurated a novelty in the real estate business. He has established the co-operation plan in his business, and his employes this year will share in the profits of his business. While this has been done in a few scattering instances in other lines of business, this is the first time it has been done in the real estate business, so far as is known. Mr. Crosby, in talking about it with The Herald yesterday, said:

"I believe that the boys that help me earn the money should get a share of it. I pay them good salaries anyway, and I am faithfully served, but I believe that this will give them an interest in the business that will be of benefit to them and to me as well. It is not all a philanthropic and utopian scheme. I believe it will pay me and I believe it would pay many employers to have in their employ men who have such a personal interest in their business as the profit-sharing system will give."

A strong feature of the real estate market at the present time is the frequency of sales of farm lands in the country immediately tributary to Duluth. The Herald today, in another column, announces a big sale of lands by the Boston & Duluth Land company to Iowa parties, who will colonize the property. A few years ago there were no sales of farm lands about Duluth to speak of. Now there are half a dozen prominent dealers, and sales are common. A few years ago nine-tenths of the poor people of Duluth would have laughed if anybody had mentioned the farming district back of Duluth. Today that farming district supports a population of 60000 people, and that farming population is rapidly growing.

• • •

"There is one feature of the real estate situation in Duluth," said T. W. Dahl yesterday afternoon, "that has not been touched upon, and yet is very important to buyers. A city is very like a large private business undertaking. It takes time to build it up, it has its vicissitudes, and finally, if success is reached, there comes a time when the outlay ceases and the right side of the ledger begins to show an increasing balance. After that expenses are not increased, and not until then is it a profitable thing to be interested in. So with Duluth. Duluth has passed the experimental stage, her vicissitudes are over, her success is assured, and she is equipped with an establishment that will support a population of double her present size without much additional expense. The expense of running the city at its present population of 60,000 will not be materially increased before a population of 120,000 is reached. For instance, water mains are all in, and every new building that connects with the service will be furnished at practically the present cost. Gas will be cheaper as business increases, and the present police force will care for a much larger population. Those facts ought to be interesting to every investor in real estate who has Duluth on his mind. Today Duluth is just starting its growth, with its institutions on a sounder and firmer basis than ever before, and its large business concerns have a standing throughout the country that was not imagined a few years ago.

"Moral: Now is the time to buy Duluth real estate."

• • •

The real estate transfers recorder in the office of the register of deeds for 1901 fall a little below the total for 1900, but that should not be considered as conclusive on the Duluth real estate situation. If Duluth transfers were separated it would probably be found that the number of transfers and the amount of consideration in 1901 would be much greater than in 1900. The strong feature of the 1901 business has been home-buying, and it does not figure up in values so rapidly as speculative buying of business property. The figures for the two years by months are as follows:

Month—	1900.	1901.
January	$ 1,785,654 00	$ 497,699 25
February	795,318 92	220,673 79
March	1,163,739 06	6,434,552 15
April	324,649 90	729,982 28
May	531,204 47	319,966 81
June	588,167 67	618,589 95
July	1,261,666 33	1,396,732 34
August	2,875,409 90	843,625 26
September	468,835 75	368,439 94
October	3,417,693 70	1,289,531 74
November	1,029,513 78	707,065 57
December	736,750 15	1,070,308 31
Total	$14,868,403 63	$14,376,515 39

• • •

Transfers for the week were as follows:

William C. Yawkey et al to L. W. Hill, sw¼ nw¼, section 5-58-17...$ 1
Cook & Turrish to Daniel McLeod, sw¼ of ne¼ and s½ of nw¼ and ne¼ of sw¼, section 17-59-17..... 8000
James Porter et ux to Hel Jamieson, part of sw¼ of nw¼ section 30-51-13 500
Frank R. Webber et ux to Peter E. Johnson, lots 11 and 12, block 72, aMrine division 700
Berlah Magoffin et ux to Boston and Duluth Farm Land company, sw¼ of sw¼ section 5-51-15, nw¼ of sw¼ section 4, nw¼ of sw¼ section 6, ne¼ of nw¼ and sw¼ of nw¼ and n½ of s½ section 12-51-14, nw¼ of nw¼ section 6, sw¼ of se¼ section 2, ne¼ of ne¼ section 12, ne¼ of nw¼ and se¼ of sw¼ section 14, and n½ of se¼ section 28-52-16 1,049
Charles H. Maginnis et ux to Minnesota Land and Construction company sw¼ of ne¼ section 27-61-18 227
W. E. Moses et ux to same, se¼ of nw¼ section 27, se¼ of ne¼, ne¼ of ne¼ and sw¼ of nw¼ section 34-61-18 125
Charles H. Maginnis et ux to Cook & Turrish, lot 1 and ne¼ of nw¼ section 30-63-17 430
Edgar O. Achorn to John Wetherbee, n½ of sw¼ of ne¼ section 10-50-14 1
Morris A. Poznanski to W. Carson, trustee, sw¼ of se¼ and ne¼ of se¼ section 34 and sw¼ of sw¼ section 35-61-17 3,900
Richard Cullen et al to R. Whiteside, lot 3 section 20-62-12..... 300
George J. Mallory et ux to West Duluth Land company, lot 13, block 283, West Duluth, Third division, lots 11, 12, block 284, West Duluth, Fourth division, lot 8, block 129, West Duluth, Fifth division 1
Gustaf Gulbranson, administrator, to O. M. Lion, sw¼ of ne¼, s½ of nw¼, ne¼ of se¼, ne¼ of nw¼ of se¼ and s½ of nw¼ and nw¼ of se¼ section 6-49-15 1,500
West Duluth Land company to George J. Mallory, lot 13, block 283, West Duluth, Third division.. 1,120
Fred A. Parkhill et ux to John L. Prosser, souht 30 feet of north 100 feet of lot 6, block 22, Endion.. 1,600
John L. Prosser et ux to Minnie Klowcowsky, same 1,700
Joseph R. McKinnon to B. G. Segog, und ¼ of sw¼ of se¼ and se¼ of sw¼ section 33-53-14 1,000
Thomas Robert to J. R. McKinnon, sw¼ of se¼ and se ¼ of sw section 33-63-14 1
Henry Wheeler et ux to John Lofold, north 50 feet of lot 10, block 8, Helm's addition 200
White & Friant to John C. Rugee, trustee, lands in sections 25-60-20, 13, 24, 30-67-20, 8, 14, 27, 34-68-20, 18, 30, 23, 34-67-19, 35-67-21, 2, 19, 20-66-19, 34-69-20 10,635
White & Friant Lumber company to T. S. White et al, lands in sections 23, 24, 25-67-21, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35-69-19, 13, 24, 23, 25, 27, 31, 34, 35-69-20 10,000
White & Friant to John C. Rugee, trustee, lands in seccions 29-66-19, 7, 8-67-19, 17, 18-67-20 8,311
E. A. Strong et ux to R. B. Whiteside, sw¼ of se¼ and se¼ of sw¼ section 13 and nw¼ of ne¼ and ne¼ of nw¼ section 24-59-15..... 600
White & Friant to John C. Rugee, trustee, lands in sections 7, 17, 18, 36-17-20, 25, 26-68-20, 22, 35-67-19, 35-67-21, 23, 26-69-19..... 10,311
Wells-Stone Mercantile company to William A. Cant, s½ of ne¼ and n½ of se¼ section 1-51-13 250
Edgar A. Coffin to E. J. McLaughlin, n½ of ne¼ section 35-55-13... 420
Mary E. Coffin et mar to Alger-Smith company, n½ of nw¼ section 24-52-13 1,300
Peter Simpson to Cook & Turrish, se¼ of ne¼ and e½ of se¼ section 21, and sw¼ of nw¼ section 22-66-19 1,000
Edward J. McLaughlin et ux to Alger, Smith & Co., n½ of ne¼ section 35-52-13 3,000
Erland Fredricks to Amelia Sherwood, lots 3 and 4 and n ½of se¼ section 34-52-17 900
John M. Longyear et ux to W. J. Ryder, lot 17, block 2, Hibbing.. 150
Halvor Peterson to G. H. Haseby, lot 13, block 117, West Duluth, Second division 300
R. T. Russell to Austin N. McGindley, e½ of se¼ section 9, n½ of nw¼ section 11-60-13 1,000
Fred O. Harrie et ux to Alfred Merrett, und ½ of Erie pier, Oneota 5,000
Thomas Mitchell et ux to same, same 1
Joshua R. Gray et al to same, same 1
Julius Schutt et ux to Austin N. McGhndley, lot 1, section 30-60-13 1
Same to Matthew Gallagher et al, se¼ of sw¼ section 11-60-13..... 1
Berlah Magoffin et ux to Boston and Duluth Farm Land company, s½ of sw¼ section 6-51-15, ne¼ of nw¼ section 6, lots 2, 3 and nw¼ of se¼ section 1, nw¼ of ne¼ section 8, se¼ of nw¼ and se¼ of sw¼ section 12, n½ of nw¼ section 18-52-14, e½ of se¼ section 2-52-16, lots 1, 2 and sw¼ of ne¼, e½ of sw¼, w½ of se¼, ne¼ of se¼ section 24-53-15 1,523
J. Eben to R. H. Doran, und 1-16 e¼ of nw¼ section 10-58-19..... 150
Petrine Grettum et al to O. H. Gates, lot 12, block 18, Tower 475
M. H. Schussler et ux to C. B. Milder, sw¼ of sw¼ section 13-51-21 200
E. A. Coffin to Crown Lumber company, w½ of se¼ and e½ of sw¼ section 14-51-19 600
John V. Lamphier to Northern Lumber company, e¼ of sw¼ section 5, and nw¼ of sw¼ section 4-59-18 750
William L. Jackson et ux to Cloquet Lumber company, n¼ of ne¼ section 33-54-14 1,600
Crown Lumber company to Cloquet Lumber company, w½ of se¼ and e½ of sw¼ section 14-51-19 1,100
Henry S. Wilson et ux to Joseph S. Rich, se¼ of ne¼ and ne¼ of ne¼ section 10, sw¼ of section 11, n½ of nw¼ section 14-56-20.... 240
W. O. Winston et ux to Lilliam J. Winston, und ¼ of lots 65, 67, West First street, Duluth proper, First division 7,500
C. H. Maginnis et ux to W. H. Cook et al, n½ of ne¼ and e½ of nw¼ section 25-65-21 700
Isaac Hegge to C. H. Maginnis, sw¼ of sw¼ section 15-57-13..... 500
C. H. Maginnis et ux to W. H. Cook et al, lots 2 and 3, section 5-57-19 450
Ignatius Fisher et ux to Ole Branstad, fraction of lot 106, block 21, Duluth proper, Third division 1,500
Thomas P. Brown et ux to D. A. Duncan et al, w½ of ne¼ and n½ of se¼ section 27-52-13..... 5,000
Thomas J. Walsh et ux to Guy A. Eaton, ne¼ of ne¼ section 34, nw¼ of nw¼ and s½ of ne¼ section 35-70-21 2,900
J. R. Gray et al to David A. Duncan, lot 69, West Superior street.. 1
William A. Henderson et ux to N. H. Henderson, und ½ w½ of lot 101, block 17, Duluth proper, Third division 2
N. H. Henderson to William A. Henderson et al, w½ of lot 101, block 17, Duluth proper Third division 2
Northwestern Improvement company to Gregor Franez, ne¼ of ne¼ section 30-50-15..... 400
Duluth & Iron Range Railway company to Martin Larell, sw¼ of nw¼, ne¼ of sw¼, sw¼ of sw¼ section 26, se¼ of ne¼ and se¼ of se section 27-56-18 475
John Gueye et ux to Fred W. Bonness, lots 3, 4 and e½ of sw¼ section 31-67-18 1,250
Duluth Cemetery association to George A. Gray, part of lot 38, block 6, section A..... 150
John W. Lane et al, executors, to Salvation Army Corps No. 1 of St. Paul, lot 11, block 108, Portland, w½ of ne¼ section 36-52-12
F. C. Smith et ux to H. A. Wing & Co., lot 99, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth 12
Thomas Mitchell et ux to D. A. Duncan, lot 69, West Superior street, Duluth proper, First division 1
Fred O. Harris, trustee, to David A. Duncan, party wall agreements on above lot 1
R. A. Doran to George Bresseau, und 1-32 of e½ of nw¼ section 10-58-19 1
F. L. Buell et ux to Josephine Bousseau, lot 355, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth 125
Emma Bice to same, same 1

AT WEST DULUTH

A largely attended meeting of West Duluth Commercial club was held at Stewart's hall last evening and the organization completed its work of getting permanently organized by adopting the constitution and bylaws prepared by the committee this past week. A directorate comprised of eleven members was elected to have general supervision over the affairs of the club. Already the subscriptions are being paid in and Treasurer Scott has a large sum of money turned in from this source. The matter of increasing the charter membership list is still held open and it is urged that each member secure as many new members and subscriptions as possible for the club will start in preparing its club rooms and gymnasium as soon as the $1000 is forthcoming.

DELIGHTFUL RECEPTION.

A delightful reception was tendered Amy Sayan and bride last evening at the home of his cousins, Mr. and Mrs. William Sayan, 216 Fifty-third avenue west. Mr. and Mrs. A. Sayan arrived yesterday from Alpena, Mich., where they were married a few days ago. A number of the friends of the family took the occasion to welcome home the young couple, and they will begin housekeeping in this part of the city very shortly. Mr. and Mrs. A. Sayan were remembered by a number of handsome and appropriate presents. A supper was served during the latter part of the evening and numerous toasts were responded to. The house was prettily decorated for the occasion. The following guests were present: Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brotherton, Mr. and Mrs. George C. O'Brien, Mr. and Mrs. Napoleon Sayan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Petruschke, Miss Eliza Bone, Miss Sarah Bone, Miss Francis Bone, William Dahlson and William McLeod.

GO TO THE SOO.

Ralph Green and son, of Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., who have been visiting Frank Green, the West Duluth photographer, left this morning on receipt of a telegram from a lumber company with which Mr. Green is connected, requiring his presence at the Soo. Mr. Green was formerly a resident of West Duluth and was connected with the sawmill business here. He left for the Soo about a year ago. Mr. Green says that the lumber trade in Canada has been most satisfactory this past season. The opening of the timber lands of the region north of the Soo by Clergue's new road will give the lumber business, as well as the mining business, a great impetus.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

W. B. Doty left yesterday for Scanlon.

George Tupper, of New Duluth, was a business caller here today.

J. J. Frey attended the Woodman installation and ball at West Superior.

John Brotherton and Joseph Hicks returned this afternoon from Cloquet to spend Sunday with relatives here.

Leon Le Casse has returned from Scanlon.

Charles Petruschke, the box manufacturer, has returned from a business trip to St. Louis, Mo.

The annual meeting of the West Duluth Democratic club will take place this evening in the Central avenue building formerly occupied by O. T. Strand.

The Republican club will hold its regular weekly meeting this evening. A. R. McDonald, of Duluth, will give an address.

Thomas Dunn, of Stevens Point, Wis., visited friends here yesterday.

FILIATRAULT, Undertaker.
Funeral Director and Embalming. Parlor next to Bank, West Duluth. Open day and night. New 'Phone 3303.

To Enlarge the Business.

William Anderson and Oscar Berglund have purchased an interest in the Scandia Clothing house, formerly conducted by A. J. Borgstrom & Co. The firm has been reorganized and will be known in future as the Great Western Clothing house, Anderson, Borgstrom & Co. The new partners are both well known in West Duluth as bright young business men, and the reorganization will afford additional capital for the expansion and enlargement of the business necessary to meet the growing needs of the community.

CONDITION SERIOUS.

London, Jan. 11.—The condition of Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, M. P., following a serious operation last night, is now dangerous. He has been suffering from internal inflammation for some days past.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Washington, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following postmasters have been appointed: R. B. Lesler, Attica, Aitkin county; Barbara C. Foley, Billings, Aitkin county; Jasper A. Jetsinger, ease, Mille Lacs county.



THE WOLVIN BUILDING.

To be erected at corner of Third avenue west and First street, and to be occupied by United States Steel corporation interests.

FINANCIAL.

BOND DEPARTMENT. JANUARY, 1902.

WM. PRINDLE & CO.,

DULUTH, MINN.

Municipal and Corporation Bonds.

We offer, subject to prior sale, or advance in price, the following carefully selected Corporation and Municipal Bonds.

AMOUNT.	SECURITY.	Purpose of Issue.	Rate of Interest.	Maturity.	Price.	Yields About
$25,000	Chamber of Commerce, (Minneapolis.)		4½'s	1903 to 1922,	Price to net	4¾ per cent
114,000	Crookston Waterw,ks,Power & Light Co. (Crookston, Minn.)		5's	1915 to 1921,	100.50 and int.	5 per cent
25,000	Brice Gas & Electric Co., (Mason City, Iowa.)		5's	1909 to 1916,	100.50 and int.	5 per cent
21,000	Minneapolis Gas Light Co.,		6's	1930, opt. 1910,	Price on application.	
2,000	Minneapolis Street Railway Co..		5's	1919,	112 and int.	4.05 per ct.
2,000	Minneapolis General Electric Co.,		6's	1908,	109¾ and int.	4¾ per ct.
5,000	Minneapolis, Minn.,	Schools,	3½'s	1929,	107.37 and int.	3.10 per ct.
3,500	River Falls, Wis.,	Water Works,	5's	1914,	115 and int.	3.50 per ct.
8,000	Red Lake County, Minn.,	Drainage,	4½'s	1911,	105 and int.	3¾ per ct.
5,000	Russian Government,	Railway,	4's	1956, opt. 1915	Par and int.	4 per ct.
18,000	Beltrami County, Minn.,	Funding,	5's	1911 and 1916,	108 & 111 & int	4 per ct.
25,000	Brookings, S. Dukota,	Water Works,	5's	1921, opt. 1911,	108.18 and int.	4 per cent.
25,000	Webster, S. Dakota,	Water Works,	5's	1921, opt. 1911,	108.18 and int.	4 per cent.
14,700	Ada County, Idaho,	Bridge,	4½'s	1911 to 1921,	Price to net,	4 per cent.
15,000	Cass County, Minn.,	Funding,	5's	1911	107.50 and int.	4.10 per ct.

Special Circulars, with Full Particulars, Furnished on Application.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Thomas Crotty and Miss Flynn were united in marriage by Father Giroux on Monday last.

Theodore Trigon, the man murdered by a fellow workman in Mogan's logging camp, was a resident of Cloquet, having worked for the Northern Lumber company about three years. He was 26 years of age and three months ago was married to Miss Ida Germaine. The remains are to be brought to the city today, and will be buried in the Catholic cemetery. He left no insurance on his life. No warrant has yet been issued for the arrest of the slayer.

The Women's Foreign Mislonary society will meet at the home of Mrs. Albert Cox on Tuesday next.

St. Andrew's Guild meets with Mrs. F. B. Poole on Tuesday afternoon.

Albert Blix will rebuild his store and hall on Cloquet avenue. F. L. Redfield has the contract, and the cost of the structure will be $3000.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. J. D. Peters, Thursday afternoon.

William Cutliff, of Duluth, was a visitor here Thursday.

Mrs. Torrance and Miss A. A. Anderson have formed a co-partnership and will carry on the millinery business at the old stand on Arch street.

One death occurred from diphtheria last week in the Second precinct.

Frank Elm has been elected chief of Cloquet fire department for another year.

Fred Grunig is very sick at Hot Springs, Arkansas. Mrs. Grunig left for that place on Friday last.

It May Make You Rich.

A limited amount of stock in the Duluth and Arizona Copper Mining company is offered at the low price of 10 cents per share. When taken into consideration the prospects and location of this property and the men who have the destinies of this company in charge, it seems like an excellent opportunity for a small investment to secure stock that in a few years may make you rich. You may learn more about the merits of this company at the offices, 318 Manhattan building.

DEATH LIST.

Detroit, Jan. 11.—J. M. French, an old circus man, and at one time one of the wealthiest horse owners in the United States, died at his home in this city Thursday night. He was 71 years of age and was known as the original "Forty-camel bandwagon man."

Philadelphia, Jan. 11.—Col. William Lewis Washington, a descendant of the family of George Washington, is dead at his home here. He was born in Nashville, Tenn., where he will be buried. He was a soldier in the Confederate army.

New York, Jan. 11.—John Longking is dead at his home in Yonkers aged 96 years. He was connected with the Methodist Book concern for fifty years. He wrote many books on Methodism and writings of his are used as text books in the Bible classes and seminaries of the denomination.

CARGO ON FIRE.

Coastwise Steamer Rehuns Has to Return to Port.

Baltimore, Jan. 11.—The Merchants and Miners steamer Juniata, which sailed for Boston last night, returned to her dock this morning with the cargo in her forward hold on fire. After several hours of hard work, during which the compartment was completely flooded by the fire department, the fire was extinguished. No estimate of the damage has been made.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

FOR SALE.
1217 East Second Street.
1215 East First Street.
1207 East Superior Street.
Also many choice lots in Endion Division.
R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale Bldg

HUNTLEY OIL & REFINING CO.,

OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS.

President, Hon. BENTON McMILLIN, Governor of Tennessee.

This company was not organized as stock selling scheme, as some of the smaller companies would indicate they were by advertising their stock for sale on the "no gusher, no pay" plan.

To those who are at all familiar with the Texas oil fields, and particularly with Spindle Top Heights, it is not necessary to guarantee a gusher. Any and all companies have holdings on the Heights (and they all have property there) will guarantee a gusher if it is asked for.

But what about their land holdings outside Spindle Top Heights, in and around the other known oil fields in Texas, especially Sour Lake, where they now have producing wells and three gushers, and which territory the geologists say will shortly rival the famous Heights? Note the land holdings of the Huntley before you investiate elsewhere. While the gushers of Spindle Top Heights themselves surround the Huntley property there, the Huntley's other holdings completely surround the gushers themselves and its total properties comprise 14,000 acres of the choicest oil lands in the whole Texas field.

The Huntley Oil & Refining company was organized not only to produce and sell oil, but also to refine it; thus, it will not only derive profits from its production and sale of crude petroleum, but also be a producer and seller of the various kinds of refined oils, as well as their valuable residuary products. A slight idea can be gained of the profits accruing to the stockholders of the company from this branch of the business when it is known that such a refining plan as contemplated shows (after making all allowances for depreciation, labor, interest, acids, alkali and all other necessary expenses) a profit of 27¼ per cent on the entire capitalization of the company.

There is made from 44 per cent of the crude oil, or 55 per cent of the residum, asphaltum that is 99-23-100 pure. To realize what this means, take the fact that Trinidad asphalt brings in New York $28 00 per ton, yet is only 50 per cent pure. The Huntley company's product can be sold in New York at $20.00 per ton, and make 200 per cent profit. There is also made an asphaltum paint that is absolutely water proof and fire proof and asphaltum roofing that cannot be set fire to; and, finally, a fine fuel oil.

The paint costs between 9 and 12 cents per gallon to make, and has an unlimited market at from 55 to 65 cents per gallon.

Without figuring anything for the illuminating oils, in fact, calling them a dead loss, it is impossible to make less than 100 per cent profit in the refining of the crude oil. As we have stated heretofore, outside of the refining profits above stated, the contracts already secured by the Huntley company for the sale of its oil give it

An Assured Market,

and having also

An Assured Gusher,

it is in consequence the possessor of

An Assured Income,

and thus becomes to all its stockholders

An Assured Investment.

Its stockholders will not have to wait for a market to be established after its production begins, and will therefore not have to wait for the returns on their investment. It has already commenced the sales which alone will enable any company to pay dividends.

It has the acreage; it has the oil; it has the market; its immediate requirement is tankage for its product. To provide this we offer a limited issue of treasury stock at the low price of

60c PER SHARE,

(par value $1.00, full paid and non-assessable) and we consider it the best investment in Texas today.

The price of stock in all companies, in other locations, have gone higher then 30 times par on the average and the production has been only 1-100 part as great as in this field. I can with safety predict that this stock will go to twice par at least in 12 months.

SEND FOR PROSPECTUS.

Make all checks, drafts and money orders payable to the order of

F. W. KUGLER,

127 East Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Reporting. Collecting. Publishing. Rating.

BRIGHT'S MERCANTILE AGENCY

Collections Made Anywhere in the United States or Canada. Send Us Your Accounts or Write For Terms.

Main Office, Torrey Building. Duluth, Minn

DEFECTIVE PAGE

ONE OF THE BEST INVESTMENTS IN THE WORLD —DULUTH REAL ESTATE.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

For Sale Cheap--If taken at once

20 Acres of Land—4 miles from Postoffice on Hermantown Road, 15 acres cleared. Good house and 2 barns. 2 Cows—2 Heifers—4 pigs—40 Chickens—1 Horse—1 Wagon—Buggy and Sleigh—Plow—Harrow and other farming tools.

For further particulars enquire at—

1918 W. Superior Street

Building Loans Made

at lowest rates of interest and charges.

CALL ON US.

W. M. Prindle & Co.

First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

For Sale.

A bargain on East Fifth street, near Portland Square..... **$2200**

This takes two houses—one with eleven rooms and stone foundation—the other four rooms, post foundation. Both houses in fine condition.

Eight-room house and two large corner lots, in Hunter's Park. Has stone foundation; hot air furnace; hardwood finish. Will be sold on easy terms or monthly payments. Price..... **$2300**

The cheapest lot in Endion, on Fourth street..... **$550**

This is a special snap—offered for a few days only. Look this up.

We have a half section of good farm land in North Dakota, to trade for building lot in Endion.

For Rent.

House, No. 921 East First; has bath and steam heat.

House, No. 5417 Grand avenue east; seven rooms.

Five-room flats at Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street, $10.00 per month.

To Loan.

Money in any amount at 5 and 6 per cent.

Stryker, Manley & Buck

To Close An Estate

we will sell 11 choice lots at Lakeside. Come in, get a list and make us an offer.

Fine lot on East First street. Very cheap.

Brick flat building, paying 10 per cent net. New and modern.

Little & Nolte.

FOR RENT

2232 West Superior Street, 4-room flat, city water..... **$12.00**

Second Floor 2507 West Third Street, 5 rooms, city water..... **$10.50**

2120 West Second Street, seven rooms..... **$12.50**

1527 London Road—5-room flat, bath, electric light, cooking range, first class neighborhood..... **$16.00**

Three-room flat at 2132 West Second street, city water..... **$8.00**

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

PIPE ORGANIST—EXPERIENCED ORganist desiring church position will please apply to undersigned, stating experience, etc. E. D. Field Co., care Herald.

A Fifteen-Room House
On Fourth Street for..... **$4000**

An Eight-Room House
On Fifth Street for..... **$2000**

LOOK THESE UP.

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

A Hotel in the West End, paying 10 per cent net, for sale for

$3,300.

R. B. KNOX & CO
1 Exchange Building.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres
For Sale or Lease. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Big Snap in Acres

320 acres of good land near the city, on good roads, will be sold at a sacrifice.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Building.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN LANDS ARE just beginning to move. I offer 697 acres of good farming land, close to railroad, and covered with 500,000 hemlock and 6000 cords of hardwood, besides considerable pine and cedar. Price, $2.50 per acre. B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

ONE OF THE VERY BEST SECTIONS of land in Carlton county is for sale at $6 per acre. No other land around it can be bought for less than $7.50 per acre. First class soil. No stone. Fine creek runs through. Only two and one-half miles from railroad. Would make fine stock farm. Terms $2 per acre cash, balance $1 per acre per year at 6 per cent. B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

40-ACRE TRACTS IN CARLTON COUNty. Good soil, easily cleared, and in well settled neighborhood, $5 per acre, easy terms. For sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

THIRD STREET AND LAKE AVENUE building lot, 25, 50 or 100 feet front, very cheap. Other improved and unimproved central properties. A. A. Mandenhall, 313 Lonsdale building.

LAST CHANGE!

$1200 takes 50 feet on First street, near Ninth avenue east.

$2200 Takes 8-room house in East End.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Bldg.

$2000
$2500
$3100
$4000

Buys houses and lots below Second street between Seventh avenue west and Second ave. east.

Invest in heart of city—the best.

—Calumet and Arizona—

We buy and sell it.

T. W. WAHL & CO.

Phones 439. 201 Exchange Bldg. Residence Phone 1100

HOUSES, LOTS, LANDS AND STOCKS.

Treasury stocks of the Anglo-American Coppe Co. of Parry Sound. For sale.

WM. KAISER,

New 'Phone 32. Old 'Phone 636-2

FIRE Insurance
Resident Agent—
Hartford Fire
Phoenix of Hartford
Orient of Hartford
Palatine of England
Firemen's Fund
North British

MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates
—
Estates Managed

JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
First Floor Providence Bldg.

PERSONAL.

LADIES!—$500 REWARD FOR A CASE of obstinate suppression any cause my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail. Harmless vegetable, safe, sure. How long suppressed. Dr. Jackson, R. Co., R 989, 167 Dearborn, Chicago.

LADIES—OUR HARMLESS REMEDY for delayed or suppressed period; cannot fail; trial free, Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED—J. W. HARNEY, MACHINist; communicate with Spider Lake Lumber company.

FORTUNE TELLING.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM CRADle to grave. What I tell comes true; send dime and birthday. J. Myers, Lincoln Park Station, Chicago.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Two Absolute Snaps.

$600 Will buy lot 10, block 55, Endion division. Look this up and make us an offer.

$2500 Will buy fine seven-room house and lot on Ninth avenue east. Small amount of cash will handle it; balance in monthly payments.

HOUSES FOR RENT.
Seven-room house for rent, East End.
Five-room house for rent, West End.
Five-room house for rent, West End.

O. P. CRAIG & CO.,
103 Herald Building.
Real Estate, First Mortgage Loans and Fire Insurance.

Look these snaps up before the holiday rush.

$1000 Five-room house, city water, street graded, near 28th Ave W.
$1300 Seven-room house, city water, street graded, near 28th Ave. W
$2000 Good six-room house, city water, sewer and closet; Fifth street, near Second avenue east.
$1300 Splendid five-room house, stone foundation; good cellar; good well; Sixth street, near Ninth ave. E.
$2000 Eight-room house, city water, sewer and bath; Fourth street, near Fourth ave. west. And many others.

T. O. VAUGHAN. 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

$35,000.

Wholesale building on Michigan street—four floors, 75 feet by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Each floor will carry 450 pounds to the square foot. Foundation and walls built to carry four more stories. Steam heat, two elevators, sewer, water, gas, electric lights, etc.

This is the biggest bargain offered on Michigan street.

We have money on hand to loan at 5 and 6 per cent. No delay. Bring in your application.

Julius D. Howard & Co.

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

We Own and Offer, Subject to Sale,

$10,000

City of Duluth, Minnesota, 4 Per Cent Gold Refunding Bonds.

Dated May 1st, 1901. Due May 1st, 1931. Denomination $1000. Legality has been approved by Chas. B. Wood, Esq., of Chicago. Price, $103 50, and interest nets 3.80 per cent.

Pulford, How & Co.,
Trust Co. Building, Duluth, Minn.

GOOD LANDS!

near Duluth will surely advance. I have them at low prices.

George Rupley, 513 Board of Trade.

$3000 Snap!

Residence property—central locality—one-fourth cash, balance on or before five years, 6 per cent. Pays 25 per cent net on cash payment.

Building alone worth more than purchase price.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—WASHING OR DAY WORK any kind. Call or address Mrs. King, 220 Fourth avenue west.

PLAIN AND FANCY WAISTS MADE to your order. 16 East Superior street—top floor.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY or go out washing or scrubbing. Call or address 2801½ Third avenue east.

WANTED—$5. WILL BUY A GOOD overcoat. Will give a young man another overcoat that helps to support a widowed mother. Address J 30, Herald.

FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER DESIRES work in families or at home; also plain sewing; perfect fit guaranteed. Call No. 616 East Fourth street; basement flat.

COMPETENT SWEDISH GIRL WANTS to do housework in English family. Address 314 Twentieth avenue west, Postor's residence.

WANTED—ROOMS AND OFFICES TO take care of. W 31, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS SEWING BY THE day in dressmaker's shop. Address W 10, Herald.

RESPECTABLE LADY WISHES POSItion as housekeeper or nurse for invalid. Can give references if necessary. Address W 12, Herald.

EXPERIENCED LAUNDRESS WOULD like two more steady places. Mrs. S. P. Torm, 1117 Dodge street, Lakeside.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — TO BUY, ON REASONable terms, furniture of five or six-room house. Address W 5, Herald.

OLD LINE LIFE INSURANCE POLicies bought for cash or loaned on at low rates. William Kaiser, 106 Palladio building.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

We will build a two-story building on Superior street, between Second and Third avenues east, and lease it for a term of years.

A first class business location on Superior street near Twenty-first avenue. Will either sell or build.

A brick block of resident houses, paying about 15 per cent, at a bargain.

A bargain in acres close to the city.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

HOTEL WE HAVE FOR SALE, FURniture, fixtures, lease and good-will of big paying 63-room hotel. Price $4000. Terms, half cash, balance on time.
DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
309-310 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS COW, 5 years old. 615 Fourth avenue west.

FOR SALE—NINE FORTYS WITH TWO million white and Norway pine, in township 59, ranges 11 and 12. Price, $3 per thousand. Apply John Chesser, Virginia, Minn.

FOR SALE OR RENT—HOTEL PARTLY furnished; good location; must sell or rent, on account of other business. John Chesser, Virginia, Minn.

LARGE HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. 28 West Second street.

FOR SALE—15,000 SHARES IDAHO and Continental Mining company stock. O. C. Hartman & Co., 210 Exchange building.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS BARGAIN, eight room house and 50-foot lot located 123 East Third street. House in good condition and well rented. Price right. Communicate with C. T. Seymour, 603 West First street, Duluth.

FOR SALE—SMALL SAFE. $20. CALL at once at 125 Seventh avenue west.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY

offered for restaurant, bakery and confectionery. See us at once.
DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
309-310 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of modern house; central; part time given if desired. W. 4, Herald.

FOR SALE—FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR restaurant, bakery and confectionary; trade already established; no speculation. F 59, Herald.

FOR SALE—LARGE "KING ARTHUR" round table, solid walnut; also sideboard to match; no mirror. Radiant Home heater, large size, good condition. Garland cook stove, water front in, six covers; oak dining table, cheap; bedroom suite, $5. Duluth Van company.

CASH FOR YOUR BUSINESS OR REAL estate; no matter where it is. Send description and price.
DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
Albert L. Preston, Manager,
309-310 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE IN ROOM ON Superior street. Address J. 19, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE SET HEAVY BOBS and heavy harness, two cutters, four single harness, set light double harness, two buggies, two wagons, robes, blankets, etc., iron pump; also car load fresh milch cows, two fine Jerseys, 2012 West First street.

FOR SALE—THREE HORSES, THREE set of harness, two set of sleds, one dray wagon, two lumber wagons, at 1902 West First.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS; great number to select from, or will exchange for fat cattle. S. M. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows will arrive Nov. 29. Evan Johnson, 2608 West Helm street.

L. HAMMEL & CO. JUST RECEIVED forty head of the best logging horses ever brought to this city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

CARLTON COUNTY FARM LANDS for sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES!

Barrett & Zimmerman, Midway, St. Paul, Minn., have constantly on hand from 800 to 1000 head of all grades of horses. Part time given if desired. The finest lot of heavy logging horses ever brought into the Northwest can be seen at their stables.

HOTELS.

THE COMMERCIAL Segal & Witz, Proprietors, 228 Lake Avenue South.
Room and Board, $4.00 per week.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING AND MANICURING. Dubl Sisters, 216 West Superior street. Telephone 115

SATIN-SKIN SPECIALTIES.

AVOID TAN, SMARTING, ROUGH, red skin applying Satin Skin Cream and Powder before exposure to wind or cold. 25c.

WANTED—AGENTS.

CHEAPEST OIL PORTRAIT AND frame made; valuable outfit free; send for our 100-page illustrated catalogue. W. W. Friedman & Co., manufacturers, Martinsburg, Mo.

INTELLIGENT AGENTS EARN $15 TO $30 per week selling patent magazine and music binders. Easy to sell, big money in it. The Weis Binder company, 400 Jackson street, Toledo, Ohio.

PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look smarply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 623 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST AT housework. Apply at 1001 East Second street.

WANTED—AT ONCE—GOOD GIRL FOR general housework; must be a good cook; only two in family; highest wages. Call evenings, 431 East Second street.

AVOID TAN, SMARTING, ROUGH, red skin applying Satin Skin Cream and Powder before exposure to wind or cold. 25c.

COOKS, WAITRESSES, KITCHEN girls, number of good private house girls. Lewis Employment Agency.

$12 SALARY GUARANTEED PER week to ladies desiring pleasant employment at their homes; experience unnecessary. Enclose stamp for full instructions, etc. Twentieth Century company, Toledo, Ohio.

LADIES COPY LETTERS AT HOME. $4 to $6 per week. Send stamped envelope for application. Anchor Supply company, 90 Wabash avenue, Chicago.

WANTED—LADY IN EACH COUNTY to represent house established ten years, solid financial standing; straight bona fide weekly cash salary $18, paid by check each Wednesday with all expenses direct from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Manager, 328 Caxton building, Chicago.

LADIES WANTED TO WORK CENTER piece cushion, etc. We furnish materials and pay from $5 to $15 per week. No experience required. Send stamped envelope to Standard company, Indiana avenue, Chicago.

LADIES WANTED TO WORK ON sofa pillows, a Materials furnished. Steady work guaranteed; experience unnecessary. Send stamped envelope to Miss McGee, needlework department, Ideal company, Chicago.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 725 East Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK. 1211 East First street.

NURSE WOMAN WANTED AT CHILDren's home. 1730 East Superior street.

WANTED—AN ELDERLY WOMAN TO take care of children and do the housework. Address 504 West Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO HELP WITH housework. Apply 230 Fourteenth avenue east.

INSTRUCTORS AND SOLICITORS wanted for Schutz German Compounds. 207 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER AT 230 LAKE avenue south.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply 222 Third avenue west.

MS. P. H. KIELY, EMPLOYMENT OFfice, 225 East Superior street. Phone 892.

WANTED—A COMPETENT SECOND girl. 2001 East First street.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 92, Zenith 811. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED — A GOOD JANITOR FOR a flat building. If not a good fireman don't answer. Address W 9, Herald.

WANTED — BOY TO WORK IN CIGAR factory. Duluth Cigar company, 329 East Superior street.

WANTED—MACHINISTS, CAR REpairers and cabinet makers; good wages; steady work. Apply A. C. S., Hotel McKay, between 7 and 10 p. m.

SALESMEN WANTED—TO SOLICIT membership for the Freightpayers' Protective association, No. 146 Broadway, New York. Liberal commission. Members' freight claims collected.

SALESMAN — TO ACT AS LOCAL REPresentative. Bond and references required. Knauth Bros., Surgeons' instruments, physicians' supplies, 3-5-7 West Twenty-ninth street, New York city.

WANTED — SALESMEN TO SELL lubricating oils and greases on salary or commission. Excellent side line. The A. G. Harbaugh company, Cleveland, Ohio.

SEVERAL CIGAR SALESMEN WANTed; experience unnecessary; $25 weekly. Emanuel Co., 217 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, New York.

WANTED EVERYWHERE — HUSTlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

SALESMEN FOR ALL LINES OF BUSIness (splendid side line) to sell our Advertising fans, 75 different styles, newest latest patterns, just the things customers want; we pay the largest commissions. Many of our men give their entire time to our line and make from $75 to $125 a week; guaranteed best side line ever offered. Write promptly with references. Commission paid promptly. American Novelty Co., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—A BOOKKEEPER. APPLIcations will be received from active young men aged from 20 to 25 years. In their application must state age, nationality, place of birth, name and residence of father, school from which graduated, experience in bookkeeping. In fact give a little history of their life. Also give references. Address Manager, B. X. Co., care Herald.

WANTED—A RAPID, ABLE BOOKkeeper or bill clerk, with first-class recommendations; also a stenographer. R. M. & Co., Herald.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SOLICITOR at once. Address E 59, Herald.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to

W. C. McCarter,
Business University.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901, 75c A BOTTLE, AT C. J. Tufte's drug store.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

HOUSE NO. 224 EAST SECOND STREET for rent. For information apply 2015 West Superior street.

ANCHOR RESTAURANT, FURNISHED complete. Inquire of S. Selleck.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE. Cooley & Underhill.

SMALL HOUSE FOR RENT. APPLY 1124 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED SEVENroom house, good location; modern conveniences. H. S., Herald.

FOR RENT — 2317 WEST TENTH street, six rooms; low rent; will repair for responsible tenant. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows' building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, suitable for two young ladies or gentlemen, 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — ONE LARGE OR TWO small furnished rooms with modern conveniences for roomers or light housekeeping. 407 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, water, sewer and bath. 109 West Fifth street.

PLEASANT FURNISHED SITTING room and bedroom, suitable for light housekeeping. Very reasonable. 1109 East Fifth street.

LARGE FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM for light housekeeping. Apply "A.," Lowell block.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 503 West First street.

FOR RENT — OFFICE, 417 LONSDALE, $10. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. 119 West First street.

SEVEN ROOMS FOR RENT, $15.00. 524 Lake avenue north.

FOR RENT — WELL FURNISHED rooms; bath, furnace, electric lights. 720 West First street.

ROOMS—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished for light housekeeping. All conveniences. A. Emmons, 206 Lake avenue south.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FIVE ROOM FLAT, $18. ALL MODERN conveniences. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS. $11 up. Inquire 718 West Fifth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

TWO LARGE, FURNISHED, FRONT rooms, with board, steam heat, private family, East Superior street, near business. Call Zenith telephone 250.

ROOM AND BOARD, FURNACE HEAT. 526 West First street.

ROOM AND BOARD. 823 EAST THIRD street.

GOOD ROOM AND BOARD AT 320 WEST Second street. E. Havsted.

ROOMS AND BOARD, BATH, ETC. 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board for two. 226 Second avenue west.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMily by man and wife; references furnished. Address E. 42, Herald.

LAUNCHES!

Pearson Boat Construction Co.,

Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

FINANCIAL.

DO YOU NEED MONEY? If you have a number of small bills that are being crowded for payment, we will advance you enough money to pay them all up, leaving you owing only us, which you can arrange to pay back in weekly or monthly payments. We advance this money to people holding permanent positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock or on any kind of security. Courteous treatment and all business absolutely confidential.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmond, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Superior St. Established 1893.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 706-b.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Hankenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON, female complaints. Private hospital 418 7th ave. E. 'Phone 1225.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 20, 1902. Work, Third degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting Jan. 13, 1902. Work, Third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 29, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, M. M. P. M. M. E. M. Jan. 22, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Jan. 14, 1902. Work, Red Cross degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. Frank Crassweller, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huitquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m. at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wilfred Harris, sachem; U. G. Holloway, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KIC-ME-WIP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Special election of officers Jan. 7 to fill vacancies, and to prepare for public installation of officers Jan. 14. G. H. Prudden, C. G.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. C. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 66, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall; James Kelly, treasurer, Union depot.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth .. Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor .. Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf .. Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia.. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth .. Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta .. Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik.. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron.. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar .. Hibbing .. Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*2 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 2210 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m.
L. J. KITCHELL, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**6 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 30 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
b 9 00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11 15 a m
b 9 00 a m	" " "	a 6 55 p m
a 7 10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7 55 a m
b 9 00 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4 55 p m
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE."	
Leave		Arrive
b 9 00 a m	ST. PAUL	b 6 30 a m
a 4 55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	a 9 10 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
† 7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED.	† 8 30 am
* 8 15 am	Copper Country Local.	* 8 00 pm

SECTION 2. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. SECTION 2.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1902.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL (2)

PANTON & WHITE TO ENLARGE THE GLASS BLOCK

Three More Stories to Be Added to Present Structure and at Least Ten More Departments Are to Be Opened---Interesting Story of the Firm's Progress.

One can easily read the history of a community in the history of its shops.

It is a far cry from the village "general store," with its little of everything and not much of anything, to the up-to-date metropolitan department store, which includes in its stock a great deal of everything that almost anybody could want.

Yet that step is the yard measure that checks off the distance between the straggling village and its evolution, the modern metropolis. As the city grows, the store grows. As the store grows, the city grows. As the village slips into the town and the town into the city, the store will be found close alongside, stepping ahead pace by pace, and often leading in the advance.

This thing, true generally, is most decidedly true of the Glass Block store, Panton & White proprietors. A good deal about Panton & White's store will be found in this issue of The Herald, and so much space is devoted to announcing an important advance of the store, cannot be satisfied without going outside of this one building.

As the new store will stand complete, it will be one of the handsomest and most complete department stores in the West, and it will be a distinct credit to Duluth. The people of this city will survey it with pride that they are many enough and prosperous enough to support such a store.

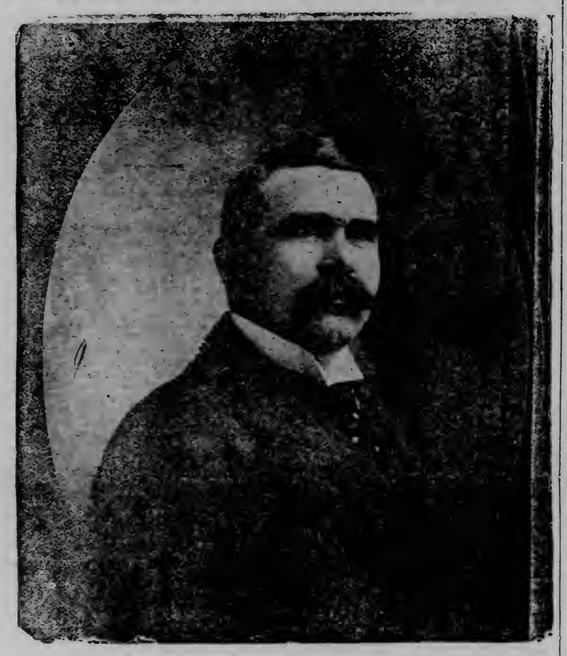
The history of the Glass Block store has been one of continuous prosperity and as continuous evolution. The proprietors have never been content to rest quietly and let what some might think well enough alone. They have recognized that their continued prosperity and steady patronage brought a duty upon them that they must not neglect, and they never have neglected it. As fast as one store was outgrown they have advanced to meet the demands of the increasing business, and their duty to the public to keep well abreast of its needs has been well observed.

Its whole story of growth is included within the compass of fifteen years, but those fifteen years made up the most important period in the city's history. About the time John Panton and Joseph Watson started a store in this city, Duluth was just making her first great start, after several false ones. These two young merchants opened up in a small building sixty feet deep and with a frontage of only twenty-five feet on Superior street. They entered into the spirit of push and enterprise that was then characteristic of the city and that presently resulted in a boom. In a short time they had become permanent fixtures in the city, and in a few months they had to lease a larger building. And that is what has been happening ever since, until the latest and greatest change became necessary. In 1896 William White purchased the interest of Mr. Watson in the store, and though the name of "Panton & Watson" was a household word then, it took but a short time to acuestom the people to the change, and now "Panton & White" comes as readily to the tongue and is much more a household word.

To the citizens of Duluth there is hardly any need of saying anything about Panton & White, further than that they are going to enlarge their place of business. Every resident is a customer, and everybody will know why the need of enlarging exists. They know the business methods of the firm, and they know that such methods earn their own reward.

But one of the most pleasing features of the change will be the intelligence that all the while, without making very much stir about it, Duluth has been growing right along, until now she has a population that necessitates such a store as Panton & White propose to give the city, and that population is blessed with a degree of prosperity that will amply support this large institution.

But Duluth will not stop growing, and neither will the Glass Block store. The present announcement, taken in connection with the history of the store, ensure that Panton & White will always be found in the van of progress, always equal to the situation, and always a credit to the city, no matter what proportions its growth may reach.



JOHN PANTON.

because that advance marks another milestone in the history of Duluth. It is an important thing that one of the largest and most valuable enterprises in the community should be prosperous and find that its business is increasing so that it must branch out and prepare for it. It is important of itself, but it is still more important because of what it means as indicating the growth of the city.

A firm of merchants can by industry, reliability, good faith and enterprise, increase its trade in a stationary community, by taking away from others. These qualities the firm of Panton & White have shown in an eminent degree, and they have accomplished this effect. But there is a limit to that, and beyond that limit increases must come from a growth in the community. These two sources of gain combined have brought about the change that is announced today.

The firm's business for 1901 was double that of 1896, and it could have done much more had it not been for the fact that many of its departments were handicapped for lack of room.

That is why the firm is about to add three stories to its business home.

That is why the present departments are to be enlarged and at least ten more added.

Duluth is growing and Panton & White's Glass Block store business in growing. So the firm's business home must grow to cope with this growing trade.

Just as soon as the contracts can be let and the contractors put at work with a hurry-up order, work will begin on three additional stories. The present store building was constructed with that possibility in view, and what was only a possibility then—perhaps a probability to the hopeful—is now an absolute necessity, wanted in just as big a hurry as it can be done well in. First the three new stories will be built up on top of the present store and fitted for occupancy. Then the present stories and basement will be remodeled.

In short, the purpose is to create a practically new and up-to-date store of five stories and basement on the southeast corner of Second avenue west and Superior street.

All this will be done so that the workmen will be out and the new stock comfortably adjusted by the time for the annual fall opening, which will be an opening indeed.

And in the meantime it will all be arranged so that the public can keep right on buying at the Glass Block store, with the assurance that they will be served with all the care, courtesy and honesty that are so prominent now, and that have made the Glass Block store what it is.

As stated before, when the work is done there will be at least ten more departments than there are now. Possibly room may be found for more, but there will be at least ten. When one takes a casual survey of the present stock of the store, and sees what a marvellous variety of goods of all descriptions is carried, it will be seen that the new store will be stocked with an array of things that will leave few wants that seen its height will be five stories on Superior street and six on Michigan street. Its frontage is 100 feet, depth 115 and it has street light from three sides. The general character of the present building will be followed in the three stories that will go in above the present two, but there will be a complete remodeling of the front of the two lower floors.

The windows which now recede from the iron columns will be brought out flush with them, greatly improving their appearance. The main entrance will be considerably changed, the iron pillar in the center coming out and other important changes being made. The second floor frontage will also be practically solid glass. The brick spaces between the windows on that floor will be torn out, columns put in and a glass front put in the entire width.

On the first floor the present stairway will be torn out. Two elevators will be supplied to accommodate the traffic up and down the building. These will run in a well way in the center of the building. On the dead wall near the rear will be the freight elevator.

The building throughout will be fitted with automatic sprinklers as a protection against fire. An entirely new electric plant will also be put in.

The plans for the enlargement of the building have been prepared for the owners by Architect Cass Gilbert, of St. Paul. The work will begin as soon as the contract can be let, and the firm expects to have the building ready for complete occupancy in time for the big fall opening which is a regular feature with this store.

Business will continue while the improvements are being made, with as little interruption as possible. The three stories will be added first and placed in condition for occupancy before the lower floors are touched. When they are ready a considerable portion of the stock will be moved above and then remodeling of the lower portion will be rushed to completion.

The new departments have already been determined upon to be added as soon as the new store is ready. They are:

Boys' clothing.
Infants' wear.
Artists' materials.
Optical goods.
Photographic supplies.
Musical instruments.
Pictures and picture framing.
Harness.
Hair dressing.
Furniture.

In addition, there will be a public telephone and telegraph office.

It is as yet too early to give the exact arrangement of the departments. John Panton is now away inspecting a number of the finest department stores of the country for the purpose of studying their arrangement and determining what is best for the store here. Some features have been settled upon, however.

The shoe department, now on the first floor, will be transferred to the second, and will be given much more room. The cloak department on the second floor which has felt the necessity for more room as seriously as has any other department of the store will be given practically one half more room than now.

Carpets and upholstery, now on the second floor, will be moved up to the third, and wall paper, which is rather closely allied, will be brought from the basement to the third floor, near the carpets and upholstery. Paints and other lines will be added to the wall paper department.

The fourth floor will be given entirely to furniture, and a $50,000 stock is to be put in.

The fifth floor will be used for the reserve stock, practically the entire amount, except crockery, being kept there.

A number of radical changes are planned for the first floor.

Besides the shoe department, the flannels and blankets will be removed to the second floor. A number of the departments will be given larger space.

The firm has determined to spare neither labor nor expense in making this a model store, and next fall will see Duluth with one of the finest business establishments in the entire Northwest.

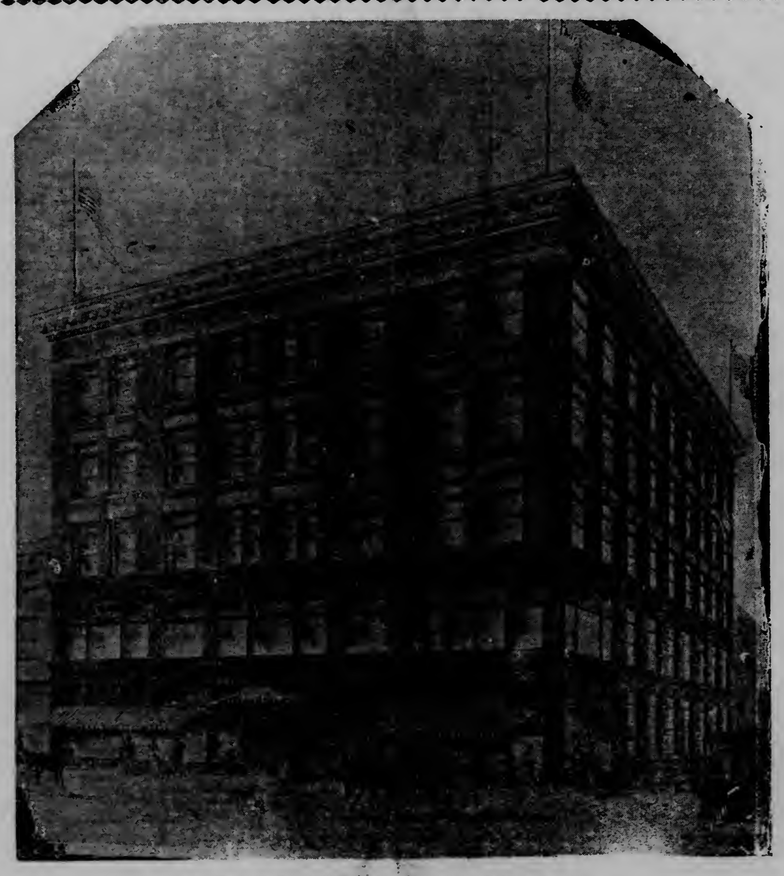
THE NEW BUILDING.

Something of Its Arrangements---Ten Departments.

Negotiations for the enlargement of their building were begun by Messrs. Panton & White about two years ago, and were concluded about two months ago when they arranged with their landlords for the building of three additional stories on the building and for large and expensive interior and exterior improvements.

The enormous increase in the business of the firm made this step absolutely imperative. Many of the departments have actually suffered from want of room, and the firm could easily see loss of trade due to the cramped quarters. The business done last year was just about double that of 1896, the first year of the firm of Panton & White.

The cut on this page shows the new building as it will appear. As will be seen its height will be five stories on Superior street and six on Michigan street. Its frontage is 100 feet, depth 115 and it has street light from three sides. The general character of the present building will be followed in the three stories that will go in above the present two, but there will be a complete remodeling of the front of the two lower floors.



PANTON & WHITE'S GLASS BLOCK.

HISTORICAL

Steady Rise of the Firm Briefly Reviewed.

A review of the history of the growth of the firm of Panton & White is a history of one of the largest business establishments of the Northwest that had a small beginning years ago, and which owes its success to a policy of fair dealing on the part of the firm, perseverance and the constant exercise of good business judgment by the management.

The firm of Panton & White has not always been known by that name. The firm name was Panton & Watson when the idea was first conceived of beginning what has since proved to be a mercantile establishment of the present magnitude. During the successive years, each of which has been marked by continued and ever increasing prosperity, there has been but one business change in the establishment, that occurring when Joseph Watson, the junior member of the original firm, retired and William White became associated with John Panton under the present firm name of Panton & White. John Panton, the senior member, has been identified with the interests of the firm from the start.

Fifteen years ago, or, to be more exact, in March, 1887, two hustling young business men who had had valuable experience in one of the largest mercantile establishments of the Twin Cities, looking for an opportunity of launching out in business for themselves, reached the conclusion that no better field was afforded in the Northwest than the city of Duluth, Minn.

However high their aspirations, or however far they tried to peer in the future, their business training had taught them that the only way to build up a large and successful business was to start on a firm financial basis and build up as legitimate trade conditions demanded.

It was a small, unpretentious store they opened up in 1887, at the corner of First avenue west and Superior street. The first store building had a frontage of but twenty-five feet and was only sixty-five feet deep. The members of this new firm were John Panton and Joseph Watson. They were young men new to the business interests and unknown to the store patrons of this city, but it required scarcely seven months for the enterprising and hustling young men to build up a patronage that was to force them out of these small quarters into a larger building. After carefully searching for a desirable place on Superior street, they finally secured a lease of the building now occupied by the Kelley Hardware company.

In that year, 1887, a business change of this nature was hailed as a matter of great importance, and it is of interest to note the ideas of "commodious quarters" then and of the present day. When Panton & White made the first move the firm went into a building considered very large at that date, but when the magnitude of a department store of the present day is considered, the building really seems to be small. An extract regarding the change of location, taken from the Sunday Morning Sun of May, 29, 1887, may prove of interest in the way of bringing to public mind what the change meant in those days:

"The elegant and commodious new brick building of Panton & Watson, 118 and 120 West Superior street, will be 50 by 115 feet, with a three-story front on Michigan street and a two-story front above the basement on Superior street. The Superior street opening will be a double one, with a length of nine feet from the outer entrance to the inner threshold. The entire front will be of large, heavy French plate glass, reaching down to within nine inches of the sidewalk and sloping toward the inner door on either side of the long and handsome entrance, with interior finish suitable for the separate display of all the different classes of heavy and fancy dry goods. This handsome and unique entrance will have a checkered floor of artificial paving blocks, and the sidewalk in front of the building will be of the same material. The building will be furnished with lighting apparatus for both gas and electric lights, and will be lighted from both fronts. It will also be furnished with all modern contrivances and appliances for the comfort and convenience of customers.

"The first floor fronting on Michigan street will be devoted entirely to crockery and hardware. The second floor, fronting on Superior street, will contain dry goods, fancy goods, boots and shoes, books and stationary, and will also be furnished with a handsome candy stand. The third floor will be set apart for carpets, millinery, cloaks, upholstery goods, etc.

"It is the intention of the firm to carry a stock of not less than $100,000. Forty persons will be employed to carry on the business at the outset. Free delivery wagons will run to every part of the city; and as the firm expects to establish a reputation for fair and honest dealing, it proposes to take back any goods not giving satisfaction and return the purchaser his money, doing so cheerfully, politely and without any ill feeling.

"Messrs. Panton & Watson are both thoroughly trained in every department of the dry goods trade, but for the better and more systematic arrangement of their immense business, they will divide the work of supervision. Mr. Panton will have charge of the fancy goods department, consisting of laces, gloves, hosiery, ribbons, underwear, etc., while the dress goods department, consisting of silks, ginghams, calicoes, domestics, etc., will be under the management of Mr. Watson."

The Tribune of Nov. 6, 1887, says of the new store:

"Even the elegant block owned by Mannheimer Bros., of St. Paul, is not as well lighted as Panton & Watson's Glass Block store, nor does it enjoy the same amount of light that the Duluth building does. Their new block of three thoroughly lighted floors will be occupied entirely and exclusively by Panton & Watson. The building should be visited on their opening day by every man, woman and child in this city as it is a thorough Duluth institution, and is a step forward by a couple of hustling young men who thoroughly understand their business and who are doing their share toward building up the mercantile interests of the 'Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas.' Their magnificent store will be open for business tomorrow or next day. It is unquestionably the finest building occupied by any dry goods concern in the state."

It was at this time of entering the new building the firm of Panton & Watson formed a partnership with Donaldson & Co., of Minneapolis, with whom both partners had formerly been associated. Three years later Messrs. Panton & Watson paid Donaldson & Co. a bonus to withdraw, and the partnership was dissolved by mutual consent. Donaldson & Co. received cash for its interest and a bonus of $5000. The firm continued in the old Glass Block store for two years and a half longer, and its business rapidly grew to such enormous proportions as to cause the firm to look for still more commodious quarters.

Negotiations were completed for the present site of the store on the corner of Superior street, Second avenue west and Michigan street. The ground was broken and the new building was erected in the spring of 1892. Arrangements were at that time made with F. S. Hodges and Lyman Nichols, Boston capitalists, to construct a building especially for Panton & Watson, on their property, which comprised this corner. The firm was given a ten years' lease.

Of this second new building it was written at the time of entrance into it:

"The building cost in the neighborhood of $100,000 and, although it has an elevation of but two stories on Superior street, its walls and foundations are so constructed that additions to the number of six stories can be made to the building as planned. The building is built of brick with brownstone trimmings, with an elevation of two stories on Superior street and three on Michigan street. There is nothing fancy about it, but it presents a substantial appearance and is one of the most conspicuous buildings in Duluth. There are really four floors at the disposal of the firm, and there is a sub-basement which has a floor space equal to that of any of the other floors. Each of the four floors of the new Glass Block store, including the space utilized under the sidewalk, in the basement, and sub-basement, average 100 by 122 feet, giving a total floorage of about 50,000 square feet."

It was at this time that the firm extended its free delivery of goods to Old and West Superior, West Duluth, Oneota, Lakeside, Lester Park, Woodland, and throughout the entire city of Duluth, as well as a large mail order business to the regular customers at Two Harbors, Merritt, Tower, Ely, Biwabik, Virginia, Iron Mountain, Barnum, Cloquet, Brainerd and Grand Rapids.

The firm established New York offices and placed in charge Samuel Groocock and four assistants. Mr. Groocock was thoroughly conversant with European goods and prices. Panton & Watson even sold orders outside the country, shipping to Belfast, Ireland.

In 1896 Mr. Watson's interests in the firm of Panton & White were purchased by William White and since that date the firm name of Panton & White has become a familiar term in every home at the head of the lakes and in fact throughout Northern Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan.

Although the firm of Panton & Watson achieved a wonderful success in the nine years of its operations, the entrance of Mr. White into the firm, which was chronicled in The Herald of Feb. 1, 1896, added new zest. It was the acquisition of just the talent needed and the combination proved a winning one from the start. Mr. Panton had always been the great motive power of this concern and with Mr. White's splendid financial ability, acquired through many years of connection with large concerns, they have made a team that has successfully sailed the sea of commerce.

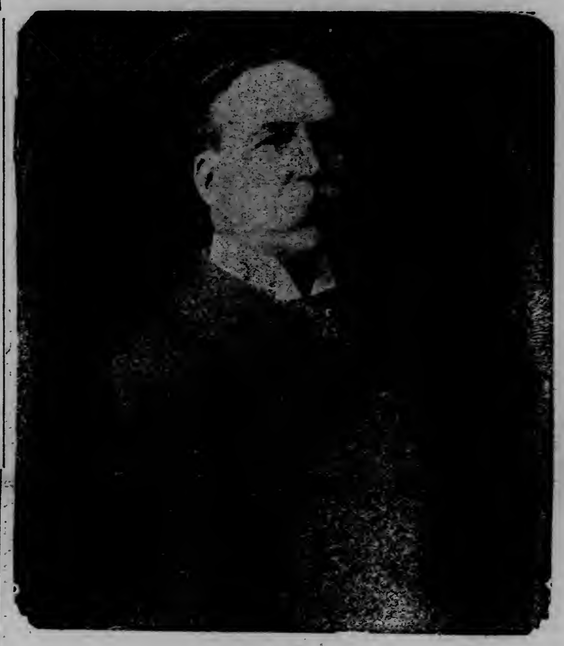
In 1896, the first year of the new firm, the business showed a substantial increase over 1895. This was largely attributed to the dissolution sale, which was widely and ably advertised, and the injection of new life and more experienced heads into many of the departments.

The year brought another substantial increase by the pursuance of the same successful methods, and the same liberal policy made steady increase in the business during the years 1898, 1899 and 1900. The year just closed has been the largest in the history of the firm, and the business of the first year of the present firm, 1896, was nearly doubled.

The business has, in fact, enjoyed an unbroken growth, their reputation for honest dealings, fairness to employes and thorough business methods has achieved for them a name known extensively throughout America. The house is numbered among those in the state carrying the largest assortment of dry goods, shoes, carpets, cloaks, millinery, drugs, hardware, etc. The sales of this firm have been "events," always successful and people have come miles to benefit thereby.

Every year the heads of the departments are sent into the Eastern markets to study the trade conditions and buy new goods with the view of giving the head of the lakes patrons of the Glass Block store the very latest, whether it be in wearing apparel or fancy goods. Foreign representatives watch the markets of the old country, and the best importations find their way to the Glass Block store.

The firm of Panton & White has ever been in close touch with its employes, and mindful of their interests and comforts. One of the most recent popular moves of the firm was that of shortening the working hours, for the clerks of Duluth's mammoth mercantile institution now work from 8:30 a. m. to 5:30 p. m., a working day shorter by one hour than had ever before been tried in this city. Such popular acts of the firm, together with its fair dealing, honest and judicious advertising, has all helped in the way of establishing the splendid reputation of the Glass Block store, and promises much for the continued prosperity of the firm of Panton & White.



WILLIAM WHITE.

John Panton.

John Panton, the senior member of the firm of Panton & White, was born in Morayshire, Scotland, 42 years ago. At the age of 12 years he began his apprenticeship in the dry goods business at Aberdeenshire, Scotland, near Balmoral Castle. He completed his apprenticeship after five years of unremitting application to every department of the dry goods business, being compelled to furnish his own board and clothes and pay all his individual expenses of every kind. The large house in which he received his training was a general department store, just such a store as has been established by Mr. Panton, although not then so modern. Mr. Panton came to this country in 1880, locating first at Kansas City, where he was engaged for a short time in the mercantile business, when, hearing of the marvelous growth of the Twin Cities, he went to Minneapolis. At the latter place he entered the large dry goods house of William Donaldson & Co., the then largest and most successful firm in the state. Mr. Panton remained with William Donaldson & Co. six years, four years of which time he did all the purchasing for the fancy goods department of that celebrated firm.

In 1886 he started on a tour of Minnesota and the Dakotas, for the purpose of finding the best location for a large dry goods house. Duluth was one of the first places visited and he remained here four or five days, being much impressed with the city's favorable location. He continued on his trip, however, and afterward came back to this city, where, in partnership with Mr. Watson, who was also an old employe of William Donaldson & Co., he launched out in business for himself. Mr. Panton says that one of the things that helped to impress him with Duluth was the very high prices paid by the people here for dry goods. He accounted for the high rates by noticing that the dry goods were incidental to the larger and heavier lines of other goods, the latter constituting the principal business; and knowing that through the syndicate of purchasing houses with which he had arranged to connect his firm, dry goods could be purchased direct from the manufacturers at less than they could be bought by those not exclusively engaged in the dry goods business here. This decided him to come to Duluth.

John Panton has ever been an enterprising citizen outside of his business, and has always been found among the first advocates for benefits to be desired by the city. When in the East and

(Continued on Page 2.)

GOSSIP OF THE CAPITAL

President Roosevelt Aids His Son to Chase a Refractory Hen.

Mounted the Hen Coop and Brought Down His Game---Miss Roosevelt's "Coming Out" Ball a Grand Success.

Washington, Jan. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is always something of intense interest going on at our national capital. It might be the Schley court of inquiry, which is now a thing of the past, and in which the masses of the people were interested on account of the popularity of the admiral and of his brilliant military record as the hero of Santiago. The outcome of this mock trial, as it is called here, is generally deplored except by those in authority at the bureau of fabrication, as the bureau of navigation is so called. It is patent that the end is not yet, but that the admiral will be righted before the adjournment of the present congress. The favorable interview with the president on yesterday encouraged Admiral Schley and his friends to hope that an appeal may be made for the reversal of the action of Secretary Long and the majority judgment of the court of inquiry. It is indeed to be regretted that so great a hero need have to appeal to the president or congress to get his desserts, but the fact of extreme partiality on one side is so apparent that justice can only be had in this way. Schley has been accepted by the people as the hero of Santiago, and we believe the facts will so go down in the annals of our nation's history, notwithstanding Maclay's efforts to the contrary.

• • •

It might be that the picturesque features of our new president's character excite our interest, since some incident in his daily life is sure to be unusual. It has developed that there is no doubt about there being real, live flesh and blood children now at the White House, for they are making the welkin ring about the old mansion. The story is going the rounds that on Christmas eve young Kermet found his favorite Plymouth Rock hen most refractory, or that she was trying to spend her holidays outside the prescribed limits of the White House garden fence. She had flown the garden, and was perched on the pinnacle of the hen coop, and was there making most desperate efforts to scale the wire netting fence. Servants not being at hand, young Kermet acted on his usual impulse and called his father to his aid. The president rushed out from a dignified cabinet meeting and joined in the chase of the truant hen. The story runs that this pater familias was not satisfied until he had mounted the hen coop and brought down his game. The scene can betted be imagined than described when the head of the nation returned to the cabinet chamber picking the feathers from his clothes while the perspiration stood in beads on his excited face.

• • •

Perhaps our interest might be enlisted along the line of educational development—in the great strides the capital has made as the center of education in the United States. Nearly all the prominent universities and colleges of the land have had representatives attending the Federation of Graduate clubs, recently held here in the auditorium of the School of Law and Diplomacy, at the Colombian university. The object of the Graduates club is to promote higher education and to help the faculties of the various universities and colleges to carry out the plans for the enlightenment of all mankind. At one of the sessions President James A. Patton of Princeton university made a strong plea for a national magazine that should be devoted to graduate studies and club work, and the project seemed generally favored by the delegates.

The secretary of war has just founded a school for the higher training of engineer officers, and to this is to be added a war college for the post graduate instruction of army officers generally. The Methodists have also raised several millions of dollars to promote higher education in the district. With the magnificent gift of $10,000,000 by Mr. Carnegie to endow post-graduate education generally, in Washington, is something unprecedented in our educational history, and is obliged to attract the eyes of foreign nations to our capital as an educational center. This last is now an assured fact since Secretary Hays and other prominent men have placed the articles of incorporation on file. The Carnegie institution is to be a perpetual organization, the details of which are as yet unknown. It is said that all objections on the part of the government have been removed, and that a plan has been devised to establish this great institution of learning by means of steel trust bonds.

• • •

The social interests of the capital have centerd in the "coming out" ball of Miss Roosevelt at the White House. It has been the all-absorbing topic of interest to the younger portion of fashionable society, both before and since its happening. It was in many ways a grand success. Never before in the annals of the White House has a debutante been presented to society there. Nellie Grant, now Mrs. Sartoris, spent a delightful part of her young ladyhood at the mansion, and was given a beautiful ball, but not on the occasion of her first presentation to society, as most newspapers declare.

On this occasion of the debutante's ball the guests were, as usual received in the blue room, and the dancing was in the large east room. Mrs. Roosevelt alone presenting her daughter, the president not being present during the evening. The floral decorations were similar to those on all former occasions at the White House. Potted plants were banked on mantels and in window seats, palms, ferns and tropical plants in every conceivable nook and corner, while smilax and asparagus vines were festooned from the handsome chrystal chandeliers to the handsome mantel mirrors, also extending around the white and gold Corinthian columns which support the ceilings of the great rooms.

Mrs. Roosevelt wore a handsome creation of white lace over white satin with a profusion of chiffon ruchings. The lace skirt was looped high on one side and caught with a bunch of purple orchids. The decollete corsage of lace was finished with a bouquet of the same rare flowers. Miss Roosevelt wore a dainty white chiffon gown built on taffeta and becomingly trimmed with white rose buds about waist and skirt.

With the exception of the cabinet families and the relatives of the president the invitations were only extended to young people. The daughters of the cabinet ministers, of Senators, of the diplomatic corps and of residential Washington were included in the list. The invitations were sent out only in Mrs. Roosevelt's name, and requested the pleasure of the addressee at a small dance. This was supposed to give the affair rather a personal character by the hostess, but has caused no little comment among the women in political life generally. Indeed they censure the wife of the president for showing so personal a preference.

• • •

It is now pretty well understood that no one need hope for recognition in Washington society unless they can keep up a handsome establishment for the entertainment of the swell set. Hence the doubt of Mrs. Shaw, the wife of the new cabinet minister, to be equal to the position which she is now called to fill. Mr. Shaw is a man of only moderate means, and Mrs. Shaw is a woman of little taste for show and living on a lavish scale. It has grown to be to the credit of a man in official life here to be a money spender, and it is said that even Mrs. Roosevelt favored too much the daughters of the plutocratic senators, diplomats and the Misses Croossu of the residential set. But that is he same way everywhere, and why should wo expect our president's wife to be more human than society in general. Mrs. Roosevelt, at any rate, is holding out very beautifully against the terrible strain of the many social functions at the White House.

• • •

Judge and Mrs. Morris attended the New Year reception at the White House. The Misses Morris found it more delightful to attend the naval ball at Annapolis. Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Wolvin, of Duluth, are registered at the Raleigh and will accompany Judge and Mrs. Morris to the White House reception given this evening in honor of the supreme judges, senators and congressmen. Mr. and Mrs. Millie Bunnell and son are also visiting at the capital and are en route to New York and other Eastern cities.

MARY B. STATHAM.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A fight between Willie Fitzgerald and Marty McCue, of New York, in Indstrial hall, Philadelphia, Friday night was stopped by the referee in the fourth round. McCue claimed fouls twice, which the referee declared showed an evident desire to quit. Fitzgerald clearly outclassed him.

Osborn Deignan, who was one of the participants in the sinking of the Merrimac at Santiago, has been discharged from the Ukiah hospital for the insane, and ordered to duty on the steamship Independence at Mara island navy yard.

The city council of Madison, Wis., by a unanimous vote, accepted Andrew Carnegie's offer of $75,000 for a public library. The conditions of Mr. Carnegie's offer were that Madison raise $7500 yearly toward the support of the library.

A boiler exploded at the lumber mills of Louis Midkiff, near Huntington, W. Va., yesterday, killing three persons and injuring several others.

Four deputy marshals, armed with Winchesters, hurriedly left Ardmore Friday night for Springer, in response to a telephone message to United States Marshal Hammond, which stated that two women and a man had been waylaid and killed near Caddo bridge, which is on the Springer road. The scene of the crime is about six miles from Ardmore.

WOULD KILL HIM.

Desperate Attempt to Assassinate Decatur Farmer.

Decatur, Ind., Jan. 11.—A desperate attempt was made early yesterday to assassinate Oliver Sheets, a farmer living nine miles north of this city. The door leading to the sleeping room of Mr. and Mrs. Sheets was battered down with a fence rail and three men forced their way in.

Five shots were fired at Sheets, one bulet breaking his left arm. When the door was hammered down the wind blew out the light and Sheets and his wife were unable to see the faces of their assailants, who turned and fled. An overcoat and mitten and a hat, together with a Chicago & Erie lantern were found in the yard. There is no other clue to the identity of the would-be assassins.

BAN LIFTED.

Father Crowley Celebrated Mass at Omaha.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 11.—It was given out by Father A. M. Colerini, chancellor of Bishop Scannel's diocese, that the ban of excommunication has been lifted from Father J. J. Crowley, the priest recently excluded from his church by the courts at Chicago. In making the announcement the chancellor said the ban against Father Crowley was removed on Christmas eve. He celebrated mass on Christmas morning in the chapel of the convent of the Poor Clares in this city, something he certainly could not have done had not the excommunication been set aside.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH (YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box. 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 90 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold in Duluth by S. P. BOYCE, Druggist, 433 West Superior Street.

DULUTH SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES

Bishop I. W. Joyce to Officiate at Grace Methodist---First Methodist Revival Services---Morley Church Meeting Next Week.

In Grace M. E. church tomorrow morning and evening Bishop I. W. Joyce, D.D., of the M. E. church will officiate. At the morning service the bishop will preach, administer the sacrament, and receive members.

At the evening service it is expected that Rev. Robert Forbes, D. D., will introduce the bishop, who will talk of the things he saw and heard on an Episcopal tour—occupying two years—around the world. A silver collection at both services in aid of the benevolent fund.

• • •

Rev. John Wilson will occupy the pulpit of Morley church, Sunday morning at 10:45. Tuesday evening at the church will occur the session of the advisory council of the Congregational church, and Wednesday the general business meeting to take definite action on the issues before the church.

• • •

The revival services at the First Methodist Episcopal church during the past week have been the most successful Dr. Long has held since he came to the city. The congregations have been large and interest has grown each evening. He is being most effectively assisted by Rev. John Callahan and Prof. C. W. Weeks. The meetings will continue through the coming week.

• • •

At Pilgrim Congregational church Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on: "The Hidden Life." In the evening he will lecture on: "Thomas Cranmer and the Reformation in England."

• • •

Tomorrow at the First Methodist church Rev. Samuel P. Long, pastor, will preach in the morning at 10:30 o'clock on "The Holy Spirit" and in the evening at 7:30 o'clock on "The Imperatives of Salvation." The music is as follows.

MORNING.

Prelude—Adagio ..... Wallace
Chorus—"Gloria in Excelsis" ..... Tours
Offertory—"Romance" ..... Wollenhaupt
Solo ..... Selected
Mixed quartet—"The God Abraham Praises" ..... Buck
Postlude—"Preghiera in Egitto"...Rossini

EVENING.

Prelude—"A Litany" ..... Schubert
Chorus—"Prepare Ye the Way of the Lord" ..... Garrett
Offertory—Frans: "The Better Land" ..... Cowen
Solo ..... Selected
Quartet—"Are You Coming Home Tonight" ..... Rotoli
Postlude—"March From the Desert" ..... David

C. W. Weeks, musical director.
C. E. Willoughby, organist.

• • •

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach in the morning, subject: "Redeeming the Evening," and in the evening subject, "The Crisis That Made a Man." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—"Pastorale" ..... E. Lemaigre
Anthem—"Prepare Ye the Way Of the Lord" ..... G. Garrett
Soprano solo—"Come Unto Him" ....Handel
Miss McKay.
Offertory ..... Batiste
Postlude ..... Hopkins

EVENING.

Organ—"Andante" ..... William Faulkes
Anthem—"Jubilate Deo" ..... George B. Nevin
Quartet—"Shadows Falling" ..... G. Rheinberger

Paul Gilbert will sing a solo after the sermon.

The choir will consist of: Soprano, Miss McKay; tenor, Mr. Gilgert; alto, Mrs. Mark Baldwin; bass, P. G. Brown; organist, Mrs. McLean.

• • •

At the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, the pastor, Rev. B. R. Patrick, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The music by the choir will be as follows:

MORNING.

Anthem—"Fear Not, O Israel"....Spicker
Quartet.
Response—"At Thine Altar" .... Hanscom
Quartet.
Solo—Selected .....
Miss Ethel Cannon.
Duet—"Jesus, Thou Joy of Loving Hearts" ..... Carl Gotze
Mrs. Homer Collins and C. H. Giddings

EVENING.

Anthem—"From Every Earthly Pleasure" ..... Liszt-Shelley
Quartet.
Solo—Selected .....
W. A. Mann.
Hymn-anthem—"Lo, the Day of Rest Declineth" ..... Pflueger
Quartet.

The choir is composed of Mrs. Homer Collins, soprano; Miss Ethel Cannon, alto; W. A. Mann, tenor; C. H. Giddings, baritone, and Miss Carlotta Simonds, organist.

• • •

At the First Unitarian church, Rev. Harry White will preach on "The Blessings of Adversity."

• • •

At St. Paul's church there will be services as follows: At 8 a. m., holy communion, 11 a. m., morning prayer and sermon by Dr. Ryan; 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and sermon by Dr. Ryan. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Processional—"Soldiers of Christ"...Elvey
Chanted—"Venite" .....
"Te Deum" in D ..... E. W. Read
Chanted—"Jubilate" .....
Litnay hymn—"Only One Prayer Today" ..... Barnby
Hymn—"Pleasant Are Thy Courts Above" ..... Gilbert
Anthem—"Watchman, What of the Night?" ..... Sullivan
C. D. Shepard and choir.
Recessional—"Thy Kingdom Come, O Lord" ..... Irons

EVENING.

Processional—"Soldiers of Christ"..Elvey
Chanted—"Psalter" .....
Chanted—"Canticles" .....
Hymn—"Great God, to Thee My Evening Song" ..... Zeuner
Anthem—"Suffer Little Children to Come Unto Me" ..... Coulding
Orison—"Hear Our Prayer, O Heavenly Father" ..... Webbe
Recessional—"Thy Kingdom Come, O Lord" ..... Irons

A. F. M. Custance, organist and chairmaster.

• • •

Charles Sowton of the Salvation Army will preach at the First Swedish Methodist Episcopal church tomorrow morning. In the evening Rev. John A. Anderson will speak. Sunday school at 12.

• • •

Regular services will be held at the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street tomorrow, both morning and evening, conducted by the pastor, Rev. K. A. Lundin. Sunday school at 12. Young people's society meets at 4:30 in the afternoon.

• • •

At the Lake Avenue Bethel Phil Bevis, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. will speak at 10 a. m. The Bethel quartet will sing. H. H. Hanford will speak at 7:30 p. m. Miss Frances McGiffert and young ladies' quartet will sing. Special orchestra music at 3 and 7:30 p. m., under the direction of C. A. Gregory. The meeting Monday evening will be of special interest. The Bethel quartet will sing.

• • •

At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, there will be Sunday school at 3 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening service at 7:45, conducted by Mr. Asher. Mrs. Asher, Mr. Carstens and Mr. Hall will sing. Monday evening the meeting will be conducted by the B. Y. P. union of the First Baptist church. Tuesday evening by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Congregational church. Gospel meeting every night.

• • •

Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., will preach at the Lester Park M. E. church Sunday morning on "The Positiveness of the Divine Life," and in the evening on "The Reasonableness of Faith." Sunday school at 12 o'clock. Epworth league 6:30 p. m.

• • •

Tomorrow morning at First Christian church services will be held at 10:40. Subject "Christ's Overcoming the World." Sunday school at 12 m., Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m., evening service 7:30. Topic, "Dives and the Beggar at His Gate."

• • •

At the First Norwegian Danish Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, Professor E. Chr. Johnson from Minneapolis, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Rev. N. B. Thvedt will conduct the service. Sunday school Norwegian and English, at 9 a. m.

• • •

At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, Rev. A. C. Mauson, pastor, will conduct morning service at 10:30. Subject, "Christ Made Known by His Friends." Evening service at 7:30 p. m. Subject, "Lost and Helpless Without God." uSnday school at 12 m., Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

Bethany Sabbath school at 3 p. m.

• • •

At Hazlewood church Sunday school at 2 p. m. Preaching service at 3 p. m., by Rev. A. C. Manson.

• • •

At Bethany Lutheran church, Rev. A. F. Elmquist, Ph. D., pastor, there will be services tomorrow morning and evening. Morning services at 10. Topic, "A Righteous Man's Defense." Evening sermon at 7:45, topic, "Your Reasonable Service." No Sunday school.

• • •

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, No. 922 East Superior street, there will be service at 10:45 a. m.; subject, "Life." The Christian Science reading room, No. 410 Burrows' building, open daily except Sunday, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

• • •

At Lakeside Presbyterian church, Professor Hill, of Des Moines, Iowa, will preach at both services; in the morning at 10:30, and in the evening at 7:30. Sunday school at 12 noon. Junior Endeavor at 3:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

• • •

There will be services at the Norwegian Synod church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Grassold street tomorrow at 11 o'clock. Adolph Salveson, pastor.

• • •

At St. Peter's chapel, 1932 Michigan street, corner Twenty-second avenue west, Swedish services will be held by the Rev. K. S. Tottermann at 10:30 o'clock a. m., and 7:30 p. m.

• • •

At St. Luke's church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be Sunday school at 10 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m. Rev. Louis I. Belden, pastor.

• • •

At Trinity Mission, Twentieth avenue east and Superior street, there will be holy communion at 8 a. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Evening prayer and sermon at 4 p. m. Rev. Louis I. Belden, pastor.

• • •

At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, Ninth avenue east and Sixth street, services Sunday morning will be at 10:30 and in the evening at 7:45. Norwegian Sunday school at 9 a. m. and English Sunday school at 12:10 p. m. Gospel meetings every evening next week except Saturday. Rev. J. G. Aschim, pastor.

• • •

The celebration of the Lord's supper will be observed at the Glen Avon church Sunday morning at 10:45 o'clock. Sunday school meets at 12 o'clock. Preaching services in the afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. Rev. R. Ames Montgomery, pastor.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

Faithful works most rest on firm faith. They who love melancholy live in misery.

Perfect liberty is manifest in delight in duty.

Policies make good tools when forged out of principle.

Our thoughts are the pigment with which we color life.

It is well to have your fuel before you buy your kettle.

You cannot scatter sunshine out of a face like a vinegar cruet.

Our lamps do but cast shadows when the true light is shining.

You can measure a man's title to heaven by his deeds on earth.

The church founded from wrong motives can never do right work.

The best way to bring others to our ideals is to get there ourselves.

Environment will no more save a man than a new case will regulate an old watch.

When you have learned to be a true saint in your home, heaven will take care of itself.

ART OF ADVERTISING.

How the Business of Advertising May Be Learned.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Almost daily I receive letters from young men and women asking such questions as: "What do you think of the advertising business?" "Do you think it a nice business for a lady to follow?" "What salary does a good advertising man receive?" "How can I learn the business?" "Do you think that the advertising field offers many opportunities for a young man today?" "What are the duties and salary of the average adman?" "I have reached the end of my rope in the business I am in—how can I enter the advertising business?"

Young people are at sea as to what to do.

Professions are overcrowded. Large industries bury a man's individuality, stunt his development, and limit his possibilities.

Every claim in the field of business seems to be staked and occupied.

New fields are filled as soon as explored.

The capital required to own and operate an independent business precludes many from embarking in private enterprises.

The advertising field is big and broadening, and many are now turning their attention to it. It invites into its fold only the ambitious and active who have a genius for hard work.

Advertising is a profitable and fascinating profession that develops individuality, versatility, originality, enthusiasm and business sagacity.

According to government statistics, the business men of America spend $900,000,000 annually in advertising.

The expenditure of this stupendous sum can only be entrusted to people of capacity.

To enter the advertising business an education, supplemented by experience and a practical knowledge of advertising, is absolutely indispensable.

The essential knowledge can be had through close study and application.

There is no element of social, business, professional or religious life alienated from advertising.

Every progressive member of society should keep in touch with this important new science.

The reading of Printer's Ink will suggest new ideas to the business man, professor, lawyer, doctor, clergyman. It will assist the young man or woman to a better paying position and more rapid advancement.

I know not no magazine, book, or publication that will assist so much in broadening the advertiser's knowledge of the subject as Printer's Ink—the advertising journal familiarly known as "The Little School Master in the Art of Advertising."

The most vigorous brain and talent in the advertising world make its pages an invaluable source of knowledge.

It is an able exponent of every phase of advertising.

It deals with problems that face every business man.

It is a help over the rough places.

It gives an impetus to ambition.

It is published fifty-two times a year, costing $5. Ten cents sent to George P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce street, New York, will bring a sample copy. Yours truly,

ARTHUR P. GRIGGS,
Advertising Manager.
Panton & White.

Duluth, Jan. 11.

WORLD OF LABOR

Newly Elected Officers of the Trades Assembly Installed.

Bill to Open the Chippewa Indian Reservation Endorsed.

J. H. Powers Is Chosen President of Building Trades Council.

Coming labor meetings:
Brewery Workers' union tonight.
Plasterers, Monday, Kalamazoo block.
Barbers' union, Tuesday, Hunter block.
Butchers, Tuesday, in Kalamazoo block.
Tinners, Tuesday, in Kalamazoo block.
Steamfitters, Tuesday, in Hunter block.
Waiters, Tuesday, 218 West Superior street.
Carpenters, Tuesday, Kalamazoo block.
Blacksmiths, Wednesday, Hambly shop.
Cigarmakers, Tuesday, Kalamazoo hall.
Moulders, Wednesday, Irwin-Sloan hall.
Electricians, Thursday, Gabrielson hall.

• • •

The recently chosen officers of the Federated Trades' assembly were installed at last night's meeting in the Kalamazoo block. It was a decidedly interesting session.

The delegates endorsed the bill now pending in congress for the opening up of the Chippewa Indian reservations. Suitable resolutions to this end will be drawn up by George M. Davis, J. W. Richardson and Henry Perreault.

The dangerous practice of having incompetent persons running steam heating plants was again brought to the attention of the delegates, and the matter was referred to the Steam Engineers' association, urging that organization to report at the next meeting of the assembly some plan to regulate the heating plant work.

A political meeting to be held in the court house this evening started some warm talk between Delegates Larson, of the Steamfitters' union, and O'Neil, of the 'Longshoremen's union. This meeting is primarily for Arthur A. Fider, financial secretary and treasurer of the assembly, who is the Republican candidate for alderman in the Second ward. An invitation was extended to union men to attend, and before the discussion was over the invitation was extended on behalf of William E. McEwen, of the Plumbers' union, Democratic candidate for alderman in the Fifth ward, and Edward Kriz, of the Boilermakers' union and Social Labor candidate from the Sixth ward.

• • •

Those peerless paragons of publicity promoters—members of the press committee of the Building Trades' council—were called down at the meeting Monday night for not helping satisfy the tremendous public yearning for news.

The action of the building trades' delegates should be followed by the local unions. Publicity tends to increase interest in the union affairs. Any labor news, signed by an officer of a union and sent to The Herald, will receive prompt attention in these columns.

• • •

The following new officers have been elected by the Building Trades' council: J. H. Powers, of the Painters' union, president; W. N. Delcour, of the Electrical Workers' union, vice president; John Lydon, of the Plumbers' union, recording secretary; J. W. Richardson, of the Carpenters' union, financial secretary, and J. Wiles, of the Carpenters' union, treasurer.

The council's executive committee consists of: A. Tessier, John Lydon, J. H. Powers, Tim Timlin and Edward Brown.

The council's meeting Monday night was a semi-social affair and in this respect the delegates proved themselves as good entertainers as workers. At an informal spread speeches were made by William E. McEwen, Arthur A. Fider, Ole Larson, George M. Davis and J. W. Richardson.

• • •

The Carpenters' union installed newly elected officers at its regular weekly meeting in Kalamazoo hall on Tuesday evening. The officers are: Edward Lowe, president; Thomas Allen, vice president; W. H. Appleby, recording secretary; S. T. Skrove, financial secretary, and Edward Erickson, treasurer. J. W. Richardson honored by a re-election as delegate to the Federated Trades' assembly.

• • •

An effort is being made to have a district council of carpenters organized at the head of the lakes. With this in view the local union is conferring with the carpenters of Superior, endeavoring to have a uniform working card adopted.

• • •

Union labor annual dances are looming up in all directions. The marine engineers have announced their ball for Jan. 16 at the Armory. The tinners will hold their dance in Odd Fellows' hall on Jan. 30.

• • •

The Retail Clerks' union has elected and installed the following officers for the ensuing six months: Alderman Victor Johnson, president; Frank Blodgett, vice president; C. W. F. Hegg, financial secretary; C. H. Stevens, secretary; A. K. Squiers, guide; E. W. Shalgren, guardian.

• • •

The building laborers' organization met last Saturday night and discussed the wage scale to go into effect next April. Addresses were made by J. W. Richardson and George Davis, of the carpenters' union.

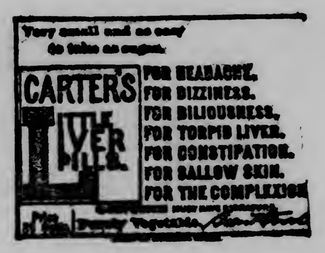
LABOR NOTES.

Chicago machinists won.
England has American 'phones.
Elwood, Ind., has a doctors' union.
Cincinnati school teachers will form a union.
Toronto carpenters will demand an 8-hour day.
Denver butchers are boycotting Swift meats.
Worcester labor unions may adopt the union label.
The Baltimore Federation of Labor will organize a ladies' auxiliary.
Denver's plumbers' strike is over. The wage scale is $4.25 a day.
Los Angeles lumber handlers gained a 9-hour day without asking for it.
Thirteen hundred employes of Lipton, the cup chaser, struck for an increase of wages.
Pittsburg's United Mine Workers are considering Carnegie's offer to construct a worker's hospital there.
Worcester's building trades, with the exception of the steamfitters and helpers, have won the 8-hour day.
Typographical union, Winnipeg, wants the number of hours of labor per week reduced from fifty-four to forty-eight.
St. Louis carpenters demand an increase of 3¼ cents an hour from the present rate of 39¼ cents to take effect May 1.
The National Boot and Shoemakers' union organized sixteen big factories in the month of September, gaining 2000 members.
New York has 1881 labor organizations with a total membership of 261,523 men and 14,618 women. Of this total of 276,-141 trades unionists 174,022 were in the city of New York.
The Trades and Labor council of Quebec is urging on the provincial government the establishment of a bureau of labor statistics similar to the Ontario bureau of labor.
San Francisco labor people having carried the city, are planning to spread out and carry the state. In Connecticut a state party is to be formed, and the Colorado unions are preparing to take the field along independent political lines.
New Orleans' 'longshoemen's strike has been settled, the grain trimmers receiving an advance and the old scale remaining in effect, as applied to all other divisions of work. The trimmers now receive 50 cents an hour for day work, 75 cents an hour at night and $1 an hour on Sunday.
The St. Louis Central Trades council has voted to back the building trades in the fight to compel the recognition of union labor in erecting the buildings for the World's fair, to be held in that city. The contractors having already declared they will stand for "no dictation" from the labor unions, there is every indication that a bitter contest will soon be precipitated.
Miss Nora Frances O'Connor, aged 20, of Dover, N. H., who is employed as an operative by the Cocheo mills of that place, is leading a strike of some 200 weavers. The strike was caused by the mill management wishing to force the weavers to work on flannelette at the same wage scale as was in operation on other goods. There are some 3800 operatives in the mill and they are all anxious to go out on strike.
England's co-operative associations, according to reports, accumulated and divided among their members nearly $43,000,000 by the members purchasing at their own stores. They issue weekly an official journal having a circulation of 51,000 copies, which earned a profit approaching $3000 in the last fiscal year of its existence and gained 97,000 additional members during the same time.
Louisville barber strike is over. The scale as signed gives a guarantee of $9, with 55 per cent of all taken in over $15; opens hour, 7 o'clock every morning, and closing at 11 o'clock Saturday night. A neck shave will cost 5 cents; beard trim, 15 cents, and seafoam, 15 cents. The barbers wanted a $9 guarantee with 60 per cent and a 10 o'clock closing hour Saturday night in the central part of town.
Brooklyn's dispute between shoe manufacturers Wichert & Gardiner and the employes of the factory of the firm over compensation for new work is said to be on the road to settlement by arbitration. About 150 lasters made protest. An agreement the firm has with the employes has prevented a strike up to the present time. Under the agreement the firm is to forfeit $10,000 should they break the contract, and if the employes should do so, every man among them would be liable to forfeit $25, and every female employe $15.
The Pennsylvania Railroad company has posted formal notice of the increase of wages of employes throughout the shops, etc., of Philadelphia. The increase went into effect from Jan. 1, and is signed by D. H. Lovell, Superintendent of the terminal division. The new scale is as follows: First-class engineers (those in service three years or more), 29 cents per hour; second-class engineers (those in service two years), 27 cents per hour; third-class engineers (men just promoted), 25 cents per hour; firemen, 18 cents per hour; first-class conductors, day service, 24 cents per hour; second-class conductors, day service, 22 cents; first-class conductors, night service, 25 cents; second-class conductors, night service, 23 cents; flagmen, day service, 20 cents; flagmen, night service, 21 cents; brakemen, day service, 19 cents, and brakemen, night service, 20 cents per hour. The advance is equivalent to an increase of 1 cent an hour, or 12 cents a day for the firemen, and for all others 2 cents an hour, or 24 cents a day.
Edward J. Cantwell, secretary of the National Association of Letter Carriers, and editor of their official organ, the Postal Record, says: "We shall renew our efforts this winter before congress to increase the pay of carriers, and if our national lawmakers are open to argument we will succeed. Under the present law letter carriers in cities of more than 75,000 inhabitants, after a service of five or six years only receive $1000 per annum, which is the highest salary they can get. In cities of less than 75,000 the highest pay is $850 per year. But the carriers must start with $600, and serve at least six years before they can get $1000. What we ask from congress is that the salaries shall be graded so that for the first year the carrier in a first-class city shall receive $600, the second year $800, the third year $1000, and the fourth year $1200; in cities of less than 75,000 the salary shall be $1000 after three years' service."

This is the only genuine kind

Any other kind is Not Genuine.





Say "CARTER'S" twice—and be sure they are "CARTER'S."

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

PANTON & WHITE TO ENLARGE

(Continued From Page 1.)

abroad Mr. Panton has talked of Duluth and tried to impress others with the importance of this city. In any question that has had the good of the city at heart Mr. Panton has always been among the first to announce frankly his views and to respond.

William White.

William White, the junior member of Panton & White, was far from being a stranger to the business he entered here. Mr. White graduated from the school of experience. For more than twelve years he was with the Scott syndicate of Providence. From there he came to Minneapolis and joined his fortunes with William Donaldson & Co., entering the firm. In August, 1895, he retired and left for a trip to Europe. After his return from Europe he opened negotiations with Panton & Watson and finally bought out Mr. Watson's interest, the announcement of this being made in February, 1896.

Mr. White came to Duluth highly commended by the firms with which he had been connected, and immediately assumed charge of the fiancial affairs of the Glass Block store. Since the date of his first location in Duluth, Mr. White has been numbered among the foremost enterprising citizens.

Dominion Line S. S. "New England" to Mediterranean January 25th.

Owing to the great demand for accommodations the S. S. "New England" will sail from Boston, Jan. 25, for Gibraltar, Algiers, Genoa, Naples and Alexandria, in addition to the sailings of her sister ship, the S. S. "Commonwealth," Jan. 4 and Feb. 12, already announced. The S. S. "New England" is a twin screw steamship, 11,600 tons, new 1898. She is noted for her steadiness in heavy weather and for her splendid modern passenger accommodations. These vessels will return to regular service between Boston and Liverpool next March. T. H. Larke, Gen'l Northwestern Agent, 127 Third St., So. Minneapolis.

ONLY BUTTER MADE IN DULUTH.

SEPARATOR CREAMERY
Primus
TRADE MARK
MANUFACTURED BY
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, DULUTH, MINN.

BEST BUTTER SOLD IN DULUTH.

BASEBALL HISTORY

The Progress of the "National Game" Has Been Phenomenal.

Organization of the National League a Quarter of a Century Ago Placed Game On Solid Foundation.

Baseball is the one outdoor amusement that Americans can lay claim to as wholly and indisputably their own. Its precise origin is so difficult to trace that it has not been claimed as the outgrowth of any other game or the product of any other country.

The English game of "rounders" is the nearest relative to baseball ever discovered, and the family resemblance was so slight that the relationship could not be established except by the wildest flight of fancy.

Born in America on an uncertain date, fostered on American soil and developed from obscurity to the "national game" its progress has been phenomenal.

Baseball's history has never been written in complete form. It probably never will be. Whatever its origin, the earliest form of it reported was "town ball" played in Philadelphia and Boston in 1833. Two clubs of that day became famous enough to leave their names on the pages of history. They were the Olympics of Philadelphia and the Tri-Mountains of Boston. The game flourished in the Massachusetts city till it became known as the "Massachusetts game." It was then played with a soft ball and with six-foot stakes for bases. The runner was put out by hitting him with the ball while off the base or by catching the ball on the fly or the bound.

When the game sailed floating in ..ew York, the bound business was ruled out except on fouls, the size of the ball was gradually cut down, and men were put on each base to touch the runners out instead of hitting them with the ball.

It was in 1857 that the first attempt was made to make the game uniform, in New York that year there was formed a National Association of Baseball Players, which, while a step toward the uniformity of style was not an effort to codify the rules. This was not done till 1861.

Before 1857 the game consisted of twenty-one "outs" instead of nine innings. The first side to score twenty-one times won the game no matter whether it was the first inning or the twenty-first. The ball in use then was an inch larger in circumference than today and weighed an ounce more.

The pitcher was subject to only one restriction, and that was to keep behind a certain line. Behind that he could take as many steps as he chose and could take a 10-yard dash before delivering the ball if he saw fit.

The convention of 1857 was attended by nine clubs from New York and seven from Brooklyn. Ten years later this association had enrolled thirty-eight clubs in New York, forty-six in Brooklyn, sixty-two in New York state, seventy-five in Pennsylvania, twenty-five in Connecticut, and fifty-two in the remainder of the United States.

But in these days, though there were many clubs, few games were played in a season and there were scarcely any games between different cities. The interest in the game was sectional rather than national. It remained for professionalism to give it a national scope. Up to that time the game belonged almost exclusively to the amateurs and the first signs of a division between amateurs and professionals came in 1865.

At first a vast amount of prejudice had to be overcome, and it required another ten years for the public to get accustomed to the idea that a person must be hired to do something which he ought to do for the love of it, and to having players hired from other cities as representatives and families taken from their own homes. An early downfall was predicted for the sport, but it lived and thrived and still lives and thrives in spite of conditions which would have killed many a sport.

In 1867 the first extended tour by a professional baseball club was made by the Nationals of Washington, composed largely of clerks and employes of the government. They appeared in different cities of the East and West with such success as to attract general attention from those who had believed the game had achieved its highest possible stage of development at the hands of the amateurs. The superior skill shown by the professionals created a desire for emulation, and two years later saw the famous Red Stocking team of Cincinnati, which went through the season with an unbroken series of victories.

Chicago entered the professional arena in 1870, and is one of the few clubs in the country that has been there ever since. The Chicago team of that year defeated the Red Stockings. The year saw clubs formed in Cleveland and Rockford, as well, and the beginning of a general interchange of games between East and West. The following year, 1871, saw the organization of a strong club in Boston, and practically the same players were retained on that team for five years, enabling them to win the championship in so far as any such thing existed then, for four years from 1872 to 1875, inclusive. In the year 1874 the Boston team and the Athletics of Philadelphia made a trip to Europe to introduce the game there, playing in London, Liverpool, Richmond, Sheffield, Manchester and Dublin. They had the same experience as the All-Americans fifteen years later, when they circled the globe. The Englishmen did not think much of their batting prowess, but thought the fielding of the Americans marvelous, judged by the standards of their own game of cricket.

The organization of the National league in 1876 laid the cornerstone of the immense structure that has since been erected on that foundation. It was the result of a movement on the part of the true sportsmen interested in the game to eliminate the evils which were then creeping into it by the introduction of gambling and the corruption of players. The objects of the organization, as stated in its original constitution, were "to encourage, foster, and elevate the game of baseball;" "to enact and enforce the proper rules for the exhibition and conduct of the game," "to make baseball playing respectable and honorable," "to protect and promote the mutual interests of clubs and players."

However far the men of the National league today have wandered from the standard originally set, however much the fostering of the game has been lost sight of in the scramble for gate receipts, however little enforcement of the rules enacted for the good of the game there has come to be, it must be admitted the history of the game from the league's inauguration to the present day is practically the history of the National league. Since its formation the league has gradually acquired and assumed absolute control of the sport and gained such power that it has successfully resisted every effort to break that power. It suppressed the gambling element which threatened to wreck the game in the 70s, resisted the efforts of the players to gain control of the game in the Brotherhood movement of 1890, defeated the attempt of the American association to break away from the national agreement in the following year. These victories were not accomplished without an enormous expense and an injury to the sport from which it has never recovered. And it is a curious coincidence that the critical periods in baseball's history have been usually at the beginning of a decade. If there were baseball astrologers perhaps the present state of affairs might have been predicted a score of years ago.

It was in February of 1876 that a half dozen men met at the Grand Central hotel in New York and organized the National league. They were G. W. Thompson, who represented the Athletics of Philadelphia; N. T. Appolonio of Boston; M. G. Bulkley of Hartford, Conn.; W. H. Cammeyer, representing the Mutuals of Brooklyn; and W. A. Hurlbert and Charles A. Dowd, representing Chicago, Cincinnati, Louisville and St. Louis. They adopted the name, "National League of Professional Baseball Clubs," elected Mr. Bulkley president, and N. E. Young secretary; the latter office being considered worth a salary of $100. They adopted a code of rules and made up a schedule. But before the season was far advanced the Athletics and Mutuals began to disregard their scheduled engagements with the result that they were expelled from the league. Chicago was awarded the first National league pennant and for two years the league went on with only six clubs. Then membership was constantly changing and in 1879 a return was made to eight clubs. This number was maintained until 1892, when the league was maintained until 1892, when the league was increased to ewelve by the famous amalgamation with the warring American association. And until last season the umwieldly circuit was kept intact. Prior to 1892 the changes in the makeup of the league were frequent and scarcely a year did not see a new club admitted to place one or more that fell by the wayside.

Twenty-two cities have had teams in the National league at one time or another. They are: Boston, Baltimore, Brooklyn, Buffalo, Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroit, Hartford, Indianapolis, Kansas City, Louisville, Milwaukee, New York, Philadelphia, Providence, Pittsburg, Syracuse, St. Louis, Troy, Washington and Worcester. Of these only two, Chicago and Boston have maintained an unbroken membership in the league for the quarter century. New York did not put in an appearance until 1883, when Philadelphia returned to the fold after a lapse of seven years. Milwaukee, Syracuse and Kansas City had only a year apiece of National league history, and Hartford and Worcester had but three each.

In addition to the milestones already indicated in the progress of the national game, the adoption of the national agreement in 1885 was a notable event. The organization of the American association, which afterward came to rival the National, was made in 1882. The eight original clubs were the Athletics, St. Louis Browns, Cincinnati, Metropolitans, Eclipses, Alleghenys, Columbus, and Baltimore. This circuit so closely paralleled the National league's and developed such playing strength that it soon became a formidable rival. This rivalry, however, was kept within bounds by the adoption of a national agreement in October, 1883, and was productive of a series of world's championship games between the pennant winners of both leagues every year, which attracted wide interest. So strong did the American association become that in 1890, taking advantage of the Brotherhood wreck, it broke away from the national agreement and precipitated a war which sent players' salaries still higher than the Brotherhood war had done. But after immense losses on both sides an amalgamation of the two leagues under the present national agreement was formed in the winter of that year, and the association ceased to exist.

The Western league, the beginning of the present American league, which is now making an effort to throw off the yoke of the National clubs were Rock Island, Kansas City, Omaha, Quincy, Chillicothe, St. Joseph, Keokuk and Springfield. No attempt can be made in any limited space to record the many minor leagues which have been formed, lived, and died and then been revived again from year to year. They have extended from Maine to California, and from beyond the borders of Canada into southernmost Texas.

The story of the National league itself can be told in the following records.

PENNANT WINNERS.

1876—Chicago.	1888—New York.
1877—Boston.	1889—Brooklyn.
1878—Boston.	1890—Boston.
1879—Providence	1891—Boston.
1880—Chicago.	1892—Boston.
1881—Chicago.	1893—Boston.
1882—Chicago.	1894—Baltimore.
1883—Boston.	1895—Baltimore.
1884—Providence.	1896—Baltimore.
1885—Chicago.	1897—Boston.
1886—Chicago.	1898—Boston.
1887—Detroit.	1899—Brooklyn.
1888—New York.	1900—Brooklyn.
	1901—Pittsburg.

In 1892 the league tried the experiment of a double season championship. Boston won the first half and Cleveland the second, but on the entire season's record Boston led.

* * *

By way of keeping in the "also ran" class Dick Croker and Andy Freeman lost in a three-cornered golf match on the Lakeside links Friday. Croker's score was Low.

* * *

Joe Walcott has decided to bar the color line. He will not fight any one who has shown the yellow streak.

* * *

From a Michigan point of view the tournament of roses at Pasadena was more like a bouquet of touchdowns.

* * *

The battleship Cincinnati is after a mascot. A Cincinnati sporting man sent on a billy goat. At dinner time no one is able to pass the butter.

* * *

Tom Sharkey, Dave Sullivan and Patsy Sweeney have offered to teach Emperor William how to box. This looks like a conspiracy to liberate the Irish—on the emperor.

* * *

One of the New York wrestlers who make a practice of picking up all the stray dollars in sight by meeting any and everybody on the mat was listening to his manager the other night while the latter was attempting to make a match for him. The proprietor of a Newark theater was on hand ready to secure the bout for his house.

"I know it'll draw," said the theatrical man. "Why Henry Irving packed the house one night with the orchestra selling at $3 a seat."

"If dat is true," chimed in the wrestler, "I'll meet dis duck Irvin' best two in three falls, catch-as-catch-can or Graeco-Roman, and I don't care which he take der whole gate. Draw up de articles."

The theatrical man promptly drew up a set of articles in which the wrestler agreed to meet Henry Irving on the mat and the wrestler signed them with a flourish. When the crowd laughed he simply retorted:

"I ain't bluffin'; I'll make good!"

* * *

Eastern football critics are still prone to overlook the real merit of inter-collegiate athletics in the middle West, but in the selection of their all-America teams this season it is shown that the development in this section is gradually forcing a broader recognition from the authorities on the Atlantic seaboard.

Caspar Whitney in his review of the football season in the Outing, for the second time in his career gives a Western man a place on the all-American team, the place going to Nel Snow, of Michigan as an end.

He also gives Larson and Curtis, of Wisconsin positions on his second eleven at half back and tackle respectively, and, more important than all, in the ranking of the elevens of the country for the first time, he officially admits the infallibility of the formerly scored "big four" of the East. Harvard heads the list, with Yale second, but Michigan and Wisconsin follow in third and fourth positions, with West Point, Dartmouth, Princeton sixth, Cornell seventh, Pennsylvania twelfth, Minnesota thirteenth, Northwestern sixteenth, Illinois seventeenth, Chicago eighteenth and Iowa nineteenth.

In the ranking of the teams leading Western critics are rare who will admit that Michigan or Wisconsin should be ranked behind Yale and the placing of Minnesota behind Pennsylvania is also decidedly questionable. Even as the ranking stands, however, it is a decided innovation from previous selections. With the one exception of Cunningham of Michigan, who was made center in 1898, Snow is the only non-Eastern man to receive a place on any of Whitney's all-American elevens.

In the ethics of the game Whitney admits that the middle West is ahead of the East. As it was the East that started to teach ethics to the West, with Whitney as a self-appointed agent, the acknowledgement speaks well for the progress which the West has made under its supposedly great handicap.

Whitney's selections and team rankings follow:

ALL-AMERICA TEAM.

Gregorn (Harvard), full back.
Kernan (Princeton) and Morley, captain (Columbia), halves.
Daly (West Point), quarter.
Bowditch (Harvard) and Snow (Michigan) ends.
Cutts (Harvard) and Blagden (Harvard) tackles.
Bankard (Harvard) and Hunt (Cornell) guards.
Bashman (Lafayette) center.

SUBSTITUTES.

Cure (Lafayette), full back.
Chadwick (Yale) and Larson (Wisconsin), halves.
Brewster (Cornell) quarter.
Campbell (Harvard and Davis (Princeton) ends.
Bunker (West Point and Curtis (Wisconsin) tackles.
Lee (Harvard) and Mills (Princeton) guards.
Holt (Yale) center.

RANKING OF TEAMS.

1—Harvard.	11—Columbia.
2—Yale.	12—Pennsylvania.
3—Michigan.	13—Minnesota.
4—Wisconsin.	14—Dartmouth.
5—West Point.	15—Williams.
6—Princeton.	16—Northwestern.
7—Cornell.	17—Illinois.
8—Lafayette.	18—Chicago.
9—Annapolis.	19—Iowa.
10—Syracuse.	20—Tennessee.

EAGLE ATTACKS GULL.

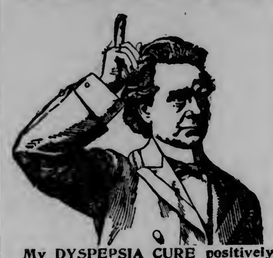
Assistant District Attorney Burt G. Stockwell, recently elected district attorney, took an after election vacation at Wilson, on Lake Ontario last Friday while out hunting ducks he witnessed an encounter between a lake gull and a large eagle. His story of the incident is quite interesting, writes the Lockport, N. Y., correspondent of the New York Sun.

While strolling along the beach near a creek, the favorite resort of ducks, he noticed a gull acting in an unusual manner. Closer observation revealed the fact that the bird had a broken wing and had sought the calmer waters of a cove. Presently the gull paddled desperately away from the shore and it was then seen that an eagle was soaring near. The gull was aware of its danger. The eagle, apparently, was looking for a meal, and from its far height had also detected that the gull was crippled and should be an easy prey.

After making several circles above the agitated gull the noble bird of freedom swooped down and caught up the weaker bird. The gull put up an astonishingly vigorous fight, pecking at the eagle savagely, squawking the while in loud notes of fright and anger. Although the eagle was a powerful bird, the weight of the gull and the vigorous resistance caused it to drop its prey before it had sailed up many rods. But the bird of prey was persistent and again tackled the gull and carried it down the lake forty rods, but the gull got in several vigorous pecks about the head, and this time the eagle was glad to let go.

Mr. Stockwell says the eagle picked up the wounded gull at least fifty times and then, weary of the struggle, flew to a tree on the lake shore and watched the wounded bird with hungry eyes. So intent was the eagle on keeping track of the gull that it did not mind the approach of the gunners, who could have easily shot it had they wished to. After a twenty minutes' rest the eagle attacked the gull again, and the fight went on for another hour. When the gunners left the strange fight was still in progress and they are in ignorance as to whether the eagle finally got that particular meal or not.

DYSPEPSIA



My DYSPEPSIA CURE positively cures all forms of indigestion or stomach trouble. It rejuvenates worn-out stomachs. It builds up stomachs that have been weakened by powerful cathartics and old-fashioned nostrums.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure corrects bloating of the stomach, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath, and all affections of the heart caused by indigestion, wind on the stomach, belching wind or sour food, bad taste, offensive breath, loss of appetite, faintness or weakness of the stomach, improper circulation, coated tongue, heart-burn or water-brash.

His Headache Cure stops headache in 3 minutes.
Munyon's Pile Ointment cures all forms of piles.
Munyon's Blood Cure corrects all blood impurities.
Munyon's Liver Cure corrects headache, biliousness, jaundice, constipation and all liver diseases.
Munyon's Female Remedies are a boon to women.
Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs are guaranteed to relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days.
Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail.
Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price, $1.

Munyon has a cure for every disease. The Guide to Health (free) tells of them. Cures, mostly 25 cts
Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

IN COPPER DISTRICT

Another New Mine Begins Actual Production of Copper.

Preparations to Start Making Copper From the Champion.

Machinery Is Being Placed In the New Wolverine Mill.

Houghton, Mich., Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—One more of the new copper mines of the district has begun actual production, and a second will start making copper next week. The Tri-Mountain began shipping rock to the Arcadian mill last Saturday, and is now supplying one head at that mill with selected stamp rock. Mill returns have not been given out, but everybody connected with the work is jubilant, and there is no question that the rock is yielding copper in very satisfactory quantities. Preparations are being made to start making copper from Champion rock at the Atlantic mill, next week. The Baltic, Tri-Mountain and Champion mines are in a row, from north to south, and constitute the so-called "South range" group, where such flattering developments have been secured in the past three years. The Baltic went into its own mill last month, and is now mailing with two stamps. Both the Tri-Mountain and Champion are building new mills to go into commission this year, but are taking time by the forelock and using leased stamps. The $3 assessment recently levied on Tri-Mountain and Lake shareholders grumble, as the slump in copper has rendered money tight, but there does not seem to be any particular objection that the money is needed for legitimate developments, and that the assessment is for the best interests of the property and consequently for the ultimate interest of shareholders. The consolidation of the Baltic and Copper Range companies under the title of the Copper Range Consolidated company gives a cash surplus of $1,400,000, secured by the sale of treasury stock at $40 per share, the issue having been underwritten, thanks to the sagacity of the management. This fund will be available for the needs of the Copper Range railroad, and for the development and equipment of the Baltic and Champion — owned jointly by the Copper Range company and St. Mary's Mineral Land company, half of the funds needed for development of the Champion will come from St. Mary's shareholders.

Diamond drill work south of the Champion has been unsatisfactory, for the past season. A large amount of drilling was done at various points, and nearly all of the drills are still working. In the Winona district the Winona, Wyandot and Elm River companies have used drills extensively, but the formation continues unsettled wherever cut, and results are of a negative nature. The Winona is the only one of the three properties named that has anything like a mine, and developments, even at the Winona, are of greater importance because of what may be found than by reason of what actually has been discovered. The drills of St. Mary's Mineral Land company are working in a territory having a heavy overburden and the same observation is true of the drills at the Globe tract, where several holes have been abandoned, owing to the depth of drift overlying the mine, the depth of sand reaching 300 feet at points on the Globe lands. Sand is the bete noir of diamond drill miners, as the drill must be cased with an outer pipe of iron, otherwise the hole fills in as fast as drilled, and the sinking of an iron stand-pipe for 200 or 300 feet, though sand mixed with gravel and small boulders, is a task that is always difficult and sometimes impossible.

Machinery is now being placed in the new Wolverine mill, and the steel of the Mohawk mill is up. These mills, twins in all essential respects, will be among the best in the district when completed. Only the best of material and equipment is being purchased and there are good reasons for believing that the Wolverine, thanks to its new mill, will continue making the cheapest copper secured by any but unless the honor is taken by the Mohawk, which has the same lode as the Wolverine, but possesses the advantage of getting considerable copper from a fissure vein, at a cost of but a few cents per pound.

The decision of the Phoenix to build a mill of one stamp seems warranted by the showing in the mine and the amount of good stamp rock stocks for milling. The mill rock stored at the shafts is of very high grade, as it comes exclusively from fissures, and these are richer in copper than the stratified cupriferous beds, though lacking the permanence of the latter. Lake friends of the Phoenix believe that it will become a worthy successor to the Central.

The Isle Royale is running two stamps, but will soon have the third head in commission again. The Isle Royale is doing excellent work, and is making 200 to 250 tons of mineral and heavy copper per month, with two stamps, this mineral running above 85 per cent ingot copper. The returns are much better than were secured in the first few months of milling, when the peculiarities of the lode were unknown. The Portage amygdaloid, lying parallel wi. and 200 feet west of the Isle Royale bed, has been opened by cross-cuts and drifts, and is now being stopped at several points. The parallel lodes are of nearly equal value, and will be worked from the shafts on the Isle Royale bed. As matters now stand, the Isle Royale should be able to make eight to ten million pounds of copper this year, placing the property on the same plane as a producer that was occupied only a few years ago by the Osceola.

The management of the Mass mine is greatly elated by the recent comprehensive tests for silver given rock from its various stamp lodes. An average of rock from all lodes gave 95 ounces per ton of mineral. The lode richest in silver will probably yield 125 to 150 ounces of silver per ton of mineral. This showing means that the Mass company will probably have part or all of its mineral refined electrolytically. The cost of electrolytic treatment will be perhaps $10 per ton, and the copper will sell at a slightly lower price than of smelted only.

The Mesnard shaft of the Quincy is showing improvement at depth, and the north end of the mine is looking better than since the Hesnard tract was first opened.

An assessment of Winona will be levied soon, the company's funds being nearly exhausted. The assessment will be light, probably 50 cents or a dollar per share.

The Allouez is making preparations to unwater the old shafts of the mine, presumably with a view to gain working the conglomerate lode.

The Calumet & Arizona property, at Bisbee, Arizona, controlled by Pittsburg and Lake Superior people, has chosen a site for a smelter. The mine is making a phenomenal showing in ore, and there is no new Western mine having better prospects of becoming a large and profitable producer. The stock is not listed, but is holding around $30 or better, despite the slump that has cut down the prices of all copper stocks dealt in on the Boston exchange.

The Mass mine has decreased forces by about 100 men in the past two or three weeks. It is felt by the management that the mine is sufficiently developed for the present, though additional openings will be needed when the mill is running two stamps on full time.

The Old Colony tunnel is nearing the amygdaloid lode cut by the diamond drill last October, and much interest is felt in the outcome, as the drill cores were rich in copper, and there is a strong suspicion that some of the very richest sections of core were not seen by the management of the mine.

"A" shaft of the Centennial is now down nearly one-third of a mile, and the showing is improving with depth. The Centennial people have plans for a mill, and the erection of a milling plant will have to be undertaken in the near future.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

Health restoring, life renewing cordial, a tonic that fortifies the body and brain and stops the mine of decay. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.



Photographed from Life. REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

Made a Well Man of Me.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks, thereby storing the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl. Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co.
Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

SLEEP SAVES LIFE

It is just as necessary as food.
If you can not sleep, you can not rest your brain.
And when your brain does not rest, there is a terrible draft on the nerves; you become weak, tired and irritable.
You become unfit for business and are approaching the brink of insanity.

PALMO TABLETS

by resting and soothing the nerves, induce sweet, refreshing slumber, make the weak rugged, and the despondent hopeful and happy.

50 cents a box, 12 for $5.00. New, interesting book, free.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

SYPHILIS

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Blood Poison permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address

COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
253 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

BEWARE OF PNEUMONIA

COLDS, GRIP AND CATARRHAL TROUBLES



Look out for these cold weather ailments. they get in their deadliest work. This is the time of year when they are the most dangerous, and when A little cold if allowed to continue its course will often result in a severe case of grip, catarrh, bronchitis, pneumonia or consumption. This can easily be prevented by the use of "5-DROPS" which not only kills the germs which cause these diseases, but at once builds up the entire system and prevents the after effects of these dreaded ailments. "5-DROPS" taken occasionally will effectually ward off all attacks of disease by keeping the system nourished and all organs of the body working properly and in a good healthy condition. "5-DROPS" is not an injurious drug, but is a scientifically prepared combination of such oils and herbs as nature intended for use in the cure of diseases of the throat, lungs, blood, nerves and muscles. It contains no alcohol, no opiates, salicylates or any other ingredients which only serve to injure the system and deaden the pain and which never effect a permanent cure.

"5-DROPS" will stop a cough instantly and cure a cold quicker than any other remedy, thereby preventing pneumonia and other ills which are caused by a cold not promptly cured. La Grippe is cured by "5-DROPS" even after every other remedy has failed. It acts at once, destroying the germs which cause the disease, removing all impurities from the system and giving immediate relief to the sufferer.

Catarrh, that most distressing disease which affects every organ or function of the body can be cured by the use of "5-DROPS." It is used internally and also inhaled, thus giving a thorough systemic treatment which affords quick relief and effects a permanent cure.

"5-DROPS" CURES RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Asthma, Catarrh, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Nervousness, Backache, Dyspepsia, Gout, Indigestion, Croup, Nervous and Neuralgic Headache, Heart Weakness, Paralysis, Creeping Numbness, Sleeplessness and Blood Diseases.

It will cure Rheumatism in any form—it does not matter whether you are suffering from Inflammatory, Nervous, Muscular or Articular Rheumatism; whether your whole system is full of uric acid; whether every part of your body is aching and every joint is out of shape Swanson's "5-DROPS," if used as directed, will positively give instant relief and effect a permanent cure.

STOPS ALL RHEUMATIC PAINS AT ONCE.

PROOF OF ITS CURATIVE PROPERTIES.

G. W. BENEDICT, Frankfort, Ill., writes: "I am 65 years of age and have suffered with Rheumatism for nearly forty years. I purchased a bottle of your "5-DROPS" and used it as directed and am now well. If any one wants to hear from me, they can write and I will tell them all about it."

A. R. HOWE, 632 Jewett Place, Minneapolis, Minn., writes: "I wish to thank you for your "5-DROPS." I had been suffering with what the doctors called Rheumatism of the Stomach and was laid up all last winter. "5-DROPS" has got me where I am now eating three meals every day and sleeping well every night, while four week's ago I could not enjoy these blessings. It has hit my case exactly."

D. E. JONES, Bevier, Mo., writes: "I was afflicted with Rheumatism so badly in my limbs from my knees down to my feet that I could not walk across the room without resting three or four times, and then with difficulty. My feet would swell so that one would think they would burst. My shoulders also gave me considerable distress. I could hardly stand the pains. I thought I would never get over the misery. I used several kinds of remedies before I sent for "5-DROPS," but did not get relief. I then began the use of "5-DROPS" and it has completely cured me. Today I am a well man and I can recommend your medicine very highly from what it has done for me. I thank God for your wonderful medicine."

TEST "5-DROPS" FREE. A trial bottle will be mailed free of charge to every reader of this paper who is a sufferer from any of the above named diseases. Cut out the Coupon and send to us with your name and address.

COUPON No. 212
Cut this out and send it with your name and address to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Chicago, and you will be sent a bottle of "5-DROPS" free, postpaid.
5 DROPS TRADE MARK

AVOID SUBSTITUTES. If any unprincipled dealer offers you a substitute for "5-DROPS" don't accept it. No other remedy will do its work. Most druggists are selling it. Any reliable druggist can easily secure it for you. If it is not obtainable in your locality order direct from us and we will send it prepaid on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR THE "SWANSON PILL," A SURE CURE FOR CONSTIPATION, PRICE, 25c.

Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (300) doses, $1.00. At Your Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO. 160 to 164 Lake St., CHICAGO



Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492—Old 'Phone 767—Zenith 212 W. Superior St



James J. Corbett, the famous pugilist, praises Greene's Infallible Liniment most highly, under date of May 20, 1901, he says:

"You ask what I think of your Infallible Liniment. I can answer in a word by saying that it is an honest article and worthy of confidence. I find it very valuable for bruises, strains and sore muscles. In training it is an excellent conditioner. You are welcome to my endorsement and I hope it will do you good.

Yours truly,
(SIGNED) JAS. J. CORBETT.

Greene's Infallible Liniment should be in every home. For all the daily accidents in ever walk of life it has no equal. Prepared by J. W. GREENE & CO., 17-19 VanBuren St., Chicago

GREENE'S INFALLIBLE L. L. LINIMENT

For sale by Schulze Bros., Saddlery; E. L. Toomey, Horseshoer; G. H. Huseby, Harness Dealer; Clemetson Bros., Harness Dealers, West Duluth; James McMartin, Horseshoer; D. D. Mackey, Horseshoer; Helmer Jentoft, Flour and Feed Dealer; S. M. Jensen, Two Harbors, Minn.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC



GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

PLAYS AND PLAYERS

"Richard Carvel" to Be Presented at the Lyceum Monday Night.

Andrew Robson in Title Role at Head of Strong Company—Richard Mansfield Coming to Duluth This Season.

A superb engagement announced for Monday at the Lyceum is that of Andrew Robson's presentation of "Richard Carvel,' perhaps the most interesting success of the actor's career. It is Mr. Robson's first formal essay at romantic drama and to the agreeable surprise of his myriad of admirers who only knew him as a light comedian of the ultra "drawing room" type, his success as the dashing Richard Carvel was therefore in the nature of a sensation. In the opinion of his captious critics, Mr. Robson has never done anything with more brilliancy than his "Richard Carvel."

The play is a dramatization by Edward E. Rose of the absorbing Maryland story of the same name written by Winston Churchill, the period of which is laid during the American revolution. The production is aglow with the time.



ANDREW ROBSON IN "RICHARD CARVEL."

days and costumes of that period. There are thirty-two speaking characters in the action, all calling for people of ability. Besides the splendid company that has been supporting him for several seasons in other plays, there are associated with Mr. Robson in "Richard Carvel" a number of important people.

The company, as a whole, is regarded as a very strong organiaztion in point of equipment as well as personnel.

The production is to be undertaken here with all the finesse with which it was given in New York, all the elaborate scenic accessories being transported hither intact.

MANSFIELD COMING.

Richard Mansfield closes his New York season on Saturday evening, Jan. 25, and says farewell to the East for the balance of the season. His remarkable creation of the barber prince, Beauclaire, has proved the most poular character he has ever had. Up to this time the record gauge of this artist's phenomenal business has been Cyrano de Bergerac, which was a fad in New York while Mansfield played it. At that time he was playing at the Garden theater and his receipts were $96,000 for eight weeks, which represents the total seating capacity sold for every performance, at Mansfield's prices, and 2200 people standing during the engagement. This winter he played "Beauclaire" at the Herald Square theater, which has a somewhat larger capacity than the Garden. Based on an average of his business to date, Mansfield at the end of eight weeks will have played to $109,000. This is conservative, for the last weeks are sure to see more people standing up than at any previous time. It is said at the box office that not fifty seats are in the ticket racks for any one of the remining appearances of the great actor.

Mr. Mansfield's management have mapped out for him the most comprehensive tour this artist has ever made. It will cover a few cities comparatively, although it embraces 13,500 miles. It will take him from New York direct to Richmond, Va., Norfalk, Va., Atlanta, Birmingham and Mobile, into New Orleans. After a week at the Crescent City, Mr. Mansfield will appear six evenings in the six leading cities of Texas, and going thence via Little Rock, Memphis, Nashville and Cincinnati, he begins a season of five weeks at the Grand Opera house, Chicago. After this he makes a one-night stand at Milwaukee, a two-night stand at St. Paul and a three-night stand at Minneapolis. The balance of the season will be for the distinguished actor's appearance in Detroit, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Toledo, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver and six of the principal cities of the Pacific coast, returning via Butte, Helena, Winnipeg and Duluth.

Mr. Mansfield's season will last into July. His trip South will be the first he has made thither since he played "Cyrano de Bergerac" and his appearance on the Pacific coast will be the first in eight years. The only play which Mr. Mansfield will produce on the tour will be "Beauclaire."

The entire trip will be made by special train of five cars, two baggage coaches for the scenery and furnishings of "Beauclaire," two sleeping coaches for the fifty-two members of Mr. Mansfield's organization, and the star's own car. The railroad contract for the itinerary is one of the largest and most comprehensive ever entered into, and every mile has been contracted for, so that at this time the management is in possession of a schedule which, remarkable to say, tells them precisely where Mr. Mansfield's special train will be any day or hour from the time he leaves New York until he returns to the Atlantic coast July 1, after having touched the gulf of Mexico, the Pacific ocean and the shores of Lake Superior.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Kyrle Bellew Would Return to Gold Fields.

New York, Jan. 8.—Twenty-four hours made a wonderful difference in the feelings of Kyrle Bellew this week. On Monday afternoon I met him on Broadway and he confided to me that he was really nervous about his first appearance, not on his own account, of course, but on account of his play. The next day he was a changed man, for New York had welcomed him with open arms and given him such an ovation as he had not even expected. The most striking scene in "A Gentleman of France" is that where Bellew, as the Sieur de Marsac refends the staircase against a number of opponents. The work here is very realistic and one of the swordsmen is obliged to fall from the top of the steps to the bottom. An acrobat had to be secured for this position. But even he was not able to escape unhurt through the entire week. On the second night he missed his footing just before he fell and when he reached the stage had to be carried off. Another acrobat has taken his place, and so far has managed to escape unhurt.

* * *

Bellew is still filled with longings for his gold mines in Australia, and he will go back to them just as soon as the present season is over. He discussed this subject with me at great length, for it is one that, once broached, speedily puts all else out of his conversation.

"You see," he said, "Australia is really more home to me than Ireland or England either. I was there as a lad, and before I was 18 had made my way along the coast of Queensland as far north as the white man dared to go. Everybody was after gold in those days, and when news came of the find like that in California in '49 every one wished to get away headed to the northward. Placer gold was found in great quantities near the range of mountains that extend from forty to fifty miles from the eastern coast of Australia, and as rapidly as it was cleaned up so rapidly did the white man and the Chinaman move to the north in search for the mother lode. We found it finally up in the peninsula which projects from the northeastern coast of Australia, and there for years men worked in a primitive fashion because the cost of transportation of the proper mining machinery was so great that no one could afford to pay for it. The lode lay to the westward of Cooketown, which, according to history, Capt. Cook once stopped for repairs, but between it and the coast lay a range of mountains 2800 feet high, and in the early days to get machinery and tools from Brisbane cost £200 a ton, about $100 of your money.

"Notwithstanding the difficulties, men grew rich there, but they spent their money as freely as they dug it from the earth. When times became a little harder and money was needed, they mortgaged their claims to the Queensland National bank, which soon had the money lenders' hold on all the valuable property in that section. The bank finally closed and secured possession of the property, but before it had time to take advantage of this move the great crash of '93 swept over all Australia, and the Queensland National went through the mill with the rest of the banking business. Through this failure the mines became government property, and as such was leased to various prospectors, who had no money, and found it impossible to get any more than they could dig from the rock by their crude method. Then came consolidation, and all the provinces in Australia were to be made one. I knew that district so well and had so much faith in it that for years I had wanted to go back, but my engagement on the stage made it impossible for me to leave my panther, Mrs. Potter, for a sufficient length of time to make the trip. We were in London when the war in South Africa broke out, and it was impossible to get a lease, for most of the other English companies, to continue our playing. I asked Mrs. Potter to release me from our contract for the time being, and she agreed. I left London with al my capital. On reaching Australia I had several conferences with the high government officials, all of whom were my personal friends, and I learned from them that the various leases awarded by the Queensland government were about to lapse because of the non-payment of taxes. Under the consolidation act these leases could only be renewed by the main government with whom I was then in consultation. Acting upon the advice of my friend, I made the journey to Cooketown as quietly as I could.

"It was agreed before I left that the notice of the recall of the leases would not be forwarded until a week after I had started. On our way around the coast to Cooketown, fever broke out aboard ship and we were put into quarantine. My friends again came to the rescue, and the government dispatch was further delayed until our vessel was released. When I reached the town where the leases were to be awarded I found another friend in the person of the warden, who gave me an excellent 'tip,' as you call it over here. My presence in that out-of-the-way spot naturally excited a good deal of suspicion, and, although I told every one that I needed a rest and had journeyed thither to get it, I noticed that every one kept the closest kind of a watch on me. Acting upon the warden's suggestion I waited quietly till two days before the government dispatch was due, and then, on the pretense of hunting, I managed to slip out of town, and in two days to stake out seven claims which I knew would be the most valuable there. On the morning that the office of the warden was to be open, I walked with him through the doorway of his court house, and there a half dozen miners were standing round the door. Still following his advice, I pushed by them, asked him if he had received any word from the government, and when he replied that all the leases had been revoked, I thrust into his hand my application for the seven claims which I had picked out. I was less than half a minute ahead of the other men, but I got the claims and I hold them still.

"So far, the returns from the mines have been remarkably good, and I shall go back again just as soon as I can."

* * *

Miss Steil Hammerstein is an exceedingly determined young woman. She had her mother's consent to appear on the stage, and was quite willing and ready to take any place without asking her father. Miss Hammerstein made up her mind she would get behind the footlights without any family assistance, but she found that this took a little more time than she had anticipated. Meanwhile her father set his foot down on the project with great emphasis, but his daughter was not at all dismayed, and after a month of determined opposition to the parental wishes Oscar had to give in. Meanwhile Miss Stella constantly besieged the managers around Broadway, and she has finally secured an opening with Daniel Frohman.

* * *

Dollie Mestayer, the daughter of one of the oldest theatrical families in the country, is going to return to the stage after an absence of two years. Her retirement was caused by severe illness, and she will now make her appearance in vaudeville with her brother Harry. She engaged a writer of swetches to plan a scenario of an act, the balance of which was provided by a monologue artist and a composed. Then Miss Mestayer whipped the whole thing into shape for herself.

* * *

Guy Bates Post, who now plays the part of Lord Carnyx in "The Marriage Game," at the Victoria, has written a society drama founded on the story of the "four hundred" and with the scenes laid in this city. The new play will introduce a man and a woman familiar to many New Yorkers, and one scene will show a duel fought in private life between two well known men. Mr. Post, however, will not appear in his play, which will be produced in this city in the spring.

* * *

Elsie Leslie was greeted with an enthusiastic New Year's welcome at the Academy, where she is supporting E. J. Morgan in "The Christian." If Liebler & Co. had any misgivings as to the manner in which their play would be received again in this city they were certainly dispelled in no uncertain manner. All week the great Acadamy has been packed to the doors, and there is every indication of the play enjoying a long and profitable run.

* * *

It would jar the soul of a lover of the darama to hear the comments of women especially after a performance of "Du Barry" at the Criterion. The other night one of them was coming from the theater and she suddenly thought of a criticism which certainly would never have appealed to the masculine mind. For Mrs. Leslie Carter's appearance a new curtain was prvided. It is plainly elegant, and the only striking feature of it is a large monogram in the center, the letters of which are "D. B." This was what attracted the young lady's attention, and she remarked: "I do not see why David Belasco wants to put his initials on that curtain? It's nothing but a vulgar desire to keep himself before the public. It probably has not occurred to her as yet just what those initials stand for.

* * *

Certainly David Belasco ought to feel proud of the manner in which Mrs. Leslie Carter and her entire company unite in giving him all the credit for the great production. On New Year's eve, after the last curtain had fallen, the company gathered around Belasco, who had been induced to remain on the plea that the company wanted him to make a little address to Mrs. Carter. Instead Belasco found himself listening to a short and heartfelt speech from Mr. Stevenson and then an enormous silver loving cup was put into his hand. It bore the dates of the first performances of "Du Barry" in Washington and New York, and on the third side was this quotation from the play itself: "Remember that we loved you, we loved you though it all."

* * *

The Alfred E. Aarons Musical Comedy company has arisen from the ashes of that manager's recent financial disaster. Its first production will be "My Antoinette," and in the company which will present it will be Charles Evans, Louis Wesley, Gilbert Gregory, Templar Saxe, E. Lovat Fraser, Miss Edith Bradord, Miss Nettie Black, Miss Allie Gilbert, Miss Edyth Harvey, Miss Maud Barnard and Miss Josephine Hall.

Zelma Rawlston scored the hit of her theatrical life on New Year's day when she provided entertainment for hundreds of newsboys, who had just eaten their fill of a great holiday dinner. She tried her farce, "A Woman's Way," on them, and as she said afterward, had never appeared before a more appreciative audience. Ever since then she has been unable to appear on broadway without an attendant train of admiring youngsters.

* * *

Edna Wallace Hopper's fortune which she received after the death of her mother has apparently not made her over popular with the minor members of the Florodora company. From the young ladies of the chorus she received many pieces of advice on the subject of investing her money, but as most of them were designed to benefit the adviser entirely, Miss Hopper was obliged to announce kindly but firmly, that she would do all the spending of her own money herself. When the story was published a few days ago that Miss Hopper had been in an automobile accident and had broken her leg, one of her unfeling associates promptly declared:

"Well, they would have to break Edna's leg. They certainly couldn't pull it."

* * *

The return of Francis Wilson to this city in "The Toreador" will bring back to town a remarkable collection of actors and fun-makers. The company will include Melville Ellis, Joseph Coyne, Robert A. Evans, W. H. Thomson, William Broderick, Aded Richie, Queenie Vassar, Maud Raymond, Christie McDonald and Jennie Halley. "The Toreador" is the work of six authors, the book is by James Tanner and Harry Nicholas, the lyrics are by Adrian Ross and Percy Greenbeck, the music by Ivan Caryll and Lionel Monckton.

* * *

Aubrey Boucicault, who is the Paolo in Otis Skinner's revival of "Francesca da Rimini," has in his possession the uncompleted manuscript of an original work on Shakespeare by his father, the late John Boucicault. This posthumous work will probably find its way into print at an early date, and its publication, even in its present fragmentary form, will prove interesting to all Shakespearean students, representing, as it will, the theories of a man who possessed remarkable gifts both as an actor and a playwright.

* * *

Some curious changes are being rung upon the "Francesca da Rimini" theme by the various dramatists. d'Annunzio's play, for which Rome would not stand, makes Paolo a married man. Steven Phillipps's version, which George Alexander will act in London, makes the injured husband a wholly subordinate character. Marion Crawford's play, which he is preparing for Bernhardt, is recorded to be a melo-drama of the Sardou type. At present no one seems to know just what Ewyn Barron will make of the poem which he is preparing for the stage use of Forbes Robertson.

A report has been current for some time that Otis Skinner would be a member of a company which is to present a revival of "The Hanchback" next spring. It has finally brought from Mr. Skinner an emphatic denial of this scheme, but he incidentally admits that he is seriously considering such a revival on his own account.

* * *

From present indications Miss Anna Held will remain at the Casino during the coming summer. The lease of that theater, which is now held by the Shubert brothers, will pass into the hands of the Shuberts on May 1. Negotiations have been on the way for some time between Florenz Ziegfeld and the Shubert brothers for an extension of the present engagement, and it is now practically settled that Miss Held will be permitted to remain there until the opening of the fall season.

* * *

Miss May Edouin has signed a contract to appear at a London vaudeville house in the spring for a run of twelve weeks with Fred Edwards. She will present their new sketch "All in the Family." Miss Edouin says she may return to the United States in the fall to star in a new musical comedy written by her father, Willie Edouin.

* * *

Charley Hawtrey's hit with "The Messenger from Mars" has been such a pronounced one in Gotham that all time held for the English actor outside of the metropolis has been canceled, and Mr. Hawtrey will stay in New York for the entire space of time originally booked for his American tour.

* * *

It is again reported that Della Fox has so completely recovered her health that she will soon be seen again as a star in a musical comedy called "The Little Madamoiselle."

* * *

Eleanor Robson, now in "A Gentleman of France," is to be one of next season's stars in a play not decided upon. Next spring she will go to London for the principal role in a dramatization of Mrs. Humphrey Ward's "Eleanor," at the novelist's request. Another piece under consideration by Liebler & Co. for her is "Audrey," prepared from Mary Johnston's novel by Ernest Boddington. Either Miss Robson or Viola Allen will have this drama.

* * *

The public seems to have discovered that Rose Coghlan is "A Woman of No Importance" in a humiliating sense, for she has taken off the play so named and put on "Forget-Me-Not."

* * *

M. Constant Coquelin is reported to have long been considering the role of "Falstaff," with a view of playing that well-known character in the near future. It would be a splendid role to try if he should be featured in Manager Charles Frohman's proposed French theater in New York.

* * *

Herbert Kelcey and Effie Shannon seem to have a genuine hit in their new play, "Her Lord and Master." The critics of all the cities visited say the play offers both stars most congenial roles, and fills the long-felt want for a good vehicle that they have experienced since "The Moth and the Flame" was discarded.

* * *

William Norris, who has scored a distinct artistic hit this season as the malevolent Pepe in Otis Skinner's production of "Francesca da Rimini," will retire from that company at the termination of Mr. Skinner's present six weeks' engagement in New York. Manager Buckley is casting about for a suitable successor to Mr. Norris, and in this connection the name of Frederick Perry who was here in the Pike Stock has been prominently mentioned. Mr. Perry has made a hit of his own in Mrs. Carter's new play as the Duc de Richelieu, and it is doubtful if he would care to retire at this time.

* * *

It is said that Olga Nethersole will produce in London a play made from Hardy's "The Mayor of Casterbridge." It is expected that she will return here in the autumn of next year.

* * *

Annie O'Neill, after a retirement to private life of several years, returned to the stage in New York last week as the central female figure in Basil Hood's newest play, "Sweet and Twenty," which was one of the New Year's novelties. The play scored quite a hit, and the general verdict was that her retirement had not robbed Miss O'Neill of any of her cleverness.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Imro Fox is in Europe.

Burr McIntosh is quite ill.

Bessie Bonehill is in England.

"Adonis" Dixey is doing a specialty in London.

Corse Payton has purchased a Brooklyn theater.

Julia Marlowe is to appear in London in a new play.

Maude Adams is to do "As You Like It" next season.

Mary Mannering made her first appearance as Camille in San Francisco Jan. 2.

Lole Fuller and the Japs are doing well in Germany. She has released her manager.

Hope Booth filed a petition in bankruptcy Jan. 2. Liabilities, $57,260; assets, nothing.

Sardou has finished his play for Sir Henry Irving on the subject of Dante, and it will doubtless first be seen at the Lyceum.

Olga Nethersole has entirely recovered her health and expects to get a London theater in the spring, after she has made a pleasure trip to Egypt.

Marie Loftus will be the Dick in the pantomime of "Dick Wittington" at the London Shakespeare Clapton. She is "Cissie's" mamma.

Della Fox will make her re-entry to the stellar ranks Jan. 28, at Trenton, N. J., presenting a new comedy by John Fowler entitled "The Little Minister."

When Miss Gertrude Elliott sailed from America some two years ago, she was known principally as Maxine Elliott's sister. Now she is a full-fledge star in England, and, in conjunction with Forbes Robertson, has scored an emphatic success.

The Kendals have finished their season at the St. James, and will start on a provinial tour on Feb. 3 with a revival of "A Scrap of Paper." Later in the tour they will produce a new piece by Cis Graves and Lady Colin Campbell. Amy Lamborn, Victoria Addison and Sidney Blow will be in the company.

Mancinelli's "Isaias," which was composed for the Norwich festival of 1887, has just been heard in Italy. Somewhat unaccountably, the work has hitherto been ignored in its composer's native land, but last week the Royal theater at Turin produced it, amid many tokens of lively interest. Our Milan correspondent tells us that the audience was "enormous," and that the duchesses of Asta and Genoa were among the important personages present. Mr. Mancinelli himself conducted, the orchestra being ninety strong, and the chorus numbering 120. The cantata seems to have made an excellent impression on those who listened, and the composer is said to have been rewarded by applause of the most enthusiastic character.

Paderewski continues his triumphal career in Germany. While taking exception to his Bach and Beethoven playing, the Munich Allgemeine Zeitung declares him "simply incomparable" in Schumann and Chopin. "Far from being a mere drawing room pianist," the critic continues, in trying to account for his world fame, "he is a poet of the pianoforte, who dives below the usual level and reveals to his hearers things before hidden. At the same time he has an extraordinary power over the multitude. We feel inclined to say that in Paderewski Intimitat and poularity are commingled in equal degrees; he is a Chopin infinitely enlarged, a Chopin for the masses." At Cologne he gave two concerts, both very successful, one for himself, the other for the pension fund of the theater. In the same city his opera, "Manru," was produced on New Year's day.

Annie O'Neill, who makes her return to the stage in "Sweet and Twenty," has had a long experience, that might ere this have carried here to the topmast rung of the ladder of fame had it not been for her marriage to the late Henry Clay Miner, and consequent retirement from active theatrical work. It was with Harrigan and Hart at the old Comique theater in one of the Muldoon series of Irish comedies made famous by these actors that she made her debut. Miss O'Neill then joined Richard Mansfield, and after a season or two became a member of Daniel Frohman's Madison Square Theater Stock company, playing ingenue parts. It was while a member of Crane's company that she became engaged to Mr. Miner and shortly after married him and retired from the stage. At that time she declared that she was heartily glad to get away from the drudgery of theatrical work, and firmly announced that she would never, no never, return to it.

A MOST REMARKABLE CASE

MEDERINE

A GUARANTEE

BLOOD —AND— CATARRH CURE

Rheumatism and Gout.

Chronic Rheumatism Cured.

SIOUX CITY, IA., May 8, 1900.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis.

GENTLEMEN: I have been a constant sufferer from Chronic Rheumatism for the past three years, necessitating the use of crutches most of the time to walk. I heard of MEDERINE and got my druggist to order a bottle. I took it according to directions. It helped me so much that I took four bottles more, with the result that I am entirely cured. God bless MEDERINE is my daily prayer. WARREN MOORE.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Write for MEDERINE JOURNAL OF HEALTH. Mailed to any address free of charge. It explains everything. MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis

AMUSEMENTS.

Lyceum Theater

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Mgr.

MONDAY, JANUARY 13.

The Distinguished Romantic Actor,

ANDREW ROBSON

IN

Richard Carvel.

A dramatization of Winston Churchill's famous novel of the same name, by Edward E. Rose.

The Original Massive Scenic Production and Magnificent Costumes That Marked the Success of This Play at the Empire Theater, New York.

THE COMPANY—

Andrew Robson, Wm. J. Gross, Theodore Friebus, Wm. McVay, John K. Newman, Percival T. Moore, Joseph P. Smith, Conrad Cantzen, Burton Downing, Irving Williams, Arthur W. Bentley, Richard Harvey, Joseph P. Kelly, John J. Crowley, Charles Knox, Ruth Berkeley, Mabel Wright, Susan Chisnell, Isabel Reber, Marion Ten Eyck, Josephine Adams.

Prices During this Engagement—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquette, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

Saturday, January 18—Jefferson De Angelis.

QUANTITIES. Modern imports have resulted from the domestic deficiency, but this will not become a factor of importance if the situation continues to improve at its present rate. Though railways largely augmented supplies of rolling stock during 1901, contracts for the year's delivery already aggregate many months' delivery ahead, by aggregate many month's full capacity of shops, and in structural shapes there is no prospect of a surplus in the near future. Weakness continues in the minor metals, copper selling 5 cents below the inflated price of a month ago and the annual reports of output, consumption and exports indicate that the reduction was fully warranted.

Activity continues at cotton mills, although domestic buying is on a moderate scale. Exporters are bidding freely for heavy goods, but as a rule fell short of holder's views and little new business is recorded. Jobbing trade in woolens gradually expands, new lines selling fairly at moderate advances over prices prevailing a year ago. Worsted yarns are scarce and firm. A further slight rise has occurred in the average wool prices and the tone is strong.

Footwear factories are well engaged on spring and summer lines, with prices showing no further tendency to fall. Producers ready to do business at old rates. Chicago packers stubbornly hold to former list prices, but the market is weaker, both domestic and foreign hides actually selling at concessions.

Reports of unfavorable weather in winter wheat regions stimulated prices and there was further support in the general resumption of activity at flour mills, together with added inquiry for foreign account. Total exports of wheat from the United States, flour included, were 4,179,262 bushels, which fell short of the unusually free outgo of 5,339,756 bushels a year ago, but compare most satisfactorily, considering the 10 per cent higher prices now prevailing. The combination of many supporting influences took quotations above the highest point last year. Corn was fairly well in sympathy with wheat, but some soft spots developed as was natural in view of the fact that the price is now more than 50 per cent higher than a year ago, while Atlantic exports for the week were 212,941 bushels, against 4,543,149 in 1901.

Cotton was depressed by liberal receipts, though foreign conditions have improved and the quotation is almost $10 a bale lower than at this time last year.

Failures for the week numbered 573 in the United States, against 324 last year, and 27 in Canada, against 37 last year.

SECRET OF SUCCESS.

'After I read newspaper symposiums on the elements by which success is attained, I am always more or less disgusted. There is no necessity of naming over the various virtues a man should possess, for one little line sums up the whole thing. It is this: 'Always earn more than you receive.'

The above was the statement of Mr. Arthur Hitchcock, of Pittsburg, a submanager in one of the branches of the great Carnegie steel organization in Pennsylvania. Mr. Hancock is on his way South to spend a month's vacation, and stopped over Sunday in Washington, says the Washington Post.

"I have seen a great many men come into the employ of our company," he continued, "and I have watched them closely, with a view to ascertaining why some advanced while others retrogated. It was my observation that the man who pushes ahead is the fellow who continually earns more salary than he gets. As long as one earns only what he receives there is no necessity of increasing his compensation, for the company has no assurance that he will ever earn any more. On the other hand, when the company finds that an employe is doing more work than he is paid to do it realizes that this relations between them are not right. Accordingly, his salary is set up to that which the officials believe he is earning. If he stops getting ahead of his salary, he won't get any more advances, but, on the other hand, if he again pushes forward, another increase is sure to come.

"Of course, occassionally there are employers who are miserly slave-drivers, whose ambition is to get as much work out his men as he can for as little money as possible. But I believe this class to be very small. Actual work in the interest of your employer as a general rule the world over, is sure to be recognized."

John G. Woolley at the Armory Saturday evening, Jan. 11.

The Herald's "want" columns continue to grow in volume and in usefulness. This is conclusive evidence where to obtain the best results.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Friday and Saturday, Jan. 10-11. Saturday Matinee.

Primrose & Dockstanders American Minstrels.

Under the Management of Jas. H. Decker.

Prices—Night: Dress Circle, $1; Parquette, $1 and 75; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c. Matinee: Dress Circle, 75c; Parquette, 50c; Family Circle and Balcony, 35c.



Our Motto is: "Honest Dental Work at Honest Prices."

Best Full Set of Teeth $8.00
Gold Fillings.....$1.00 and up
Cement Fillings.....25c and up
Bridge Work $5 per Tooth.
22-karat Gold Crowns.....$6.00.
Silver Fillings.....50c and up

Teeth Extracted absolutely without pain. A ten (10) year written guarantee with all work.

WE USE ONLY THE BEST MATERIALS.

Drs. GREEN & BUDD,

Zenith 'Phone 3085. Woodward Bldg., West Duluth, Minn.

Car fare paid from Duluth. Gas, Chloroform and Ether Administered.



Dont Perspire

Too freely. It means that the skin is doing more than its share in the work of eliminating the impurities from the blood, while the liver and kidneys are shirking their duties. These important organs, which are intended to sift the impurities from the body, too o'ten fail in their work.

McLean's Liver & Kidney Balm

will cure all affections of these organs, and restore them to a healthy, normal condition.

Sold by all Druggists. Made by The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

DON'T WORRY about prospective baldness. Do as thousands have done--use

Coke Dandruff Cure

It prevents baldness, preserves the hair and promotes its healthy growth. Satisfying results guaranteed or your money back. Be sure you get the genuine. Imitations and substitutes fail in their claims and do irreparable damage.

Coke Shampoo and Toilet Soap

An immediate success. Its sterling qualities demonstrated by the first application. Unsurpassed as a complexion beautifier. Send for free booklet.

A. R. BREMER CO., CHICAGO.

DUN'S REVIEW

Buying of Staple Commodities Continues on a Large Scale.

New York, Jan. 11.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

With the unprecedented holiday business ended, transportation facilities are more nearly adequate for regular requirements. Merchandise moves to consumers more promptly and in the iron region there is less interruption to work because of insufficient fuel. Normal conditions have by no means returned, however, and it will be some time before shippers can safely guarantee deliveries on a specified date.

Buying of staple commodities is on a large scale, fully sustaining quotations at a high level, excepting in the few instances where efforts were made to hold prices above the point warranted by the ratio of needs to supplies.

Labor controversies are few and unimportant, while the new year has brought advances in the rate of wages at many points. Holiday illness, inventories and annual overhaulings were all cut down to the lowest possible limit at iron and steel plants in the effort to meet urgent demands from customers. Foundry iron at the East is still scarce, high prices being quoted at Philadelphia, and Chicago mills cannot secure material in desired

Diseases of Men



Advice from an office practice of 30 years: Don't neglect trifles. A white or brown sediment in the urine, a little weakness or pain in the back, may be the first symptom of a fatal disease. Don't doctor yourself unless you are tired of life. Employ a good specialist near home, not 1000 miles away, and don't quibble over charges. The best are the cheapest in the end. You live but once and life is short at best. I have cured thousands of WEAK MEN who were mental and physical wrecks from sexual diseases or abuse and have the records to prove it. Remember, I given a Legal Written Guarantee to cure in all cases or refund the money.

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, No. 5 West Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

THE COLOR FOR SKATING

Brown Is the Fashionable Shade On the Lake and In the Rink.

Another Color Much In Vogue Is Green—Some Costume Suggestions For the House Party Functions.

New York, Jan. 8.—Relying upon the prediction of reliable weather authorities that we are to have the coldest winter weather experienced during the past thirty years, many women have added skating costumes in the fashionable colors of the season to their wardrobes this year. Materials that are heavy in texture, such as plain and canvas cheviots, tweed, homespun, velveteen and corduroy, are stylish and appropriate for skating and naturally are chosen in dark serviceable colors. These outdoor toilets will also render good service for golf, cycling or walking.

In Paris, as here, brown is the color of colors. The most stylish gown is the tobacco brown in a shade a little darker than the golden brown, and is very charming when edged with fur. For a costume of corduroy or a fine velveteen in this shade, the mink fur looks exceedingly well, is rich in coloring, and for those women who affect brown, is certainly fascinating.

Another color much in vogue is green. The darker tone called hunter's green is especially restful to the eye, and the tint generally chosen. In broadcloth the effect is very stylish when touched up with black fox or Persian lamb, with bands for the short skirt and revers for the waist or for an edge trimming with the same for the sleeves.

In soft shades of gray light or medium hues cloths, cheviots, zibelines or camel's hair goods are all effective when banded with chinchilla, to which can be added a long stole and muff if desired. For gay skating costumes nothing is handsomer than rich dark red broadcloth, of extra weight, the skirt full and plain, over which is worn a short jacket of caracul or baby lamb. For cloths of ordinary texture and homespun in character mixtures, indistinct stripes or plaids, Alaska sable makes a durable and comfortable trimming. A suit banded with this fur was worn with a neck cape and muff to match. With all costumes the muff is permissible, but the skater generally prefers the absence of this comfortable hand-warmer when on the ice.

For skating jackets the Eton blouse and Norfolk seem to hold full sway and are without doubt well-appointed garments.

In fashionable thoroughfares these are those of the smart set who don sables. The most expensive are imported from Russia, and so priceless are they that even the wealthy often substitute the best quality of mink for trimming purpurposes.

Among hats to accompany these delightful costumes the toque is considered the best, a natty headgear which is not only popular, but just the thing for skating. They are made of cloth like the costume or of velvet softly draped and ornamented with a quill, or with a combination of fur to which is sometimes added lace and velvet flowers, preferably roses.

At all times of the year house parties are given at some comfortable country home, or made up to be enjoyed out of town in some hospitable inn, where a bevy of young girls are chaperoned by some older person. For these occasions the substantial gown is needed with a pretty waist or so, and perhaps one evening gown for a dance when in question.

For young girls going away from home on these short visits and where the grande toiletto is not required there are pretty costumes for the morning, afternoon and evening. If the house party is one where the home element prevails, there are short waists for the morning in flannels of cheerful colorings, as red, blue and bronze green. These waists can be advantageously trimmed with gilt buttons, or simply edged with a narrow gold braid. For the neck, a tie, which may be of white, black or of the same shade as the waist. Any of these can be worn with a black shirt, either in plain effects trimmed lightly in silk, or with a circular flounce which flares but does not touch the ground.

For afternoon wear nothing is prettier than a tasteful blouse of light taffeta, in one of the pastel shades, on which lace, chiffon and ribbon ornamentation is the admirable scheme. For woolen blouses there is a number of gilt thread cream braids which combine beautifully with an Irish crochet lace, or those of a coarser mesh that are generally used to trim these thicket materials.

For the lace evening blouse, guipure, point de Venise or any of the cream laces now so popular, ribbons and flowers form a pretty garniture for the neck, shoulder straps or for the elbow sleeves.

Besides these delicate waists there are pretty and inexpensive silk foulards in floral patterns and white woolen goods which are daintily trimmed with rows of satin or velvet ribbon in any color preferred. For the formal dinner or for the gown of evening wear there are simple lace toilets which may be of plain white net of small design in a square dot, or a coarse mesh, simply made or elaborately trimmed with a garniture of flowers and leaves, and yet each one is equipped in true girlish fashion, and the baby waist takes the lead in style.

Nowadays for these simple home gatherings there are muslins and Swisses which are daintily made with insertion and Valenciennes and worn over slips in colors of apple green, rose, pink and blue. The sash and shoulder straps would match the underskirt in tone, while the waists can be low cut or high, as preferred.

But if the house party is one where the hostess is the center of a fashionable circle, then the toilets have to be more wisely chosen. There are costumes for the morning, out of door gowns, ball and dance creations of a superior sort and one or more pretty dresses for the formal dinner, luncheon or high teas. Morning wear shirt waists are inviting when made of delicately tinted cashmeres and woolen crepes de chine. These waists aer trimmed with gilt buttons or fancy buckles of pearl, silver or gilt. Those are worn with dainty collarettes, or stocks of velvet and lace, in which glittering stones are interspersed at regular intervals.

For afternoon wear there are fancy waists and elaborate gowns, in which many of the wool materials take an active part. These fancy waists are of brocade, panne velvet, and rich silks combined with thinner textures and ornamented with rhinestone buttons and the like. For the ball or dance, the evening gown varies and presents now quite a different aspect as far as sleeves are concerned. For the dinner gown they rae long and reach the elbow, while the regular ball gowns have smaller ones, and often only shoulder straps, or ball gowns the low cut neck is considered the smartest, and yet if the dress be too low, folds of tulle are put in, a dainty treatment that is most becoming.

Among pretty waists that charm the eye the black and white is one always new. To most complexions it gives a soft glow, and so well odes it adapt itself to any function that, if prettily made, it meets almost every occasion. This season embroidery as a trimming is seen in the pure white silk as well as on velvet and panne or any of those foreign materials whose incandescent tones are such a triumph in coloring. Buttons are all the craze and make great headway in the finishing of gowns, waists and even for ordinary morning attire. They not only form a charming decoration for the waist, but they overlap collar and sleeves. They trim the skirt, are carried half way up seams and make a wonderfully pretty effect down the center line of a street waist. No dress is complete without them, so esential are they for the costume of today.

When the tea gown first came into fashion it partook more of a lounging robe than an elegant article of dress. But now the votaries of fashion declare that at home one must be well dressed, yet comfortable, and so this charming combination of soft fabrics, ribbons and lace has developed into a princess gown that can be worn at an informal home dinner, or if made stylish enough, at a company luncheon. The tea gowns for the season are those of white crepe de chine, meteor crepe, soft satin or some of the fine woolen fabrics now so much in vogue, trimmed with lace, either of the same tone, or a deep cream in which there are so many charming designs. As a choice selection in colors gray is exceedingly chic and dainty, particularly when the dress and trimming are in one tone, even to the colored laces which are found among the novelties in mid-winter fashions.

Another style much considered is of liberty silk made in a princess effect, the neck rather low, cut over which is a Marie Antoinette fichu that ties at the front and falls to the hem of the skirt. This gown has close fitting silk sleeves, trimmed at wrist with lace, with loose oversleeves in a pretty all over lace that falls from the shoulder to the elbow and is finished by a deep frill in the same dainty design.

There are other models equally stunning. One superior to the rest is a black and white lace over a white silk lining. The skirt, full and long, is finished by full, very full, ruches. The waist is trimmed here and there with folds of turquoise blue velvet over which falls a full bertha of lace like that of the skirt. The sleeves of this gown are long and made af black lace over a white silk lining fitting in bell shape and the wrists in which a ruche and lace are the pretty finish.

Of course these garments are expensive as to cost, the delicate lace overdress bringing often a considerable sum, not to say anything of the number of rich materials that make up as foundations for these elegant creations. In these days the modiste is an artist who selects colors and tints that harmonize and who applies them with the same perception as a painter does to his canvas.

It has been stated by those who hold the making of grand toilette as an every-day art that Brussels net is to the front again, and this time in white or black or in a combination of the two. It at least has this advantage, it is more durable than other thinner materials, and can be either simply made or be elaborately furnished and form a charming gown for smart functions. These nets are now much in favor over pretty inexpensive silks or satins, and are trimmed with rows of satin ribbon in any of the different tints, or with black or white silk ruches. If preferred, they can be tucked, the skirt, waist and sleeves forming a mass of graduating tones and the whole daintily trimmed with ribbons of any hue desired. If a costume is to be selected there are any number of winter colors that fill the demand. These hues have now divided themselves in two classes, as "those of the old world dyes and the brilliant effects of Parisian taste." In the last century we had the watteau brocades and brocatelles, the pompadour pinks and Dresden blues and those iridescent shades which we find in pastel colors in which garlands of flowers and empire wreaths are the lovely design. Now each of these delightful tints is manufactured in crepe de chine, cashmere and other woolen fabrics of which there are infinite shades.

The scented dinner gown is a pretty extravagance of spring. It costs money to smell nicely, but there is really no more attractive feature about a woman's gown. Sachet is used, not in the lining, but in little bags which are disposed in convenient places under the gown. The latest French wrinkle is to stuff the hollow, just at the front of the shoulders, with a bag in which there lies a deal of violet sachet.

The muffs are perfumed with it and a few little bags are concealed in the stock and in the front of the gown. The French make this as much a feature of good gowning as good linings, and the manner in which the up-to-date dresses are scented would make more than a fashion volume.

It is not the real thing to use always the same perfume. One gets tired of it, but a variety is much liked. One day a violet odor, next day cut rose, next day pink, and so on through the list of sweet smells. The French, too, with an ideal delicacy, match the lining to the odors and that lovely daintiness of person which is so noticeable wherever it exists, is detected at once.

There is no more desirable trait of dress than absolute neatness. That masculine peculiarity which compels the throwing aside of all garments worn more than a day or so; and in the case of collars and cuffs, an hour or so, is rarely found in the feminine persuasion, yet it is one of the most attractive features of fashionable gowning, and one which the couturieres are preaching and teaching. They advise the wearing of satin and silk cuffs that can be slipped off and sent to the cleaners, and they will show you lists of materials that can be tubbed, though you would never suspect such plebeian possibilities.

The latest veiling is more apt to meet with approbation from the oculist than some of the styles to which we have been accustomed of late. It is elaborate, but the elaboration is confined to the top and bottom, the veil being plain across the eyes.

White mousseline de sole is much favored this winter for evening gowns, lace trimmed and spangled.

Strings of pearls are festooned on bodices and form shoulder straps.

Large windmill bows of black velvet, with diamonds in the center, figure on the front of bodices and sometimes on the points of the shoulders.

For the Louis IV coats, which have met with special favor for day and evening wear, flowered and striped silks answer best.

Moire antique and gros grain silk are on the fashionable list again, and wraps, gowns, separate skirts and waists are made from these much prized silks a generation and more ago.

The spring dress shoe, we are told, is to be the colonial toe, modeled on the shoe worn by women in Revolutionary days. The chief feature is the high flaring leather tongue, ornamented with a buckle, which may be as simple or ornate as the wearer desires.

Rhinestones and jet are combined in some of the ornaments seen on the latest models in millinery.

By a process known only in Paris, light, tawny sable can now be transformed into an exact imitation of dark Russian sable, the transformation being accomplished by a clever system of indelible satin.

Embroidery is used more and more. The applications of cretonne are by no means out of date, but are used on a good many evening dresses, and are, therefore, combined with the embroideries which are produced. The everlasting sequins appear on nearly every gown in the form of embroidery in more or less quantity; it may be only a glint of the tinsel, but there it almost invariably will be.

One of the newest pendants is a quaintly shaped pearl that has been converted into a swan, finely enameled on the obverse side. A novelty on a brooch is in the form of gold feathers on which turquoise and rubies the set.

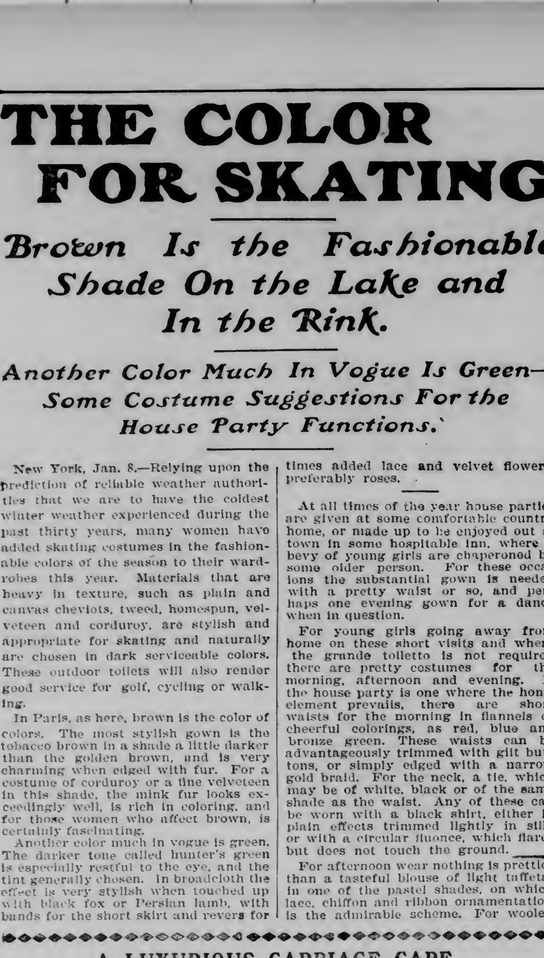
Chic waists for afternoon wear are fashioned in strips of embroidered and sequined net and black velvet ribbon an inch wide, both made up on a crepe de sole lining and fastening over to the left with low-cut collar. They have a small habit basque, and all the edges are finished with a tiny plaited frill of black chiffon.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

The electric spark goes through every vein and every nerve. A pleasant feeling creeps over the soul after taking Rocky Mountain Tea, making young the aged and feeble. Ask your druggist.

A LUXURIOUS CARRIAGE CAPE.



Fur lined capes are now relegated to carriage uses and are seen no more on the street. This beautiful model of pearl grey broadcloth, is lined with ermine and bordered with white fox. From Jno. Rusitz Fur Co.

FUR NOVELTY.



Leather coats and waistcoats are Fashion's latest. This wrap is composed of a leather jacket over which is worn a mink bolero.

ELEGANT SEALSKIN JACKET.



The ermine vest and undersleeve is the thing of the moment for the dress sealskin jacket. When to these revers covered with cream lace over white satin are added a broad belt and wristbands of embroidered Persian, the effect is rich beyond description. This beautiful little coat has coat tails at the back and a standing collar of the seal with an inner collar of ermine. From Revillon Freres.

GIVE HER A CHANCE!

County President W.C.T.U., Mrs. H. F. Roberts, of Kansas City,

Says to All Sick Women: "Give Mrs. Pinkham a Chance, I Know She Can Help You as She Did Me."

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—The world praises great reformers; their names and fames are in the ears of everybody, and the public press helps spread the good tidings. Among them all Lydia E. Pinkham's name goes to posterity with a softly breathed blessing from the lips of thousands upon thousands of women who have been restored to their families when life hung by a thread, and by thousands of others whose weary, aching limbs you have quickened and whose pains you have taken away.



MRS. H. F. ROBERTS.

"I know whereof I speak, for I have received much valuable benefit myself through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and for years I have known dozens of women who have suffered with displacement, ovarian troubles, ulcerations and inflammation who are strong and well today, simply through the use of your Compound. I feel sure you will never know one-half the good you have done humanity, and I only wish every suffering woman could know what you can do for her, would she only just give you the chance. Fraternally yours, MRS. H. F. ROBERTS, 1404 McGee St., Kansas City, Mo."

Women, do you realize the generosity of Mrs. Pinkham's freely offered advice?

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham. She will understand your case perfectly, and will treat you with kindness. Her advice is free, and the address is Lynn, Mass. No woman ever regretted having written her, and she has helped thousands. Her medicine, **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, is the true help for nervous, sick and ailing women. It regulates the monthly sickness and overcomes all those uterine derangements that excite the nerves. This is the easy and the right way to get the help you need. Read the letters from the women she has helped.

When women are troubled with irregularities, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, indigestion, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, inflammation of the ovaries, general debility, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

$5000 REWARD Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

STRANGE SERPENT.

An enormous reptile, more like the mythical dragon than a land serpent, has been killed by a hunter in the lower Everglades.

For 100 years it has not only been a tradition among the Seminole Indians, who inhabited the border of Lake Okeechobee, but it is stated as fact within the knowledge of some of the Indians now living that an immense serpent made its home in the Everglades and has carried off at least two Indians. The Indians report the animal to be snake-like in appearance, with ears like a deer that it has only been seen in the Everglades, and that it is wild, and that when it travels it frequently stops, raises its head high above the saw grass to take a view of the surroundings to discover enemies or locate victims, which may be a deer, bear, hog or some other animal. If frightened it glides off at immense speed.

These stories have kept the venturesome hunter and trapper on his guard and in a state of more or less anxiety, notwithstanding they did not give credence to these Indian stories. Recently, Buster Ferrel, one of the boldest and most noted hunters at Okechobee, who for twenty years has made the border of the lake and the Everglades his home, on one of his periodical expeditions into one of these lonesome wilds, noted what he supposed to be the pathway of an immense alligator. For several days he visited the locality for the purpose of killing the saurian, but was unsuccessful in finding him. His pride as a hunter was piqued at the failures, and his desire to secure the hide of what he felt to be one of the largest alligators ever seen in Florida grew daily. He studied some plan to outwit it. A large express tree stood near its pathway, and he concluded that the best thing for him to do would be to climb this tree and take a stand for his "gatorship." He, accordingly prepared himself and took a position in the tree.

For two days he stood on watch with his rifle ready, but without the desired success. He was becoming discouraged, but determined to give one more day to the effort. On the third day, before he had been on his perch an hour, he was almost paralyzed by what looked to him like an immense serpent gliding along the supposed alligator track. He estimated it to be anywhere from twenty to thirty feet long and fully ten to twelve inches in diameter where the head joined the body, and as large around as a barrel ten feet further back.

The snake stopped within easy reach of gun, and raised its head to take a precautionary view of his surroundings. As it did, Ferrel opened fire on it, shooting at its head. Taken by surprise the serpent dashed into the marsh at railroad speed, while Ferrel kept up fire until he had emptied the magazine of his rifle, but failed to stop it.

About four days afterward he ventured back into the neighborhood to see how things were, and about a mile from where he first saw the snake he saw a large flock of buzzards, and went to see what they were after, and there he found the creature dead and its body so badly torn by the buzzards that it was impossible to save the skin. He, however, secured its head, and has it now in his home on the Kissimee river. It is truly a frightful looking object, fully ten inches from jaw to jaw, with ugly razor-like teeth.

He described the animal as a dark color on the back, with a dingy white beneath, and with feelers around its mouth similar to catfish. He has now gone back into the swamp with the intention of securing the skeleton and bringing it back, after which he will send to the Smithsonian Institute in Washington. Scientists who have investigated the matter are convinced that the animal is not a land serpent.

rk½ rhff dfg¾nlyoginKcsmhfrwdylpu

Jewel boxes in the form of miniature dress suit cases are a novelty. They are to be had in different shades of leather and are velvet lined.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend**, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

BEMIDJI.

Bemidji, Jan. 11.—The county commissioners met Tuesday to hold their first annual meeting. They re-elected Wes Wright as chairman. The various committees are the same as last year. They selected the grand and petit juries, which will appear in our next issue. They listened to the merits of a school squabble in the town of Moose, and transacted other routine business. An important ruling was made in the matter of taking care of the county poor. There being no money in the poor fund, the practice of certain lumber camps of sending sick or injured men to the county commissioners for care must therefore stop. The following resolution was unanimously adopted: "Resolved, that owing to the fact that there are no moneys in the poor fund of the county, the county physician is hereby directed to notify all lumber camp owners and managers, and men in camps, that all workmen applying to the county for medical or other relief, and who are not provided with hospital tickets, will be immediately returned to the camp where the man last worked, and the said camp owner will be required to care for him." The official printing was let for the year to the Pioneer at legal rates, the publishers agreeing that such work should also appear in the Sheylin Advocate, Bar ey Independent and Blackduck Times.

According to the books of Clerk of Court Speedman, 132 marriage licenses were issued for residents of this county last year.

The following officers will conduct the Rebekah lodge the coming year: N. G., Mrs. William Casler; V. G., Mrs. Trask; R. S. J. K. attest; F. S., Mrs. Gelt; T., Mrs. George McTaggart. They will meet on the first and third Wednesdays of each month.

Garnet Peterson arrived Tuesday from Barnesville, Minn., where he has been teaching school. He is the eldest son of J. Peterson, Jr.

Miss McLennan returned from Minneapolis Sunday.

Mrs. McLennan informally entertained a few young people for Miss Espie, Jan. 4, in honor of Miss Henderson.

John Raymond left Tuesday morning for St. Cloud to take a post graduate course at the normal school, from which he graduated last spring.

Dean Reynolds returned Saturday from Charles City, Iowa, where he visited his grand parents during the holidays.

John Mickleson, deputy head consul for the Woodmen of the Northwestern Minnesota district, is here in the interest of the local lodge, whose membership he expects to materially increase before he leaves.

It is understood that a shift in the route of the M. & N. north from Blackduck will be made to the east wnoch runs the line six hundred feet nearer the platted town of Bridgie.

W. F. Street arrived from his Missouri visit Monday, looking ten years younger and three inches taller than usual.

J. C. Plummer arrived from Cloquet Tuesday and has gone up to his claim on the Big Fork.

Mrs. J. M. Markham and son Walter returned Monday from a two weeks' visit in Seattle, Wash.

Mrs. John Graham returned Saturday from a visit with her parents at Red Lake Falls.

J. C. Burke returned Monday from a two weeks' visit in Southern Minnesota.

The Misses McMahon returned from Sauk Rapids Saturday, where they spent the holidays.

James Williams was bound over to the circuit court on the charge of robbing McLennan & Nelson's hardware store last month. Some of the stolen property was found on his person, but the evidence against the other suspect was not conclusive and he was discharged.

Mrs. I. M. Hartley returned to her home in Fosston last week.

Miss Edna Vickery spent last week in Blackduck with her sister.

Mrs. Pat McGarry came up from Walker Tuesday to join her husband here.

Earl Gell and wife returned Wednesday from their extended visit in South Dakota.

E. A. Barker left Wednesday for St. Charles, Minn., where his wife is visiting her folks.

The Modern Samaritans gave a public installation Monday night, and several hundred people gathered at the Opera house. Imperial Samaritan C. E. Lovett, of Duluth, in the capacity of installing officer, made the ceremony most impressive and beautiful. Addresses were made by Mr. Lovett, Good Samaritan Wheelock, Neighbor Russell and others, and a recitation was given by Miss Vickery.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Tillie Hill has returned to her home at Pike river, after spending the summer in town.

Mrs. Kenna went to Duluth Friday, returning the following day.

Mrs. C. H. McDermitt is receiving an extended visit from her sister.

Miss Mary Schur returned Monday from Duluth, where she has been spending the holidays with friends.

Miss Carrie Truman, of Two Harbors, was in town Saturday, the guest of the Misses McGraw.

Harry Lewis has returned from Minneapolis, where he spent the holidays.

Miss Mabel Trevena returned to Winona Monday after a two weeks' visit with her parents.

Miss Lucy Peterson, of Eveleth, was in town for a few hours Monday.

Mrs. Exye returned from Duluth Saturday, where she transacted business.

Mrs. William Brenan was over from Virginia Monday. They are making that place their home for the winter months.

Misses Woodbridge and Flynn, of Two Harbors, were in town Saturday visiting friends.

Miss Jeanette Glassner went to Eveleth Saturday, returning Monday.

Mrs. J. D. Schilling returned from Duluth Saturday, after spending a few days in that city.

William LaPoint returned to Stevenson Saturday after spending the holidays among friends.

Two sleigh loads of young people, twenty-four in number, drove over to Eveleth Friday evening, going by way of McKinley and Sparta. They partook of refreshments at Eveleth after a few experiences such as one load tipping over and a few receiving a few bumps they returned to town at 4:20 a. m.

John Tulle has bought out the interest of his brother, Andrew, of the firm of Erickson & Talle, grocery store.

John Hollot and Miss Marie Stipltz, of this place, were married at Eveleth Tuesday. They will make Biwabik their home for the winter.

Dr. Bray made a flying trip to Duluth Saturday on business.

Frank S. Colvin has gone to Duluth to serve his term on the petit jury.

Mr. and Mrs. William Smith have returned from Soudan where they spent the holidays with their daughter.

A. O. Winters, who has been city electrician, since the opening of the electric light plant, has resigned his position here and has been succeeded by Mr. Gibbins, of St. Paul, who will only fill the place temporarily.

Lew Wilson, of Eveleth, was in town for a few hours Monday.

Ed Kinney came over from Missabe Thursday and spent a few days in town with relatives.

Mrs. Wilson and daughter, Maude, returned to Tower Thursday, after spending a few days in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Pickett.

The public reading room has received a donation from the Duluth Book and Stationery company. The rooms have been closed this week on account of the many cases of sickness in town.

James Burwick, a Two Harbors conductor and well known evangelist, has been holding gospel meetings in town this week. They were held at the homes of Messrs. Cummings and Wheeler.

Miss Annie Fritzburg is confined to her home with an attack of diphtheria.

John Costen, of Virginia, was in town Thursday on business.

Mrs. Carmichael and children have returned to their homes in Champion, Mich., after spending the holidays with relatives.

Misses Rome and Olstad visited among friends at Sparta Sunday.

The young boys in town are thinking seriously of organizing a band here.

Quite a number of the young people from here went over to Virginia Friday to attend the masquerade ball given there by the junior class of the school.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Methodist church met at the home of Mrs. Eyer Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Johnson went down to Duluth Saturday, returning Monday.

N. Pemble, depot agent for the Duluth, Missabe & Northern, has returned from a month's visit with relatives in Pennsylvania.

Max Glassner returned to Duluth today where he resumes his school work Monday after spending his three weeks' vacation at home with his parents.

The vacancy in the Congregational pulpit has not as yet been filled.

Humane Officer Withrow, of Duluth, was in town a few days last week.

W. H. Campbell has returned from Duluth, where he was a few days on business.

Miss May Lange expects to leave Monday for Hancock, where she will attend school.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Merchant Klink is building an addition to his block on Grand avenue.

Superintendent McDougall of the Roberts mine visited friends at Virginia on Wednesday.

Vina Krompasky is visiting with her aunt, Mrs. Frank Faber, at Biwabik, for a few days.

Contractors Watt and McDanold have about completed their contract for furnishing ice for the Iron Range horses for the present. It is reported that the Iron Range is to build another large ice house at Embon, which will be filled later with ice from Embarrass lake. The ice is now nearly two inches in thickness.

E. Parmalee is now loading about three carloads of logging per day at his skidways on the Roberts mine spur and is shipping it to the Franklin mine at Virginia.

Martin Bros., of Duluth, have commenced shipments of pulpwood from their camps near Thomas, to Eau Claire, Wis., at the rate of forty cords per day.

James Cowling, of Ely, has been appointed master mechanic at the Clark mine.

General Manager W. J. Olcott looked over the corporation's mines in this locality Friday and Saturday.

C. F. Joslen, of Two Harbors, was in town Friday.

Mrs. Ada Carson, of this place, and William Campau were married at Biwabik last Wednesday.

Peyton, Kimball & Barber expect to soon commence shipping logs by rail to Duluth from their camps near the Whiteface river.

A number of miners from this section recently departed fro Minot, N. D., where they will be employed developing a lignite coal mine.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Twanette Dash, of Duluth, was the guest of Belle Hermann Friday.

Mrs. T. E. Bowles returned from her visit in St. Paul Friday.

Belle Hermann, who was home during the holidays, returned Saturday to Kalamazoo college.

Mrs. Brice, of Duluth, spent a few days here with her husband.

Mr. Messler, of Duluth, has taken a position as bookkeeper at the Hurd refrigerator factory.

Adolph Duttenhoffer, who has been the guest of his sister, Mrs. U. C. Tower, for two weeks, left Sunday for Southern Wisconsin.

Henry Dumas spent a few days in the city this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Tupper were callers in the city Monday.

Miss S. A. Smith spent a few days in Duluth this week.

Zella Hurbert gave a party to her many little friends Tuesday, it being her seventh birthday.

Mrs. Broon was a shopper in Duluth Tuesday.

Ithol Becklinger visited her sister, Mrs. Clay Giddings, of Duluth, a few days this week.

Fred Hermann was a business caller in the city Tuesday.

On Tuesday evening the Modern Woodmen Camp 2886 held a public installation of their newly elected officers. The families and friends of the order were present in large numbers. After the exercises were over ice cream and cake were served and a very pleasant evening was spent by all.

Malvin Becklinger did business in Duluth Wednesday.

Mr. Chriske, of Stevens Point, Wis., who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Dardis, returned to his home Wednesday.

Mrs. Frank Widdell visited relatives in the city Wednesday.

At a regular meeting of the Royal Neighbors on Wednesday evening their newly elected officers were installed, Miss Willner, of West Duluth, acting as installing officer.

Martin Emberton, of Hibbing, is spending a few days with his family here this week.

Frank Wilson spent Wednesday in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. William Bowser, formerly of this place, but now of Bemidji, arrived here Thursday morning. They are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Tower.

Mrs. Frank Brand and Mrs. Gustafson were shoppers in Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. Frank Melhorn was visiting here Thursday.

Mr. Wolf came over from South Superior Thursday. He secured employment at the Hurd refrigerator factory.

A joint installation of officers of the Knights and Lady Maccabees lodges was held on Thursday evening at their hall. After the ceremonies a silver cake basket was presented to the retiring commander of the Lary Maccabees, Mrs. Oliver Knudsen, as a token of appreciation of her services.

Miss Peterson, of Fond du Lac, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Duluth.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, Jan. 11.—At the council meeting Monday night a proposition by John Beckfelt was presented to that body, but it was not looked at with favor by any member of the board. It provided for an electric light franchise and contract with the village. The village attorney was instructed to meet Mr. Beckfelt's attorney and draw up such an ordinance as in their opinion they think might answer, but it is thought that no franchise or contract will be entered into. The council, however, will make an attempt to dispose of bonds sufficient to purchase the plant and improve and enlarge its capacity to met the requirements of our citizens.

Dr. George Gilbert has quarantined two camps in Itasca county, from which men with small pox had come to town. This work is very difficult as the camps are some distance from town and many men are on the roads.

At a recent meetnig of the library board it was unanimously decided that a site for a library should be purchased at once, and as the board has sufficient funds on hand to close a deal on four lots near the city hall which have been offered at a good figure, the board will take steps toward securing them.

At a meting of the county board Tuesafternoon, Commissioner A. D. Brooks, of Deer River, was re-elected chairman of the board. Dr. Russell was appointed county physician at a salary of $80 per month. Dr. Gilbert was appointed county health officer at a salary of $20 per month. The salary of county superintendent of schools was nicreased from $400 to $500. The judge of probate receives the same salary as last year, $500. J. E. Gill & Co., of Hill City, were given a contract for the building of a mile of road between Grand Rapids and that place.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McCormick, New Year's eve, a boy.

Rev. Palm will conduct services in the Presbyterian church Sunday as usual.

Miss Morford, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Sheldon during the holidays, has returned to her home in Minneapolis.

J. M. Dempsey returned Monday from a trip into North Dakota.

Dr. and Mrs. Conklin, of West Superior, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Mather last week.

Last Thursday evening a farewell party was given for the Misses Atiklh and King, who were about to leave for Owatonna, to attend school.

Mrs. George Booth returned Tuesday from Litchfield, where she has been visiting friends and relatives for several weeks.

Chester Pratt has returned to Minneapolis where he is attending school, he having spent the holidays with his parents in this village.

Mrs. Dr. Browning, who has been visiting with the family of her brother, Thomas Benton, returned to her home in Duluth last Friday.

John Magnuson, an employe of Price Bros., was instantly killed by a falling limb which struck him on the head. The body was brought to Grand Rapids and will be buried from the undertaking rooms of George F. Kremer. The deceased has a brother somewhere in this state and steps are being taken to locate him.

John McKinnon and wife of West Superior, spent the holidays with Mr. McKinnon's parents in this city.

The Misses Edith Atiklh and Bernice King left Monday for Owatonna where they will attend the Pillsbury academy.

On Tuesday last, at Duluth, Miss Ruth Day and Arthur Brown were united in marriage. Both of the young people are well known in Itasca county and have a great many friends. Miss Day teaches school at Blackberry and Mr. Brown it a teacher at Trout Lake.

Elmer Wykhuisen has sold his farm which is located about two miles out of town on the Pokegama road and also his homestead at Little Trout lake, and he and his family will leave Grand Rapids in a few days for Barron county, Wis., where he has purchased an improved farm.

Deputy Game Warden McCormick is making life miserable for the men who persist in catching fish contrary to the laws of the state. Last week he secured the conviction of a man for illegal fishing in Trout lake and this week Capt. Mann was sentenced by Judge Ellson to sixty days in jail for the same offense.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—P. G. Pastoret has secured the contract to put in the heating apparatus and do the plumbing at the new Budd hospital.

Miss Kate McLaughlin is reported on the sick list.

Miss Anna Hanson has gone to Eau Claire, Wis., to spend the winter with relatives.

William Wabler has gone to Calumet, Mich., for a short visit with relatives.

Harry Holliday visited relatives at Carlton, Minn., this week.

Mrs. Charles Cotter and Mrs. James Shea visited with Mrs. John McGraw at Biwabik last week.

Owing to the increase in the log business the Iron Range have put on two more train crews to run between here and Tower Junction. They are now hauling about 160 carloads of logs from here and 100 carloads from Knife river to Duluth each twenty-four hours.

It is reported that the employes on the Iron Range passenger trains are to be uniformed in the near future.

W. J. Cowling, of the Savoy mine, Ely, visited with relatives here on Saturday.

Paul Barcom is now working on the Iron Range freight running between Duluth and Eveleth.

Superintendent Thomas Owens and family returned Saturday from a ten days' visit at their old home at Oshkosh, Wis.

H. J. Lauer has returned from a two weeks' vacation, which he spent with his parents at Elk River, Minn., and has resumed his duties at dispatcher for the D. & I. R.

Miss Florence Doerr visited with Duluth friends Saturday.

Anthony Sinorski has returned from Duluth, where he has been working for the past few weeks.

Mrs. William Blake is reported on the sick list this week.

The Iron Range are putting up electric lights this week to light the platform at the passenger station.

Joseph Lager went to Minneapolis on a business trip yesterday.

Frankman Bros. & Morris received this week some of the finest piling yet seen here to be used on No. 4 dock. It is all from sixty to seventy-four feet in length, and came from LeClar, Wis., a station on the South Shore road.

The school were opened Monday morning after a holiday vacation, with an increased attendance, the new high school building being occupied for the first time and is a decided improvement over the other buildings.

Mrs. M. O. Auholee visited with Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Miller at Ely over Sunday.

Relief Agent N. R. Miller came down from Virginia Saturday to assist Agent G. A. Rook during Operator Hoeper's sickness.

Jaunes Towne has resumed his duties as operator at the yard office.

M. M. Hanna visited with relatives at Duluth Saturday. Merl will take a course at the Duluth Business University this winter.

It is reported that a colony of Iowa farmers have purchased property and will settle in the valley of the Knife river. The soil there is the best to be found in this section. It is not stony and is easily cleared.

L. V. Beckman and August Lund departed Saturday to spend a week on the claim of the former near Cloquet river.

P. J. Welch expects to depart about Feb. 1 for a six weeks trip to the Charleston exposition, Cuba and New Orleans.

Mrs. Walter Wright visited friends at Duluth Friday and Saturday.

William Pepperling has recovered from his recent attack of typhoid fever and has resumed his duties as night policeman.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. met at the association parlors Wednesday afternoon.

C. F. Joslen transacted business at Duluth on Saturday.

Prof. W. E. Hill will give another series of lectures at the First Presbyterian church Jan. 20, 21 and 22. His last lectures were among the best yet heard here.

Mike Garrety has commenced the erection of a house on his farm at Waldo to take the place of his resort, which was burned last week.

Assistant Engineer W. A. McGonagle, of the Iron Range, was up from Duluth looking over the dock work Saturday.

M. Grinberg has rented the apartments at the rear of the North Shore hotel recently vacated by H. A. Douglas and has opened a shoe shop therein.

Parson F.E Evans looked after his property interests at Highland Friday.

Mrs. M. Magnuson, of Highland, gave birth to a eleven-pound boy at the Budd hospital Friday morning.

Paul Houde has again resumed work at the shops after his recent injury.

The putting on of more passenger trains by the D. & I. R. appears to have increased their business instead of dividing it up, as supposed would result, for all the trains seem as crowded as when only one train was run daily.

Northern Pacific engine 1140 passed through here Saturday on her way to the Duluth & Northeastern railway at Hornby and Island Lake, it having been leased by this company for the winter.

Horace Andrews has returned from Endion, where he has been working the past couple of weeks.

Dr. and Mrs. R. J. Sewall were Duluth visitors on Friday.

Abraham Collins, of Ely, was in town on Saturday.

M. T. Hannon transacted business at Duluth Monday.

Henry Nelson, an employe of the Nester estate at their camps on the Gooseberry river, had his skull fractured Monday by a limb falling from a tree and striking him, from the effects of which he died the next day. His remains were brought to the morgue here and are being held in an endeavor to locate relatives, who are supposed to live in Kandiyohi county, this state. One hundred dollars was found on his body and he had a month's wages due when killed.

Contracting Freight Agent G. R. Westcott, of the C. M. & St. P. railway, transacted business here on Thursday.

Conductor George R. Smith, one of the oldest and most popular employes of the D. & I. R., who has been unwell for some time past, departed for El Paso, Tex., where he will spend a few months to better his health. Conductor C. W. Hart went along to look after him.

Rev. Father Sneders was a Tower visitor Thursday and Friday.

J. M. Ray has been on the sick list the past week.

Assistant Superintendent A. D. Holliday departed Monday on a month's vacation, which he will spend visiting Kansas City and other Southwestern points. Chief Dispatcher Welch is relieving him and Dispatcher R. B. Elliott is acting as chief dispatcher.

Mr. and Mrs. John Stein rejoice over the arrival of a son at their home Wednesday.

F. W. Hiller, a popular conductor of the Iron Range, and Miss Ida St. Denis, a prominent young lady of West Superior, were married at this place Wednesday evening. The young couple departed on Thursday's train for a short visit at the Twin Cities, after which they will return and make their home here.

President House and Chief Engineer Angst, of the D. & I. R., looked after the track construction here on Thursday.

Joseph Mack had one of his legs broken by falling from a box car in the yards here Tuesday evening.

Jeff Tennant departed this week for a short visit with relatives at Morrison, Ill.

W. A. Avery, the Saginaw, Mich., lumberman, looked after his logging interests in this vicinity a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Shea returned Monday from Binghampton, N. Y., where they visited during the holidays.

Wednesday morning's train brought in he body of Peter Nelson, a section employe of the Iron Range at Highland. Nelson had been drinking heavily and it is supposed led from the effects of it. His body was taken in charge and buried by the county.

J. A. McDermott, formerly of Biwabik, was in town a few days this week.

Merchant J. H. Nordby returned Saturday from a business trip to the Twin Cities.

A house social for the benefit of the Presbyterian church was given at the home of Mrs. William Irwin last evening.

W. S. Prentiss, of Minneapolis, transacted business here a few days this week.

The county commissioners are asking for bids for fifty cords of birch wood, bids to be sent to the auditor before Feb. 4.

W. A. Johnston came up from Endion Thursday and is reported on the sick list.

General Yardmaster F. E. Helm, of the Iron Range, is taking a two weeks' vacation and is visiting up the line.

E. H. Schriener returned from St. aul on Wednesday.

Senator Evans, while up from Endion Wednesday to attend the Hiller-St. Denis wedding, had the misfortune to step on a nail, running it through his foot, and will be laid up for some time.

Con Sullivan, of Ely, who played with the baseball team here last summer and is well known here, had one of his legs broken by falling from a box car while switching there Thursday.

Miss Hirsch and Miss Braley, of the public schools, have been unable yet to return from their holiday vacation on account of sickness.

Messrs. A. P. Russell and J. J. Woolsey transacted business at Duluth on Monday.

J. M. Burwick departed this week for Creston, Iowa, where he will hold Evangelist meetings with the employes of the C., M. & S. P. railway.

George Patterson and J. B. Hurley went to Grand Lake with the Duluth Logging and Contracting company's leased locomotive Saturday, rode eighteen miles from there to Duluth by team Sunday and returned here the same evening.

John Lindgren, a section hand, had one of his legs fractured by being run over with a hand car at St. Louis river Thursday. He was brought to the hospital here for treatment.

Messrs. P. Barcom and B. E. Andrews were up from Endion to spend Sunday with their families.

Owing to the increase in log business the Iron Range has put on another log train, running between here and Duluth.

Conductor William Weese is in charge.

Emil Seligman was up from West Superior looking after his property interests here on Wednesday.

Miss Nellie Murphy was a Duluth visitor on Saturday.

W. C. Winton has disposed of his interests in the Two Harbors Lumber company to J. H. Linz. Mr. Linz will remove the stock to his own yard on Birch street and this yard will be closed.

George Watts was down from Biwabik to spend Saturday with his family.

The harbor is still clear of ice and the boats make their regular trips here on their way down the shore. The prevailing winds the past week have been southerly.

A man named George Halmquist employed by O'Brien & Long at their camp near Cloquet river, had one of his legs broken and badly bruised Sunday by a log rolling on it. He was brought to the hospital here by a special train, which was chartered.

Though no special business was transacted at the council Tuesday evening, the report of Water Tax Collector Martin for the third quarter ending Jan. 6, is interesting. It shows receipts, $2942.10; disbursements, $1961.12, and net earnings for the quarter, $980—a fine percentage—the cost of the water plan being in the neighborhood of $30,000. The village treasurer reported a balance of $1407 cash in the treasury. The committee appointed to investigate the matter of Contractor Bell trespassing on the property of Cordelia A. Parker, of Duluth, and taking gravel therefrom for the Third avenue west, reported that they had conferred with all the parties concerned and expected the matter would soon be settled satisfactorily. They expected to make final report within three weeks. Bills to the amount of $136 were allowed.

The past ten days have furnished another chapter of accidents. In addition to those already mentioned on Monday, Elof Swederborg, while working on the gravel spreader at Highland let the crank slip and it flew around, striking him on the side of the face, tearing the flesh, breaking his jaw and will leave him marked for life. He was brought to this place for treatment. On Friday Fred W. Allen had his thumb crushed at the shops by letting a sledge hammer fall on it. William Shafer, an employe of the Red Cliff Lumber company at Highland was down Sunday to have one of his hands attended to, having been accidently cut and the tendon nearly severed. On Thursday Engineman Lynch was severely injured at Endion by being caught between his engine and the stand pipe. He was brought to the hospital here.

Mrs. D. Daly visited with her sister Mrs. E. K. Hughes at Embarrass Thursday.

Dock Agent H. L. Holden departed Thursday to attend the meeting of the Lake Carriers' association at Detroit, Mich. Miss Herma Holden accompanied him and will visit relatives at Boston, Mass., during the winter.

Manager A. E. Sletto, of the Two Harbors Lumber company, departed Tuesday for Gibbon, Minn., where he will reside in the future.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fred Wirth left Monday morning for Hibbing, where he has a situation in a meat market.

Judge Van Blarcom, of Ely, was a caller here Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Gheen returned Thursday evening from Duluth.

George Hardy was down from Ely over Sunday.

Miss Nellie Porter arrived in the city this week from Portage, Wis., for an extended visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Porter.

Capt. E. Morzom returned Thursday from Duluth.

Caspar Campaigne left Monday to attend to his school duties at Northfield.

Miss Mamie Erickson left Tuesday to visit with friends at Eveleth.

Miss Sullivan arrived in the city Monday evening from Wausaw, Wis., on her way to Hoochiching to teach school.

Roy McKenzie came up from Duluth Tuesday, and left the following morning for Koochiching.

Mrs. Grube returned to Duluth Monday after visiting over Sunday.

Mrs. John Swansen left Monday morning for an extended visit with her folks at Reed City, Mich.

Bert Brooker came up from Eveleth the first of the week.

Sam Shapiro was attending to legal business in Ely Tuesday.

C. C. Oppell and O. W. Gates returned Tuesday from their business trip at Eveleth.

Miss Angie Hickey arrived in the city Wednesday from Virginia for a couple of weeks' visit with her parents.

E. E. Bainbridge, of the Vermilion hotel, returned Wednesday evening from Duluth.

Miss Hazel Owens, of Duluth, is spending a week's visit at the home of N. J. Benson.

Mrs. Fred Wirth and children returned from their two weeks' visit at Sparta Saturday evening.

Mrs. Arthur Cramer, who has been visiting her parents here during the holidays, returned to Sparta Monday evening.

Mrs. C. C. Oppell is spending this week visiting relatives at Duluth.

John King was down from Harding Thursday.

Mrs. Dr. Delabane left Monday morning for Minneapolis, after an extended visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Congdon, Sr.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Carter and daughter spent Sunday at Ely.

Miss Levy Wilson returned Thursday from her few days' visit at Duluth.

Miss Ida Sanberg left Friday for an extended visit among relatives at Ely.

Dell Stanley Johnson, of St. Louis River, was a caller in the city Tuesday.

Miss Julia Johnson returned Friday evening from her visit at Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Lee were down from Ely Saturday visiting Mrs. J. Batthazard.

Max Shapiro was a business caller from Ely yesterday.

George Hunter, general manager of the Iron Range Brewing association, was transacting business in Ely Thursday.

Mrs. William Goss returned Thursday evening from her short visit at Eveleth.

Miss Phoena Bystrom returned Tuesday from her visit at Duluth.

James Bigelow returned Wednesday from his two weeks' trip at Minneapolis.

Joseph End came down from Koochiching the first of the week.

Miss Louise Lackie, of Duluth, is in the city on a visit with her brother "Doc."

A. E. and M. H. Peck departed Tuesday morning from Idaho, where they will reside this winter.

Dominick Baner left Monday for Ashland to be absent about two weeks.

Morris Simon and wife came up from St. Paul Wednesday for a few weeks' visit with relatives.

Frank Previlo has opened a night and day restaurant one door east of Horkey's harness shop.

Grant McMahon, of Ely, was a caller here Monday.

Paddy Noonon returned Saturday from his short trip at Duluth.

HIBBING.

Hibbing, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Superintendent Redfern returned today from a business trip to Duluth and the Twin Cities.

George Gilbrath, of Cass Lake, is a business visitor here this week.

Mrs. Max Greenblatt left Monday for Milwaukee, being summoned to the bedside of a sick brother.

The new bank will open up for business Monday. It will be known as the Mechanis' and Miners' Bank of Hibbing. W. J. Power is president and manager; A. N. Sicard, vice president; Lester G. Sicard, cashier. The two last named were formerly connected with the Lumbermen's and Miners' bank (now the First National) of this place.

Judge Likve left this morning for Duluth.

A girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stevens Thursday.

The horse races at Chisholm last Saturday resulted in a victory for Rhoderick, owned by J. A. Hales. Al Bowers agreed to defeat Rhoderick and O'Rourke's Bridget 250 feet in a mile with his Albert H. Rhoderick won in three straight heats.

Mrs. Hallett C. Morrill who, during the summer season here, won the first prize in the California tournament of roses, held at Pasadena last week.

John Mitchell, of Eveleth, is spending a few days here visiting friends.

The following officers were installed in Forest City lodge, No. 143, K. of P., Wednesday evening: W. J. Ryder, C. C.; David Graham, V. C.; P. J. Ryan, P.; H. McKeown, K. of R. & S.; Fred A. Klass, M. of E. and M. of F.; William H. Day, M. of A.; D. McAneney, I. G. A banquet followed the installation.

Arthur T. and John Haben left today for Saginaw, Mich. The former will return in a few weeks.

Joseph Marachini and Clara Nygroth were married Friday evening by Judge Conners.

James H. Morrison, of Duluth, was a business caller here yesterday.

Miss Carrie Webb entertained a party of friends last evening at her home on the Pilsbury addition.

MESABA.

Mesaba, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. L. Gheen and little son Pearl have returned to their home at Duluth, after a few days' visit with relatives.

Miss Josephine Gheau, Messrs. James M. Frink and F. Gheau were in Alden Junction between trains Thursday evening.

John Anderson is spending a few days with his family.

Miss Mae Schur, from Biwabik, visited her parents here a few days last week.

Mrs. Peterson and little daughter Margarite were in Duluth this week.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Cashier W. J. Smith, of the First National bank, is confined to his home this week with a severe attack of the grip.

Mrs. Fred Viger has returned home after a few days' visit with friends in McKinley, Minn.

Thomas McDonough, of Duluth, was in the city on business on Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

Merton R. Kingston and William R. Spencer of the state university left last Monday for Minneapolis, where they will again take up their studies for the balance of the year, after the holiday vacation.

Fergus Ellsworth left Monday for Northfield, Minn., where he has been attending Carlton college for the past year. He will not return until after the close of the present year's work in June.

Dr. Frederick Barrett has returned from a week's visit in Stillwater and St. Cloud.

Hugh McInnis has returned from a two weeks' visit with relatives and friends in St. Cloud and Minneapolis.

M. P. Shapiro left Thursday afternoon for a brief business trip to Tower.

G. A. Whitman, president of the First National bank, is spending the entire week here on business, owing to the illness of the cashier, Mr. Smith. He returns to Tower Saturday afternoon.

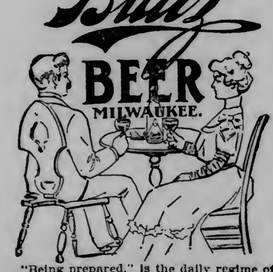
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National bank was held on Tuesday at the banking office. The following directors were elected for the ensuing year, being the same as for the past year, viz: J. W. Falk, Dr. W. E. Harwood, Hon. O. D. Kinney, of Duluth, M. P. Shapiro and G. A. Whitman, president.

Mrs. Ina Roberts, of Mankato, Minn., sister of Miss Clara Roberts, arrived in the city Monday evening with Miss Clara and has accepted a position in the city schools.

Professor A. P. Andrews and wife have returned to the city after a two weeks' vacation spent with relatives in the Twin Cities.

The week of prayer, which is now generally observed by churches throughout the country, is being observed by the Methodist church in this city. Short

Her Hospitality!



"Being prepared," is the daily regime of the truly hospitable. A cool bottle of BLATZ BEER, opened for the guest, is sure to prove most acceptable and refreshing. Have a case sent home.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE
(Non-Intox.) Tonic. All druggists or direct

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.
Duluth Branch, Telephone 62.

5

A Famous Name
Famous Whiskey

PICKWICK
RYE



Good in Emergencies.

Good at All Times.

Served by all the leading Clubs, Hotels and Buffets.

DISTILLERIES AT EMINENCE, KY. AND BALTIMORE, MD.

GEO. BENZ & SONS.
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

BRAIN FOOD.



Not long since there was a great run on the fish markets because it was announced that fish was food for the brain. Of course the fallacy of the fad was soon exploded. Normally the food we eat nourishes brain, nerves, muscle, bones, etc., each part of the body assimilating phosphorous salts, lime, according to its need. When the brain begins to show weakness or the nerves become sensitive it is a sign that there is a loss of the nutrition contained in the food eaten, and this loss is in general due to disease of the stomach, and its allied organs.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enables the perfect digestion and assimilation of food, which is the source of the strength of both brain and body.

"I was troubled with very frequent headaches," writes Miss Belle Summerton, of San Diego, Duval Co., Texas, "often accompanied by severe vomiting; bowels were irregular and my stomach and liver seemed continually out of order. Often I could eat almost nothing, and sometimes absolutely nothing, for seven-four hours at a time. I was entirely unfit for work, and my whole system seemed so run-down that I feared a severe sick spell and was very much discouraged. I was advised to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and did so with such satisfactory results that before finishing the third bottle I felt perfectly able to undertake duties attending public school life."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser in paper covers is sent *free*, on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

FIGPRUNE Cereal

Represents the highest standard of excellence in cereal coffee products

54% California figs and prunes, scientifically blended with 46% well ripened grain, makes a table beverage of rare quality.

In FIGPRUNE there is combined, with the delicious fruit flavor, all the nutritious and health-giving qualities of fruit and grain.

Boil from 5 to 10 minutes only.

ALL GROCERS SELL
FIGPRUNE CEREAL

preaching and prayer services are held every night this week at the church.

J. W. Lusk and wife left Tuesday afternoon for Hibbing, which city they will make their future home, Mr. Lusk being appointed agent of the Missabe road at that point. His many friends here will wish him deserved success in his new location.

P. E. Dowling returned Thursday evening from a four days' business trip to Duluth and other points.

William Coss left today for Tower where he will spend a few days with his family.

The entire Eveleth teaching force of sixteen teachers arrived in the city Monday evening for the long term's work, having spent the vacation at their various homes throughout the state.

Sam Owens returned from Duluth Tuesday night accompanied by his son, Harvey, who has been seriously ill with an attack of appendicitis in Duluth. He is now improving very rapidly.

Invitations have been issued for a ball on the evening of the fifteenth of this month by the Mesaba range telephone centrals. It will take place in Vail hall and La Brosse's orchestra will be present to furnish the music. Many visitors are expected from all over the range and the event promises to be a decided social success.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Despite the fact that the councils of the several range towns and cities have ignored the People's Telephone and Telegraph company in their petitions for permits to go ahead and establish and maintain telephonic communication between the several towns, the management has had a large force at work in and about this city the past week and have succeeded in erecting poles in the alleys on the north and south sides of Chestnut street, and are ready to string wires and give the subscribers a telephone service, but so long as their contracts call for a complete system by April 1 no attempt will be made to get connections by 'phone much sooner than that date and it is understood that every effort will be put forth now toward erecting poles between Eveleth and Virginia. At the last meeting of our common council an ordinance was passed which, if it ever gets to the printer, would have repealed ordinance No. 24, which gives the chairman of the streets and alleys committee the power to grant permits of the character asked for and received by the new company, but Mayor Thompson has put a damper on the proceedings for the time being as he has vetoed the ordinance thus it will again come up for consideration at the meeting Tuesday night next. The telephone "scrap" now on in this city is certainly a hot one and the citizens generally are disposed to feel kindly toward the new company in all cases but one and that is the fact that they have come to work and placed poles in the city limits without procuring the proper permit and there is no doubt but what stringent measures will be taken to put a stop to further work and the case will land in the hands of the lawyers if it continues to go the pace it has started.

The Modern Woodmen of America and the Royal Neighbors of Virginia will hold a joint installation of officers on the evening of Jan. 22. Past Venerable Consul E. A. Noble, formerly of Duluth camp No. 231, has consented to be present and officiate as installing officer for the Woodmen. A special program of music and recitation will be prepared and a good time is in store for the participants.

The Mesaba Telephone company operators have issued invitations to a grand ball, which will take place at Vail hall, Eveleth, Wednesday evening next.

The Fraternal Order of Eagles, of this city, elected officers for the present year at their regular meeting Sunday afternoon as follows: Thomas R. Patterson, president; Thomas St. Cyr, vice president; W. R. Bryine, secretary; A. E. Bickford, treasurer; George C. Smith, chaplain; James Lockery, conductor; Charles J. Doran, outside guard; Larry Brennan, inside guard; Dr. C. W. Miller, physician; Fred R. Rosson, Charles Oakman and Emil Wilson, trustees.

A large delegation of the local Eagle fraternity expect to be in attendance at the installation of officers of the West Superior aerie Monday night. They will leave here Monday afternoon and return home Tuesday morning. It is understood that the West Superior brethren are preparing a royal treat for the visitors.

Lily Violet Brown had the misfortune to accidently fall in such a way that her right wrist bone was broken, Wednesday afternoon. No one saw the child fall, but it is supposed she fell with her weight on her wrist and it was easily broken.

Col. R. J. Bates left here Monday for his future home at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and where Mrs. Bates and children will join him as soon as he prepares a home for them. Mr. Bates is a brother to Postmaster Bates here, and intends going into the general insurance business at the Soo, and also to remove his regimental headquarters there.

Mrs. R. W. Freeman and son, Dudley W., left here Tuesday for Duluth, where Mr. Freeman spent a short time and Mrs. Freeman continues to St. Louis, where she will visit with another son for a few weeks.

A. Harold Griggs, son of Banker Griggs, left here Monday for the Minnesota "U," where he resumes his law course.

City Attorney Palmer had legal business at the county seat Thursday.

Alderman Harry J. George and Superintendent Kennedy, of the Virginia Light and Power company, had business at Duluth Thursday.

John Pladale left Thursday for a winter's sojourn at Ironwood, Mich.

James A. Myers and daughter, Mrs. Wright, leave Monday for Keokuk, Iowa for a visit. Myers will return in a few weeks, but Mrs. Wright expects to remain for some time.

Mrs. E. D. Parmelee and Mrs. C. C. Butler were Duluth visitors Monday.

Miss Kate Deering, after spending Sunday with her brother, Joe, returned Tuesday to her West Superior home.

Ben Carlile was over from McKinley Sunday.

Mrs. D. E. Shea left Monday for Ely, where she will visit at the home of Capt. and Mrs. Pearce for a few days.

The W. T. Bailey Lumber company's sawmill commenced a winter's cut on Thursday.

The Royal Neighbors surprised Mrs. J. J. Booth, of the Troy steam laundry, Tuesday evening. Lunch was provided by the same persons and the evening was pleasantly spent in games and music.

The ladies of the Methodist church met with Mrs. Shea at the Commodore mine Wednesday afternoon and will meet with Mrs. Rowson at the parsonage Wednesday.

The ladies of the Catholic church will meet with Mrs. Hugh McCarthy Wednesday afternoon next.

The M. W. A. orchestra will render the special music feature at the services of the Presbyterian church Sunday evening.

The lady Maccabee lodge held a dime social at the home of Mrs. Rennert Friday evening.

E. J. Rinnert left here Thursday for a trip to Montana, where he will visit with his daughter, Mrs. Joseph West for a few weeks.

CASS LAKE.

Cass Lake, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—M. L. Toole returned on Sunday last from a trip to his old home at Brewer, Maine. He found his parents, who are both over 80 years of age, enjoying splendid health. Mr. Toole remained for two days at Montreal and inspected many things of interest in the Canadian metropolis. He also visited in Portland, Me., for a day. "Mike" says that the trip and its attending pleasures was one of the most enjoyable events of his life.

Nels Olson, a former resident of Fosston, who moved to Cass Lake some two weeks ago, is erecting a new house on the railroad property adjoining the lots owned by Henry Mullen. The building is frame, 16 by 24, two stories.

James Cardle was a visitor at Crookston on Monday.

Miss Rae Johnson returned on Saturday from a week's visit with old friends at Grand Rapids.

George Tuller came over from Grand Rapids Sunday and on Monday morning left for a trip to his stores at Blackduck, Tenstrike and Turtle River. He was accompanied to Tenstrike by Miss May Shook, who went to that place to visit for several days with her brother, Edward, who has charge of the Tuller store.

C. M. Taylor was transacting business at Ferris on Monday.

H. F. Mattson, traveling salesman for the H. J. Putman Shoe company, of Minneapolis, spent Sunday in Cass Lake, being the guest of Col. Roland Hartley and wife. Mr. Hartley was formerly a member of the firm for which Mr. Mattson is the representative.

Jake Yotter returned to Cass Lake on Sunday last. Jake has been to Mazeppa, his old home, while away, having spent Christmas at that place with his mother.

Mrs. Sauve and little son Emery returned on Sunday from Grand Rapids, where they had been visiting for a week with relatives.

A surprise party was given in honor of Will Hart, at the home of his parents, last Friday evening. A large number of young people were present.

The writer has received a letter from Con Keppel, who is at Brownsville, stating that he has been very ill with typhoid fever, and that he life was despaired of at this time is certainly a hot one and the citizens generally are disposed to feel kindly toward the new company in all cases but one and that is the fact that they have come to work and placed poles in the city limits without procuring the proper permit and there is no doubt but what stringent measures will be taken to put a stop to further work and the case will land in the hands of the lawyers if it continues to go the pace it has started.

The Modern Woodmen of America and the Royal Neighbors of Virginia will hold a joint installation of officers on the evening of Jan. 22. Past Venerable Consul E. A. Noble, formerly of Duluth camp No. 231, has consented to be present and officiate as installing officer for the Woodmen. A special program of music and recitation will be prepared and a good time is in store for the participants.

The Mesaba Telephone company operators have issued invitations to a grand ball, which will take place at Vail hall, Eveleth, Wednesday evening next.

The Fraternal Order of Eagles, of this city, elected officers for the present year at their regular meeting Sunday afternoon as follows: Thomas R. Patterson, president; Thomas St. Cyr, vice president; W. R. Bryine, secretary; A. E. Bickford, treasurer; George C. Smith, chaplain; James Lockery, conductor; Charles J. Doran, outside guard; Larry Brennan, inside guard; Dr. C. W. Miller, physician; Fred R. Rosson, Charles Oakman and Emil Wilson, trustees.

A large delegation of the local Eagle fraternity expect to be in attendance at the installation of officers of the West Superior aerie Monday night. They will leave here Monday afternoon and return home Tuesday morning. It is understood that the West Superior brethren are preparing a royal treat for the visitors.

Lily Violet Brown had the misfortune to accidently fall in such a way that her right wrist bone was broken, Wednesday afternoon. No one saw the child fall, but it is supposed she fell with her weight on her wrist and it was easily broken.

Col. R. J. Bates left here Monday for his future home at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and where Mrs. Bates and children will join him as soon as he prepares a home for them. Mr. Bates is a brother to Postmaster Bates here, and intends going into the general insurance business at the Soo, and also to remove his regimental headquarters there.

Mrs. R. W. Freeman and son, Dudley W., left here Tuesday for Duluth, where Mr. Freeman spent a short time and Mrs. Freeman continues to St. Louis, where she will visit with another son for a few weeks.

A. Harold Griggs, son of Banker Griggs, left here Monday for the Minnesota "U," where he resumes his law course.

City Attorney Palmer had legal business at the county seat Thursday.

Alderman Harry J. George and Superintendent Kennedy, of the Virginia Light and Power company, had business at Duluth Thursday.

John Pladale left Thursday for a winter's sojourn at Ironwood, Mich.

James A. Myers and daughter, Mrs. Wright, leave Monday for Keokuk, Iowa for a visit. Myers will return in a few weeks, but Mrs. Wright expects to remain for some time.

Mrs. E. D. Parmelee and Mrs. C. C. Butler were Duluth visitors Monday.

Miss Kate Deering, after spending Sunday with her brother, Joe, returned Tuesday to her West Superior home.

Ben Carlile was over from McKinley Sunday.

Mrs. D. E. Shea left Monday for Ely, where she will visit at the home of Capt. and Mrs. Pearce for a few days.

The W. T. Bailey Lumber company's sawmill commenced a winter's cut on Thursday.

The Royal Neighbors surprised Mrs. J. J. Booth, of the Troy steam laundry, Tuesday evening. Lunch was provided by the same persons and the evening was pleasantly spent in games and music.

The ladies of the Methodist church met with Mrs. Shea at the Commodore mine Wednesday afternoon and will meet with Mrs. Rowson at the parsonage Wednesday.

The ladies of the Catholic church will meet with Mrs. Hugh McCarthy Wednesday afternoon next.

The M. W. A. orchestra will render the special music feature at the services of the Presbyterian church Sunday evening.

The lady Maccabee lodge held a dime social at the home of Mrs. Rennert Friday evening.

E. J. Rinnert left here Thursday for a trip to Montana, where he will visit with his daughter, Mrs. Joseph West for a few weeks.

Herb Baths for Health.

If you have been thinking of going to some hot spring or sanitarium to regain your health, let us suggest that you try a course of our natural herb remedies. They are not expensive, can be used at home, and we can show you many letters from Duluth and Superior people who have been cured by them.

Our herb baths are wonder workers for weak, tired people. They bring back fresh new vigor, purify the blood and give a clear complexion.

It will cost nothing to talk it over with us and we may save your much expense.

THE HERBAQUEEN CO.,
319 First Avenue East.

IRON RIVER.

Iron River, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Richard Hawks spent the fore part of the week in this city with her husband, returning home to Washburn last Wednesday.

Gordon Young, of Island Lake, was in the city last Sunday.

George Barnes, of Eau Claire lakes, was in the city last Sunday looking after men to work in the woods.

Charles Greenwood, of Fort Wing, was in the city last Monday.

There was about four inches of snow fell here last Sunday, which made a different shade on the loggers' faces.

William Lachapelle and his sister, Mrs. Lachren, of Orienta, were in our city last Tuesday.

James Kinney, of Orienta, was in the city last Sunday.

John Harpster, of Iron Mountain, Mich., is visiting with his sister, Mrs. B. F. O'Harra, of this city.

Mrs. Samuel Babb came back from Duluth last Tuesday evening, where she spent several days visiting friends in that city.

Sheriff L. H. Llen, of Bayfield county, was in Iron River last Sunday and Monday looking after the interest of said county in the W., B. & I. R. R. and Monday the sheriff swore in about ten deputies and placed them along the road to stop the tearing up of the road. Everything went all right until about 4 o'clock p. m. on last Tuesday evening when the party of about fifty men in charge of Manager Clark began tearing up the rails on the main line. It was then the sheriff made the arrest of the manager and every man that was in that crew, numbering about fifty men in all. He also took possession of the train and took the entire party over to Washburn. The party came over again last Thursday to this city in company with the deputy United States marshal and the receiver of the said road to tear up the iron, when they were met by Sheriff L. H. Llen with a posse of deputies and again arrested and taken over to Washburn to answer. An order has been issued by the supreme court of the state of Wisconsin this week returnable next Tuesday compelling Receiver Frost of W., B. & I. R. R. to show cause why the state should not proceed in the matter of compelling to remain intact. The action was brought in the name of the state of Wisconsin and of the attorney general.

Brownstone lodge of I. O. O. F. of Iron River held an open installation of officers at the M. W. A. hall. The grand herald, James Bradnard, of Oshkosh, was the installing officer.

John Lachapelle, Sr., of Orienta, was in the city last Thursday. He is a man of 78 years of age and apparantly as lively as a man of 50 years.

Nick Hopkins, of Orienta, was in the city last Thursday on business.

Charles Hugo, of Duluth, was in our city last Thursday.

Thomas O'Toole was over in the county seat last Wednesday.

T. F. Mackmiller made a trip to West Superior last Thursday.

The Iron River firemen held their annual meeting last Monday evening and the following officers were elected: Chief, Alex Hubbard; assistant chief, James Hughes; secretary, L. F. Russell; treasurer, Isaac Hubbard; foreman of hose cart No. 1, Henry Deschamps; foreman of hose cart No. 2, August Ellerman; foreman hook and ladder, Frank Lore.

Hakon Lund made a trip to Minneapolis the first of the week.

Misses Laura and May Wells spent their holiday vacation with relatives in New Richmond, Wis.

Judge Benton, of Washburn, was in our city last Thursday on business.

Thomas Kako has been on the sick list all the fore part of the week. He is on the road to recovery.

Louis Kapp, representing Lamb & Co., of West Superior, was in the city last Monday.

The Alexander, Edgar Lumber company paid off last Thursday.

Jay Campbell was summoned by a telegram to the funeral of his father-in-law last Thursday.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Helen Renstrom is spending a few days in West Superior the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Benson.

Mrs. D. J. Harkins spent Monday in Duluth.

Miss Hazel McArton, of West Duluth, spent Sunday here with Miss Anna Segt.

Miss Florence Brink spent Wednesday in Duluth, the guest of Miss Dean Cox.

Miss Julia Moline, of West Duluth, spent Sunday here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Moline.

Albert Overton made a business trip to Duluth Monday.

Miss Grace Segl spent Sunday in New Duluth, the guest of Miss Migie Fisher.

Miss Lillie Dunn is spending a few weeks in West Superior, the guest of Mrs John Robinson.

Nichola Hettinger transacted business in Duluth this week.

Mrs. Edward Johnson and daughter, Bernice, spent Monday in New Duluth with her sister, Mrs. Hannah Gustafson.

James Dunn transacted business in Duluth Saturday.

Mr. and Mr. Edward Swenson spent Tuesday in West Duluth.

Peter Gilly, of West Duluth, spent several days here. He is moving some timber from the bluff.

Mr. and Mrs. Petterson and children, of West Duluth, spent Monday here with Mrs. John Moline.

Charles Johnson, of Duluth, entertained a party of friends at Johnson hall.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Harbor were among the Duluth visitors this week.

James Dunn was one of the pall bearers for Bernald Manahi, Wednesday.

Mrs. August Nelson entertained at a lunch Saturday evening; the guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Axel Petterson and son, Mr. and Mrs. August Petterson and son.

The Gardiner club had a social at the Smithville hall Saturday evening; those present were: Hazel McArton, Marie and Constance Wilner, of West Duluth; Maggie Fisher, of New Duluth; Grace Segl, Nettie Amundson, Anna Segt and Florence Brink, Master John Hensle, Louis Fisher, John Berger, Ernest Rushel, of New Duluth; Nells Wilner, of West Duluth; William Dunn, Oscar Amundson, Andrew Dunn, Willie Swenson, James Dunn, Edward Dash and Robert Dunn.

J. G. Brink spent Wednesday in Duluth.

C. Johnson and family moved from Mrs. Andrew Nelson's to W. A. Harbour's house.

Mrs. C. E. Brink on Saturday received the hearty congratulations of her friends, she having passed another milestone on her life's journey. She entertained a number of friends at a turkey dinner, which was very much enjoyed. Mrs. Brink received some handsome presents.

John Nikkola made a business trip to Duluth Thursday.

IRONWOOD.

Ironwood, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. J. W. Oxnam gave a party to a crowd of her lady friends Friday evening and everybody had a pleasant time.

Mrs. Washburn, of Wilkesbarre, is in town, visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. Morgan, of Marquette street.

J. Kane, of Antigo, was in town Monday looking over the interests of the Chicago & Northwestern railway.

Mrs. Vantwood, of Watersmeet, was in town on a short visit to friends.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Carney, of Ironwood, left on a visit with friends and relatives at Watersmeet.

H. Sperling, of Green Bay, was in town on business Thursday.

Charles Hooker, of Wausau, was in Ironwood Thursday on business.

The funeral of Mrs. Dauntler occurred Tuesday from St. Ambrose church, Rev. Nosbisch officiating. Mrs. Chartier died at her home Friday evening and leaves a husband and one boy to mourn her death.

Mrs. Donovan, of Escanaba, who had been visiting her daughter Mrs. Fred Brunner, returned to her home Monday evening.

L. L. Wright had been at Ishpeming for a few days this week on business.

William Irish, of Ashland, is in town on business.

H. J. Weir, of Ashland, was in Ironwood for a short time Thursday on business.

J. T. Colmer nas been confined to his home for a few days this week with a heavy cold.

Mrs. Charles Jones gave a musical party to her pupils Saturday evening at the home of her mother, Mrs. E. A. Darrow, on Ewen avenue.

Conrad Carlson, of Bessemer, was up in town Monday evening.

Mrs. W. H. Madison who had been sick at her home is improving in health every day, and it is hoped by all that she will be around soon.

C. E. Peterson, of Ashland, was in town for a short time Tuesday on business.

R. Sullivan returned to Ironwood Tuesday from Minneapolis where he had been on business.

J. H. McCarthy, of Green Bay, was in town Tuesday visiting friends and relatives.

The funeral of Charles Clemens, the Polish section man who was killed west of Hurley last week, occurred Sunday from the Polish church, Rev. Pawlor officiating. Mr. Clemens was cleaning a switch when a train that was approaching struck him and severed one of his legs from the body, and he died while being removed to the hospital. Mr. Clemens leaves leaves a brother, who resides at Ironwood, to mourn his death.

J. Driscoll, who has been seriously ill at his home, is reported to be improving in health, and he is expected to be around soon.

N. W. McNally, of New Richmond, was in town Wednesday on business.

J. F. Fleicher, of Kaukauna, was in Ironwood Tuesday on business.

Mr. Teacy was in Ashland all week on business.

Mr. Grace, of Norway, was in Ironwood on a business trip all week.

Mrs. C. M. Humphrey gave a card party to a crowd of her friends at her home last week. A large crowd attended and a pleasant time was had by all.

O. O. Little, of Stevens Point, was in town on a business trip Wednesday.

J. Feirck, of Ironwood, left for Washington, where he will accept a position as telegrapher in one of the local offices of the Western Union Telegraph company.

Fred Brunner returned Tuesday from Escanaba where they had been visiting relatives.

R. A. McCarthy, of Oshkosh, was an Ironwood visitor Wednesday.

J. B. Matthews, of Ashland, was in town Tuesday on business.

D. McKenzie was in Ironwood visiting friends and relatives for a short time Monday.

PARK RAPIDS.

Park Rapids, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Davis returned from Minneapolis Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Mickelson are visiting relatives at Fargo, N. D.

Mrs. J. Robideaux, of Bemidji, is visiting relatives here.

Miss Cora Crawford will leace for Pasadena, Cal., Monday, where she will spend the winter.

Miss Anna Dinkle is visiting with friends in St. Paul.

Miss Minnie Woolson has resumed her duties at the postoffice after an illness of two weeks.

Miss Bartlett, of Hewitt, is visiting relatives here.

Theron Retzendorfer departed for his home at Hawkeye, Iowa, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Delezene are visiting friends at Osage.

Miss Elinor Hallowell returned to her home at Rochester Welnesday.

Mrs. Will King returned from Warren, Ill., Wednesday, where she has been visiting for the past month.

Miss Mayme Todd returned Tuesday from Wooley, Wash., where she has been teaching for the past year.

Mrs. David Weekley is slowly recovering from her recent illness.

Mrs. Earl Hallowell is visiting with her parents at Pipestone.

Mr. and Mrs. Hedditch departed for the Hot Springs Monday, where they will spend the winter.

D. W. Kemerer and family returned to their home at Aitkin Tuesday after a week's visit with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kribs, who have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Wandigo for the past week, departed for their home at Portland, Ore., Monday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Petrie Wednesday.

Miss Lou P. Barrett, who has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. J. W. White, for the past week, returned to her home at Wadena Wednesday.

Several new cases of small pox are reported in this vicinity.

B. A. Blakeslee returned from Osage Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gage returned Thursday from Wadena, where they spent the holidays with their daughter, Mrs. Breatly.



A Woman's Gratitude.

2316 R. Street, Richmond Va., Oct. 17, 1900.

I feel it my duty to inform you of the good Wine of Cardui has done me and is still doing me. I have been a sufferer for some time with female troubles and it seemed at times I could scarcely bear my suffering. At last I lost appetite and became so languid I could do nothing but lay about from day to day, until finally my mother induced me to try your Wine of Cardui, which I did with great success. I have only taken two bottles but there is a decided change in looks and feelings.

Mrs. HORTENSE STUTZ.

Mrs. Stutz wrote this letter because she felt it was her duty to write it. She wrote this letter because she wanted suffering women to take

WINE OF CARDUI

and find the same relief she found. The reputation of this pure Wine rests upon what 1,000,000 cured women like Mrs. Stutz say of it—1,000,000 American women who know the distress, agony, terror and anguish, humiliation and despair that female troubles bring to a modest woman. We tell you that this curse—this misfortune—may be banished forever by the use of Wine of Cardui. Wine of Cardui will regulate menstrual derangements just as surely as the moon regulates the tides. It is a simple, bitter, vegetable wine, perfectly harmless under all circumstances, and used in connection with Thedford's Black-Draught, to assimilate and digest its virtues, it will regulate the menstrual habit, stop the pains, restore the menses when suppressed, stop them when flooding, prevent miscarriage, make the period of pregnancy pleasanter, confinement easier and recovery quick. Procure a bottle from your druggist and take it in the privacy of your home. You cannot doubt this.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dr. H. R. Wunder was in the city from Soudan Thursday.

Andrew Anderson and Beta Johnson, of Wilson, secured a license to wed from Deputy Clerk of the Court Schaefer Thursday.

Mrs. M. C. Ambolee was in the city from Two Harbors a few days this week, visiting with friends.

Frank Sasek and Mary Adam secured a marriage license Thursday.

The city council met Tuesday evening and transacted considerable business. The city will advertise bids for 1000 cords of wood to be delivered at the city water plant.

The library room in the city hall will soon be supplied with all the up-to-date magazines and daily newspapers, and all desiring to spend the evening there can do so.

Miss Angela Shipman left Monday morning for Milwaukee, where she assumed the duties of stenographer. She was days with Dr. and Mrs. C. G. Shipman at the hospital.

Con E. Sullivan had the misfortune Tuesday to fall from a box car in the yards here and had his ankle broken.

George Schubmeke, travelling salesman for Gilbertson & Mendenhall, was in the city Tuesday.

Richard Cullen, of Duluth, was in the city a few days last week.

A. G. Brown and A. M. Miller, Jr., were in the city a few days this week on business.

P. W. Sture, of the Bank of Ely, was in Duluth Wednesday and Thursday.

Thomas Magson is now employed as clerk at the Vail hotel.

Last Sunday morning the long distance telephone wires opened to several of the range towns and the City band rendered several choice selections to our neighbors. They all reported it excellent.

Louis Grant left Wednesday morning for Cleveland, where he has received employment.

The Ely City band, of this city, will go to Tower on Jan. 21 to give their entertainment.

Charles French returned to Hibbing last Wednesday after a week spent in this city.

Joseph German and Johanna Boh will be united in marriage at the Catholic church Sunday next.

Chief of Police La Blau was in Duluth Wednesday, where he was accompanied by William Glisten and "Silver" Bill, who will spend a month in the county jail.

Thomas Corrigan and family, who have resided at Tower for several months, arrived in the city last week and have taken up their residence in the rooms over Losey's confectionery store.

Dr. J. E. Wright left Monday morning on a few eweks' vacation, which he will spend in Chicago and other Eastern cities.

F. E. Miller and William Cowling returned from Duluth this week, where they have been present as members of the petit jury.

SPARTA.

Sparta, Jan. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Lumberman Frank S. Calvin, of Biwabik, drove down to Sparta Sunday.

Andrew Kavala and Nikoll Karl made a business trip to Duluth Wednesday.

Frank Dane, president of the village of Biwabik, was in town Sunday.

Superintendent Thomas Owens and Chief Engineer R. Angst, of the Duluth & Iron Range, were range visitors Wednesday.

Mrs. Fred Wirth returned to Tower Monday after a visit with her sister, Mrs. John Papic.

Anton Erchacle's young son is very ill. The Genoa Iron company will sink their No. 2 shaft 100 feet deeper this winter.

F. L. Klock, of Virginia, transacted business here Wednesday.

Sam Brady was down from Buhl Sunday.

Mike Kerpl is acting as marshal in place of Joseph Holub, while Mr. Holub is in Duluth.

John Saari is in Duluth this week where he was drawn on the petit jury.

Mrs. Alfred Lamistrom is dangerously ill at her home on Dorr avenue.

Fred Winters expects to remodel and repair the Lakeview hotel by spring, and if unable to dispose of same at a fair price, will run the same himself next year. Mr. Winters has great faith in the Mesaba range and recently purchased a 400-acre farm near Wolf Junction.

Creswell & Falkner have secured the contract to erect the Jutin & Carlson block on Main street.

Herman Petterson expects to rebuild in the spring.

Hon. Thomas Langdon, of the Pettit mine, was in town Wednesday.

Mrs. John Papic went to Eveleth Wednesday.

Mrs. Saari entertained her many friends at cards at her pleasant home on Dorr avenue Friday evening last.

Anton Indihor will erect a two-story building on his lot on Main street.

August Gretzner was a Hibbing visitor Monday.

Frank Fillonowiz, of Fayal, was in town Monday.

Herman Mattson has purchased the Andrew Mikelson property.

Hans Line made a business trip to Eveleth Wednesday.

The windows and doors for the new Catholic church has arrived and it is expected to have the church completed by March 1.

H. L. Chase, of West Superior, was in town Wednesday in the interest of the Corn Planters Oil company.

It is reported Sparta is to have two more stores, one general and one clothing store.

HILL IS ENDORSED

Grain Growers of Three States Applaud His Combination.

President Hill Has Performed a Notable Public Service.

The Country Is Congratulated Upon His Successful Move.

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 11.—The resolutions adopted at the meeting of the Tri-State Grain and Cattle Growers' convention yesterday are as follows:

"Resolved, that we, the members of the Tri-State Grain and Cattle Growers' convention, express our appreciation of the effective work done by the North Dakota Pan-American commission at Buffalo, and recommend that the legislature appropriate such sum as may be deemed adequate and necessary to fully and thoroughly present at the Louisiana Purchase exposition at St. Louis in 1903, the vast resources of our state and its advantages as a place of residence. The natural and logical line of transportation for the products of the Northwest American states is from the nearest point on the Pacific coast to the next nearest point on the great lakes through and traversing the great basin of the Upper Mississippi, the valley of the Red river of the north, the headwaters of the Missouri, and the fertile lands lying between the Canadian border and the Columbia river on the Pacific coast.

"The trade of the Orient entering the United States and destined for the north, middle and Eastern states, can best reach its destination by this route, and to divert it to the South or encourage its transportation through the provinces of Canada would not only add to the cost of the delivered goods, but would deprive the states from which it would be deflected of their earnings of the roads carrying it, and thereby delete the revenues of the states through which it would be carried, were the ordinary rules of commerce followed.

"It is the sense of this meeting therefore, that in resisting the attempts of the Union Pacific railroad and its allies on the one hand and the Canadian Pacific railway and its feeders on the other, to secure control of the Northern Pacific railroad, James J. Hill has performed a notable public service and once more displayed the far-sighted and businesslike policy that has characterized his long career as the great developer of Northwestern resources, and the most watchful guardian of Northwestern interests.

"Mr. Hill built a great transcontinental railroad through a wilderness that has grown through his efforts into the richest empire on earth, and never asked a bonus or a subsidy. He has connected that railroad at one end with a fleet of vessels that carry American products to the Orient and bring back the Oriental trade to the Northwest, and to the whole nation, and at the other end with shipping facilities by water for the Atlantic seaboard; all this, too, without a dollar of bonus or the semblance of a subsidy.

"Trusting to the resources of the country for the traffic to justify extension he has entered every section that needed transportation facilities and constructed often at a loss to himself, lines into sparsely settled and unproductive communities.

"During all the years of railroad building there has been a regularly marked reduction of freight tariffs according as the volume of traffic increased and warranted it, and a uniform disposition to make temporary sacrifice for the permanent improvement of the country. In view of this record, and in recognition of the honorable and upright course of James J. Hill in his dealings with the farmers of the Northwest, we congratulate the country upon his success in preventing the absorption of the Northern Pacific by Union Pacific interests on the one hand and the Canadian Pacific manipulators on the other, and express our confidence in the purpose and ability of Mr. Hill to give to the states of Minnesota and North and South Dakota the best and cheapest transportation facilities to be had by the people of any section of this nation.

"Two years ago Mr. Hill came to our convention and gave us some good points on diversified farming and other matters of interest to the farmers of the Northwest, and stated that he would furnish free transportation to delegations of farmers from the different counties of the state to visit the agricultural college and state farm, which offer many farmers have accepted to their great satisfaction and benefit. He also stated that he expected to build some large steam vessels costing a number of millions of dollars to put on the Pacific coast trade from this country to the Orient.

"We notice by the daily press that this statement is being fulfilled, and it will make a new market for the farmers of the Northwest to their benefit. As Mr. Hill is expected to address us again this afternoon we would welcome him with the glad smile and hearty handshake.

"D. L. Wellman, chairman; H. F. Forkel, George Earl, James Kennedy; F. A. Hoverstad, secretary."

VISITORS BANQUETED.

Duluth and Twin City Men Are Entertained.

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 11.—The visiting delegations from the head of the lake and the Twin Cities to the grain growers' convention were banqueted last night by Fargo citizens, George S. Barnes being toastmaster.

With the cigars came Mayor Johnson's hearty welcome. George Rogers, secretary of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce, followed with felicitations for Fargo.

A. D. Thomson, of Duluth, shifted the responsibility of a speech on to J. B. Cotton, who made the most brilliant speech of the evening. He was glad, he said, that he had heard the words of the master mind and he believed Mr. Hill's assertions of loytly to the Northwest and that he had elucidated the great transportation problem satisfactorily to all concerned. The speaker drew a brilliant word picture of Duluth's present and future greatness, when her manufacturing plants would spread out and the city boundaries engulf the Twin Cities and reach to the gates of Fargo; when her trade would extend from New Orleans to both seaboards and when all the world would contribute to her wealth and influence. He spoke of the benefits to be derived from the united work of the two states in the upbuilding of the Northwest and paid a glowing tribute to America as a world power and spoke in the early to come when to be an American citizen would be looked upon as God's best gift. He closed his eloquent remarks by inviting everybody to enjoy Duluth's hospitality.

President J. W. Lusk, of the National German bank, of St. Paul, spoke at some length on the merger. He predicted that when the smoke blew away people would be surprised how little truth there was in the wild newspaper stories now exciting everyone. He declared that the Securities company did not own a majority of the stock, that it had not got its hands on any of the Great Northern yet, as Mr. Hill had it in cold storage; that it will be years before the legal battles are fought out and that there was no need for undue excitement. The states held the power of the railroads in their hands and the people had ample safeguards; the Securities company dare not oppress the shipping interests as such a policy would be suicidal and tempt reprisals by the legislatures. Under similar conditions in the East rates had gone down and the service had improved. He had no fear for the Northwest on account of the consolidation.

H. S. Butler, of West Superior, said he endorsed all that Mr. Cotton had said, but moved to amend by substituting the name of West Superior wherever that of Duluth occurred.

J. D. Benton facetiously called attention to Fargo citizens who had gone to Duluth and made her great.

The visitors then left for home after an exchange of hearty good wishes.

MINNESOTA WINS.

Secured Decision In a Debate With Chicago.

Minneapolis, Jan. 11.—Minnesota defeated Chicago in the debate at the chapel last evening, the vote of the judges being two to one in favor of the local orators.

The question argued was: "Resolved that the policy of the United States in extending the franchise to the negro was hasty and ill-advised." Chicago had the affirmative and attempted to prove that the clause should have been based upon an educational platform, extending the right to vote only to educated colored men. They failed to show that this plan could have been carried through at the time the franchise was granted.

The judges were: Professor Jesse Macy, Grinnell, Iowa; H. W. Sawyer, Sioux Falls, S. D.; Judge O. B. Lewis, St. Paul.

The debators were: For Chicago—Charles A. Huston, Vernon S. Phillips, and Leon P. Lewis. For Minnesota—Benjamin Drake, Willis I. Norton and Hugo J. McClearn.

ENTHUSIASTIC

Greeting Given to Admiral Schley at Savannah, Ga.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 11.—Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, accompanied by his wife, arrived in this city yesterday afternoon. The depot was thronged with peopel, who waited patiently to greet him. As he alighted the cheering was deafening. Mayor Meyers and a delegation of aldermen extended the admiral a cordial official welcome, and asked his consent for a formal reception tomorrow afternoon at the city hall. The admiral agreed. Carriages were then taken for the residence of Gen. W. W. Gordon, where Admiral and Mrs. Schley will visit for ten days.

In the evening Admiral and Mrs. Schley occupied a box at the theater, where Mme. Lillian Nordica sang. As the audience recognized him there was enthusiastic cheering of such volume and persistence as temporarily to delay the performance. After an encore, Mme. Nordica crossed to the box and shook hands with Admiral Schley, while the audience stood and cheered. Upon the conclusion of the opening bill, apparently the whole audience waited at the door and cheered the admiral as he entered his carriage and drove way.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,

No. 18 Third Avenue West.

Wishes at the beginning of this New Year to remind the people at the head of the lakes that they sell the WORLD RENOWNED SINGER SEWING MACHINES on easy monthly payments, or for cash. WE REPAIR ALL MAKES OF SEWING MACHINES, clean and adjust them at moderate prices. WORK STRICTLY GUARANTEED. Machines delivered on trial free of charges. Zenith 'phone 973.



WILCOX TANSY PILLS

For 20 years the only safe and reliable Female Regulator for all troubles. Relieves within 3 days. At druggists, or by mail. Price, $2. Circular free. "Women's Safe Guard." Wilcox Medical Co., 329 N. 15th St., Phila., Pa.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY CHARTER.

ONE.

Amend Section 372 so as to read as follows:

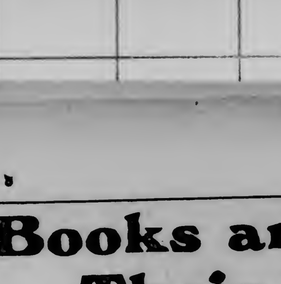
"Sec. 372: When said board shall be ordered by the common council to make any improvements described in Sec. 376 of this charter, it shall cause an estimate of the cost of such improvement to be made by the city engineer, and shall thereupon proceed at once to assess 75 per cent of such portion of the estimated cost of such improvement as is assessable, including 10 per cent upon such amount, which shall be added to the assessment to defray the necessary expenses of making survey, plans, specifications and superintendence, on the property to be benefited by said improvement in proportion as nearly as may be to the benefits resulting thereto, but in no case in excess of such benefits. In making such assessment roll the board shall describe each parcel of property assessed, and the amount assessed against

Books and Their Makers

"Minette," a Story of the First Crusaders, Is a Late Success.

"Up and Down the Sands of Gold," May Devereux's Latest Novel—Glances at the January Magazines.

A deeply interesting story is found in the accurately historical novel, "Minette: A Story of the First Crusade," by George F. Cram. The story is of a noble French maid, betrothed to the son of her father's old friend, but beloved by and loving one who leaves her on the threshold of her attachment to go with those who followed the banners of Tancred the Great. Reckless of her plighted troth, she gives her heart and her promise of loyalty to the man she loves, and finally follows him into the battlefields. These two characters stand out with especial prominence—Guibert, the villain of the plot, and Minette, the heroine, who combines in her character and person the charm of a loving woman with the courage and endurance of a martyr. The reader, who hopes that she and her knightly lover may be united in the end for a return to their beloved France, only finds them at the last united in death, a union so graphically described as almost to rob death of its terrors. With this tender and pitiful love story is mingled the wildness of war's alarms. The plot is filled with adventure, and the reader cannot fail to comprehend the great movement of the zealous crusaders, who sprinkled the long road from Europe to Jerusalem with their blood. Thrilling incidents group about the fortunes of the brave Norman fighters, and the spirit of romance makes itself felt in every line of the fascinating story. Mr. Crain has evidently made a careful study of the Crusaders, and has limited himself in this story to the history of the first and most important of those struggles, ending with the capture of the holy city from the Saracens, at the very close of the eleventh century. As an historical romance "Minette" holds high rank. Published by John W. Iliff & Co., Chicago.



• • •

Despite the fact that "Truth Dexter" was published last spring, it continues to be one of the best selling novels in many of the larger cities. In Boston, where the scene of Sidney McCall's much-discussed story is, in part, laid, "Truth Dexter" sells second only to "The Right of Way," a new fall book, and the discussion over the identity of the authorship continues apace. The publishers, Little, Brown & Co., refuse to disclose the identity of Sidney McCall, who appears to have been equally familiar with Boston social life and plantation life in Alabama, but Mrs. Louise Chandler Moulton has (as she believes) the real author in Hildegarde Hawthorn. The publishers refuse to deny or affirm this, a position which they took when Senator Henry Cabot Lodge was alleged to have been the author, contenting themselves with printing an additional 10,000 of this "great society novel."

• • •

Miss Lilian Whiting writes to the Chicago Inter-Ocean: "By common consent the best novel of the season in the Boston publications is 'Margaret Warrener.' It is a story whose scene is laid in Boston, in the old West End. 'Merry Mount' street being easily recognized as Pinckney, and characters and incidents have a Bostonian flavor. As a story alone it absorbs the reader in its interest, and in the literary quality of its work it is admirable." The Sunday School Times, of Philadelphia, speaks of this as a "really brilliant novel," and adds: "Miss Brown has never written anything half so good as 'Margaret Warrener,' although her New England stories and sketches are as unique in their way as those of Miss Jewett or Miss Wilkins. There is a grip of life's mysteries, fate and the eternal pathos of human existence revealed in this book, with the equally inevitable sunshine and laughter.'

• • •

The first of the New Year's publications, coming from the Bowen-Merrill company, is Charles E. Russell's beautiful volume of poetry, "Such Stuff as Dreams." These graceful and tuneful poems will be widely welcomed by Mr. Russell's many admirers. He has long been a contributor of verse to the magazines and daily papers, and his poems are watched with eagerness by discerning readers.

• • •

"Hester Blair" is the title of a strong novel that will soon be issued by the C. M. Clark Publishing company, of Boston. It is from the pen of William Henry Carson. In the two successful books hitherto brought out by these publishers, "Quincy Adams Sawyer" and "Blennerhassett," a hero has had the center of the stage, so to speak, but here is a novel with a heroine, in whom it is expected the reader will become interested in more than an ordinary way. She is a girl of today, country bred, but early in life found fighting the battle of life. She is a pure, loveable character, though a complex one. The volume will be bound in a specially attractive manner, and will contain illustrations by C. H. Stephens, whose similar work for "Blennerhassett" was such a delightful feature of the book.

• • •

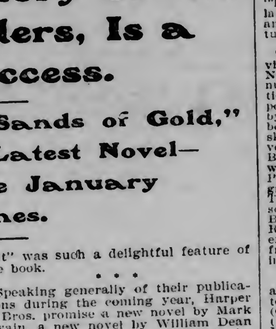
Speaking generally of their publications during the coming year, Harper & Bros. promise a new novel by Mark Twain, a new novel by William Dean Howells, a new historical novel by Robert W. Chambers, whose "Cardigan" is at the height of popularity, and a novel of love and diplomatic intrigue, entitled "The Vultures," by the well-known writer, Henry Seton Merriman. There will also be novels by S. R. Crockett author of "Kit Kennedy;" by Margaret Horton Potter, author of "The House of de Mailly;" by Harris Dickson, author of "The Black Wolf's Breed;" by Mrs. W. K. Clifford, author of "Mrs. Keith's Crime;" by Marie Van Vorst; by Beulah Marie Dix author of "Hugh Wyeth, Roundhead Cavalier" and numerous others. In addition to these there will be books by Mary E. Wilkins John Kendrick Bangs W. W. Jacobs and other popular authors.

• • •

Laird & Lee's Vest Pocket Diary and Time-Saver for 1902, is certainly one of the neatest and most perfect booklets of its size and kind ever published. It is original, faultless and attractive in paper and binding and the contents, in addition to the Annual Diary proper and blank pages for Accounts and Memoranda, are surprising in scope and variety as well as by their accuracy. Among the timely topics treated are: The Life of the Late President, William McKinley; the Metric System, the population of the United States and Territories After the Census of 1890 and 1900 the Population of the Cities of the United States above 35,000 Inhabitants in 1890 and in 1900; Antidotes for Poisons, First Help in Case of Accidents; Home and Foreign Postal and Telegraphic Rates.

• • •

"Up and Down the Sands of Gold" is the title of Mary Devereux's latest novel. It adds fresh luster to the fame of the author of "From Kingdom to Cathay," which was a very successful publication. Like her former work, the scenes are laid in New England. It is a story of the present time, whose events occur in an American seashore town. It has strong local color, and



much of the life typical of the old sailors on the Atlantic coast. The characters are well and clearly drawn, and the readers can almost see them before his eyes. "Captain Jack," a quaint, lovable little boy, and "Uncle Billy," are sure to be favorites. It is a story of absorbing interest, and is written in charming style. Published by Little, Brown & Co., Boston, Mass.

• • •

The Periodicals.

The January issue of the Atlantic Monthly (Houghton, Mifflin & Co., Boston) opens with a preamble "On Reading," and proceeds "delightfully," a delighted invitation, the sense and humor of which will commend themselves to all readers. Under the heading "Recollections of the Twentieth Century," Professor John B. Clark of Columbia university rehearses and analyzes the probabilities of the coming century from the standpoint of a citizen of the year 2001. Rollo Ogden contributes a rather startling article upon the question of "The Powers of the National Chairman," showing how in his person each of the great political parties has raised up an irresponsible dictator for itself.

• • •

The Century for January (the Century company, New York,) is a very entertaining issue. The frontispiece, a drawing by Frederick Remington, printed in tint, represents a Western stage coach in the moonlight. It is one of the illustrations of Emerson Hough's concluding paper on "The Settlement of the West," in which the author considers the movement of emigration "across the waters"—that is, by means of caravan and railway. An interesting feature is made by the grouping in this number of the three prize-winners in the Century's last college competition—"Popples in the Wheat," a story; "Huxley as a Literary Man," an essay, an "Actaeon," a poem, the last being decorated and illustrated by Kenyon Cox. In accordance with its announcement of groups of poems by new writers, the magazine introduces this month John Charles McNeil of North Carolina, several of whose poems are presented; and there are also two poems by Edith Thomas, with illustrations by Sarah S. Stilwell.

• • •

The Broadway Magazine for January is a veritable album of portraits of stage celebrities in costume and otherwise, done in tint and in black and white. These portraits are accompanied by gossipy reading matter concerning actors, actresses and the stage, and by illustrated readings calculated to meet the wants of lookers-on in society. "How the 400 Dines" is a feature that will help those who feel awkward at the table.

• • •

January number of McClure's Magazine makes a good start for the new year. It has on its cover a railroad scene in color that might be taken to mean the oncoming of either the New Year or a consignment of goods things for the readers of the magazine. The post of honor is given to a dog story by W. J. Carney and Chauncey Thomas, entitled "Army Jack," which is illustrated to the life by W. R. Leigh. Along with "Army Jack" goes "The Demon in the Canon," a bear story by Henry Wallace Phillips, full of miners' slang and the "rough house" created by the bear. Josephine Dodge Daskam writes about "Edgar, the Choir Boy Uncelestial," who is an interesting little scamp with an angelic voice.

• • •

Harper's Magazine for January (Harper & Brothers, New York,) is notable for the beauty of the many artistic illustrations in tint. The first of these are by Howard Pyle and appear in a series of "North-Folk Legends of the Sea," viz.: "The Fishing of Thor and Hymir." "The Fairy Margana," "Saint Brandan's Island," "Mother Carey's Chickens" and "The Flying Dutchman." Mr. Pyle is an artist who stands along in his particular line of work, and these pictures, which range from head and side designs to full page plates minute in detail are fine examples of drawing and coloring. An article on the "Pictures of the Metropolitan Museum of Art," by Charles H. Coffin, is embellished with a number of fine tinted reproductions of noted paintings. "London and New York," by Sydney Brooks is similarly illustrated. Readers or archaeological tendencies will find pleasure in "The Great American Pyramid," by Harlan Ingersoll Smith, of the department of anthropology, American Museum of Natural History.

• • •

The American Monthly Review of Reviews (the Review of Reviews company, New York) begins the year with a fine number. The special features are an article summarizing the work and the report of the Isthmian canal commission, by Professor Emory R. Johnson, a member of the commission; an illustrated sketch of Alfred Nobel, the Swedish inventor of dynamite; a sketch of M. Berthelot, the great French chemist, whose jubilee was recently observed in Paris; a brilliant account of recent progress in righ-speed electric locomotion, by Thomas C. Martin; an illustrated description of a "settlement" work in a Buffalo tenement, by Emma Winner Rogers; a brief study of the Charleston exposition, recently opened, illustrated from photographs of the completed buildings.

• • •

"Prince Reckless," by Arthur Grisson, a novelette of a purely romantic character, is the leading feature of the January (Christmas) number of The Smart Set (Ess Ess Publishing company, New York), which is seasonably attractive throughout. Alfred Henry Lewis contributes an historical story-article entitled "One Eighteenth-Century Day," in which the characters are beaux and literary and histrionic giants of London at one of the most picturesque periods of English history. Elizabeth Duer is the author of a story entitled "Sinful Sara," which treats of the dangers and absurdities of gambling in society.

• • •

The World's Work for January (Doubleday, Page & Co., New York) invites the reader with an artistic cover in color that is matched by notable pictorial embellishments within. Among the textual features is "Our New Horizon," by Frederic Emory, who gives a comprehensive view of our new activities. Chalmers Roberts relates stories of American ministers abroad, and Gaillard Hunt tells how the consular service, which is doing much to further American influence at the outposts, should be reorganized. The rapid growth of Pacific coast trade is shown in "The New Pacific Empire," by George Hamlin Fitch, and a striking incident in it is told by Arthur Goodrich in his description of the building of the biggest ships in the world, "Merchantmen Twice as Big as Monitor-War," to ply between Seattle and the Orient.

• • •

The Woman's Home Companion for January (the Crowell & Kirkpatrick company, Springfield, Ohio) has on its cover a reproduction of one of the most notable of modern paintings—"Lady Macbeth," by Solomon J. Solomon, one of the foremost of contemporary English artists. The issue is full of interesting matter. Madame Eames, the famous singer, is the subject of a biographical sketch by Gustav Kobbe. In "The Community of Zoar" Mr. Laudon Knight gives an interesting chapter in the history of socialism. "Bird Hospitals," by Elizabeth Kinney, describes a unique institution where birds are cared for.

• • •

The American Boy for December (the Sprague Publishing company, Detroit) contains a number of Christmas contributions, including "Little Pete's Christmas," by Bertha Esterbrooke Goodier; "An Unexpected Santa Claus," by Hezekiah Butterworth; "The Christmas Box," by Mary H. McCoy, and "Aunt Margaret's Christmas Box," by Morris Wade.

• • •

If the old saying, "All the world loves a lover," is true, then the fiction in the Cosmopolitan for January should be popular indeed. All stories vary in treatment, plot and action, from Frances Courtenay Baylor's charming story, "Cupid's Practical Joke," to Minnetta Masterton's strong dramatic tragedy, "Her Father's Wife," but all have love for a central theme.

• • •

The January number of Table Talk, published at Philadelphia, opens with an article entitled, "The Conventional Way of Setting the Table," by Mrs. Burton Kingsland, of New York city, an acknowledged authority on etiquette. This article alone is well worth the subscription price of the magazine for a year, as it is invaluable to women who are interested in knowing the latest fashions of the table that will be in vogue in 1902.

• • •

Aside from Senator Hanna's "William McKinley as I Knew Him" the January National is a strong and attractive number. A new and most kindly portrait of Senator Hanna adorns the cover and smiles benevolently at the reader from the first page of "Affairs at Washington." This department is, as usual, a chatty resume of social and political gossip at the national capital, lavishly illustrated with finely engraved portraits of men and women of present prominence.

• • •

The leading article in the January Forum consists of a valuable suggestion by Rear Admiral G. W. Melville, engineer-in-chief of the United States navy, respecting "The Military Duty of Our Engineering Institutions." His recommendation, in brief, is that a large reserve of



HENRY M. HYDE,
Who Wrote "142—The Confessions of a Reformed Messenger Boy."

skilled experts should be secured for the military and naval services by placing the government in close touch with the technological schools. He shows in detail the similarity between the work that will be required in future from army and navy officers and that for which members of the engineering profession are trained.

• • •

Ainslee's Magazine for January shows a new departure in the cover, which is a beautiful landscape painting. The leading article in the magazine is entitled "Jerome, the Politician Militant," and is a splendid first-hand character study of the New York district attorney, who by his original campaigning methods achieved a national reputation in two weeks. "The Russian Vodka Monopoly," by Anna

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
Clear the voice. Relieve the throat. Cure coughs and colds.
In boxes only. Avoid Imitations.

ROSY CHEEKS
A Sure Sign of Health.
Vinol Makes Rosy Cheeks and Rich, Red Blood.

A pale face is an indication of disease. There are many women who through overwork, worry or care find themselves in a weak, debilitated or run-down condition, which makes life a burden.

A continuation of this condition may induce lung troubles, stomach troubles, a broken-down condition of the kidneys or of the liver, or a derangement of those organs that are the source of so much suffering for women.

All such women should come in and see us, as we want to tell them about Vinol.

Vinol is not a patent medicine. It contains nothing but the curative principles of Cod Liver Oil, combined with a little organic iron and a delicious table wine, and as each of these ingredients have been used alone by our best physicians for years in treating general debility, bronchitis, consumption and all wasting diseases, it can be readily understood that the scientific combination of these three ingredients will produce wonderful results.

Vinol is especially good for women whose blood is thin and weak; it purifies and enriches the blood. It is also excellent for women who are nervous and worried because nervousness and worry always affect the stomach first, taking away the appetite, making the sufferer thin and languid. Vinol is so delicate it can be taken into the weakest stomach. The wine increases the appetite, and the medicinal elements of the cod's liver strengthens the muscles and adds flesh. Yet it contains no oil or grease and is deliciously palatable.

We know Vinol is a wonderful and powerful rebuilder, and in advising you to take it we know what we are talking about. Vinol is what we say it is; and if you are tired and all worn out do not let another day pass without getting a bottle of it.

Come in and see us and we will convince you that we are offering you health and strength in Vinol. Your money back if you are not satisfied.

S. F. BOYCE
DRUGGIST.

Northend Benjamin, is a very interesting account of the means the Russian government has adopted to correct the criminal vice of drunkenness. This article is illustrated with some very attractive photographs. "The Training of Wild Animals," by Harvey Suthermal, like all the articles by this clever writer, is full of wisdom and humor, and throws a new light on what might be called the romantic side of the business.

• • •

The contents of the Popular Science Monthly for January, apart from numerous shorter contributions, are as follows: "The Minnesota Seaside Station," Professor Conway MacMillan; "Antarctic Exploration," Professor J. W. Gregory; "The Possible Improvement of the Human Breed Under Existing Conditions of Law and Sentiment," Dr. Francis Galton; "The End of the Ether Theory of Disease," Dr. Charles V. Chapin; "Recent Total Eclipses of the Sun," Professor Solon I. Bailey; "Friar Roger Bacon," Dr. Edward S. Holden; "Lamarck, the Founder of Evolution," Professor W. H. Dall; "Comets' Tails, the Corona and the Aurora Borealis," Professor John Cox.

• • •

John Luther Long's new novel, "Naughty Nan," is published entire in the January number of Lippincott's Magazine. After awhile it will be brought out in book form, costing four or five times the price of the Magazine form. In this hand at love-making in other lands than Japan, and in picturing the tender passion of a wilful New York girl he excels himself. Nan's aunt calls upon a favorite nephew to save Nan from a flock of matrimonially inclined men, so that the girl may "remember Cawdor," a theological student to whom her aunt has allotted her. Cawdor writes "lady-like letters" from across the sea, which fill his sweetheart with a desire to give him a severe shock. The comedy that follows is deliciously witty yet is tender throughout, while the title of the closing chapter sums it all up in the words "And my arms opened—and closed upon—Nan."

• • •

Nothing seems lacking in the New Year number of the Ladies' Home Journal to make it the most complete issue of that periodical yet published. In every way it is singularly attractive. Cardinal Gibbons and Rudyard Kipling lead the list of contributors, the one with a strong arraignment of the "new woman;" the other with the true story of how he brought up a baby lion on a bottle! We are told "How Uncle Sam Guards His Millions," and how to have a comfortable home and a garden for $900. There is a wealth of good fiction. "The Wisdom of the Dove," a clever story by Lilian Brooks; the second part of "The Russells in Chicago," and the concluding chapters of both "A Gentleman of the Blue Grass" and "Christine," are all in this number. Mr. Bok presents an absolutely unanswerable editorial against the "cramming" system in the education of children, which is as unique as it is convincing.

• • •

The story of the Argonaut for Jan. 6, 1902, is entitled "The Bridge of Elopement," and is from the pen of Charles Fleming Embree, the noted author, who is spending the winter on the Riviera. It tells how a reckless Mexican lover eloped with the daughter of the governor of Guanajuato, after having been outwitted by a cast-off senorita.

• • •

The January magazine number of The Great Round World contains an especially complete review of the leading articles in the January magazines. Each article is so summarized that its main points are quickly attainable, although the general effect is to stimulate interest in the articles as a whole. Another important feature of the issue is the special article, "An Explanation of Wireless Telegraphy," which treats of the subject in broad terms and takes a sanely conservative view of Signor Marconi's recent achievement in signalling across the Atlantic. The regular departments are full and complete in scope.

• • •

Romance and history met in the story of the trapper, with a deal of adventure and a broad touch of human nature added to complete the type. In industry, if not in cunning, the beaver matches the trapper, and its life is bound up with nature study and woodcraft. In Outing for January, A. C. Laut tells how the beaver is taken in the northern woods, the methods of its trapping, and the ob[scure] for its escape. Some curious results of attempts at domestication are quoted. Illustrations by Arthur Heming, and from photographs, are included in the article.

• • •

The North American Review, in its January number, gives magnificent promise that during the year now beginning it will maintain the broad purpose, the high standard and the authoritative character which have won for it a unique place among periodicals. Maurice Maeterlinck, the famous Belgian dramatist and essayist, opens the number with a profound and fascinating discourse on "The Mystery of Justice." Josiah Quincy, formerly assistant secretary of state, discusses the "Political Aspect of Cuba's Economic Distress," and comes to the conclusion that, without annexation and the consequent free entry to the United States market, Cuba can never rise out of an insolvent condition. Albert Halstead shows that the intelligent and tireless work of the American consul in all parts of the world has been "An Unrecognized Factor in Our Commercial Expansion."

• • •

Modern Culture for January contains a notable paper on "Henry George, the Man and the Reformer," by Dean Charles D. Williams, D.D., of Trinity cathedral, Cleveland; seven timely illustrated articles of which those on "The Police Dogs of Ghent," by J. E. Withby, of Brussels; "Winter Navigation on the Lakes," by W. Frank McClure, of Ohio; "The Sun God in Chains," an account of the newly invented solar motor, by Arthur Inkersley, of California, and "The Charleston Exposition," by Dolly K. Yancey, of Charleston, are of especially fresh interest.

• • •

Among the principal features of interest in the Christmas Overland Monthly, published at San Francisco, are "Lanty Foster's Mistake," by Bret Harte, the first editor of the Overland Monthly, and "Building Ships at the Navy Yard," an article by George J. Campbell, jr., setting forth the advantages of the new governmental shipbuilding industry on the Pacific coast. "Lanty Foster's Mistake" is one of the best California stories that has yet come from Bret Harte's illustrious pen. Mr. Campbell's article on the new navy yard is positively the first revelations of the government's action in launching this vast project on the western coast. It is elaborately illustrated by views of Mare Island and Vallejo.

• • •

Scribner's Magazine has seldom had a better union of great subject with the right man to treat it than in the series which begins in the January number on "The American 'Commercial Invasion' of Europe." Frank A. Vanderlip, on resigning his position as assistant secretary of the treasury last spring, went to Europe with letters from the highest American officials to the ministers of finance and other leaders in industry and commerce in all the great nations. Fresh from an intimate association with the industrial and financial problems in this country, he was peculiarly fitted by aptitude and training to appreciate the bearings of this problem abroad. The keynote of his articles is that "the industrial world is as yet by no means prostrate at our feet. We have before us a long campaign of hard work." It is the aim of Mr. Vanderlip's articles to point out the directions in which this hard work must be done.

• • •

One is struck very forcibly with the appearance of the January Success, a magazine which seems to be advancing steadily, both in its literary and in its artistic merit. The cover of the current issue will hold the attention of the reader for some time before he turns to the contents. It is a drawing of President Roosevelt when he was a cowboy in the West, by the celebrated artist, Dan Smith. We see the president portrayed at the time when he went to the frontier to secure health, on a brown charger, dressed in buckskin, and surrounded by a rugged country. The cover is supplemented by an article by "Buffalo Bill," who tells, with much feeling, how the man who is now president once lived the life of a cowboy.

• • •

A typical American Queen enjoying our most delightful midwinter sport—a picture of health and happiness, conceived cleverly by the talented young artist— comes to us on the cover of the January or midwinter issue of the American Queen magazine. The winter holidays over, the queen is already beginning to show the way to spring. Fashion hints are offered which it will be well for the economical and practical housewife to follow. In fiction complete stories by Marten aMrtens and others equally celebrated are presented.

• • •

The January number of Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly is unusually fortunate in its fiction. Ian Maclaren breaks his long silence by contributing one of his exquisite little sketches, "The Vision of the Soul," while Hamlin Garland tells an Indian tale in his best vein, a story which has been elaborately illustrated in colors. In several other stories, notably those by Ralph Henry Barbour, and E. S. Chamberlayne, the humorous predominates, while Miss Marion Hill's story "In Honor of the Infant," combines a delicious sense of the ludicrous with a half unconscious pathos that comes from a perfect understanding of childhood.

• • •

The January number of the New England Magazine is one of the most attractive numbers ever presented by that interesting periodical. The articles include: "The Governors of Massachusetts," by Alfred S. Roe; "Emma Willard—A Pioneer of Education for Women," by Ellen Strong Bartlett; "The Lumber Industry in Maine," by Lawrence F. Smyth; stories by Fred W. Shebley, Christene W. Bullwinkle, Vinne Sheard and Estelle M. Hart and poems by Walter A. Dyer and Charlotte W. Thurston.

Experience convinces. See for yourself how quickly Ely's Cream Balm will cure catarrh or cold in the head. We mail trial size for 10 cents. Full size, 50 cents. All druggists.
ELY BROS.,
56 Warren Street, New York.
Clifton, Arizona, Jan. 20, 1899.
Messrs. Ely Bros.: Find enclosed 50 cents, for which please send me your Cream Balm. I find your remedy the quickest and most permanent cure for cold in the head, catarrh, etc. Yours truly, DELL M. POTTER,
Gen. Mgr. Arizona Gold Mining Co.

Only One Night on the Way From Chicago to Florida.
Leave Chicago Union station 12 o'clock noon on the Chicago and Florida special through service running over Pennsylvania lines via Cincinnati, Atlanta, Macon and Jacksonville to St. Augustine. Latter city is reached at 9:20 p. m. next day.. Sleeping car reservations may be made upon application to H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago, who will also answer inquires about the through service and its conveniences.

Buy a Hair Brush Now!
We must reduce our stock quickly and have cut prices to accomplish that end.
Best Brushes Made.
The 50c kind for—
35c and 25c
The 75c kind for—
65c and 50c
See them in our window.
BOYCE'S DRUG STORE.


Johnson & Kaake
DENTISTS.
Best Set of Teeth $10.
Our offices are equipped with all the latest electrical appliances for performing dental operations in a speedy and painless manner. Examination Free and all work Guaranteed.
Painless Extracting------50c
Porcelain Crowns-----$5.00
Gold Crowns (22k) $7.00
Gold Filling up from $1.50
Silver Fillings up from 75c.
Open Sundays 10 to 12. Mesaba Block. Zenith Phone 168.
407 West Superior Street, - - - - Duluth, Minn

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Restores small, undeveloped organs, Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand, A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.
50 CENTS
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH
SAPOLIO

Ready Reference Guide OF Representative Firms.

FINANCIAL.

Abstracts of Title.
THE CON. ABSTRACT CO., 306 W. Sup.

Banks.
AM. EXCHANGE BANK, Exch. bldg.
FIRST NAT. BANK, Superior and 3rd.
COM. BANKING CO., 202 W. Superior st.
MERCHANTS BANK, West Duluth.
ST. LOUIS CO. BANK, 1901 W. Sup.

Safety Deposit.
NATIONAL SAFE DEPOSIT CO., boxes $5, $10 and $25 per year.

Real Estate, Loans & Insurance
W. M. PRINDLE & CO., Lonsdale bldg.
WENDELL P. MOSHER, Prov. bldg.
J. A. STEPHENSON, Providence bldg.
GEORGE W. CROSBY, Providence bldg.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO., Exchange bldg.
P. GEO. HANSON, 1908 W. Superior.
HAZEN & GETCHELL, West Duluth.

Real Estate and Loans.
A. W. Taussig & Co., Providence bldg.

Real Estate.
LITTLE & NOLTE, (est 1886), Ex. bldg.
LAKESIDE LAND CO., Lonsdale bldg.

Mortgage Loans.
R. B. KNOX & CO., 1 Exchange bldg.

Architects,
PALMER, HALL & HUNT, Lonsdale.
J. J. WANGENSTEIN, Providence.

Attorneys at Law.
S. D. ALLEN, Palladio bldg.
J. H. WHITELY, Palladio bldg.

Stocks and Grain.
B. E. BAKER, Board of Trade.

Pine and Mineral Lands.
B. C. SEGOG, New Jersey bldg.

Stock and Mineral Land.
S. EDWARD SMITH, 1st Nat. Bk. bldg.

Building and Loan.
Union, Zenith & Climax, 2 First Ave.

WHOLESALE.

Confectionery Mfg.
DULUTH CANDY CO., 20 E. First.
JOHN WAHL, 7 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Druggists.
L. W. LEITHHEAD D. CO., 225 S. 5th.

Dry Goods.
PATRICK & GHANGER CO., 113 S. 5th.

Grain Commission Merchants
VAN DUSEN-HARRINGTON, Bd.Trade.
THE JOHN MILLER CO., Bd. of Trade.
AMES-BROOKS Co., Board of Trade.
G. H. BARNES & CO., Board of Trade.
ATWOOD, LARSON & CO., Bd. Trade.
WILLIAM DALRYMPLE, Board of Trade.
PIERCE BROS., Board of Trade.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.
H. J. KOLLING & CO., 130 W. Mich.
DULUTH PRODUCE CO., 208 W. Mich.
HUDSON PRODUCE CO., 118 W. Mich.
THE VICTOR COMPANY, 202 W. Mich.

Oysters, Fish—Cold Storage.
A. BOOTH & COMPANY.

Building Supplies and Mantels
DIXON & LOWRY, 327 W. Mich.

Rex-Hams, Bacon, Etc.
THE CUDAHY PKG. CO., 132 W. Mich.

Pianos and Organs.
DULUTH MUSIC CO., Lake and Sup.

Grocers.
STONE-ORDEAN-WELLS 103 S. 5th.

Produce Commis'n Merchants
FITZSIMMONS-DERRIG, 122 W. Mich.
KNUDSEN-FERGUSON, 212 W. Mich.
THOS. THOMPSON, 129 W. Michigan.

Elec. Supplies and Contractor.
NORTHERN ELECTRIC CO., 20 3d Av W.
BURGESS ELECTRIC CO., 24 3d Av W.

Grain, Hay and Feed.
J. C. PERRY, foot of 3d Ave.
D. S. McKAY & CO., 102 S. First Ave.
NILSON & PETERSON, 120 ft 25th Av. W.

Logging Tools and Sleighs.
NORTHWEST. MFG. CO., Lake Ave.

Boiler and Marine Work.
NORTHWEST. BOILER WKS., 609 Gar.
GOGEBIC BOILER WKS., 409 Lake.

Dressed Meats and Live Stock.
ELLIOTT & CO., 37th Ave. W.

Iron and Steel Scrap.
DULUTH IRON & M. CO., 200 E. Mich.

Machinists and Founders.
NATIONAL IRON CO., Garfield Ave.

Mechanical Rubber Goods.
THOMSON-GLASKIN CO., 239 S. 5th Av.

Cut Stone Contractors.
BERG & NELSON, foot First Ave. W.

News Dealers—Books, Station'y
LUNDBERG & STONE, 221 W. Sup.

Awnings and Tents.
POIRIER & NORDSTROM, 101 E. Sup.

Florist and Floral Designs.
EISCHEN BROS., 129 W. Superior.

Pipe and Boiler Covering.
KEASBEY & MATTISON, 325 W. Mich.

Flour.
DUL. UNIVERSAL MILL CO., Bd Td.

Rubber Stamps and Stencils.
CON. STAMP & PTG. CO., Phoenix Blk.

Wines and Liquors.
ROBERT MARCUSE, 129 W. Michigan.

Paper and Stationery.
DULUTH PAPER CO., 108 W. Superior.

Metal Ceiling Mfg.
DUL. COR'G'TG & R. CO., 126 E. Mich.

Hardwood Flooring.
PAINE & NIXON CO., 116 W. Mich.

Brick.
PAINE & NIXON CO., 116 W. Mich.

Knitted Goods.
NELSON BROS., West Superior street.

Glass Plate and Window.
PAINE & NIXON CO., 116 W. Mich.

Coffees, Spices, Etc.
IMP'L COFFEE & S. CO., 12 W. Mich.

Cement, Lime and Salt.
CUTLER & GILBERT, Providence bldg.
STANDARD SALT & C. CO., 241 Lake.

Laundries.
PEERLESS LAUNDRY, 522 W. Sup.
LUTES' STEAM LAUNDRY, 808 E. 2d.
EUREKA LAUNDRY, 125 E. 1st.

Art Glass and Mirrors.
ST. GERMAIN BROS., 110 First Ave. W.

Harness and Saddlery.
J. H. CONSTANTINE, 104 W. 1st.

Flour, Hay and Stock Feed.
C. S. PROSSER & CO., 129 E. Sup.

Men's Furnishing Goods, Etc.
CHRISTENSEN MENDENHALL & GRAHAM, 222 W. Superior.

Mill Work & House Material.
OUELLETTE & BAXTER CO., 239 Lake

Paints, Oils and Varnishes.
NORTHWEST. PAINT CO., 323 W. 1st.

Carriages and Wagons.
M. W. TURNER, E. Superior St.

Show Cases—Store Fixtures.
DUL. SHOW CASE FACTORY, 25 E 1st.

Plumbing and Heating.
D. R. BLACK, 20 Third Ave. W.
N. C. HARVEY & CO., 228 W. First.
FARRELL & TURNBULL, 125 E. Sup.
WAUGH, KEALY & CO., 321 First.
AMERICAN HEATING CO., 31 W. Mich.

Hides and Tallow.
T. E. HALFORD & CO., 20th Ave. W.

Sash and Doors.
D. E. HOLSTON & CO., 112 E. Michigan.

Ties, Cedar Posts, Pulp Wood.
L. E. MARTIN, 11 Fifth Ave. W.

Breweries.
DULUTH BREWING CO., Phone 240.
A. FITGER & CO., E. Superior St.

Leather—Findings—Saddlery.
SCHULZE BROTHERS, 302 W. Mich.

Bakeries.
GRAY BROTHERS, 13 E. Superior.
CRESCENT BAKERY, 113 W. Fourth.
SCANDINAVIAN BAKERY, 110 Garfield.

Milk, Cream and Butter.
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, 15 E. Sup.

Studebaker Wagons & Car'g's
L. HAMMEL & CO., 3d and E. 1st.

"Good Things to Eat."
MRS. E. H. FISH & CO., 207 W. Sup. st.

Candy and Ice Cream Mfg.
SMITH CONFECTIONERY CO., 307 W. Superior street.

PROFESSIONAL—RETAIL

Merchant Tailors:
NELSON & SWANSON, 404 W. Sup.

Decorating and Wall Paper.
H. A. HALL & CO., 16 E. Superior.

Furrier.
R. KROJANKER, 201 W. Superior.

Dentists.
DR. R. E. NIXON, New Jersey bldg.
DR. SPENGLER, 3 W. Superior.
DR. J. D. PARK, New Jersey bldg.
DR. J. D. JEWETT, New Jersey bldg.
DR. S. A. WRIGHT, 20th Ave. and Sup.

Grocers.
MEDEN & MORTON, 228 W. First.
C. B. NUNAS, 230 W. Superior.
SUNDEEN & JOHNSON, 1925 W. Sup.

Department Store.
JOHNSON & MOE, 2102-2108 W. Superior.
HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO., W. D.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.
GEIST & ERD, 121 W. Superior.
J. GRUESEN, 31 W. Superior.
O. G. HULBERG, 1925 W. Superior st.

Books, Stationery and Guns.
J. W. NELSON, 5 E. Superior.

Photographer.
J. R. Zweifel, Phoenix blk.

Meat Markets.
COX BROS., 101 E. Superior.
M. V. PORTER, 1608-1902 W. Superior.
MORK BROS., 606 W. Superior.

Crockery & Housefurnishings.
N. O. NELSON, 2017-19 W. Superior.

Grocers and Clothiers.
C. H. OPPEL & SONS, 115-117 E. Sup.

Groceries and Meats.
HENRY FOLZ, 331-333 W. Superior.

Funeral Directors.
C. J. STEWART, 226 W. First.
DURKAN & CRAWFORD, 15 2d Ave. W.
C. O. NELSON, U. S. blk.

Harness and Saddlery.
G. H. HUSEBY, 1315 W. Superior.

Druggists.
SMITH & SMITH, 101 W. Superior.
S. F. BOYCE 4th Ave. and Superior.
F. W. KUGLER & CO., 127 E. Superior.
EMILE PETERSON, 1932-2231 W. Sup.
W. SPENCER, West Duluth.
CITY DRUG STORE, West Duluth.

Business College, Typewriting.
DULUTH BUSINESS UNIVERSITY, 106 W. Superior.

Furniture, Stoves, Etc.
BLOOM & CO., 1st Ave. W. and 1st.

Opticians.
C. C. STAACKE, 7 W. Superior.

Loan Office and Jewelry.
STANDARD JEWELRY & LOAN OFFICE, 324 W. Superior.

Employment Agents.
ALEXANDER & CO., Phone 476.
N

12 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 12 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1902. TWO CENTS.

WISCONSIN TRAGEDIES

Two Men Kill Wives and Attempt Suicide.

One at Burkhardt and the Other at Madison.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—A New Richmond, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: J. W. Schmidt, assistant head miller at C. Burkhardt's flour mill at Burkhardt village, fifteen miles south of here, shot his wife and then himself last night at their home. At last reports both were alive, but their condition is very critical. The wife was shot three times, two glancing shots about the head and neck and one through the hand. The man turned the revolver on himself and was shot in the head over the right ear. The principal danger is from the great loss of blood before the doctors could be called. Domestic troubles are at the bottom of the trouble. Divorce proceedings were started last fall but dropped, and since then they have been living together.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 13.—Benjamin C. Keig, a boilermaker, today killed his wife and then cut his own throat at their home in this city, where they conducted a students' boarding house. Keig is still alive, but probably will die. Passers-by heard a quarrel and the wife entreating her husband not to kill her, and an hour later the tragedy was discovered. Keig was recently discharged from his position with the St. Paul road after his arrest and conviction for assault and battery on Alderman Hayes, a fellow-employe.

WAS ANOTHER DOHERTY

New York Architect Hunting For His Missing Brother Located a Charleston Man In a British Prison in Ceylon.

New York, Jan. 13.—Though disappointed just when he thought he had found the brother for whom he has been looking for two years, William T. Doherty, an architect in this city, has the consolation of knowing that his efforts have brought joy to a family who bear the same name as his own, though they live in Charlestown, Mass. John A. Doherty, the brother of William, still remains undiscovered among the thousands of fighting men in South Africa. John P. Doherty, the son of a prominent physician of Charlestown, is now known to be a prisoner of war in Ceylon, and his family, who almost had come to mourn him for dead, are preparing to take every means to procure his speedy release. John A. Doherty, who is 26 years old, was a builder, but when the Spanish war broke out he enlisted with a New York regiment and went to Cuba. After serving in the Cuban war the parents of Doherty died, and the builder went to South Africa in search of a fortune. He disappeared and his brother wrote to the war department. He received the following:

"Army Headquarters, South Africa.

"Pretoria, Nov. 25, 1901.

"In reply to your letter to Lord Kitchener, asking whether any such person as your brother, John A. Doherty, is a prisoner of war in South Africa, I am to inform you that the only prisoner of war of that name is John P. Doherty, who gave his address as No. 7 Lawrence street, Charlestown, Mass.

"This man is now in Ceylon and will remain there until the cessation of hostilities."

This proved the death blow to all William Doherty's hopes, but he lost no time in sending on the letter to Charlestown, and he has just received a reply telling him of the happiness which his news brought to the other family.

AN ELEVATOR BURNED

Chicago, Jan. 13.—A loss estimated at nearly $275,000 was caused by a fire that broke out about 1:45 o'clock this morning, in the plant of the G. F. Well branch of the American Malting company. The property is situated at Fifty-second street and the Pan-Handle railroad tracks. The fire started in the elevator, a great structure 150 feet high, covering an area 300 by 200 feet and having a capacity of 300,000 bushels of grain. It was filled with barley almost to its capacity. The building was destroyed and its contents is almost a total loss.

Just south of the Malting company's plant are the Pan-Handle freight yards, and at the outset of the fire there was serious menace to a vast amount of rolling stock.

The burning elevator set a great glare aloft, in the light of which scores of men scurried back and forth in strenuous efforts to roll the Pan-Handle freight cars away from danger of ignition. In this they were only partially successful, for several freight cars were destroyed. Adjoining the elevator was a pickle factory on the west, owned by J. Well. Great efforts were made to protect this plant, but it was somewhat damaged. From its roof, the firemen fought the flames in the elevator, but they worked at great disadvantage, owing to the great height of the building. When the flames broke through the roof of the elevator, large sheets of iron plates fell from the roof and greatly added to the danger of the firemen.

The sheet iron plates were redhot and there was sufficient blaze to throw them clear of the building, endangering the line of the men working near.

The American Malting company bought the elevator with the J. W. Well Mairing plant at the time the trust was formed four years ago. The company owns several other plants in Chicago, and many in other points in the west, and some in the East. It carries insurance on all its property and it is believed the loss will be fully covered.

EMBEZZLERS ARE TO DIE

Tacoma, Jan. 13.—Mail advices for Seoul, Corea, via Yokohama, are to the effect that the checking of the government receipts from taxes and internal revenue reveals the astonishing fact that not less than 10,000,000 yen have been embezzled by government officials during the last three years. Ye Yo Yok, minister of finance, advised the emperor to pass sentence of death on all officials who embezzled over 2000 yen. The emperor's sanction was given over three weeks ago, and wholesale executions will soon take place. Eighty officials are implicated, many of whom have already been arrested. Among those condemned is Cho Pyng Jik, an ex-premier.

The officials under arrest claim that the money taken by them was in payment for salaries or expenses incurred in collecting.

SECOND ONE KIDNAPED

St. Louis, Jan. 13.—Lottie Richards, 11 years old, known in theatrical circles as a member of the Kline family of acrobats, while temporarily living in this city, disappeared Friday at noon. The child, who is the second member of her family to disappear within the last six months, was sent to a neighboring grocery to buy articles for the midday meal and failed to return.

The little girl's mother, Mrs. Laura Richards, says that she believes her daughter has been kidnaped by some person who knows the child's ability and desires to make the little girl's theatrical engagements a source of profit.

While living on North Tenth street, about six months ago, Bertie Richards, 12 years old, and a half-brother of Lottie, disappeared under circumstances identical with those surrounding the disappearance of his half-sister, and no tidings of him have ever been received.

HOLT WAS NOT FREE LONG

San Francisco, Jan. 13.—Frank Holt, the military prisoner who escaped from Alcatraz island on Saturday, by concealing himself in a box which was brought to this city on the steamer McDowell, is again in custody. He got out of the box on the vessel, saluted the officer on the deck when he landed, obtained $2 from a stranger to whom he told his story, rented a room and was arrested the first time he ventured out.



ENGINEER JOHN M. WISKER, WHOSE ENGINE KILLED SIXTEEN PEOPLE IN THE CENTRAL WRECK AT NEW YORK.

The railroad authorities blame Engineer Wisker for the recent accident in the New York Central tunnel. Wisker was a green engineer and ran by signals which, he says, were concealed by fog and smoke.

WILL HEAR ARGUMENTS

Chief Justice Fuller Fixes Jan. 27, as Day When Supreme Court Will Hear Application of Minnesota on Merger Case.

Washington, Jan. 13.—In the United States supreme court Chief Justice Fuller announced today that arguments on the application of the state of Minnesota for leave to file a bill of complaint against the Northern Securities company bearing upon the consolidation of the Northern Pacific with other railroad companies would be heard Monday, Jan. 27. The chief justice also issued an order requiring that notices of the application should be given to the securities company.

Justice Gray of the United States supreme court today delivered an opinion in the case of Nutting vs. the commonwealth of Massachusetts, involving the constitutionality of the state law of that state, prescribing penalties upon brokers or others who negotiate or make contracts in the state of Minnesota with insurance companies which are not admitted to do business in the state. Nutting secured a policy for a customer in a foreign company and was proceeded against under the law. He urged that the statute was in contravention of the federal constitution, but the supreme court of Massachusetts decided to the contrary, and today's opinion upholds that decision.

JUMPED FROM A TRAIN

George Olson of Duluth Tried to Commit Suicide at Grand Forks---Cut His Throat But Will Live.

Grand Forks, N. D., Jan. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—A man named George Olson, bound from Spokane to his home at Duluth, jumped from a Great Northern train here this morning, injuring his head. He was taken to the city jail, where he later attempted to cut his throat with a watch case. He was removed to the county jail. His injuries are not dangerous. He has two brothers, Charles and Oscar, living in Duluth. He may continue the trip home tomorrow.

NASH IS INAUGURATED

For the Second Time Inducted Into Office as the Governor of Ohio With Imposing Ceremonies.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 13.—At high noon today George Kilborn Nash was inaugurated for the second time as governor of the state of Ohio. The oath of office was administered to him in the rotunda of the state capitol by Chief Justice Minshall. The capitol was appropriately decorated and the rotunda space was filled with high officials and citizens of the state at large.

The inaugural ceremonies consisted of music by the famous Columbus Republican Glee club, and after taking the oath of office Governor Nash delivered his inaugural address.

After the address there was a big parade, moving over the principal part of High street under the command of ex-Adjt. Gen. Axline. The parade consisted of six divisions and the troops from the United States barracks marching at its head. The National Guard turned out 1500 men under the command of Brig. Gen. Briggs and the independent military organizations of the state were under the command of President W. O. Thompson of the state university. The marching clubs formed an important part of the parade. The Blaine club, of Cincinnati, the Rail Splitters, of Toledo, and other famous clubs were in line.

In the evening there will be a public reception in the new annex of the state house.

PEQUAMING IS QUARANTINED

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—A special from Calumet, Mich., to the Dispatch says: The town of Pequaming, in Baraga county, with a population of 500, is quarantined and business suspended. Several cases of scarlet fever and diphtheria have been found, and the contagion is spreading. Schools, the postoffice, churches and many stores are closed and business is at a standstill.

OPENING DAY OF THE BONSPIEL

Curlers Gather In Duluth For Ninth Annual Bonspiel of Northwestern Association.

Entries For the Duluth Jobbers' Union Trophy Include Forty-Two Rinks ---Drawing of Games.

The following special curling weather forecast was received at the local weather office from the Chicago office at noon today:

"Indications point to several days of fair weather, with desirable temperature for curling."

The ninth annual bonspiel of the Northwestern Curling association opened in Duluth today.

Every visiting curler is charmed with the weather, with the Duluth club's rink and in fact with everything. One and all predict the finest and most successful bonspiel the Northwestern association has ever had.

The curlers began to arrive yesterday, the men from Hartney, Canada, being among the first to get here. All day long they kept coming in. The Twilight Limited last evening brought in quite a bunch. This morning brought the Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., men, four from the American side and two from the Canadian side.

The Chicago and Milwaukee contingent arrived on the morning trains also.

Two St. Paul and one Minneapolis rinks arrived last night on the Twilight Limited. The St. Paul Curling club was represented by W. W. Lorimer's rink, and the Nushka by C. M. Grigg's rink. Mr. Lorimer is claimed by the St. Paul men to be the dean of Northwestern curlers, both in age and in actual curling experience. He has been curling for forty-six years, having first played in Scotland as a school boy at the age of 10. Mr. Lorimer curled in the first bonspiel held in Minnesota in 1885 or 1886, and has attended all 'spiels held since, except when sickness prevented.

Three members of J. McLeod's rink from the Flour City club of Minneapolis also arrived on the Twilight Limited. This rink will be skipped by both Mr. McLeod and J. H. Riehldaffer, they alternating in skipping events.

The St. Paul curlers rally their Minneapolis brethren, who have about eighty members, over the lack of interest shown in the sport in the Flour City.

"You've got to have a Scandinavian sport to attract interest in Minneapolis," was the shot that one of the St. Paul men fired at a Minneapolitan today.

"Well, if it wern't for the Irish in St. Paul, you wouldn't cut so much ice," was the retort. "There are lots of Irish in St. Paul, and an Irishman is next door to a Scotchman."

It wasn't a Scotchman that made the retort.

The Nushka club, of St. Paul, has the largest membership of the curling associations in the Twin Cities, having outstripped the pioneer organization, the St. Paul Curling club, which has a membership of only about sixty, while the younger club has about 150 members. The members of the older club ascribe this to the fact that their rink is located on the island, and that it is inaccessible and inconvenient. The Nushkas have their rink on Selby avenue, and now the St. Pauls are planning to transfer the scene of their sport up on "the hill." Then, they claim, they will give the Nushkas a race for their money.

E. J. Rochon, the Fort William veteran, gave a striking example of the fascination that curling and also a visit to Duluth has for himself and his men. They traveled 1000 miles to get here, going to Winnipeg, thence to St. Paul, and from there to Duluth.

R. H. Dunbar, of St. Paul, who is probably the greatest curler in the country, will not have a rink here, much to the surprise of all the attendants at the 'spiel. He will be here, however, for some games at least, and will play third for W. W. Lorimer and possibly in some events.

The Winnipeg contingent is very strong. C. W. Huffman, James McDairmid, S. G. Harstone and Alex Black are all here, and every one of them is a dangerous proposition for any rink to tackle.

The entries closed at noon, and the following rinks, forty-two in number, were entered in the Duluth Jobbers' event:

DULUTH.

J. E. Catlin, Thomas Gibson, H. Hur-

(Continued on Page 4.

EATON-MERRITT WIN

Final Decision of the United States Supreme Court In One of the Section Thirty Cases.

Washington, Jan. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The final chapter in the case of the Midway company vs. Frank Eaton et al. has been closed, the United States supreme court having today handed down its decision. It is in favor of Eaton, Merritt and others, and defeats the claims of the Midway company. The decision of the state supreme court of Minnesota is now affirmed, with costs, by the highest court in the land, and this ends the case, which may be properly described as the human interest side of the famous "section 30 case," which has been in litigation for seventeen years.

Section 30 is known to contain deposits of rich iron ore, and nothing except the litigation has prevented the development upon it of two or three of the best mines in the Lake Superior region. During all these years the controversy has run the entire gamut of the land department, and is now closed in the court of last resort. The Midway company is controlled by A. M. Miller, Duluth. Section 30 litigation has, it is estimated, incurred expenses to the amount of more than $300,000.

In the land department, where the case was most bitterly contested, the defendant, Eaton, was represented by Wayne McVeagh, of Philadelphia, former attorney general of the United States; Burdett, Thompson & Law, and Brainerd & Lee, of Washington, and opposed to them were James K. Redington, Manning & Fox, of Washington, and P. H. Seymour, Duluth.

In 1854 the United States negotiated a treaty with certain Sioux half-breeds to relinquish their title to land lying on the western shore of Lake Pepin, in the Mississippi river, near Lake City. In lieu of these lands the half-breeds were to select other lands in any part of the public domain. In order to identify the half-breeds, scrip was issued to them specifying how much land each was entitled to take up. The law provided that no transfer of the scrip should be valid.

The half-breeds soon began to dispose of their scrip, however, and one of them, Orille Moreau, executed power of attorney to locate land to Eaton, and another power of attorney to sell the land to Leonidas Merritt. Eaton, in 1883, located the scrip on 320 acres in section 30 in the name of Moreau. Merritt, as attorney in fact for Moreau, conveyed to Eaton and the other scrip defendants, M. Lenstorff, now deceased, of Milwaukee; Leonidas Merritt, R. H. Fagan and M. Clark, obtained their interests through Eaton.

In 1884 Thomas Hyde, of Ely, who once could have sold his interest to Col. Pickands of Cleveland for a fortune, took a pre-emption on the land described, alleging that the land had been located in violation of the law by the scrip locaters. The local land office upheld the scrip locations, but it was reversed by Secretary Vilas, and his reversal was sustained by Secretary Noble. The secretaries held that the simultaneous execution of the two powers of attorney for cash considerations, accompanied by delivery of the scrip, amounted to a plan to evade the statute prohibiting the transfers of this kind of scrip.

At the hearing it developed that Hyde had entered into a contract to transfer the land, in case he was successful, and the secretaries held this, too, was in violation of the law and that neither Eaton nor Hyde was entitled to the land.

Immediately when this decision became known there was a rush for the land office. Parties said to represent the Minnesota Iron, Germania Iron and Midway companies obtained filings on parts of the coveted land. Since then section 30 has been in constant litigation in state and federal courts.

In December, 1899, Judge Moer, of the district court of Duluth, overruled the decisions of Secretaries Vilas and Noble and set aside the patent under which the Midway company claimed and awarded title to scrip defendants, Eaton et al. The supreme court of Minnesota sustained this decision and then it went up to the United States supreme court. L. C. Harris went to Washington representing Eaton and J. L. Washburn was there representing other defendants.

The attorneys for Eaton contended that while it may be illegal to convey the Sioux scrip the law does not prohibit conveyance of the land obtained under it. It develops that the object of the government in prohibiting the transfer of the scrip was to avoid disputes between the scripee and third persons, which the government might be called on to settle.

LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN.

Make Remarkable Showing In Their Annual Report.

Peoria, Ill., Jan. 13.—Frank W. Arnold, grand secretary-treasurer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, has just completed his report for the last year, which makes some remarkable showing in reference to the order.

According to the figures, the firemen are the strongest, in proportion to the number of men employed, in the United States and Canada, of any of the organizations. The firemen today have a total membership of 40,720, as against fewer than 50,000 locomotive firemen in the United States and Canada.

This is a doubling of the membership since 1894, when the order moved to Peoria, at which time it had fewer than 21,000 members. The gain for the last year was 3119 and the insurance in force is $55,628,500.

HAGGART FOR MARSHAL.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The president today sent a number of nominations to the senate, among which was the following: United States marshal for the district of North Dakota, John E. Haggart, North Dakota.

CIVIL SERVICE

Examination Will Be Held at St. Paul Feb. 18.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—An examination for government positions will be held at St. Paul on Feb. 18, under the civil service commission. Two interpreters are wanted for the immigration service. One in Arabic, Italian and French, and the other in Clavonish, Croatian and Italian, each at $1200 per year. The commission also desires two or more female teachers for the Indian service, salaried at $600 per year.

STRUCK BY TRAIN.

Cannon Ball Express Hits a Trolley Car.

Wheeling, W. Va., Jan. 13.—This morning at 11 o'clock, the east bound passenger known as the "Cannon ball" train on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, struck a car of the Wheeling Traction company at the gate crossing at North Benwood, just below this city, demolishing the car, resulting in the instaat death of Motorman George Hart. The car contained five passengers, all of whom miraculously escaped with only slight injuries.

DUKE SETTLES WITH PORTIA

London, Jan. 13.—The breach of promise suit brought by Miss Portia Knight, the American actress, against the duke of Manchester, has after all been settled out of court, the duke paying Miss Knight £1000 and defraying the costs of the legal proceedings. An agreement was reached Saturday, and the final papers will be signed Wednesday next, when the money will be paid.

The lawyers in the case say nothing in the nature of a grave scandal would have developed had the suit come to trial, but unpleasant notoriety would have attended the reading of love letters, etc.

SCHOOLS ARE OPEN

Work In Public Schools Resumed After the Holidays.

The Christmas Vacation Was Longest Ever Held Here.

Proposal to Close Schools In Winter Rather Than Summer.

After three weeks of vacation the teachers and pupils of the public schools returned to their work this morning. Such a long time off naturally lessens the interest in their work that the children have during an uninterrupted session. As a result, hundreds of teachers about the city are unanimous in declaring school today a failure. After a day or two of the regular work the effects of the long play time will be worn off to a large extent, however.

There are only two more weeks left of this semester of school work. These will be devoted to review of the work that has been gone over since last September, in preparation for the fiscal semester examinations, which will be held week after next.

During the chapel exercises at the high school this morning Principal Smith called attention to a large statue of "Diana, the Goddess of the Hunt," which appeared for the first time on the stage. It is the present to the school by the class of 1901, which graduated last June, and it is a handsome piece of statuary.

This was the longest Christmas vacation the public schools of the city have had. Usually two weeks has been the custom, and it has even been as short as a week. Three weeks of vacation were given this time, however. This was due to a mistake in beginning the school year so early, which was done under the impression that the school year might be increased to ten months this time. When it was found that this would not be agreeable the early opening left a good deal of time on hand.

The members of the board thought some of the vacation had better be put in at this time, as shortening up the spring end takes away some of the very best weather for school work there is in the year. The board figured that by having a long Christmas vacation a good deal could be saved in coal and light bills, as the extra time would come at the coldest and darkest season of the year. It happened that the vacation time was mostly warm and beautiful, so the saving was not so great as it might have been.

The idea of having a winter instead of a summer vacation has been advanced. There is no reason why vacations should be in the summer except that they have usually been arranged that way, and that farther south the summer weather is too warm for work. In Duluth this is not the case, however, and more than once it has been suggested that school continue during all of the summer months and that the long vacation be put over to winter, when it is cold and dark and expensive, and when many of the contagious diseases are most likely to spread.

IS LIGHT.

Railway Passenger Agents Report Business Very Slow.

Local passenger agents complain that traffic in their line is continuing very light since the holidays. Except for the present rush of curlers to the Duluth bonspiel, the passenger movement has been very small indeed. Both passenger and freight men, however, insist that the inevitable New Year's resolution to restore rates to tariff has been and is being religiously kept. It is even suggested that perhaps this fact offers some explanation for the meagerness of traffic. Shippers expect the customary easing up of freight rates about the first of February.

THEY MET AGAIN.

Vag Tried to Beg Beer Money From Wrong Man.

John Shannon tried to put a crimp in society Saturday. Running short of funds he decided to beg a little from the first good-looking man he met. Judge Edson was coming down the street and Shannon put up a wierd stretch of monologue about the evils of starving to death. The judge read through the story and offered to take him to a restaurant and buy him a meal, but would not trust him with money. Shannon refused the offer.

This morning he and Judge Edson met again. Shannon was in the box of sorrows and the judge was hearing the regular police arraignments. He gave Shannon twenty days in the county jail for drunkenness.

McKINLEY MEMORIAL FUND

Fifteen Hundred Dollars Is the Mark Set.

The secretary of the Duluth auxiliary of the McKinley memorial fund states that he does not think Duluth will contribute more than $1500—as the outside figure and as it is near that amount now and expects to close the list when that figure is reached at the furthest, suggests that those who may still have lists out bring in their subscriptions when there is still an opportunity. The collections are as follows:

Previously acknowledged	$1,362 51
G. E. Storms' list	5 75
W. C. Agnew	2 00
Duluth barbers	1 75
J. L. Navers	2 00
W. Herbert Wilson	50
William Getty	1 00
James P. Weir, West Duluth	50
Robert Wendell, West Duluth	25
H. W. Lanners, West Duluth	1 00
M. S. Shore, West Duluth	50
M. S. Klikin, West Duluth	25
Robert Forbes, West Duluth	25
Cash, West Duluth	25
Charles Ilis, West Duluth	25
F. R. Hill	50

GASSER'S GROCERY

100-lb. Sack gran. Sugar--- $5.10
This is at the rate of 19½ lbs. for $1.00—Why not save the difference?
Creamery Butter, per lb.-------25c
Seedling Oranges per box---$2.50
Navel Oranges, per box $3 & $3.25
Florida Oranges, doz 25c, 30c, 40c
Tangerine Oranges per doz---20c
Grape Fruit, doz----------75c
12 lbs Extra Prunes for------$1.00
Santa Claus Soap, 8 bars-----25c
Lakeside Delivery Tuesday.

209-211 W. Superior Street

C. W. Crosby's list	1 00
R. H. Moore, Beaver Bay	1 00
Dan Clark, Beaver Bay	1 00
Lewis Laire, Beaver Bay	1 00
Joseh St. Lawrence, Beaver Bay	25
Joe Miller, Beaver Bay	50
John Chamberlain, Beaver Bay	25
A. Terne, Beaver Bay	25
Walter Kangas, Beaver Bay	25
William Nelson, Beaver Bay	25
Dan Kihley, Beaver Bay	25
John Koss, Beaver Bay	1 00
W. J. Suffel	1 00
Employes Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway and Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines	16 75
Total, Jan. 13	$1,404 11

FIRST ANNUAL..... BALL
Woodmen Circle, Zenith Grove No. 10
At Columbia Hall, Tuesday Evening, Jan. 14. La Brosse's Orchestra.
Admission—75c per couple—including supper.

THEY GET IT.

Lakesiders Will Have Free Delivery of Mail April 1.

Lakeside will have free delivery mail service beginning April 1.

What will the Lakesiders scrap for next, the jealous East Enders will sarcastically ask.

Postmaster Fisher has received the following from the department:

"Washington, D. C., Jan. 6, 1902.

"Hon. Page Morris, M. C., House of Representatives:

"Dear Sir: Referring to your personal call of this date, and our conversation regarding the extension of the free delivery service from Duluth, Minn., to the suburbs of Lakeside and Lester Park, I have the honor to inform you that consideration of this matter has been deferred, owing to the condition of the free delivery appropriation. The balance of the appropriation now remaining is barely sufficient to meet the demands of the service within the established limits during the balance of the fiscal year, and requests for extension to new territory are only considered where it is known that the cases are very urgent. For this reason it was not the intention of this office to extend the service at Duluth until July 1, but, in view of your statements, an exception will be made in this case, and the postmaster will be authorized to employ two additional carriers on April 1, and to extend free delivery to the residents of Lakeside and Lester Park on that date, provided the postoffice at Lakeview is discontinued and the necessary registry and money order facilities provided. Very respectfully,

"A. W. MACHEM,

"General Supt. Free Delivery System."

While Congressman Morris pushed this matter at the postoffice department as diligently as possible, Postmaster Fisher deserves no small credit for the installation of the service. It was his lot to labor with the special agents who were sent out here to investigate the necessity for the introduction of the system. It would seem to Duluth people to be a very easy matter to do that, but it was not so easy. The business of the station known as Lakeview was so small that it took some time to convince them that there was mail enough to warrant free delivery. They had to be convinced that most of the Lakeside people got their mail at the Duluth office and Mr. Fisher found some of them not at all ready to accept that.

NEW GENERAL AGENT.

T. E. Blanche, Buffalo, Will Act For Northern Pacific.

The Northern Pacific department of publicity has been sadly "scooped." Circulars were received at the Northern Pacific traffic offices here yesterday announcing the appointment Jan. 1 of Thomas E. Blanche as general agent of the company at Duluth. Mr. Blanche is at Buffalo, his former home, packing up his household effects, preparatory to moving to this city. He is expected here the first of next week.

MILL COMPANY CHANGES.

New Officers Go Into Commander Mill Force.

During the past few days there have been a few important changes in the management of the Commander Flour Milling company, whose mill, now in operation, is located on Hughitt slip, in West Superior. Vice President A. M. Hickson, who was one of those actively interested in the purchase of the old Barcley mill, as it was called years ago, has been succeeded by W. J. Jennison, while W. H. Bliss, formerly of Nashville, Tenn., a milling man of much experience, has been elected secretary of the company. Mr. Bliss came to Duluth a few days ago and has taken apartments at the McKay. The Commander mill is owned largely by Gregory E. Cook, of Minneapolis.

An Aristocrat among foods
GRAPE-NUTS
At Grocers.

TIMBER IS SOLD

John McAlpine Makes Biggest Timber Purchase of the Year.

Buys 100,000,000 Feet of Timber in St. Louis County.

Price About $400,000---Property Increasing 5 Per Cent Yearly.

The largest timber land sale made thus far this season, and, in fact, one of the largest that has been made in recent years, has just been consummated between John McAlpine, the well known timber man, and Swallow & Hopkins, one of the largest stumpage owners in this state. Mr. McAlpine has, after about four months of negotiations, purchased from the timber firm a large tract of pine stumpage in townships 60-12 and 13, aggregating 100,000,000 feet and at a cost somewhere close to $400,000.

A portion of the timber was bought from other parties, but the majority from Swallow & Hopkins. Practically the whole tract is covered with white pine and it is considered by timber men, generally, to be one of the best tracts of standing white pine left in the state of Minnesota. The timber runs through two townships between Allen Junction and Missabe. The upper corner of the timber is but four miles from the Iron Range road and with but little trouble a spur road could be built in to the pine.

Still closer to the tract is the Partridge river where, when logging operations begin, the logs could be easily dumped and floated to St. Louis to be sawed. The new trackage of the Tower Lumber company will also come close to the recently made purchase so that it would be a small matter to reach it from Tower.

The entire tract is covered with growing, sound timber that is increasing at the rate of 5 per cent a year, or in other figures at the rate of 5,000,000 feet per year. At $5 per thousand it is noted that means an increase in its value of $25,000, which increase will more than cover the interest at 5 per cent on the principal invested, and the taxes on the land every year. At the same time, under the present conditions, the value of white pine stumpage is steadily advancing.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken, 31 East Sup. St.
Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.
Parlor theater—Go with the crowds.
Mrs. J. K. Richter, of 701 East Second street, will entertain the East End club tomorrow afternoon. It will be the first meeting of the club.
Parlor theater—Catchy vaudeville nightly.

PERSONALS.

M. S. Lloyd returned yesterday from Steubenville, Ohio, where he was summoned two weeks ago by the sudden death of M. S. Stokely.

M. A. Thomson has returned from a trip to St. Paul.

J. R. Zweifel left Saturday evening for Chicago, and will go to Dayton, Ohio, to visit his brother. He will be gone about two weeks.

Henry E. Harris has returned from an Eastern trip.

C. M. E. McClintock, one of Ashland's prominent business men, is at the St. Louis.

E. Falles, of Grand Rapids, is attending to business in Duluth.

Maj. E. B. Nugent, of Bay City, Mich., is one of the Spalding's guests.

Miss Jennie Gimson, of Biwabik, is visiting in Duluth.

A. G. Brown, of Fargo, was one of the morning's arrivals at the Spalding.

Senator C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, is spending the day at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Adam Bede, of Pine City, came up from Minneapolis last evening, for the triangular political debate at the Armory tonight, in which Mr. Bede will espouse the Republican cause.

E. Holbach will leave on the Omaha today for California. He will spend the winter on the coast.

Edward Congdon will leave on this afternoon's Omaha limited on his return to school at Pottsville, Pa.

Among the guests at the McKay are Miss Mathilda Halvorson and Miss Marie Moull, of Two Harbors.

E. J. Longyear, of Hibbing, is at the Spalding.

E. A. Whittaker, formerly city ticket agent of the Northern Pacific here, but now occupying the same position with the Omaha in St. Paul, was in the city on a flying trip Saturday night. Railroad men claim that he had a hunch and was hustling after business here, though Mr. Whittaker disclaimed that anything but personal affairs was the cause of his visit.

C. G. Poggi will leave for Chicago this afternoon.

Thomas Bardon, of Ashland, is looking after business interests in Duluth today.

W. C. McClure will leave for Saginaw on this evening's South Shore limited.

Local Manager Inman of the Great Lakes Towing company, will leave Wednesday for Cleveland to attend the annual meeting of local managers of that corporation.

The Richmond rink of curlers from Chicago, and J. Campbell's rink from Milwaukee, arrived this noon, and are quartered at the Spalding. Mr. Campbell was formerly with the Listman mill at West Superior, and is now engaged with the Beger-Anderson Milling company, in Milwaukee.

SENTENCE IS SUSPENDED.

Joseph Manning Permitted to Go on Good Behavior.

Joseph Manning, formerly financial scribe of Court Commerce, Independent Order of Foresters, and who recently peladed guilty on a charge of appropriating some of the lodge money, will not go to the St. Cloud reform school, for the present at least.

This afternoon Judge Cant of the district court suspended sentence on the young man and turned him over to Probation Officer H. W. Withrow.

Mr. Manning is but 19 years of age, and is without relatives in the United States. Last November he met with considerable hard luck and appropriated a small amount of money belonging to Court Commerce. He has been in jail since. The grand jury indicted him on a charge of grand larceny in the second degree, and to this he entered a plea of guilty. It was thought that he would be sent to St. Cloud, but influential Foresters and others interceded in his behalf.

Tenth Annual Stock Reducing Sale

All Overcoats, Suits, Trousers Full Dress, Fancy Vestings, made in our usual good styles, at—

25% BELOW OUR REGULAR PRICES.....

Our regular patrons are earnestly requested to take advantage of this UNUSUAL buying opportunity.

MIES,

Duluth's Leading Tailor,
308 West First Street,
Opposite Board of Trade.
Either 'Phone 181.

ST. MARY'S

Hospital Not a Charitable Institution, Says Judge Ensign.

Judge Ensign in district court this morning decided that under the law St. Mary's hospital is not a charitable institution.

If he had held that it was, the suit of the estate of Leslie J. Craig against the Benedictine Sisters' Hospital association, which conducts the hospital, for damages for Leslie Craig's death, would have ended there, because the law exempts charitable institutions from liability for personal injury damages.

The court held that while the acts of the association in conducting the hospital made it appear that charity was the basis of its workings, yet its articles of incorporation, which are drawn up just as they would be for an ordinary business institution, make it appear to be other than a charitable institution. The court had to hold, Judge Ensign said, that the association was whatever its articles of incorporation made it, and he therefore held that the hospital is not conducted for charity, and he refused to grant the motion made by the defense to direct a verdict in its favor.

The arguments to the jury were then begun, and the case was to reach the jury this afternoon. The suit is to recover $5000 for the death of Leslie J. Craig, a boy 10 years old, who was killed by falling down an elevator shaft in the hospital.

The personal injury case of Ida Powers against the Duluth-Superior Traction company was still in progress today, and the defense was putting in testimony. It was expected that the case would reach the jury by tomorrow.

Judge Cant was hearing court cases this morning.

COMMERCIAL CLUB.

West End Organization Will Be Reorganized Soon.

The matter of reorganizing the old Duluth Commercial club at the West End has not been allowed to die out, but the business men of that part of the city are canvassing the matter very thoroughly. President Pierce, of the old club, will call a meeting very soon. There has been a great deal of talk among the business men as to the best time to hold the meetings. Some are much in favor of an afternoon meeting, from 2 to 4 o'clock because on account of the large number of lodges that meet at the West End, nearly every night has been taken at the different halls for lodge meetings. The question of a location for the club meetings will be one of the first things to be considered by the new club.

THINKS IT WEAK.

Miss Stone's Brother Criticises the Government's Action.

A brother of Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary who has been the captive of brigands on the Bulgarian border for several months, is in Duluth. He is Perley A. Stone, a traveling man for a Massachusetts shoe factory. Mr. Stone regards the imprisonment of his sister as a political conspiracy rather than as a mere act of brigandage as it is ordinarily practiced in the Orient. He also considers that, while the American government has done its utmost along the diplomatic lines long in use by this nation, the abduction of Miss Stone is a direct result of the milk-and-water methods of American diplomacy. He believes this country should adopt a firmer and more insistent attitude in its relations with such countries as Turkey and Bulgaria. He doesn't feel sure as to what will be the outcome of the efforts to obtain his sister's release.

BASKET BALL GAMES.

Y. M. C. A. Will Meet Nelson Dewey Team in Duluth.

The crack Y. M. C. A. basket ball team which has not met defeat this season will play the Nelson Dewey high school team, of Superior, in the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium tomorrow night. The visitors are expected to put up a fast game. The line-up will be:

Nelson Dewey.		Y. M. C. A.
Duff	forward	Smith
Henderson	forward	Congdon
E. Kennitt	center	Deighton
Wiesinger	guard	Berini
Roble	guard	Chisholm

Stocks, Stocks, Stocks.

For sale—15,000 shares Idaho and Continental Mining company stock. O. C. Hartman & Co., 210 Exchange building.

KILLED IN COLLISION

Rock Island Passenger Runs Into a Construction Train.

Two Men Dead and Eight Were Seriously Injured.

The Accident Was Caused By a Misplaced Switch.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—A message to General Manager Hitt, of the Rock Island road, states that a passenger train ran into a construction train today, killing two and injuring eight men.

The collision occurred at O'Keene, Okla., the passenger train running into the work train on a siding. A misplaced switch is believed to have caused the wreck. The dead:

H. K. BAER, Wichita, Kans.
E. A. COLFY, Galway, Kans.

The injured: A. J. Beach, shoulder and hip bruised; Hubert Kimberly, Jr., injured about body; C. Reith, slightly; J. J. Heppler, cut on head; Joe Collins, slight; E. E. Hoop, slight; C. E. Taisey, knee cap fractured; C. Yeaton, face bruised.

THE ILLINOIS

Has Demonstrated the Possibilities of the Floating Drydock.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The big battleship Illinois has just come out of the floating dry dock at the New Orleans naval station, having successfully demonstrated the possibilities of that structure. The department has been obliged to change its plans in respect to the vessel's movements. It will be necessary to omit the call at Pensacola, which had been promised to the Florida people, and instead the ship, after touching at Havana for coal, will proceed directly north to Newport News. Under the terms of the contract of the builders the two days' sea trial must be had soon, and the ship must be thoroughly inspected by the board to make sure that the contractors do not escape any proper liability for deterioration. It is expected that the Illinois will be one of the American warships present at the coronation ceremonies.

THANKS

Of Her Imperial Majesty Transmitted By Minister Wu.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Mr. Wu, the Chinese minister, today handed Secretary Hay the following edict, transmitted to him by Wei Wu Pu, at Pekin, in a cablegram dated Jan. 11, 1902:

"By order of her imperial majesty, the empress dowager, we issue the following edict:

"During the disturbances caused by the Boxers last year, the American commanding officers issued strict orders to their troops to use strenuous efforts to protect the buildings within the forbidden city. This was an act of friendship worthy of imitation for which we feel extremely gratified and grateful. We therefore instruct Wu Ting Fang to convey our expression of thanks, through the secretary of state to his excellency, the president of the United States. Respect this."

TRIAL SET.

Case of Bert Farrington Will Be Heard Jan. 27.

Adrian, Mich., Jan. 13.—Bert Farrington, of Milan, who shot and killed Jesse Hooker, in this city Jan. 5, was arraigned in the circuit court here today and pleaded not guilty. His trial was set for Jan. 27. The night of the shooting Farrington had gone to Hooker's home, where his wife was visiting, in company with two officers, to secure evidence on which to base a divorce suit. The party secured admittance to the Hooker home and when the door to Jesse's room was opened and Farrington discovered the couple within, he fired over the sheriff's shoulder and wounded Hooker so that he died the following morning.

NOT SERIOUS.

Mme. Nordica But Little Injured In Wreck.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 13.—Madame Nordica arrived at noon and appears not to be suffering any inconvenience in consequence of the shake up she received in the Southern railway wreck at Rome, Ga., yesterday. The diva is slightly bruised about the shoulder and the injury is apparently inconsequential. Madame Nordica is billed for a recital this evening, and her manager announces that she will positively appear.

BICYCLE RACE.

Six-Day Contest Begins In Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Jan. 13.—Eleven teams are competing in the six days' bicycle race, which began at 2 o'clock this afternoon in the new Coliseum. This is the first race of its kind in this city and a large crowd was in attendance at thes tart.

The teams will ride eight hours a day, the men of each team being permitted to divide the hours to suit themselves. Some of the world's fastest riders are in the cace and record-breaking time is anticipated. Following are the contestants: Julius, of Sweden, and Franks, of Belgium; Miller, of Italy, and Barcley, of Brooklyn; Gougoltz, of aPris, and Wilson, of Pittsburg; Wisher and Chevaller, of Paris; Turville, of Philadelphia, and Lawson, of Salt Lake City; Hadfield and King, of Newark; Fulton and Sullivan, of Brooklyn; Lennder, of Chicago, and Rutz, of New Haven; Monroe and McEachern; Maya and Freeman, and King and Samuelson.

WAGES INCREASED.

For Puddlers and Finishers in Iron Mills.

Youngstown, Ohio, Jan. 13.—At the bimonthly bar iron wage scale conference here this afternoon the wages for puddlers was advanced from $5.50 per ton to $5.75 per ton and the rate for finishers from 6¾ cents per ton to 6 5-10 cents per ton. The examination of the sales of bar iron, made during November and December, showed that bar iron, upon which the wages is based, sold for more than $30 per ton, which entitled the men to the increase. The increase affects 2500 men.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Frederick A. McVicar Appointed for Grand Rapids.

Washington, Jan 13.—The following nominations were made by the president today:

Postmasters—Iowa, Harvey Ingham, Algona; Thomas D. Long, Manson. Minnesota, Frederick A. McVicar, Grand Rapids. Wisconsin, Hugh H. Williams, Randolph; Peter W. Mackenzie, Paynette; Chalmers Ingersoll, Beloit; Oscar F. Nowlan, Janesville. North Dakota, Frederick Johnson, Leeds; James M. Cubbison, Minnewaukon; Gilbert Helgeland, Towner; Harry S. Oliver, Lishon. Wyoming, Horace L. Christmas, Kemmerer.

Navy—Lieutenants, junior grade; E. L. Bennett, William P. Scott, Joseph M. Reeves, R. C. Moody, L. F. James and L. B. Jones. Assistant surgeon, Charles M. Oman, Pennsylvania.

GOING TO WASHINGTON.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—A. G. Barnum and E. L. Warren, a committee representing the people of Cass Lake and Walker, who want the Chippewa Indian reservation thrown open to settlement according to the provisions of the Morris bill, will leave St. Paul this evening for Washington to present the case of the settlers to congress and to the authorities of the interior department.

CONSTITUTIONALITY

Of Torren's System Argued Before Supreme Court.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—The constitutionality of the Torrens system of land transfer, provided for by the last legislature, was urged before the supreme court today. Senator Fred E. Snyder, of Minneapolis, author of the bill, argued in favor of its constitutionality, and H. W. Childs, former attorney general, appeared in opposition.

ARTICLES FILED.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—The Alder Creek Mining company, of Duluth, filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state today. The capital stock is $150,000.

TURNED OVER FEES.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—The state grain inspection department today turned into the state treasury fees to the amount of $27,791.93.

WAR ON BUCKET SHOPS.

Minneapolis, Jan. 13.—The chamber of commerce has declared war on bucket shops.

WILL ACCEPT PROPOSAL.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—A special from Hudson, Wis., to the Dispatch says: The depositors of the Prescott bank appeared in the circuit court today to accept the proposal of H. S. Miller to pay 80 cents on the dollar and to relieve Receiver McDill. An amicable adjustment is expected on that basis.

A Pleasant Duty—"When I know anything worthy of recommendation, I consider it my duty to tell it," says Rev. James Murdock, of Hamburg, Pa. "Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder has cured me of Catarrh of five years' standing. It is certainly magical in its effect. The first application benefited me in five minutes." Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street—7.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Victor Wilmart and Rose Notel.
Eugene Bouthier and Elsie Poulin, both of Douglas county, Wis.

BIRTHS.

NELSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Herman Nelson, 2131 East Park street, on Jan. 9.

WOZINAK—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Wozinak, 505 East Tenth street, on Jan. 7.

CAHILL—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Cahill, 2025 West Third street, on Jan. 8.

DEATHS.

GUNDERSON—Mrs. Julius Gunderson, 209 Eleventh avenue west, died suddenly at noon today of heart failure. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WINKLESKY—Louise Winklesky, 9-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Winklesky, died Jan. 11. Interment at Wrenshall, Minn.

Open day and Night. 730 W. SUP. ST. New 'Phone 1358
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers
JOHN FLOOD, Manager. DULUTH, MINN.

FUNERAL FLOWERS and Floral Decorations of all descriptions. Fresh Cut Flowers, Potted Plants, Etc. Lowest market price.
VICTOR HUOT, 223 West Superior Street

CHOSEN CHAMPIONS

To Fight a Political Battle This Evening at THE ARMORY.

SLEDGE HAMMER AFFAIR.

J. Adam Bede, Professor T. J. Canton, Oliver W. Stewart and their manager, B. B. Haugan, arrived last night over the Northern Pacific. The great debate will take place tonight at the Armory. Mr. Bede, who, it is understood, has congressional aspirations, will fight the Democrat and Prohibitionist to a finish. He will demonstrate why every voter should support the Republican party. Professor Canton will uphold the party of Jefferson and Bryan. Mr. Stewart will speak for the cold water people and their unpopular cause.

The Armory will, undoubtedly, be crowded to enjoy this treat. The debate will be entertaining as well as instructive. Only a nominal admission fee of 25 cents will be charged to defray expenses. Begins at 8 o'clock sharp. Doors open at 7.

IN CONGRESS.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Jan. 13.—This was District of Columbia day in the house, and immediately after the reading of the journal Mr. Babcock (Wis.), chairman of the District of Columbia committee, claimed the day, and the house proceeded to the consideration of District business.

At the conclusion of the District of Columbia business the house took up the pension appropriation bill. Mr. Barney (Wis.), in charge of the bill, explained that it carried $139,846,480, as against $145,245,230 appropriated for the current year. The estimates for the payment of pensions decreased from $144,000,000 to $138,500,000.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 13.—When the senate met today Mr. Mason gave notice that tomorrow he would address the senate in reference to Cuban customs duties, a bill and resolution relating to which was introduced by him today.

On motion of Mr. Nelson, the bill creating a department of commerce was taken up. Mr. Nelson made an argument in favor of the department of commerce. It would materially aid in increasing our foreign markets and would tend to bring workingmen and employers into closer and more harmonious relations. He believed all lines of industry would be advanced by such a department.

After some discussion by Messrs. Teller and Hale, the department of commerce bill went over, both these senators saying that they desired to have further time to consider it. At 1:35 p. m. the senate went into executive session and at 3:12 p. m. adjourned.

HAWKINS

Thinks Extra Session Too Short to Consider Tax Laws.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—Several members of the legislature were in the city today.

Senator Hawkins, of St. Louis county, said: "From what I have seen of the tax commission's report, I believe it is too important a measure to be taken up and enacted into law without more consideration than members will be able to give it during an extra session, even if it continued sixty days, which is out of the question. I am in favor of referring the whole subject to the next legislature and adjourning. We can get along very nicely with the old law for one year more."

ABSTRACTERS

Form an Association For Mutual Benefit.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—The Minnesota State Abstracters' association filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state today. The association is composed of the abstracters of the several counties in the state, and the object is to be the advancement of the interests of the profession. There is no capital stock. The officers for the first year are:

A. T. Koerner, of Litchfield, president; W. E. Dampier, of St. Paul, vice president; J. H. Burnham, of Moorhead, secretary, and W. S. Jonkins, of Minneapolis, treasurer.

Musical Instruction Free.

Free violin lessons for six months will be given to one boy or girl between the age of 7 and 12 applying before Jan. 20 at the office of the Bradbury Violin school, No. 8 Columbus building, with a letter of recommendation from the pastor of their church or a known business man.

STAG CHOP HOUSE.
J. J. WALL. 310 W. SUPERIOR ST

Scott-Graff Lumber Co
INTERIOR FINISH.
This is the time to order your
Storm Sash.

20 PER CENT OFF
From now to Jan. 13, when I leave for the Merchant Tailors' National Convention at Norfolk, Va., all winter weight business Suits and Overcoats will be sold at a reduction of 20 per cent.
M. L. PARKER.

Hotel Northern,
208 W. SUPERIOR ST.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.
The best cafe of more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

The more White Sales that spring up, the better. It shows you the difference. | *Silberstein & Bondy Co.* | *Silberstein & Bondy Co.* | *Silberstein & Bondy Co.* | *It isn't wise to put off buying Household Needs—White Sale Prices don't last forever.*

The Annual White Sale at the Silberstein & Bondy Co.

The New Embroideries For Spring

The most exquisite assortment of embroideries we have ever shown—the styles being much finer in design and assortment much greater than any shown in preceding seasons. This promises to be a season in which embroideries will be extensively used for trimmings and various other uses—and our styles and assortments have been selected accordingly. We have placed large orders with the most prominent manufacturers and importers of this country and Europe, and feel confident that they will meet the demands of the most critical—but we would suggest early selections as the best things are those bought first—and it sometimes takes a long time to have the reorders filled—if possible to get them at all.

New Swiss Sets—in new and dainty patterns for spring, including every popular width, in open and closed patterns, insertions to match—prices range from 10c to 75c a yard.

New Novelty Lace Edged Embroideries—One of the latest effects in spring embroideries, is a combination of fine Swiss, edged with fine Valencenes lace—the band which matches is trimmed on both edges with lace—the bands are also used for shirt waist trimmings—these are 50c to 90c a yard.

Linen and Black Embroideries—Another entirely new feature in embroideries is fine linen embroidered in black silk—two widths of edging and insertion—at 25c and 50c a yard.

Batiste Galoons—One of the most popular trimmings for summer gowns are embroideried batiste galoons—we have them from 1 to 3 inches wide, and from 30c to $1 a yard.

Lace Curtains—

IN THE WHITE SALE.

Has anybody told you the good news? Or have you been here to see? Good styles in Lace Curtains have not been sold so low in price by us or any other store in recent months. Not odds and ends—a full assortment to choose from and all good kinds in the lot—all fresh and pretty.

NOTTINGHAMS.
$1.50 and $1.25 Curtains—pair, 98c.
$2.00 Curtains—per pair, $1.25.
$3.50 Curtains—perpair , $2.25.
$4.75 Curtains—per pair, $2.75.
$5.50 Curtains—per pair, $3.75.

IRISH POINT CURTAINS.
$ 6.00 kinds—pair, $4.75.
$10.50 kinds—pair, $8.25.
$ 7.00 kinds—pair, $5.75.
$14.00 kinds—pair, $11.75.

BATTENBERG CURTAINS.
$ 7.00 kinds—pair, $5.00.
$11.00 kinds—pair, $8.50.
$13.75 kinds—pair, $10.00.
$16.50 kinds—pair, $13.50.
$19.50 kinds—pair, $14.50.
$24.50 kinds—pair, $19.50.
Odd pairs of Brussels and Irish Point Curtains at HALF PRICE.

Silks—

85c Silks 58c a yard.

$1.00 to $1.25 Silks, 69c a yard.

$1.25 to $2.00 Silks $1.00 a yard.

After inventory finds us with many lines we do not intend to carry hereafter—and many short lengths ranging from one yard to eight or nine yards—there is not a poor or undesirable piece in the lot—we have named three prices— as follows:

At 58c a yard—

Taffetas, Satins and Fancy Silks that have sold at 85c and $1.00.

At 69c a yard—

Fancy Silks, Crepe de Chines, Satins and Chords which sold from $1.00 to $1.25 a yard.

At $1 a yard—

Black Fancies and Colors which have sold for $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00.

Sale Dress Goods Continued

this week—while some lines have been closed out other lines of greater importance have been added. If in need of anything in the way of wool dress fabrics it will pay you to attend this sale.

$2.50 Black Goods for $1.50—Mostly fancy Crepes, Figured Poplins, Mohair Novelties, and Pierola effects—$1.50 the yard.

$2.50 French Broadcloths for $1.50—Colors: Tan, brown and blue; very best $2.50 cloth; perfect in every detail; $1.50 the yard.

$1.75 and $1.50 Colored Dress Goods for $1.00—A variety of plain and fancy goods of all weaves and descriptions—all at $1 a yd.

$1.00 Waistings for 65c.
$4.50 Waist Patterns $2.90.
50c Black Goods 29c.
90c Black Goods 50c.
$1.25 Black Goods 75c.
$1.75 Black Goods $1.00.
50c and 60c Serges 38c.
75c Cashmeres (evening shades) 48c
$1.25 French Lowsdowns 75c.
25 pieces Dress Goods Half Price.
Fancy Pattern Dresses Half Price.
All Short Lengths about Half Price.
All Golf Cloths—away down.
Automobile Hair Cloth 2c.
Spun Glass Remnants 12c½.
Fancy Morines Half Price.



The people Know that our announcements can be absolutely depended upon and they attend our sales.

We know of one store that advertised a White Sale extensively and when customers got there were confronted with a lot of shop worn Muslin Underclothes and a lot of "cheap" looking white materials—and offered at bargain prices—one lady who went to the store said—the best bargains I could see "were in the newspapers!"

You shan't be disappointed here for our announcements are backed up by the merchandise itself—

Nor do we offer well known brands of muslin and sheeting at "catch" prices! You noticed that about our announcements, too, did you not?

"Annual White Sales"—are announced all arround and about us.

Some have gone so far as to set their very type and phrases in the papers in imitation of ours. The whole competition up to this time has been on prices. Nobody seemed to care how garish the embroideries, how flimsey the materials, how unfaithful the stitches, so long as the prices in the papers seemed "cheap"—

All through the year we keep the white sale in mind—every importing house and foreign maker of consequence comes to us with their productions—and get liberal orders (when we get some trade concessions)—the bulk and first shipment of which arrive in January—

We are sometimes able to pass them on to you at less than usual because of large trade transactions or extra concessions which we might have received from manufacturers—or sometimes by taking advantage of market conditions and placing large orders when trade is quiet. These are conditions which enable you to buy your summer supply of Muslin Under garments and white goods—below usual ruling prices, below what we shall be able to offer like grades later in the season.

Colored Cotton Dress Stuffs.

For Spring and Summer '02.

January is the month when the choicest and most fashionable Spring and Summer fabrics are first exhibited, and it is a month of much importance to purchasers of high-class novelties in cotton goods.

Novelty Swiss Dress Patterns—Beautiful embroidered effects and but one of a kind.

Swiss Novelties—Very sheer and fine in new spring shadings.

Silk Tissue—Or embroidered Silk Ginghams.

Silk Chambray—In all of the new plain colors for spring.

Scotch Tissue—A handsomely embroidered Zephyr.

Satin Leno—Fine open work—silk chambray.

Satiee Silk—New, nearly all silk, in handsome colorings.

Lenore Stripes—Very sheer and fine.

Embroidered Swiss Dots—Linen ground with different colored dots.

La Tourine—A corded material with lace designs.

Silk Mousseline—An embroidered Mousseline de Soie.

Silk and Linen Fancies—Silk and linen ground with embroidered colored stripe.

Fabric Fancies—Plain colors with worked stripes.

Colored Victoria Lawns—In the spring and summer season's newest shade.

Plain Dimity—In plain colors, new shades for spring and summer.

Diaphone Dimity—Beautiful small designs for children's wear.

Drawers.

19c—Good Muslin, hemstitched ruffle.
25c—Good Muslin, with wide hemstitched flounce.
35c—Three styles; cambric and muslin; and with ruffle, tucks and three rows of hemstitching.
45c—Cambric; deep lawn ruffle with tucks; umbrella style.
50c—Cambric and Muslin, six styles—trimmed with hemstitching, lace insertion and edge.
65c—Cambric, lawn umbrella ruffle, trimmed with wide torchon lace.
Finer up to $6.75.
Children's Muslin Drawers—muslin with neat embroidery edge and tucks; size from 2 to 14 years—at 35c and 50c.

Corset Covers.

15c—Plain Cambric.
19c—Plain Cambric, full front.
25c—Cambric Corset Covers, full front—fitted back.
25c—Nainsook Corset Covers, full front; in pointed effect.
39c—Cambric Corset Covers, full front and tight-fitting; neck and arm holes trimmed with embroidery edge.
50c—Cambric and Nainsook; lace and embroidery trimmed; full front and tucked back.
65c—Fine Nainsook Corset Covers; trimmed with lace, beading and ribbon.
Finer Corset Covers with entire front of lace insertion between clusters of French tucking, round neck with lace, ribbon and beading, up to $2.75.

Chemise.

$1.00—Longcloth Skirt Chemise; neck and armholes, trimmed with lawn ruffle; lawn flounce on skirt.
$1.50—Nainsook Skirt Chemise; lace yoke finished, with beading and ribbon. Skirt trimmed with flounce, edged with lace. Finer up to $4.50.



Night Gowns.

75c—Muslin; tucked yoke, V neck, sleeves and neck trimmed with lawn ruffle.
85c—Cambric; yoke of clusters of tucks and embroidery insertion; neck and sleeves edged with lace.
$1.00—Cambric; square yoke trimmed with cluster tucking and rows of hemstitching.
$1.25 — Longcloth Gretchen Gown; yoke of embroidery insertion and tucks; neck and sleeves trimmed with lawn ruffle.
$1.35— Fine Nainsook Gown—round yoke of hemstitched tucks—low neck and short sleeves.
Finer ones up to $12.

Silberstein & Bondy Embroidery

White Petticoats.

50c—Muslin Petticoats, with lawn ruffle and narrow insertion.
75c—Muslin; deep flounce trimmed with torchon lace.
$1.00—Muslin Petticoat; flounce trimmed with two clusters of tucks and torchon over dust ruffle.
$1.10—Cambric Petticoats, deep tucked ruffle, full width.
$1.25—Muslin Petticoats, umbrella flounce of lawn with seven tucks, extra width.
$1.50—Cambric Petticoat; umbrella flounce with tucks, insertion and lace edge.
Finer up to $16.50.

Infants' Long Dresses.

50c—Plain Nainsook Slips; neck and sleeves trimmed with dainty edge.
65c—Nainsook Slips, with yoke of hemstitched tucks, with narrow lawn ruffle around yoke.
Finer dresses up to $4.00.
Infants' Long Skirts, from 50c up to $1.35.
Children's Short Dresses, plain or daintily trimmed with fine laces, bearing and ribbon; sizes from 1 to 3 years—from 50c to $5.00.
Children's Short Skirts, lace or embroidery trimmed, from 50c to $2.00; sizes from 6 months to 3 years.

"Slipover" Night Gowns. Low Neck—Elbow Sleeves.

$1.65—Longcloth "Slipover" Gown—yoke of torchon lace insertion; beading and ribbon; elbow sleeves.
$2.25—Nainsook "Slipover" Gown—dainty lace yoke, with inserted beading and ribbon; elbow sleeves.
$3.50—Nainsook Chemise Gown, with two rows of Valenciennes lace—bishop sleeves, trimmed with lace insertion and edge.
$5.75—Fine Nainsook "Choirister" Gown; handsomely trimmed, yoke of lace and embroidery insertion; neck finished with Swiss edging, beading and ribbon.

LINENS.

DAMASK BY THE YARD.

60-inch cream Damask, usual price 35c—sale price 29c.
72-inch pure linen cream Damask; usual price 65c—sale price 49c.
68-inch fine bleach Damask; pure flax; usual price 95c—sale price 75c.
72-inch fine bleach Damask; usual price $1.25—sale price 98c.
Napkins to match the above—$2.98 a dozen.
$1.50 qualities—sale price $1.19.
$1.75 qualities—sale price $1.42.
$2.00 qualities—sale price $1.69.
$2.50 qualities—sale price $2.00.
Napkins to match the above at reduced prices.

LINEN TOWELS.

36x18-inch huck, 12c each—$1.39 a doz.
40x20-inch huck, 14c each—$1.50 a doz.
42x21-inch huck, 20c each—$2.40 a doz.
40x20-inch homespun, 23c each—$2.65 a dozen.
50x25-inch fringed, 25c each—$3.00 a dozen.
48x22-inch linen terry, 75c each—$8.25 a dozen.

CRASHES.

18-inch linen brown Crashes—special, 9c a yard.
18-inch bleach linen Crashes—special, 10c a yard.
18-inch bleach homespun Crashes—special, 14c a yard.

LINEN SHEETS.

72x90-inch, fine hemstitched—special, $4.19 a pair.
90x96-inch, fine hemstitched—special, $5.25 a pair.
72x90-inch, fine hemstitched—special, $7.25 a pair.
90x96-inch fine hemstitched—special, $9.50 a pair.
90x96-inch, fine hemstitched—special, $11.25.

LINEN PILLOW CASES.

45x36-inch, fine hemstitched—special, $1.25 a pair.
45x36-inch, fine hemstitched—special, $1.65 a pair.
45x36-inch, fine hemstitched—special, $2.10 a pair.
45x36-inch, fine hemstitched—special, $2.25 a pair.

INDIA LINONS, 40-INCH LAWNS AND BATISTES.

32-inch fine sheer India Linons, especially fine—10c a yard.
40-inch good Apron Lawns, special value—8c a yard.
32-inch fine sheer India Linons—sale price 12c a yard.
40-inch fine Apron Lawns—sale price 11c a yard.
32-inch fine sheer India Linons—sale price 14c a yard.
40-inch fine Lawns, popular for underskirts—sale price 14c a yard.
36-inch fine sheer India Linons—sale price 18c to 75c a yard.
42-inch fine sheer Batistes—from 29c to 98c a yard.

NAPKINS.

22x22-inch cream—$1.39 a dozen.
22x22-inch cream—$1.88 a dozen.
23x23-inch bleach—$2.25 a dozen.
23x25-inch bleach—$2.98 a dozen.
24x24-inch bleach—$3.75 a dozen.

TRAY CLOTHS.

18x27-inch fine Damask—special 35c.
18x27-inch plain Line Drawn Work—42c.
18x27-inch, same as above, very fine quality—60c and up to $1.50.

LUNCH CLOTHS.

4-4 size Damask—89c.
4-4 size Art Linen—$1.25.
5-4 size Damask—$1.50.
5--4 size Damask—$2.25.
6-4 size Damask—$3.50 and up to $15.00.

PLAIN NAINSOOKS.

32-inch fine English Nainsook—15c a yard, $1.75 per piece.
32-inch fine English Nainsook—20c a yard, $2.25 per piece.
36-inch fine English Nainsook—25c a yard, $2.75 per piece.
36-inch fine English Nainsook—30c a yard, $3.45 per piece.
36-inch fine French Nainsook—20c a yard, $$3.45 per piece.
36-inch fine French Nainsook—35c a yard, $4.00 per piece.
36-inch fine English Nainsook—35c a yard, $4.00 per piece.
And up to $1.00 per yard. The above pieces of 12 yards.

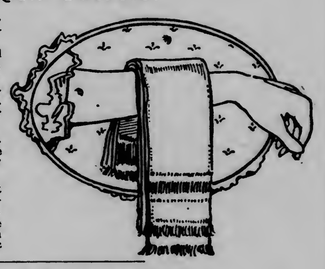
PERSIAN LAWNS.

32-inch silk-finish Persian Lawns—special, 22c a yard.
32-inch silk-finish Persian Lawns—special, 29c a yard.
32-inch silk-finish Persian Lawns—special, 32c a yard.
32-inch silk-finish Persian Lawns—39c up to 98c a yard.
47-inch silk-finish Persian Lawns—special, 35c a yard.
47-inch silk-finish Persian Lawns—special, 45c a yard.
47-inch silk-finish Persian Lawns—50c up to $1.00 a yard.

WHITE GOODS.

12½c yd—FANCY STRIPED SHEER Novelties—some are simple—others of pretty lace effects—
15c yd—CORDON-DIMITIES, in checks and striped Nainsooks—striped Madras—open work novelties—
20c yd—NOUVRAN RAY'E, pretty sheer Dimities—Nouveaute Satinc—Sheet Cordette—dot Swisses—Piques.
25c yd—NEW JACONETS—Grenadines—Mousse-lines — striped Lawns — English Cambrics — Plain and Fancy Piques—Mousselines Francaise.
30c STRIPE AND DOT NOVELTIES—Imported Frise—Figured and Plain Piques—Novelty Lawns—Fancy Mulls—Mercerized Novelties—Dimities.
GRENADINE EFFECTS—Brocaded Novelties—new Pongees, etc., etc.
35c—BATISTE NOUVELTIES—New lace effect Novelties—fine dotted Swisses—Hemstitched Batistes—French Cambrics—Fancy Piques—Mercerized Dimities—
45c FRENCH IMPORTED SWISSES—Silk Muslins—French figured Piques rich Lace effect Novelties—
50c—MERCERIZED NOVELTIES in Piques, Madras, Cambrics, Popelines and Lawns—Fancy Nainsooks—sheer French Lawns—Lace Striped Novelties—Handsome Open-Work Effects.
59c yd—NEW SILK NOVELTIES—Sheer dainty Dress materials, also used for Waistings—
75c yd—RICH FANCY SILK MULLS of pretty striped effects, popular for evening Gowns.

Turkish Towels.



Cream—36x19-inch—very durable—a splendid value at 12½c—special, 10c each— $1.10 per doz.
Bleach—42x21-inch, heavy and soft finish—value 15c—special, 12c each—per dozen $1.40.
Cream—42x21-inch, extra heavy with pretty colored border—value 18c—special 14c each—$1.65 per dozen.
Bleached—44x22-inch—our leader—pure white—heavy—value 25c—special 19c each—$2.18 per dozen.
Cream — 48x24-inch, excellent value, very heavy, worth 30c—special, 23c each—$2.65 per doz.
Bleach—60x26-inch—plain white or colored border—real bath towel—value $1.00—special 75c each.

Turkish Bath Mats.

48x23-inch—very handsome Bath Mats—colors of pink, blue yellow and green—value 75c—special 50c.
50x27-inch—best Bath Mats—beautiful colorings—value $1.25—special 85c.
50x25-inch Bath Mats—Oriental effects—special $1.10.

Bed Spreads.

Fine Bed-Spreads, full size, new designs—special 98c.
Fine Bed-Spreads, extra heavy quality—special $1.29.
Fine Satin Marseilles—new floral effects—special $2.25.
Heavy knotted fringed all round, new goods; special $2.65.
Colored Bed-Spreads—Fast colors—new shapes—special $1.50.
Colored Fringed Bed-Spreads—special at $1.75, $3.00 and $3.50.

IS KARVO INSANE?

Authorities Now Believe That He Will Not Hang.

They Think He Was Temporarily Insane at Least.

Conductor's Improvement on the Bertillon Identification System.

It is probable that Stens Karvo was temporarily insane when he murdered Jacob Myllymaki last Thursday.

From reliable sources evidence has been gathered which tends to this conclusion, and there is very little likelihood that the murderer will hang for his crime.

A Duluth & Iron Range conductor claimed yesterday that Karvo and his victim came in from Two Harbors on his train Wednesday evening, and that as soon as he saw the pictures of the murdered man and his murderer in the News Tribune Friday morning he knew that they were his passengers.

At police headquarters it is said that any person that could identify the two men from the alleged pictures referred to would be more valuable than the Bertillon system of identification.

The story, however, is incorrect, as Stens Karvo's fellow-countrymen at Floodwood are positive that they bid him good-by on Wednesday evening.

Karvo told them he was coming to Duluth to go to a hospital, and in bidding them farewell he said that he would probably never see them again.

At Floodwood, where the murderer was very well known, he has been considered mentally off for some time past.

When Karvo left that place on Wednesday he had $100 with him, but when arrested here at the time of the murder he had but little over $64.

The body of the murdered man will be buried tomorrow at the expense of St. Louis county. Efforts have been made in all directions to find friends, but they have been without success.

AMUSEMENTS.

"RICHARD CARVEL."

Tonight at the Lyceum "Richard Carvel" will be produced in magnificent style. Andrew Robson may not be able to appear although there is said to be some hope that he will be able to, but in the event that he does not Theodore Friebus will take the leading role. He took it in Minneapolis when Mr. Robson was taken sick and was given an ovation, receiving many curtain calls.

BY WARDS.

Report of Duluth Deaths For 1901 Given That Way.

Health department figures in the annual report now practically complete are very interesting. Secretary Miller has added to the death statistics a table showing deaths in each ward. It is as follows:

	Population.	Deaths for 1901.
First ward	5989	65
Second ward	6637	98
Third ward	4944	47
Fourth ward	5296	53
Fifth ward	8144	53
Sixth ward	6533	99
Seventh ward	8794	58
Eighth ward	6632	100
Non-residents		205

On the face of it the health department report indicates that the state of divorce is the healthiest social condition. Only two divorced people died during the year as against 473 single persons, 189 married people and 47 widows and widowers.

Of the total number of deaths, 427 were males and 300 females.

HER CALL SUDDEN

Mrs. Julius Gunderson Dropped Dead on the Street.

Was Believed at First That Fall Produced Death.

Heart Failure Was the Cause---Leaves Large Family.

Mrs. Julius Gunderson dropped dead at noon today while walking on Superior street near Eighteenth avenue west.

At first it was thought that she died from the results of a fall on the slippery walk, but examination showed that it was due to heart trouble.

While walking hurriedly along the street Mrs. Gunderson was seen to stop and then fall. Several persons hurried to her assistance, seeing that she made no effort to get up. She was carried into a near-by store and Dr. G. W. Davis summoned.

Mrs. Gunderson lived but a few minutes after the fall. When the physician arrived she was in a state of complete exhaustion, and before anything could be done to revive the heart action she died.

Mrs. Gunderson lived at 209 Eleventh avenue west. She is survived by a husband and family of five children, the oldest being 12 years of age.

The remains were taken to the undertaking rooms of C. O. Nelson, but late this afternoon no arrangements had been made for the funeral.

DIVORCES.

Two Wives Want Legal Separations From Erring Husbands.

Lenora Moorman has applied to the district court for a divorce from Orlando Moorman ou the grounds of cruelty, non-support, drunkenness and adultery. She is 27 and he is 40 years of age, and they were married in Williston, N. D., Feb. 22, 1892. Mrs. Moorman claims that her husband was cruel to herself and to their children; that he failed to support them, but used his money to buy liquor; that he was addicted to drunkenness, and that he committed adultery with various women. She claims that he even brought women to his home for immoral purposes, in spite of her remonstrances. At one time, she says, he nearly killed her little daughter, and when she interfered he turned upon her and nearly killed her. After that she had to leave him, she says. She asks for divorce, alimony and the custody of the two children. Alfred L. Thwing is her attorney.

Desertion after less than a year's married life is the ground upon which Minnie Nesusula asks for a divorce from Henry Nesusula. She is 32 and he is 30 years of age, they were married in Fitchburg, Mass., Aug. 17, 1897, and the desertion is alleged to have taken place July 10, 1898. A. N. McGindley is the attorney.

A LARGE JUDGMENT.

Holland Flaxseed Company Gets One In District Court.

Ruhrorter Oelfabrik got a judgment for $3000 against the Seaboard Grain and Export company in district court Saturday by stipulation. Rohrorter Oelfabrik is not a person, but a Holland corporation of Amsterdam engaged in crushing flaxseed and manufacturing its products. It brought suit against the company some time ago for $4520.96 damages, claiming that the defendant had agreed to sell it [illegible] flaxseed during 1900 and that it had failed to do so. It was claimed that the value of this flax was 65,975 marks, and that the damage for the failure to deliver was 18,879 marks, or $4520.96. Saturday a stipulation was filed for the entry of judgment for $3000, and this has been done. J. L. Washburn and W. D. Bailey were the Duluth company's attorneys.

IN COURT.

District Attorney of Bayfield and Others Charged with Contempt.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 13.—District Attorney A. W. McLeod, of Bayfield county; Capt. R. D. Pike, of Bayfield; D. M. Maxcy, M. A. Sprague, W. H. Lempke, John A. Jacobs and Carl Hirsch, of Washburn, were before the federal court today on the charge of contempt for interfering with the order of the court directing the tearing up of the Washburn, Bayfield & Iron River railroad, now in the hands of a receiver. Bayfield county was sued for $185,000 bonds issued to aid in the construction of the road, and claims its present financial condition was brought about by the management of the receiver, and has invoked the aid of the state courts to prevent the carrying out of the order for the destruction of the road. A clash of authority between the federal [illegible] and the state courts is threatened.

OPENING DAY OF BONSPIEL

(Continued From Page 1.)

don, R. J. MacLeod, skip.
W. H. Denham, E. A. Forsyth, D. G. Cutler, W. E. Magner, skip.
E. Johnson, Carroll Graff, Elmer Whyte, G. H. Letteau, skip.
G. H. Spencer, W. L. McLennan, G. F. Mackenzie, D. W. Stocking, skip.
C. H. Thornton, F. A. Day, E. N. Bradley, A. H. Smith, skip.
J. T. Pugh, S. A. McPhail, F. N. McLaren, A. W. Frick, skip.
N. L. Leach, C. J. McBride, R. H. Draper, C. F. Macdonald, skip.
W. W. Walker, W. B. Silvey, E. R. Jacobi, C. B. Woodruff, skip.
W. E. Richardson, W. Schupp, F. W. Hargreaves, C. A. Duncan, skip.
———, S. L. Belchert, J. McCullough, C. R. Ash, skip.
F. L. Farmer, A. S. Haig, G. P. Stillman, R. D. Bradley, skip.
W. C. Sherwood, H. N. Newell, M. A. McLennan, Alex MacRae, skip.
J. T. Hickman, L. M. Larson, F. A. Currier, Donald Morrison, skip.
———, W. B. Dunlop, F. A. Brewer, Ron Smith, skip.

ST. PAUL.

St. Paul Curling club: Archie Fonda, Judge Cary, J. G. Hinkle, S. F. Fullerton, skip.
St. Paul Curling club: J. Morrison, W. A. Cameron, Robert H. Dunkar, W. W. Lonmer, skip.
Nushka club, St. Paul: Charles McGregor, William Reese, L. P. Ordway, skip.
Nushka club, St. Paul: J. B. Emerson, Thomas Cameron, Charles Barlow, W. D. Stewart, skip. C. M. Griggs will skip some events.

MINNEAPOLIS.

W. O. Timmerman, D. H. La Batt, J. H. Rheldapper, John McLeod, skip.

SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.: Otto Supe, J. W. Barton, Ed Royce, George Comb, skip.
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.: Dr. H. Darling, V. R. Conway, A. J. Van Wyck, Joseph Ripley, skip.
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.: W. F. Ferguson, Duncan McGregor, Thomas Blair, John Bone, skip.
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.: Arthur Cameron, Dr. Dickenson, J. McPherson, Otto Fowle, skip.

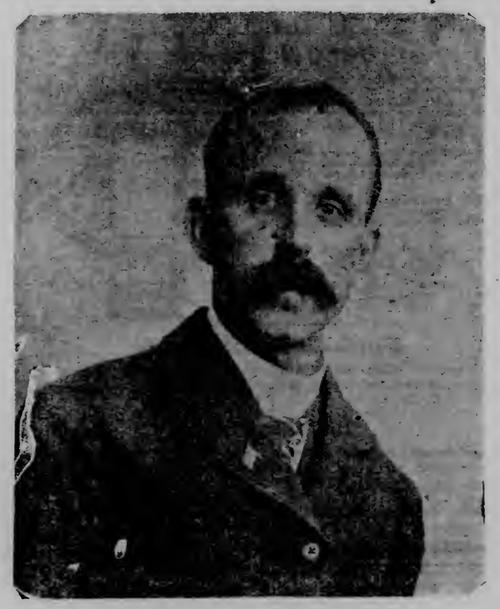
CANADA.

Oak Lake: W. Helliwell, skip.
Oak Lake: A. Thompson, A. Jex, William Chambers, Capt. McMillan, skip.
Fort William: E. C. Currie, C. H. Jackson, A. H. Dale, E. J. Rochon, skip.
Hartney: A. McDonald, A. E. Frye, O. M. Shore, J. W. Hunter, skip.
Portage la Prairie: W. Richardson, J. P. Porter, Don Erwin, E. J. Sparling, skip.
Winnipeg Granites: John Ingram, Harry Leadley, A. E. Scott, J. McDiarmid, skip.



DR. S. O. ARNOLD,

President Northwestern Curling Association.



A. H. SMITH,

Secretary Northwestern Curling Association.

S. H. Rothermel, Charles Payno, E. F. Burg, F. A. Greene, skip.
R. R. Wells, G. McCarthy, F. R. Kennedy, C. F. West, skip.
George K. Taylor, skip; balance to fill.

WEST SUPERIOR.

Dr. J. E. Lane, J. H. Goswell, C. H. Barker, W. W. Strickland, skip.
R. Stephenson, H. E. Stansbury, P. H. Smith, A. K. Smith, skip.

CHICAGO.

O. Grady, skip.
M. Richmond, skip.

MILWAUKEE.

Schultz, skip.

Winnipeg Granites: S. G. Harstone, skip.
Winnipeg Thistles: W. J. White, D. A. McArthur, M. Campbell, C. W. Huffman, skip.
———, George Black, J. K. Robertson, Alex Black, skip.
Sault Ste. Marie: Gordon, Simms, T. S. Durham, Charles Neilson, W. O'Brien, skip.
Sault Ste. Marie: G. S. Stone, W. Carney, Donald MacAuley, E. Bassingthwaite, skip.

The drawing of games resulted as follows:

2 P. M.

Alex MacRae vs. C. W. Huffman.
F. A. Greene vs. W. Thompson.
W. W. Lorrimer vs. A. H. Smith.
W. O'Brien vs. Don Morrison.
W. E. Magner vs. George Comb.
R. J. MacLeod vs. J. McDiarmid.
C. F. Macdonald vs. Alex Black.
G. H. Letteau vs. S. G. Harstone.

5 P. M.

Ron Smith vs. O. Grady.
C. B. Woodruff vs. Schultz.
S. F. Fullerton vs. Bassingthwaite.
J. W. Hunter vs. C. R. Ash.
G. K. Taylor vs. J. Ripley.
C. F. West vs. L. P. Ordway.
A. K. Smith vs. R. D. Bradley.
M. Richmond vs. O. Fowle.

8 P. M.

D. W. Sstocking vs. W. W. Strickland.
J. McLeod vs. E. J. Rochon.
J. Bone vs. A. W. Frick.
W. D. Stewart vs. E. J. Sparling.
W. Chambers vs. C. A. Duncan.
Alex MacRae or Huffman vs. Greene or Thompson.
O'Brien or D. Morrison vs. MacDonald or Black.
Harstone or Letteau vs. Taylor or Ripley.

The brawny curler is the chief object of interest on the hotel registers and in the lobbies today. The St. Louis is sort of headquarters for the visitors, though some of them are distributed among the Spaulding, the McKay and Boyle's.

At the St. Louis are quartered four rinks from Winnipeg, numbering eighteen men, a similar number of rinks and players from Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., two rinks from the Canadian Soo, two from Oak Lake, Man., E. J. Pochow's rink from Fort William, and one each from La Prairie, Manitoba and Marquette. At the Spalding are the members of the Irwin rink from Portage La Prairie and quite a number of stray members of the Twin City and other clubs. The McKay is the headquarters for J. W. Hunter's rink from Hartney. Quite a few of the curlers are guests of friends or relatives here.

Rheumatism

What is the use of telling the rheumatic that he feels as if his joints were being dislocated?

He knows that his sufferings are very much like the tortures of the rack.

What he wants to know is what will permanently cure his disease.

That, according to thousands of grateful testimonials, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It promptly neutralizes the acid in the blood on which the disease depends, completely eliminates it, and strengthens the system against its return. Try Hood's.

HOW TO GET WELL

If you are sick why not take a rational home treatment that will cleanse the system, purify the blood and help nature throw off the trouble.

We carry a selected stock of imported and domestic herb and botanical remedies that are especially useful for ailments peculiar to women, as well as chronic skin and blood troubles, including tumors and cancerous growths.

These natural remedies will help you to get well and keep well—they are not expensive. Address or call.

THE HERBAQUEEN CO.
319 First Ave. East.

TOMORROW NIGHT—Y. M. C. A. GYMNASIUM

Basket Ball

Superior High School vs The undefeated Y. M. C. A.

Everybody Come. Admission 25 cents.

NO REASON

Why Bonds Should Not Be Given Carnegie Institute Trustees.

Washington, Jan. 13.—It is stated by one of the incorporators and trustees of the Carnegie institute that no reason is perceived at present for any congressional or governmental action in connection with that educational scheme. As it stands, the institute is like any other private corporation. Therefore it is held there can be no question as to the propriety of its holding any class of securities, whether steel bonds or United States government bonds, as the basis of its endowment. This statement is believed to indicate Mr. Carnegie's purpose to place his bequest in the shape of United States Steel securities, as originally intended.

MISS GOULD

Entertained In Various Ways at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Jan. 13.—In company with John Schroers, president of the board of education, and his wife, Miss Helen Miller Gould today visited the Eugene Field and other public schools. Later in the day Miss Gould and the friends who accompanied her were entertained at luncheon at the home of A. G. Corcoran, general solicitor for the Missouri Pacific railroad.

NOTHING SERIOUS

In the Vicksburg Episode at Niu Chwang.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Secretary Long received the following cablegram from Commander Edward D. Barry of the gunboat Vicksburg in reply to the department's inquiry regarding the recently reported clash at Niu Chwang between sailors of the Vicksburg and Russian soldiers:

"Ying Kan, (no date).—Secretary Navy, Washington: Nothing serious. Crew orderly. BARRY."

ELEVATOR FELL

Killing One and Seriously Injuring Another.

New York, Jan. 13.—James Tienan was killed and Peter Glynn was seriously injured today by a falling elevator in the bell factory of the Fairweather & Ladew, this city. Glynn was the elevator runner for the building and he and Tienan were taking a load of belts to the sixth floor when the cable parted. The elevator fell from the fifth floor to the bottom. Tienan was picked up dead and Glynn was found to be badly hurt.

BY GAS ROUTE.

Tug Captain and Unknown Woman Die Together.

New York, Jan. 13.—Thomas O'Brien, a tug captain, and an unknown woman about 50 years old, were found dead in a small water front hotel today. Death was caused by inhalation of illuminating gas which had escaped from two open fixtures in a chandelier.

Come to the Armory tonight.

PROF. G. W. E. HILL,
Illustrated Lectures
— AT —
Lakeside Presbyterian Church,

Tuesday Evening, Jan'y 14.—Subject: "Along English Hedgerows."
Wednesday Evening, Jan. 15—Subject: "Land of Shamrock and Hesther."
Friday Evening, Jan. 17.—Subject: "Rhine From Source To Sea."

Course Tickets:—Adults 50 cents; Children 35 cents.

ENGLAND AROUSED

A New War Revenue Is Certain to Be Raised.

Probable Duty on Wheat, Sugar, Canned Goods and Oil.

Bad Feeling Between People of Great Britain and Germany.

London, Jan. 13.—It is becoming daily more evident that the government's financial proposals in the coming session, which opens next week, will be of a sensational character. Orthodox free trade lines will be departed from, and the bulk of the money required to cover the deficit caused by the war may be obtained from indirect taxation.

The government's best friends, the liquor makers and liquor sellers, will not be further vexed by higher duties, and their well-to-do supporters are to be relieved of anxiety in the matter of income tax, which will not be increased beyond the present high figure. All this is made clear from the official and semi-official utterances of the last few weeks.

It is clear also that the public mind is being prepared for something in the nature of protective duties.

One Radical member of parliament has just declared himself in favor of an import duty of 2 shillings a quarter upon wheat, and the most eminent of the Liberal economists, Sir Robert Giffen, a man whom Mr. Gladstone often consulted in fiscal matters, has also pronounced for the same duty, which until today has been regarded by all Liberals as a thing accursed.

With such encouragement, how is it possible for a Tory chancellor of the exchequer to resist the temptation of obtaining millions from this long-neglected source of revenue?

Sugar had until last year been regarded by Liberal financiers as little less sacred than wheat, but the duty imposed last year has been easily collected, has yielded well, and has not, apparently hurt anybody. Therefore, it will be retained and in all probability doubled. An import duty upon canned goods is practically settled, and a tax on petroleum is under consideration.

Money must be raised and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is not afraid of offending either individuals, trades, or corporations in his search for new sources of revenue. The Liberals, as a party, will fight any proposals for grain taxation, but that fact is not a prospect which needs serious alarm to the present government.

The sugar people have not the least doubt that the chancellor of the exchequer has his eyes upon them once more and they are vigorously preparing for the work. During the last month 550,000 bags and 125,000 cases of sugar were imported, which is about 50 per cent beyond the monthly average, while during the first week of this month 225,000 bags and cases have arrived in London. Almost equal increases are reported from Hull, Liverpool, and other importing ports.

In fact, a vast gamble is now in progress in sugar, the chief gamesters being the German bankers, who have been accustomed to finance the German beet industry. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is well aware of what is going on and has doubtless already decided what steps to take to prevent these enormous quantities of sugar from escaping payment of duty. The house of commons has full power to make a new or increased duty retroactive.

The bad feeling between the peoples of Great Britain and Germany has now almost reached the proportions of an international feud. A degree of bitterness has been attained which cannot fail to have a lasting effect upon the relations of the two countries, no matter how correct the official attitudes and policies of their governments may be.

A disastrous feature of the situation is the fact that neither people understands the point of view of the other. British self-righteousness remains absolutely unaffected by the well nigh unanimous European condemnation of the South African war. Even those Englishmen who criticise or condemn their government for involving the empire in that war are more human and the conduct of its troops more exemplary than in any previous conflict in the world's history.

On the other hand, almost the entire German nation firmly believes that the British army is pursuing a ruthless policy of extermination and that its methods deliberately include rapine, outrage, and indiscriminate slaughter in violation of all the rules of civilized warfare. Almost the entire German press has been declaring such to be the truth and emphasizing its assertions with countless iterations and reported examples for nearly two years.

The effect of these almost unanimous declarations of the German press upon the public opinion of that country was inevitable. It affords a complete explanation of the effect of Mr. Chamberlain's innocent reference to the Franco-German war upon the German public mind.

Englishmen, including Mr. Chamberlain himself, have been strangely ignorant of the condition of German opinion. It has been known in a general way that the German press was antagonistic, but it passed English comprehension that the whole nation believed the stories of British atrocities which had been so persistently circulated.

It has been considered unnecessary and undignified to make a serious reply to these awful charges until Germany's angry denunciations of Mr. Chamberlain moved Lord Roberts the other day to publish a stinging denial. This repudiation came far too late to have any effect in Germany, where it was regarded merely as the defiant retort of the guilty criminal against whom the evidence was overwhelming. It is curious that Englishmen so long ignored the grossly abusive anti-English campaign in the German press, while they hotly resented French attacks which were not a whit more insulting.

England today, however, is as fully aroused as Germany and the temper of her people bodes ill for the future relations of the two countries. English resentment not unnaturally is turned more against Count von Bullow, the German imperial chancellor, than even against Herr Liebermann von Sonnenberg, whose irresponsible abuse in the reichstag yesterday is dismissed by the press as unworthy of notice, save in that it undoubtedly represents the attitude of the German masses.

CASE OF SOCIALISM.

Village Under Control of the Navy Department.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Warrenton, Fla., is an example of an unadulterated socialism under the direct auspices of the United States government. The navy department will report shortly on the proposition made by Senator Mallory of Florida, for the establishment and maintenance in the neighborhood of the Pensacola navy yard on the government reservation of two public schools, one for white and the other for colored children of the town which has grown up there and which is called Warrenton.

There is no similar village to Warrenton in this country. It is the natural and steady growth into a village of 1500 people of the few homes which were built there by permission of the government by the employes of the Pensacola yard, when the yard was a flourishing establishment just after the civil war. The houses have increased, churches have been erected, stores have been started, and the place has thriven through the complacent willingness of the navy department to allow these people to occupy the reservation.

The commandant of the yard has exercised his authority over the village as he does over the navy yard, and has governed and policed it as thoroughly, while the bureau of yards and docks has been called upon to furnish the means of lighting the place by electricity and to exercise the sanitary precautions which are necessary in a village of that sort.

The inhabitants of Warrenton pay no taxes to the government and do not enjoy the right of suffrage, but they have been cared for to an extent which is not enjoyed by any other citizens of the country who have no claim upon the government. Only a few of the inhabitants of Warrenton are employed at the navy yard.

Senator Mallory has conceived the idea that the navy department should go further and take care of the rising generation of both races, and with that end in view he proposes that the government shall establish and operate, bearing all the expenses of the system, two schools for the children of Warrenton. Secretary Long will report to congress his opinion of the plan.

Tonight at the Armory.

CHOATE SAILS WEDNESDAY.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Ambassador Choate was a caller on the president today. He will sail for England on Wednesday. He said that his visit to the White House was merely to pay his respects to the president and bid him good bye.

Butterick Patterns Are Best. We Are Duluth Agents.

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Subscribe For the "Delineator" Best Fashion Magazine.

Second Week of Advance Sale of **Table Linens and White Goods**



While only a part showing, the goods displayed are so generous in quantity, so unexcelled in quality—that the forceful eloquence of patronage this week convinces us that the public know that when we advertise, the goods are here to back it—for the average woman is a good judge of values in articles of daily household use, and makes her purchases where she gets best value for her money. For the second week of this big advance sale, many new goods just received will be displayed—and prices, the supreme tests of all merchandising, quality considered, are the lowest in Duluth.

Sheets and Cases.

72x90 "DEFENDER" SHEETS—measured after making; regular price 70c; for this sale..... **55c**

81x90 "DEFENDER" SHEETS—measured after making; regular price 75c; for this sale..... **59c**

81x90 SHEETS—TORN, NOT CUT; extra quality sheeting; good 60c value; for this sale..... **47c**

45x36 "DEFENDER" PILLOW Cases; regular price 17c—for this sale— **12½c**

45x36 PILLOW CASES—GOOD quality; regular 12½c kind—for this sale— **9½c**

Pepperell Bleached Sheeting and Casing.

42-inch Pillow Casing for.....9½c
45-inch Pillow Casing for.....10½c
50-inch Pillow Casing for.....11½c
54-inch Pillow Casing for.....12½c
7-4 Sheeting, a yard.....15c
8-4 Sheeting, a yard.....17c
9-4 Sheeting, a yard.....19c
10-4 Sheeting, a yard.....21c

Finest Table Linens

The best weaves in the world—Wm. Liddell & Co. and John S. Brown & Sons, both of Belfast, Ireland. Our own importation of Table Cloths and Napkins; all new designs.

Table Cloths, ranging in size from 2x2 yards to 2½x3½ yards, at these prices:

$ 4.50 Table Cloths at, each.....$3.25
$5.50 Table Cloths at, each.....$4.50
$ 8.00 Table Cloths at, each.....$5.75
$10.00 Table Cloths at, each.....$7.00
$12.50 Table Cloths at, each.....$8.75
$ 3.00 Napkins, per dozen.....$2.25
$ 4.50 Napkins, per dozen.....$3.25
$ 5.00 Napkins, per dozen.....$3.50
$ 6.50 Napkins, per dozen.....$4.50
$ 7.50 Napkins, per dozen.....$5.50
$ 9.00 Napkins, per dozen.....$6.75

68-INCH BLEACHED SATIN TABLE Damask, Irish Linen—Wm. Liddell & Co.'s Damask, Irish Linen—William Liddel & Co.'s "Gold Medal brand, sells at $1.00—advance sale price, a yard..... **78c**

¾ Napkins to match—worth $2.50—for this sale..... **$1.98**

72-INCH BLEACHED DOUBLE SATIN Table Damask—free from all chemicals—perfect weave and finish, new and conventional patterns, an actual $1.50 value—advance sale price, yd.... **$1.15**

Fine Bedspreads.

$1.25 EXTRA SIZE BED SPREADS—Marseilles patterns; very heavy; for this sale **98c**

MARSEILLES BED SPREADS—new designs good $2.25 values—for this sale— **$1.48**

$3.75 MARSEILLES SPREADS—extra fine, with or without fringe—for this sale.. **$2.50**

$5.00 MARSEILLES SPREADS—very superior quality; with or without fringe; for this sale— **$3.50**

36-INCH FRUIT OF THE LOOM or Lonsdale Muslin for this sale— **6c**

36-IN. NAINSOOK—fine soft finish—for this sale..... **12½c**

NO. 400 "IMPERIAL" LONG Cloth—Chamois finish—for this sale, a yard..... **12½c**
Or, per piece 12 yards—$1.35.

Towel Specials.

30c to 40c DAMASK OR HUCK Towels—fast color borders—for this sale..... **25c**

BLEACHED UNION CRASH Toweling—good 7c quality—for this sale, a yard..... **3¾c**

Attractive Values in Furs and Cloaks



The excellence of our stocks is unquestionable, no old styles, no unsaleable garments—a good, clean, honest stock, but now at mid-winter it is good merchandising to reduce prices in order not to carry any goods over to another season—and also to make room for spring lines.

All $20 and $25 Marten Storm Collars and Collarettes—plain or with Persian Lamb yoke—handsomely lined—perfect fitting and well made—choice..... **$15.00**

$30 Astrachan Jackets—close curl—24-inches long—handsomely lined—perfect fitting and well made, at... **$25.00**

Marten Scarfs with cluster of 6 tails, very special at, only..... **$5.00**

$10 Marten Scarfs, full and good length—a great bargain at..... **$8.50**

Electric Seal Jackets—Skinner satin lined—latest fashioned high tailored garments—sold regularly at $32.50, $35.00 and $39.50—choice..... **$27.50**

Electric Seal Collarettes—stylish and dressy—$10 furs, choice..... **$7.50**

$2.00 Electric Seal Muffs—new full block—choice at, only..... **$1.50**

Ladies' Suit Special—A large assortment of $20, $25 and $27.50 stylish Suits, consisting of black cheviots, tan, castor, red or blue coverts; heavy unlined Walking Suits in popular street shades, single or double breasted silk lined—Eton or Norfolk Jackets, also a few black Brilliantine Suits—your choice at..... **$14.50**

Half Price Cloak Sale—At least one hundred fine, stylish, short jackets and long coats, in fashionable lengths; black and popular colors, regular values up to $65, have been added to our previous select assortment, and the sale will continue all this week—Your choice at just..... **One-Half Off**

2nd Week of Advance Sale of **Sale of Dainty Undermuslins.**



Every refined womanly taste centers on the effect of personal appearance in the matter of dress—and in woman's own world—her boudoir, there are no articles so prized as dainty lingerie. There is a delicacy, a richness, an undefinable sense of ever present beauty in the possession of a wealth of Undermuslins of dainty fineness, exquisite patterns, soft filmy laces, with here and there a ribbon added for embellishment and utility.

Recognizing the diversity of tastes, the plethoric or economical condition of purses—we have purchased our stocks of 1902 Undermuslins with due regard to every fancy, every want; and our finest garment differ only in fineness of texture and elaborateness of trimming, from the lower priced garments—for the styles, the making, the finish are the same in every garment we show.

Hundreds of women have viewed our first week's showing of the snow white robes-de-nuit; but this week the variety will be doubled, as new invoices are arriving daily, and our Undermuslin Department is becoming rapidly developed into a bower of beauty.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,

No. 18 Third Avenue West.

Wishes at the beginning of this New Year to remind the people at the head of the lakes that they sell the WORLD RENOWNED SINGER SEWING MACHINES on easy monthly payments, or for cash. WE REPAIR ALL MAKES OF SEWING MACHINES, clean and adjust them at moderate prices. WORK STRICTLY GUARANTEED. Machines delivered on trial free of charges. Zenith 'phone 973.

COPYRIGHTS. CAVEATS. TRADEMARKS.

PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence
James T. Watson.
Washington, D. C. Established 1865.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED If we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Bargain Counter No. 2—Wash Goods.

Thousands of dollars worth of Wash Goods remnants—the most startling values ever offered.

3½c 6c prints for 3½c. 10c Ginghams for 7c. 12½c Fleeced Wrapper Cloths 7c 7c

PANTON & WHITE

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

Bargain Counter No. 3—Wash Goods.

This sale of Wash Goods remuants will be the center of attraction—we've prepared the greatest bargains of all time.

10c 15c Madras Cloths 10c. 15 Fleeced Wrapper Cloths at 10c. 12½c Percales at 10c. 10c

Clearance of Drugs.

All odds and ends of staple and novelty lines—some of the best articles in our department go at this sale

15c Dentomyrrh paste for the teeth — regular price 25c—clearance sale price 15c.

15c Nina Face Powder, absolutely pure, regular price 25c—at 15c.

15c Rose Cold Cream for chapped hands and face—25c boxes for 15c.

13c Leithhead's Tooth Paste, sold everywhere at 25c—for 13c.

Men's Goods.

10c Men's soiled neckwear—tecks, bows and club ties—this season's styles—all worth 25c, at 10c.

15c Soiled suspenders, elastic with patent buckles, good styles and extra long, worth 25c and 50c, at 15c.

25c Men's dark Jersey cloth shirts with collars, lace fronts, were $1.00, now 25c—bargains.

25c Boys' cloth pants, ages 5 to 14 years—very durable—a special bargain at per pair 25c.

For Children.

15c Boys' and girls' heavy fleeced lined shirts and drawers, sizes 30, 32, 34, worth 50c, closing at 15c.

25c Boys' and girls' heavy weight natural wool shirts and drawers, were 50c and 75c, now at 25c.

For Women.

25c Women's hoods, all pure wool, in red, brown and black, former prices 50c and 75c at 25c.

10c Women's black fleeced cotton hose, extra good quality, worth 15c a pair, special at 10c.

10c Misses' black ribbed cashmere hose, all sizes and warm goods, worth 19c—clearance price 10c.

Gloves and Mittens.

69c Ladies' Kid Mittens, fur wrists, fleece lined, worth $1.00, clearance sale price 69c.

15c Ladies' 25c double wool mittens, either plain or ribbed, clearance sale price only 15c.

10c Children's wool golf gloves, small sizes, good styles, durable, clearance sale price 10c.

50c Ladies' imported fancy wool golf gloves, 65c and 75c quality, clearance price 50c.

39c Ladies' 50c silk mittens, wool lined—our best half dollar mitts, clearance price 39c.

$1 Ladies' heavy mannish gloves, one fastener, regular $1.25 gloves, clearance price $1.00.

$1 La Tour Pique street gloves, regular selling price $1.25, clearance price $1.00.

39c Ladies' 69c two-clasp gloves, kid, per pair, 39c. Ladies' wool golf gloves, 25c quality at 19c.

Apron Sale.

14c 10 dozen nurses' and maids' fine white 25c aprons—clearance sale price only 14c.

Night Robes.

49c Clearance sale of misses' flannelette night robes—75c values, selling while they last at 49c.

Bargain Counter No. 1.

1000 remnants of Ribbons left over from our holiday business—satin and gros grains—satin Liberty, satin taffetas—metallic finished taffetas—fancy stripes — plaids and checks—lengths from half yard to five yards—all marked at about half former selling prices—prices 5c to 25c—worth 10c to 50c. 5c



Prior to Inventory.

Our business year ends with Jan. 31. At that time we take the annual inventory.

Our stocks must be reduced to the minimum. No two ways about it---prices will do it. Losses are not taken into consideration.

Sale begins tomorrow morning at 8:30. Be wise, be here.

Blankets, Comforts, Flannels.

Remnants of Flannels, all kinds, French flannels, outing flannels, Canton flannels, at your own price—great bargains.

$3.75 French flannel, waist patterns, embroidered fronts, collars, and sleeves' worth to $6.50—at $3.75.

59c 12-4 cotton blankets, extra heavy, white or grey, worth 98c—clearance sale price 59c.

$3.50 Fancy robe blankets, all wool, worth $5.00 each—selling at the clearance sale at each—$3.50.

$2.98 10-4 All-wool Buffalo blankets, slightly soiled, all colors, regular price $3.75, clearance price $2.98.

$3.98 11-4 All-wool Buffalo blankets, slightly soiled, worth $5.00 a pair, clearance price $3.98 pair.

3½c Canton flannels, unbleached, worth 6c, at—per yard—3½c.

Clearance Sale Table Linens.

69c 66-inch bleached Damask, all linen, satin finish, worth 95c, at 69c. 22 x 22 inch Napkins to match, $1.95 dozen.

85c 68-inch bleached satin Damask, all linen, heavy satin finish, worth $1.15, at 85c. ⅝ and ¾ napkins to match.

$1.12½ 72-inch bleached Damask, all linen, heavy satin Damask, $1.50 value, at $1.12½. ⅝ and ¾ napkins to match.

75c 72-in. half bleached Damask, all linen, extra heavy, 98c value, at—per yard—75c.

59c 66-inch cream Damask, all linen, 50c value—annual clearance sale price—per yard—59c.

59c 70-inch cream Damask, all linen, 75c value—annual clearance sale price—per yard—59c.

Remnants of Laces.

2½c Hundreds of lengths in our lace department—all our Point Venice, all over Appliques, black Chantillies and Escurial, Venice Point Galoons, Edges and Insertions, Net Point, double edge cotton and silk wave Galoons, Chiffons, Liberty Silk, and Mouselaine de Soie—every one marked to sell at once regardless of cost—2½c to $2.50—worth 5c to $5.00.

Silk Clearance.

89c Black and Colored Taffeta, Peau de Soie, Louisienne, Satins, etc., worth $1.50, at 89c.

59c Black and Colored Taffetas, Peau de Soies, Satins, etc., worth up to $1.00 a yard, for 59c.

33c Taffetas, Satins, Chinas, Foulards and Wash Silks, worth to 75c, Clearance Sale price, 33c.

Black Goods.

$1.49 $2 Silk and Mohair Novelties—$2.00 plaid back skirts—Clearance price, $1.49.

$1.19 Walker's Cheviots, 54 inches wide—the qualities we always sell at $1.49, special, $1.19.

98c Walker's 54-inch Cheviots, worth $1.25—English Curl Cloths, worth $1.75.

79c Tufted Etamines at 79c, worth $1.00.

Odds and Ends Veilings.

10c Hundreds of odds and ends in our veiling department—Chenille dotted Tuxedos; Brussels Net Chenille, dot and plain—plain and dotted Chiffons; marked to sell at prices from 19c per piece to 35c piece.

Clearance of Jewelry.

5c Brooches, Neck Chains Sterling Silver Letter Seals and Side Combs, worth up to 15c each.

10c Bead Neck Chains, Hat Pins, Shell Back Combs, Photograph Frames, Purses — worth up to 25c, for 10c.

15c Gold plated Photo Frames, Purses, Hat Pins, Shell Combs, Stick Pins, worth up to 35c, for 15c.

25c Purses, Combs, Gentlemen's Bill Books — Real Ebony Nail Polishers — Brooches—Hat Pins — Belts—worth up to 50c, for 25c.

50c Pocketbooks, Nail Polishers, Bill Books, Chatelaine Bags, Photo Frames, worth up to 85c, for 50c.

Clearance of Books.

Hundreds of new and old books that have become soiled during the holiday season—a few of the bargains. Fiction, History, Poetry, Music.

Books published at 25c for 10c
Books published at 35c for 15c
Books published at 50c for 25c
Books published at 75c for 35c
Books published at $1.00 for 45c
Books published at $1.25 for 75c
Books published at $1.50 for 98c

Window Shades.

Window Shades, 20c mounted on spring stop rollers, complete with bottom rod and brackets—20c.

Portieres, Curtains.

Sale of Samples—Our entire stock of sample pairs and all odd pairs Portieres and Lace Curtains will be offered for the remainder of this week at **actual cost** and in **many cases, less than cost.** Some of the samples are slightly soiled. All, or nearly all, are in a perfectly useable condition.

Lace Curtains.

Nottinghams were 85c, now 60c
Nottinghams were $1.20, now 80c
Nottinghams were $2 25, now $1.50
Nottinghams were $4.25, now $2.50
Nottinghams were $4.75, now $3.25
Brussels were $5.75, now $3.75
Brussels were $8.50, now $6 25
Brussels were $12.00, now $8.50
Brussels were $16.50, now $11.50
Brussels were $18.00, now $12.50
Brussels were $25.00 now $18.50
Arabian Renaissance were $5.75, now $4.00
Arabian Renaissance were $7.75, now $5.25
Arabian Renaissance were $14.50, now $10.00
Ruffled Muslin and Bobbinet were $1.60, now $1.10
Ruffled Muslin and Bobbinet were $2.50, now $1.75
Ruffled Muslin and Bobbinet were $4.25, now $3.00
Ruffled Muslin and Bobbinet were $16.50, now $10.00
Irish Point were $5.25, now $3.75
Irish Point were $7.25, now $5.00
Irish Point were $8.50, now $6.00

Portieres, Couch Covers.

Oriental Stripes, Bagdads, Velours, Armure, French Tapestries, etc.

Regular $2.50 quality now $1.75
Regular $3.75 quality now $2.75
Regular $5.25 quality now $3.75
Regular $7.50 quality now $5.25
Regular $12.50 quality now $8.50
Regular $18.75 quality now $13.50

Linings Remnants.

½ Thousands of yards of lining remnants of all kinds—saved for this sale at half prices.

Bargain Counter No. 1.

We are cleaning up our embroidery department preparatory to stock taking—there are many remnants in wide, medium and narrow edges, Insertions and beadings, nainsook, Swiss and cambric—many from our new stock, clean, new goods—4c, 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c a yard. 4c

Half Prices Cloak Department.

Half prices on all Cloth, Satin, or Silk Jackets for Ladies, Misses' or Children.

Ladies' $7.50 Jackets at $3.75
Ladies' $8.00 Jackets at $4.00
Ladies' $12.50 Jackets at $6.25
Ladies' $15.00 Jackets at $7.50
Ladies' $18.50 Automobile Coats $9.25
Ladies' $20 Automobile Coats at $10
Ladies' $25 Jackets at $12.50
Ladies' $21 Velvet Jackets at $10.50
Ladies' $50 ¾ Satin Coats at $25.00
Ladies' $21 Newmarkets at $10.50
Ladies' $59 Handsome Carriage Coats at $29.00

Colored Dress Goods.

$2.50 Panne Zibilines at $1.89
$1.75 Prunellas at $1.19
$2.50 Kerseys at $1.75
$2.50 Coverts at $1.75
$1.75 Coverts at $1.29
$1.75 Coverts at $1.19
$1.50 Kerseys at 75c
75c Novelty Skirtings at 59c
65c Plaid Skirtings at 33c

Sheetings, Muslins, White Goods.

9-4 Lockwood's Bleached Sheeting, worth 25c—annual clearance sale price, per yard, 19c. 19c

42-in pillow casing, bleached, worth 12½c, at 8½c

Remnants of those 15c and 25c White Goods—clearance sale price, per yard, 7c. 7c

Remnants of Sheetings, Muslins, etc—clearance price 5c. 5c

36-inch Unbleached Muslins, heavy, round thread, as Indian Head brand, worth 8c, at 6c. 6c

Damask and Huck Towels, 25c and 35c quality—all linen — Annual Clearance sale price, 19c. 19c

Housefurnish's cheap

Whisk brooms—tempting fate to offer a good whisk broom for 10c, with the market advancing. 10c

Cake turners—smooth steel turners with nicely polished oak handles—price 3c. 3c

Polishing mitts—not the yellow kind, but pure white with thumb and dauber, each 10c. 10c

Enameline stove blacking, the large paste kind, sold everywhere at 5c—special at 3c. 3c

Potts' irons—nickel plated, complete with cold handle and stand, per set, only 75c. 75c

Axes—a genuine hand forged axe with No. 1 hickory handle; clearance price, 69c. 69c

Shoe Clearance.

Women's dress, dozens of new designs—$2.50 values, closing at $1.43. $1.43



Women's $4 shoes at $2.75—ten styles to choose from—all sizes, broken assortments. $2.75

Children's 85c felt slippers, sizes to 11—all kinds and colors at this sale for 50c. 50c

Lamp Clearance.

We have determined to close out and discontinue several patterns in lamps—your gain from our loss.

$1.75 China lamps, complete with shade and chimney, tinted and decorated, for 98c. 98c

More elaborate styles with large shades and wick, regular price up to $2.75 for $1.95. $1.95

Lamps with globes and round burners, including lift-out founts, worth up to $4.25, $2 95. $2.95

Glassware Clearance.

Pre-inventory offerings of glass fruit saucers, table full to choose from, 6c, 5c, 4c, 2½c. 2½c

Glass syrups, a table full nickel and silver plated tops, 69c, 42c, 39c, 35c, 25c. 25c

Oyster bowls, footed style in full green decoration, cheap at 15c, special price each 10c. 10c

Fur Animals.

All fur animals left from Christmas at a uniform discount of 25 per cent—none reserved. 25%

Doll Clearance.

Dolls, dolls, we give you your pick from any kid body dolls and dressed dolls in the store at a discount of 25 per cent—one day only, tomorrow. 25%

Undermuslins.

Women's fine muslin drawers, yoke band, deep hem and several tucks, value 30c, at 19c. 19c

Women's fine cambric drawers with deep hemstitched cambric ruffle, daintily trimmed, 35c and 39c. 35c

Women's 16c corset covers, high necks, good muslin, selling at half price—8c. 8c

Women's 40c corset covers, 4 rows tucks and hemstitching, edged with lace, clearance price 25c. 25c

10 dozen women's 69c gowns, good muslin, excellently finished, clearance sale price 35c. 35c

Women's fine gowns—extra fine muslin, tucked and inserted yoke, cambric ruffle, sale 59c. 59c

Women's long muslin underskirts, deep tucked flounce, full width, clearance sale price 59c. 59c

Underskirts.

100 ladies' $1.50 underskirts—made of black sateen—special for this sale at 98c. 98c

100 ladies' fancy plaid underskirts, fine flannelette, value 75c, clearance sale 23c. 23c

Millinery Clearance.

Ladies' and children's trimmed and untrimmed hats, at exactly half the former prices. ½

Children's silk hoods and toboggan caps, assorted colors, former prices 35c and 50c—19c. 19c

Ladies' street hats, misses' school hats, worth up to $2.25 each, closing at 25c and 50c. 25c

Camel's hair tams, worth $1.00 — extra good qualities—selling at the clearance sale at 85c. 85c

Children's silk bonnets, slightly soiled, half prices. ½

Carpet Clearance.

2,000 yards Wilton velvet carpets, very rich In effect, and extra durable, sold everywhere at $1.35 per yard—our price for one week $1.00 per yard. Including making, laying and lining. $1.00

1,500 yards Axminster carpets with deep thick pile, magnificent colorings and choice designs, regular value $1.35, our special for one week at $1.00 per yard. Including making, laying and lining. $1.00

25 rolls extra super ingrain, warranted all wool, suitable for any room—our entire assortment to choose from during this sale at 65c per yard. Including making, laying and lining. 65c

Tapestry brussels, our entire stock of this grade worth up to 90c a yard for 67½c. Including making, laying and lining. 67½c

Smyrna Rugs.

100 reversible Smyrna rugs, 36x60 inches, regular price $1.25, clearance price 90c. 90c

100 reversible Smyrna rugs, 36x72 inches—regular price $1.95; clearance sale price $1.35. $1.35

50 Moquette rugs, $2.25 quality at $1.75. $1.75

50 Moquette rugs, $3.75 quality at $2.75. $2.75

Art Squares.

Large assortment—all the useful sizes—the new Brussels weave:

3x2 $2.25
3x2½ $2.80
3x3 $3.35
3x3½ $3.95
3x4 $4.45

Bargain Counter No. 4.

Outing Flannel.

Remnants of 10c Outing Flannel, light and dark colors, per yard 7c

THE EVENING HERALD
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.
Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week
EVERY EVENING
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Jan. 13.—Temperatures range from slightly above zero in the Red River and upper Mississippi valleys and upper lake region to about the freezing point in the northern portions of states bordering the Gulf of Mexico, and rather mild temperatures prevail in Alberta, Northwest Montana, Pacific coast, state, Colorado, New Mexico and Southern Texas. The barometer is high over Southern states and the middle Rockies and low over Assiniboia and off the Massachusetts coast. Light falls of snow fell over Lakes Superior and Erie and the Ohio valley, and rain over extreme Western Texas. Fair weather is the general rule this morning, except over the Ohio valley and greater portion of the lake region.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	30	Memphis	22
Battleford	2	Miles City	22
Bismarck	10	Milwaukee	10
Boston	16	Minnedosa	8
Buffalo	10	Modena	11
Calgary	20	Montgomery	22
Charleston	26	Moorhead	8
Chicago	8	New Orleans	34
Cincinnati	18	New York	18
Davenport	6	North Platte	22
Denver	22	Oklahoma	22
Detroit	14	Omaha	22
Dodge City	22	Pittsburg	16
Duluth	2	Port Arthur	—12
Edmonton	18	Portland	30
El Paso	32	Prince Albert	0
Escanaba	12	QuiAppelle	10
Galveston	48	Rapid City	28
Green Bay	6	San Francisco	38
Havre	20	Santa Fe	28
Helena	22	Shreveport	30
Houghton	6	Spokane	28
Huron	8	St. Louis	16
Jacksonville	28	St. Paul	4
Kamloops	26	Sault Ste. Marie	2
Kansas City	18	Swift Current	21
Knoxville	22	Washington	22
LaCrosse	4	Williston	18
Los Angeles	42	Winnemucca	10
Marquette	16	Winnipeg	—12
Medicine Hat	26		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 a. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Fair tonight. Fresh southwestrly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Forecast till 7 a. m. Monday: Wisconsin: Fair tonight and Tuesday. Warmer tonight. Fresh to brisk southwest winds.

Minnesota: Fair tonight and Tuesday. Warmer east portion tonight. Colder west portion Tuesday. Fresh south to west winds.

North and South Dakota: Fair tonight and Tuesday. Probably cooler Tuesday.

Compromise By Sugar Interests.

It is gratifying to learn from the Washington dispatches that there is a fair prospect of the opposing sugar interests, the cane and the beet, coming to a mutual agreement in the way of concessions to Cuba. To be sure this is practically forced on the beet people by the danger of annexation which they would have reason to fear, and they realize that they must withdraw from their position of complete obstruction and make concessions. The cane people dread the prostrating effects of delay, and the enormous dangers of a financial panic in Cuba just as the new government is beginning its work. They accordingly are willing to accept as a compromise something less than they think they deserve, in order to bridge over the present exigency. The compromise plan, and a canvass on both sides indicates that in spite of some bitter remonstrance, it will be successful, is substantially this: It is proposed to allow a drawback for one year, and that the calendar year of 1902, on all molasses and raw sugar up to No. 16 Dutch standard, imported from Cuba (and the growth of that island) to the United States, of 60 per cent of the existing duties on those articles. This drawback would be paid to Cuban plantation owners on such of their products as found a market here. Other Cuban products, during the same period are to come in at duties of 50 per cent of existing rates, the remission to be direct instead of by drawback. In return for this concession to Cuba, the president is directed to publish a temporary tariff law for Cuba, granting preferential rates to our products. The understanding would be that after the independent government is fully established, Cuba would of its own motion continue the same rates. This is the general plan, although the rate is subject to modification, most of the beet sugar people thinking it too high, but willing to yield to the principle involved.

Shipbuilding at Navy Yards.

The long continued strife of machinists in the shipyards on the Pacific coast and the consequent delay in building ships for the navy, has given an impetus to the movement for the construction of warships at the government navy yards. The fight has been waged for years in congress but the chances of success seem brighter now than ever before. One strong argument for the plan is the fact that the expensive plants at the various stations are rapidly deteriorating because of the lack of work. Millions of dollars have been expended on the machinery and other equipment of these yards, and reports are coming in that it is all becoming more or less permanently injured as the result of non use. The labor organizations throughout the country have become interested in this project, and congress has been absolutely bombarded by resolutions from different unions, councils and leagues, urging the construction of ships at the navy yards. A good start is made by those back of this scheme in that they have at least four members of the naval committee who are pledged in favor of this policy. These men are Representatives Wheeler, Rixey, Kitchin and Metcalf. Three new men were added to the committee this year, and it is not known how they stand. The fight will be opened in the committee, and if it is lost there it will be carried to the floor of the house. The present plan is to have provision made in the appropriation bill, requiring the secretary of the navy to build at least two of the new vessels in the government yards. One of these ships is to go to the Mare Island, California, yard, and the other to Brooklyn. The plant at Norfolk, Virginia, is in condition to build a warship, and if enough votes can be secured, an effort may be made to get three vessels constructed in this manner. It is well known that a ship cannot be built as cheaply by the government as in private yards, but in view of the fact that so much machinery is being spoiled from lack of use, and so many high priced men are doing little or nothing at these yards, it might be well to build one or two ships, as desired.

THE BONSPIEL.

The people of Duluth extend a hearty welcome to the many visitors at present in the city to attend the ninth annual bonspiel of the Northwestern Curling association. The weather is all that could be desired for providing good ice for the curling, the attendance is large, and the indications point to one of the most successful bonspiels in the history of the Northwestern association.

It is now estimated that at least fifty-five rinks will take part in the various events. At St. Paul last year, only twenty-nine rinks were present, consequently it will be seen that the Duluth bonspiel will be far ahead of last year's in regard to attendance, and the arrangements made by the Duluth club warrant the belief that it will be superior in other respects.

One particularly pleasing feature of the gathering is the presence of so many Canadian curlers. Not only are there several Winnipeg rinks here, but the smaller cities of Manitoba are well represented, and from the province of Ontario there are rinks from Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie and Rat Portage. The presence of these curlers from distant points indicates not only the great interest taken in the game, but the good feeling felt for the Duluth club. May nothing occur to decrease the very friendly feeling that now exists, and may this bonspiel be reckoned among the red letter meetings of the Northwestern association.

WEST POINT ACADEMY.

Gen. Corbin took the members of the house military committee and a few others to West Point Saturday to have them look over the establishment and give him an opportunity to get in his work with them for a new academy. The army influence is being turned this session toward securing large appropriations for rebuilding at West Point. For this reason congress has been asked to do but little for the military establishment this year, the few war department bills that have been sent in being mainly in the interests of certain officers, some of whom are on the retired list. No general legislation is wanted that will help the entire service. The word has gone out, therefore, for army officers to work for a new West Point. Gen. Corbin is heading the movement, and is exerting all his powerful influence with members of the senate and house to have some action taken at this session.

A plan has been drawn up for a new set of buildings and a general overhauling of the grounds at a total cost of $4,500,000. While the plan would furnish an elaborate establishment, it is a fact that there are a good many modern structures at West Point that are far too good to be destroyed, just for the sake of having something elaborately fine to please the army. It would be much better to improve West Point gradually, which will answer every purpose and save a vast sum of money.

A SHOCKING EXHIBITION.

In the estimation of the rest of the United States, Massachusetts is about, if not quite, the most advanced in knowledge of any of the American commonwealths. The percentage of illiteracy of Massachusetts is about the lowest of any state, yet, judging from a report in a Boston paper recently, the school teachers must have gone abroad from Massachusetts to such an extent that she should call some of them home. An instructor in college asked a class composed of sixteen young men and eleven young women—three seniors, thirteen juniors, nine sophomores and two freshmen—the following questions:

1. Name six plays of Shakespeare and two novels by Scott.

2. Who is the author of "Paradise Lost," "Pickwick Papers," "The Bigelow Papers," "Adam Bede," "Idylls of the King," "Abou Ben Adhem?"

3. In what book does each of the following characters occur: Mordecai, Iago, Becky Sharp, King Agrippa, Minnehaha?

4. Name one work each by Wordsworth, Carlyle, Ruskin, Mathew Arnold and Browning.

The result showed that fifteen of the class could not name two of Scott's novels, twenty-three did not know that Leigh Hunt wrote "Abou Ben Adhem," seven could not locate Minnehaha, twenty did not know the origin of Iago, thirteen had never made the acquaintance of that versatile lady Becky Sharp, fifteen could name no work of Carlyle, eighteen none by Ruskin and twenty-four could name nothing that Matthew Arnold had written, most of them ascribing Edwin Arnold's "Light of Asia" to him.

And these twenty-seven young men and women of Christian Massachusetts were almost as unacquainted with the Bible as with "profane" literature. Twenty-two of them had no recollection of Mordecai, and twenty were ignorant of the name of the person who said to Paul, "Almost thou persuadest me to be a Christian." The only question which all answered correctly was who was the author of "Paradise Lost?"

And even the president of classic Harvard college himself would seem to need a few lessons in grammar, since, according to another Eastern paper, his name was recently appended to the following notice:

"Cambridge board of health urges the importance of vaccination against smallpox. We advise all students who have not been vaccinated in seven years to do so at once."

Since reading these reports from Massachusetts, the people of the West may be excused if they hold up their heads and refuse to take a back seat. There is probably not a high school in Minnesota but would make, with a class picked up at random, a far better record than that quoted with the same or a similar list of questions; and not many of our country school teachers would have used President Eliot's "grammar"—though that was of course but a slip, or more likely the work of some careless assistant.

AFFAIRS IN CHINA.

The emperor of China is ruler in name only. This has become more apparent since the return of the court to Pekin. At the audiences already granted the emperor has been merely a figurehead, the empress dowager conducting the conversation and completely ignoring the emperor, who did not attempt to take part in the affairs. Since the lack of interest on the part of the young ruler has become so apparent, the condemnation of the empress dowager for taking the reins of power has been greatly modified. It is freely admitted that the empress dowager is intellectually his superior, and that she had good grounds for assuming the regency.

While it is not forgotten that she butchered the best state advisers in 1900 and that she is capable of taking terrible revenge, it is apparent that she at present deems it the wisest policy to please the foreigners. When Emperor Kwang Su entered the Forbidden City on Tuesday the longest Chinese imperial journey in 200 years ended. On Aug. 15, 1900, the court escaped from the allies just as they entered the city. The emperor, empress and dowager empress at that time were crowded into two carts and by a circuitous route finally reached Singan Fu. They returned in great state, after a journey of over 1500 miles. With the court at home and the empress dowager in a position to better control the empire, her future policy will be carefully watched. As crafty as she is cruel, it is probably true that the violations of the protocol which are now taking place in relation to importing arms and other things are made with her sanction, and it is more than possible that she may even now be formulating plans for another onslaught on the foreigners. If it is ever made, it will be the finish of the unity of China. Partition will surely come, and the great empire would be sadly dismembered.

Tammany has a new leader in the person of Lewis Nixon, the naval architect and a young man, who succeeds Richard Croker as chairman of the finance committee. Mr. Croker resigned this position and selected Mr. Nixon as his successor. The new Tammany leader was born in Leesburg, Va., in 1861. In 1882 he was graduated from the United States naval academy at the head of his class. In 1889 he designed the battleships Oregon, Indiana and Massachusetts and then resigned from the navy to become supervising constructor of the Cramps shipyards in Philadelphia. In 1895 he left there and on his own account started the Crescent shipyard at Elizabethport, N. J., where he has built 100 vessels in six years, among others the torpedo boat Holland and the monitor Florida. Under his leadership Tammany will undoubtedly regain much of the strength it has lost in recent years.

Governor Van Sant caused a surprise by calling the special session of the state legislature for Tuesday, Feb. 4, as it had been generally believed the date would be from one to two weeks later. The call states that the extra session is for the purpose of taking "such action as shall seem proper and requisite in the matter of taxation," but this does not prevent the legislature from transacting other business. For instance, it will be at liberty to repeal the board of control law and to appropriate a sum for the proper representation of Minnesota at the St. Louis exposition.

It is reliably stated that American manufacturers are still treating Hawaii as foreign territory in that they sell goods there at a much lower price than they do at home, and that goods have actually been sold in Hawaii, reshipped to this country by the purchasers and sold at a profit in our markets. The idea seems to be that our manufacturers must be allowed to make an enormous profit at home in order to be able to sell cheaply abroad. It is time to put a quietus on this idea.

English sparrows continue to multiply despite all efforts at their extinction, and where they prosper other birds are dying out or are driven out by them. An Illinois sparrow hunt has just ended and as a result four tons of sparrows were killed. The hunt was indulged in by two parties of farmers, twenty men on each side. The victorious party brought in 13,000 birds, while the losers bagged 11,000, a total of 24,000.

Nevertheless and notwithstanding, how, asks the Atlanta Journal, is Professor Loeb going to be able to lay it on the death germ in the case of the man who skates where the ice is too thin?

Apropos of Senator Depew's return from abroad, some one has been mean enough to remark that it was just like Chauncey to get two stockings full for his Christmas present.

Why does not the board of public works clean some of the dirt off Superior street? The fact that it is winter is no reason why street cleaning should be suspended!

A Missouri preacher declares that women, not men, should make proposals of marriage. He is evidently trying to attract attention to himself.

It is not surprising the Pan-American congress was a frost. Was not Chili there?

The governor of Kentucky officially announces that his state is now in a peaceful condition. But a mountain feud may break out any minute and change the condition.

There are 1,000,000 more males than females in the United States, but some women do not treat their husbands as if they were aware of that fact.

The birth rate of Chicago has increased greatly since the city began to pay 25 cents for every baby born there. They must need the money.

There are said to be forty counties in Texas that have not a single lawyer resident. What a peaceful state of affairs must exist there.

Boston has a municipal debt of $50,000,000, but the Globe says "the creditors are not worrying." But how do the taxpayers feel?

A company which insures the lives of women has run against a snag. It finds it difficult to get the applicants to state their ages.

The New York Journal protests against out taking a part in the "obsolete royal mummeries" of King Edward's coronation.

The kangaroo walk has gone out of style, but probably something more ridiculous will soon be the fad.

Who can blame Germany for being a little sore over the invasion of the American cigarette?

LINES TO A LAUGH.

Baltimore American: "There is always room at the top," said the Good Adviser. "Indeed, yes," answered the Unfortunate Person, "but the elevator is not always running."

New York Press: "I'm sorry, but I shall have to insist that your bond with the guaranty company be doubled."

"I—I—what is the matter, sir?"

"Well, it has just come to my knowledge that your neighbors out in Suburbanville call you 'Honest John.'"

Philadelphia Press: "I think Dewet's the greatest Boer of them all."

"He appears to be even a greater boor."

"Boor? Why?"

"He hasn't even enough politeness to bow to the inevitable."

Washington Star: "Do you think a member of congress really earns his salary?" asked the inquisitive person.

"Of course, I do," answered the newly elected statesman. "You have no idea what a lot of work it is to convince your constituents that you are working."

Washington Star: "Things never seem properly adjusted in this world," said the careless young man.

"For instance?"

"I have observed time and again that the people with the most expensive tastes almost invariably have the least money to meet them."

Brooklyn Life: He—Ah, those days of our young love! You remember that afternoon you promised to meet me and didn't come? How I raved!

She—Just like a man. And there was I suffering agonies trying on that dress you liked so much.

Judge: Miss Smith (to Mr. Dearborn, about to sing)—Miss Jones will play your accompaniments, Mr. Dearborn.

Miss Jones (coyly)—Oh, Mr. Dearborn plays his own accompaniments so beautifully I couldn't murder them for him.

Mr. Dearborn (gallantly)—Oh, yes you could!

Chicago Post: "He is one of the most resourceful lazy men I ever knew."

"Why do you say that?"

"Because, instead of writing out his good resolutions, he cut the page for Jan. 1, 1901, from his old diary and pasted it in under 1902."

Chicago Tribune: "Haven't you your latchkey?" asked the friend who had assisted Mr. Jagway to his front door.

"Y-yesh," responded Mr. Jagway, with somewhat impeded utterance, "but I c-can't fit it into all these keyholes!"

Philadelphia Press: Cousin May—I thought you were engaged to Miss Yellowleaf.

Jack—Not much! I couldn't love a woman with a past like hers.

Cousin May—Why, what do you know about her past?

Jack—Nothing, except that it began too soon to suit me.

Chicago Post: "Is he a golf enthusiast?"

"Oh, no. He pretends to be, but he isn't."

"How do you know?"

"Why, he gives up playing when the thermometer gets down to zero."

Puck: Passenger—It's shameful to have to wait so long on this switch.

Conductor—Well, if you want to finish your trip in an ambulance, we can go on and collide with that other car.

Washington Star: "De man dat succeeds," said Uncle Eben, "is de one dat has de grit to git up every mornin' an put ditto mahks under his New Year resolution."

The Hunter's Lament.

Once more today I tried my luck,
To see if I could shoot a buck,
Or else a doe,
So south I went a little while,
Then traveled west about a mile,
Cautious and slow.

At last I reached a tree that grew
On southeast point of thirty-two,
And took my stand;
While Hayes agreed to beat the bush,
And drive before him all the push
Into my hand.

So there I stood and stood and stood
And wondered if there ever would
A thing appear.
When lo, a whistle near I heard,
And not a twig or muscle stirred
To scare the deer.

And now, behold, from out the wood
Within ten feet of where I stood
Hayes drove the doe.
But do not think it lingered there,
For straight it went up in the air
A mile or so.

I failed to say I had a gun,
And that is why we had such fun
At my expense.
For first I clean forgot the fact
And then the blamed thing wouldn't act
On my intent.

The pesky cartridge missed its fire,
'Twas 'nough to rouse a saintly ire
And make one swear.
That's why I clean forgot to shoot
A second time at the galoot,
While she was there.

So high she kicked up her heels
The creature seemed to move on wheels
That ran on air.
I saw a something in the sky,
But in the twinkling of an eye
'Twas everywhere.

And now I have it in for Hayes,
Requesting him on other days
To drive them slow.
For, hang it all, I am not quick
Enough to act that slick
When creatures soar.

The moral here is very plain,
For if I ever hunt again,
You'll quite agree,
I'll leave that nasty gun behind.
To catch the beast, I have a mind
I'll climb a tree.

Congressional Space Fillers.

Washington Post: Those editors who complain of the biographical redundancy of the congressional directory evidently overlook the fact that the gentlemen could have had more space had they so desired. There is no limit on that sort of thing.

American Mounts For Boers.

Portland Oregonian: Great Britain buys large numbers of horses in the United States for use against the Boers, and the only reason our Boer sympathizers abide it is because they know a good many of the horses eventually fall into the hands of the Boers and thus replace their ma-



(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst).

Their first meeting was at a London orush, where fashion packs itself into stifling rooms and fumes and frets until it is time to call the carriage. But destiny had taken a hand, and they knew one another when next they came oye to eye. This time it was at the Salon in the throng that stood before the latest painting to set the world talking. In Paris they were thrown together enough to be interested at first, then to begin to dislike each other a little—to disapprove this and that trait. After that, of course, it was winged sailing for destiny.

At a fortnight's close Matabrawn ran off to Italy and Phaye and her mother went to The Hague, leaving a hint of southward journeying later on. It was not until the formal bon voyage had been said that his regret became a distinct fact, and she owned to herself that the sooner The Hague was checked off and Italy take up the better it would be for her tranquil enjoyment in galleries of fine art.

Seven long days saw them clasping hands again at the Brera, in Milan. It was before one of Giorgio Vasari's wonderous heads—quite enough to have made them forget each other when hundreds of leagues apart. As it was they looked at the picture long and steadfastly, but not with the eyes of the mind. For him the face of the "Florentine Lady" was the face of Phaye all the time.

An impulse invited him to tell her then



THEY WALKED APART FROM THE CROWD ON THE QUAY.

and without complaint that since the parting at Paris he had suffered; but he desisted, for—oh, absurd stroke of memory!—there crossed his mind a villainous newspaper joke keyed upon suffering. The lobster complained that the cook was heartless to boil him alive—to make him suffer also, needlessly; but the cook only laughed and retorted that the lobster ought to be used to it by this time. So Metabrawn remarked—sheepishly, his tone told him, as he turned from the picture:

"Miss Fedhart, it seems a long age since Paris."

"I, too, am glad to be in Italy again," she said, and he smiled over the irrelevancy, but was glad for it. They moved onward past the men and women of Andrea del Sarto, of Angela, Da Vinci, Raffaele and Correggio—all of whom showed one face to the glance he threw them. Her taste for the masters did not hold her back, and soon the steps of the broad staircase were retraced and they walked in the shadowed quiet of Via Brera.

Phaye was an American beauty rose that afternoon—and every afternoon, Metabrawn and all mankind would have added with true acclaim. Through the clatter and clack of the Corso they made their way and entered upon a sun-bathed path of the Giardini Publici.

"Shall you remain for the opera season?" he asked. "You know that our compatriot, Miss Jenkins—Signorina Nuova Inghilterra, the pla cards have it—you know she opens La Scala with a new work by Mascagni."

"Yes," she said, pensively. "Yes, we shall remain. Papa joins us next week, when he is to give up for a whole month invading England with his stupid companies and spoke. Then—let me see. Not more than a fortnight, I think, of Venice, Florence and Sienna—perhaps a bit of Liburi"—she checked them all off on her fingers—"and then Milan once more."

They both laughed in candid delight.

"Still," she added, as though a grain of uncertainty would be becoming, "still it may be three weeks and yet it all rests with papa, you know."

"Ah, of course," he agreed, and was encouraged to express a belief that he should suffer until she returned, but he clinched his fists and desisted, thinking again of the lobster.

They had attained the border of the gravelled piazza where the band was, and where tangled-haired children romped, and where plumed soldiers of the king paid court to the bare-headed maids in white aprons.

"I shall try to make the time pass," he said, when they had turned from the music and were walking under the poplars of the Bastion drive.

"You will stay in Milan?" she said, "How I envy you!"

"Yes; I like the Italians, 'Little Paris.'"

"And I think it is—just lovely!" she breathed.

After awhile he reflected aloud that Italy was a small place in the matter of area, and that if he chanced to get restless and took a turn about they should meet in likelihood, before her return to Milan.

And meet they did forty-eight hours after she had left the Doges' palace in the north. It was in Rimini, on the Adriatic shore, in the hotel reading-room.

"I did get restless," he said. "Everybody had gone from Milan."

After dinner they strolled to the little quay that pierces the tide before a house that Byron lived in. The round moon, pale eye of a gloried September night, silvered the tripping waves. They walked apart from the crowd on the quay, beside the walled-in strand, and the clack of tongues died away to faint echoes on the water.

"See the diamond in the moon," he said. "How clearly profiled she is tonight! But it is not frank of me to say that."

"Why?"

"Because, do you know, try as I often have, it is not until tonight that I have been able to trace her at all. In vain friends tried to point her out, but I was blind. Ah, that was before I began to see a damosel in everything, and always the same face. Seeing her everywhere, of course, I must see her tonight in the moon. But for me it is a portrait—the portrait of one who—of one whom I care for very much. Can you guess who the damosel is?"

He did not wait for her to answer. The music season opened at Milan, and they were both there. But no melody in the new opera of Mascagni had so sweet a note as the old, old song that was in their hearts.

The Street Car.

The car stopped comfortably filled,
Then four men got on.
At the next corner seven edged in.
And sixteen got on after that;
Afterward two boys swung on;
Soon a red-faced woman beckoned,
And she got on.
In the midst of the glad revelry
A party of serenaders trooped on.
By and by a colored gemmen,
Redolent of old-mown hay,
He got on.
Then five giggling school girls registered.
A hard-faced mother, with a squalling kid,
Mounted the platform.
Did she? She did.
Then a pompous police officer,
With girth for several,
Ripped in.
Three little maids from school
Didn't do anything but get on.
After a while a street sweeper pushed in,
Then a bricklayer
And a hod carrier,
Three tinsmiths, four stonemasons,
Also a printer,
Two Sunday school teachers,
And a prizefighter,
They get on.
But the "con" didn't mind—he did his stunt,
And furiously bellowed: "Move up to the front!"

—St. Paul Dispatch.

The Grumbler's Harvest.

Saturday Evening Post: The man who likes to grumble is really the only man who gets any comfort out of misfortunes.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A girl can get mad at you if you kiss her or if you don't.

The first baby makes a man crazy with joy; the others make him crazy without it.

A woman can imagine anything in the world except what she doesn't want to imagine.

You can never convince a vain woman who has grown fat that she is until she gets stuck trying to get in a carriage door.

Proof to a woman that you love is when she thinks you get miserable every once in a while imagining how lonely you would be if she went to visit her mother.

Handicapping Children.

Bemidji Sentinel: The system of vertical writing was never popular with anybody excepting publishers who were interested in printing the books. It was a mistake that the fad was ever introduced in our public schools, for it is not practical for business purposes. No business man wants a bookkeeper who writes the vertical hand. We could quote several instances where St. Paul wholesale houses and railroad offices refused employment to young men who appeared competent otherwise, just because they did not write the slant; the natural hand. We are sorry to see bright young men and young women in the high schools, and children in the lower grades, taught a style of writing that will handicap all along through life.

Let us speak of man as we find him,
And censure only what we can see,
Remembering that no one can be perfect
Unless he uses Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

IOWA, OH, IOWA.

Iowa, Oh! Iowa, you've won another heat,
You're getting there, indeed you are,
with centipedal feet,
You're knocking the persimmons down
from off the highest twigs
And 'round the ripe appointive fruit are
dancing joyous jigs.
You're shoving old Ohio back into the
has-been ranks,
You're giving her the rinky-dink in front
and on the flanks,
And yonder heaven only knows when
you will cease your play
Of gobbling the official earth, ambitious
Iowa!

Iowa, Oh! Iowa, it now is very plain
Those hawk-eyes set within your head
were not placed there in vain,
And those same bird-like eyes know
when a good thing is in sight,
And after it your hawky wings bear you
in rapid flight.
With greedy talons of the hawk you grasp
the choicest cake,
And with triumphant hawk-like screams
the echoes you awake!
You show the world your flowing hair
bears not a seed of hay—
Oh, you are it, and some to spare, progressive Iowa!

Iowa, Oh! Iowa, you surely are on top,
You've that Ohio feeling now and won't
know when to stop!
Into a habit it will grow, as in the Buckeye state,
So strong you cannot shake it off; 'twill
cling to you like fate!
Your presidential timber you should now
drag to the front
And see that it is seasoned well to bear
the battle's brunt—
The Reps will surely look to you for
leader in the fray,
When next the campaign trumpet sounds,
impetuous Iowa!

Oh! Iowa, from Bleak Dakota's semi-frigid zone
Down to that land where people dwell
who always must be shown,
From where the Mississippi flows along
your eastern shore
To where the great Missouri sweats damp
mud from every pore,
You yet have men who tilled the soil and
fed the squealing hogs,
And men who first observed the light in
cabins built of logs,
And they are just the sort of men the
country needs today,
And destiny is on their trail, Oh! brainy
Iowa!

—JAMES BARTON ADAMS, in Denver Post.

Trouble Ahead For Combines.

Philadelphia Record: It is evident that the year 1902 is going to be a year of trial, tribulation and weeding out for many of the syndicates, combinations and spread-eagle corporate enterprises of the past two years. It has been easy enough for promoters to visit New Jersey and get authority for all sorts of predatory financial undertakings, but it is one thing to float stocks and bonds and quite another thing to find cash for promised interest and dividends. The distress that follows upon default for improvident or deceived investors is saddening, but also salutary.

A Good Suggestion.

Itasca News: Page Morris suggests that a better area for the purpose of a national park would be the waste country along the Rainy river in St. Louis and Itasca counties instead of the lands at present proposed in the heart of Minnesota's richest agricultural region. The suggestion is good. For beauty and variegated scenery the country mentioned is superior to any in the state, or the Northwest for that matter.

ROASTED.

Mysterious Death of Russian Woman at Marinette.

Marinette, Wis., Jan. 13.—Mrs. Lena Christel, aged 70, was literally roasted to death last night. Her charred body was found in her room by a policeman who had seen smoke issuing from the place. The womna's death was a mysterious one, and Martin Christel, her son, is in jail to await an investigation. She was a Russian. Circumstances indicate that she had made an awful struggle for life as her body was found some distance from the bed, where she had been lying sick.

TO TAKE OATH WEDNESDAY.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Henry C. Payne, the newly-appointed postmaster general, will take the oath of office Wednesday morning and immediately assume charge of the department.

MARQUIS OF DUFFERIN ILL.

London, Jan. 13.—The marquis of Dufferin and Ava, formerly governor general of Canada, is seriously ill at Clandeboye, his residence in County Down, Ireland.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
Genuine
Carter's
Little Liver Pills.
Must Bear Signature of
Brent Good
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.
Very small and as easy to take as sugar.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION
Price 25 Cents
GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE
Purely Vegetable. Brent Good
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. Williams, Owner and Manager.
MONDAY, JANUARY 13.
The Distinguished Romantic Actor,
ANDREW ROBSON
—IN—
RICHARD CARVEL
A dramatization of Winston Churchill's amous novel of the same name by Edward E. Rose.
The original massive scenic production and magnificent costumes that marked the success of this play at the Empire Theater, New York.
Prices during this engagement—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquette, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.
Saturday, Jan 18, Jefferson Anyells.

LUMBER CUT OF DULUTH DISTRICT

Figures For the Year 1901 Compiled By the American Lumberman---Includes Duluth and All Mills in Vicinity.

The twenty-ninth annual report of the American Lumberman of the lumber and shingle product of the Northwest has been issued and the figures for the Duluth district are given in the table which follows. Not much comment is necessary as the figures show for themselves the history of the past year among the lumber concerns of this district.

In general the total pine lumber cut in Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota, for the past year was 5,772,380,000 feet, as compared with 5,485,240,000 feet in 1900. The statistics show that there was, practically, a stationary output of lumber for the six years beginning with 1875, then as the more rapid settlement of the west continued the figures rapidly increased to the maximum average product, which was reached in 1890. The largest output was in 1899 and the next in 1892, and from that time there has been on a whole a decline, though not with any regularity.

It had been thought, says the Lumberman, that the product of 1901 would largely surpass that of 1900, yet a considerable increase is found. This was in spite of the tremendous effort made last week to secure a large crop of logs. The area was small and too few people were engaged in the business to make the record approximate the record of 1900.

Says the Lumberman:

"White pine stocks are getting to a low point. It used to be considered that about 4,000,000,000 feet was a fair stock for the white pine country, but the output has decreased, while the demand has been maintained so that there is a constant drain on the stocks, which have not been lowered to such a point that it is doubtful if at the present rate of production any further lessening is practicable for the perpetuity of the business."

In the mill statistics compiled for the Duluth district during the season of 1901, the total lumber cut is given as 815,082,000 feet or an increase of 244,000,000 feet over the cut in the same district of 1900. During 1901 the total shingle cut in the district was 124,739,000 or an increase of 54,000,000 over 1900. Lath manufactured in 1901 was 183,355,000, or an increase of 52,171,000.

The report for the district shows also an increase of stocks at the beginning of the year 1902 over that of 1901, the figures being 288,213,000 at the close of 1901, as compared with 208,555,000 at the close of 1900. Shingle stocks show practically no change, while there are about 15,110,000 more lath on hand to start this season than there were at the opening of last year.

	Cut 1901.			Stock on hand Dec. 1		
	Lumber.	Shingles.	Lath.	Lumber.	Shingles.	Lath.
MINNESOTA.						
Atkinson—C. B. Oswell & Co	500,000	2 00,000	.....	300,000	400,000	.....
Carlton—Sawtry-Cain Co.. (M. also Sand Lake.)	29,610,000	4.7 75,000	6,300,000	17,051,000	2,100,000	3,600,000
Chisholm Longyear Lake Co (Of. Duluth.)	12,296,000	....	3,000,000	Sawed for below.		
—Mashek Lumber Co.....	Sawed by above			6,666,000	.....	729,000
Cloquet—Anderson & Cochrane	600,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
L—Brooks-Scanlon Lbr. Co (M. Scanlon.)	750,000	.....	65,000	885,000	.....	62,000
—Cloquet Lumber Co.....	70,000,000	14,0 00,000	13,000,000	37,000,000	3,500,000	1,750,000
—Johnson-Wentworth Co.E	20,000,000	5,0 00,000	5,000,000	.....	.....	.....
—Northern Lbr. Co.....	80,000,000	15,0 00,000	15,180,000	11,000,000	1,500,000	3,650,000
Duluth—Alger, Smith & Co (26,843M lbr. and 6,623M lath also sawed at Clark-Jackson and W. Superior (Wis.) mill	65,500,000	20,5 00,000	6,750,000	25,500,000	3,500,000	.....
2—Clark-Jackson Lbr. Co..	31,925,000	5,6 01,000	2,935,000	749,000	536,000	.....
2—Duncan, Brewer & Co..	34,000,000	17.1 00,000	11,100,000	.....	.....	.....
—C. M. Hill Lbr. Co.....	6,000,000	.....	.....	3,000,000	.....	.....
2—Houlton Bros ..... (M. Le Clair, Wis.)	3,600,000	.....	.....	3,000,000	.....	.....
—Hubbard & Vincent.... E	15,000,000	.....	5,000,000	.....	.....	.....
—P. D. Jones ..... (Sawed for W. H. Gilbert.)	30,200,000	4,1 20,000	6,500,000	Contract sawing.		
—Le Sure Lumber Co..... (M. W. Duluth.)	15,000,000	3,7 00,000	5,300,000	9,850,000	4,400,000	4,500,000
8—Martin Bros. ..... (M. Feeley.)	.....	5,0 00,000	.....	.....	500,000	.....
2—Merrill & Ring Lbr. Co.. (M. West Duluth.)	40,000,000	12,3 35,000	13,068,000	13,700,000	954,000	4,841,000
—Mitchell & McClure	67,800,000	.....	16,633,000	26,125,000	.....	2,361,000
—Scanlon-Graff Lbr. Co..	30,262,000	4,1 65,000	7,625,000	6,750,000	280,000	800,000
—St. Louis Co. (W. Dul.).E	25,000,000	.....	5,000,000	.....	.....	.....
—Vincent & McClure	1,200,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hibbins—C. A. Remington Lbr. Co. ..... (M. also Powers.)	2,500,000	1,5 00,000	75,000	400,000	.....	.....
2Moose Lake—Eber Bros....	600,000	9 00,000	200,000	.....	.....	.....
2—Gunderson, Peterson Co	1,012,000	.....	.....	450,000	.....	.....
2Spalding—W. Carter....	100,000	.....	40,000	15,000	.....	.....
St. Louis—Nolan Bros-Laird New plant. (Of. St. Paul)	6,500,000	1,0 00,000	1,400,000	6,000,000	580,000	732,000
1Virginia—W. T. Bailey Co..	8,000,000	.....	1,000,000	.....	.....	.....
Wilson—St. Croix Lbr. Co..	Contract sawed			1,000,000	400,000	200,000
2—Swallow & Hopkins..... WISCONSIN.	30,000,000	1,0 00,000	7,500,000	14,000,000	150,000	1,500,000
Hawthorne—W. H. Bonnell	4,000,000	1,0 00,000	1,000,000	.....	.....	.....
2Lake Nebegomain—Nebagamon Lbr. Co.....	60,349,000	4,7 53,000	10,791,000	39,854,000	1,953,000	3,718,000
—J. H. Oneal & Co..... (Of Minneapolis.)	3,000,000	1,0 00,000	1,200,000	1,000,000	300,000	200,000
Red Cliff—Red Cliff Lbr. Co	22,000,000	.....	7,000,000	12,500,000	.....	4,000,000
W. Superior—Peyton, K & B (Of Duluth.	14,000,000	.....	4,000,000	7,765,000	.....	1,000,000
—G. A. Potter ..... (2,500M lbr. and 350M lath sawed by W. Sup. Co	Contract sawed					571,000
2—Rogers-Ruger Lbr. Co.. (3,000M add. sawed by others	5,000,000	.....	.....	800,000	.....	.....
—Edw. Seofield Lbr Co.... (All but 200M sawed for Edw Hines Co., Eddy & Glynn	38,920,000	.....	10,700,000	12,600,000	.....	10,000,000
—West Superior Lbr Co....	24,150,000	.....	5,220,000	8,800,000	.....	2,250,000
Total 1901	815,082,000	124,7 89,000	183,355,000	288,213,000	26,063,000	46,614,000
Total 1900	571,182,000	70,5 74,000	131,184,000	208,555,000	26,063,000	31,504,000
Increase	244,000,000	54,2 15,000	52,171,000	79,658,000	.....	15,110,000

A FATAL ACCIDENT

One Man Killed and Two Injured at Stony Brook.

Were Working on the New Steel Bridge Building There.

William Colton Is Dead---Three Men Live in Duluth.

A fatal accident occurred about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the new steel bridge the Eastern Minnesota Railway company is building over the St. Louis river about one and a half miles north of Stony Brook junction, to replace the wooden structure that went down with an engine and ore train last summer.

William Colton, an employe on the bridge work, was killed and two other workmen, Victor Carlson and Gilbert Ammerson, were injured, one very seriously and the other receiving a wrenched back.

The three men are reported by the railway company to reside in Duluth, although the directory does not give either the name of Ammerson or Colton, and there are several persons living here by the name of Victor Carlson.

The Eastern Minnesota officials are at Stony Brook investigating the accident, and Claim Agent Hutchinson, who has the addresses of the men injured, is with them.

There are conflicting reports as to the cause of the accident, but it is known that Colton was killed and the other two men injured either in jumping or being knocked from the bridge on to a rock pile twenty or thirty feet below. Ammerson and Carlson were brought back to the hospital at West Superior yesterday.

Until the railway company investigates the case thoroughly it will not give out a statement placing the blame of the accident, as the indications is that while an extra freight or construction train was backing across the bridge, a car struck a heavy cable that either lay or was stretched across the track, and was derailed, striking the three men and knocking them off the bridge. Another report was that the men were handling a heavy boom, and, as the construction train backing across the bridge caused it to swing around, the men became excited, and clinging to the boom, swung off the bridge and dropped to the ground.

The railway company has been pushing the construction of this bridge as fast as possible, to have it completed for the ore traffic in the spring, and a large number of men are employed on the work. When the old wooden structure went down last summer, a brakeman riding on the front of an engine was killed in the wreck. It is claimed that there are plenty of places on the bridge where the workmen may stand when a train is passing.

An inquest will be held at Stony Brook this morning by a deputy coroner, and the body of Colton will be brought to Durkan & Crawford's undertaking room in this city.

At St. Mary's hospital in West Superior this morning it was reported that Ammerson, whose principal injury consists of a fratured skull, is doing as well as could be expected, but his condition is regarded as critical. Carlson, whose injuries were slighter, will be able to leave the hospital in a few days. An inquiry at the hospital failed to disclose a more definite address of the men than that they lived in Duluth.

GLANDERS.

State Veterinarian Bramhall Orders Another Horse Killed.

Following the lead of the city health authorities the state veterinary department yesterday made a hurried investigation of the threatened epidemic of glanders in Duluth.

Dr. Bramhall of the state force of veterinaries was here yesterday and made an examination of the horses in the livery stable where Dr. McKay the health board's veterinary, located the origin of the trouble.

The state officer complimented the local authorities on the prompt and efficient steps taken to stamp out the disease among horses. As a result of the investigation one more horse was ordered killed and four were placed in complete isolation so that their symptoms may be watched.

Dr. Bramhall left for St. Paul again last night, but will return to Duluth in the near future.

You cannot afford to miss the fun at the Armory tonight.

The Bishop's Club.

The Bishop's Literary club will meet tomorrow evening. Miss Knauf will be leader. The program follows:

Reading—Scripture .....
Miss Margaut Farnell.
"National Museum of Naples" .....
Miss Miller.
"Cathedral of Naples, Church of San Martino, Church Franceses di Paola, Royal Palace and Island of Nesidia" ...
Miss Knauf.
"Horace Cicero" .....
Miss Killoran.
"Hadrian, Copri" .....
Miss McHugh.
"Vesuvius" .....
Miss May Gowan.
"Pompe, Herculaneumil .....
Miss Shesgreen.
"Current Events" .....
Miss Lydia Poirier.

The club will be favored by a reading from "The Last Days of Pompeii," by Miss Laura Frankenfield.

Beat Out of an Increase of His Pension.

A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes: "Seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48, I contracted Mexican diarrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it restores me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for diarrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

THE NEW TAX CODE

Auditor Briefly Discusses Some of the Proposed Measures.

Thinks It Contains Excellent Features and Specifies Some.

Does Not Like Proposed Provision as to Tax Sales.

"I have had only time to glance at the provisions of the proposed new tax code," said Auditor Halden, before he left for Norway, Saturday afternoon, "but I have taken a copy with me to study on my journey, and I shall have about a month of traveling with not much to do besides study the proposed code.

"So far as I could tell at a glance, the law seems to have many very excellent features. In many respects it is certainly far ahead of the present system, particularly regarding the assessment of personal property. The machinery seems to be much better, and it will be surprising, if the law is passed, if much better results are not the result. The provision for the taxation of franchises is a good one. That is something we have often tried in this country, but without much success so far.

"In one point the law seems to me to be defective, and that is in the provision regarding tax sales. It is proposed at the annual tax sales to sell property on which taxes are delinquent to the party that will take the lowest rate of interest, after paying the amount due. I may be wrong, but it seems to me that that will work out to the disadvantage of the public. It is too much like the foreclted tax law, the purpose of which was defeated by a tenderness for owners of property. When a man came into the tax sale and bid "state tax for the 'owner,'" other bidders refrained, and the owner got off very lightly on his taxes. The same thing may happen under the new law. An owner may bid "2 per cent for the owner," or something like that, and others may hesitsate to bid against him.

"This is in the line of encouraging delinquency in taxpaying, and is a step in the wrong direction. I know that the claim is made that this knocks out the tax title shark, but really the 'tax title shark' is a very much abused personage. He is no philanthropist, of course, but by bidding in property he has given the county a good deal of money that it might not have got so readily from the owner. Mostly he goes in simply for the 12 per cent interest allowed by law, and it is true that the new law will not be favorable to him.

"What I am afraid of is that it will be too favorable to the owner of property, by permitting him to let his taxes slide for a time and then bid in his property at the delinquent sale at a merely nominal rate of interest. This is a small part of the law, of course, and it could be easily amended, if it seems desirable."

A RARE TREAT

Miss Mary McDowell of Chicago Lectures on "Social Conscience."

The ladies of the Saturday club gave their guests a rare treat Saturday afternoon.

Miss Mary E. McDowell's lecture on the "Social Conscience," which gave something of her experience in social settlement work, was a real sermon in the best sense of the word. It was a sermon spoken from the heart to the heart. Miss McDowell has been for seven years connected with the university settlement in Chicago, located near the stockyards. Previous to that she had worked one year with Jane Addams at Hull house.

Miss McDowell has a most pleasing personality. She impresses one immediately as a well-rounded woman, a woman in whom body, brain and soul are all large, but of symmetrical development. This personality, which also includes a most taking smile, together with her deep interest in her subject, made her lecture on Saturday of the highest interest and value to her listeners.

The social settlement in which Miss McDowell is especially interested is affiliated with the university of Chicago, part of the funds for the settlement being furnished by that institution and part by the personal efforts of Miss McDowell. A small charge is made for the manual training classes, kindergartens, day nurseries, etc., but such a settlement, Miss McDowell said, could never be expected to be self-supporting. They have a gymnasium and, through the efforts of Miss McDowell and her associates, several free public baths have been established in the vicinity, manual training introduced into the public school and free kindergartens established in connection with the schools.

Their grounds have been opened to the public, and free weekly out-of-door concerts were given during the summer. In short their home, right there in a most unattractive part of the city, is made the social center of a large surrounding community. The home is attractive and in good taste, but extremely simple, the most expensive furnishing which they have being photograpns of good pictures on their walls.

There were about 200 people who attended their New Year's reception, thus showing that the influence of these six or seven people who are living the idea of the "brotherhood of man" is reaching out and affecting quite a large circle.

President Roosevelt said in a recent article in the Forthnightly Review that these social entertainments have proved the most effective agencies in cities in which municipal reform has been successfully carried on.

Miss McDowell's hope for the future, for the breaking down of the walls between the classes and the masses, for the promotion of good citizenship and good government, is in the public schools and the public school teacher. Her ideal is that some time every public school may bear the same relation to the surrounding community that the settlement now has to its neighborhood; that their playgrounds may be the playgrounds, the parks and breathing places for all in the vicinity; that their ample rooms may furnish places for simple entertainments and social gatherings, where many men and women into whose lives so little of brightness has come, may learn, as one of Miss McDowell's friends said he had learned from her, that there is "something in life besides just working and sleeping."

The Saturday club room was beautifully decorated with the club colors, yellow and white. Palms and cut flowers decorated the stage. Two tea tables also with the prevailing colors added to the cosy and cheerful appearance of the room.

After the lecture a delightfully informal reception was held, when all were given an opportunity to meet Miss McDowell and to take a cup of tea with their hostesses, served by Mrs. Simonds and Mrs. Barnard, the efficient committee in charge of the entertainment.

A pleasing feature of the afternoon program was a solo by Mrs. Homer Collins.

Miss McDowell will speak at the Unitarian church tomorrow evening, her subject being the "New Philanthropy," but whatever her particular theme, it will mean some phase of social settlement work, for that is where her heart is.

WAS MURDER.

The Coroner's Jury So Decides of Theodore Frigon.

At an inquest held in Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms Saturday evening, the coroner's jury held that Theodore Frigon was murdered by Ned Davy.

This made the second murder in this vicinity last week, and it is frequently said that the crime is getting too common in St. Louis county and that a hanging may be necessary to check it.

As told in Saturday's Herald, Frigon and Davy were teamsters in Morgan's camp near Pine station. They quareled about an open door.

Coroner Boyer and Deputy Sheriff Bates made a careful investigation and Dr. Bagley and Dr. Weston made a post mortem examination of the body at Durkan & Crawford's.

The supposition is that Davy struck Frigon behind the ear with a "billy" and then kicked his face in. The doctors that made the post mortem examination found the inner table of the skull fractured.

Davy, the murderer, escaped from Morgan's camp last Tuesday within a few hours after inflicting the fatal injuries, and with five days' start it is feared the authorities cannot catch him.

However, every effort is being made to catch the murderer and he will be brought to justice, if possible.

While not so grewsome as the Lake avenue murder last Tuesday, the wanton killing of Frigon was just as bad as that of Myllymaki.

THE CURLING SCORES.

Eight Ices Filled at Rink Saturday Evening.

Eight ices were filed Saturday evening at the Duluth Curling club's rink. It was the first chance the curlers had for practice since Monday last and they are going into the onnsiel without some much-needed practice. Nevertheless they are pleased that the warm weather did not come this week. The final game in the D. R. Black contest was played by C. R. Ash and C. F. Macdonald and the former won the medal. The following games were played in contests, the other three ices being filled with practice games:

Black medal—
C. Tvedt, skip—12.
S. L. Teichert, skip—7.
J. H. McCullough, skip—11.
C. R. Ash, skip—12.

Graves-Manley contest—
J. T. Hickman, skip—17.
L. M. Larson, skip—8.
F. A. Currie, skip—5.
Donald Morrison, skip—17.

W. H. Denham, skip—5.
E. A. Forsyth, skip—8.
D. G. Cutler, skip—16.
W. E. Magner, skip—5.

Joseph Catlin, skip—16.
Tom Gibson, skip—11.
H. Burdon, skip—8.
R. J. MacLeod, skip—16.

A. S. Haig, skip—8.
George Wells, skip—11.
G. P. Stillman, skip—8.
Ralph Bradley, skip—8.

E. E. Johnson, skip—7.
Carroll Graff, skip—7.
Elmer Whyte, skip—7.
George Letteau, skip—7.

G. H. Spencer, skip—18.
W. L. McLennan, skip—11.
Geo. F. Mackenzie, skip—18.
D. W. Stocking, skip—18.

S. M. Stocker, skip—11.
W. J. K. Osborne, skip—11.
C. L. Frederick, skip—11.
P. S. Anneke, skip—11.

J. I. Push, skip—11.
S. A. McPhail, skip—11.
A. W. Prick, skip—11.
A. B. Black, skip—11.

George K. Taylor forfeited to M. H. Alworth.

HOME FOR A VISIT.

Capt. Frank Maginnis Here From Porto Rico.

Capt. and Mrs. T. Frank Maginnis are in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Maginnis, parents of Capt. Maginnis. They come from Porto Rico where Capt. Maginnis has been stationed since 1898. He has the rank of lieutenant in the regular army, but has been captain of a company of native soldiers. He has tired somewhat of life in Porto Rico and is anxious for a change. He expects to be transferred to the Philippines and is well satisfied with the prospect. He will very likely go over there with a company of recruits, after visiting here for six weeks.

Porto Rico is doing very well, he says. The people in the interior have some difficulty in getting along, but in the cities they are prosperous. They take a great interest in politics, much more than do Americans.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.

"OUT OF SORTS"

That's the Way You Feel When Your Digestion is Out of Order.

This printer is "out of sorts." He is out of some of the letters needed to set this paragraph and it has been necessary for him to turn other letters upside down, to take their places which accounts for the black spaces in some of the words.



A Message of Interest and Value to All Who Are "Out of Sorts"

When the printer is "out of sorts" the proof appears "dirty" or imperfect.

When one's stomach gets "out of sorts" and digestion is faulty it mars temper, comfort and health; makes life seem incomplete, imperfect and unsatisfactory as a printer's "out of sorts" proof sheet.

The stomach is a laboratory wherein is prepared elements suitable for the nourishment and renewal of every structure of the body. If it is "out of sorts" and gives down poorly prepared material instead of nutritious chyle the imperfect material will correspond to the letters that the printer has placed upside down and appear as blotches and defacements on the page of life.

If to think ugly things is partly as bad as to say or act them, and the Recording Angel keeps tab on one's thoughts, what a "dirty" page must appear in the "book of life" against the one who's stomach is frequently "out of sorts" and who's type of nutrition thus necessarily becomes such as to keep mind and body irritable and upset.

The efforts of the skin to excrete, or throw out of the system, unripe or ill prepared nutritional elements furnished by a stomach that is "out of sorts" frequently results in crops of pimples and blotches fully as unsightly as the impress of the upside down letters of the "out of sorts" print.

The best remedy medical science has been able to devise to keep the stomach from getting "out of sorts," or to right it when it has been allowed to get that way, is Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. They give tone and vigor to the digestive organs so they will sort the material offered them and prepare from it a type of chyle that will build up tissues fair and clean as a perfect print from one who's case is never "out of sorts."

Chyle is digested food ready to be converted into blood. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets insure good digestion; good food and vigorous digestion provide perfect chyle; good chyle makes pure, rich blood; good nutritious blood builds bodily tissues that are firm, sound and free from defects as the full case printer's perfect proof.

Diseases are blotches on the fair page of life. A very large share of diseases can be traced to the stomach being "out of sorts." "Nine-tenths of all diseases," said Abernathy, the great English physician, "come from the stomach." Dr. Fothergill, another English physician of world-wide repute, once declared: "Of every ten men you meet on the street, seven have stomach trouble of some kind." There are many cases of ill health of which imperfect digestion is the unsuspected cause. Often these are some of the more prominent symptoms of dyspepsia such as distress after eating, heartburn, waterbrash, belching of gas, etc., but there are other symptoms that may be really due to dyspepsia, but are not usually attributed to it by the sufferer, among which may be mentioned general nervousness and depression; tired, run-down, played-out, "out of sorts" feelings that cannot be accounted for; headaches; oppression about the heart; bad complexion, pimples, blotches, boils; dizzy spells; specks before the eyes, etc. Let the sufferer take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and these symptoms all disappear, showing plainly that they were due to the stomach being "out of sorts."

Mr. Thomas Seale, Mayfield, Calif., says: "Have used and recommended Stuart's Tablets because there is nothing like them to keep the stomach right."

Mr. E. H. Davis, of Hampton, Va., says: "I doctored five years for dyspepsia, but in two months I got more benefit from Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets than in five years of the doctor's treatment."

Mrs. E. M. Faith, of Byrd's Creek, Wis., says: "I have taken all the Tablets I got of you and they have done their work well in my case, for I feel like a different person altogether. I don't doubt if I had not got them I should have been at rest by this time."

Phil Brooks, Detroit, Mich., says: "Your dyspepsia cure has worked wonders in my case. I suffered for years from dyspepsia but am now entirely cured and enjoy life as I never have before. I gladly recommend them."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets cure all kinds of dyspepsia, therefore they bring relief from all the varied symptoms that are manifestations of dyspepsia. To try them is to be convinced of their merits. They can be bought at any drug store for fifty cents a box.

J. G. WOOLLEY

Noted Prohibitionist Lectures on "My Own Country."

John G. Woolley, the famous temperance advocate and candidate of the Prohibition party for president of the United States in 1900, spoke at the Armory Saturday night on "My Own Country." There was a good attendance, and the speaker created considerable enthusiasm by his arraignment of the present political methods of this country and suggested remedies for the corruption which he thinks is the dominant political force.

Political methods he said were mostly guided by expediency rather than honor of principle. America is engaged today in pulling down the honorable and upright manhood of the nation to the level of the brutal and vile, rather than building up those of lower ambition and morals to a standard of the good and virtuous. The nation is not bad at heart, but it has enthroned the dollar and every means to obtain it is considered justifiable. The church is powerless to remedy this condition. It has long been out of touch with the people. An aroused public conscience is the only cure. The nation must unite on some question to accomplish its spiritual and through that its political regeneration. There is but one question on which all can unite, and but one traffic all condemn, and that is the liquor traffic. This is a strong government when dealing with anarchists and individual criminals, strong to repress rebellion, but weak as water in dealing with wealthy wrong-doers.

Czolgosz killed the president, and he was promptly done to death amid a great outcry against anarchy. The saloons in the past year have killed 10,000 men, and brought woe and misery to twice as many women and children, but the running of a saloon is as legal as the marriage relation.

All classes are equally corrupt, he said. The trust and the labor unions equally dangerous, and poverty and luxury are alike selfish. If the struggle for money goes on, some day poverty may find a leader to direct it against dominant wealth, and as a result of the upheaval brute force may be enthroned as the governing power.

The speaker spoke in favor of female suffrage, and was applauded.

etaoi zL;wil fwyp rdlu gkoj tiffffl kdyp

American Beauties.

Armour & Co.'s "Society Girl" calendar for 1902 is a highly artistic achievement. The idea is unique. It embodies six types of the American girl of today as described by six of the foremost American illustrators—William T. Smedley, A. B. Wenzell, Albert Sterner, Howard Chandler Christy, Henry Hutt and A. I. Keller. All save one of the drawings are in color; all are full length figures placed against soft-toned backgrounds. The artists chosen for the task were in no instance restricted. They were simply asked to give their ideal type of modern womanhood. All have done so, and the result as set forth in the six original drawings is all that can possibly be desired. Each sketch is characteristic of its creator, and each one technically considered presents the producer at his best. All of the artists are well known through their various contributions to leading magazines, as well as to important art exhibitions. Armour & Co., Chicago, will send this beautiful calendar, securely packed, postpaid, to any address on receipts of 25 cents in postage.

Fun and fight, fast and furious, at the Armory tonight.

MORE EVIDENCE.

Additional Findings That Are Damaging to Naughton.

The citizens' committee of West Superior is said to have found additional evidence against J. G. Naughton, the missing supervisor of Douglas county as a result of some of the injunctions forbidding the payment of certain bills which had been passed at the annual meeting of the county board. Altogether the bills are said to amount to over $200, in the lot were two bills, one for $54 and the other for $18 that had been assigned to A. P. McKenna, bookkeeper for the Culver-Harper agency in West Superior. An investigating of the bills showed that all of Naughton's bills, except the two that has been assigned, were found and they coincided in every particular with those that had been presented to the county board and passed. There was no entry for the trips for which the assigned bills were claims.

Henry Beck, the West Superior livery man testified in court that he knew nothing of any other bills other than those that appeared in the books, that he had sold no bills to the Culver-Harper agency at the time the bills were supposed to have been assigned.

The two bills of $54 and $18 were supposed to have been signed by H. C. Beck and the notary's seal of Robert Shields was affixed and assignment made to A. P. McKenna. The bills were filed with the county clerk, reported on favorably by the committee and passed by the board. They would have been paid had it not been for Mr. McIntosh's injunction. The injunctional order has been made permanent.

What further action Attorney McIntosh will take in the matter is not known, but it is expected that he will not let it rest now that he has gone so far into the alleged crooked state of affairs.

"I was troubled for seven years with my stomach," says E. Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

Reporting. Collecting. Publishing. Rating.

BRIGHT'S MERCANTILE AGENCY

Collections Made Anywhere in the United States or Canada.
Send Us Your Accounts or Write For Terms.

Main Office, Torrey Building. Duluth, Minn

BIGGER BOX
SAME PRICE



Enameline

THE MODERN STOVE POLISH

Brilliant, Clean, Easily Applied, Absolutely Odorless



LIQUID—BETTER YET! FIRE PROOF !!

Scrofula

THE OFFSPRING OF HEREDITARY BLOOD TAINT.

Scrofula is but a modified form of Blood Poison and Consumption. The parent who is tainted by either will see in the child the same disease manifesting itself in the form of swollen glands of the neck and throat, catarrh, weak eyes, offensive sores and abscesses and oftentimes white swelling—sure signs of Scrofula. There may be no external signs for a long time, for the disease develops slowly in some cases, but the poison is in the blood and will break out at the first favorable opportunity. S. S. S. cures this wasting, destructive disease by first purifying and building up the blood and stimulating and invigorating the whole system.



J. M. Seals, 115 Public Square, Nashville, Tenn. says: "Ten years ago my daughter fell and cut her forehead. From this wound the glands on the side of her face became swollen and hursted. Some of the best doctors here and elsewhere attended her without any benefit. We decided to try S. S. S., and a few bottles cured her entirely."

SSS makes new and pure blood to nourish and strengthen the body, and is a positive and safe cure for Scrofula. It overcomes all forms of blood poison, whether inherited or acquired, and no remedy so thoroughly and effectively cleanses the blood. If you have any blood trouble, or your child has inherited some blood taint, take S. S. S. and get the blood in good condition and prevent the disease doing further damage.

Send for our free book and write our physicians about your case. We make no charge whatever for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

GENIUS IN INDIANA

Tells of Two Inventions That Are of Importance.

Persons Can See Each Other Over the Telephone.

Flour Gold Separated From Sand at Slight Expense.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 13.—An inventive genius of this city, whose name is withheld for the present, within a few weeks will give to the world two inventions that promise to revolutionize two great industries of the world, and, at the same time, to affect other channels of the world's commerce.

One is a device whereby a man talking at a telephone may see who is talking and be seen by the talker, as well as hear and be heard, no matter how great the distance separating the two instruments. The other is a device for separating "flour" gold from the sand and foreign particles surrounding it, rendering placer mining so cheap that the precious metal may be profitably separated from the gold-bearing dirt at expense so small that the cost of operation is, in substance, nothing.

The inventor is represented by Attorney Bernie B. Cohen, a young lawyer who befriended the man and, when he was practically penniless, advanced him funds with which he might continue his experiments and bring his machines to the present state of perfection.

Attorney Cohen declared the gold separating device will render the work of separating microscopic particles of gold from surrounding sand as cheap as the Edison magnetic process for drawing minute particles of iron from other foreign materials with which it is mixed.

"It might be called," the inventor's representative said, "an 'auronetic' mechanism, inasmuch as it attracts particles of the precious metal as the magnet attracts particles of iron or steel."

The other invention, for similar reasons, has been named the "telelectroscope," for, by its use, the eye will be enabled to annihilate space through the medium of electricity as has been made possible for the ear through the application of the same agent in telephonic form.

"The telelectroscope," Attorney Cohen declares, "has reached a stage where perfection is practically assured. In the inventor's laboratory the device has been tried and tested, and its operation is successful. It only remains to add an improvement or two before the mechanism will be in shape to be put on the market.

"Attached to the sending device of the telephone, rising above and over it, will be a small mirror-like reflector. The talker, by gazing into this, will see pictured before him not only the person talking at the other end of the wire, but also the objects surrounding the talker. Pictures on the walls, chairs, tables and, in fact, all the furnishings within focus, will be accurately reproduced in the picturing mirror.

"At the same time a device attached to the other telephone will enable the second person to see as clearly and distinctly as the first.

"These sending devices are always in focus. They can be moved about, turned from side to side on their stationary support, to suit the convenience and wishes of the talker. In whatever manner they are turned a faithful reproduction of all that comes within the lines of the focus will be portrayed in the reflector at the other end."

The receiving device is in the form of a circle, the diameter of which is five inches. The figures and scenes are thrown upon a delicate screen through the medium of a strong incandescent light hidden behind the surface. The sending apparatus is more complex. It operates, however, much as does the focusing devices common on cameras.

Electric waves supply the means of transmission, but how these operate and just what mechanical devices and chemicals are employed to propel them, receive and reproduce them, are things which neither Mr. Cohen nor the inventor is ready to divulge.

A model of the "auronetic" machine is now in successful operation in the inventor's laboratory in the Law building in this city.

The inventor's representative explains the machine's mechanism as follows:

"The gold-bearing sand is poured into a hopper at the top of the machine. Falling downward, it strikes a plane or zone charged with electricity. Here the molecules are rearranged by the action of the electric waves and the sand passes on downward to a cylinder. The cylinder increases an electro-magnetic chemical contrivance—so simple in construction that imitation would be at once possible—which creates a force that attracts the gold particles as the poles of a magnet attract iron. The force, the inventor has declared, is as mystifying to him as is the power that attracts a magnetic needle northward.

"The gold, adhering to the cylinder in its revolutions, is brought into contact with the brushes, and, through them, collected and deposited in the receiving box.

"A machine for work on a large scale is not expensive, considering the results it produces. Wood and iron non-conductors compose the framework, with the exception of the working parts, and the most expensive portion of the device is the cylinder. The chemical in the cylinder is itself composed in part of gold in composition."

Everybody invited to the debate tonight.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

LAW CODES

For Porto Rico Will Prove of Great Benefit.

New York, Jan. 13.—L. S. Rowe, chairman of the law revision committee of Porto Rico, arrived today from San Juan on the steamer Ponce. The codes prepared by this commission are being made the main subject of discussion at the session of the legislative assembly of Porto Rico, which opened on Jan. 1. Speaking of the work of the session, Mr. Rowe said:

"The attitude of the legislative assembly towards the codes submitted by the committee demonstrates the widespread desire to secure, as soon as possible, the full benefit of American institutions. The Foraker act continued in force all the Spanish laws until amended or repealed by the local legislative assembly. This work of amendment has been taken up with great earnestness. The codes which the legislative assembly is now discussing will legal system of Porto Rico into close harmony with the general principle of law prevailing in the states and territories of the Union and will, to that extent encourage the influx of American capital to the island.

"The feeling of buoyancy which now prevails throughout Porto Rico stands in marked contrast with the depression of two years ago. The improvement of the credit of the municipalities, as shown by the San Juan loan, will enable the cities and towns to undertake much needed improvements in drainage, water supply and sanitation. A final element of strength is added to the situation by the fact that both political parties have come to the support of the administration. At the banquet recently tendered Governor Hunt the leaders of both parties pledged their support in the efforts for the advancement of the common interests of the island."

MARCONI

The Guest of American Institute of Electrical Engineers.

New York, Jan.13.—Signor Marconi, inventor of the wireless telegraph, has arrived here from Canada, where he has been the guest of the Dominion government. Tonight he will be the guest of honor at the annual banquet of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers. On Wednesday he will sail for Europe.

Signor Marconi described his recent experiments in wireless telegraphy between Newfoundland and Cornwall, England, and said that the test letters were received exactly according to prearrangement of plans, both as to number and speed.

"As soon as I reach the other side," he said, "I shall start to work to get stations in readiness for the transmission of messages, commercial and otherwise, across the Atlantic. There will be two stations on each side, those in Europe being located at Cornwall and Belgium. Those on the American side will be at Nova Scotia and Cape Cod."

At the banquet tonight Signor Marconi is expected to speak regarding his recent achievements. Others on the list of speakers are Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, Rear Admiral Bradford and Professor Pupin, of Columbia university.

SEMINARY

Will Be Founded to Educate Priests For Philippines.

New York, Jan. 13.—Catholics of this country will found a seminary in order to solve the Spanish friars problem in the Philippines. As fast as practicable young priests will be sent to the Philippines to assume their duties. It is estimated that about 700 missionaries will be needed for this work, the bulk being that number of friars in the islands. Father Elliott, of the Paulist Fathers society, who for the last two years has been superior of a religious community at Washington, has been relieved of his duties at the capital and will devote all his energies to the collecting of funds for the seminary. The institution will be known as the "Seminary of the home and insular missions."

At least $300,000 will be needed and $150,000 of it has already been promised, conditional on the remaining $150,000 being raised.

SILVER JUBILEE

Of Pope Leo Will Be Fittingly Celebrated.

New York, Jan. 13.—A movement for the fitting celebration of the pontifical silver jubilee of Pope Leo XIII, which will take place this year, is now on foot in all parts of the world. Elaborate preparations for the coming celebration are already making in England, and will soon be begun in this country. Copies of the appeal just issued in English have been received at the house of Archbishop Corrigan in this city.

LIBERAL SALARIES

Are Fixed By Engineers and Cranemen.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—The seventh annual convention of the International Brotherhood of Steam Shovel and Dredge Engineers and Cranemen of America, which closed here yesterday, adopted a standard scale of wages for shovel and dredge men employed on the Nicaragua and Panama canal work as follows:

Engineers, $250 per month and board; cranemen, $200 per month and board. Officers also were elected.

READY TO TRAIN.

San Francisco, Jan. 13.—Jack Root, the Chicago pugilist, who will fight George Gardiner for the middleweight championship on Jan. 31, in the San Francisco Athletic club, has arrived in this city and the articles of agreement have been signed. Root will train in Alameda and Gardiner at a road house near Colema.

ALLIED MEMBERS.

New York, Jan. 13.—At a recent meeting of the executive council of the Golf association, the following were elected allied members: Euclid club, Cleveland, O.; Springfield Golf club, Springfield, Ill.; Kent County club, Grand Rapids, Mich., and Omaha County club, Omaha, Neb.

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles—horrible plague. Doan's Ointment Cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

IN THE LINGERIE DEPARTMENT NOW

Are Many Bargains to Be Found---The Effective Negligees---Violet Blue Nun's Veiling Trimmed With Green Velveteen.

New York, Jan. 7.—This is the moment when the bargain hunter plays her trump card. She has aided her time through November and December, but the first of the year always finds her calmly picking up, at half price exactly, the good things in hats and gowns that were left over from the rush season. Not only does she buy at half price from the furs to the shoe strings, but she shops in peace and comfort and plenty of elbow room.

Just at the moment she is making thoughtful choice in the lingerie department, and her only grief is that life is too short to admit of the possibility of one's wearing at least ten perfect wrappers in a single winter. One that is cut just in half as regards its commercial value is illustrated as a typical negligee of this season. It is made of violet blue nun's veiling, tucked into a bolero of stem green velveteen. The throat, bottom and sleeves of the bolero are bordered with points of well imitated Irish lace, and from the base of its open neck falls a shower of green velvet ribbon streamers, on some of which tiny cut steel slides are drawn.

This graceful garment was accompanied by a decorative petticoat and jacket for wear at one's bed room breakfast. These also were among the things marked down, though they chose the very latest idea from Paris. The skirt is of Du Barry pink taffeta, with a deep flounce of white point esprit, which is topped with ten rows of black baby velvet ribbon, edged with two little knife plaited ruffles of taffeta and decorated with flowers cut from taffeta and chain stitched onto the net flounce. A handkerchief corset cover, trimmed with Paris point lace, is worn over the stays, and then on top of this is drawn a warm red elderdown combing jacket, lined with red china silk, bordered with bands of black Belgian hare, and finished about the neck with a yoke of course string colored lace.

Lace by the way was never so beautiful and inexpensive as at this very moment, nor has it ever been more enthusiastically worn. The bargain hunter buys it because she recognizes the possibility of utilizing every inch she can get on the toilets of next spring, and because even now, on her own and her small daughter's frocks she can renovate marvelously by mere applications of bands and collars here and there.

If there has been a dominant lace this season that of Irish make deserves first place. The most exquisite bridal and reception toques have been made solidly of Irish lace, with decorations of fur and brilliants, and one way of giving the now decidedly commonplace velveteen or corduroy frock an air of freshness and elegance is to adorn its simple outlines with broad bands and applications of deep cream Irish point.

One of the most effective methods of doing this is set forth in a mint green velveteen frock suitable for a hostess on her reception day. Cut en princesse this would have been sternly somber indeed, had not its able designer purchased liberally at a sale of admirably imitated Irish lace and applied this in flat bands to the front, base, sleeves and collar of her robe, and lent it thereby an air of the most studied elegance. So strong is this feeling for lace that at the season's dances no debutante wears other than a lace trimmed toilet, and often enough a gown made wholly of imitation mechlin, valenciennes, or, what is very recent and charming, an overdress and body of the finest Torchon. This delicate web of linen threads is dropped over a faintly colored satin that is first veiled with chiffon before the lace is slipped upon it.

The strenuousness of our winter weather has persuaded even cooking to the universal adoption of the chiffon veil, worn with and above their veils of Russian net. Dark blue and nut brown veils of this make are more or less in evidence, but the veil of universal wear is the black chiffon, very thin of quality, and absurdly embroidered in white or colored rings. In November these rings were no bigger than the circumference of an ordinary glove button, but they have grown until the proper veiling is spattered with circles well nigh as large as Saturn's famous rings.

Sometimes a veil decorated with double and interlaced rings is seen, and instead of being embroidered on these circles are sometimes described by loops of very fine black, gray or white chenille. It was not to be expected that the outer veil could be so elaborately adorned to the neglect of the fine black netting underneath. The woman who attends to the details of her toilet wears at present a veil of peculiarly fine black net, each one of which is encircled in a closely twisted black and white cord.

While we cover our faces from the blast we uncover our not less sensitive feet, and fall heir to hideous colds by wearing slippers on the street. In the house black suede slippers, very high in the heel and sprinkled with the finest jet beads, are of all smart things the smartest; in the street brave vanity demands low-cut walking slippers of dull calf or varnished leather, held with a pair of large, highly polished brass buckles over the instep.

Even the little girls are in a measure allowed to follow this dangerous lead of their sisters and mothers; at least within doors, for no little woman thinks her toilet complete unless it includes well shaped, high heeled suede slippers. If she is an observing girl, with precocious notions as to dress, she insists upon the use of lace in the decoration of her best dress.

Already with the snows of January whitening the world we are able to prognosticate the glories of the spring. As a matter of fact the first spring model from Paris arrived in America a week ago. This motif for March is an etude in yellow. That is what its Parisian designer called it, for in Paris, so that wireless telegraphy called gossip says, the effort is all going to tend toward the insinuation of yellow in all its tones as a popular spring color. However that may be, this is a lovely frock and simple as a first spring gown should be. Its skirt is of a perfectly new tone of extremely soft cashmere, showing gray tints, changing to soft golden tones in the folds. A waist of heavy surah silk figured in a broad design of yellow stripes with green leaves on a warm yellow background is cut with jacket fronts to reveal a vest of soft gray transparent crepe de chine over a yellow lining. Bands of the figured silk adorn the bottom of the skirt, and the wide gray taffeta hat is veiled with yellow chiffon and adorned with a ruch of tulips.

TO WIN DERBY

Croker Says That Is Now His Great Ambition.

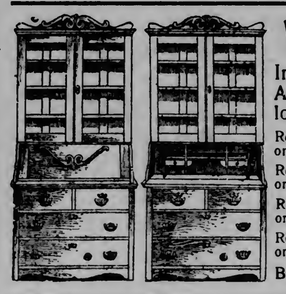
New York, Jan. 13.—Richard Croker, in an interview with a reporter said among other things:

"I have not decided on my future plans and don't know just when I will sail for England. I am going to try and win the Derby—that has always been one of the great ambitions of my life. I have two entries in this year's Derby and five in next year's. It will be run about June 1. The king also has entries, and will try for the Derby again this year. The uncertainty of horse racing is what gives the charm to it. I shall continue to breed race horses and hope for a Derby winner. A man hopes to have his children do as well as they can in the world, and watches them with anxious pride as they grow up.

"He wants them to amount to something. Every poor man who has a son hopes to see him president some day. There is something like this in a horseman's heart as he watches the colts he breeds develop, and I am watching with eagerness for a winner of the big race among mine."

We Are Cutting Prices

In all lines before we commence our inventory. It will pay you to take advantage of the bargains offered.



WRITING DESKS

In ash, oak and mahogany finish. All our ladies' combination, parlor and roll-top desks.

Regular price $10.50, only $8.45
Regular price $13.00, only $10.10
Regular price $16.00, only $12.85
Regular price $17.00, only $13.15

Better ones at 20 per cent off usual prices

YOURS FOR TRADE...

R. R. Forward & Co.

2110-2112 West Superior Street. Duluth, Minnesota.

French Speaking Clerk In Attendance.

Rockers

of all grades—none reserved. At 20 per cent from our usual prices.



$ 1.25 Rockers go at....$1.00
$ 2.25 Rockers go at....$1.80
$ 3.50 Rockers go at....$2.80
$10.00 Rockers go at....$8.00
$16.00 Rockers go at....$12.80
$35.00 Rockers go at....$28.00
$55.00 Rockers go at....$44.00

All Airtight Heaters, all Round Oak Heaters at one-fourth off our regular prices. $15.00 Stoves at $11.25 now.

TAN KERSEY CLOTH WITH MINK FUR.



One of the stylish three-quarter coats with insets of tan satin and collar rovers, and edges of sleeves decorated with mink. From C. J. Oppenheim & Co.

IN MICHIGAN.

Water Will Be Pumped From Mine In Few Days.

Negaunee—Save for the body found the day of the accident none of the victims of the mine disaster has yet been recovered. This is due to the fact that the mine has since been flooded with water. It has not yet been determined how many men have perished. It is expected that within a few days the water will have been pumped from the shaft and mine, and the work of taking out the bodies will be speedily accomplished. The operations of the past couple of days has been confined to efforts to rid the mine of water. Sunday night an additional pump went into commission.

Red Jacket—Some peculiar bills have been presented to the Red Jacket village council as a result of the recent epidemic of smallpox, but a claim handed in Saturday night caused a feeling of amazement. It was from a woman, who said she wanted pay for a canary bird alleged by her to have been killed during the progress of the work of the official fumigator. Another bill presented was for two plants declared to have been destroyed by fumes. The council instructed a committee to look into the charges.

Sault Ste. Marie—Andrew Bushman, a well-known farmer about five and a half miles south of the city, has caused a sensation among his neighbors, which has spread to this city, by the alleged finding of gold on his property. The other day he called on a local jeweler with two nuggets of pure gold, and asked if it was the "real stuff." The jeweler made a thorough test of the nuggets and unhesitatingly pronounced them gold. Bushman was sinking a well on his property, and when at some depth a hard stratum of rock was struck in which the point of the drill was broken off. In the gravel raised with the drill were the two nuggets, which he brought to the city. There is much excitement in the vicinity and adjoining property cannot be bought for love or money.

Calumet—Matt Smette, a resident of the Quincy mine location, was murdered a few feet from one of the mine buildings. The body was found about 6 o'clock the next morning. No arrests have been made and the case is shrouded in mystery. It is evident that robbery was the motive of the crime. Smette had about $65 when last seen. His body was found near the street railway track, at the foot of the embankment, and there were no signs of a struggle. Smette has lived in the Lake Superior copper country for about sixteen years. He was recently employed by the Copper Range railroad, and last summer worked at the Adventure stamp mill site. He was 44 years old and unmarried.

Menominee—Mrs. Frank Penberthy, aged 29, died of pleurisy. She leaves five orphan children, the youngest but 3 weeks old. She was brought up in Menominee, and was one of its most respected residents.

Marquette—The opening of the South Shore's new $25,000 passenger station was attended with a serious accident. A shot gun being unloaded by the express messenger of an incoming Chicago train was accidentally discharged, the contents of the shell hitting Western Express Agent Charles Willesen in the legs above the knee. The amputation of one will probably be necessary.

The Mother's Favorite.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

Grand time at the Armory tonight.

Nasal CATARRH

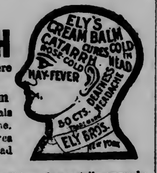
In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.



THE DAKOTAS

Indian Brought to Deadwood Charged With Murder.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—John End-of-the-Timber, a fullblood Sioux Indian from Pine Ridge agency, was brought to Deadwood in custody of John Belding, deputy United States marshal, charged with murder. The Indian killed his father-in-law, Walka-Under-the-Ground, on Porcupine creek, thirty-five miles east of the agency. The killing was the result of a family quarrel, and the accused Indian alleges self-defense. He was given a preliminary hearing before C. A. Coe, United States commissioner, and was committed to the Deadwood jail to await the action of the United States grand jury, which convenes in February. W. G. Porter, assistant United States district attorney for South Dakota, appeared for the government. End-of-the-Timber is 25 years old and this is his first trouble.

Sioux Falls—The people of the diocese have just presented to Rt. Rev. W. H. Hare, of this city, Episcopal bishop of South Dakota, a solid silver ladle as a token of appreciation of his efforts in this field. The occasion for the presentation was the twenty-ninth anniversary of his consecration to the episcopate.

Deadwood—Lusk & Co., Elkhorn contractors, have been restrained from blasting rock on their work near the mouth of Blacktail gulch by an injunction issued from the circuit court on the petition of the Portland Mining company. The petition recites that the blasting has damaged the cyanide plant of the complainant, near the mouth of Blacktail. Lusk & Co. are building the new Elkhorn line from Deadwood to Lead.

Woonsocket—The county commissioners ordered a special election to be held in March next, to vote on the question of issuing $25,000 of county bonds for the purpose of building a courthouse.

Sisseton—The $40,000 court house 4 per cent bonds were awarded yesterday to the Minnesota Loan and Trust company, Minneapolis, at par, and accrued interest.

Rapid City—The receipts of the United States land office for 1901 were $49,523.31, the largest since the establishment of the office.

Charles J. Buell has purchased the interest of Judge William Gardner and wife in the Sheidley Cattle company.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Cando—The case of the State vs. Dr. John Fawcett was dismissed today before it came before the jury by reason of insufficient evidence. Fawcett is from Grand Forks and was charged with performing a criminal abortion.

Hydrophobia has been prevalent in this county for some time, and has spread among live stock. Mrs. William Galloway, residing near this city, when bitten last Monday by a calf that had been bitten by a mad dog, and she is now on her way to the Pasteur institute at Chicago.

Grand Forks—Much interest is being taken over the case of the United States vs. Mark Murphy, formerly deputy United States revenue collector at Portal, who was indicted at Fargo last month on four counts, and was relieved from further service. Three of the indictments are for embezzlement, and the fourth for assisting J. A. Davis, a Montana ranchman, in smuggling a heard of cattle into this country from Canada. The friends of Murphy say he is a victim of circumstances. All the indictments are in connection with the same deal—that is, the entrance of some outside cattle by Davis. It issaid the cattle were admitted in violation of the law, inasmuch as the duty was not collected at the time. It is asserted, however, that Murphy had no bad intent at any time to defraud the government, and that he let Davis enter the cattle at the time as a matter of accommodation only, intending to collect the money at a later date, which, in fact, was done and the money duly turned over. It is said this manner of doing business has been followed by other collectors from time to time to accommodate the ranchmen, and that Murphy was simply made an example of by the special representatives of the treasury department. The trial will be held at Bismarck in March.

MEET AT PITTSBURG.

Annual Convention of Bricklayers and Masons.

Pittsburg, Jan. 13.—More than 300 delegates to the annual convention of the Bricklayers' and Masons' International union were in their seats at 10 o'clock this morning when Dr. Guy McCandlass, director of the department of public works welcomed them to the city. The response was made by President Gubbins of Chicago, after which the usual committees were appointed, and the rest of the session was devoted to receiving and accepting credentials. The convention will be in session two weeks. Among the more important questions to be considered will be proposed affiliation with the American Federation of Labor, an eight-hour work day and the meeting of the biennially instead of annually. President Gubbins, it is thought, will be re-elected. The union is one of the strongest in labor circles and has over 70,000 members.

WILL SEND CREW.

America Will Be Represented In Foreign Waters.

New York, Jan. 13.—Despite the fact that several American colleges have been forced to decline invitations to row in foreign waters this year, it is believed to be probable that there will be an American college crew abroad in the summer. A plan is now under consideration by the stewards of the Hudson River Intercollegiate Rowing association, which by it is proposed to send to Europe the winner of the 'varsity race at Poughkeepsie in June. Though the plan to send a Columbia crew to England this year has been abandoned, there is a possibility of the local university being represented in the single scull race at Poughkeepsie this year.

WILL BRING A BAND.

Willemshaven, Germany, Jan. 13.—The imperial yacht Hohenzollern will sail for New York Jan. 18. The band of the Second Naval division will go to the United States on board the emperor's yacht.

The little folks love Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to take; perfectly harmless; positive cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.
435 West Superior St. - Duluth, Minn.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY CHARTER.

ONE.

Amend Section 372 so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 372: When said board shall be ordered by the common council to make any improvements described in Sec. 356 of this charter, it shall cause an estimate of the cost of such improvement to be made by the city engineer, and shall thereupon proceed at once to assess 75 per cent of such portion of the estimated cost of such improvement as is assessable, including 10 per cent upon such amount, which shall be added to the assessment to defray the necessary expenses of making survey, plans, specifications and superintendence, on the property to be benefited by said improvement in proportion as nearly as may be to the benefits resulting thereto, but in no case in excess of such benefits. In making such assessment roll the board shall describe each parcel of property assessed, and the amount assessed against the same, and shall state the name of the owner thereof so far as known to said board. No mistake in or omission of such owner's name shall in any wise affect such assessment.

If the work shall have been completed before any assessment is made, or if the amount so assessed shall be insufficient to complete the work, said board shall make a final assessment in the same manner to pay the same.

All assessments paid on account of any improvement ordered to be done by contract before the contract therefor is let shall be kept separate in the permanent improvement revolving fund for such improvement until the amount of said fund, available for said improvement, equals that portion of the estimated cost of said improvement that shall be paid from said fund."

TWO.

Amend Section 352 by adding to the end thereof the following:

"Provided, that for the purpose of this section in determining the ownership of the property where any piece of property is owned by two or more owners jointly or in common all such owners shall be counted as one."

THREE.

Add a Section as follows:

"Section 354 a. The same penalties and interest shall be collected by the county treasurer on assessments as upon general taxes, which penalties and interest shall belong to the city and be turned over by said treasurer to the city with the assessments."

FOUR.

Add a Section as follows:

"Section 358 a. The common council of the city of Duluth by a ¾ vote of all its members shall have power to order the construction of sanitary main trunk sewers when the public health and necessity require it, and the city shall have the power to assess upon the real estate to be specially benefited by the same to defray the expense of such construction, or a part thereof, according to special benefits which will accrue to such real estate, without the petition of property owners, provided for in Section 358 of this charter; provided, however, that a sanitary main trunk sewer is hereby defined to be and shall be the main outlet sewer for the drainage of any sanitary sewer district terminating at the point of final discharge of sewerage into St. Louis bay or river, or Duluth or Superior bay or harbor, or Lake Superior, the whole length of which shall be designed and intended as the outlet for lateral sewers and shall not include any other main outlet, branch, lateral sewer or any extension of such main trunk sewer."

City Clerk's Office,
Duluth, Minn., Jan. 8, 1902.

I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of the proposed amendments to the city charter of the city of Duluth, submitted to the common council by the charter commission through the mayor of the city, on this date, which amendments are to be voted on at the municipal election to be held in the city of Duluth, February 4, 1902.

H. W. CHEADLE,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 4 to Feb. 4 inclusive, 1902.

TAKE IT IN — It Cures



Coughs and Colds, Colic, Diarrhœa, Malaria, and many other internal ailments.

RUB IT IN — It Cures

Toothache, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and wounds of every kind. Hinkley's Bone Liniment banishes pain of any name. Sold everywhere in 25c, 50c, and $1 bottles.

HINKLEY BONE LINIMENT CO., Saginaw, Mich.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

TERRIBLE

Experience of Capt. Johnson, Lost In Gaping Cavern.

Ste. Genevieve, Mo., Jan. 13.—Capt. Caleb Johnson, a well known Mississippi river pilot, attempted to explore alone the mysterious Dead Man's cave near Ste. Genevieve. Covered with the filth and slime of the cavern, drenched with foul waters, stained with blood from his lacerated arms and legs, almost starved from deprivation of food for more than 100 hours, and utterly prostrated, he was found Thursday morning lying in a sink hole, four miles from the entrance to the cave, unconscious and all but dead.

After several hours' work he was restored to consciousness, but he was unable to tell how he had escaped from the cave or to shed any light on its long-hidden mysteries. He stated that after floating down a river within the cavern in his canoe for probably a mile, his boat was wrecked in a whirlpool and he barely escaped drowning. Soon afterward he lost his bearings, and his matches being too wet to use he wandered about in the dark until he was utterly bewildered. Realizing that his situation was desperate, he put himself on short rations, but before he finally escaped from the dread cave his supply of food was exhausted and he was almost famished. Where he emerged from the case he does not know. All he can remember is seeing a glimmer of light and crawling toward it with his last strength. Four venturesome men, according to the urrent history, have lost their lives in the last ten years trying to explore the cave.

TOM PLATT

Fears Attack of Paralysis and Is Constantly Guarded.

New York, Jan. 13.—The News publishes the following:

"Senator Thomas C. Platt never is without a bodyguard these days. He has a constant dread of paralysis and wishes to have some one near by should the stroke come. His health is much impaired and he has much difficulty in getting about because of his weakness.

"Senator Platt goes from the Fifth Avenue hotel to 49 Broadway, the United States Express company's offices, attended by Frank Gillespie, a former captain of the fire department. For the past seven weeks Gillespie has been constantly at Senator Platt's side.

"The senator and his bodyguard met for the first time two months ago. Senator Platt and a young woman on that occasion boarded a car on Broadway. The senator hesitated as he climbed the steps, and the former fire captain assisted him. The motorman started the car with a jerk and Platt fell back into Mr. Gillespie's arms. The latter helped him to a seat. The senator asked him to accompany him to the Fifth Avenue hotel.

"At the Fifth Avenue hotel Gillespie was recognized instantly by manager and clerk. This seemed to please Senator Platt, but he and his strange guardian parted without a word.

"On the next day Gillespie received a special delivery letter at his home in Decatur street, Brooklyn, stating that Senator Platt wished to see him at once. Gillespie saw the senator that morning in the office of the United States Express company.

"The senator said he wanted Gillespie to stay with him, that he would give $40 a week for a man who would take him from his office to Twenty-third street every afternoon and attend him to other places in safety. The offer was taken at once, and ever since then Gillespie has been by the side of Senator Platt."

HER SKULL

Was Proof Against a Large Caliber Bullet.

Toledo, Ohio, Jan. 13.—Mrs. Patton, colored, was shot in the center of the forehead by a 38-caliber revolver in the hands of her husband. The shot was fired within three feet of her, yet the bullet did not go through her forehead or fracture her skull, simply burying itself in her thick skull. Old surgeons who have had years of service in the army say they never saw anything like it before. Patton claims the shooting to have been accidental, but the police think different and arrested him.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The steamship Etruria, of the Cunard line, came to her dock Sunday, in New York, showing many signs of the rough voyage she had coming across. Most of the forward rail on her promenade deck was gone, having been washed away by an immense wave, which struck the ship at 3 o'clock Thursday morning.

J. H. G. Saffel, a restaurant keeper, of Eureka, Cal., shot and killed his wife in the presence of his seven young children and then ended his own life. Domestic infelicity was the cause of the tragedy.

The Great Western Glass company, incorporated at Springfield on Saturday with an authorized capital of $1,000,000, is said to be backed by Chicago and Western capitalists, who will enter the plate and window glass trade independent of the so-called trust of the co-operatives.

Fraulein Kathe Brandt, grand niece of Richard Wagner, died Sunday in New York. She was a member of the German stock company at the Irving theater.

Two Italians were arrested at Rochester, N. Y., for passing counterfeit silver dollars. The dollars were a good counterfeit with the dates 1886, 1889, 1896 and 1899, indicating four dies in the main plant, which has not been located. The men arrested are Pasqual Pulvino and Salvatore Ginnette. They were heavily armed.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

THE VITAL INTEREST

Of the Southwest In the Fight on Mr. Hill.

Union Pacific and Allied Roads Watching Its Progress.

They Are Anxious to Settle and Develop Southwest.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 13.—Officials of the Union Pacific and other roads which are concerned in the development and upbuilding of the Southwest are greatly interested in the outcome of the fight which Governor Van Sant and the other executives who are enlisted with him are making against the plans of the Northern Securities company.

A prominent official of the Union Pacific, in speaking of the proceedings before the supreme court to prevent the carrying into effect the plans of the Northern Securities company, said:

"The interest of the lines which go into the central states and Southwest in the opposition to Mr. Hill's projected company is a very vital one. We have been fighting the plan which Mr. Hill is trying to carry into effect for a long time and have never hoped to have such powerful support as has been given us by the state of Minnesota.

"It is vital to us that the plans of the president of the Great Northern be defeated, and in a measure we are compelled to admit the truth of the statement to the public which he made recently, when he said that the Union Pacific was largely to blame for the trouble which startled Wall street when the control of the Northern Pacific was at issue.

"As a matter of fact, neither the Union Pacific nor any of the Harriman properties, interested in the Southwest, desired a fight with Mr. Hill, but as a simple matter of self-protection we were forced into taking some decided step.

"All railroads have as their greatest interest the development of the territory traversed by their tracks. It was here that the trouble arose between Mr. Hill and his friends and the Union Pacific. We have for a long time been trying to settle the country along the line of the Union Pacific. At great expense and through hundreds of immigration agents we have induced many people from Europe and from the Eastern and Southern states to take up farming lands in our territory, and we have anticipated a return from the villages and farming communities which, of necessity, follow such settlements.

"It was here that Mr. Hill stepped in. He acted the pirate as regards our settlers, and did not care in what manner he made his fight.

"Agents of the Great Northern made their appearance in our farming communities, and the result was that, before we were aware of what was being done, we found the very cream of our settlers had been won over and transported bodily to the Northwest, where they would contribute to the support of Mr. Hill's road and its stockholders.

"There was no question of terms, when it came to securing settlers, with Mr. Hill. He wanted them, and he took them at any terms obtainable. Rates were not a consideration with him. He would, and I think he has in numerous instances, move single settlers and, in one or two cases, communities to the Northwest at the expense of the road, the settler not being one cent out of pocket.

"What was true along our own lines we found was also true for this entire section of the country, and, worse than that, we found we were forced to meet just such opposition when he tried to secure new recruits from among the immigrants from Europe or in the states which had previously contributed to swell the number of our settlers. Mr. Hill's men were on the ground and they cut our rates, no matter how low we made them.

"We offered inducements which seemed to us extraordinary, and found that Mr. Hill was offering more, and the worst of it was that he was getting the settlers. The fact that he was getting the business was no material, for much of it was being carried at a loss, but the fact that he was getting the settlers was a serious matter, and, to save ourselves, we were forced to retaliate.

"This step was taken only after we had tried peaceful terms of reaching an agreement with Mr. Hill. He, however, refused to enter into any combination or compact. We wanted to fix a rate that would give us at least a fighting chance for settlers, but Mr. Hill refused even to consider such a plan. We exhausted every resource at our command to settle the controversy, and then when that failed, it is true that we took steps to protect ourselves.

"The result is a matter of history, for the flurry in Wall street and the incidents attending it were given wide publicity. One result of that skirmish was the plan for the organization of the Northern Securities company. We who are interested in developing the Southwest, and who are not particularly interested i the progress and prosperity of the Northwest, would not be displeased to see the plans of Mr. Hill defeated. If he meets defeat at the hands of the people of his own section, so much the better."

Adhesive, invisible, harmless; Satin-Skin Powder is only one that doesn't clog the pores. 25c.

New York and European Travelers Appreciate Them.

The bureau of attendants which has long been a feature of the Pennsylvania system's Eastern terminals is fully appreciated by tourists going abroad via New York. The docks of most of the Atlantic steamship lines are convenient to the Jersey City and New York stations of the Pennsylvania system. Address inquiries for information to H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

BEWARE

of the Quack Doctor's Remedy, "Indian Root and Herb Mixture," or "Great Hindoo Medical Wonder," for the cure of Blood, Catarrh, Rheumatism and Gout troubles.

MEDERINE

is prepared from the formula of an eminent physician, a regular graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, and compounded by one of the largest pharmaceutical houses in the world. MEDERINE is a guarantee cure for all forms of Blood Diseases, all kinds of Catarrh, Rheumatism and Gout. We guarantee to forfeit One Hundred Dollars for any of these complaints that MEDERINE fails to cure—such is our faith in the remedy, based on cures made.

WHAT THE FIRST BOTTLE DID.

JAMES McGOVERN,
State Oil Inspector, District 61.
West Superior, Wis.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO.

It took only two bottles of MEDERINE to cure me of Rheumatism of the shoulder. The first bottle reduced the pain and swelling and the second cured me. Still it took two more bottles to cleanse my system of the disease.

JAMES McGOVERN.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Write for MEDERINE JOURNAL OF HEALTH. Mailed to any address free of charge. It explains everything.
MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis

BRAINERD

Alderman Becomes Agitated Because Mayor Wears Diamond.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 13.—Between the sensational acts of the school board and the still more sensational acts of the city council, Brainerd is stirred up as it never was before.

To begin with the council has acquired a hunch somewhere that it is in duty bound to investigate pretty much everybody and everything that has existence within the confines of this ordinarily peaceful municipality. Its first self-suggested duty appears to have been a desire to know how, when, where and by what means Mayor A. J. Halsted came into possession of a very handsome $75 diamond stud, which has recently begun to shed its luster from his honor's immaculate front.

At the meeting last Monday night, Alderman Wright produced a clipping from the St. Paul Dispatch, which spoke of Mayor Halsted's receiving a diamond from business men because of his attitude on the high license question, and the voting of the resolution raising the license from $500 to $1000. Alderman Wright said he didn't want it hinted about the world that Brainerd's mayor has accepted a bribe for doing as he did.

On Mayor Halsted's part, in an interview, he says he courts an investigation with the widest publicity, as his attitude both before and after the passage of the resolution was well known, and he had always been opposed to a raise.

A committee, with Alderman Wright at the head, was appointed to inquire into the whole affair.

At the same meeting of the council two other investigation committees were appointed—one to inquire into an affair happening at the Arlington hotel recently, in which a young girl was taken to a room by two men, plied with liquor and assaulted. The other committee will look into a stabbing affray in which prominent young men, under the influence of liquor, engaged in a fight, and one was badly cut. No arrests had been made, and the council wants to know what Brainerd's police are doing. It was also suggested as necessary to investigate the newspapers of the city, because their accounts of these affair had not been more complete.

The school board is also making a record. There was a battle royal, in which the superintendent of the city schools, Professor Torrens, was openly denounced.

This matter was the result of the summary dismissal of a teacher, Miss Somers, for resenting Professor Torren's remark that she jumped like a jack rabbit.

The school board refused to reconsider her dismissal, but may be compelled to do so yet.

The partisans of Miss Somers, a large number of the prominent people of the city, are decidedly in earnest over the matter. They aver a gross injustice has been done, and they propose to see it righted.

As an indication of the feeling existing, this incident may be cited: A prominent business man is a member of the board. Since the dismissal other business men have severed business relations with him because of his vote against Miss Somers. Things are progressing along that line, until something will drop here in the near future that will shake the sand foundation of this City of the Pines.

CABLE FLASHES.

As the Compagnie Generale Trans-Atlantique steamer LaChampagne, from New York, was entering the harbor at Havre, Sunday night, she struck violently against the north jetty, owing to the fog. Three tugs assisted the vessel in getting to her pier. Four plates in the steamer's bow were injured. She is not leaking.

The Paris edition of the New York Herald prints a dispatch from its Monte Carlo correspondent, giving an interview with M. Santos-Dumont, in which he says he will be glad to compete in the steerable balloon prize at the St. Louis exposition, if the conditions are suitable.

According to La Presse, the battleship Massena is outfitting at Brest to take President Loubet to St. Petersburg, to return the visit of the Russian czar to France.

The British forces have surprised and captured a Boer laager, twenty miles northwest of Ermao. Forty-two Boers wer taken, including Major Wolmarans.

The Shanghai correspondent of the London Standard cables that 7000 of the body guard of the dowager empress of China who joined in the attack on the foreign legations at Pekin under Prince Tuan, returned to Pekin with the Chinese court.

LIFE OF ENGINEER

A Chicago Man and Wife Have a Thrilling Experience.

They Resided In a Tent Removed From Civilization.

Goat Served to While Away the Leisure Hours.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Walter W. Jones, an engineer connected with the road-building department of the Rock Island railway, has returned from New Mexico after an interesting experience. During most of his stay in the territory, where he lived in a tent far removed from human habitation, he was accompanied by his wife, whom he married in Manson, Iowa, a year ago.

"Wat" Jones, as he is called by every one who knows him, is an interesting character in himself. He is a graduate of the engineering department of the University of Illinois, but a deal of his time has been spent in Colorado and the far West, where he prospected for a show of the white and yellow metals. His friends say there is nothing of the tenderfoot about his make-up, and possessed of a like liberal measure of pluck is the young woman whom he has taken to share his adventures. In this respect her mettle was shown on at least one occasion during the trip that has just closed. The couple are now the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Stinson, in Ravenswood.

"The section of the territory to which I was assigned," said Jones, "was in the Pecos valley region. My section ran north of Santa Rosa, and the work lasted all summer. We were out of sight, indeed out of communication with the world. Mail came infrequently. We knew nothing of the president's assassination for some time after it had taken place, and it was a month after the tragedy that we heard of his death.

"We had a large force of men and they were a motely gang, composed of Italians, Austrians, Greeks, Indians and greasers. Contemplate for a moment our surroundings: Our worst trouble was the water. It had enough alkali in it to eat the clothes out of the wash, and when we came away all of our extra duds would have scarcely wadded a gun. Our shelter was a tent provided with a good floor. I manufactured our furniture out of native cedar, and we utilized powder cans for seats and receptacles of all kinds. You see we were building a road through solid rock and there were blasts of all the way from twenty-five to 200 kegs of powder. The animal and reptile inhabitants were sufficient to create a nightmare to those unused to such things. We soon got acquainted with them. There were lizards, rattlers and crawlers of all kinds, and there were deas enough to fill two or three of the powder cans. We learned how to skin a rattler and to tan the hide, and have several specimens to show for our pains. We were delighted with the experience. The climate of the country is as fine as one could desire. We suffered no sickness. Irrigation and the mares of civilization are sure to develop a wonderfully prolific country through which we laid the rails of a great steel highway, destined finally to reach the Pacific. We were not homesick, but we would have found some of sick, but had it not been for a few dithe time wearisome.

"One of these favors of fortune came to us in the shape of a goat. Billy was a full-blooded Angora that was brought into the territory by a contractor, who was forced to throw up his contract. I bought him, and in rollicking fun he was worth many times his cost. Every hand on the contract knew Billy, but he would make up with no one except the cook of the camp, whom he was accustomed to awaken out of his slumbers by treading on the breast of the sleeper and tickling his face with his extraordinary growth of whiskers. He would play hide-and-seek with us and indulge in all kinds of tricks. In the matter of capacity the tensile strength of that goat's stomach was without parallel. One time we gave the beast up to die. In a single night he tapped and oat bin and fed himself, no one knew how long. Then he ran up against a sack of evaporated apples. Tiring of the fruit he next waded into a pan of yeast, which had been allowed to rest within his reach, and the animal licked up every drop of it. It came near giving his goatship his quietus. His epidermis stretched until the tension was something frightful to behold. He was so far gone that the only sign of life that he gave us was a slight wag of his stubby tail when we called him by name. Well, sir, in a day or so Billy came around all right and we left him nosing among the cans of the deserted camp when we departed.

"There are some things that the railroad builder cannot leave behind. They are the saloons and the charity workers. We had to drive ninety miles across from Las Vegas. The region was so wild that we were lost on at least one occasion, and followed the trail only with the greatest difficulty. Despite our isolation the men who sold bottled goods were constantly with us. They would set up in tents and on pay day, or as long as the money lasted, would do a land-office business. On each pay day as many as four women went among the men, appealing to each man for a share of his wages for 'charity's sake.' One of the surprising things in the life of a railroad builder is the secrecy with which the money is got to the camp. Suddenly the paymaster would appear with $50,000 or more, just as if he had jumped out of a cloud. But he was always welcome for all that.

"My wife soon became accustomed to the use of weapons. We had them handy at all times. On one occasion, when a 'hobo' undertook to enter our tent during my absence, Mrs. Jones grabbed a big horse pistol. 'Now, on hit the track,' she said in the parlance of the Southwest, 'or I'll hit you.' Neither of us ever saw the fellow afterward. Despite the character of the crowd about us we were not molested, although we had only canvas between us and the outside night."

Late Afternoon Train.

You can leave Duluth at 4:30 p. m. and arrive in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater at early bed time by taking the "Twilight Limited" over The Northwestern Line." Duluth-Twin City finest train.

Rheumatism



Omega Oil If you hit your thumb with a hammer, you rub on some soothing, healing remedy, wrap it up and let Nature do the rest. That's just exactly what you ought to do for Rheumatism. There is no more sense in swallowing medicines for Rheumatism than there is in swallowing medicines for a bruised thumb. Rub your Rheumatism with Omega Oil every night and morning. Nature will do the rest, and between Omega Oil and Nature you will be cured. Keep those strong medicines out of your stomach.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

Diseases of Men

Advice from an office practice of 30 years: Don't neglect trifles. A white or brown sediment in the urine, a little weakness or pain in the back, may be the first symptom of a fatal disease. Don't doctor yourself unless you are tired of life. Employ a good specialist near home, not 1000 miles away, and don't quibble over charges. The best are the cheapest in the end. You live but once and life is short at best. I have cured thousands of WEAK MEN who were mental and physical wrecks from sexual diseases or abuse and have the records to prove it. Remember, I given a Legal Written Guarantee to cure in all cases or refund the money.



VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and I bought him, and in rollicking fun he Womb Troubles, Irregularities and Displacements, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, No. 5 West Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. "CUPIDENE" cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2276, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY— It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN— It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE— As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP— By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES— 215 West Sup. St.

YOUR CHILD should have warm drink— "Figprune Cereal"

STAG CHOP HOUSE. J. J. WALL. 310 W. SUPERIOR ST



EVERY WOMAN Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine. DR. PEAL'S PENNYROYAL PILLS, Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. $1.00 per box. MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth



CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Duluth Brass Works, Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.



The Bad Boy's Bowel Blessing

Nature punishes every excess, not only of the bad boy, but of ourselves as well. Over-eating, over-drinking, under-sleeping result in bowel troubles liable to become serious.

"My children will take Cascarets sooner than any other medicine."—Mrs. Frank Munsert, Princton, Ill.

"I am now using Cascarets in my family and they are wonderful among children."—Lee D. Thompson, Portsmouth, Va.

"Our little girl was troubled with constipation for over two years. Cascarets cured her. They are also the best remedy for colds we ever used."—Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Dutord, Clayton, N. Y.

"I have used Cascarets and have found them a most excellent remedy for both myself and my children."—Mrs. Bridget McCrossen, 908 Bead St., Philadelphia, Pa.

"Cascarets are the easiest medicine to give to children I ever came across."—Mrs. E. F. Reilly, 681 Calvin St., Pittsburg, Pa.

"My two boys think Cascarets are candy. I never have to insist on their taking them. I sleep with a box of Cascarets under my pillow. No home should be without them."—Mrs. G. A. Prescott, Chicago, Ill.

"Cascarets are wonderfully good for children."—Mrs. Wm. Roan, Catamount, N. Y.

"We have used Cascarets for three years for the children as well as ourselves. They do just what they are recommended to do."—Mrs. F. M. Kolling, 416 Dock St., Steubenville, O.

Every good, healthy, hearty boy is sometimes a bad boy—bad to himself; and will do things in the green apple, mince pie or other over-eating line that will twist his bowels. Men are only boys grown tall. In such a case what is needed is not a violent physic that will rack the tender bowel tissues, but Cascarets Candy Cathartic, gentle but sure to act at once and put things right. They are the most perfect medicine in the world for all forms of indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation.

Cascarets Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 566

MARKET WENT OFF

Wheat Started Out at An Advance But Eased Off.

Liverpool Lower and World's Shipments Rather Bullish.

Trading In Futures Light On the Duluth Board.

Duluth Board of Trade, Jan. 13.—The failure of the Liverpool market to respond to the slump in the American markets on Saturday had a favorable influence at the opening this morning and prices started at an advance. The world's shipments were also regarded as a bullish factor, being 7,359,000 bus for the week, against 7,586,000 bus last week and 8,369,000 bus last year. There was an increase of 1,256,000 bus reported in the amount of breadstuffs on passage. Light trading and lack of buying orders caused prices to drop soon after the opening, but they rallied a little later on continued reports of dry weather in the winter wheat districts.

The rally was only temporary, however, a decided slump following, and holding to the close. Duluth closed 3/8c off; Chicago, 3-1/2c off, and Minneapolis, 3/8c off.

The Liverpool market closed at 3/4c off. The Paris close was 1/2 to 1c higher.

The visible supply showed a decrease of 852,000 on wheat, and 49,000 on corn. Clearances of wheat and flour equalled 317,000 bus. Clearances of corn were 2400 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 570 cars, and at Chicago, 46, a total of 1016 cars, against 362 last week and 725 last year.

Trading on the Duluth market was fairly active. May opened 3/4c up at 80c, sold off to 79-1/2c at 9:46 o'clock, up to 79-5/8c at 10, off to 79-1/2c at 12:30, and the close was 3/4c off, at 79c.

Cash prices were unchanged at 3c under for No. 1 northern, 2-1/2c under for No. 2 northern, and 5c under for No. 3 spring.

Flax had another advance. May sold up to $1.66-1/2, sold off $1.44-1/2, rallied to $1.65, and closed at $1.66-1/2, 5c above Saturday. January and cash flax closed 2c up and to arrive closed 3c up.

Other coarse grains were unchanged.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat: Cash—No. 1 hard and ——; No. 1 northern, 79c; No. 2 northern, 73-1/2c; No. 3 spring, 71c; to arriv—No. 1 hard and No. 1 northern, 76c; May, 79c. Oats 46-4/5c. Rye, 61c. Barley, 45-48c. Corn, 63c. Flax —Cash, $1.63-1/2; to arrive, $1.65; January, $1.64; May, $1.66-5/8.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 35; last year 32; oats, 1; rye, 1; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 36,584; oats, 875; barley, 2167; flax, 4790. Shipments—Corn, 10,164; oats, 4692; flax, 14,249.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 5000 bus.....$ 0.75-1/2
No. 2 northern, 1 car 75
No. 3 spring, 1 car 72
Oats, 1 car, No. 2 ..... 43-1/2
Flax, 6000 to arrive 1.61-1/2
Flax, 1 car rejected 1.60

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Somewhat Improved Under Influence of Cables.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Wheat opened somewhat improved under the influence of cables that did not respond to the decided slump here Saturday. World's shipments also were somewhat bullish and May started 1/4@1/4c higher at 82-3/4@82-5/8c. Trade, however, was not heavy early and the crowd seemed uncertain what to do. Business was mixed, with a scarcity of 970, making a total for the three points of 1016, against 862 last week and 723 a year ago. World's shipments were 7,359,000 bus for the week, compared with 7,586,000 bus last week and 8,369,000 bus a year ago. The increase in the breadstuffs on passage was 1,256,000 bus.

After the opening bulge in wheat influenced by shorts covering, the bullish sentiment in the pit began to evaporate, selling orders were numerous both for long and short accounts and May rapidly slumped to a weak close, 3-8@1c lower, at 81-1/2@3/4c.

Corn had a dull opening. Liverpool was lower to start, but soon improved and at no time reflected the Saturday weakness here. May started unchanged to 1/8@1/4c higher at 63@63-1/8c. There was a decrease in outside business and shorts did most of the trading. May slid off to 62-5/8c, but rallied to opening figures again. Receipts were 123 cars.

Corn held to its individual strength, May selling to 66-1/4@1/2c, but easing slightly with wheat at the close and stood steady, a shade lower, at 65-3/4@3/4c.

Oats opened weak with numerous selling orders in the pit. May started 1/4@1/2c to a shade lower at 45-5/8@45-3/4c and declined to 45-1/2c, but rallied again to opening figures on the improvement in other grains. Receipts, 209 cars.

Provisions opened easier on heavy hog receipts and lower prices at the yards. There was considerable outside selling and practically no buying orders. May pork opened 7-1/2@10c to 5-7/12-1/2c down at $17.02-1/2@17.05 and sold down to $17.00; May lard 7-1/2 down at $9.67-1/2@9.70, and sagged to $9.65 and May ribs 7-1/2c lower at $8.52-1/2 and fluctuated between that figure and $8.55.

Close: Wheat—January, 77-5/8c; May, 81-1/2@7/8c; July, 81-3/4c. Corn—January, 62-1/4c; May, 63-3/4@3/4c; July, 65-1/4c; September, 64-1/4. Oats—January, 45c; May, 45-3/4@7/8c; July, 40-3/4c; September, 33-3/8c. Pork—January, $16.60; May, $17.07-1/2@17; July, $16.95. Lard—January, $9.42-1/2; May, $9.67-1/2@7-1/2; July, $9.70@9.72-1/2. Ribs—January, $8.27-1/2; May, $8.57-1/2. Flax—Cash No. 1 western, $1.65; Southwestern, $1.62-1/2; May, $1.67. Rye—January, 64c; May, 67c; July, 64-1/2c. Barley—Cash, 58@65-1/2c. Timothy—March, $6.60. Clover—March, $10.15. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 85-1/2@87-1/2c; No. 3 red, 82@84-1/2c No. 2 hard winter, 79@81-1/2c No. 3 hard winter, 78@80-1/2c; No. 1 northern spring, 80@81-1/2c No. 2 northern spring, 78@80-1/2c; No. 3 spring, 74@80c. Corn—No. 3, 61-1/4@1-3/4c. Oats—No. 2, 46@4-1/2c; No. 3, 45-1/2@3/4c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 20,000; steady to 10c lower; good to prime steers, $6.60@7.40; poor to medium $4.00@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.50; cows, $1.25@4.75; heifers, $2.00@5.00; canners, $1.25@2.30; bulls, $2.00@4.50; calves, $2.50@6.25; Texas-fed steers, $3.25@5.25. Hogs—Receipts today, 43,000; tomorrow, 35,000; left over, 7000; 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $6.00@6.40; good to choice heavy, $6.25@6.50; rough heavy, $5.90@6.15; light, $5.4 @6.00; bulk of sales, $5.95 @6.25. Sheep—Receipts today, 25,000; steady, good to choice wethers, $4.00@5.60; fair to choice mixed, $3.00@4.25; Western sheep, $4.00@4.75; native lambs, $5.50@6.00; Western lambs, $5.00@5.60. Saturday's Receipts—Cattle, 1006; hogs, 19,661; sheep, 1792. Shipments—Cattle, 181; hogs, 2665; sheep, 1808.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Jan. 13.—Close: Wheat, cash, 76-1/2c; May, 77-3/4@1/2c; July, 78@1/2c. On track, No. 1 hard, 79c; No. 1 northern, 76-1/2c; No. 2 northern, 74-1/2@75c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Jan. 13.—Close: Wheat—May, 86-5/8c; July, 80-3/4c. Corn—May, 69-3/4c; July, 69-1/4c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	.80B	78-1/2	82-1/4-5/8	87-1/2
High	.80	78-1/2	82-3/4	87-1/2-5/8
Low	.79	77-3/4	81-1/2	86-1/2
Close	.79	77-3/4-1/2	81-1/2-5/8	86-3/4
July—				
Open		79-1/4-3/8	82-3/4	87-1/4B
High		79-1/4-3/8	82-3/4	87-1/4
Low		78-3/4	81-3/4	86-3/8
Close		78-3/4-1/4	81-3/4B	86-3/4A

CHICAGO, OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	May.	May.	May.
Open	45-3/4-45-3/4	65-3/4@66	$17.02@17.05
High	46-1/4	66-1/4	$17.07@17.10
Low	45-1/2	65-5/8	$17.00
Close	45-3/4-7/8	65-3/4-3/4B	$17.00@17.02

GRAIN IN STORE

at Duluth on Saturday, Jan. 11, 1902:

	Bus.
Wheat—	
No. 1 hard	199,809
No. 1 northern	2,727,983
No. 2 northern	2,582,216
No. 3 spring	373,948
No grade	276,822
Rejected	58,739
Special bin	3,023,477
Western	12,114
Afloat	519,748
Total	10,007,351
Increase during week	156,608
Stocks a year ago	6,608,230
Corn in store	335,320
Oats in store	159,972
Rye in store	447,534
Barley in store	255,062
Flax in store	1,465,481

Main Office—327 Jackson St., St. Paul. Local Office—306 West Superior St.

A. J. CUMMINGS, Dealer in **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,

(Successors to Arthur R. Jones & Co.)
428 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel).
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. / CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A. Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
3 Chambers of Commerce: Minneapolis, Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

LAND SCRIP!

Can now supply Forest Reserve and Soldiers' Additionals.

H. W. COFFIN Manhattan Building

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints	27		
Creamery, tubs	24	@	26
Creamery, storage, tubs	22	@	23
Dairies, fancy	19	@	20
Packing stock	12	@	14
EGGS.			
Fresh	26		
Storage	20		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream, new	13	@	12-1/2
Twins, full cream, old	13-1/2	@	14
Full cream, young America	13	@	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15		
Brick cheese, No. 1	12-1/2	@	13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primos	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12-1/2	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@	2 40
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13		
Cocoanuts, per doz	75		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	13		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS.			
Catawba grapes, per crate	2 25		
Malaga grapes, kegs	6 00	@	6 50
Apples, per bbl	3 75	@	5 00
Apples, per box	1 85	@	2 00
California figs, per box	99	@	1 10
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 75	@	3 50
California lemons	3 50		
Bananas	1 25	@	2 50
Messina lemons, per box	4 00		
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00		
Sugar walnut dates	5		
Navel oranges	3 50	@	3 25
Cranberries	8 00	@	8 25
VEGETABLES.			
New celery, bunch	30	@	35
Mushrooms	60		
Lettuce	1 25		
Green onions, per dozen	55		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	2 15	@	2 25
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 50	@	2 00
Beets, per 100	1 10		
Carrots, per 100	1 50		
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 50		
Potatoes, per bus	95		
Sweet potatoes, per bus	1 90		
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 25
Mint, per bunch	30		
Turnips, per 100	70	@	85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75		
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75	@	85
Oyster plant, per doz	55	@	65
Cal. tomatoes, per basket	85		
Parsley, per doz	65		
Head lettuce, per doz	90	@	1 00
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@	5 50
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3-1/2	@	4
Choice, per lb	3-1/2	@	4
DRESSED POULTRY			
Hens	9		
Spring chickens	10	@	11
Geese	9		
Turkeys	11	@	12
Ducks	10		
MEATS.			
Mutton	6-1/2		
Lamb	9		
Veal, good	7-1/2		
Veal, fancy	8		
Dressed beef	4-1/2	@	7
Natives	8		
Hogs	8		
ork loins	9-1/2		
Lard	10-1/4		
Lard, compound	8		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Butter, firm; creamery, 15@23-1/2c; dairies, 14@20c. Cheese, steady; twins, 12-1/2@13c; young Americas, 10-1/2@11-1/4c; daisies, 10-1/2@11-1/4c. Eggs, very firm; loss off, cases returned, 30c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 13.—Butter—Receipts, 6648 packages, steady; state dairy, 17@21c; creamery, 19@23-1/2c; June creamery, 15@21c; factory, 13@15-1/2c. Cheese—Receipts, 271 packages, firm; state, full cream, large fall made fancy, 10-1/4@10-1/2c; small, 11-1/4@11-1/2c; 13th made, best large, 9-1/2c; small, 10@10-1/2c. Eggs—Receipts, 2679 packages; firm; state and Pennsylvania, 29@30c; Western, at mark, 27@33c; southern at mark, 26@32c.

WANT BASINS.

Government Asked For Improvements In Drainage Canal.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The project of giving a national aspect to the Chicago drainage canal, making it a link in water connection between the great lakes and the gulf, was considered today by the house committee on rivers and harbors. Two delegations from Chicago were present, one including the officers of the sanitary district interested in this project, and and another headed by former Representative Adams, of Chicago, who appeared in advocacy of improved navigation facilities including turning basins in the Chicago river. The latter project was first presented by Mr. Adams, who explained the vast magnitude of the commerce on the river and the difficulties and dangers incident to navigation at this time. The city is making extensive improvements, widening the channel, erecting the most modern bridges, etc., costing in the aggregate about $11,000,000. All of these benefited the general navigating interests and it was desired that the federal government supplement the work by providing turning basins to cost about $500,000. W. H. Baker, chairman of the committee representing the canal trustees, stated the general purposes of the project of extending that waterway to the Mississippi and thence giving a deep water channel to St. Louis. For the present the committee asked only a government survey to develop the feasibility and advantages of the plan, this survey to cost $200,000. Mr. Baker did not go into the general merits of the project, saying that the arguments were the same as those so fully presented last year.

Chairman Burton stated in this connection that the members of the committee personally examined the project last summer and were familiar with its general features.

Mr. Reeves, of Illinois, also stated that the members of the committee were personally familiar with the situation and that this obviated the necessity of long hearing.

At a later day the committee will pass upon the two items proposed.

REQUISITION FOR PALMER.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 13.—Governor Yates today issued a requisition for the extradition of Edmond Palmer, of the banking firm of Palmer & Myer, Chicago, charged with larceny by converting to his own use a draft for $5000 of the property of John M. Speer, without consent of the owner. Palmer is under arrest in Pittsburg.

Come to debate tonight.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Dullness Prevailed and Encouraged Attacks By the Bears.

Speculation Was Feverish and the Undertone Heavy.

Copper Forced Nearly Two Points Below Saturday's Figures.

New York, Jan. 13.—Very small transactions in stocks were recorded at the opening and the price changes were insignificant. The Atchison stocks showed some degree of depression. The volume of business increased largely when a general selling movement began. The Atchison and coalers were first attacked and then the pressure was extended to all the other prominent stocks. Before 11 o'clock prices were between 1 and 2 points below Saturday's close in a great number of the principal groups. General Electric fell 2-3/4 and Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg, 3 points. Lackawanna advanced 2-1/2 points. The market was supported and rallied generally a fraction.

The buying movement was smaller after 10 o'clock and the market fell into dullness, which encouraged a renewed bear attack. A number of stocks declined lower than before, especially St. Paul, Manhattan, United States Steel stocks and the Pacifics. National Salt pfd lost 3, and American Express sold down 6. The market was slightly better in spots at midday, but the speculation feverish and the undertone heavy. Bonds were irregular.

Another selling movement carried prices a fraction lower than before for many leading stocks. Baltimore & Ohio fell 2-1/4 under Saturday and Missouri acific was dull. There was a rather spirited rally in the market after 1 o'clock, recoveries running to about a point in Atchison, which led, St. Paul, Missouri Pacific, Wabash preferred, Delaware & Hudson, Reading, Sugar, Metropolitan Street Railway and Manhattan. There was not much increase in amount of business and the small inquiry induced frequent realizations.

The downward drift was resumed after 2 o'clock and the recoveries were mostly lost. Amalgamated Copper was forced nearly two points under Saturday. Sugar touched 120. The closing was exceedingly dull and heavy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	70-1/4	68-1/2	68-3/4
Anaconda M. Co.	30-1/4	30	30
Atchison, T. & S. F.	78-1/4	76-3/4	77-3/4
do pfd.	99-1/4	98-3/4	99-1/4
Baltimore & Ohio	103-3/4	101-3/4	102-1/4
do pfd.	96-1/2	95-3/4	95-5/8
Brook. Rapid Transit	66-1/2	65-1/4	65-3/8
Chesapeak & Ohio	46-1/4	46	46-1/4
Chicago & Alton	35-1/2	34-3/4	35
Col. F. & I.	85-1/2	85-1/4	85-1/2
Chgo.-Gt. Western, com	22-3/4	22-1/4	22-5/8
Erie com.	41-3/4	40-3/4	40-3/4
do 1st pfd.	73-3/4	72-1/2	73
do 2nd pfd.	60	58-1/2	58-1/2
Great Northern pfd.	185-1/2	185	185
Louisville & Nashville	106-3/4	104-3/4	104-3/4
Leather	11-3/4	11-1/4	11-1/2
do pfd	81-1/2	81	81
Manhattan Con	139-3/4	137-1/2	1
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	39	38-1/2	38-3/4
Missouri Pacific	102	100	100-3/4
New York Central	164-1/4	163-1/4	163-3/4
Norfolk & Western	34-1/4	33-3/4	33-3/4
Pennsylvania Ry	149-3/4	148	148-3/4
Pacific Mail	47	45-1/4	45-1/4
People's Gas	102-3/4	101	101-1/4
Republic Iron and Steel	16-3/4	16-1/4	16-1/4
do pfd	69-3/4	69-1/2	69-1/2
Reading	56-3/4	54-1/2	55
do 1st pfd	81-1/4	81	81-1/4
do 2nd pfd	63-1/2	61-1/4	61-1/4
Rock Island	156	154-3/4	154-3/4
Southern Ry.	33-1/4	32-1/2	32-1/2
do pfd	93-1/4	92-1/4	92-3/4
Southern Pacific	60-1/4	59-3/4	59-3/4
Smelter	45-3/4	45-1/4	45-1/4
do pfd	96-1/2	96-1/4	96-1/4
Sugar Refinery	122	120	120-1/2
St. Paul	163	161-3/4	162-1/2
T. C. & I.	64	62-1/4	62-1/2
Texas Pacific	39	38-1/4	38-1/2
Union Pacific	102-3/4	100-1/2	
do pfd	89-1/4	88-1/2	88-3/4
U. S. Steel	43-3/4	42-1/4	42-3/4
do pfd	94-3/4	93-3/4	93-3/4
Wabash	22-3/4	22-1/4	22-1/4
do pfd	42-3/4	41-3/4	41-3/4
Western Union	91	90-3/4	90-3/4
Wisconsin Central	20-1/4	20	20-1/4
do pfd	40-1/2	40-1/4	40-1/2

The total sales were 612,100 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Town Topics: The stock market today should reflect the favorable bank statement of Saturday with the assurance of ease in the money market, even should a moderate amount of gold go out this week, but the general inclination is to look for somewhat lower prices during the early part of the week as a result of the disappointment over the showing made by the United States Steel corporation for December. A good deal will depend upon the decision in connection with the Northern Securities company today and if this is favorable it will help the market. We favor purchases of stocks at a little lower level than that now current and especially the Steels, Southern Pacific, Louisville & Nashville and Baltimore & Ohio. London steady.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	19	19-1/4
Allouez	2-3/4	3-1/4
Anaconda	29-1/2	30
Arcadian	4	4-1/2
Amalgamated	68-3/4	69
Arnold	50	60
Ashbed	...	23
Atlantic	25	27
Baltic	36-1/2B	...
Bingham	25-1/2	27
Phoenix	4-1/4	5
National	1	2
Calumet & Hecla	580	595
Centennial	12-3/4	13
Copper Range	54	55
Cochlta	1-3/4	2-1/4
Dominion Coal	55	56
Elm River	2	2-1/4
Franklin	12	13-1/2
Humboldt	...	70
Isle Royale	21	21-1/2
Mass	17	17-1/2
Michigan	10	11
Mohawk	29	30
Mayflower	2-1/2	3
Old Colony	3	3-1/2
Old Dominion	22-1/2	...
Osceola	80	81
Parrot	29	29-1/2
Rhode Island	2-1/2	3
Santa Fe	3	3-1/2
Tamarack	245	255
Tecumseh	...	75c
Tri-Mountain	44	45
Utah	22	22-1/4
United States	13	13-3/4
Victoria	4-3/4	5
Winona	1-1/2	2
Wolverine	46-1/2	47-1/2
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	75c	1-1/4

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Jan. 13.—Money on call, firm, at 4-1/2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4-1/2@5-1/2 per cent; sterling exchange, about steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87-1/4@4-3/4 for demand, and $4.84-1/2@4-3/4 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85 and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.83-3/4@4-7/8; bar silver, 55-5/8c; Mexican dollars, 44-1/4c. Government bonds, weak; refunding 2s, registered and coupon, 103-1/4; 3s, registered, 107-3/4; coupon, 108-3/4; new 4s, registered and coupon, 139-1/2; old 4s, registered and coupon, 111-3/4; 5s, registered and coupon, 107-1/2.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Jan. 13.—Cotton opened steady, 6 to 10 points up, and soon stiffened to 8.22 for May, on speculative buying, the direct cause of strong cables. Liverpool cables stated that American buying orders had caused the rise.

Cotton futures closed quiet and steady: January, 789; February, 796; March, 802; April, 807; May, 811; June, 812; July, 815; August, 800; September, 765; October, 756.

HEARINGS

By the International High Commission to Be Resumed.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 13.—Cable advices from London confirm the statements telegraphed from Washington that the international high commission may soon take up the outstanding difficulties between the two nations and settle them. This view is based on "the excellent relations between the United States and Great Britain."

The statement may be true so far as London is concerned, but here the conditions are not quite the same. Inquiries on the subject elicit the definite information that the communication has been received by the Canadian government indicating an early meeting of the commission. "Experience of the past," it is declared, "scarcely justifies the hope that good results would follow a reopening of the various questions considered by the commission that met at Washington, and, more particularly, concerning the dispute over the Alaska boundary."

However desirous the mother country may be to resume negotiations, the Canadian cabinet is for the moment indisposed to proceed further without more definite encouragement to look for good results from the standpoint of Dominion interests that has thus far presented itself.

Free trade in Canada, which was one of the chief planks of the platform on which the Laurier regime came into power, seems a long way off, but a beginning has been made in the desired direction. During the year just ended duties on British products brought into Canada under the preferential system were reduced nearly $4,000,000. Articles largely the production of the United States and used by the agricultural classes, which paid duty before the Laurier administration was given control, on which $1,000,000 a year would have been paid in taxation at previous rates, have been placed on the free list.

British products coming into Canada before the preference was adopted were saddled with about $30 duty on every $10 of value. The average of the last fiscal year is brought down to about $20 in the $100. A notable effect of the reduction on British goods liable to duty has been to control prices on foreign imports into Canada. In woolen goods, for example, the rate for Britain under the preferential treatment is 23-1/2 per cent, and the rate for the United States and other countries 35 per cent. This discrimination in favor of British goods affected a list of products in which the United States is a competitor with Great Britain, aggregating over $50,000,000 in value last year.

Under the operation of the discrimination the purchase of British woolens has risen to 73 per cent of the entire imported supply, of linens to 88 per cent, of cottons to 63 per cent, and of hats, caps and bonnets to 50 per cent. On products of the United States brought into Canada, under the present tariff, subject to the payment of duty, the net result is a reduction from an average of 26-1/2 per cent to 26 per cent.

A marked effect of the reductions on British products has been a corresponding rise in the sale of various Canadian products to Great Britain, competing directly with American products in the British market. Butter was one of them. In 1896, the year the Laurier government came into power, the exports of Canadian butter was 6,00,000 pounds; last year it exceeded 25,000,000. Eggs increased from 6,500,000 dozen in 1896 to nearly 11,000,000 last year. Apples in the same period increased from $1,500,000 to upwards of $2,500,000 in value. The export of Canadian butter was 6,00,000 pounds; last year it exceeded 25,000,000. Eggs increased from 6,500,000 dozen in 1896 to nearly 11,000,000 last year. Apples in the same period increased from $1,500,000 to upwards of $2,500,000 in value. The export of Canadian butter was 6,00,000 pounds; last year it exceeded 25,000,000. There was an increase in cheese of over 21,000,000 pounds. In bacon, hams and pork the increase was from 55,000,000 to 136,000,000 pounds. In all these lines shipments were chiefly to the United Kingdom and in direct and successful competition with the same lines from the United States.

VERY SHORT.

Senator McCarthy Thinks Legislature Will Take Ten Days.

Senator McCarthy of Grand Rapids, who is in the city on professional business, says that there is no particular sentiment one way or the other in his district regarding the special session of the legislature to be held next month. Mr. McCarthy says that as far as he personally is concerned, he believes that the report could just as well have been made to the next regular session of the legislature. However, that was not the sentiment of the last session, and he seems to regard the call for a special session as merely carrying out the legislature's will. Senator McCarthy believes that the state lawmakers will convene, consider the tax bill, pass it and go home within ten days, so that there will not be the great expense attendant on the special session that some have feared.

Mr. McCarthy says it is expected that the new paper mill at Grand Rapids will begin beating up pulp and making paper within sixty days.

BUILDERS' TRADE COUNCIL.

Worcester, Mass., Jan. 13.—Delegates from organizations in all parts of the United States under the National Builders' Trade council, assembled in Worcester today for their annual convention. E. L. Smith, of St. Louis, presided.

SCHLEY COMMENDED.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 13.—The senate adopted Senator Byron's resolution commending Admiral Schley and inviting him to address the general assembly. The resolution received the vote of every senator present.

EXTENDED ONE YEAR.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Secretary Hay and Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador, today signed a protocol extending for one year the time allowed British colonies to adhere to the treaty entered into between the United States and England defining the right of inheritance of their subjects.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

AT HEAD OF LIST

In Wealth the United States Leads All Other Nations.

Shows the Smallest Percentag of Debt to Wealth.

Ahead of All Others In Production of Wheat.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Jan. 13.—(Special to The Herald.—The standing of the United States with her neighbors, and especially with those of Europe, is illustrated by some statements made by the London Daily Mail Year Book for 1902, a copy of which has just reached the treasury bureau of statistics. In its various chapters it discusses various features of conditions in the United States. Under the head of Wealth, it places the United States at the head of the list of great nations, the figures of wealth being: United States, £16,350,000,000; United Kingdom, £8,052,000,000, and Russia, £6,425,000,000. While the United States heads this list of countries in wealth, it shows the smallest national indebtedness, the figures being:

United States	£ 21,000,000
Germany	651,000,000
United Kingdom	706,000,000
Russia	711,000,000
France	1,239,000,000

The percentage of debt to wealth is given as:

United States	1.4 per cent.
France	6. per cent.
Germany	8.1 per cent.
Russia	11.1 per cent.
France	12.8 per cent.

Under the head of "Commercial Competition," it says that "the first year of the twentieth century opened badly for two of the four leading industrial nations." The trade of the United States was good, and showed no decline from the booming period of 1899 and 1900, but rather, in most industries, a continuance of the boom of which the United States has had so disproportionately large a share, and France, which had responded less expensively to the boom, remained uneffected by the decline and progress elsewhere. In England and Germany, however, the decline was felt acutely.

Under the head of the World's Wheat Crop, it shows the United States far ahead of any other country in the production of wheat, the estimate of the world's crop for 1901 being:

	Quarters.
United States	90,000,000
Russia	42,000,000
France	38,000,000
India	30,000,000
Italy	17,000,000
Hungary	16,000,000
Spain	13,000,000
Roumania-Bulgaria	12,000,000
Germany	11,000,000
United Kingdom	7,000,000
Australia	7,000,000

A quarter equals eight bushels.

Under the head of "Fight for the Iron Trade," it calls attention to the fact that the United States is now the world's largest producer of pig iron and steel, and says: "It will be noted that the United Kingdom has lost ground, producing 396,749 tons less in 1900 than in 1899, the total for great Britain being nearly 9,000,000 tons less than in America. An unsatisfactory feature in the British iron and steel trade is that in 1900 we imported more iron and steel than in any previous year, and exported less, while the United States exported more than ever." The tables accompanying this statement shows the pig iron production of 1900 to be:

	Tons.
United States	13,789,242
United Kingdom	8,906,570
Germany	8,494,552
France	2,698,494
Russia	2,821,000

And of steel:

	Tons.
United States	10,087,322
Great Britain	4,901,054
Germany	4,799,000
France	1,624,046
Russia	1,494,000

BRITISH SHIP

Purchased at Auction By Company of Filipinos.

Tacoma, Jan. 13.—The Manila Times reports that the British ship Celeste Borill has been purchased at auction at Hong Kong by Filipinos and will hereafter fly the American flag. The Celeste Borill sailed from Manila several months ago for Port Townsend and Tacoma. While off the Formosan coast she encountered a severe typhoon which threatened her destruction. When the storm abated she managed to reach Hong Kong. Her damages were so severe that her owners cabled from England to sell her. Several bidders appeared but the highest price was offered by the Campanik General De Tabacos of Manila, which will repair the vessel and sail it under American colors.

ADSON, BENEFACTOR.

Gets Out on Improved Rate and Routing Card.

General Agent Adson, of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway has made himself a benefactor to shipping clerks and receivers of freight from Eastern shipping points by the issuance of an improved west-bound rate and routing card. Rate classifications, classifications of towns by common point rating bases and routing instructions are given for practically all manufacturing and large shipping points in the New England states in such compact form that authorities on the subject declare the little card will save hours of work for receivers of freight in investigating rates and routing.

All the information needed by these people in Duluth and Superior that is contained in hundreds of pages of rate sheets and circulars has been condensed into a folder of four small pages.

First are given west-bound rates by classes. Stations are classified to show those taking New York, Scranton, Sidney, N. Y., Syracuse, Utica and Watertown rates, and routing instructions from all these points have been placed in most compact shape.

The Federation of Women's Clubs has extended the right hand of honorary membership to the men who make Rocky Mountain Tea. Women's greatest benefactor. Ask your druggist.

IN IOWA.

Twenty-Ninth General Assembly Organizes and Begins Work.

Des Moines, Jan. 13.—The twenty-ninth general assembly began work

A FAMILY CREMATED

Man, Wife and Five Children Burned to Death.

Floor Collapsed Dropping Them Into Fierce Flames.

Is Thought Owner Fired Building to Get Insurance.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 13.—Henry Pearlstein, his wife and five children, ranging in age from 1½ years to 12 years, were burned to death early yesterday in a fire that destroyed a two-story frame building. Joseph Supowsky, who owned the building, and Karl Brackl, his brother-in-law, have been arrested pending an investigation. Supowsky carried an insurance of $9000 on the building and its contents.

The Pearlsteins and an another family lived in rooms above a shoe store and were asleep when the fire started. Supowsky told the police that he accidentally dropped a lamp. A few minutes after the fire began there was a loud explosion that blew out the front of the store and hurled some of the contents of the windows into the middle of the street. Plate glass windows on the opposite side of Broadway were shattered and the report of the explosion was heard two blocks away. The flames enveloped the building in a short time. The family living in the rear flat barely escaped with their lives.

The Pearlsteins were awakened, but before they could reach the stairway leading from their rooms, the fire had undermined the floor in the hallway and it collapsed, carrying them down into a mass of flames. Their charred bodies were found at 8 o'clock, four hours after the firemen had extinguished the flames. The body of the mother and baby were found together, the little one tightly clasped in its mother's arms. Pearlstein's body was found close to that of his wife. He also held one of the children in his arms. The bodies of the other three children were found huddled together close to the father's body.

A CALL

For Extra Session of Legislature For Feb. 4.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—Governor Van Sant has issued the formal call for an extraordinary session of the legislature, to assemble Feb. 4. The call is as follows:

"State of Minnesota, Executive Department.—Whereas, the legislature of this state, at its last regular session, passed an act entitled 'An act to provide for the appointment of a tax commission, to prescribe the duties thereof, and to appropriate money therefor;'

"And whereas, said act provided for the appointment of three residents of this state as tax commissioners, whose duties it should be to make a tax code and to report the same to the governor of said state on or before the first day of February, 1902;

"And whereas, pursuant to said act, commissioners were duly appointed, who each thereafter qualified and entered upon the discharge of his duties;

"And whereas, said commissioners did, on the 10th day of January, A. D. 1902, complete their labors and file their report, together with certain proposed bills, as provided by said act, in the office of the governor of said state;

"And whereas, owing to the imperfect and inadequate provisions of the tax laws of this state, a large percentum of personal property liable to taxation is not listed for assessment;

"And whereas, it is imperative and essential that a more thorough system for the full, just and equitable taxation of all forms of property should be adopted;

"And whereas, the bills filed by said commissioners as aforesaid purport to provide for a system of taxation which will be more full, just and equitable;

"Now, therefore, in order to permit immediate consideration of said report and bills proposed by said commission, and the enactment of such tax legislation as shall be deemed necessary, I, Samuel R. Van Sant, as governor of the state of Minnesota, firmly believing that the best interests of the state so require, do hereby issue this proclamation, summoning the members of the two houses of the legislature of this state to convene in extra session at the capitol in St. Paul on Tuesday, the 4th day of February, A. D. 1902, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon to take such action as shall seem proper and requisite in the matter of taxation.

"Given under my hand and the great seal of the state, this 11th day of January, A. D. 1902.

"By the Governor,

(Seal) "S. R. VAN SANT.

"P. E. HANSEN, Secretary of State."

ESCAPED.

Military Prisoner Gets Away In a Large Box.

San Francisco, Jan. 13.—Frank Holt, a military prisoner on Alcatraz island, serving a thirteen year sentence for desertion, has escaped. He concealed himself in a large wooden box which was consigned to a clothing firm in this city, and which was put aboard the steamer McDowell.

The top of the box was so arranged with leather straps that it could be opened from the inside. It is thought that after the box was put aboard Holt crawled into it and did not emerge until the vessel reached the dock on this side of the bay. As Holt was dressed in a blue uniform, he walked away as any other soldier without detection.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

MYSTERIOUS.

Statement of Mrs. Dennis Throws No Light On Assault.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis, the fashionable modiste, who was murderously assaulted on the night of Dec. 8, was able for the first time yesterday to make a statement. The police have been hopeful that what she would say would throw some light on the motive for the crime or lead to the discovery of the perpetrators, but Mrs. Dennis' statement contained nothing that would give any clew in either direction. She said she remembered nothing immediately preceding the attack upon her and said the blow was struck while she was asleep. Nor had she the remotest idea who committed the assault nor the motive for it. Mrs. Dennis said she had not been out of the house during the evening of the night of the assault and that before retiring she had locked the doors to the front and back part of the house. The latter she occupied as a bedroom. One feature of Mrs. Dennis' statement that puzzles the police is that she said her revolver and money were under her pillow when she retired. When the crime was discovered the next morning the revolver was in a drawer of a secretary near by and the money was in a pocketbook in a box on a table near the bed.

The police are more mystified than ever over the affair.

Mrs. Dennis' condition is very much improved and the attending physicians now believe she will recover.

Debate tonight.

EMPTY CAR

Saved Large Loss of Life In Rear-End Collision.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—A fast Pennsylvania passenger train from New York crashed into the rear of another express from Cincinnati on the same system last night at the Baltimore & Ohio railroad crossing, near Forty-ninth street and Wentworth avenue. Two men, both train attaches, were seriously and, perhaps, fatally injured, and although the passengers on both trains were severely shaken up, no serious injuries were suffered. A possible large loss of life was prevented by the fact that at the rear of the forward train was the empty dining car Delmonico. The locomotive of the rear train plowed its way half the length of this car. The cook, Robert Hatchen, was caught in the wreck and was terribly burned by the fire which caught from the overturned stove in the kitchen. He probably will not recover.

The other injured man was John Tuberty, who jumped from the rear engine. He was badly cut and received internal injuries. William Wallace, the engineer, jumped and escaped with slight bruises.

No reason is given for Wallace's failure to stop his train in time to avoid the accident.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

GOMPERS

Writes Federated Unions Making an Interesting Suggestion.

New York, Jan. 13.—The Central Federated union of this city has received an interesting letter from Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, upon the proposition to secure a referendum vote upon the work of the National Civic federation. In part the letter says:

"The action of the Central Federated union to refer the work of the National Civic federation, with a resolution of condemnation of said conference, to a referendum vote of affiliated unions does not appear to me to be entirely one which can be conducive of a fair judgment of the members of the unions affiliated with the Central Labor union. The only resolution before them is one of condemnation and even should that not be defeated, it would mean that the purpose of the conference has not been condemned, which is at least a negative result. It would seem that if the matter was referred to the unions for vote and a resolution of condemnation is submitted to the unions that another resolution, something on this order, should accompany it:

"Inasmuch as the recent conference held between representatives of organized labor and employers, and the employers have recognized the justice or organized labor's claim to be consulted and conferred with relative to wages, hours and other conditions under which labor shall be performed, and that conferences for that purpose should be held and agreements reached.

"Resolved, that organized labor insists upon its right and in this instance welcomes a method of their attainment by peaceful means.

"Resolved, that we see in the recent conference a recognition of labor's rights, particularly in organized effort, and that the same is a step in the direction of industrial progress and is therefore deserving of encouragement."

A CALL

For Extra Session of Legislature For Feb. 4.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—Governor Van Sant has issued the formal call for an extraordinary session of the legislature, to assemble Feb. 4. The call is as follows:

"State of Minnesota, Executive Department.—Whereas, the legislature of this state, at its last regular session, passed an act entitled 'An act to provide for the appointment of a tax commission, to prescribe the duties thereof, and to appropriate money therefor;'

"And whereas, said act provided for the appointment of three residents of this state as tax commissioners, whose duties it should be to make a tax code and to report the same to the governor of said state on or before the first day of February, 1902;

"And whereas, pursuant to said act, commissioners were duly appointed, who each thereafter qualified and entered upon the discharge of his duties;

"And whereas, said commissioners did, on the 10th day of January, A. D. 1902, complete their labors and file their report, together with certain proposed bills, as provided by said act, in the office of the governor of said state;

"And whereas, owing to the imperfect and inadequate provisions of the tax laws of this state, a large percentum of personal property liable to taxation is not listed for assessment;

"And whereas, it is imperative and essential that a more thorough system for the full, just and equitable taxation of all forms of property should be adopted;

"And whereas, the bills filed by said commissioners as aforesaid purport to provide for a system of taxation which will be more full, just and equitable;

"Now, therefore, in order to permit immediate consideration of said report and bills proposed by said commission, and the enactment of such tax legislation as shall be deemed necessary, I, Samuel R. Van Sant, as governor of the state of Minnesota, firmly believing that the best interests of the state so require, do hereby issue this proclamation, summoning the members of the two houses of the legislature of this state to convene in extra session at the capitol in St. Paul on Tuesday, the 4th day of February, A. D. 1902, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon to take such action as shall seem proper and requisite in the matter of taxation.

"Given under my hand and the great seal of the state, this 11th day of January, A. D. 1902.

"By the Governor,

(Seal) "S. R. VAN SANT.

"P. E. HANSEN, Secretary of State."

ESCAPED.

Military Prisoner Gets Away In a Large Box.

San Francisco, Jan. 13.—Frank Holt, a military prisoner on Alcatraz island, serving a thirteen year sentence for desertion, has escaped. He concealed himself in a large wooden box which was consigned to a clothing firm in this city, and which was put aboard the steamer McDowell.

The top of the box was so arranged with leather straps that it could be opened from the inside. It is thought that after the box was put aboard Holt crawled into it and did not emerge until the vessel reached the dock on this side of the bay. As Holt was dressed in a blue uniform, he walked away as any other soldier without detection.

MYSTERIOUS.

Statement of Mrs. Dennis Throws No Light On Assault.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis, the fashionable modiste, who was murderously assaulted on the night of Dec. 8, was able for the first time yesterday to make a statement. The police have been hopeful that what she would say would throw some light on the motive for the crime or lead to the discovery of the perpetrators, but Mrs. Dennis' statement contained nothing that would give any clew in either direction. She said she remembered nothing immediately preceding the attack upon her and said the blow was struck while she was asleep. Nor had she the remotest idea who committed the assault nor the motive for it. Mrs. Dennis said she had not been out of the house during the evening of the night of the assault and that before retiring she had locked the doors to the front and back part of the house. The latter she occupied as a bedroom. One feature of Mrs. Dennis' statement that puzzles the police is that she said her revolver and money were under her pillow when she retired. When the crime was discovered the next morning the revolver was in a drawer of a secretary near by and the money was in a pocketbook in a box on a table near the bed.

The police are more mystified than ever over the affair.

Mrs. Dennis' condition is very much improved and the attending physicians now believe she will recover.

Debate tonight.

EMPTY CAR

Saved Large Loss of Life In Rear-End Collision.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—A fast Pennsylvania passenger train from New York crashed into the rear of another express from Cincinnati on the same system last night at the Baltimore & Ohio railroad crossing, near Forty-ninth street and Wentworth avenue. Two men, both train attaches, were seriously and, perhaps, fatally injured, and although the passengers on both trains were severely shaken up, no serious injuries were suffered. A possible large loss of life was prevented by the fact that at the rear of the forward train was the empty dining car Delmonico. The locomotive of the rear train plowed its way half the length of this car. The cook, Robert Hatchen, was caught in the wreck and was terribly burned by the fire which caught from the overturned stove in the kitchen. He probably will not recover.

The other injured man was John Tuberty, who jumped from the rear engine. He was badly cut and received internal injuries. William Wallace, the engineer, jumped and escaped with slight bruises.

No reason is given for Wallace's failure to stop his train in time to avoid the accident.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

GOMPERS

Writes Federated Unions Making an Interesting Suggestion.

New York, Jan. 13.—The Central Federated union of this city has received an interesting letter from Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, upon the proposition to secure a referendum vote upon the work of the National Civic federation. In part the letter says:

"The action of the Central Federated union to refer the work of the National Civic federation, with a resolution of condemnation of said conference, to a referendum vote of affiliated unions does not appear to me to be entirely one which can be conducive of a fair judgment of the members of the unions affiliated with the Central Labor union. The only resolution before them is one of condemnation and even should that not be defeated, it would mean that the purpose of the conference has not been condemned, which is at least a negative result. It would seem that if the matter was referred to the unions for vote and a resolution of condemnation is submitted to the unions that another resolution, something on this order, should accompany it:

"Inasmuch as the recent conference held between representatives of organized labor and employers, and the employers have recognized the justice or organized labor's claim to be consulted and conferred with relative to wages, hours and other conditions under which labor shall be performed, and that conferences for that purpose should be held and agreements reached.

"Resolved, that organized labor insists upon its right and in this instance welcomes a method of their attainment by peaceful means.

"Resolved, that we see in the recent conference a recognition of labor's rights, particularly in organized effort, and that the same is a step in the direction of industrial progress and is therefore deserving of encouragement."

A SWINDLER.

Donahue Worked Express Tax Scheme Successfully.

New York, Jan. 13.—James Donohue, a packer by trade, has been arrested, charged with swindling. The claim has been made that Donohue has taken advantage of his knowledge of the river front to procure package tags bearing the stamp of the different trans-Atlantic lines. He had no difficulty in collecting the shipping charges from the express companies and in this way, though he never collected more than $1.20 on a single package, he made a fair living. Lord Pauncefote is said to have paid 84 cents in charges for the pleasure of opening one of Donohue's Christmas presents.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distess. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

STORY OF BATTLE

Of Santiago as Told By War Correspondent Graham.

Book Entitled Schley and Santiago Will Soon Issue.

A True Narrative Written Without Fear or Favor.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—A book entitled "Schley and Santiago" is on the press in this city and will be bound within ten days. The author is George E. Graham, a war correspondent, who had exceptional facilities for gathering materials, as he was on board the Brooklyn during the fight with the Spanish fleet, and thus in a position to tell the story of Santiago "without fear or favor." The book is said to have the unqualified endorsement of Rear Admiral Schley, who read and corrected the proof sheets. When President Roosevelt was governor of New York, he was present when Mr. Graham gave an account of the battle to state officials and members of the legislature, and said:

"I am sure you feel as pleased at having listened to Mr. Graham as I do, for I have listened to the best account I have ever heard or read of the naval fighting during the war."

This book is the first and only complete story of the work of the flying squadron, commanded by Schley. Mr. Graham was assisted by his camera, which enabled him to add many interesting illustrations, and the account he gives of the movement of the fleet and the battle is evidently sincere. It is free of virulent and personal attacks; the aim apparently is to give truthful statement of every occurrence. In connection with the arrival of the New York, Mr. Graham says:

"The commodore reached over to me, took my glasses and looked searchingly to the east, saying slowly as he did so, 'There is the Texas, and there is the Vixen, but I don't see the New York.' And then, as he kept the glasses up in an instant he had evidently found her, for he remarked: 'Yes, there she is; I can tell her by her smoke.' That was at 1:45 o'clock and the Colon had gone ashore at 1:15, while Capt. Cook had received the surrenders at 1:43. At 2 o'clock, just as the New York got where we considered her in signal distance, Commodore Schley ordered the signal raised, 'A glorious victory has been achieved. Details later.'

"This signal replaced the one which we had been flying for nearly three quarters of an hour, 'the enemy has surrendered,' and which the New York had not answered. Vainly the signal officers on the bridge watched the New York for even the courtesy of an answering pennant showing that she understood our signal. None was displayed, and then it apparently dawned upon Commodore Schley's mind that Sampson's flag captain on the New York was probably intent upon ignoring him.

"Picking up the megaphone, Commodore Schley did the one thing that day for which I have always criticised him: He lowered his dignity sufficiently to plead with the commander of the fleet that he might have the surrender of the ship whose escape had been frustrated by the Brooklyn and the Oregon, thus making complete the day's victory.

"'I request the honor of the surrender of the Cristobal Colon,' he said in a clear, distinct voice; and from the commander in chief's flagship came wafted back the insolent answer from a cadet, 'What?'

"'I request the honor of the surrender of the Cristobal Colon,' again called the commodore, and this time his voice trembled slightly. We watched the bridge of the New York closely, waited intently for an answer; but none came. And that message, as had all the others preceding it since the destruction of the Spanish fleet which had been addressed by Schley to the New York, remained unanswered.

'Somebody raised a broom at our masthead on one of the pennant halyards and the crew of the Oregon followed suit and then gave three cheers for Commodore Schley. On the Texas the men all lined up in forward deck, and at the request of somebody aboard—I presume of Philip himself—gave three cheers for Commodore Schley. The little Vixen circled around three or four times, her crew yelling themselves hoarse for the Brooklyn, for Schley and for the victory. But from the New York there came never a sound of joyfulness and never a cheer."

NORDICA

Hurt In a Collision on the Southern Railway.

Rome, Ga., Jan. 13.—As a result of a collision between a passenger and a freight on the Southern railway at an early hour yesterday morning, near Reeves station, twenty miles north of Rome, Mme. Lillian Nordica, the singer, was injured, her accompanist, E. Romaine Simmons, sustained a bruised hand, an engineer was killed, and three other employes of the road were injured:

The dead:

FRANK TRACY, engineer, Atlanta.

The injured: Mme. Nordica; E. Romaine Simmons; Guy Connolly, engineer on freight; George Florence, passenger conductor; Ed Lewis (colored, fireman.

The drain to which Mme. Nordica's private car, the Brunshilde, was attached, was a mixed pasesnger and freight, and left Atlanta at 11:30 last night for Chattanooga. It arrived at Reeves station at 3:30 this morning, where it had orders to meet freight No. 55. A freight train, which proved to be an extra, was in siding at Reeves when the passenger arrived, and the engineer of the passenger, evidently assuming that it was No. 55, did not stop, but continud his run toward Chattanooga.

A mile north of Reeves, while going at a rapid rate, the passenger met the freight on a sharp curve. The two engines crashed into each other, and Engineer Tracy, in attempting to jump, was caught between the two locomotives and crushed to death.

Mme. Nordica's car was attached to the rear of the passenger train. She sang in Atlanta Saturday night, and was on her way to Nashville, where she is booked to fill an engagement Monday night.

When the collison occurred, Mme. Nordica was asleep in her bed in the private stateroom of the car. The sudden jar threw the diva from her bed to the floor. It is understood that she sustained a badly bruised shoulder, and the muscles of her neck are said to have been strained.

SICK AND AILING WOMEN

Should Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for Advice—It is Absolutely Free and Has Restored Thousands of Women to Health.

All Letters Are Sacredly Confidential and No Names Are Published Without Special Permission of the Writer—All Letters Are Received, Opened and Answered by Women Only—During the Last 20 Years Mrs. Pinkham Has Gained a Greater Knowledge Regarding Female Ills Than Any Other Person, and is Consequently Better Qualified to Advise and Guide Sick Women.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM,
Discoverer of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation.

In addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience in treating woman's diseases is greater than that of any living physician—male or female.

You can talk freely to a woman when it is revolting to relate your private troubles to a man—besides a man does not understand—simply because he is a man.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probably examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is greater than any local physician. The following invitation is freely offered; accept it in the same spirit.

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer.

Four Letters Showing the Result of Mrs. Pinkham's Advice.—Thousands More of the Same Kind Are on File In Her Office at Lynn, Mass.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been for some years a great sufferer and thought I would write and explain my case to you as you had helped so many others. Menstruation is irregular and very painful. I have suffered with painful periods for ten years but the pains grow worse as I grow older.

"I suffer most with my back, lower part of abdomen and left side. I have been flowing all the month and a part of August, not constantly, but will stop for two or three days and then begin again.

"The doctor says I have misplacement of the womb. I have bearing-down pains when passing urine, and my abdomen is very badly swollen and sore. Please advise me at your earliest convenience."—MRS. A. V. SCOTT, 21 Page St., Kingston, Pa. (Sept. 30, 1900.)

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—When I wrote to you asking advice no one could describe my suffering. The doctors said I could not be relieved unless I had an operation performed, but thanks to you and your medicine I got along without having the dreaded operation. I have taken ten bottles of your medicine and am once more well and happy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** is a fine medicine and a God-send to suffering women. I trust my letter may be the means of bringing many of my suffering sisters to accept your kind aid."—MRS. A. V. SCOTT, 21 Page St., Kingston, Pa. (Jan. 30, 1901.)

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Some time ago I wrote you that my regular physician had made an examination and told me I was afflicted with a tumor in my womb. I had backache, headache, bearing-down pains, and very profuse menstruation. My limbs would ache so I could not sleep, and I was very weak and nervous. I was bloated from my head to my feet. After receiving your letter I took **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier,** and followed all the rest of your advice as near as I could, and the tumor was expelled in pieces, and I regained my natural size. I continued taking your Vegetable Compound for a while longer and felt like a new woman. I cannot thank you enough for your kind advice, and what your medicine did for me. It certainly saved my life."—MRS. PERLEY S. WILLIS, Vershire, Vt.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—One year ago I read a letter in a paper telling how much good one woman had derived from **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I had been sick all winter and was nearly discouraged, as the medicine the doctor gave me did me no good. I had kidney complaint, leucorrhœa, itching, bearing-down feeling, and painful menstruation. I wrote to you describing my trouble and soon received an answer telling me what to do. I followed your instructions, and have taken nine bottles of Vegetable Compound, and used one package of Sanative Wash, and one box of Liver Pills. I am well now, do not have those sick spells at the monthly period, but can work all day, and that I never could do until I began taking the Compound. I cannot praise the Compound too highly. I do hope every suffering woman will learn of your remedies and be cured, as I have been. I wish all success to the Compound; it has done wonders for me and I am so thankful."—MRS. GENIE KELLOGG, Berlin Heights, Ohio.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Has restored more women to health than any other medicine the druggists have ever sold—It outsells all other medicines for female ills two to one—Therefore it must be unequalled. Accept no substitute.

Sure investments are desirable, but scarce. One of the surest investments you can make is by purchasing space in Herald classified ads on this page. This is an investment that will pay.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Hardwood Farm Lands.

Now is the time to buy lands in Northern Michigan before they advance to something like their actual value.

I have for sale several tracts close to the railroad at $1.75 to $2.50 per acre. These lands all have more than enough birch, maple and other hardwood to pay for the land, so that when the timber is cut the land would practically cost the owner nothing.

The soil is good and a crop failure in this section is unknown.

Good market in the Copper Country for everything a farmer raises.

B. C. CHURCH, 518 Board of Trade.

For Sale Cheap--If taken at once

20 Acres of Land—4 miles from Postoffice on Hermantown Road. 15 acres cleared. Good house and 2 barns. 2 Cows—2 Heifers—4 pigs—40 Chickens—1 Horse—1 Wagon—Buggy and Sleigh—Plow—Harrow and other farming tools.

For further particulars enquire at—

1918 W. Superior Street

AT WEST DULUTH

William Springstead, the West Duluth boy, who is serving in the United States hospital corps in the Philippines, has written a letter to Julius Lindgren, of this place, under the date of Nov. 24, 1901, from Cerbuantes, Lepanto, P. I. Enclosed in the letter were several drawings of natives made by Mr. Springstead, some Filipino coin and a Filipino stamp, which is said to be valuable because of its scarcity and which Mr. Lindgren has added to his collection. In his letter Mr. Springstead says, in part:

"I arrived here in May, 1901, and on June 1 weighed 168 pounds. On Nov. 15 I tipped the scales at 190 pounds.

"Concerning the picture line. I sold the kodak that I bought in San Francisco for $40. I paid $15 for it. I had a lot of the films spoiled in landing at Vigan, May 13, when my suit case, containing supplies, was knocked overboard. I have sent you a few sketches showing the appearance of the Igorrattos, or the head hunters. I hardly know if I shall return to the states in 1904. If I do it will be to attend school.

"I am located in the mining district, which contains some very fine specimens of gold, copper, lead and iron ore, but nothing can be done toward mining the ore on account of the absence of a mining law. Some of the Spanish who were here before the war assert a claim to the properties, but thus far they have only proved up blanket claims. I have some specimens of the ore which I will send home as soon as the mining question is settled.

"We received a message of the president's assassination the day after the deed was done.

"You most likely read that piece written by a fellow from Duluth who belongs to the Twentieth infantry and was at Angaqui for two or three weeks. I will say this much. I think he has either been hitting the pipe too hard or his old friend the Spaniard, who runs a canteen there, must have given him too much bino or vino, and then stuffed him full.

"Concerning the skin of the Igonata, it is known that there is about one in a dozen who has a skin to shed. I have studied these tropical diseases for the last eight months and find that it is a skin disease called by some of the Spanish doctors pescor-cutis, or fish-skin, because it peels off as such. It is curable by the application of a germicide antiseptic and plenty of dope. The cause of the disease is uncleanliness.

"The majority of the natives take a bath every time the opportunity offers. They do buy and steal all the poor dogs—perro—but they do not fatten them. They starve the dogs nearly to death, beat them till they die and swell up and then prepare the animals for food.

"Enclosed with this letter you will find a stamp of the insurgents and some coppers. The latter were used by the natives as legal tender. We call them sepings, clakies and everything else. They are worth eight for 5 cents in American money. Have mailed with this letter a box of cigars for yourself and Axel. We can buy the cigars for two sepings or coppers.

"If the mining question is settled within the next three months I shall apply for a discharge and start in mining.

"I am studying three hours a day at medicine, also the Spanish and El Caney language, the latter being spoke by the natives here.

"We have two schools here, one for the boys and one for the girls. The boys' school is being taught by a man from Owatonna, Minn. The children are not particularly bright, but they learn to swear to beat anything.

"Quinine cures almost any disease among the people over here.

"We have good hunting here. I have got one good-sized deer thus far on hunting trips. Moseman would be in his glory if he were here for there are any amount of deer, ducks and wild pigs. They have different hunting methods here than in the states, but when a Krag bullet strikes a victim, it knows it has been hit. I took a native with me on the first hunt to show me how. The second trip I got my game.

"Tell Spencer that I met two miners here who knew him in the Klondike. They are going to prospect here as soon as they can.

"I believe a man with a good-sized capital could make a fortune out here selling such things as farming implements, jewelry, watches, etc. They charge 25 cents for a bottle of Milwaukee beer here and $3.50 for a quart of poor whisky.

"The only thing cheap is rice, nine pounds for 10 cents. Tobacco and cigars are also cheap. Native labor is very cheap. We have natives pack our supplies on poles over the Iclad pass for a day's work. They get 10 cents American money, no more."

DEMOCRATIC CLUB.

The West Duluth Democratic club held a largely attended meeting Saturday evening at No. 16 Central avenue, where the club has established permanent headquarters for the present campaign. The session was devoted mainly to business, the club being reorganized and the annual election of officers held. S. C. Murphy was the retiring president. The new officers are: President, James Connelly, who is chairman of the Eighth ward Democratic committee; secretary, Adolph Anderson; treasurer, I. G. Burnside. A financial committee composed of Frank Wade, O. Wohlin and John Cashin, was elected to plan the ways and means of raising the funds for the campaign.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The funeral of John Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey Jones, who died Saturday, will be held from the Asbury M. E. church tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment will be made at Oneota cemetery.

Joseph Curtis, a youth of this end of the city, was arrested Saturday on the complaint of Mrs. Mary Norbys, who lives on the hillside and who claims that the boy destroyed her fence while coasting. Young Curtis was dismissed after a reprimand by Judge Stone.

Napoleon Filion, formerly of West Duluth, who has figured at numerous fistic encounters pulled off at Spirit Island, returned this morning from Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., where he has been located for some months. He will remain until Saturday.

George Wilson, of New Duluth, has established a large camp near Saginaw, on the Missabe road, where he will take out a considerable quantity of logs and ties this winter. Mr. Wilson was in the city today hiring men for the camp.

Charles Rufus returned this morning from Iron River to visit a few days.

Charles O'Brien and Walter Kurtz left today for the Pacific coast.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brown have returned from a two weeks' trip to New York.

Miss Jennie Penhale, of Fifty-fifth avenue west, is reported quite sick.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. J. Rowe, of Sixty-first avenue west.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William Anderson, of Sixty-second avenue west.

Engineer Condy, of the Duncan & Brewer mill has gone to St. Paul for a short visit.

TONIGHT!
SPECIAL MUSIC!
LANNERS' FULL BAND
West Duluth Covered Rink.
Regular Prices.



Who Can Tell

You turn may come tomorrow. Prepare for it today. Consider whether you have a proper amount of insurance on your property. If not, should you not, in justice to yourself and your family, secure the necessary protection at once? You want the best. We furnish it.

Graves-Manley Agency
Insurance and Bonds.
Torrey Building, First Floor.
Duluth, Minn.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Two Absolute Snaps.

$800 Will buy lot 10, block 55, Endion division. Look this up and make us an offer.

$2500 Will buy fine seven-room house and lot on Ninth avenue east. Small amount of cash will handle it; balance in monthly payments.

HOUSES FOR RENT.
Seven-room house for rent, East End.
Five-room house for rent, West End.
Five-room house for rent, West End.

C. P. CRAIG & CO.,
103 Herald Building.
Real Estate, First Mortgage Loans and Fire Insurance.

LAST CHANCE!
$1200 takes 50 feet on First street, near Ninth avenue east.
$2200 Takes 8-room house in East End.
A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Bldg.

THIRD STREET AND LAKE AVENUE building lot, 25, 50 or 100 feet front, very cheap. Other improved and unimproved central properties. A. A. Mandenhall, 313 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT
#232 West Superior Street, 4-room flat, city water.....$12.00
Second Floor #807 West Third Street, 5 rooms, city water.....$10.50
#120 West Second Street, seven rooms.....$12.50
1527 London Road—5-room flat, bath, electric light, cooking range, first class neighborhood.....$16.00
Three-room flat at 2132 West Second street, city water.....$8.00
Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN LANDS ARE just beginning to move. I offer 667 acres of good farming land, close to railroad, and covered with 500,000 hemlock and 6000 cords of hardwood, besides considerable pine and cedar. Price, $2.50 per acre. B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

ONE OF THE VERY BEST SECTIONS of land in Carlton county is for sale at $6 per acre. No other land around it can be bought for less than $7.50 per acre. First class soil. No stone. Fine creek runs through. Only two and one-half miles from railroad. Would make fine stock farm. Terms $2 per acre cash, balance $1 per acre per year at 6 per cent. B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

40-ACRE TRACTS IN CARLTON COUNty. Good soil, easily cleared, and in well settled neighborhood, $8 per acre, easy terms. For sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

To Close An Estate

we will sell 11 choice lots at Lakeside. Come in, get a list and make us an offer.

Fine lot on East First street. Very cheap.

Brick flat building, paying 10 per cent net. New and modern.

Little & Nolte.

Big Snap in Acres

320 acres of good land near the city, on good roads, will be sold at a sacrifice.
GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Building.

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres
For Sale or Lease. All good values.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

We will build a two-story building on Superior street, between Second and Third avenues east, and lease it for a term of years.

A first class business location on Superior street near Twenty-first avenue. Will either sell or build.

A brick block of resident houses, paying about 15 per cent, at a bargain.

A bargain in acres close to the city.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

Choicest List of Centrally Located Property in the city.
Do not fail to call in, telephone or write.

T. W. WAHL & CO.
Phones 439. 201 Exchange Bldg. Residence Phone 1100

The Smoothest Way to Get a Home.

The following parties are getting a home on the easiest plan offered by any one in the city.

They will tell you that it beats paying rent.

Charles TenBrook, J. and W. Frink, F. J. and E. Spetz, John Forsberg, Thomas Larson, Charles Stevens, H. S. Merry, Mrs. Annie Stokes, John A. Bauers, Martin Nelson, Jacob Svorzeckski, Ernest Willie, J. H. B. Smith, Charles Peterson, J. B. Flack, John Sundquist, Adam Sundquist, M. P. Welch, Ole Swenson, O. C. Lemelin, Ira W. Smith, Robert Lee Brown, George Todd, Mrs. Annie Nielsen, R. J. Gundry, Charles T. Fancett, Peter Holten, Fred K. Jewett, Gottlieb Gunther, E. J. Sonnenberg, J. S. Osborne, E. E. Blair, Peter O'Brien, Louis Wick, H. L. Smith, and others.

Fifty more properties to select from, on easy terms and low valuations.

A $1000 house will be sold for $100 cash, $500 to be paid at the end of five years, with 6 per cent interest, and $400 to be paid with a monthly payment of $9.40 in forty-eight months to pay the principal and interest.

Office No. 2, First avenue west, in Hunter block.

CHAN SMITH, Secretary.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY
offered for restaurant, bakery and confectionery. See us at once.
DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
309-310 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE—IN TOWNS 57, 58, 59, ranges 22, 23, 24, 25, Itasca county, Minnesota, 10,000 acres. Will close entire lands out without mineral reservation at $3.50 per acre; half cash, balance 6 per cent. Are offered now $4 for 900 acres in town 57, range 24, but must all go together. Rare chance to make a big fortune. Henry R. Higgins, 415 Phoenix Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

$550 BUYS SWELL CONFECTIONery, news, cigar and tobacco business. Centrally located; excellent opportunity.
DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY.
309-310 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE MEAT MARket outfit, scales, counters, block, hooks, etc. Very cheap if taken at once. 212 West Superior street.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS COW, 5 years old. 615 Fourth avenue west.

LARGE HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. 28 West Second street.

FOR SALE—15,000 SHARES IDAHO and Continental Mining company stock. O. C. Hartman & Co., 210 Exchange building.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS BARGAIN. Eight room house and 50-foot lot located 123 East Third street. House in good condition and well rented. Price right. Communicate with C. T. Seymour, 603 West First street, Duluth.

FOR SALE—SMALL SAFE. $20. CALL at once at 125 Seventh avenue west.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of modern house; central; part time given if desired. W. 4, Herald.

CASH FOR YOUR BUSINESS OR REAL estate; no matter where it is. Send description and price.
DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
Albert L. Preston, Manager,
309-310 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE IN ROOM ON Superior street. Address J. 19, Herald.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS; great number to select from, or will exchange for fat cattle. S. M. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows will arrive Nov. 29. Evan Johnson, 2508 West Helm street.

L. HAMMEL & CO. JUST RECEIVED forty head of the best logging horses ever brought to this city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park; cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

CARLTON COUNTY FARM LANDS for sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES!
Barrett & Zimmerman, Midway, St. Paul, Minn., have constantly on hand from 500 to 1000 head of all grades of horses. Part time given if desired. The finest lot of heavy logging horses ever brought into the Northwest can be seen at their stables.

ANTI-CANTEEN LAW.

Its Repeal Is Not Regarded as Probable.

Washington, Jan. 13.—"I do not believe this congress will enact legislation providing for the re-establishment of the army canteen," said Representative Jett. "There are two sides to the question, and even the army officers do not agree upon it. Many of them contend that the abolition of the canteen was a bad thing for the soldiers and that depriving them of the privilege of drinking in the forts has been conducive to drunkenness and riot, as the soldiers leave their quarters and congregate in the saloons which have sprung up in the vicinity of the forts.

"On the other hand, some of the army officers insist the best thing that has happened for the soldiers in many years, was the abolition of the canteen, and that the action of congress has had the effect of making the soldiers a sober lot of men.

"My judgment is that the abolition of the canteen was a bad thing and that drunkeness has increased in the army since the new law went into effect. In my opinion, a thorough test of the new law will be had before any further action is taken by congress. Therefore, I should say that the soldiers will have to struggle along without beer and light wines for at least another year, at the end of which time it would not be surprising if the canteens should be re-established."

When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; invigorates the whole system.

Don't forget debate tonight.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH general housework. 231 West Fifth street, upper flat.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 623 West Second street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR second work in family of three. Apply 325 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 401 East Sixth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK would like place in private family. Mrs. G. M. D.

ADHESIVE, INVISIBLE, HARMLESS; Satin Skin Powder is only one that doesn't clog the pores. 25c.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST AT housework. ..pply at 1001 East Second street.

$12 SALARY GUARANTEED PER week to ladies desiring pleasant employment at their homes; experience unnecessary. Enclose stamp for full instructions, etc. Twentieth Century company, Toledo, Ohio.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 725 East Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK. 1211 East First street.

NURSE WOMAN WANTED AT CHILDren's home. 1730 East Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO HELP WITH housework. Apply 230 Fourteenth avenue east.

INSTRUCTORS AND SOLICITORS wanted for Schutz German Compounds. 207 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER AT 230 LAKE avenue south.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply 222 Third avenue west.

MS. P. H. KIELY, EMPLOYMENT OFfice, 225 East Superior street. Phone 892.

WANTED—A COMPETENT SECOND girl. 2001 East First street.

STENOGRAPHERS.
Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544, Zenith 811. Jessie L. Cosley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—THREE BRIGHT BOYS TO run cash. Apply at once to superintendent. Panton & White.

WANTED — WOOD WORKERS, CABInet makers, millwrights, to work in cabinet shop to take place of strikers. Steady employment and high wages. Apply Allis-Chalmers company, Home Insurance building, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED — BOY TO WORK IN CIGAR factory. Duluth Cigar company, 329 East Superior street.

EXPERIENCED PIPE ORGANIST DEsiring church position will please address communication to E 63, Herald, stating experience, etc.

WANTED — SALESMEN TO SELL lubricating oils and greases on salary or commission. Excellent side line. The A. G. Harbaugh company, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—AGENTS.

PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERIenced dining room girl would like a place in a hotel. 225 Mesaba avenue, west.

WANTED—BY A GIRL, A PLACE TO take care of a child afternoons. Address G., care of Herald.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED BY STENOGrapher, preferably where she can help with bookkeeping; good penman. Address F 60, Herald.

WANTED — BY WOMAN, OFFICES and stores to clean by the day or week. J 27, Herald.

WANTED — WASHING OR DAY WORK any kind. Call or address Mrs. King, 230 Fourth avenue west.

PLAIN AND FANCY WAISTS MADE to your order. 16 East Superior street—top floor.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY or go out washing or scrubbing. Call or address 2804½ Third avenue east.

FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER DESIRES work in families or at home; also plain sewing; perfect fit guaranteed. Call No. 616 East Fourth street; basement flat.

WANTED—TO BUY.

OLD LINE LIFE INSURANCE POLicies bought for cash or loaned on at low rates. William Kaiser, 106 Palladio building.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—J. W. HARNEY, MACHINist; communicate with Spider Lake Lumber company.

LOST.

LOST—WHITE FEMALE ENGLISH bull terrier, long tail, long erect ears, few black spots on skin, breast scratched, weight 31 pounds. "P. H. Smith" marked on collar. Return stable superintendent Marshall-Wells Hardware Co.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE. Cooley & Underhill.

FOR RENT — 2317 WEST TENTH street, six rooms; low rent; will repair for responsible tenant. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows' building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms. Walter Bath, 109½ Second ally east.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, $1.75 and $1.50 a week. 323 West Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, suitable for two young ladies or gentlemen, 327 East Superior street.

PLEASANT FURNISHED SITTING room and bedroom, suitable for light housekeeping. Very reasonable. 1109 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 503 West First street.

SEVEN ROOMS FOR RENT, $15.00 524 Lake avenue north.

FOR RENT — WELL FURNISHED rooms; bath, furnace, electric lights. 720 West First street.

ROOMS—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished for light housekeeping. All conveniences. A. Emmons, 206 Lake avenue south.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FIVE ROOM FLAT, $18. ALL MODERN conveniences. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS. $11 up. Inquire 718 West Fifth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD, FURNACE HEAT. 526 West First street.

ROOM AND BOARD. 823 EAST THIRD street.

GOOD ROOM AND BOARD AT 329 WEST Second street. E. Havsted.

ROOMS AND BOARD, BATH, ETC. 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board for two. 228 Second avenue west.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMily by man and wife; references furnished. Address E. 42, Herald.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmond, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Superior St. Established 1893.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON, female complaints. Private hospital 413 7th ave. E. 'Phone 1225.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4259-3.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901, 75c A BOTTLE, AT C. J. Tufte's drug store.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

HOTELS.

THE COMMERCIAL Segal & Witz, Proprietors, 228 Lake Avenue South. Room and Board, $4.00 per week.

SATIN-SKIN SPECIALTIES.

ADHESIVE, INVISIBLE, HARMLESS; Satin Skin Powder is only one that doesn't clog the pores. 25c.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING AND MANICURING. Dahl Sisters, 216 West Superior street. Telephone 115

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 20, 1902. Work, Third degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting Jan. 13, 1902. Work, Third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 23, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, M. M. F. M. M. E. M. Jan. 22, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Jan. 14, 1902. Work, Red Cross degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS. ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. Frank Crassweller, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huitquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 26, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m. at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wilfred Harris, sachem; U. G. Holloway, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. NORTH STAR LODGE KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Special election of officers Jan. 7 to fill vacancies, and to prepare for public installation of officers Jan. 14. G. H. Prudden, C. G.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, Monday, Dec. 2. Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A. MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2295, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunnell, clerk.

K. O. T. M. KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 66, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall; James Kelly, treasurer, Union depot.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	3:40	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	12:00 p.m.	7:30
8:15 a.m.	3:10	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	11:25 p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	1:13	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	9:28 p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	1:05	Ar.. Wolf ..Lv	9:20 p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	12:50	Ar.. Virginia ..Lv	9:05 p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	12:57	Ar.. Eveleth ..Lv	9:00 p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	12:34	Ar.. Sparta ..Lv	8:34 p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	12:12	Ar. Biwabik ..Lv	8:10 p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	12:30	Ar. Mtn. Iron ..Lv	8:30 p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	12:27	Ar. Hibbing ..Lv	8:05 p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

Arrive		STATIONS.	Leave	
A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:30	7:35	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	3:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sunday.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive	
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
* 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	* 11:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Mandan, Pacific Coast	* 6:45 p.m.
* 3:00 p.m.	Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	† 11:58 a.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 50 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 05 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 05 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 9:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 9:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 11:55 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
a 11:55 p m	North Coast Limited	a 11:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	b 6:55 p m
a 11:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	a 7:55 a m
a 11:55 p m		b 6:55 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot, and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
† 9 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED.	† 8 20 am
† 6 15 am	Copper Country Local.	† 6 00 pm

10 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 10 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1902. TWO CENTS.

John Hisrl Society

TEN LIVES WENT OUT

Miners Were Killed By a Sudden Explosion.

Not One Escaped to Tell Story of the Cause.

South McAlester, I. T., Jan. 14.—Ten miners lost their lives in the explosion yesterday in mine No. 9 of the Milby & Dow Mining company, at Dow, I. T. The victims:

JACK McCOY.
W. F. KEITH.
B. F. FARHURST.
E. M. PRICHARD.
BERT GATLIN.
JOE BEMMAS.
THOMAS BLUA.
JOHN BLUA.
M. BROW.
JOHN BEATTAL.

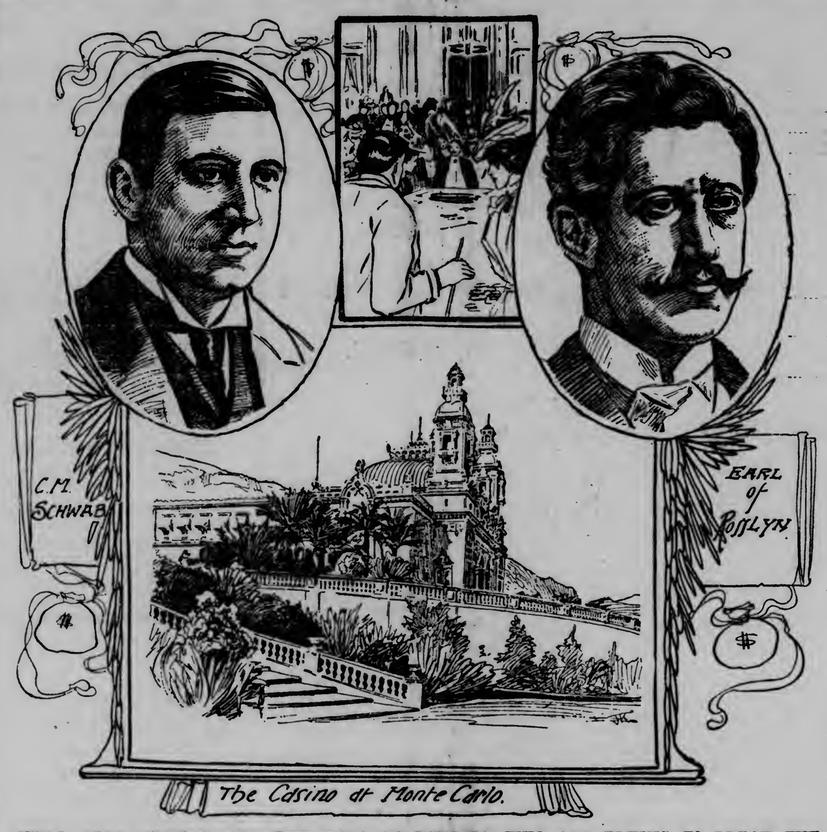
The ten men who lost their lives were the only persons in the pit, and none escaped to tell the story. All the bodies were recovered, and as none was burned, the conclusion is that death was due to after-damp. The explosion did not injure the shaft, which was a new one, and the fire that followed was put out before it did much damage.

The sound of the explosion was heard plainly above ground, and rescuers were at work promptly. The explosion occurred at a depth of 240 feet. The machinery was not injured by the explosion, and miners working at the mouth of the pit descended as soon as it was safe.

The condition of the mine indicated that had presence of mind been exercised the miners might have made their escape. The bodies were found within a comparatively smal radius. The last body was brought to the surface before midnight.

The victims have been in the employ of the company for some time, and most of them were men with families.

The Milby & Dow Mining company, which owns the shaft, is one of the heaviest operators in the Choctaw nation. The principal stockholders are Charles A. Dow, of Houston, Texas, and John Milby, of Dallas, Texas. They operate mines at Dow, Gowen and Hartshorn. Mine No. 9, at which the accident occurred, had not yet been thoroughly opened, and it had no fire inspector. Experienced mining men marvel that the gas should have accumulated in sufficient quantities in a new mine to cause such a disastrous explosion.



STEEL KING SCHWAB AND THE EARL OF ROSSLYN, WHO ARE TRYING TO BREAK THE BANK AT MONTE CARLO.

Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel corporation, the highest salaried "hired man" on earth, and the Earl of Rosslyn, a British aristocrat with a "system," are, if the cable tells the truth, trying to emulate the late "Old Hoss" Hoey and break the bank at Monte Carlo. In his first day's trial at the Casino Schwab is said to have won $20,000, and the talented earl is said to be cleaning up about $500 per day.

TERRIBLE SUFFERING

Of Two Men Adrift Without Food or Water.

One Lived to Tell of the Awful Experience.

Santa Barbara, Cal., Jan. 14.—Adrift on a capsized boat in the Pacific ocean, seventeen days without food or drink, was the terrible experience of Capt. Harry Olsen and Pete Wallace, two crab fishermen, and but one lives to tell the story of their terrible sufferings. Olsen was picked up by Arthur Vallez, a fisherman just beyond the Keap off Goleta. He was more dead than alive, but was able to tell of the wreck of his boat, the Belle, a staunch gasoline schooner which he and Wallace used in cruising about the fishing grounds.

Olsen and Wallace were residents of San Pedro and left the port seventeen days ago. While cruising several miles south of Santa Cruz island, a heavy sea rose and capsized their craft. Clinging to the capsized boat without food or water they drifted, suffering tortures. On the fourteenth day Wallace's strength gave out and crazed and starving he slid off the boat and disappeared under the water. For three days longer, Olsen held on and was finally rescued half dead from exhaustion by Valdez. It is thought that he will recover from the effects of his terrible experience.

M'MONNIES IS TO REST

Famous American Sculptor Has Arrived In New York to Remain After Working In France Seventeen Years.

New York, Jan. 14.—Frederick MacMonnies, the American sculptor who has been working in France for seventeen years, and who arrived on the steamer Auguste Victoria, announces that it is his intention of making this city his home in the future. In an interview he said:

"I got tired of living abroad. I was homesick and I decided to come back. I am glad to get here and expect to remain here permanently. When I first went abroad I used to come home every year, but it is seven years since I was here last."

"Is it true that you intend to devote yourself entirely to painting?" he was asked.

"No; I am going to take a rest for a year. I think it is a good thing for one who has been working at one thing steadily for a long time, to stop and get a new point of view. It gives one an opportunity to look at the work of others and his own work from the outside. Of course, I shall not stop working. A man can't stop that way. A few of my friends have asked me to paint portraits for them, and I shall do it."

"It has been reported that you are to exhibit some pictures at the Royal academy and in the salon?"

"I don't know how that broke out. I thought I had told that only to myself. I shall send the portrait of Mr. Roudebush, and that of Miss May Palmer. At the salon I will exhibit the portrait of the Abbe and one of the countess of Trobland. I shall also have at the salon the statue of Gen. Slocum."

CANNOT CAPTURE BOTHA

British Column Marched Rapidly to Knapdar But Found That Boers Had Been Warned and Were Trekking Merrily Away.

London, Jan. 14.—Perhaps the most important point in Lord Kitchener's weekly report, dated Johannesburg, Monday, Jan. 13, is the omission of all mention of Gen. De Wet, from which it is deduced that the British commander-in-chief is more than usually hopeful of effective results from his present effort to surround De Wet. Since the disaster at Zeefontein strong British columns have been persistently dogging De Wet's force, while armored trains have prevented him from crossing the railroad line and have forced him northward. Lord Kitchener is supplying De Wet's pursuers with relays and remounts.

Lord Kitchener reports that since Jan. 6 20 Boers have been killed, 9 wounded and twenty-three captured and that 95 have surrendered.

Lord Kitchener, in a dispatch from Johannesburg, dated Monday, Jan. 13, reports the narrow escape of Gen. Botha from capture by Gen. Bruce Hamilton's column. Hearing of a concentration of Boers at Knapdar, Bruce Hamilton went to the spot, but only to find the Boers had been given the alarm and that 400 of them were trekking three miles distant, with Gen. Botha in a Cape cart leading. Bruce Hamilton chased the Boers for seven miles until his horses gave in, and captured thirty-two Boers and quantities of ammunition and stock.

MURDEROUS POLICEMAN

Shot Down His Wife and Mother-in-Law Because the Former Had Him Arrested Recently.

New York, Jan. 14.—William H. Ennis, a Brooklyn policeman, shot and killed his wife and fatally wounded her mother, Mrs. Alice Gorman, at Mrs. Gorman's home early today. Ennis was arrested several hours after the shooting. The policeman had separated from his wife and had refused to support her, and she had him arrested recently. He went to the house today, and when admittance was refused him, he drew his revolver, and putting his shoulder to the door, burst it in. He ran upstairs to his wife's bedroom and fired one shot at her, which pierced her heart. Her mother, who had heard the uproar, ran to Mrs. Ennis' room. Ennis fired one shot at her and mortally wounded her. He then left the house, declaring that he would kill himself.

DEMANDED FEES IN VAIN

Futile Attempt of Illinois Officials to Collect $75,000 From Illinois Branch of the Steel Corporation.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—Notice has been served on the Illinois steel branch of the United States Steel corporation that it must pay into the treasury of the state of Illinois from $65,000 to $75,000. Secretary of State Rose sent a representative to the local offices of the steel trust in the Rookery building yesterday and demanded the fees, reaching the above figures, required under the foreign corporation act for the privilege of doing business in this state.

The local officials of the trust declined to pay the amount, pleading that in reality the Illinois corporation was still an integral quantity. They declined to admit that they were representatives of the United States Steel corporation.

SALE OFF FOR PRESENT

Washington, Jan. 14.—The agitation reported to have sprung up in Denmark in opposition to the transfer of the Danish West Indian islands to the United States has administered, in the opinion of the officials here, a check to the proposition which will operate indefinitely. Unfortunately for the project it came at a time when the cession practically had been arranged for, the treaty had been drawn and the Danish government had approved it informally, when it was obliged to withhold action in the final stage by force of public sentiment. It is believed, however, that the work already done will not be a total loss. The subject will be allowed to rest undisturbed for a while to be reopened at an opportune moment.

WHEELING

Honors In Centuries Carried Off By Singer of Brooklyn.

New York, Jan. 14.—L. T. Singer, of Brooklyn, carries off the wheeling honors in the state competition by riding the greatest number of centuries last year, thereby winning the first medal. Announcement of this has just been made by the centurion of the New York state division of the Country Road club of America. Mr. Singer's record includes nineteen doubles, nine triplets, two quads, two quints and one sextuple. In addition to the state century medal Mr. Singer also won the first national medal for centuries and also the second national medal for mileage, with 19,292 miles to his credit. The state medal for mileage was won by Spencer W. Stewart, of Brooklyn, with 22,68 miles. Mr. Stewart also won the national mileage medal, and the second national medal for centuries with 101 runs including fifteen doubles, six triplets, one quad and one quint.

FESTIVITIES

Of Coronation Year Begin With Return of King to Marlborough.

New York, Jan. 14.—The return of the king and queen to Marlborough house for the opening of parliament marks the beginning of the festivities of the coronation year, says the London cable to the Tribune. The king's council and cabinet meeting were formalities required for putting the finishing touches on the address from the throne and for the arrangements for the military and the parliamentary pageants. The ceremonial last February will be repeated with more pages, equerries, horses, carriages and color.

Lord Salisbury instead of carrying the sword of state, as he would be forced to do if he were foreign secretary, is favored by tradition and will stand at the left of the king, as lord of the privy seal with the lord chancellor at the king's right hand, and this portion of the tableau will be a parable of the dependence of the medieval monarchy upon the two officials whose seals were indispensible for authenticating any royal decree. The duke of Devonshire will either carry the imperial crown or the sword of state. The marquis of Winchester will bear the cup om maitenance and Lord Wolsely will be the gold stick. The college of heralds will bring into the picture every figure that belongs there by virtue of ancient tradition.

MONEY ORDER BUSINESS

Of New York Shows a Handsome Increase.

New York, Jan. 14.—Joseph Elliot, the superintendent of the money order department of the general postoffice has just handed to Postmaster Van Cott the annual statement of his department for the year just ended. It shows that 3,512,527 domestic money orders were paid, amounting to $22,256,511; an increase in number of 485,346 or 16 per cent and in amount $4,256,531 or 25 per cent over the year 1900.

Of international orders there were paid in 1901, 90,383, the amount paid being $1,130,422. The domestic money orders issued and fees received were:

Number 112,528; fees received, $1,394,541, an increase over 1900 in number of 8454 and in amount of fees of $92,275. Of international money orders there were issued in 1901, 27,309; the amount of fees received being $366,248, an increase in number issued of 1633 and in amount of fees received of $19,339 over 1900.

ANNUAL POULTRY SHOW.

New York, Jan. 14.—Over 4000 birds will be placed on exhibition today in the Madison Square Garden. This assemblage of poultry and birds will form the thirteenth annual show of the New York Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock association. Several hundreds of representatives of the feathered tribes have already arrived.

PHILLIPS IN TROUBLE

Former "Corn King" Caught Short on Margins and Board of Trade Orders Closing of All Open Deals.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—A notice was posted at the opening of the board of trade today calling for the closing of all open deals with George H. Phillips, the former "corn king."

A heavy call for extra margins is said to have been the cause for the posting of the notice. The call was made yesterday afternoon and Phillips and his staff worked all night over the firm's books. The trouble is said to have been due to a 3½-cent break in rye yesterday. Phillips is credited with holding a line of 1,500,000 bushels costly in May options. The break was caused by a sale of only 50,000 bushels. Phillips is said to have on his books also from four to five million bushels of May wheat and about 3,000,000 bushels of corn.

Phillips opened negotiations with elevator men before the opening of the board in an endeavor to dispose of his rye outside the pit. The negotiations fell through, and May rye which closed yesterday at 66¾c opened with sales from 61 to 60 cents. The whole Phillips line was dumped into the market. Brokers acting for Armour & Co., however, bought nearly all of it and the market in consequence rallied sharply to 65 cents.

The effect of the notice posted by Secretary Stone was instantaneous, the whole list opening off sharply. Wheat opened 1¢@1½c lower; corn ½@1c down, and oats nearly a cent depressed. Mr. Phillips could not be seen following the announcement of the closing of his deals, but members of his staff stated that he was still in good financial condition.

Hurlburt, Phillips' office manager, declared that it was the suddenness of the call for the extra 10 per cent margins which had embarrassed Mr. Phillips. He stated that Phillips had traded but little on his own account, the grain for the most part belonging to customers.

Later—Jacob Ringer, attorney for Mr. Phillips, gave out a statement saying that his client had been practically wiped off the financial slate. "He is 'broke,'" said Mr. Ringer. "Men whom he worsted in former deals went after him and they got him." Mr. Phillips gave out a statement in part as follows:

"The amount involved in my trouble of today is about $60,000. My customers had their trades well margined; and if the trades closed out today bring a fair price I can meet all my obligations. I was 'long' about 1,200,000 rye, 5,000,000 wheat and 600,0 corn and oats. Saturday a member of the board interested in breaking the rye market sent notices calling for an extra margin of 10 per cent on rye. This naturally caused selling orders Monday, and the representative of the member mentioned, finding the market bare of orders, forced the market down 3 cents. This was done in a moment, and the news, flashed all over the country, caused consternation among holders of rye contracts, many of whom sold on a weak market. A decline of 1 cent in wheat, coupled with rumors reflecting on my strength, resulted in heavy calls for margins. I was for the moment unprepared and the only alternative left was to close out. I have no excuses to offer and no complaints to make."

BESIEGED BY INVENTORS

Over 200 Men, Including Cranks, Have Visited President Newman With Plans For Running Trains Through Tunnel.

New York, Jan. 14.—A plan for betterling conditions in the Park avenue tunnel has been decided upon by President Newman of the New York Central railroad and his associates, but no announcement of its details will be made for two or three days. There are still some matters in connection with the plan to be straightened out and it is not the intention of President Newman to make public anything until it is certain that the scheme is feasible. More than 200 inventors, engineers, mechanics, electricians and cranks have besieged the offices of President Newman since the publication of the offer of $500,000 which Senator Chauncey M. Depew said the company would willingly pay to anybody who could satisfactorily demonstrate that the traffic in the tunnel could be hauled by some power other than steam. President Newman knew nothing about the $500,000 offer until he read of it in the newspapers. It was made nearly ten years ago when Senator Depew was president of the company and has never been withdrawn.

CANNOT GO TO THE SHOW

President Roosevelt Ignores Dewey and Miles In Naming Representatives to Attend King Edward's Coronation.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The cabinet meeting today was devoted largely to the consideration of the appointment of representatives of this country to the coronation of King Edward VII. At its conclusion the following designations were announced by the secretary of state: Special ambassador, Whitelaw Reid, of New York; representative of the United States army, Gen. James H. Wilson, of Delaware; representative of the United States navy, Capt. Charles E. Clark, commander of the battleship Oregon during the Spanish-American war, and now governor of the naval home at Philadelphia.

There are to be three secretaries as follows: J. P. Morgan, Jr., son of J. Pierpont Morgan, of New York; Edmund Lincoln Baylies, a barrister, of New York, and William Wetmore, son of Senator Wetmore, of Rhode Island.

SHAMROCK III ORDERED

Sir Thomas Lipton Makes Contract With Fife to Build New Challenger, to Be Ready In Spring of 1903.

London, Jan. 14.—William Fife, of Fairlie, on the Clyde, is to build Sir Thomas Lipton's next challenger for the America's cup. At a conference just held between Sir Thomas and his advisers, definite arrangements were made for the construction of the Shamrock III, and an order for the new yacht was given to and accepted by Mr. Fife. In view of the probability of a big revival of British yachting, and the fact that designing and superintending a cup challenger necessitates constant work for at least a year, Mr. Fife was somewhat disinclined to accept the contract, but Sir Thomas found means of overcoming his objections. George L. Watson has promised to assist Mr. Fife in every way, by handing over to him the details of the construction of the Shamrock II, and all the calculations and details of the trial experiments made at the Dennis yard. With this and the experience gained with the Shamrock I, Mr. Fife starts with a distinct advantage over his first efforts.

Mr. Fife is already collecting material and will commence designing the Shamrock III so soon as the boats now on hand for the next British yachting season are fairly started, which probably will be at the end of the month. The Shamrock III is to be ready early in the spring of 1903.

BODIES WITHOUT HEADS

Three Have Been Found at Whidby Island and the Inhabitants Are In a State of Great Excitement.

Port Townsend, Jan. 14.—The people of Whidby island are in a high state of excitement over the finding of another headless body on the beach near Fort Casey. Last week a body was found with the head and hands cut off and the clothing removed and Sunday another body was found with the head severed. As no residents of the island are missing, the mystery increases and the authorities are of the opinion that murders have been committed at some point up the sound, that the heads have been severed to prevent identification, the bodies cast into the water and that the tides have landed them on Whidby island. Another thing which increases the mystery is the fact the same party found both headless bodies and says that he found another some ten days ago, but before he could notify the authorities, the body disappeared.

WORKED FOR 100 YEARS

Aged Servant Is About to Die After Serving the Stevens Family at Hoboken For Upwards of a Century.

New York, Jan. 14.—Peter Lee, who has been in the employ of the Stevens family of Castle Point, Hoboken, N. J., upward of a hundred years, is dying at Castle Point. The date of his birth is somewhat uncertain, but it was probably in 1795 or 1796. He was born in Hoboken of slave parents, the property of Col. John Stevens. He became free in the course of years, but only once was he separated from the Stevens family. He declares he remembers the general mourning for the death of George Washington in Dec. 1799. He can recall the days preceding steam navigation, when horse boats furnished the most advanced methods of transportation across the Hudson river.

MAN MET HORRIBLE DEATH

Sault Ste. Marie, Jan. 14.—Robert Boulton, a lumberman of this city, owning a sawmill at Wellsburg met a horrible death today. He was walking through the mill and his overcoat caught in a shaft. His body was whirled around and he was pounded to death, one leg being torn off.

CURLING BONSPIEL

Play In Two First Events Is Progressing Rapidly.

Flour City Event Is Put On This Afternoon.

Duluth Rinks Showing Up Fairly Well---Winnipeggers Strong.

The following special curling weather bulletin was received from Chicago this morning by Local Forecast Official Richardson:

Indications point to generally fair weather at Duluth during the balance of the week, with moderate temperature.

The curling bonspiel is now well under way, and the Duluth Jobbers' event, which was the first put in play, is getting well down into the third and fourth draws. Play in the St. Paul Jobbers' event was started last evening and a number of games were pulled off.

The drawing for the Flour City event was made late last night and some of the games were expected to be put on today, although they may not be reached until late.

There was a large attendance last evening, and particularly conspicuous was the interest of the women, a large number of whom were present. Every sheet of ice on which there was a close contest or at which the stars were playing was surrounded by an excited crowd.

A wrong impression which many have gained is that an admission fee is charged to see the games. This is a mistake. Admittance is free to all, and the curlers are anxious to have a large attendance. The ladies are especially invited.

The Winnipeg curlers are the center of attraction. They certainly are very strong, and the manner in which they play the game plainly shows the long experience and ripe judgment which has come with it.

There were a number of close games. In the afternoon Frank A. Greene was the only Duluth skip to win out, defeating W. Thompson, of Oak Lake, Canada. C. F. Macdonald, of Duluth, and Alex Black had one of the most exciting games of the afternoon. Black got a heavy lead at the start, playing a faultless game until about the seventh end, when the score stood 9 to 1 in his favor. At the end of the eleventh end the score stood 12 to 11 in Macdonald's favor. On the twelfth Black tied this and on the thirteenth end scored on. Macdonald missing a draw to the button by about three inches. The Winnipeg men won every game in the afternoon. In the evening Alex Black went down before W. O'Brien, of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

The Winnipeg men are already picked as winners in some events, especially the Huffman and Harstone rinks. They have some pretty stiff propositions to deal with, however, before they get in the finish. There is E. J. Rochon, of Fort William, one of the finest curlers that ever laid a stone on ice; E. J. Sparling, of Portage La Prairie, winner of trophies before now, and other cracks who are not easily downed.

When the play closed about 1 o'clock this morning all but a couple of games in the first draw of the Duluth event had been played.

Play opened at 2 o'clock and the games were all in Duluth Jobbers' event and resulted as follows:

Alex MacRae, of Duluth, 9; C. W. Huffman, of Winnipeg, 14.

W. Thompson, of Oaks Lake, 8; F. A. Greene, of Duluth, 10.

A. H. Smith, of Duluth, 8; W. W. Lorimer, of St. Paul, 14.

C. F. Macdonald, of Duluth, 12; Alex Black, of Winnipeg, 13.

W. O'Brien, of Sault Ste. Marie, 18; Donald Morrison, of Duluth, 15.

G. H. Letteau, of Duluth, 5; S. G. Harstone, of Winnipeg, 18.

R. J. MacLeod, of Duluth, 9; J. McDiarmid, of Winnipeg, 12.

W. E. Magner, of Duluth, 7; George Combs, of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., 13.

At 5 o'clock the following games were played, all in the same event:

S. F. Fullerton, of St. Paul, 12; E. Bassingthwaite, of Sault Ste. Marie, 10.

G. K. Taylor, of Duluth, 8; J. Ripley, of Sault Ste. Marie, 12.

C. F. West, of Duluth, 9; L. P. Ordway, of St. Paul, 16.

A. K. Smith, of Superior, 15; Ralph Bradley, of Duluth, 9.

M. Richmond, of Chicago, 16; Otto Fowle, of Sault Ste. Marie, 9.

John McLeod, of Minneapolis, 9; E. J. Rochon, of Fort William, 14.

J. W. Hunter, of Hartney, 13; C. R. Ash, of Duluth, 10.

C. B. Woodruff, of Duluth, 12; W. C. O'Grady, of Milwaukee, 11.

Six games at 8 o'clock were played in the Duluth Jobbers' event and the scores were as follows:

D. W. Stocking, of Duluth, 19; W. W. Strickland, of Superior, 9.

W. D. Stewart, of St. Paul, 13; E. J. Sparling, of Portage La Prairie, 10.

C. W. Huffman, of Winnipeg, 18; F. A. Greene, of Duluth, 7.

W. Chambers, of Oak Lake, 7; C. A. Duncan, of Duluth, 17.

W. O'Brien, of Sault Ste. Marie, 16; Alex Black, of Winnipeg, 7.

J. Bone, of Sault Ste. Marie, 5; A. W. Frick, of Duluth, 13.

In the St. Paul Jobbers' event W. W. Lorimer, of St. Paul, defeated, 14, George Combs, of Sault Ste. Marie, 12, in the 8 o'clock games last evening.

In the games at 11 o'clock last night, in the St. Paul Jobbers' event, the following games were played:

M. Richmond, of Chicago, 14; George K. Taylor, of Duluth, 9.

C. F. Macdonald, of Duluth, 12; J. H. Riheldapper, of Minneapolis, 11.

C. R. Ash, of Duluth, 15; W. Thompson, of Oak Lake, 9.

J. McDiarmid, of Winnipeg, 12; C. B. Woodruff, of Duluth, 7.

Donald Morrison, of Duluth, 4; R. J. MacLeod, of Duluth, 12.

A. K. Smith, of Superior, 13; O. Fowle, of Sault Ste. Marie, 12.

W. B. Dunlop, of Duluth, 8; W. C. Schultz, of Milwaukee, 12.

The games played this morning were as follows:

St. Paul Jobbers' event—

E. J. Sparling, of Portage la Prairie, 16; W. W. Strickland, of Superior, 12.

S. G. Harstone, of Winnipeg, 15; John Bone, of Sault Ste. Marie, 6.

E. J. Rochon, of Fort William, 6; C. M. Griggs, of St. Paul, 10.

W. Chambers, of Oak Lake, 7; C. A. Duncan, of Duluth, 10.

S. F. Fullerton, of St. Paul, 16; C. F. West, of Duluth, 7.

F. A. Greene, of Duluth, 7; Bassingthwaite, of Sault Ste. Marie, 13.

G. H. Letteau, of Duluth, 1; Alex. Black, of Winnipeg, 17.

C. W. Huffman, of Winnipeg, 14; Alex. MacRae, of Duluth, 7.

The following games were put on at 3 o'clock:

St. Paul Jobbers' event:

Bassingthwaite, of Sault Ste. Marie, vs. A. H. Smith, of Duluth.

A. K. Smith, of Superior, vs. E. J. Sparling, of Portage La Prairie.

C. W. Huffman, of Winnipeg, vs. C. R. Ash, of Duluth.

J. Ripley, of Sault Ste. Marie, vs. R. D. Bradley, of Duluth.

S. G. Harstone, of Winnipeg, vs. C. M. Griggs, of St. Paul.

Flour City event:

A. W. Frick, of Duluth, vs. E. J. Rochon, of Fort William.

John MacLead, of Minneapolis, vs. C. F. West, of Duluth.

Alex MacRae, of Duluth, vs. W. O'Brien, of Sault Ste. Marie.

T. D. Beddoe, of Chicago, and Harry B. Hungerford, of St. Paul, are in the city visiting with the curlers. They are representatives of Hiram Walker & Sons, the Canadian distillers, who have always manifested great interest in curling. This firm contributed the international trophy which is played for in the Northwestern association, and annually provides handsome prizes to go with it. They are also fine singers and entertainers, and will be heard Thursday evening at the entertainment given for the visiting curlers at the Kitchi Gammi club.

This entertainment will be in the nature of a smoker social with a program of vaudeville and other features.

FOR SALE CHEAP

15,000 Shares Idaho and Continental Mining Stock.

O. C. HARTMAN & CO.,
209 Exchange Bldg.

AFTER FOURTEEN YEARS.

Mrs. Fannie Shook Says Her Husband Left Her.

Fannie A. Shook, who filed suit in district court this morning for divorce from George W. Shook, lays the scene of her martial troubles in the nation's capital. The couple was married in Grand Rapids, Mich., in 1883, and the plaintiff charges that she was deserted in 1897. Absolute divorce, such alimony as the court may determine and the custody of the 9-year-old daughter are asked. Baldwin & Baldwin are attorneys for plaintiff.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No Cure, No Pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure no pay. Price 50c. If your druggist don't keep it in stock send us 50c in stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by PAZO MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo., who also manufacture the celebrated cold cure, Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

Articles of Incorporation.

The Duluth Transfer Railroad company filed articles of incorporation this morning with the register of deeds. The capitalization is $250,000, divided into 5000 shares, and the limit of indebtedness is fixed at $500,000. The incorporators are Paul A. Mitchell, who is also the first president; Robert S. Smith, the secretary; E. Frankenfield, William Elder and Arthur Howell, vice president.

This is the reorganization of the road, which was bought in by the bondholders recently at foreclosure sale.

Prof. Woolman Resigns.

A. J. Woolman, who has been a member of the high school faculty for about seven years, has resigned from his position on the teaching staff of the high school, and did not return when schol opened yesterday at the close of the Christmas vacation. Prof. Woolman has been an instructor in science.

BROTHER LIVES HERE.

Stony Brook Accident Victim Has Duluth Relatives.

The body of Gustav Albert Soderblom, who was killed in the Eastern Minnesota wreck near Stony Brook Junction Sunday, was brought to Duluth last evening. The dead man is a popular member of the local A. O. U. W. lodge and a brother of John Soderblom, of 821 East Third street. He was very well known throughout the city.

The remains are at Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms and at a late hour today no funeral arrangements had been announced.

Progress of Cuba.

Recent statistics show that the exports from Cuba have been largely increased and the imports decreased since it came under American rule. This proves that things are becoming more settled. Cubans can always look back on the change of rulers as the successful turning point in their career. The turning point in the life of any weak, sickly or nervous person will undoubtedly be when they resolve to try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for ailments of the stomach, liver and bowels. This splended medicine will cure flatulency, heartburn, belching, indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation. Thousands of people have been brought back to health by its use during the past fifty years. We therefore urge you to use it. Our private stamp is over the neck of the bottle.

MASKED MAN

Carried Little Girl Away But Afterward Released Her.

Berkeley, Cal., Jan. 14.—While returning to her home in Oakland, after having made a few purchases at a grocery store, 12-year-old Florence White was carried away in a wagon and later was left bound hand and foot in a vacant lot. The child was found about an hour later, but it was some time before she regained consciousness. She says that while walking along the street she was attacked from behind by a masked man who had gray hair. Smothering her screams, he threw her into a wagon and started off. Once in the shadow which enveloped the lot, the child's shoes were unlaced and the strings used to bind her hands and feet. The girl was then left, the belief of the police being that the man was frightened away from his intended victim. She was badly bruised evidently from rough handling, but otherwise was uninjured.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Funeral Notice.

The funeral of Mrs. Julius Gunderson will be held Thursday at 12:45 p. m. from Nelson's undertaking rooms, Nineteenth avenue west. Services will be held at the First Norwegian Lutheran church, corner First avenue east and Third street, at 1:30 p. m. Interment at Park Hill cemetery.

Horses! Horses!

Just arrived at Barrett & Zimmerman's barn, Duluth, 100 head of heavy Minnesota horses, weight from 1500 to 1800 pounds, with harness. Part time given, if desired. Don't fail to look this stock over and get prices.

Musical Instruction Free.

Free violin lessons for six months will be given to one boy or girl between the age of 7 and 13 applying before Jan. 20 at the office of the Bradbury Violin school, No. 8 Columbus building, with a letter of recommendation from the pastor of their church or a known business man.

DULUTH JOBBERS' EVENT.

PRELIMINARIES.		FIRST DRAW.		SECOND DRAW.
Alex MacRae	9	Huffman	18	Huffman
C W Huffman	14			
F A Greene	10	Greene	7	
W Thompson	8			
W W Lorimer	15	Lorimer		
A H Smith	8			
S F Fullerton	12	Fullerton		
E Bassingthwaite	10			
W O'Brien	18	O'Brien	16	O'Brien
D Morrison	15			
C F Macdonald	13	Black	7	
Alex Black	13			
		G K Taylor	8	Ripley
		J Ripley	12	
		G Letteau	5	Harstone
		S G Harstone	16	
		C F West	9	Ordway
		L P Ordway	10	
		A K Smith	15	Smith
		R Bradley	9	
		M Richmond	16	Richmond
		Otto Fowle	9	
		D W Stocking	19	Stocking
		W W Strickland	9	
		John McLeod	9	Rochon
		E J Rochon	14	
		John Bone	5	Frick
		A W Frick	13	
		E J Spalding	10	Stewart
		W D Stewart	13	
		W Chambers	7	Duncan
		C A Duncan	17	
		J W Hunter	13	Hunter
		C R Aash	10	
W E Magner	7	Comb		
George Comb	13			
Ron Smith		Smith		
Scratched				
R J MacLeod	9	McDiarmid	12	McDiarmid
J McDiarmid	12			
C B Woodruff	12	Woodruff	7	
W C O'Grady	11			

ST. PAUL JOBBERS' EVENT.

PRELIMINARIES.		FIRST DRAW.		SECOND DRAW.
A K Smith	13	Smith		
Otto Fowle	12			
E J Sparling	16	Sparling		
W W Strickland	12			
S G Harstone	15	Harstone		
John Bone	6			
E J Rochon	6	Griggs		
C M Griggs	10			
		W Chambers	7	Duncan
		C A Duncan	16	
		S F Fullerton	16	Fullerton
		C F West	7	
		Bert Dunlop	8	Schultz
		W C Schultz	19	
		L P Ordway		
		D W Stocking		
		F W McLaren		
		J W Hunter		
		M Richmond	14	Richmond
		G K Taylor	9	
		W E Magner		
		W O'Brien		
		J McDiarmid	19	McDiarmid
		C B Woodruff	7	
		W W Lorimer	14	Lorimer
		George Comb	13	
		Don Morrison	4	McLeod
		R J McLeod	12	
		G H Letteau	8	Black
		Alex Black	17	
F A Greene	7	Bassingthwaite		
E Bassingthwaite	11			
C R Ash	16	Ash		
W Thompson	9			
Alex MacRae	7	C W Huffman		
C W Huffman	14			
R D Bradley				
J Ripley				
C F Macdonald	12	Macdonald		
J H Riheldoffer	11			

DULUTH IS THIRD

Only Two Cities of Her Class Managed More Cheaply.

Treasurer's Annual Report Shows Expenses of $539,232.

The Total Receipts of City For 1901 Were $1,279,976.11.

Duluth ranks third among the cities of the 50,000 class in economy of current municipal expenses.

The annual reports of the treasurer and comptroller show municipal expenditures of over $1,000,000, but the actual operating expenses of the city for the year of 1901 amounted to $539,232.

A year ago the government experts on municipal statistics took the city comptroller's report of "expenditures" and credited Duluth with more than $1,000,000 current expenses.

This caused untold trouble abroad and at home. It was, to all appearances, a great extravagance when cities of twice the population could get along on half the expense, as shown by the figures of the government report.

This year every effort will be made to put the government men on the right track and correct the wrong opinion of Duluth which gained such wide currency through last year's government statistics.

The "disbursements" report of the city officers includes $228,316 for water and light. Comparatively few cities in the United States have their own water and light plants and consequently do not figure that into the statistics given the government. The Duluth plant is self-sustaining so that is another reason that Duluth should not include this amount in the item of current expenses.

Last year the sinking fund netted $124,580 to the disbursement report. This amount was expended in the liabilities of the city incurred in former years and consequently was not a current expense.

The following table shows how Duluth stands in the 50,000 class in the matter of actual running expenses for 1901:

Erie	$438,658
Elizabeth	536,117
Duluth	539,232
Charleston, S. C.	545,724
Evansville	555,566
Peoria	606,421
Savannah	610,435
Manchester	639,958
Utica	690,192
Salt Lake City	733,536
Hoboken	764,700
Troy	783,012

City Treasurer Voss has made the following condensed financial statement for the year of 1901, as required by the new charter:

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1901	$ 198,833.91
Taxes from county	421,397 50
Liquor licenses	167,000 00
All other licenses	7,344 97
Municipal court fines and fees.	19,537 06
Interest on daily balance	4,131 50
Suspended banks	1,592 56
Reimbursement for small pox cases	2,435 00
Insurance for fire at police headquarters	767 20
Assessments for credit of sinking fund	56,934 08
Sale of $50,000 per cent refunding bonds	50,910 00
Assessments for sidewalks	6,198 34
Assessments for sprinkling	4,261 53
Assessments for park fund	1,099 15
Sale of material and work done by board of public works	8,606 91
Sale of material and work done by fire department	1,919 63
Fines and donations for library	5,178 47
Building inspectors' fees	2,517 30
City clerk's fees	1,259 34
City comptroller's fees	162 25
Water and light plant fund receipts	183,697 24
All other sources	2,325 39
	$1,148,019 39

DISBURSEMENTS.

Interest fund	$ 119,545 00
Sinkign fund	124,580 53
Fire department fund	88,270 69
Police department fund	40,059 71
Light fund	23,600 33
Water fund	35,884 74
Public works fund	84,849 96
Health department fund	5,792 21
Municipal court fund	12,405 34
Salary fund	33,296 04
Printing and supply fund	5,089 43
Library fund	18,223 33
Park fund	13,510 55
Water and light plant fund	228,316 50
Permanent improvement fund	8,371 73
General fund	94,077 84
Balance Jan. 1, 1902	210,280 56
	$1,148,019 39

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT REVOLVING FUND.
RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1901	979 09
Sale of $80,000 4 per cent bonds	99,504 90
Assessments collected for—	
Sewer in Jefferson street, contract No. 484	398 42
Improving Fifth avenue east, contract No. 496	1,200 01
Sewer in London road, contract No. 497	1,136 87
Paving Michigan street, contract No. 499	17,842 71
Sewer in Cooke street, contract No. 509	1,127 18
Sewer in Second alley, contract No. 501	117 18
Sewer in Gladstone street, contract No. 509	108 40
Grading Fifth avenue east, contract No. 511	378 92
Paving Fifth avenue west, contract No. 512	7,673 21
Sewer in Fourth alley, contract No. 514	872 19
Sewer in Fourth alley, contract No. 521	365 34
Sewer in Otsego and Tioga streets, contract No. 522	251 79
	$131,956 72

DISBURSEMENTS.

Permanent improvement revolving fund orders paid for:	
Sewer in Jefferson street, contract No. 484	$ 97 76
Improving Fifth avenue east, contract No. 496	1,637 22
Sewer in London road, contract No. 497	1,109 09
Paving Michigan street, contract No. 499	24,115 62
Sewer in Cooke street, contract No. 509	2,376 29
Sewer in Second alley, contract No. 501	286 52
Sewer in Gladstone street, contract No. 509	395 05
Grading Fifth avenue east, contract No. 511	595 01
Paving Fifth avenue west, contract No. 512	8,268 75
Sewer in Fourth alley, contract No. 514	957 87
Paving Superior street, contract No. 515	65,400 00
Sewer in Fourth alley, contract No. 521	499 56
Sewer in Otsego and Tioga streets, contract No. 522	356 16
Sewer in Superior street, contract No. 523	4,014 80
Sewer in Fifth street, contract No. 526	4,052 59
Curb and gutters in First street, contract No. 528	1,894 23
Sewer in Fifty-ninth avenue east, contract No. 529	370 43
Sewer in Fifth street, contract No. 533	521 99
Sewer in Second street, contract No. 534	389 00
Sewer in Fourth alley, contract No. 537	506 93
Abstract of names, printing etc.	285 95
Rebate on assessments	43 28
Balance Jan. 1, 1902	13,479 54
	$131,956 72

RECAPITULATION.
RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand in all funds Jan. 1, 1901	$ 199,812 51
Total receipts for water and light plant fund	195,002 74
Total receipts for sinking fund	131,445 63
Total receipts for permanent improvement revolving fund	130,577 12
Total receipts for all other funds	622,739 11
	$1,279,975 11

DISBURSEMENTS.

For water and light plant fund	$ 228,316 50
For sinking fund	124,580 53
For permanent improvement revolving fund	118,477 18
For sprinkling and building sidewalks for which assessments will be made	45,309 39
For all actual expenses in other funds	539,232 11
Balance Jan. 1, 1902	223,760 10
	$1,279,976 11

CORBETT

Has a Bout to Pull Off With Magistrate Mott.

New York, Jan. 14.—Champion Young Corbett is expected to arrive in town today from Denver. Corbett is scheduled to appear before Magistrate Mott in his case, which was postponed several weeks ago. The pugilist was arrested for giving boxing exhibitions with his sparring partner, Charles Sieger, at a local theater. As he was obliged to go West his counsel asked for a postponement. Although Corbett comes to settle his bout with the magistrate, he will probably be induced to arrange a return match with McGovern. Before going West Corbett announced that he would not make any matches until after Jan. 1.

Social Dance

Given by the Sixth Avenue Dancing Club—Sixth Avenue Theater—

Thursday, Jan. 16

Easton's Orchestra, P. McLaughlin, Prompter. Tickets, 50c Per Couple

M'CREARY

Formally Elected United States Senator By Kentucky Legislature.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 14.—James B. McCreary was formally elected senator by the two houses of the legislature today in separate sessions. The vote will be ratified in joint session tomorrow. The vote in the house stood: McCreary, 74; Deboe, 24. In the senate, McCreary, 23; Deboe, 11. Senator W. H. Cox, Republican, voted for ex-Governor W. O. Bradley.

RUSSIA'S

Finances Are In a Perfectly Satisfactory Condition.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 14.—The Russian budget for 1902 balances the revenue and expenditure, totalling 1,946,571,916 roubles. The navy absorbs 989,318,984 roubles, the army 322,628,537 roubles and ways and communications 435,547,758 roubles.

The report of the finance minister, M. De Witte, which accompanied the budget, says the equilibrium of the budget leads to the conclusion that the empire's finances are in a perfectly satisfactory condition.

"Our monetary system," says the minister, "leaves nothing to be desired, and our railroads continue to develop under good conditions. Notwithstanding the vexations and complications of recent years, owing to bad harvests, the scarcity of capital and the embarrassments of certain branches of our industry, the general prosperity of our country shows no sign of decline.

"In my report to the czar on the budget of 1893 I expressed firm confidence in the productive power of Russia. The experiences of the last few years have justified this confidence, and today, in submitting to our sovereign my tenth budget report, I have still firmer faith in the rapidity of the progress our country will make, protected as it is by his majesty's unalterable tone of peace, and guided by his majesty's imperial solicitude."

ARE CORRECT.

Schley Endorses Statements of Facts In Graham's Book.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 14.—When Rear Admiral Schley was questioned in reference to the statement of his endorsement of the forthcoming book on "Schley and Santiago," by George Edwards Graham, he said:

"I have seen the proofs of Mr. Graham's book. It is the author's book and was written at his own pleasure. My connection with it had to do only with reading over, at Mr. Graham's request, whatever in the book had reference to statements of fact. As regards the Santiago fight, no one was better prepared to write this story of that battle than Mr. Graham. He was there in the thick of it. So far as reading of the book was concerned, I passed only on its statements of fact. These statements are true. They make up the story of the fight as it occurred.

"As to Mr. Graham's object in writing the book, as to its championship of me, and as to his criticisms, I had nothing to do, or say."

STEAMER STRANDED.

British Ship Braemer Castle on a Ledge.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Jan. 14.—The British steamer Braemer Castle (of the Castle Mail Packet company) which sailed from Cape Town Dec. 26 for Southampton stranded at high tide early this morning on Gurnard ledge, Isle of Wight, and remains fast. She is not leaking. The eighty-five passengers on board the steamer were landed by a tender.

SHOT AT HIS WIFE.

Detroit, Jan. 14.—John Blissit returned here today after a four months' absence in Cleveland, where he was employed by the Lake Shore road, and attempted to kill his wife and burn her home. When he was trying to fire the house, the police arrived. Blissit said he assaulted his wife "just to scare her" and protested that he "loved her as much as ever." She is at Grace hospital in a precarious condition. Blissit is 52 years old and his wife is 55.

Half Price Cloak Sale Now On....

Johnson & Moe,

The West End Big Department Store.

Half Price Cloak Sale Now On....

Our Clean Sweep Half Price Sale of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Cloth Coats and Jackets

has proved a tremendous success and a revelation in money-saving opportunities to our patrons. We shall continue this unparalleled bargain harvest a few days longer, offering *your unrestricted choice of any Ladies', Misses' and Children's Tailor-made Cloth Coat and Jacket in the house at Exactly Half Former Prices.* It's a great loss to us but we'll stand it. We are selling goods to make room, not money, at this time.

By the way, have you noticed the sliding prices on the **$25.00 Plush Opera Jacket and the $55 Electric Seal Jacket** in our centre show window? On the first one the price has dropped **one dollar a day,** and on the second **two dollars** a day since Monday, January 6. Tomorrow, if unsold, the $25 Opera Jacket will sell at $16, and the $55 Electric Seal Jacket at $37. The prices will continue to drop as above stated until someone thinks the garments cheap enough, pay the price and receive the goods.

Our Annual Clearance Sale Now In Progress

Offering Extraordinary Bargains in all Departments of the Big Store. A few Specials for Tomorrow:

SHEETINGS AND MUSLINS.

1 case fine soft finished Bleached Muslin—equal to Lonsdale 9c sort—tomorrow, clearance price, a yd **6½c**

1 bale Unbleached Sheeting—6c kind—tomorrow, a yard **4½c**

1 case 9-4 Bleached Sheeting—one of the best 23c sort tomorrow, a yard **18c**

42-inch Pillow Casing, 14c kind—tomorrow, a yard **10c**

OUTING FLANNELS.

1 case Outing Flannel Remnants, choice style, well fleeced, 10c quality—tomorrow, clearance price, a yard **5½c**

1 case Mottled Flannels, brown and grey mixtures, well fleeced, 8c kind—tomorrow, clearance price, a yard **4½c**

1 case Cream Shaker Flannel, soft and fleecy—our 9c kind—tomorrow, clearance price, a yard **5½c**

Limit—20 yards of each.

There is one place in town where you can get all the credit you want; where you can buy Clothing of all kinds for any member of the family on easy weekly or monthly payments; where you can secure Carpets, Rugs, Furniture, Curtains and Household Goods on terms that will fit your needs and convenience. That place is

Gately's

QUALITIES ARE GOOD—
PRICES ARE LOW—

—8 East Superior Street.

Come in and open an account with us. Open Saturday evenings until 10:30.

Skating!

WEST END RINK, foot of Twenty-first avenue west—Lanner's band—Tuesday and Thursday evenings. Admission—Ladies and children, 15 cents; Gentlemen, 20 cents.

DIRT OR NO DIRT

Shall Superior Street Be Left Dirty Is the Question.

Teamsters Say the Dirt Keeps Horses On Their Feet.

Four Fire Department Horses Come to Grief on Pavement.

Dirt on Superior street is again a source of agitation.

The council has ordered it cleaned and it is backed by numerous citizens.

Yet men whose business calls for much teaming are anxious to see a foot of dirt on top of the paving.

The vitrified brick is very slippery at present. Late yesterday afternoon the fire department nearly lost four valuable horses in consequence.

Some person turned in a needless fire alarm from a box down on Lake avenue, No. 4 company from the East End joins Nos. 1 and 2 companies when there is a fire in this district.

In responding to the alarm No. 4 hose company was making a desperate run along Superior street, near First avenue east, when both horses went down with a crash. No. 4 chemical engine was dashing along behind, and before the horses could be stopped, the chemical horses had fallen on the wreckage. All four horses were badly hurt and it was feared for a time that their injuries would put them out of the service. Dr. Forsyth, the department veterinary, took care of them all night and today their chances for complete recovery were better.

It is to give the horses a better footing that many business men are anxious to see the street deep in dirt.

The board of public works had not received the council's resolution ordering it to clean the street this afternoon, but President Wilson said the matter would be taken up at once.

He said further that the dirt now on the street is frozen there and can only be removed with a pick. This, he said, would be every expensive and would endanger the paving.

IS OPENED.

Fractional Township Is Opened But There Is No Rush.

Township 51½-17 west was opened for settlement at the United States land office this morning. It consist of about 155 acres and is five miles long and but ten rods wide at its widest part. The expected rush to file on the land that has been noted, did not take place, as applications for the same numbered about four. It is probable that there will be some contests started, for the reason that settlers living on either side of the strip have made claim to the land opened and will allege that they lived on the land prior to the issuance of the script that has been filed against it. Pearl H. Smith, of Superior, has been after the land for some time, and though his homestead entry made in 1893 was rejected, he has filed the application again, alleging settlement and improvements.

WARM LAND CONTEST.

One On Valuable Land Is In Progress.

A warmly contested land case is being heard before Register W. E. Culkin in the land office today. The suit is one that was begun last fall and was continued over until today by agreement. The plaintiff is Wesley McMullen, who is represented by Attorney C. C. McCarthy, and the defendants are Joseph A. Brown and Albert Bradley, with O. P. M. Jamison, B. N. Johnson, O. A. Johnson and Guy A. Eaton as intervenors. The land involved is the e½ of the ne¼, section 10; and the s½ of the nw¼, section 1, 151-20. The land involved in the case is said to be valuable and a crowd of witnesses are in attendance.

Timber Trespass Suit.

Papers have been filed with the clerk of the United States district court in this city, instituting another timber trespass case of the government against Daniel Young, a lumberman of Aitkin, Minn. The complaint alleges that one Alec LeBlanc wrongfully and unlawfully cut and removed 2000 tamarack ties from section 35, 49-21, which is government land, and sold the same to Young. It is alleged that Mr. Young accepted the ties and converted them into his own use, knowing them to have been unlawfully cut and removed from government lands. Through Assistant District Attorney Frederick Dickson, the United States asks judgment in the amount of $400 and the costs of the suit.

FORAKER

Receives Majority Vote In Ohio House and Senate.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 14.—The house and senate of the legislature balloted separately today for United States senator. Senator Joseph B. Foraker, caucus nominee of the Republicans, received 21 votes in the senate to 11 for Charles W. Baker, of Cincinnati, the Democratic nominee.

In the house Senator Foraker received 66 votes to 42 for Baker. The two branches of the legislature will meet in joint session on Wednesday and formally select Senator Foraker. The senator is expected to arrive in the city tonight and to address the general assembly following his election tomorrow.

The Federation of Women's Clubs has extended the right hand of honorary membership to the men who make Rocky Mountain Tea. Women's greatest benefactor. Ask your druggist.

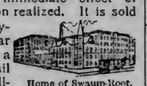
Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.



Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted wtth weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

DAMAGES REFUSED

Juries Find For Defendants In Personal Injury Cases.

Duluth-Superior Traction Company and St. Mary's Hospital Win.

Last Jury Case of January Term Is On Trial.

A verdict for the defendant, the Benedictine Sisters' Hospital association was returned last night by the district court jury in the case brought by G. H. Craig, as administrator of the estate of Leslie J. Craig. Craig sued for $5000 damages for the death of his son by falling down the elevator shaft in St. Mary's hospital.

The jury also found for the defendant in the personal damage suit brought against the Duluth-Superior Traction company by Ida Powers. Damages of $1000 were asked.

The last two jury cases on the January calendar are on trial before Judge Ensign. They are actions brought for damages for trespass against the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company by Jacob Nelson and Swen Ryder, who demur to the lumber company's logging railroad crossing their property. They claim damages of $300 each, which in event of a verdict for plaintiffs would be tripled in the ordering of judgment.

Before Judge Cant, the case of Lounsberry against Catherine W. Upham et al, is still on trial, and in Judge Dibell's room, the plaintiff is still introducing testimony in the case of the Northern Pacific Railway company against the American Bonding and Trust company, to recover money paid to the late Clerk of Court Chester.

The case brought against the city of Duluth by E. S. Radcliffe et al was settled and dismissed this morning in accordance with the resolution adopted by the library board at its meeting last night on the basis of $750. The case of Liedel as administrator against the Northern Pacific Railway company was also settled and dismissed.

Revival Services.

Much interest has been manifested in the revival services at the First Methodist Episcopal church in this city, which are being continued through this week. Splendid music is being rendered every evening under the direction of Professor Weeks. This evening Rev. S. P. Long, the pastor of the church, will deliver the sermon. Tomorrow evening the service will be conducted by Rev. John Callahan and Dr. Robert Forbes will preach Thursday evening.

NORMAL

School Board Is Now In Session at the Capitol.

St. Paul, Jan. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state normal school board met at the capitol this morning, the most important business scheduled being that relating to the Duluth school. Director Phelps had no vouchers or documents of any sort with him, but hoped to receive some estimates and other figures from the accounting officer in the morning mail. The subject was therefore postponed until afternoon, in hope that the papers from the accounting officer would be on hand by that hour. It was decided to do nothing in regard to establishing the kindergarten training school this year, for which St. Cloud had been particularly urgent.

The powers of the normal board under the recent supreme court decision were discussed informally, and the general opinion seemed to be that the normal board should first consider this and pass upon all estimates and expenses which would then be referred to the board of control for consideration and final action.

The balance of the morning session was devoted to minor routine.

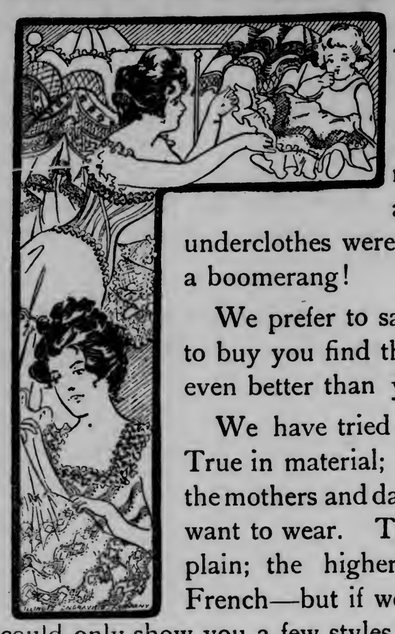
MINE FLOODED.

Bruex, Austria, Jan. 14.—The Jupiter mine here was suddenly flooded today and forty-three men including the manager and two superintendents were cut off from escape. It is thought probable that they were all drowned.

STEAMER FIRED ON.

Hong Kong, Jan. 14.—The British steamer Nanning has been fired upon by Chinese soldiers in the Tam-Chau channel, West river. The chaplain of the British flagship Glory, the Rev. Charles E. L. Cowan, M. A., who was on board, was severely wounded.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.



Muslin & & Underwear & &

If we were to say ten times as much as we do in the papers about this White Sale—and the underclothes weren't right—it would only act as a boomerang!

We prefer to say very little, and when you come to buy you find the underclothes and other things even better than you hoped.

We have tried to have our underclothes true. True in material; true in work, and to have what the mothers and daughters of Duluth families would want to wear. The inexpensive underclothes are plain; the higher-priced are fashioned after the French—but if we had four times the space we could only show you a few styles of a price at a time.

Drawers.

19c—Good Muslin, hemstitched ruffle.

25c—Good Muslin, with wide hemstitched flounce.

35c—Three styles; cambric and muslin; and with ruffle, tucks and three rows of hemstitching.

45c—Cambric; deep lawn ruffle with tucks; umbrella style.

50c—Cambric and Muslin, six styles—trimmed with hemstitching, lace insertion and edge.

65c—Cambric, lawn umbrella ruffle, trimmed with wide torchon lace.

Finer up to $6.75.

Children's Muslin Drawers—muslin with neat embroidery edge and tucks; size from 2 to 14 years—at 35c and 50c.

Corset Covers.

15c—Plain Cambric.

19c—Plain Cambric, full front.

25c—Cambric Corset Covers, full front—fitted back.

25c—Nainsook Corset Covers, full front; in pointed effect.

39c—Cambric Corset Covers, full front and tight-fitting; neck and arm holes trimmed with embroidery edge.

50c—Cambric and Nainsook; lace and embroidery trimmed; full front and tucked back.

65c—Fine Nainsook Corset Covers; trimmed with lace, beading and ribbon.

Finer Corset Covers with entire front of lace insertion between clusters of French tucking, round neck with lace, ribbon and beading, up to $2.75.

Chemise.

$1.00—Longcloth Skirt Chemise; neck and armholes trimmed with lawn ruffle; lawn flounce on skirt.

$1.50—Nainsook Skirt Chemise; lace yoke finished, with beading and ribbon. Skirt trimmed with flounce, edged with lace.

Finer up to $4.50.

Night Gowns.

75c—Muslin; tucked yoke, V neck, sleeves and neck trimmed with lawn ruffle.

85c—Cambric; yoke of clusters of tucks and embroidery insertion; neck and sleeves edged with lace.

$1.00—Cambric; square yoke trimmed with cluster tucking and rows of hemstitching.

$1.25 — Longcloth Gretchen Gown; yoke of embroidery insertion and tucks; neck and sleeves trimmed with lawn ruffle.

$1.35— Fine Nainsook Gown—round yoke of hemstitched tucks—low neck and short sleeves.

Finer ones up to $12.

White Petticoats

50c—Muslin Petticoats, with lawn ruffle and narrow insertion.

75c—Muslin; deep flounce trimmed with torchon lace.

$1—Muslin Petticoats; flounce trimmed with two clusters of tucks and torchon over dust ruffle.

$1.10—Cambric Petticoats, deep tucked ruffle, full width.

$1.25—Muslin Petticoats, umbrella flounce of lawn with seven tucks, extra width.

$1.50—Cambric Petticoat; umbrella flounce with tucks, insertion and lace edge.

Finer up to $15.50.

Infants' Long Dresses.

50c—Plain Nainsook Slips; neck and sleeves trimmed with dainty edge.

65c—Nainsook Slips, with yoke of hemstitched tucks, with narrow lawn ruffle around yoke.

Finer dresses up to $4.00.

Infants' Long Skirts, from 50c up to $1.35.

Children's Short Dresses, plain or daintily trimmed with fine laces, bearing and ribbon; sizes from 1 to 3 years—from 50c to $5.00.

Children's Short Skirts, lace or embroidery trimmed, from 50c to $2.00; sizes from 6 months to 3 years.

"SLIPOVER" NIGHT GOWNS. Low Neck. Elbow Sleeves.

$1.65—Longcloth "Slipover" Gown—yoke of torchon lace insertion; beading and ribbon; elbow sleeves.

$2.25—Nainsook "Slipover" Gown—dainty lace yoke, with inserted beading and ribbon; elbow sleeves.

$3.50—Nainsook Chemise Gown, with two rows of Valenciennes lace—bishop sleeves, trimmed with lace insertion and edge.

$5.75—Fine Nainsook "Choirister" Gown; handsomely trimmed, yoke or lace and embroidery insertion; neck finished with Swiss edging, beading and ribbon.

WHITE SALE.

So much White Goods beauty was never shown in Duluth before—even by ourselves who always took pride in showing the very prettiest of things we could get hold of. Most of the beautiful white fabrics shown are made by the French, (although there are domestic pieces here also.

The exquisitely daintiness and sheer beauty of white dresses, waists and frocks of every sort, in Paris, New York and every city in the East as well as in Duluth set the minds of the artist designers aglow with inspiration.

The result is here in these exquisitely fine and delicate stuffs, from the filmiest and lightest of cotton—interwoven with silk, to the richest and heaviest of piques—in new designs.



Although last summer was a white season in Europe, it was only a partially white season here. This summer white will reach the highest possible pinnacle of fashion in America, and the only thing to fear is that there'll not be enough white prettiness to go 'round.

Perhaps the most beautiful are the silk-and-coton stuffs called batiste gaze, with little jacquard figures in oblique designs.

Crepe Indienne—an exquisite silk-and-cotton stuff with cluster cords of cotton running every quarter of an inch apart, the spaces between filled with a snow-storm, and here and there a block of sunshine.

Crystalline—silk - and - cotton — as sheer almost as a veil, with little stars of silk peeping out through the clouds of white.

The swisses are not swisses at all but batiste, embroidered in large and small figures and dots and all-over designs.

There are lawns and batistes and tuckings between lace—worked, some of it, like Honiton; some of it in an old-fashioned square mesh—all fascinating and twice as beautiful because they are white.

LINENS—

DAMASK BY THE YARD.

60-inch cream Damask, usual price 35c—sale price 29c.

72-inch pure linen cream Damask; usual price 65c—sale price 49c.

68-inch fine bleach Damask; pure flax; usual price 95c—sale price 75c.

72-inch fine bleach Damask; usual price $1.25—sale price 98c.

Napkins to match the above—$2.98 a dozen.

$1.50 qualities—sale price $1.19.

$1.75 qualities—sale price $1.42.

$2.00 qualities—sale price $1.69.

$2.50 qualities—sale price $2.00.

Napkins to match the above at reduced prices.

LINEN TOWELS.

36x18-inch huck, 12c each—$1.39 a doz.

40x20-inch huck, 14c each—$1.50 a doz.

42x21-inch huck, 20c each—$2.40 a doz.

40x20-inch homespun, 23c each—$2.65 a dozen.

50x25-inch fringed, 25c each—$3.00 a dozen.

48x22-inch linen terry, 75c each—$8.25 a dozen.

NAPKINS.

22x22-inch cream—$1.39 a dozen.

22x22-inch cream—$1.88 a dozen.

23x23-inch bleach—$2.25 a dozen.

23x23-inch bleach—$2.88 a dozen.

24x24-inch bleach—$3.75 a dozen.

WHITE GOODS.

12½c yd—FANCY STRIPED SHEER Novelties—some are simple—others of pretty lace effects—

15c yd—CORDON-DIMITIES, in checks and striped Nainsooks—striped Madras—open work novelties—

20c yd—NOUVRAN RAYE, pretty sheer Dimities—Nouveaute Satine—Sheet Cordette—dot Swisses—Piques.

25c yd—NEW JACONETS—Grenadines—Mousse-lines — striped Lawns — English Cambrics — Plain and Fancy Piques—Mousselines Francaise.

30c STRIPE AND DOT NOVELTIES—Imported Frise—Figured and Plain Piques—Novelty Lawns—Fancy Mulls—Mercerized Novelties—Dimities.

GRENADINE EFFECTS—Brocaded Novelties—new Pongees, etc., etc.

35c—BATISTE NOUVELTIES—New lace effect Novelties—fine dotted Swisses—Hemstitched Batistes—French Cambrics—Fancy Piques—Mercerized Dimities—

45c FRENCH IMPORTED SWISSES—Silk Muslins—French figured Piques rich Lace effect Novelties—

50c—MERCERIZED NOVELTIES in Piques, Madras, Cambrics, Popelines and Lawns—Fancy Nainsooks—sheer French Lawns—Lace Striped Novelties—Handsome Open-Work Effects.

50c yd—NEW SILK NOVELTIES—Sheer dainty Dress materials, also used for Waistings—

75c yd—RICH FANCY SILK MULLS of pretty striped effects, popular for evening Gowns.

SHOULD HUSTLE

John Panton Says Duluth Should Reach Out More.

Relies Too Much on Natural Advantages Without Effect.

During His Southwestern Trip He Saw Much Prosperity.

John Panton returned today from a trip to Omaha, Kansas City and St. Louis. Mr. Panton says the Southwest is in a prosperous trade condition, but says that to him Kansas City seems to be the liveliest. Mr. Panton says the streets of the bustling Missouri metropolis are full of hurrying people, and that its jobbing houses and stores seem to be doing a very active business.

Mr. Panton reports that St. Louis is expecting and planning great things for its Louisiana purchase exposition, but he ventures the opinion that the people there will not be fully prepared for the rush of people when the big show opens. In other words, the thinks about the same condition of incompleteness will exist there when the fair begins as was so generally commented on at Buffalo.

After looking over the larger cities of the West and Southwest, Mr. Panton says he concluded that the people of Duluth are too conservative in the development of their city. Duluth cannot grow as it should, he says, unless its people get out after the things that make a city great. Some of them will come of their own accord, but Duluth must not rest solely on the invincibility of its commercial position and attractions. It must see that other people recognize those facts and act on them.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken, 21 East Sup. St.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Parlor theater—Go with the crowds.

Miss Mary E. McDowell, of Chicago, will give a lecture on "Social Settlement Work" at the Unitarian church, corner of Eighth avenue east and First street, tonight.

William F. Phelps, resident director of the normal school board, went to St. Paul last night to atten d a meeting of the board to be held this morning, where some of the weighty matters now confronting that body, such as the question of "to be or not to be," are to be settled.

The regular thimble bee of the First Methodist Episcopal church will be held at the home of Mrs. Isaac Moor, 313 Third avenue east, at 2:30 o'clock Wednesday.

The Duluth Board of Trade has adopted an amendment to its by-laws providing that any trader accused of unfair dealing or failure to comply with the award of any board or committee, shall be given an opportunity to be heard before the board of directors, which may by a two-thirds vote prohibit the accused from representation on the board.

J. B. Culver post No. 158, G. A. R., and the Women's Relief corps, will install officers tonight in the Masonic temple.

Parlor theater—Catchy vaudeville nightly.

The board of county commissioners will hold an adjourned meeting tomorrow afternoon. The principal business to come up will be the consideration of the bonds for the performances of the contracts awarded at the annual meeting of the board.

The young ladies of St. Anthony's church will give a card party and social tonight in St. Anthony's hall.

The Sixth Avenue Dancing club will give another of their dancing parties at the Sixth avenue theater, Thursday evening.

FREIGHT RATES ARE REDUCED

Reductions Go Into Effect On Great Northern and Northern Pacific---Vary From 5 To 15 Per Cent.

St. Paul, Jan. 14.—The tariff reductions on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific will go into effect Feb. 1. The new rate sheets went to the printer this morning. The reductions, which vary from 5 to 15 per cent, affect mainly the "ten classes," and commodity rates on coal, lumber, flour and wheat remain unchanged. Reductions in the wheat rates are postponed until later in the year, as it is President Hill's idea that reductions now would not help the farmer, since most of the wheat has left their hands. The new tariffs have been prepared under the direction of Darius Miller, who at yesterday's meeting acted in behalf of both the Burlington and the Great Northern. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Chicago & Northwestern will not make any reductions as yet until the effect of the reductions on competitive points is noted.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Levy are entertaining their niece and nephew, Mr. and Mrs B. M. Hirschman, of St. Paul.

Miss Stella Levy has returned from a visit in St. Paul.

Miss Bessie Recklin has returned from a two weeks' visit in Minneapolis. She was accompanied by Mrs. Isadore Weisman, who is visiting at the home of Mrs. A. Gingold, of 228 Third avenue west.

Pendennis White, the well known Buffalo lumberman, arrived at the head of the lakes today to look after his interests in the Split Rock Lumber company, which is operating heavily on the north shore.

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Sabin will leave tonight for Minneapolis.

Ed Eden, of the Lackawanna road, came up from St. Paul this noon.

Dr. C. B. Lemont, of Virginia, is a Duluth visitor today.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Roberts, of Minneapolis, are visiting here.

E. D. Johnson, of Calumet, is in the city today to buy a bill of lumber for the Calumet and Hecla Mining company. He is at the Spalding.

Joseph Miksak will go to Chicago this afternoon.

F. S. Colvin, the Biwibik pulp wood harvester, is at the St. Louis.

County Attorney M. O. Aubolee, of Lake county, came down from Two Harbors this noon.

R. M. Bowler came up from Minneapolis this morning. He is registered at the Spalding.

Arthur Thompson will leave on this afternoon's Omaha train for Chicago.

Mrs. W. L. Honnold, of Ely, left today for a trip to California.

H. D. Smeed, cashier of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic local office, will leave tonight for a visit at Louisville.

THE PROPORTION.

Shares Held By Owners of "Section 30" Property.

Frank W. Eaton is said to hold the largest interest in the "section 30" property, the title to which was determined by yesterday's decision of the federal supreme court. The interest in the property imputed to Mr. Eaton, aside from any contingent claims the attorneys may have against it, is one-third, while Lon Merritt and the Loustorf estate of Milwaukee, by the same authority, are accredited with each owning eight thirty-seconds and Richard H. Fagan with six thirty-sixths.

SURPLUS.

First National Shows a Large One at Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National bank was held this afternoon. There was no change in the directorate, the following directors all being re-elected: A. M. Marshall, A. D. Thomson, L. Mendenhall, A. B. Wolvin, A. C. Jones, T. J. Davis, A. L. Ordean, Duluth; Frederick Weyerhaeuser, St. Paul; John H. Barker, Michigan City, Ind.; Louis W. Hill, St. Paul.

After the directors had been elected, they were to meet this afternoon and elect officers. The present officers were to be returned without change, as follows. A. L. Ordean, president; J. H. Dight, cashier; W. S. Bishop, assistant cashier; C. D. Shepard, second assistant cashier.

The First National bank at the present time has the magnificent surplus of $168,000. There is but one bank in the state, the First National of St. Paul, that can show a larger surplus. It is the policy of the present management of the bank to build up a large surplus, as it increases the value of the stock, and adds to its resources, and to its standing as a sound financial institution.

THE COUNTY'S FUNDS.

County Board of Audit Shows Money on Hand.

The county board of auditing has made an extensive report on the condition of county finances which was filed today.

The report shows that the county has a cash balance of $208,164.66 and that the deposits in banks amount to $295,877.22 apportioned among various banking institutions as follows:

American Exchange bank of New York	$ 10,856 63
American Exchange bank of New York	6,292 84
First National of Duluth	58,210 37
American Exchange National of Duluth	57,329 40
Commercial Bank of Duluth	9,513 28
State bank of Tower	7,884 45
Exchange bank of Ely	3,862 10
Lumbermen's and Miners' bank of Ely	11,021 46
Farmers' Loan and Trust company of New York	12,531 25
Bank of Biwabik	4,650 46
Bank of Ely	12,860 41
First National bank of Eveleth	10,867 57

BEER COOLER.

Wagner Claims Posch Has Infringed His Patent.

St. Paul, Jan. 14.—Judge Lochren and a jury are trying the suit of William A. Wagner against Joseph A. Posch. The plaintiff lives in Duluth and claims to be the inventor of a beer cooling device, a patent for which he alleges has been infringed by the defendant.

PERSECUTED.

Beaumont Banker Says His Troubles Are Caused By Enemies.

Kansas City, Jan. 14.—J. P. Withers, president of the American National bank, of Beaumont, Tex., until recently, is at the Midland hotel in the custody of a United States marshal, who placed him under arrest last Saturday upon a charge of forgery of about $25,000 worth of notes and $9000 worth of stock of the First National bank, of Howe. His arrest here was upon a warrant issued by the United States commissioner in Beaumont.

Mr. Withers is registered at the hotel as "John P. Withers and one." He is in a room with a deputy marshal. At an early hour this morning he said: "There is no shortage in the bank and the charges against me are technical. I organized the bank a year ago and was its president. We had some difficulty and I withdrew from the bank three weeks ago. Several months ago I had trouble with another banker who runs a bank in Sherman, Tex. He had it in for me for political reasons, and I got a letter a few days ago informing me that the state bank examiner had been requested to make an investigation of the affairs of the American National, and that the investigation had been instituted by my enemy. I got telegrams from four directors of the bank today who tell me that there is no shortage and they have the best feeling toward me."

GORMAN

Elected as U. S. Senator By Maryland Legislature.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 14.—Arthur Pue Gorman was today elected United States senator to succeed George L. Wellington. The total vote was: Gorman (Dem.), 68; Jackson (Rep.), 52. The vote for senator in the senate, was: Gorman, 17; Jackson 9. In the house: Gorman, 51; Jackson, 43.

The legislature in joint session today re-elected Murray A. Vandiver, (Dem.), state treasurer for two years. The total vote was: Vandiver, (Dem.), 69; Schrock (Rep.), 50; D. K. Thomas, (Dem.), 1. Two Republicans voted for Vandiver.

IN LEGION OF HONOR.

Paris, Jan. 14.—John H. Harjes, the American banker, has been promoted to the rank of officer of the legion of honor, and H. S. Bisbing, the American painter, and John C. Kane the American banker, have been appointed chevaliers of the legion of honor.

"Wanted—Help," "Wanted," is 1 cent a word—15 cents minimum charge.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Gust Anderson and Lizzie Tubela.

Francis H. Walker and Minnie Fox.

BIRTHS.

LUSTER—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Luster, 1619 East First street, on Jan. 8.

DEATHS.

RUDOLPH—Richard Rudolph died Jan. 13 at St. Mary's hospital. Funeral arrangements have not been made. Chicago and Superior newspapers please copy.

PETERSON—John Peterson, of Thirtieth avenue west and Third street, was found dead in his log in Winness' camp, Pork Bay, Saturday, Jan. 11. The body was brought to Duluth last evening. No funeral arrangements have been announced.

Open day and night. 730 W. SUP. ST. New 'Phone 1256.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers
JOHN FLOOD, Manager. DULUTH, MINN

FUNERAL FLOWERS and Floral Decorations of all descriptions. Fresh Cut Flowers, Potted Plants, Etc. Lowest market prices.
VICTOR HUOT, 223 West Superior Street



We do as we advertise.

Modern dentistry at reasonable prices and no non-graduates employed.

Full Set Best Teeth $10.00

NO CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING WHEN PLATES ARE ORDERED.

Gold Crowns (22-k) $7.00
Porcelain Crowns....$5.00
Gold Filling up from $1.50
Silver Filling up from 75c

Zenith 'Phone 168. Open Sundays 10 to 12.

Drs. Johnson & Kaake,

Plesaba Block, 407 W. Superior St.



The Long Reach Skate, so well known, sold regularly at $4—we now sell for.....$2.75

This Tubler Norwegian Reinhard either in Hockey or Racer, hand made, nickel plated and polished, regular $6, at $4

Full line of Barney & Berry's at bottom prices.

AMERICAN CLUB.



CITY GUN STORE

R. C. KRUSCHKE. 402 W. SUPERIOR ST. We grind skates.

AT WEST DULUTH

The West Duluth Maccabees installed officers last evening, and, contrary to the custom of many of the fraternal lodges, the ceremonies were not open to the public or even to the auxiliary organization of the Maccabees, the Lady Maccabees. It was a misunderstanding as to this latter fact that caused a proposed surprise party for the Maccabees to prove a still greater surprise to the ladies. The Lady Maccabees had laid their plans carefully for a complete surprise, and it was one. They got as far as the door with their load of provender and good will, but that is as far as they could get, for the ceremonies were in progress and the sentinel would not let them in. The ladies were very much put out over the state of affairs, and one of them expressed herself freely this morning regarding the matter. She said:

"The ladies had a delightful time last night at the Great Eastern hall after the proposed surprise on the Maccabees. There was, probably, some misunderstanding, but their efforts did not seem to be appreciated by some of the sir knights. The ladies are rather indignant about it, as they had no further intention than to make the evening a pleasant one for all. It may be that the sir knights did not extend a warmer welcome for fear there was not enough provender to go around, but such fear would have been needless, as we were well supplied. One thing that makes the incident regrettable is that there were a number of visiting Michigan ladies with the Lady Maccabees when they were turned down, and they will carry away a wrong impression of the kindness and courtesy of the other lodge."

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The meetings held last week in the West Duluth Baptist church were so well attended and interest was so manifest that they will be continued every night this week except Saturday evening.

A delightful 1 o'clock dinner party was given yesterday afternoon by Mrs. M. G. Levy in honor of Miss Rose Freimuth and Victorr Kohn, who are to be married soon. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. I. Freimuth, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Sattler, Mrs. J. Manther, of Chicago, and A. Freimuth.

Lawrence Gilley has returned from the range, where he has finished his winter's work.

Fred Potter is down from Chisholm to spend a few days.

Thomas Welch was in West Duluth yesterday on his return from logging operations on the St. Louis river. He says the season has been very favorable thus far for banking logs, and the cut has been very large. The absence of snow is giving some concern for some of the loggers that are depending on the high water in the spring to float the logs on the small streams, who will be unable to get them out unless there is more snow before the break up in the spring.

Mark Neuman and daughter Ruth, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Kastriner, have returned to their home in Chicago.

Charles O'Brien and Walter Kurtz did not leave for the coast yesterday, as they had planned. They have decided to remain in West Duluth until spring.

A few cases of diphtheria are reported in this part of the city.

Lost—Monday afternoon, at the Asbury M. E. church, a purse containing money and papers. A reward of $5 will be paid for its return to Charles Sliger's cigar store or to Spencer's drug store.

MILLIONS.

The "Section 30" Decision Makes Several More Millionaires.

The decision of the court of last resort on the famous "section 30 case," announced in The Herald last night, ends the most romantic bit of litigation the city of Duluth has ever seen. Incidentally, it adds about four millionaires to the list of such people living in Duluth.

The owners of the property, as declared by the supreme court, are Frank W. Eaton, Leonidas Merritt and Richard H. Fagan, of Duluth, and George J. Lonstorf, of Milwaukee, and their holdings amount to an immense sum. They include 320 acres in section 30, 63-11, on the Vermilion range, and those acres include immense deposits of iron ore of the richest quality. Estimates of value cannot readily be made until the property is developed, but estimates given upon it as it stands run well up into the millions, one person guessing $6,000,000 to $8,000,000.

The supreme court, therefore, has made millionaires of all of these men. None of them were poor, but none of them were anywhere near millionaires until yesterday. Last night, when the news got about, a company of Mr. Eaton's friends got out in front of his home on Ramsaba avenue and sent off fireworks to express their pleasure at his good fortune.

All of these genetlemen have had faith in the ultimate success of their claims ,so they received the news calmly.

L. C. Harris, of this city, was attorney for Eaton and Lonstorf, and J. L. Washburn and W. D. Bailey represented Fagan and Merritt. The success of their fight is a great victory for these attorneys, and it is said that their fees for their conduct of the litigation will amount to no small sums.

MILLIONAIRE

Was Impressed Into Service as a Motorman.

New Brunswick, N. J., Jan. 14.—Three young women of Bound Brook, who had missed the last regular trolley for their home rode Sunday morning from New Brunswick to Bound Brook on a special trolley car with a millionaire for a motorman. The millionaire was Edward H. Rodel, secretary and general manager of the Middlesex Somerset Traction company. The girls had attended the theater, intending to return on the midnight car. The time table of the Bound Brook line was changed a few days ago and the midnight car cut off. They awakened Mr. Redel, who took out a car and acted as motorman, saw the young women safely to their homes, and then brought the car back to New Brunswick.

STRAUSS TO FILL VACANCY.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Oscar C. Strauss, of New York, formerly United States minister to Turkey, today was appointed as a permanent member of the committee of arbitration at The Hague. The appointment is to fill the vacancy caused by the death of ex-President Harrison.

Annual Clearance Sale.

Drug Dept.

5c Lavender Flowers put up in boxes at 10c, for 5c.

10c Flavoring Extracts—Chapman & Smith's superfine extracts, full strength, 25c bottles for 10c.

5c Lavender Smelling Salts, 15c bottles for 5c.

10c Dentalbox, a device that saves powder, time and patience—regular price 50c, clearance price 10c.

5c Sanitary Bath Mitts, 25c regular price—on sale at 5c.

5c Rational Tooth Brushes—same style as Prophylactic—15c usually, for 5c.

25c Mirrors—white hand mirrors, French plate glass, sell at 45c—clearance sale price 25c.

25c Complexion brushes—genuine bristle, 35c quality at 25c.

50c May Belle Toilet Water, an imported article that sells at $1.00—for 50c.

15c Dentomyrrh paste for the teeth—regular price 25c—clearance sale price 15c.

15c Nina Face Powder, absolutely pure, regular price 25c—at 15c.

15c Rose Cold Cream for chapped hands and face—25c boxes for 15c.

13c Leithhead's Tooth Pate, sold everywhere at 25c—for 13c.

Clearance Sheet Music.

25c A great deal of our music becomes solled from handling. We use this occasion as the time for selling all such music that we have. We have selected all of the solled music—many of the newest pieces are among them—and will offer 5 copies in a roll for 25c. At our regular price five copies sell for $1.15.

PATON-WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

THE SHIP SUBSIDY

Unity Club Has Lively Discussion of This Topic.

Speakers Do Not Embrace Bounty Scheme Very Warmly.

All Agree That America's Marine Is Not Healthy.

Brilliancy and repartee rather than marked erudition, characterized the discussion of the question of ship subsidies by the Unity club last night. It was freely admitted by most of those speaking on the subject that they hadn't had time to get posted on the subject of the pending bill in congress. But they were familiar with the past of the American foreign merchant marine, and could trace to their own satisfaction and the entertainment of their hearers, the cause leading up to the decline of American salt water shipping. The net result of the discussion might be fairly summed up as a conclusion against ship subsidies as they are proposed in pending legislation. Even City Attorney Mitchell could not admit that he favored the subsidy plan, though he showed that something was wrong with America's position on the high seas. Senator C. O. Baldwin openly charged the protective tariff and other handicaps of unfavorable statutes with the country's fall from maritime supremacy on the high seas, and other speakers seconded his position, in a measure at least.

The attendance, owing to numerous counter attractions, was not so large that the discussion took on a very formal character. Oscar Mitchell opened the discussion by outlining the various plans for building up the American seagoing marine. The general purpose of the Frye bill, he said, was to distribute among the American-built and owned vessels engaged in the foreign trade a sum not exceeding in the aggregate $9,000,000 a year, based on the speed and carrying capacity of the individual tonnage. This distribution was to continue for thirty years. Mr. Mitchell contended that a fair investigation of the question would show that something should be done for the ocean merchant marine. Since 1855 the country has rapidly and steadily receded from its high position on the seas. The foreign trade carried in American-built and owned ships had declined from 33 1-3 per cent in 1789 to 23 per cent in 1870; 14 per cent in 1880, and 14 per cent in 1899, of the total traffic between this and other nations. On the other hand, since 1873, the seagling steam tonnage of four of the principal nations of the world has increased in gross or cargo tonnage capacity as follows: United States only 68 per cent England, 311 per cent Germany, 600 per cent and Norway, 140 per cent. Meantime the nation had experienced a development and prosperity that the world had never known before.

One remedy proposed is the "free ship" measure; another proposed discriminating duties on goods imported in American bottoms. This scheme, which was espoused by Senator Elkins, ran counter to about twenty-five commercial treaties with other countries, and would throw the commercial situation into great confusion. Another proposition would lay a bounty on all exports carried in American bottoms. This, in effect, Mr. Mitchell contended, would practically be paying the Englishman 1 cent a bushel to enable him to buy his wheat of us cheaper than elsewhere. All treaties in existence with other nations also give foreign vessels the same rights as American vessels, and foreign vessels under these treaties could claim the same rights as American tonnage. As a result the bounties required to be paid under this scheme would reach $250,000,000 to $300,000,000 a year.

Mr. Mitchell summarized the reasons for the decline in American-carried commerce on the seas to the claim that the cost of construction in this country was higher than abroad. He said that while American manufacturers are selling locomotives, steel rail and bridges abroad, they are not selling ships, aside from a few instances in which peculiar conditions exist. The materials cost more here and workmen's wages are higher. As to the latter, however, American workmen had a way of overcoming that handicap, and he believed they would do so in this case after they had more experience in shipbuilding. Materials from more because of thed uties imposed by tariff laws. It had been proposed that all duties on materials entering into shipbuilding would be remitted, and if this were done Americans would be able to build ships as cheaply as foreigners. But other handicaps existed in the form of a statute compelling American vessels to provision their ships at a cost of 10 cents a day higher than vessels enrolled under foreign register, and in American seamen's demand for higher wages.

It was estimated that under the pending bill, the first years bounties would amount to $2,000,000 or $3,000,000, but this would eliminate or reduce the present cost of carrying the mails, and if so figured that the total annual cost of the subsidy eventually would be only $7,500,000 a year, instead of $9,000,000. Mr. Mitchell showed that the scheme would place at the service of the nation in time of war a formidable fleet of auxiliary cruisers, the need of which was shown in the late war. Under existing conditions, if a war should break out with one of the great naval powers, this country would be practically penned up within its own shores until a strong navy could be constructed.

However, Mr. Mitchell confessed that he wouldn't begin by giving subsidies. He said he always felt doubtful of the benefits the farmer gets from duties levied on the goods which he wears on his back. There was no question but that something ought to be done, and that nine or ten millions a year should not stand in the way. England, France and Germany pay subsidies, and through this system England has a large fleet of auxiliary cruisers constructed with gun decks always at its command in case of war. While he did not favor the disturbing of the present commercial situation, he had felt that the American policy of protective tariff was distinctly one of isolation, and that the period of isolation was past, for the United States had become a world power. If this government were finally to find that a partnership with ship owners is necessary, a subsidy might be provided for.

Senator Baldwin agreed with Mr. Baldwin that the American foreign merchant marine was a sick man, and needed treatment. But he said, when a man is sick he calls a physician, and that physician diagnoses his case before pushing to prescribe for the patient. So the actual trouble with this foreign carrying question should be ascertained before remedial measures were applied. Mr. Baldwin reviewed the history of the American marine in the foreign carrying trade from the war of 1812, which called Americans into the ocean service, who upon the close of the war began to build vessels and to carry our products to foreign lands. In 1855 American vessels carried over 92 per cent of the commerce between this and foreign countries. In 1857, not so large a percentage was carried in American bottoms, but the investment in American tonnage of $510,000,000 was the largest in the country's maritime history, and the time the most prosperous. This prosperous condition was because we could build wooden ships cheaper than any other nation; because we had an abundance of free materials and were not handicapped by duties. At that time it cost about $30 per ton to build wooden vessels in the United States against $80 in Europe. In 1855 American shipbuilders built 583,000 tons of tonnage and sold to foreigners 65,000 tons because they could do it cheaper than foreigners. About that time steel vessels began to come into common use. American deposits of iron ore had not been discovered; American shipbuilders had no materials, no machinery and no machinery. There was a duty on foreign iron, and Americans could not manufacture as cheaply as other nations. Considering the duty, it cost from 20 to 50 per cent more to manufacture here. Since then, however, iron ore has been discovered here, and we are manufacturing steel as cheaply as other nations and selling its products abroad. The raw material is just as cheap here, and there is no legitimate reason why the ships should not be built as cheaply here. Several years ago, Shipbuilder Cramp said the duty on materials was 30 per cent, and further that the superiority of American labor would more than overcome the handicap of higher wages. Mr. Roach had confirmed this. Within the past two or three years the duty had been largely reduced on materials entering into shipbuilding, and new discoveries of iron ore had cheapened the cost. There was not a shipyard building for the foreign trade that was not overtaxed with work, and the subsidy is not needed.

"Don't give the patient too much medicine, give him air, give him freedom," pleaded Mr. Baldwin. There were still handicaps, however, that should be removed. There was no valid reason why an American vessel disabled in foreign waters and repaired in a foreign port should return home and have to pay to this government one-half the cost of the repairs made in the foreign port. Mr. Baldwin attacked the Frye bill's sliding scale of subsidies based on mileage, and on the ground that both American and foreign owners of tonnage could enjoy its dispensations by building new vessels.

"It is a ridiculous bill," declared Mr. Baldwin. "It takes from one man to give to another. If a man begs at your back door, you call him a tramp; if he begs of the county, he is called a pauper. But if he begs congress for $9,000,000 or $10,000,000, he is a great financier. If you will remove all restrictions against American vessels remove the line for repairs made in foreign ports, empower owners to employ seamen where they may find them, and allow free materials, the building of ships will be stimulated, and we will regain our supremacy on the seas."

In the general discussion that followed, O. H. Simonds' witty comments on the academic character of the discussion created amusement and caller for retaliation by Mr. Baldwin and J. L. Washburn. J. C. Simonds took the position that foreign nations had paid subsidies for yeacs, and while he didn't claim subsidies were needed he wondered why. Mr. Mitchell suggested a possible explanation in the desire of European nations to build up their colonial trade. Mr. Washburn thought possibly because of rivalry of European nations and their ambitions to build up auxiliary navies. Mr. Washburn didn't see any reason for a subsidy here.

Rev. Harry White said it had been proven that under the Frye bill a vessel could sail light to Liverpool and back and make a profit from the subsidy alone, without carrying a pound of freight. He characterized the subsidy plan as a scheme to make the Internation Navigation company a present of $9,000,000 a year.

Among the speakers was Paul Krueger, who contended that the reason Americans were going back to sailing vessels on the seas was because it cost more to build steam vessels here. Malcolm Thompson recalled that fifty years ago living was as cheap here as in the old country, or cheaper, and wages were higher. Now there was no comparison in the relative cost of living here and abroad, even though the cost of producing the articles consumed had greatly decreased.

FIFTH ANNUAL BALL

Given by the MARINE ENGINEERS' BENEFICIAL ASSOCIATION, No. 78, AT THE ARMORY, THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 16, 1902.

La Brosse's Orchestra. Fisher, Prompter.
Tickets $1. Supper will be served in the hall.

MARKS REMOVED.

State Boundary Line Is Being Resurveyed.

Hanover, Pa., Jan. 14.—The surveyors employed jointly by the states of Pennsylvania and Maryland to correct the boundary line as first established by Mason and Dixon, have proceeded with their work as far as Germany township, Adams county, Pa. They report that many of the stones are displaced. The surveyors found one used as a doorsill in a dwelling, another in a church, others down, and some at a considerable distance from the original places. All these stones will be secured and reset in their proper places.

DANISH DEMOCRACY.

Significant Political Victory By Servant Girls.

Copenhagen, Jan. 14.—The servant girls of this city, aided by the Social Democrats have scored an important political victory. The new government bill creating the elective parish councils for church matters excluded servants from the franchise. The domestic immediately organized a strong agitation and compelled the law committee of the folkething to drop the disfranchising clause. The victory gained by the girls is regarded as a remarkable manifestation of the virility of the Danish democracy.

Convinced by Printed Testimony—of the hundreds of the cured, Mrs. Benz, of 418 East 8th street, New York, who was for years a great sufferer from Catarrh, procured two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder and it effected an absolute cure in a very short while. One puff through the blower will clear the head and stop headache. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—8.



STENS KARVO.

The picture of Stens Karvo, murderer of Jacob Mylymaki, was today added to the rogues' gallery at police headquarters. The above picture shows him as he appeared on the afternoon of his arraignment in police court. It is an excellent likeness. His clothing was stained with blood and was taken off to be used as evidence against him. The only clothing he has, aside from that which he is wearing in this picture, is a big ulster. When he entered the photograph gallery to have the picture taken, a police officer told him to take the ulster off. He did it promptly and then laid down on the coat where he dropped it to the floor.

STOP SOO BLOCKADES

Double Track Waterway Between Lakes Superior and Huron.

Plan Receives the Sanction of Vesselmen Generally.

Project Is to Cut New Channel In West Neebish.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—The project for a double-track channel in the Soo passage between Lake Huron and Lake Superior will be pushed before the Lake Carriers' association, which begins its sessions in Detroit Wednesday.

Strong resolutions calling upon the government to make this improvement will be presented and will doubtless be adopted by lake vesselmen in their yearly conference.

The plan is a new one in navigation, but it has received the sanction of vesselmen generally as the only satisfactory solution of the problems in that great waterway.

The project is to cut a new channel in the west Neebish. Then one channel will be used for upbound boats and the other for downbound. The dangers of blockades from collisions of passing ships would be thus done away with.

At present a defective link in a wheelchain may at any time bring the vast volume of Lake Superior business to a standstill in the Soo passage.

If adopted by the government, this will be one of the few double-track waterways that vessels began to come into

By the absorption of the Hanna fleet into the United States Steel corporation, Capt. George P. McKay, treasurer of the association, since its organization and chairman of the committee on aids to navigation, became ineligible to membership on account of having no vessel interests. This will be overcome in some way, and Capt. McKay will be retained as chairman of his committee, as vesselmen are determined not to lose his valuable services through any technicality of the rules. In the way of other offices, it now looks as if J. C. Gilchrist, of Cleveland, would be elected president, and Harvey Brown, of Buffalo, secretary. If, however, no prominent Cleveland vessel-owner will take the place, it will probably go to William Livingstone, of Detroit.

The sentiment among vessel-owners seems to be that the grain shovelers' contract at Buffalo, which has been the cause of more friction than any question combined with the association, will be continued another year. If this is done, Supt. Kennedy will be kept in office. All fear of another strike in the grain trade at Buffalo will be thus averted.

It is not plain what reception the marine engineers will receive in the way of a recognition of their union when they appear before the lake carriers. The prevailing sentiment here is that the committee will be respectfully treated, but the association will be against any movement to "unionize" the ships belonging to its mebers, leaving that question to individual owners to make such terms with their engineers as they deem best.

THE DAKOTAS

Desperate Efforts to Get Rid of a "Blind Pig."

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—Desperate but unsuccessful efforts have been made to get rid of a blind pig at Leola, the county seat of McPherson county. The place was kept by a party named Odenbach. Citizens gathered in force and upset his building, completing wrecking the interior. When the building was turned over a stove set fire to the structure, and the hardest work of the raiders was devoted to putting out and saving the town from disastrous conflagration. Odenbach immediately had his shanty placed right side up and applied to the county commissioners for a license to conduct a saloon. The license was granted and Odenbach holds the fort.

Pierre—Several calls came in the past week for loans from the permanent school fund, but while several counties took portions of cash, none of them wanted a great deal. The greatest amount to any one county was $2,160, which went to Fall River county. Potter county too $1,705, McCok $990, and Lyman $262.

Within the next few weeks the department will send out about 200 patents to purchasers of state lands, who prefer to pay in full for the land they have purchased rather than carry the amount due in the state fund at 6 per cent.

Ice cutting has begun on the river here, although the crop is less than a foot in thickness. This can only be secured at selected places, as the ice on the main channel of the river is not more than six inches thick in many places.

Armour—Charles Mix county will have a January term of court after all. It convenes on Tuesday. Judge Smith was prevailed upon to rescind his order adjourning the term to next June. The calendar was found to be so large that it would be detrimental to litigants, and entail further expense upon the county. There are thirty cases on the calendar, four of which are criminal. The famous cattle stealing case will be up for a hearing again. This is against Cyrus House, William Vincent and M. D. Wilcox, who are charged with stealing cattle from a ranch near Platte. Henry Wastena will be tried for adultery, and the other two are criminal assault cases.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Mandan—J. D. Gates and George Wilson, cattlemen near Steele, N. D., were arrested and brought to Mandan on a charge of assault with dangerous weapons. George Fleck, who resides near here, was keeping 100 cattle for them at co much a head. Wilson and Gates appeared at the ranch and without any conversation with Fleck, began cutting out their cattle. Fleck protested and wanted a settlement, but instead the men drew guns, one of which was shoved in Fleck's face and the other fired over his shoulder. Fleck was frightened and permitted them to take their cattle, but came to town and had the men arrested. The case was tried before Justice Noyes, who bound them over to the district court in the sum of $300 each.

Harvey—Rev. J. E. Jones, pastor of the Congregational church, was invited by unanimous vote to remain another year. Under Mr. Jones' leadership a beautiful new church is being erected.

Hankinson—J. R. Jones, a prominent business man of this town, has been in the hospital with an attack of typhoid fever. He grew better, but recently had a relapse and had to return to the hospital, but it is thought he will soon be on the road to recovery.

Lidgerwood—Mr. Maxwell raised 9,000 bushels of oats from ninety acres last year. He has also recently purchased the creamery at Briton, S. D., and will add the cream of that region to the already large supply for his butter factory at this place.

Forman—Nine hundred transfers of property have been made in Sargent county, with 450 mortgages recorded. Land values have doubled in a year. Many buyers from Iowa and southern Minnesota have been picking up all the suitable farms and many new settlers are expected in the spring. Jacob Forsyth, of Benson, Minn., has bought several farms. Mr. Munger, of St. Paul, sold all his land holdings last year for $35,000. He is now buying again.

Wahpeton—W. I. Crafts, of this place, has left for an extended stay in Alberta. He has invested in land sixty miles east of Edmonton, and has induced several Richland county men to buy there.



MASTER SPECIALIST.

Beware of Imitators.

Let no one be deceived by ignorant imitators or pretenders, who seek to imitate our methods and copy our advertisements. None of them possess our new and original treatment for men, which can only be obtained at our office

We cure stricture without cutting or dilating, thus avoiding the horrors of surgery

STRICTURE!

Our original and strictly modern treatment cures this distressing ailment without surgical interference. It is the only treatment that should ever be used and the only one recommended by legions of men who have recently been cured by it. It acts immediately and directly upon the stricture, dissolving it completely and dislodging all diseased tissues which comes away in strips or shred-like fibres, allaying all irritation and inflammation, and leaving the canal entirely free from all obstructions and in a sound, healthy condition.

We also cure to stay cured by our combined Electro-Medical Treatment **Syphilitic Blood Poison, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Rupture, Varicocele, Kidney and Urinary diseases** and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. **Consultation** in person or by letter is absolutely **Free and Confidential,** and we give to each person a **LEGAL CONTRACT** to hold for our promises. If you cannot call, write us today.

REFERENCES: Best Banks and Leading Business Men of this City

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association

No. 1 W. Superior Street, Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

GLASS TRUST

Must Face Fight By Corporation With Big Capital.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—War is to be declared on "the glass trust" by a newly organized corporation called the Great Western Glass compny. Its incorporation papers, issued on Saturday at Springfield, call for a capitalization of $1,000,000, all of which is said to have been taken by local and Western men. The headquarters will be in this city, its plants within the borders of the state, work on the erection of which will begin within four weeks.

The output of the company is to be plate and window glass, the chief product of the combination headed by the Pittsburg Plate Glass company, which is now ruling the market. Its promoters have not been made public, but John T. Richards, an attorney at 140 Dearborn street, the legal representative, stated yesterday all had been at some time engaged in the manufacturing of glass and glassware.

The utmost secrecy has been employed to keep the members of "the trust" in ignorance as to the intended plan. When the names of the incorporators were made public on Saturday it was found they were lawyers, either connected with or friendly to the firm of which J. T. Richards, is a member. They are as follows:

Cairns, George O., of Whittens & Cairns, 125 La Salle street.

Matthews, J. Scott, with J. T. Richards, 140 Dearborn street.

Dupee, Eugene, with J. T. Richards, 140 Dearborn street.

These men claim to be in total ignorance of the plans of the company.

"In ten days the organization will be completed," said Mr. Richards, the only man willing to disguss the matter. "The officers will be elected and the stockholders will be made public. Every share of the stock has either been taken or spoken for, and all by men who are well acquainted with the situation. They are Chicago men, almost to a unit.

"They are organized to fight what is known as 'the trust,' and have enough money back of them to insure success. The work will be that of manufacturing and selling plate and window glass, the products now controlled by certain interests. We may go into the manufacture of fancy glassware, but not at present. We will begin to fight 'the trust' immediately and get out our products as soon as possible. We will go into every market. We have the capital to do it and we mean business."

The company applied for a charter about two weeks ago under the name of the Chicago Plate Glass company, but the papers were returned with the statement that such a company was already in existence.

The news of a rival company came as a surprise to the local officials of the Pittsburg Plate Glass company. They denied that any combination that can be termed a trust now exists and assert in the present market is too chaotic to permit of successful competition.

"I cannot understand it," said George F. Kimball of the Pittsburg company. "I do not see why they should enter the field now when prices are so uncertain and so demoralized. The glass field is not an inviting one at present, and few of the companies are making money. All threats of cutting are nonsense."

DESCHANEL RE-ELECTED.

Paris, Jan. 14.—The chamber of deputies resumed its session today. Paul Deschanel was re-elected president of the house without opposition. The senate also re-assembled today and adjourned until Thursday, when the election of its officers will take place.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP IS SURE

Cures all Throat and Lung Affections. Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

GO TO ROME.

Polish Priests to Ask Pope For Representation.

Milwaukee, Jan. 14.—Father Kruszka, of Ripon, is in this city en route for Rome, where he will form one of a committee to call the attention of the pope to the wish of the Polish Catholics to have a Polish bishop coadjutor for each archdiocese in the United States. Father Kruszka will meet Father Pitas, of Buffalo, in that city. The two members of the committee will choose a layman to accompany them on their mission. The petition will first be laid before the propaganda of the faith of which Cardinal Ledochowski is the head. After the propaganda has considered the question it will be laid before Pope Leo. The petition is for the appointment of a bishop coadjutor for every archdiocese containing over 80,000 Polish Catholics. If granted there will be seven such bishop appointees, as follows: Milwaukee, Chicago, Buffalo, Detroit, Baltimore and St. Paul.

KILLED BY CIGARETTES.

Young Man Who Held Record For Smoking.

St. Joseph, Mich., Jan. 14.—Arthur Frazee, a resident of this city until recently, died at Alexandria, Ind., yesterday. Frazee claimed to hold the cigarette smoking championship of St. Joseph. It is reported that smoking was the cause of his death. Mr. Frazee claimed he averaged thirty cigaretics a day. He had been a constant cigarette smoker for twelve years. Frazee was taken ill three times in the last five years, and twice it was feared he could not recover. Each time he said he would quit smoking, but did not.

TEN BARRELS A DAY.

Denver, Jan. 14.—A dispatch from Debeque, Col., says that oil is flowing at the rate of ten barrels a day from a well there that has reached a depth of only 615 feet. The oil is illuminant with a paraffine base.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Waranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

STAG CHOP HOUSE.

J. J. WALL. 310 W. SUPERIOR ST

DR. EVANS' Penetrating Counter-Irritant

For Dyspepsia, Diarrhoe, Cholic, Appendicitis, Rheumatism, Eczema, Diphtheria, Kidney Trouble, Lame Back, Sore Throat. For sale by all druggists.

Read what other people say about it:

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 8, 1902.

I have used Dr. Evans' Penetrating Counter-Irritant for neuralgia and sprains and cannot recommend it to the public too highly. N. F. RUSSELL, Of firm of Bridgeman & Russell, Duluth.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 7, 1902.

Have used Dr. Evans' Counter-Irritant for a severe cold and sore throat and found instant relief. Its work is wonderful. Respectfully yours, C. A. DAY, Famous Shoe Store, Duluth.

20 PER CENT OFF

From now to Jan. 13, when I leave for the Merchant Tailors' National Convention at Norfolk, Va., all winter weight business Suits and Overcoats will be sold at a reduction of 20 per cent.

M. L. PARKER.

ROCK CUT IS WANTED

The West End People Want Piedmont Avenue Widened.

West Duluth People Ask a Tunnel Beyond Missabe Docks.

Fight Over Opposing Demands Averted By Adjournment.

The council last night:

Considered big Piedmont avenue rock cut.

Called for West Duluth water plant estimate.

Censured Zenith Telephone company's report.

Censured the street cleaning department.

Considered appropriation for new library.

Considered the proposed Fond du Lac road.

Endorsed national criminal identification.

Considered scheme for location of streets.

A breezy light between West End and West Duluth aldermen gave the council meeting a romping streak of interest last night.

The people of the West End are anxious that the point of rocks should be blasted away in such manner as to widen Piedmont avenue between Michigan and Superior streets about twenty-eight feet. The estimated cost is $12,000.

The people of West Duluth, desiring better street car service, are enthusiastic over a plan that the viaduct at the Missabe ore docks should be replaced with an open tunnel, the cost of which has not been ascertained.

Both these improvements are to come from the permanent improvement fund, which at present has a balance of $15,344. This will be wiped out when the city's portion of the Michigan and Superior street paving contracts are paid and when the city pays its share of the Garfield avenue viaduct.

In order to reimburse this the aldermen have passed an ordinance anticipating next year's permanent improvement levy by issuing $15,000 certificates of indebtedness against it. Even at that there will scarcely be enough money in the fund to pay for the rock cut and the open tunnel.

The West Enders pushed their claim last night, and the West Duluthians plainly saw that their hopes for an improved street car service would go glimmering if the West End won.

Alderman Barnes was in a predicament. About half of his constituents favored the West End scheme and the other half favored the West Duluth side.

Mr. Barnes urged that action on the rock cut should be postponed till an estimate on the open tunnel project should be received from the city engineer, saying that it might be possible to work both measures through together.

Alderman Olson of the Sixth ward moved the confirmation of the contract let by the board of public works to Zimmerman & Thomas for widening Piedmont avenue. Alderman Frank Schaefer supported him in a strong speech, and it looked as if the fight of the year was on hand.

Alderman Neff, however, eased things off with a motion to adjourn, saying that a week's though would be a good thing, where so many delicate subjects and so much feeling was involved. His suggestion was acted on.

* * *

Alderman Cochrane, of the Eighth ward, introduced a resolution calling on the city engineer to report an estimate of acquiring the West Duluth water plant by condemnation.

Speaking in support of this resolution, Mr. Cochrane said the people of West Duluth were anxious for the benefits of the lower water rates enjoyed by the people of Duluth, and that they were convinced that the only way to get the plant at a proper price was by condemnation. The vote in favor of Alderman Cochrane's resolution was unanimous.

* * *

The committee on auditing secured the adoption of a resolution calling on the Zenith City Telephone company to make a comprehensive and detailed statement of the cost of constructing its plant and its general business. The committee report censured the company, saying that it had not complied with the spirit or the letter of its franchise in making its semi-annual reports. The city comptroller was requested to have the books of the company audited.

* * *

A resolution was introduced appropriating $1500 for furniture for the new Carnegie library and about $500 for fixing up the library grounds, but under the rules regulating the appropriation of money, the resolution went over one week.

* * *

Alderman Moore of the First ward, introduced a resolution calling on the department of public works to have Superior street cleaned from Third avenue east to Eighth avenue west. It was adopted unanimously with a few side shots at the board of public works.

* * *

Alderman Cochrane, by request, introduced a resolution authorizing the department of public works to advertise for bids for the building of the proposed New Duluth and Fond du Lac road. Then, at Mr. Cochrane's request, it was laid on the table where it may be called up at any time there is an opportunity to get it through.

* * *

At the request of Mayor Hugo a resolution was adopted endorsing the bill now pending before congress to establish a national bureau of identification of criminals.

* * *

Thomas J. Davis made an important suggestion to the council, which may be acted on later. He called attention to the fact that the manufacturers of cement sidewalks were making permanent advertisements for themselves by having their names in every piece of walk laid. He suggested that this practice be stopped and that the names of streets and avenues be imprinted in the cement walks at every corner.

Headache

Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.



A CONTRAST

Of the face of a healthful woman with the face of one who is sick proves that quite often a sad face is a sick face. Many a woman has credit for a sunny disposition who would soon be sad of face and irritable of temper if she had to endure the womanly ills which many of her sex have borne for years.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures the diseases which are the source of so much pain and suffering to women. It establishes regularity, dries debilitating drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

Mrs. Cornelia Henson, of Coalton, Boyd Co., Ky., writes: "In October 1899 I gave birth to a baby and the treatment I received at the hands of the midwife left me with falling of the uterus. I had no health to speak of for three years. I had another baby which was the third child. My health began to fail and I found myself completely worn out. I had so many pains and aches my life was a burden to me and also to all the family, for I was nervous and cross and I could not sleep. Had four doctors come to see me but at last found I was slowly dying. The doctors said I had liver, lung and uterine trouble. I was in bed for months and when I did get up I was a sight to behold. I looked like a corpse walking about. I commenced to take Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription, 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pellets,' and ever since then I have been a well woman. I have suffered all a woman could suffer at my monthly period until since I began the use of Dr. Pierce's medicines, but now I can say I have no pain. The dark circles around my eyes are going away and I feel better in every way. My cheeks are red and my skin is white, but before it was as yellow as saffron."

Accept no substitute for "Favorite Prescription" there is nothing just as good for weak and sick women.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are easy and pleasant to take. A most effective laxative.

NEW ENGINES.

The Missabe Road Will Probably Buy Some Big Ones.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway will probably buy two or three new 80-ton switching engines like the large ones in use for a number of years between the yards at Proctorknott and the ore docks. The road sold six of its small road engines to the "Three-I" road, the Chicago belt line recently absorbed by the Lake Shore road. It is the intention not to dispense with these engines until stronger bridges could be put in on the main line, so that much larger road engines can be used, but new switch engines will no doubt be bought. The present type of road engines haul fifty-five loaded ore cars, which is just about a trailload for the large switch engines coming down the hill. With an 80-ton road engine the number of loaded cars of ore in a train hauled from the mines to the yards could be increased to seventy. This is an improvement, however, that will go over until new bridges are put in on the main line.

Satin Skin Cream nourishes away wrinkles, blemishes, gives lovely complexion, satin skin. 25c.

AMUSEMENTS.

"RICHARD CARVEL."

Andrew Robson is still ill, and he did not appear with his company at the Lyceum last night in the performance of "Richard Carvel." Yet, not knowing how clever an actor Mr. Robson is, probably nine-tenths of the large audience was not disturbed by the change of having an understudy in the leading role, for considering the circumstances that understudy, Theodore Friebus did remarkably well.

The play is a very satisfactory dramatization of Winston Churchill's famous book of the same name which sold so many hundreds of thousands of copies. The dramatization is by Edward E. Rose. He has done much of this sort of work and has done it well, and while perhaps he is not up to the highest point in "Carvel" he is not far from it. As many of the thronging incidents of the thrilling story is well woven, with an admiring story as could be possibly crowded into four acts are given and the story is well covered. The third admirable third act. The only fault that might be found would be that that climax did not leave enough interest to run into the last act. The fourth act was by no means wearisome, for it was a pretty little comedy of itself, but it would have been much stronger if there had been some of the tangles of the story brought over to be straightened out. To be sure, Richard and Dorothy must be finally mated, but there is so little doubt about how that is going to come out that it is hardly sufficient to fasten that fourth act to the rest of the play.

But taking it all I all, it was a very pretty play, and not in any sense disappointing to the readers of the books. The cast was shifted a good deal by the illness of Mr. Robson, and undoubtedly this detracted somewhat from the smoothness of the performance. Mr. Friebus, while not in appearance an ideal Richard Carvel, being somewhat too stiff at times, made on the whole very satisfactory work of the part, and his reception was a warm one. Several curtain calls were given him, and they were well earned. He entered into the part with a proper amount of dash and spirit, and in the climax to the third act when, taunted by the friends of the duke of Chartersea, who are seeking his destruction, he gives them the toast "Lexington," he rose to a height that came little short of being splendid, and that won for him repeated bursts of applause and three curtain calls. In spite of a slight stumbling over his lines, which will be forgiven when it is known that when Mr. Robson was taken ill he had to read the part one night and memorize it before the next, he conducted himself with such grace, fineness and spirit that he won a warm place in the hearts of the audience.

Ruth Berkley, as Dorothy Manners, was possessed of a way that won consideration for her, but she did not develop the strength and force that the character demanded. In the quieter situations she was excellent, but she was somewhat disappointing in the incidents where her part called for a display of emotion that would be an excellent opportunity for some actors. Conrad Cantzen played Mr. Friebus' old part of Jack Comyn, and he did it well. J. A. King took Mr. Cantzen's place as the Rev. Bennett Allen, and he gave to the role of this reverent scoundrel a youthful and innocent manner that was rather bad. Percival T. Moore doubled as Grafton Carvel and Charles Fox, and in the latter part he was very good indeed. Irving Williams was excellent as the cynical, sarcastic Walpole, Arthur W. Bentley gave the role of Capt. John Paul, afterwards the hero of the Bon Homme Richard, an excellent presentation, properly fiery and touchy. William McVay was good as the duke of Chartersea, in which part he was sufficiently gross and brutal. Mabel Wright as Patty Swain was excellent, indeed. She was coquettish and piquant and full of life. The remainder of the company was equal to its work, and allowing for the disturbances caused by Mr. Robson's illness, the performance was generally well-balanced and pleasing.

RELIEF IS DISTANT

Jobbers Do Not Hope For Removal of Freight Discrimination.

It Is Feared That Hill Is Not Free to Act.

West Pays Same as Atlantic For Western Shipments.

Duluth jobbers do not look for any extensive reductions in west-bound Pacific coast freight rates in the immediate future. It was thought for a time that the annual checking up of north coast west-bound freight rates, which is now in progress, might result in the Middle-Western freight territory getting a relatively better basis of rates on jobbing commodities consigned to coast points. Before the so-called merger, the Burlington road was degarded by some as an accidental factor in the maintaining of west-bound tariffs in many instances as high from Duluth and the Twin Cities, as from the Atlantic seaboard to the same points.

The Sunset route, as the Huntington system (or, as it is now termed, the Harriman system), has always been charged with being a primary cause of this discrimination against the shippers of the Middle-Western territory. The Southern Pacific insisted on making freight rates from the Atlantic seaboard as low as rates from the Middle West, or rather insisted that rates from the Middle West should not be reduced below the tariff from the Atlantic seaboard which had previously been placed in effect by itself. Through the medium of threats to retaliate on the roads whose traffic originates in the Middle Western territory, or by other means, the Sunset route succeeded in maintaining this discrimination against the jobbers of the Middle West. It was the current comment that the Burlington road was used as a check by the South coast road. Consequently, when the Burlington road came into the control of James J. Hill, through the merger, it was thought that the Northern Pacific coast roads would be in a better position to assert their rights in this regard.

However, it now seems to be the expectation that there will be no immediate results in any decided degree at least. Some think that the holdings of the Harriman crowd in Northern Pacific, and through it in the Northern Securities company, will prevent Mr. Hill from choosing this as an opportune time to base freights from the Middle Western territory to Upper Pacific coast points in a larger sense on relative distances and thus reduce the discriminations against the Western jobbers. At any rate, it seems to be the accepted impression that as a result of the combined probable opposition of Harriman and the uncertainty into which opposition to the merger in the Northwest has thrown him, Mr. Hill is not now free to act as he would like.

So, it is now expected that at the meeting called to be held at Portland Feb. 18, action on the checked-up freight rate sheets from Middle Western points to North Pacific coast points, there will be no exceptionally large cuts in freight rates. Duluth jobbers are confidently looking for the roads to include in their published tariffs various commodities which have not been listed before. These articles have always hitherto been figured on the Western Freight association classification. Nevertheless, special rates have been made by the Northern roads, because of the manifest injustice of that classification when applied to traffic carried over the Northern roads. But Duluth jobbers want these commodities included in the classification of the rate sheets of the Northern roads, so that they will always know what to figure on as the freight charge on a certain article. For instance, Duluth jobbers have filed an application to have classified in the Northern freight sheets twenty-five articles of hardware that now have to be figured from the Western Freight association classification, which practically determines the rate of freight they shall take.

There is some doubt as to whether the Portland meeting will be held on the date fixed, owing to the uncertainty existing as to what action the Western Freight association meeting, now being held in New Orleans, will take as to re-classification. This association is considering the advisability of advancing certain commodities from one class to a higher class, and also of increasing the car minimum from 20,000 to 24,000 pounds. Both of these actions, if taken, would on the whole have a tendency to advance freight charges in Western territory. The Duluth west-bound roads are well-equipped with cars of large carrying capacity, but several of the systems belonging to the association are not so fortunate. So a shipper should load a car that would carry only 20,000 or 21,600 pounds under a rate requiring a minimum of 24,000 pounds, he would almost inevitably have to pay for 24,000 pounds instead of on the actual weight of the carload. Some roads make rebates covering these overweights, but they are not supposed to do so when acting under an agreement covering car minimums. The Northern roads may have to await the result of the Western Freight association deliberations, for the reasons that have always existed prevented Western jobbers from getting what they consider is justly due them.

SHIP ALL RAIL.

Coal For Northwest Coming In That Way.

Duluth coal shipments to points via St. Paul are very light. Supplies of bituminous coal on dock here are sufficient to take care of the demand in what is known as strictly Duluth territory to the West, but owing to the high freights prevailing on the lakes last season the wholesale coal companies found they could ship all rail into territory covered from St. Paul as cheaply as if the coal had been handled by lake to Duluth and thence by rail.

Coal men complain that the local trade for anthracite coal continues very dull, because of the open winter, even in the face of the recent cold weather.

DEAD IN HIS CAR.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Jan. 13.—A. P. Hooker, an American express messenger for thirty years, was found dead in his car when the Michigan Central train from Chicago arrived here at 4 o'clock this morning. He had died while the train was between Chicago and Kalamazoo. Mr. Hooker leaves a family in Buffalo.

The Liver Is Seldom Healthy

While Coffee is the daily drink.

DOCTORS RECOMMEND POSTUM

No Time Like The Present

TO ORDER A CASE OF

Blatz BEER

MILWAUKEE.



"Let the toast pass;
"Drink to the lass.

After the bridal tour come those happy days of "receiving" at the little home. 'Tis then that BLATZ BEER "and great welcome makes a merry feast." It is a most pleasing beverage for all occasions.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE

(Non-Intox.) Tonic. All druggists or direct

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.

Duluth Branch, Phone 62.

BONDS GOOD.

Bonds to Extend Gas and Water to Woodland Upheld.

The city won out in the test case recently instituted to determine the validity of the proposed issue of $60,000 worth of bonds to increase the construction fund of the water and light department.

Yesterday the supreme court handed down a decision proclaiming the fact that the council could, without submitting the proposition to the people, issue bonds extending the water system providing no one issue should be over $100,000.

This means that the bonds will be converted into money now with all possible haste and the work of extending the water and gas service to Woodland will be taken up in the early spring.

BOARD WOULD SETTLE.

Settlement of Radcliffe & Willoughby Claim Proposed.

At a meeting of the library board last evening the following resolutions were adopted, which will probably settle the dispute with Radcliffe & Willoughby, architects for the Carnegie library, as originally accepted by the library board, but whose plans were later rejected.

"Resolved, that in case City Attorney Mitchell shall advise this board in writing so to do, he, the said city attorney, accordance with a resolution of this board adopted in 1901, be and is hereby authorized and empowered to settle in full the claim of Radcliffe & Willoughby against this board for plans and specifications furnished by them for the Carnegie library building, for the sum of $750; provided, and provided only, that such settlement can be made within five days from this date.

"Resolved further, that in case the said city attorney shall find that he can effect such settlement on the above terms, the president and secretary of this board be and are hereby authorized to draw an order on the building fund of the public library for the said sum of $750, and deliver the same to the said city attorney for the purpose above stated."

IN THE LEAD.

Duluth Far Ahead on McKinley Memorial Contributions.

St. Paul, Jan. 14.—In connection with the amounts raised in Minnesota for the McKinley memorial fund, it is said that Duluth has given more than St. Paul and Minneapolis combined. Great interest has been manifested throughout the state, and especially in the country districts.

State Superintendent J. W. Olsen will in a few days issue a circular letter calling upon all school superintendents and teachers to hold memorial exercises on Jan. 29, which is to be observed throughout the country generally as McKinley day.

The superintendent, in his letter, will suggest that the pupils be asked to contribute a few cents each to help erect the proposed McKinley monument at Canton.

The superintendent limits the amount of these subscriptions to 10 cents for each pupil and 25 cents for each family, in order that no child shall be embarrassed by not being able to contribute as much as his classmates.

Mr. Olsen feels that Minnesota should not be behind the other states of the Union in this respect, and is confident that the appeal will be responded to with enthusiasm and will result in Minnesota contributing its just share to the nation's tribute to its martyred president.

It is likely that an especial effort will be made in the Twin Cities to raise a goodly sum for this purpose, as neither city has thus far contributed as much to the memorial fund as had been expected.

Let us speak of man as we find him,
And censure only what we can see,
Remembering that no one can be perfect
Unless he uses Rocky-Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

FIRE AT STILLWATER.

A Number of People Had Narrow Escapes.

Stillwater, Minn., Jan. 14.—A fire yesterday destroyed the dry goods store of Peterson, Papineau & Co. and a number of people had a narrow escape from death. The plate glass windows were blown out by an explosion. Miss Lizzie Harbach was struck by pieces of the plate glass while walking along the street just as the explosion came. She sustained an ugly cut on the left hip and was bruised about the body.

A dozen employes of the store had narrow escapes from being smothered and otherwise injured several of them were in the basement.

The fire started in the basement in some cotton batting, and an explosion of terrific violence followed.

The entire stock of goods was damaged by fire and water. The loss will not exceed $10,000.

TRIANGLE DEBATE

Small Audience Heard Arguments By Bede, Stewart and Caton.

O. W. Stewart, Prohibitionist, Argued All Around Opponents.

Democratic and Republican Champions Kept Busy Answering.

It was quite evident from the small audience at the Armory last evening that there were other things rather more attractive to the people of this city than a political debate, but those that did hear the speeches were well entertained for about two hours.

The meeting held last evening was one in the series of triangular debates that is being held at a number of the principal cities of the state, in which J. Adam Bede attempts to convince his audience that it is with the Republican party that the citizen should cast his vote, Professor T. J. Caton, of Minneapolis, as earnestly represents the Democratic party, and Oliver W. Stewart, chairman of the national organization of the Prohibition party, presented the argument of the party that he represents.

Mr. Stewart was the first speaker and for twenty minutes he gave a very forceful talk setting forth arguments why a citizen should vote with the Prohibition party. So strong was the argument that in the twenty minutes allotted each of the other speakers, they took most of the time in attempting to answer Mr. Stewart.

In substance, Mr. Stewart's argument was as follows: Nobody will deny that drunkenness is abroad in the land. Nobody will deny that this would be a better, a happier, a more prosperous nation if there were no drunkenness. Drunkenness is an industrial curse and the saloon has become a constant menace to property and happiness. Drunkenness is a great social curse. Examples are everywhere. The saloonkeeper, because of his business, is barred from even secret societies and the church. There are only two places where he is made to feel at home and those places are at the Republican and Democratic primaries.

If, then, drunkenness is a curse and a harm, the business of making drunkenness is a bad business and it is a bad thing for anybody to be in a business that will bring about this harm. There is no logic in the reasoning of some that even if the results are bad, there must be some good in the saloons. The saloon has no moral right to existence. The government must have some attitude toward this evil. The government says to a horse thief, a murderer, a pickpocket, etc., are outlaws. If a person is engaged in a practice that benefits, the government will protect, but if the practice is injurious, the government will outlaw.

The sentiment of the Prohibition party is not to say to a man: "You shall not drink a glass of beer; but to say to the manufacturer of liquor: "Thou shalt not make it."

Mr. Stewart summed up his argument with the conclusion that the government that licenses men to make drunkenness is in bad business and the man that supports that kind of a government is in a bad business. Therefore the voter should cast his vote with the Prohibition party and help bring about a condition when the "bad business" will be abolished.

"I believe," said he, "that an outlawed saloon will do less harm than a licensed and protected saloon."

Mr. Caton opened his speech by asserting that in the debaters of the evening the audience had an example of three men who were total abstainers from liquor and tobacco. He said that the old saying that wise people sometimes changed their minds, but fools never, bore out his statement that the people of Duluth had the pleasure of listening to three wise men, for each had changed his political coat, perhaps, several times. Mr. Caton's defense of his party, the Democratic party, was not as strong as had been expected, and when in his closing speech he threw a few bouquets at the Republican party, he said that his remarks were gratis, for Mr. Bede had not said much for his party. It is understood that the speaker's course was in accordance with an agreement that while the speakers are in the district where Mr. Bede is a candidate for congressional honors they will be easy with him on account of his aspirations.

Mr. Caton declared that there must be parties to run this government, and that according to Mr. Stewart's notion he would make this country a kingdom.

"My view of government," said he, "is that it is a crystalized reflex of the minds that control it. If one condemns the government, he condemns the people that control the government."

Mr. Caton took serious exception to Mr. Stewart's claim of complicity of the government in the liquor business, and argued at some length in refutation. He said one of the strongest proofs that there was no question of complicity was that the courts of the country would not for a moment even consider such a proposition. After denying that the government is in collusion with the liquor traffic, Mr. Caton held that the government cannot stop the manufacture of it.

"The Democratic party," said he, "has something of a reputation as a prohibition party, for if it does not believe in putting down the traffic one way, it would get rid of it in another way." (Laughter.)

This is a country, he held, where the majority must rule, therefore the Democratic and Republican parties would have a licensed traffic. The Prohibition party is the weaker party, but if there was ever a time when it would become dangerous to the other parties, the politicians of the other parties would go into the third party with the sole purpose of controlling it and disarming it. Mr. Caton said the assimilation would be about the same as that of the Populist party with the Democrats. The Democratic party greased and swallowed the Populists, and that was the last heard of them.

In the line of Mr. Caton's argument there is no such thing as an unmixed evil. Every useful thing can be put to corrupt uses. Our government does not undertake to say what a man shall do, but under it a man may do as he pleases, so long as he does not do something that is expressly forbidden by law.

Mr. Caton gave a logical history of the Democratic party during the earlier period of the country and brought it down to the present time.

J. Adam Bede, the Republican party representative, spoke last and, as usual, he was ready with an abundance of wit and humor and stories to help entertain while he argued. He started in by saying that he was glad to bring "these two boys to Duluth, because they are both hot tamales." Mr. Bede characterized his opponents as theorists while himself he designated as "the only real thing." Mr. Bede also held the need of but two parties in this government. The Democratic party, he held, has lost its prestige, but it will get lined up again and will be found leaning toward the old principle of state's rights, while the Republican party will ever be found on the side of a strong, central government. Mr. Bede's line of argument against the Prohibition party was that it was an unnecessary party, that prohibition can be had practically without the party. As a general proposition the man that is fit to vote is fit to control his personal habits; if not he had better get off the earth. The prohibition advocate holds that we should begin at the top and wipe out the liquor traffic, but in that the speaker differs, and holds that the beginning should be made at the bottom For example, Booker T. Washington has done more for the colored people than the fifteenth amendment. The influence of the mother and the home will do more to protect the boy than a constitutional amendment.

The Republican party is a party to be proud of for what it has accomplished, the abolition of slavery, the giving to the country of Abraham Lincoln, the destruction of polygamy and the establishment of a sound currency.

Mr. Bede outlined the processes by which this country got rid of empires on the American continent and traced its influence and benefits to other lands outside the continent.

The class of people, said he, that criticize the line of action of the Republican policy in the Philippines belong to that class of Southern Democrats that intimidates the negro vote in the South and is entitled to about the same consideration. The Republican party stands for things and is popular with the people because it does things.

Mr. Bede asserted that there is less liquor drank per capita in this country today than in the earlier history of the country, and he believes more will be accomplished along temperance lines in the homes than in congress. The wrong in liquor is only in its excessive use. If the habits of the people are regulated, everything else will take care of itself.

Mr. Bede emphasized the statement that in every state where the prohibitory law is operative there is a larger percentage of "blind pigs," and closed his argument by saying of the prohibitionists' theory that the thing falls flat because it is wrong in principle.

The speakers were each given other opportunities of refuting arguments, of fifteen and of ten minutes each, and throughout the debate there were numerous displays of repartee and good humored roasting. It might be said, however, with a considerable degree of safety, that were the vote on the debate left to the popular decision of last night Mr. Stewart certainly would have had the best of it.

LORD HOPE IS FEVERISH.

London, Jan. 14.—Lord Francis Hope, who was recently accidentally shot while hunting, and whose foot was subsequently amputated, has been in a serious condition for a week past. He is suffering from high fever.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Coffee injures growing children even when it is weakened. Grain-O gives them brighter eyes, firmer flesh, quicker intelligence and happier dispositions. They can drink all they want of Grain-O—the more the better—and it tastes like coffee.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

French & Bassett

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS,
Cor. 1st St., and 3d Avenue W.

SPECIAL SALE OF

LACE CURTAINS

All our one and two pair lots of Lace Curtains, in Brussels Net, Arabian, Irish Point, Renaissance, Ruffled Net and Nottingham—all grades of goods from $2 up to $25—

ONE-THIRD OFF

100 pairs English Lace Curtains—extra wide—3½ yards long—

$1.50 Per Pair

50 pairs Printed Chamber Curtains—assorted colors—

$1.00 Per Pair

200 Remnants Drapery and Upholstery Goods, suitable for pillow tops and chair seats—divided into two lots at—

25c and 50c Each

(Worth double.)

500 yards Silkolines, Cretons and Painted Crepes—worth 15c to 25c at—

10c Per Yard

FISH NETS—10 pieces, 36-inches wide; in white and ecru—

15c Per Yard

Fish Net Lace, 5 inches wide.....6c.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

CRIMINALS SENTENCED.

Judge Cant Fixes Two, Finishing Criminal Calendar.

The criminal calendar was completed in district court yesterday afternoon, when Judge Cant sentenced George Gall and Henry Burns, who pleaded guilty a few days ago. Gall stole an overcoat from a Bowery lodging house, and when indicted for grand larceny in the second degree pleaded guilty to petit larceny. He was sentenced to ninety days at hard labor in the county jail. Henry Burns stole a lot of watches, revolvers and other stuff from a Bowery store where he was employed, and he pleaded guilty to a charge of grand larceny in the second degree. He was sentenced to the reformatory at St. Cloud.

THE ALICE.

Emperor's New Yacht to Be Named For Miss Roosevelt.

New York, Jan. 14.—Emperor William's yacht, now being constructed at Shooters' Island, is to be christened "Alice." The Tribune makes this announcement, which is stated to be on the authority of Henry G. Barbey, a member of the firm which designed the yacht. Mr. Barbey stated that the information was unofficial but he does not doubt its authenticity.

The name Alice will be given the yacht in honor of Miss Alice Roosevelt, daughter of President Roosevelt, who is to christen the yacht, and for a cousin of the emperor, whose name also is Alice. The cousin in question is thought to be the czarina of Russia, who was the princess Alix of Hesse, granddaughter of Queen Victoria.

The fact that Miss Alice Roosevelt is to christen the yacht and that it may be named in her honor, together with the knowledge that Prince Henry of Prussia, will represent this brother, the emperor at the ceremony, has added extraordinary interest to the affair.

DISEASED MEAT.

Prosecution Against Chicago Venders Is Revived.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—Prosecution against the venders of diseased meats in the stock yards district has been revived by the government officials who have been investigating the matter for several weeks past. The arrest of Fred Heft, a butcher at 6623 Halstead street, was made yesterday as a result of the disclosures said to have been made by Frederick Evon, who was brought back from Detroit late Saturday evening. Heft is charged with having removed government tags from condemned carcasses of beef. He will have a hearing Wednesday before United States Commissioner Foote, and Dr. Orin E. Dyson, government inspector of meats at the stock yards, will be present to prosecute him.



Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 250 Times Bdg., New York.

The Whirling Spray Syringe sold in Duluth by

MAX WIRTH Druggist 13 W. Superior St

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m. (Central time), Jan. 14.—Temperatures generally range between 10 and 30 degrees except in Southeastern Texas and California, where they are from 40 to 60 degrees. It is a little warmer in the lake region, Missouri and Mississippi valleys. The barometer is high over Eastern Gulf and South Atlantic states and in the Middle Rockies, and low north of the Dakotas and over Lake Superior. Fair weather prevailed in all districts during the past twenty-four hours.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	16	Memphis	26
Battleford	18	Miles City	22
Bismarck	10	Minnedosa	2
Buffalo	14	Milwaukee	26
Buffalo	19	Modena	20
Calgary	18	Montgomery	32
Charleston	42	Moorhead	6
Chicago	26	New Orleans	36
Cincinnati	18	New York	12
Davenport	22	North Platte	24
Denver	26	Oklahoma	22
Detroit	16	Pittsburg	18
Dodge City	22	Port Arthur	6
Edmonton	22	Omaha	24
Duluth	22	Portland	34
El Paso	32	Prince Albert	6
Escanaba	14	Qu'Appelle	10
Galveston	46	Rapid City	24
Green Bay	22	San Francisco	38
Havre	26	Santa Fe	28
Helena	26	Shreveport	36
Houghton	12	Spokane	28
Huron	22	St. Louis	20
Jacksonville	38	St. Paul	18
Kamloops	28	Sault Ste. Marie	10
Kansas City	22	Swift Current	20
Knoxville	16	Washington	24
La Crosse	4	Williston	14
Lander	12	Winnemucca	18
Los Angeles	42	Winnipeg	2
Marquette	16		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 8 a. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Fair and slightly colder tonight and Wednesday. Fresh to brisk westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—State forecasts for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Wednesday: For Minnesota—Fair tonight and Wednesday, probably cooler in east portion; fresh westerly winds.

For Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Wednesday; probably cooler in south portion Wednesday; brisk westerly winds.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Wednesday; probably cooler Wednesday.

Would Save the Old Vermont.

The case of the old receiving ship Vermont, condemned last summer by the navy department, is to be taken to the house of representatives. Representative Fitzgerald, of Brooklyn, is not satisfied with the way the old craft has been handled and he purposes to get some light on the matter. The department has refused him a copy of the report of the doctors who examined the ship and he will introduce a resolution calling on Secretary Long for what information is desired. Last summer the navy department decided that the Vermont was no longer fit for use as a receiving ship. A number of cases of spinal meningitis occurred on board the old craft, and forms of epidemic sickness appeared. A special board of doctors declared that the sickness was caused by the unsanitary condition of the Vermont, aided by the crowded manner in which the men were piled into the old craft. The same board reported that the beams and supports in the interior of the Vermont were so thoroughly impregnated with disease germs that no amount of fumigation could cleanse and purify them. It was recommended that the vessel be abandoned at once. Following this the recruits were transferred to the steel cruiser Columbia, which was ordered to the yard for this purpose, and another board was appointed to survey the Vermont and place a valuation on her. According to the report it would cost more than the limit allowed by law, to repair her and the old boat was offered for sale and is still for sale at $18,000. Representative Fitzgerald visited the yard recently and had a talk with some officers about the Vermont and the Columbia, and he heard enough to warrant the belief that the receiving ship could be thoroughly renovated and made serviceable at a small expense. The Columbia is poorly adapted as a receiving ship. The officers on her complain about the cramped, uncomfortable quarters and the many inconveniences that they are forced to put up with. The cruiser was never intended as a house boat, and, aside from the limited space for living quarters, the arrangement is not at all suited for the present purposes. Further than that she is far too expensive and valuable a ship to be tied up to rust away. It is to be hoped that Mr. Fitzgerald will be able through congress to have the old Vermont repaired and once more put into commission.

Machines That Are a Gold Mine.

Reference has frequently been made in the reports of the work of the census bureau to the use of automatic machines by the clerks for securing rapid and correct tabulations, but it is doubtful if many people have any idea of what a gold mine the owner has in them. It would naturally be supposed that the government owned them, but such is not the case, the owner is too wise for that. With the exception of the punching machines, which are simple in mechanism and cheap in construction, all the other mechanical devices that are used in compiling the census records are owned by Herman Hollerith. Mr. Hollerith is an inventive genius and designed all the complicated machines which have been doing clerical work in the census bureau for the past two or three years. His tabulating machine seems to be the only one invented that will classify cards in the way that is desired, for he had a monopoly on the work of renting machines to the government when the eleventh census was taken. He secured the contract again for the twelfth census. He refuses to sell his machine outright, merely agreeing to furnish them and keep them in order. For the past two years he has had several hundred machines in constant use, and, according to the terms of his contract, received from $1000 to $1500 a year for each. At the present time he has in operation only 182 machines, for as the work decreases he is required to take off the machines. Even at that Mr. Hollerith has probably received well on to $700,000 for the use of his machines. When the census work is concluded the contractor will, of course, have a lot of practically useless machines on his hands, but he has a scheme on foot by which he hopes to close a contract with the Russian government for the use of some of them. When the work of the next census begins Mr. Hollerith will be on deck with the same machines, or improvements on them, and will doubtless secure the contract again. There is no doubt that the tabulating machines are of immense value, and it is likely that congress would have refused to grant the appropriation necessary to have the same work performed by hand. The machines seem almost to be possessed of human intelligence, so accurate and discriminating is their work. There is some satisfaction in knowing that in case a permanent census bureau is established these machines will not have to be used after the compilation of the census is completed.

THE "MERGER" CASE.

The announcement by the United States supreme court yesterday in the so-called merger case was a decided surprise to Governor Van Sant and Attorney General Douglas, who thought that the court would accept the state's bill of complaint without any argument. The attorney general is said to be much disappointed. He relied, it is claimed, upon the practice heretofore followed, and fully expected that the court would decide that suit could be filed and subpoena issued calling on the other side to file an answer to the bill of complaint. A Washington dispatch from a source friendly to the attorney general says: "It is admitted that the court had a perfect right to direct him to notify the other side, but this departure from the practice of twelve or fifteen years is regarded as rather an ominous sign."

There will probably be a few more "ominous signs" of a similar nature in the near future. Undoubtedly, the point upon which the court desires to hear arguments at this time is that of jurisdiction. Some of the ablest lawyers in the country are of opinion that the court will decide adversely to the governor and attorney general on this question. After arguments are heard on Jan. 27, it will be anywhere from one to six weeks before the court will decide whether or not to receive the bill of complaint.

THE EXTRA SESSION.

The News Tribune seems to be awfully alarmed about what the Republican members of the legislature may do at the approaching extra session. It made a great howl against the idea of an extra session, wrote an amusing "open letter" to the governor, to which the governor very properly paid no attention, and now it is demanding that no business be transacted, except in relation to the tax commission's report. This demand is made with a bumptious swagger that would lead those ignorant of the situation to suppose it had some influence in the councils of the Republican party.

"The extra session," it says, "threatens the Republican party of Minnesota with grave dangers, unless it is made brief, and general legislation is tabooed. If the field is to be unrestricted, it is safe to say that bills which should not pass, but which cannot be defeated without leaving an odor of corruption behind them, will be freely introduced." This is a grossly indecent libel on the Republican members of the legislature and will no doubt be indignantly resented by them. Surely the majority in the legislature is not composed of corruptionists! The Herald has seen nothing to sustain such an opinion. There may be some dishonest members, but they are few in number and practically powerless.

The legislature will meet in extra session at great expense. Why should not all necessary business be transacted? If legislation on any subject is required, why not enact it? The tax commission's report will be the chief business, of course, but it is important to radically amend or repeal the board of control law and to vote a good-sized appropriation for the Minnesota exhibit at the St. Louis exposition.

NEW LAKE VESSELS.

The statistics of the Sault canal traffic for the past season show an enormous increase in lake business. The coming season will show a still greater growth. This is the belief of all persons connected with the transportation interests. The large number of vessels now under construction for the lakes is proof of the sincerity of the opinions expressed on this point. Last year saw a large number of new boats put in commission, but the shipyards are now rushed with work on additional vessels.

Information gathered by the Marine Review shows that the value of forty-three steel vessels building or under order in lake shipyards for delivery during the present year is $10,273,000. All but five of these vessels are freighters, most of them of the 5000 and 6000-ton type. The combined capacity of the freighters on 18 feet draught for a single trip is 179,800 gross tons, so that in a full season of navigation they would move about 3,500,000 gross tons of freight, but of course not all of them are to be completed in time for operation during the full season of 1902. Only two of the freight carriers are tow barges, and none of the steamers are of the 7000 or 8000-ton kind that were built in 1900. This means that the steamer of 5000 to 6000 gross tons capacity (the former probably preferred) is now looked upon as the "handy" vessel in the ore, coal and grain trades. The few tow barges in the list is also significant. Most lake vessel owners are now of the opinion that experience with big steel tows during four or five years past does not warrant a continuance of that method of operating ships as against the "lone steamer."

Thirty-four of the forty-three vessels in the list are building at the several yards of the American Shipbuilding company. No wooden vessels are included in the summary, as James Davidson, of West Bay City, Mich., is now alone in this industry on the lakes. He is putting down two wooden tow barges that will each be of about 5000 tons capacity and $100,000 value. These vessels will be 350 feet long, 46 feet beam and 26 feet depth of hold. Two large steel freighters, building at the Cleveland works of the American Shipbuilding company for salt-water service, are also omitted from the list, as they were begun about a year ago and were included in last year's summary. These vessels are to be finished during the winter and taken to the seaboard (each in two parts) as soon as the St. Lawrence canals are opened next spring. Their capacity with deep ocean draught will be about 7000 tons. A large steel passenger steamer for the Northwest Transportation company of Sarnia, nearing completion at the works of the Collingwood Shipbuilding company, Collingwood, Ont., is also omitted on account of having been included in last year's summary.

SUBSTITUTE BUTTER.

Another strong effort is being made to push the anti-oleomargarine bill through congress. The Grout bill, so-called, was passed by the house at the last session, but failed in the senate, and therefore it is necessary to start all over again. The Grout bill is again before the house and so are several other bills on the same subject, differing slightly in character. The Herald has already placed itself on record as opposed to all legislation of this character. It is not the object of those behind these bills to protect the consumers, but to give a monopoly to the dairy interests. Why should any embargo be placed on the sale of oleomargarine or butterine or any other substitute for butter, provided it be not sold as butter but for what it really is? Why should a tax be levied on oleomargarine and not on butter?

There are already federal restrictions on the sale of oleomargarine, and some states, including Minnesota, have laid additional burdens upon the manufacture and sale of substitutes for dairy products. The last New York legislature passed a very sweeping act on this subject, but the efforts of its supporters have come to naught, as the New York court of appeals has declared the act to be unconstitutional. The justice who delivered the unanimous opinion of the court made the following declaration:

"I imagine that the sale and consumption of a well-known article of food or a product conclusively shown to be wholesome could not be forbidden by the legislature, even though it assumed to enact the law in the interest of the public health. The limits of the police power must necessarily depend in many instances on the common knowledge of the times. An enactment of a standard of purity of an article of food, failing to comply with which the sale of the article is illegal, to be valid must be within reasonable limits and not of such a character as to practically prohibit the manufacture or sale of that which, as a matter of common knowledge, is good and wholesome."

This decision leaves no restriction upon the use of food adulterants in New York, provided they are harmless. To sustain any prosecution in that state for putting foreign substances into milk, butter or cheese it must be proved that the adulterant is actually injurious to health. The court that rendered this important decision acted on the principle that it would be very dangerous to permit a legislature to destroy or prohibit a business by simply calling it injurious. It must be shown to be actually so before such legislation can be made effective.

Those who are waging the fight in congress against oleomargarine do not claim that it contains any injurious ingredients. On the contrary, it is known to be clean and wholesome and superior in every respect to poor butter.

THE SENATE LEADERS.

The election of Arthur Pue Gorman by the Maryland legislature to the United States senate will furnish the minority in that body with an able, shrewd and resourceful leader. While in the senate before, he made up his mind what he would do and announced it. Usually it turned out to be what the minority did. This will probably be the case again, although there are some new senators on the Democratic side who may prove recalcitrant at the start. At present there is no leadership on the Democratic side in the senate. As in past sessions, Senator Cockrell, of Missouri, perhaps indicates closest what the conservative element in the minority thinks of a measure or a policy, but his is not leadership. The senator himself would resent a suggestion of his responsibility for some of his colleagues. Senator Tillman would, perhaps, be the mouthpiece for what the more radical and erratic elements in the minority might propose to do. Yet Tillman in most things represents only himself. In the present session a new element, composed of Senators Bailey and Heitfeld and some of the other younger men, has to be reckoned with.

There are two men whose decisions are received with great respect on the Republican side of the senate, and their influence is powerful. Last week the senate did little work, and it has done little more so far this week. Apparently the senators have been seeking delay and have been loth to enter upon the serious business of the session. The slightest pretext has been seized upon for adjournment or postponement of public business. Senators Allison and Aldrich were absent from the capital during last week. This is the reason why no business was transacted. Not a senator will admit it. Not one but realizes that it is true. Every attempt at committee meeting, every step toward a conference, every proposition for putting the senate machinery into heavy service was met with the query: "What does Allison think of it?" or "What does Aldrich say?" In this way is their leadership acknowledged. There is naught of the element of a "boss" about either of the dignified old senators. Senator Allison is the quietest and the most mild-mannered man in the senate. Even his tread across the marble floor is as silent as that of a cat. He never orders or commands. Apparently he does not seek to control. Yet not a move is made nor a decision reached without a suggestion from the chairman of the appropriations committee. His decisions are not arbitrary. A dissenting nod or the single sentence: "I think, perhaps, it would be well to do so and so" suffices. If anything, Aldrich is a man of fewer words.

From all sides come reports of advances in the price of real estate. Lands are nearly always the form of property last to feel the effect of a general advance in values, and the present time has been no exception to the rule. Bonds, stocks, securities of all kinds, products of agriculture, manufactories and the mines, and even wages, all have gone up, and only real estate is left on which the boom can spend its force. Those who are wise will pick up bargains now. There is no better and sound investment today than Duluth real estate.

The American syndicate which has obtained concessions for trolley lines from Cairo into the country around and about the Red sea stands to make a good thing. Realizing the devotion of humanity to its religion the promoters will build one line to Mecca to catch the Mohammedan traffic and another to Mt. Sinai and points in the Holy Land to haul the Christian pilgrims. No spot is to remain sacred from poles and wires if there be traffic sufficient to justify the running of cars. And the cars will be a great convenience to all visitors to that country.

The state senate of Mississippi has passed a joint resolution endorsing the decision of Admiral Dewey in the Schley court of inquiry, and declaring that no text-books should be used in the schools of this state "that give to any other officer than Admiral Schley credit for the victory off Santiago. The Grand Army of the Republic will have company in its school history war.

Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, has started a movement for the reclaiming of the lost streets in that city; in other words, streets which have been confiscated by corporations and private firms and practically withdrawn from public use. May there not be some lost streets in Duluth?

The Chicago school board has set to work to weed out the fads that were introduced by a preceding "up-to-date" regime. It has been found that high school pupils who were "taking" impressionist painting and had several ologies at their tongues' ends could not spell decently or write a page of grammatical composition.

The Topeka State Journal thinks the persistency with which the promoters of the Nicaragua canal stick to it in face of the established facts that the Panama route is shorter and cheaper, is likely to lead to a suspicion that there is a job somewhere in connection with the isthmian canal business.

The New York city hall reporters reversed the usual order of things by giving a handsome dinner to the retiring city officials, limiting the list of guests to those who have treated the reporters decently during the year. Devery didn't get even a "hand-out."

The managers of the Louisiana Purchase exposition at St. Louis have offered a prize of $2500 for the most suitable symbol or emblem to be used for the seal, stationery and publicity material of every description for the coming exposition.

The fight on Admiral Schley has much to do with Democratic success in Maryland and the return of Mr. Gorman to the senate. Its effect will also be visible in the next presidential election.

Max Nordeau is pitching into the Jews for becoming millionaires so numerously. But that will not appear to them to be a serious fault.

Rev. C. M. Sheldon has been converted. He now says that the daily newspaper is a power for good in the world.

Tom Platt has concluded to run for the senate again. It is hard for a man in public life to let go, and few die.

The Medicin Hat weather crop must have been a failure this season.

The president's decision in the Schley case will make him enemies, whichever way he decides.

Mr. Lawson defines a trust as a modern "sky-scraper" with its base resting on water.

A Billion-Dollar Country.

Chicago Chronicle: The New York stock exchange record for 1901 was more than 247,000,000 shares, as against the "phenomenal" total in 1900 of 137,000,000. The bank clearings of the eighty-six large cities of the United States amounted to $118,000,000,000, a gain of about 38 per cent over the preceding year. As stock transactions and bank clearings are both an unfailing chronometer of business conditions, the year that has just closed was the high water mark of national prosperity. The pages of 1902 are wide and marginal, however, and may contain twelve months hence a story of even greater prosperity.

A Lonesome Prospect.

New York World: There is one man who will find it difficult to swear off on the first. This is Governor Shaw, who is said to be an abstainer from drink, tobacco, profanity and all minor vices. It looks as if he were going to find it mighty lonesome in wicked Washington.

Large Men From Small Towns.

New York Evening Post: We have great respect for the country banker who has carefully studied broad questions and worked out sound conclusions and who often understands far better than the city bred man the feelings of the people and the best way of commanding their approval. The nation is to be congratulated that a president may look to a small town like Dalton, in Massachusetts, with only 3014 inhabitants, or Denison, in Iowa, with but 3646, for a man worthy to succeed the Chicago banker who is about to retire from public service at Washington.

Fine Bunch of Leaders.

Washington Star: There was at one time a disposition to rank Iowa as a fitting theme for bucolic jest. But with two cabinet officers in Mr. Shaw and Mr. Wilson, an eminent and influential member of the senate in Mr. Allison and the speaker of the house of representatives all hailing from within its borders, Iowa has more than ordinary right to be honestly proud.

BREEZY CHAFF.

Baltimore American: "But," protested the Angry Creditor, "you said you guessed you would pay me today."

"I know I did," explained the Humole Debtor, "but, you see, I am such a poor guesser."

Atlanta Constitution: An author wrote to his publisher: "Can I hope for any royalties from my book this year?"

The publisher replied: "Yes, you can hope. There's nothing in the world to hinder you."

New York Weekly: Excited Citizen—I want a man arrested right away! I've been assaulted and I wasn't doing a thing but walking along the street in a quiet, orderly and inoffensive manner and whistling.

Justice—Um—er—what tune were you whistling?

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Would it be contrary to the rules of humane warfare?"

"If what?"

"If the kaiser should fire a limburger shell or two into the midst of those unsuspecting Venezuelans?"

Brooklyn Eagle: "How far is it from Irvington to Bridgeport?" inquired the chauffeur of the racing automobile.

"About forty-five miles as the flying machine flies," responded the man, leaning against the fence.

Baltimore American: "What does this mean?" inquired the Investigating Committee. "You have most of your shortage charged up to 'running expenses.'"

"That," explained the Contrite Embezzler, "refers to my automobile."

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Gaussip—I understand from Mrs. Jokey that your doctor has been guilty of conduct unbecoming a gentleman.

Mrs. Meekley—Oh, yes—

Mrs. Gaussip—For goodness sake! How? When—

Mrs. Meekley—Oh! constantly. My doctor is a lady.

THE PIPER'S MORROW.

Up and down and here and there
Went the piper playing,
All he knew to tune his air
And keep the ducks from staying.
"Piper, cease," and "Piper cease,"
Quoth the folks with sorrow,
"Labor now and get thee peace
And plenty for the morrow."

Homeward came the laborers strong,
Heavy harvest bringing,
Up and down the dale along
Strayed the piper singing.
Oft the good dame from her door
Watched him thence with sorrow,
But he only sang the more
And minded not the morrow.

Slow the laborers from the plain
Bring their fruits delaying,
And the good wife waits in vain
For an idler's playing.
Flocks are wandering on the hill,
Tired with their sorrow,
And the piper smiling still,
Has gone to meet his morrow.
—ANNA HEMPSTEAD BRANCH.

PANAMA OR NICARAGUA?

Baltimore American: There are many other advantages in favor of Panama which can be found recorded in the commission's report—in fact, it has been asserted that the report in favor of Nicaragua was for the purpose of forcing the Panama company to sell at a reasonable price. If ever business considerations should prevail, it should be in a matter involving such a vast expenditure of money.

Philadelphia North American: The Isthmian Canal commission estimated definitely and specifically the cost of building a Nicaraguan canal at $189,000,000, but before the work is even ordered to be begun we find senators and representatives regarding it as a job and figuring on an expenditure of anything from double the estimate to a round billion. Even a member of the commission, an expert engineer, is quoted as saying that the cost of the canal may be unlimited.

New York Sun: A saving of $1,500,000 in annual charges is 4 per cent on a capital of $37,500,000. Adding to this the item of $5,610,700 in favor of Panama in the estimated cost of completion, we actually find that the Panama route would be $38,130,660 cheaper than the Nicaraguan route, providing the Panama route is acquired by the United States for $40,000,000. This would not be conclusive as between the two routes; but it certainly would inspire further consideration on the basis of the new figures.

Louisville Courier-Journal: The engineering estimates have been drawn up after very careful investigation and may be relied upon. Incidental questions must arise as to cost, but it would seem that the cheaper maintenance of the Panama route entitles it to favorable consideration. Either is practicable, but the Panama being only about a third of the length of the Nicaragua gives it an advantage that cannot be ignored. Besides, in the opinion of a great many engineers it is the better of the two routes for engineering reasons. It follows, therefore, that the offer of the Panama stockholders ought to be carefully considered.

Boston Transcript: This new opportunity comes at the eleventh hour, perhaps, but it comes before the other project has been definitely adopted. "If the campaign of education can have time for development," says our Washington special, "with a specific French proposal to work on, there is still a fighting chance for the triumph of common sense." The commercial bodies and political organizations of the country should insist that nothing be hastily done under present circumstances. The consequences of a mistake would be too momentous to be lightly contemplated. The force of sentiment has hitherto, doubtless, been with the Nicaragua route. The preponderance of expert testimony is all the other way. Attempts to jam through congress a definite canal bill, without knowing what we were doing or where we were going, have been wisely defeated, and rash haste now would be less justifiable than ever.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A kiss in time makes nine.

Lots of people will forgive their enemies, but won't stop lying about them.

A woman can stand stays or shoes being tight or most anything but a man.

We hate a cold winter in winter almost as much as a hot summer in summer.

When we hear angels' wings fluttering around some people it is time to wonder what new devilry satan is planning for them.

A Confidential Query.

Did you ever buy a gold brick? Honest?
Cross your heart?
Was you ever "up against it" with no
friend to take your part?
O, you joke about the farmer, with his
whiskers an' his way
Of lettin' people do him up because he's
such a jay;
But was you never vanquished by some
fellow critter's art?
Did you never buy a gold brick? Honest?
Cross your heart?

Did you never give your money to some
man that put on airs,
An' find that all he left you was certificates of shares?
Did you never place your hopes upon
some promise very dear,
An' watch yer hones all vanish as you
waited, year by year?
Did your folly never lead you up to disappointments smart?
Did you never buy a gold brick? Honest?
Cross your heart?
—Washington Star.

Yankomania Succeeds Anglomania.

Indianapolis Journal: Anglomania, or a disposition on the part of a few persons in Eastern cities to turn up their trousers when it is reported to be raining in London, has, according to a writer in the January issue of the Forum, largely disappeared. Now, however, the conservative Briton is alarmed at what may be designated as Yankomania, or the adoption of American ideas and habits by the English. "The American question," meaning everything American, from the Spanish war to American trade expansion, is the topic discussed with never-ending interest.

PUBLICITY FOR TRUSTS.

St. Louis Republic: In the figures now presented by the New York Journal of Commerce, showing the total capitalization of all industrial consolidations in the United States to approximate $6,500,000,000, there is found additional reason for insistence upon publicity of trust affairs for the protection of investors and the general public.

To secure obedience to equity and law, the vast business carried on with this gigantic capitalization should be subject to systematic scrutiny. The consolidated corporations in question enjoy certain privileges which legitimately subject them to supervision similar to that of the affairs of banks. They should be required to make sworn statements of their condition at regular intervals. The evil of overcapitalization should be guarded against by accurate public knowledge of the value of the properties and business capitalized.

The peril of the present system of trust capitalization is plain. The general public is in profound ignorance of trust conditions. Investors necessarily take undue chances when they buy trust securities. There should be at least a reasonable guarantee of safety to investors as well as to consumers. This guarantee must be found in publicity, as one measure of regulation.

HILL WILL SUCCEED.

Roseau County Times: That J. J. Hill will succeed in sucessfully combating opposition to his great undertaking of consolidating the three great lines of railways is quite apparent. He has already established the merger of the Northern Pacific, Great Northern and Burlington, and the Northern Securities company will be the casnier of the combination. Mr. Hill, if anything, is aggressive and will not forget those who try to place straws in his way. To oppose the merger of these roads is frivolous and will in no way benefit the public if stopped. Should the consolidation of the roads be prevented, they will practically be under the same control. Mr. Hill has been hampered and blackmailed in this state until he is sore. He is a man who desires to conduct his business on a paying basis and at the same time deserve the good will of the people, but the jack-pot politicians and suckling newspapers will not let him alone. He alone has done more to develop the northern part of the state than all the combined efforts of all the capitalists in the commonwealth. There is no doubt but what Mr. Hill is ambitious to stand as the foremost railway manager in the world and at thes ame time hold the god will of his fellow man. But the newspapers decry him, the politicians decry him and the people—well, let that pass, if Mr. Hill lives long enough the people will accord him his just worth when they come to know his real kindness of heart.

A Love Song.

I will make you brooches and toys for
your delight,
Of bird-song at morning and star-shine at
night.
I will make a palace fit for you and me
Of green days in forests and blue days at
sea.

I will make my kitchen, and you shall
keep your room,
Where white flows the river and bright
blows the broom,
And you shall wash your linen and keep
your body white
In rainfall at morning and dewfall at
night.

And this shall be for music when no one
else is near
The fine song for singing and the rare
song to hear!
That only I remember, that only you admire.
Of the broad road that stretches and the
roadside fire.
—ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.

Go 'Way Back and Smoke.

Philadelphia Press: Speaker Henderson deserves the thanks of the country for his courage in enforcing the rule of the house which prohibits smoking while the house is in session. It has been a great discredit to our national house of representatives that smoking has been carried on more or less while the house is in session and when the galleries have been packed with visitors, a large proportion of whom were women. Speaker Henderson does well in stopping that discourtesy.

Cupid and Fine Feathers

By Dolly Gray.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

"Come here, Genevieve," said Mrs. James Morton Smythe. "I want you to try on this coat."

Her tone expressed the aggressive importance which it was her custom to assume when addressing one who served her. The mistress had yet to learn that an ostentatious display of authority is one of the unmistakable evidences that brand the newly rich. She, however, was too much absorbed in decorating the "outside of the platter" to concern herself with interior improvements.

Genevieve put aside the box of gloves she was assorting, rose quietly and stood before her mistress. The contrast between her fine individuality and the vulgarly pompous personality of Mrs. James Morton Smythe would have flashed startlingly upon an observer. Genevieve Redmond's high bred air was not to be concealed even by the snowy cap and apron that stamped her as the other woman's maid. She had a splendid carriage and a wholesome sweetness of manner, all the more winning because it was not assumed, but seemed rather to emanate from her as perfume from a flower.

"Take off your cap, Genevieve," came the second command of Mrs. James Morton Smythe. The name had once been plain "Mrs. James Smith," but in this age of rapid progress and general improvement it is as customary to change one's cognomen as it is to alter the shade of one's hair or eyelashes.

Genevieve obeyed, displaying to full advantage the glossy auburn of her smooth, abundant tresses. She felt the folds of the rich cloak fall about her and experienced a little thrill of pleasure at the caressing sense of luxurious furs against her cheek. Never before had she donned such an exquisitely beautiful garment.

Glancing instinctively toward the full length mirror, the girl could scarcely suppress a little gasp of astonishment.

The old proverb concerning "fine feathers" has much truth in it. However, it might be qualified and not lose any of its real core. Despite the apparent enthusiasm with which some of us sing the praises of the print frock and simple homespun suit, it is an inconsistent fact that we love full well the shimmer of satin and the feel of broadcloth.

Rich clothes have one of two effects. They either emphasize vulgar points or they form a fit setting for fine perfections.

The elegant carriage cloak that clung to Genevieve's figure brought out unmistakably the graceful curves of her physique and lent an added touch of beauty to her face.

The mistress, however, was sublimely unconscious of the transformation. Genevieve was to her nothing more than a dummy, on which she was trying the effect of her latest imported garment.

"Keep the coat on awhile, Genevieve; I want Mr. James to see it." Going to the door, she called across the hall to her son, who sat reading in his den.

"All right, mother," responded a deep, cheery voice, and James Morton Smythe, Jr., handsomely bronzed by his recent outing in the mountains, strode across the corridor into the boudoir. The room seemed to fill with the magnetism of his strong, healthy presence.

That the son had none of his mother's coarseness of nature was evident in every line of his make-up.

His eyes lighted with pleasure at sight of the handsome picture that greeted his entrance. Genevieve's face was turned from him and he misunderstood the import of his mother's summons. Thinking that perhaps it was some friend whom she wished him to meet, he stood waiting, ready to make his profoundest bow to sof air a visitor as this one seemed to be.

"Well, how do you like it?" asked the mother, rather annoyed at his hesitancy.

At that moment Genevieve faced quietly about.

"Oh!" gasped the son and stood silent again, marveling.

"Heavens, you men don't understand a single thing about dress! Can't you see that it's an importation It's a dream, James, whether you comprehend or not. It cost a cool——"

"Oh, I do understand," cried the son in a burst of admiration. "It's wonderful—beautiful! I never saw anything like it before. It's certainly amazing. I wouldn't have believed it. Really. I—oh, it's stunning, mother!"

All this with his eyes on Genevieve's face.

"How absurd, James! There's no need of such extravagant expressions. Amazing! Who ever heard of a cloak being called amazing?"

"But it is, mother, by Jove, if it isn't! Perfectly astonishing."

James Morton Smythe, Jr., had not yet recovered his composure. Could this splendid creature be the quiet, unassuming maid whom until now he had seen only in the conventional cap and apron?

His quick perception showed him the contrast between this young women and his mother. The inequality alarmed and shamed him. He felt a sudden, violent disgust for all the tawdry trumpery that had made this vast difference in station possible.

"Take off the coat, now, Genevieve," said the mistress.

Every nerve in him tingled with resentment at her tone.

"Why, mother——" he cried indignantly, forgetting himself for the moment. Then he remembered.

Genevieve's startled eyes met his across the room. In that flash of time she caught the meaning of his look. What subtle sense is it that transmits to a woman the swift knowledge of a man's changed attitude toward her?

Genevieve felt the certainty of it, like an electric shock.

She was very sober in the days that followed. In some unaccountable way she was constantly coming upon James Morton Smythe, Jr. He seemed to have developed an amazing propensity for transfering himself and his books or writing to any part of the house that seemed propitious. He made frequent visits to his mother's boudoir, ostensibly to admire the new creations and confections that arrived often at this season, and laughingly announced himself an interested student in matters of dress. His club seemed to posses small attractions for him of late.

On one occasion, however, Genevieve found cause to object. He followed her when she went out on an errand one day and deliberately walked and joined her in her walk home. He listened to her cold rebuke in stunned amazement, then burst forth impetuously:

"O, Miss Redmond, you don't understand. How could you think me so unworthy? Indeed, I assure you I never dreamed you would look at it in that light and yet, of course, it must have seemed—Jove! how like a cad and fool I've been acting. I beg your forgiveness. Please try to see it as I meant it. Believe me, I was so in earnest that I did not stop to think of how it would look."

And then he spoke out like the man he was and told her everything.

Of course, Genevieve refused him. None of his ardent entreaties availed to move her from her decision. She gave notice a few days later and Mrs. James Morton Smythe had to advertise for another maid.

The mother thought it rather strange that her son should take a sudden notion to travel again. Neither could she understand, as the months passed by, what it was that occasioned his prolonged stay from home.

But later she received a letter which enlightened her. The letter had the effect of sending her to bed for a week.

"I can't believe it—I can't believe it!" she wailed. Then the papers came out, with an account of the wedding.

"Such a disgrace, James, dear," wept the mother, seeking consolation from her husband. But James Morton, Sr., was obstinately unsympathetic.

"Jim might have done a darn sight worse," was all he said.

IN MICHIGAN.

Escanaba to Have First Council Knights of Columbus.

Escanaba—On Wednesday 300 strangers will be in this city to take part in the organization of a council of the Knights of Columbus. The initiatory ceremonies will be conducted under the supervision of George F. Monaghan, district deputy supreme knight of Detroit, assisted by delegations from Grand Rapids, Chicago, Milwaukee, Green Bay, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh and other towns. The Knights of Columbus is the leading Catholic fraternity of the world, and the council to be established here will be the first in Northern Michigan.

Great preparations in the way of entertainment are being made by local committees. A special train will bring the people from points in Wisconsin and Michigan.

Menominee—Menominee is soon to have another cedar company. The Roper Cedar Lumber company has filed articles of incorporation and will establish a yard here as soon as the stock can be secured. A meeting will be held, officers elected and an office opened before the 1st of February.

Hancock—Ordrs have been received by officials here to prepare for export one of the largest locomotives formerly used on the Hancock & Calumet road when it was operating a narrow-gauge system. The engine goes to South Africa for use in the gold-mining field near Johannesburg.

Crystal Falls—A piece of work which has occupied a gang of men on the St. Paul road for the past two months has been completed recently. This was the laying of a spur track for the use of the Michigan Iron Mining company leading from the main track to its mine, in the Crystal Falls district. The track is about three miles in length, and about fifty men have been employed in the work of grading the roadbed and then laying the ties and rails.

Mrs. Eliza Deyon, a half-breed of Indiantown, has been arrested at Escanaba, charged with cruelty to her four-year-old adopted son. She and the boy were taken to the county jail and the following morning the woman was arraigned before Justice Donovan, where she entered a plea of not guilty. Her examination was set for the 18th, and she was released, being allowed to go on her own bonds, which were fixed at $100. Steps are now being taken to take the child, a pretty boy whom Mrs. Deyon adopted from a New York orphanage, to the state public school at Coldwater, or to place the boy in some suitable home at Escanaba. The little fellow's body shows numerous bruises, and, according to the Journal, there is every reason to believe he has been subjected to inhuman treatment by his foster mother, who bears a very unsavory rputation.

NIGHT SCHOOLS

In Chicago Closed, Temporarily at Least.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—For the first time in more than thirty years Chicago's night schools are closed temporarily at least. It is also a serious question if the day schools can be kept open during the regular ten months. This condition is the result of the low condition of the city's finances. The average attendance at night schools has been 4451 and it was estimated that the attendance this year would have been 4500 and that 200 teachers would have been employed in the twenty schools. The cost would have approximated $50,000.

Reward of Merit.

A New Catarrh Cure Secures National Popularity in Less Than One Year.

Throughout a great nation of eighty million it is a desperate struggle to secure even a recognition for a new article to say nothing of achieving popular favor,



and yet within one year Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, the new catarrh cure, has met with such success that today it can be found in every drug store throughout the United States and Canada.

To be sure a large amount of advertising was necessary in the first instance to bring the remedy to the attention of the public, but everyone familiar with the subject knows that advertising alone never made any article permanently successful. It must have in addition absolute, undeniable merit, and this the new catarrh cure certainly possesses in a marked degree.

Physicians, who formerly depended upon inhalers, syrups and local washes or ointments, now use Stuart's Catarrh Tablets because, as one of the most prominent stated, these tablets contain in pleasant, convenient form all the really efficient catarrh remedies, such as red gum, blood root and similar antiseptics.

They contain no cocaine nor opiate, and are given to little children with entire safety and benefit.

Dr. J. Reitiger, of Covington, Ky., says: "I suffered from catarrh in my head and throat every fall, with stoppage of the nose and irritation in the throat affecting my voice and often extending to the stomach, causing catarrh of the stomach. I bought a 50-cent package of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at my druggist's carried them in my pocket and used them faithfully, and the way in which they cleared my head and throat was certainly a revelation. I had no catarrh last winter and spring and consider myself entirely free from any catarrhal trouble."

Mrs. Jerome Ellison, of Wheeling, W. Va., writes: "I suffered from catarrh nearly my whole life and last winter my two children also suffered from catarrhal colds and sore throat so much they were confined to a large portion of the winter. My brother who was cured of catarrhal deafness by using Stuart's Catarrh Tablets urged me to try them so much that I did so and am truly thankful for what they have done for myself and my children. I always keep a box of the tablets in the house and at the first appearance of a cold or sore throat we nip it in the bud and catarrh is no longer a household affliction with us."

50c full sized packages of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold for fifty cents at all druggists.

Send for book on cause and cure of catarrh mailed free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

Bows for the Hair, latest styles--Dolls' Wigs, made with natural hair--Hair Switches for the new style hair dressing.

KNAUF SISTERS,
101 West Superior Street.
Zenith 'Phone 418. Old 'Phone 344-3.

YERXA'S CELEBRATED
"Hoffman House"
Java Mocha Flavored
COFFEE
30c Per Pound.
In one-pound cartons. Same quality and same price as sold in Yerxa's Minneapolis, St. Paul and Fargo stores.
R. H. RATHBUN,
20 E. Superior St. Sole Agent for Duluth

"Put on the Figprune, Betsey,
And make it good and stout.
There's no more headache in the cup
Since coffee and I are out."

SKYLIGHTS, CORNICE,
Gravel Roofing and Sheet Iron Work.
DEETZ & CO.,
408 East Superior St.
Zenith Telephone 793. Long Distance 793

New Building—
New Equipment—
Modern in every particular—
Hotel McKay
One block from Union Depot. Convenient to all parts of Duluth. RATES—$2.00 and $2.50 per day.

Duluth Wholesale Supply Company
114 West Michigan Street.
We sell Groceries direct to hotels, restaurants and large consumers at wholesale prices.

Hotel Northern,
208 W. SUPERIOR ST.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co
INTERIOR FINISH.
This is the time to order your
Storm Sash.

CANALS OF THE WORLD

Commerce, Cost and Dimensions of the Great Canals.

Business of Sault Canal Exceeds That of Any Other.

Madden's Fight Against the Second Class Postal Abuses.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Jan. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—"Great Canals of the World," is the title of a study prepared by the treasury bureau of statistics for publication in the forthcoming volume of the Monthly Summary of Commerce and Finance. It shows the commerce, cost and dimensions of the great canals of the world, especially those connecting great bodies of water and which may be properly termed ship canals.

Ship canals connecting great bodies of water and of sufficient dimensions to accommodate the great modern vessels plying upon such waters are of comparatively recent production and few in number. The one great example of works of this character which has been a sufficient length of time in existence and operation to supply satisfactory data as to cost of maintenance and operation and practical value to the commerce of the world is the Suez canal, and for this the available statistics begin with the year 1870, while its new and enlarged dimensions only date from the year 1896. For the Sault Ste. Marie canal, connecting Lake Superior with Lake Huron, statistics date from 1855, though for the canal in its present form they cover about four years. Statistics of the Welland canal date from 1867, but for the canal in its present enlarged form cover only two years of operation. The other great ship canals of the world are of much more recent construction and data regarding their operation and therefore cover a comparatively brief term, and in some cases are scarcely at present available in detail.

The artificial waterways which may properly be termed ship canals are nine in number, viz.:

1. The Suez canal, begun in 1859 and completed in 1869.
2. The Cronstadt and St. Petersburg canal, begun in 1877 and completed in 1890.
3. The Corinth canal, begun in 1884 and completed in 1893.
4. The Manchester ship canal, completed in 1894.
5. The Kaiser Wilhelm canal, connecting the Baltic and North seas, completed in 1895.
6. The Elbe and Trave canal, connecting the North sea and the Baltic, opened in 1900.
7. The Welland canal, connecting Lake Erie with Lake Ontario.
8 and 9. The two canals, United States and Canadian, respectively, connecting Lake Superior with Lake Huron.

The description which is given of each of these great waterways shows that the length of the Suez canal is about ninety miles, the cost $100,000,000, the present depth thirty-one feet, width at the bottom 198 feet and at the surface 420 feet, and that the number of vessels passing through it has grown from 486 in 1870 to 1494 in 1875, 2026 in 1880, 3389 in 1890 and 3441 in 1900. The tolls charged are about $2 per net registered ton.

The Cronstadt and St. Petersburg canal, which gives a passageway for great vessels to St. Petersburg, is sixteen miles long, including the deepening of the bay channel, twenty and one-half feet in depth and the total cost estimated at $10,000,000.

The Corinth canal, which connects the Gulf of Corinth with the Gulf of Aegina, is four miles in length, is seventy-six and one-quarter feet in depth, seventy-two feet wide at the bottom, cost about $5,000,000 and reduces the sailing distance about 175 miles. The average tolls charged are 18 cents per ton and 20 cents per passenger.

The Manchester ship canal, which corects Manchester, Eng., with the Mersey river and Liverpool, was opened in 1894. Its length is thirty-five and one-half miles in length, depth twenty-six feet, width at the bottom 120 feet and at the surface 175 feet and cost $75,000,000. The commerce on the canal shows a growth from 879,204 tons in 1895 to 1,492,320 tons in 1900.

The Kaiser Wilhelm canal, which connects the Baltic and North sea through Germany, is sixty-one miles in length, twenty-nine and one-half feet in depth, seventy-two feet wide at the bottom, 190 feet wide at the surface, and cost about $40,000,000. The number of vessels passing through it has increased from 19,960 in 1897 to 29,095 in 1900, of which number 16,776 were sailing vessels. The tonnage in 1897 was 1,848,458, and in 1900 4,282,094 tons. An additional canal connecting the same bodies of water by way of the Elbe and Trave rivers was opened in 1900. Its length is forty-one miles, depth about en feet, width seventy-two feet and cost $6,000,000.

The great North Holland canal, which connects Amsterdam with the sea, cut in 1845, but deepened at a later date, has now a depth of twenty feet, a width of 125 feet at the surface. The Caledonian canal, which connects the Atlantic and North sea, through the north of Scotland, is seventeen feet in depth, fifty feet in width at the bottom, 259 miles long, cost $7,000,000, and is at its highest point ninety-four feet above the sea level. The Canal du Midi, cut through France from Toulouse on the Garonne to Cette on the Mediterranean, a distance of 150 miles, is six and one-half feet deep, sixty feet wide and 600 feet above sea level at its highest point, and has 114 locks. Total cost, $3,500,000.

In America the canals connecting the great lakes are the principal ship canals and are three in number: The Welland canal, originally constructed in 1833 and enlarged in 1871 and 1900; the Sault Ste. Marie, or St. Mary's river canal, opened in 1855 and enlarged in 1897, and the Canadian canal at St. Mary's river, opened in 1895. The American and Canadian canals at St. Mary's falls are practically identical in location and dimensions, and are used interchangeably by vessels engaged in commerce, as convenience may dictate. The depth of the canals at the St. Mary's river is sufficient to accommodate vessels drawing twenty feet of water. The American canal was originally constructed by the state of Michigan, but subsequently taken charge of by the United States and enlarged at a cost of $2,150,000. The cost of the Welland canal was about $30,000,000, largely due to the fact that twenty-five locks are required in surmounting the rise of 327 feet in the distance of twenty-seven miles. The number of vessels passing through the canals at St. Mary's river has greatly increased during the past few years, while the number passing through the Welland canal has materially decreased, the number passing through the St. Mary's canals being in 1872 2517, and in 1901, 29,041, of which 15,837 passed through the United States canal, and 4204 through the Canadian. The number of vessels passing through the Welland canal has decreased from 6425 in 1873 to 2202 in 1899. The marked contrast between the business of the St. Mary's falls and Welland canals is largely due to the fact that the freights originating in the Lake Superior district are chiefly discharged at Lake Erie ports, and those destined for the Lake Superior region are chiefly produced in the section contiguous to Lake Erie, the Lake Superior freights being chiefly iron, copper and grain, and the Lake Erie freights for Lake Superior coal and manufactures. The business of the St. Mary's falls canals by far surpasses in volume that of any other canal of the world, the freight tonnage of the American and Canadian canals combined being in 1901 24,626,976 registered tons, while the net tonnage of the Suez canal in 1900 was 9,378,162 tons, and that of the Kaiser Wilhelm canal, 4,282,094 tons.

* * *

"I am called the Patsy Bolliver of the administration," said Assistant Postmaster General Madden today. "The efforts of the department to prevent publishers from engaging in lottery schemes and gift enterprises in efforts to boom their circulation has caused this office a great deal of work, and has brought down upon my head all sorts of abuse. There is no desire on the part of the postoffice department to curtail the circulation of legitimate publications, and no onerous rules have been adopted. But we hold that a newspaper or a magazine has no right to compel the postal service to bear three-fourths of the expense of carrying copies to people who subscribe not because they really want to read the publication, but because they hope to thereby secure a prize.

"It would seem," he continued, "that there has recently broken out an epidemic of prize schemes among publishers. These range from guessing at the number of beans in a jar to counting the number of dots on a certain number of square inches of paper. All who would participate in the chances for winning a prize must subscribe to become eligible. This means that by means of a species of lottery games enormous additions are made to the subscription lists of many publications, and the postal cars are overburdened with what may be designated as illegitimate subscriptions. As the government pays about eight times as much as it receives for transporting second-class matter, these padded lists have become a serious menace, and the department is trying to put an end to the practice."

Mr. Madden has been firm and at the same time fair in his rulings. All publications, like almanacs, are held to be not entitled to the "pound rate" postage. The first almanac barred under this ruling is published by a newspaper in Philadelphia, generally understood to be owned in part by Postmaster General Smith. Another ruling holds that the offer of a magazine subscription as an inducement to the sale of an encyclopedia is not legitimate, and one of the best known magazines in the country was compelled to withdraw its offer of the combination. Another publication, a religious monthly, was obliged to withdraw its offer of a Bible with every new subscription; and, in fact, every publication of whatever character, in applying for admission to the mails as second-class matter, must abide by the rule which prescribes that a subscription must be for the paper alone and not for merchandise or rewards of any character whatever.

* * *

Prince David of Hawaii and the other living members of the royal Kanaka family, are to appeal to the president and congress for a donation to them of the "crown lands" of the lake kingdom. It is held by Liliwokalani, Kiualani and David that the lands were the private property of the royal family, and that they are entitled to retain them. On the other hand, the contention is made that the Hawaiian lands were public property, belonging to the government and not to the individual. They are regarded as just as much a part of the public domain as are the public lands of Arizona or New Mexico, and that the remnants of royalty in Hawaii have no more interest in them than the president has in the vast areas of public lands in Alaska.

Still, within the past few months a disposition has grown up among members of the house to "do something" for the ex-queen and her relatives, and it is probable, therefore, that before the end of the session some progress may have been made towards compensating Queen Liliuokalani for the losses which she sustained through the overthrow of her monarchy.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH



Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Clouds of Medicated Vapor are inhaled through the mouth and emitted from the nostrils, cleansing and vaporizing all the inflamed and diseased parts which cannot be reached by medicine taken into the stomach.

It reaches the sore spots—heals the raw places—goes to the seat of disease—acts as a balm and tonic to the whole system—$1.00 at druggists or by mail. Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH
(YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Lost of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold in Duluth by S. P. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 West Superior Street.

TALKING OF RATES

Railroad Men Are Considering the Revised Northern Schedules.

Reductions to the Southwest Will Cut Little Figure.

No Cut In Rates East on Pacific Coast Lumber.

St. Paul, Jan. 14.—Representatives of many of the Northwestern roads are conferring in the general offices of the Great Northern over the rate reductions proposed by the Great Northern and Northern Pacific. The lines represented include the Soo, St. Louis, Northwestern, Milwaukee, Cedar Rapids and Burlington. The work will continue through today. Much detail work is necessary.

It develops that the territory affected by the reductions is not as large as supposed when the first announcement was made. The Great Northern has lines into the Southwest, some of which were built to retaliate on the Milwaukee and Northwestern for encroachments on the territory of north coast lines. Reductions in rates on these lines will not be as large proportionately as on the lines north and west of Minneapolis. This has had a reassuring effect on the Milwaukee and the Northwestern, which, when the first program was made, looked for a disturbance in rates over a large part of their southwestern lines. The Great Northern, it is said, takes the position that it is not seeking to make trouble for other roads, and in its efforts to readjust and reduce rates to the north and west of Minneapolis desires to accomplish it with as little trouble to other roads as possible. The Soo road has several crossings with the Great Northern and Northern Pacific. The Milwaukee is affected at two points in North Dakota, the Northwestern at one and each is affected at several places in South Dakota. The Burlington is affected at Billings; the Minneapolis & St. Louis at Watertown S. D.

The regrading of the rates on the lines affected will not be difficult, and as the percentage of reduction into the Southwest is to be comparatively small, the situation is much simplified, the reason given for smaller reductions on the Southwest lines is that reductions have been made from time to time as a result of various market conditions which did not rule in the Northwest.

The Great Northern, as far as can be learned, has attempted no reduction in rates east on Pacific coast lumber. Since the Great Northern's intention to reduce rates was announced, the plausibility of a reduction in the coast lumber rate has given white pine lumbermen much concern. The situation was canvassed last week and it was practically determined that any reduction in rates that would give coast lumber a better chance at the markets of the Southwest than on the present basis, would be followed by a corresponding reduction in favor of Minnesota white pine by the Minneapolis-Missouri river lines. Nothing was developed to indicate that any variation in the coast lumber rate is contemplated. Traffic men say that the 40-cent rate to Minneapolis and the 50-cent rate to the Missouri river is as low as the coast lumbermen have a right to expect. It is also said that President Hill still holds to that conviction, and his officials point to the fact that the rate is but one-half the average rate per ton per mile of the Great Northern sysem last year.

JOHNSON IS FOUND.

Innocent Man Charged For Years With Murder.

Jefferson, Iowa, Jan. 14.—By the discovery of Martin M. Johnson near here, a Nebraska farmer named John Nordstrom has had the suspicion of murder, which has rested upon him for five years, lifted. In February, 1896, Martin M. Johnson disappeared from Omaha and no trace of him could be found. He was know to have had a sum of money and suspicion was at once aroused that he had been murdered. He had worked for Nordstrom, near there, Nordstrom moving the year before to Wahoo.

Johnson had been solicited by Nordstrom to come to Wahoo and rent a farm and finally sold his effects at Omaha and started, as was supposed, for that place. That was the last seen of him. Inquiry showed he never reached Wahoo. The Omaha papers made a sensation out of the matter and public opinion finally settled down to the belief that Nordstrom had made away with Johnson for his money. As no evidence could be adduced for his conviction, Nordstrom was never arrested.

For five years the friends of Nordstrom, who believed him innocent, have searched for the missing Johnson. A reward of $200 was offered for Johnson, dead or alive. About a month ago it was learned a Martin M. Johnson lived on a small farm just east of this place. An investigation was made and it was found he was the long-lost neighbor of Nordstrom. Johnson has admitted freely his identity, and has promised to go to both Omaha and Wahoo in order that the people may be satisfied he is the right man and thus right the wrong done to Nordstrom.

To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids into the nasal passages for catarrhal troubles, the proprietors prepare Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price, including the spraying tube, is 75 cents. Druggists or by mail. The liquid embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation. Cream Balm is quickly absorbed by the membrane and does not dry up the secretions but changes them to a natural and healthy character. Ely Bros., 56 Warren street, New York.

SORE ARMS

Will Be the Rule at the University.

Minneapolis, Jan. 14.—The health authorities of Minneapolis, with the aid of about forty members of the senior medical class of the University of Minnesota, yesterday began the vaccination of all the students of the University. This is made necessary by the fact that a large number of the students were exposed to smallpox by H. E. McKibbon, a medical student who was Saturday taken to the quarantine hospital. All the members of McKibbon's club, and the inmates of the house in which he boarded have been vaccinated, and the law and medical students have also been treated.

DIED AT MOOSE LAKE.

Well Known Railroad Man Succumbs to Pneumonia.

Moose Lake, Minn., Jan. 14.—Robert G. Dunsmore died last evening at the Merchant's hotel in this village at 8:20. His death was especially sad on account of the fact that he was called here by the illness of his brother, Thomas Dunsmore, whose death occurred here last Thursday evening.

Robert Dunsmore was 56 years of age. He was widely known in railroad circles, having served as conductor in the passenger service on the Chicago & Alton railroad for the past twenty-three years and was one of the most popular and trusted employes of the road.

His death was caused by a severe attack of pneumonia.

BALDHEADS would be a curiosity if Dandruff, Itching Scalp and Falling Hair were promptly arrested and cured by using

Coke Dandruff Cure

Results are absolutely certain. Price returned if satisfying results are not produced. Only the genuine is sure. Imitations and substitutes are worthless--sometimes dangerous.

Coke Shampoo and Toilet Soap

Has no equal for the complexion. Results are quick and highly gratifying.

A. R. BREMER CO., CHICAGO.

JERSEY IN IT.

State Will Fight For the Merger In Courts.

New York, Jan. 14.—While the United States supreme court is not concerned as to the legality of the charter of the Northern Securities company, and will not be called upon in any case to decide that point, the state of New Jersey, which, having no right to interplead, will, it is understood, be represented directly or indirectly in the answer that is to be put in by the Northern Securities company for the purposes of showing that the company, under its provisions, is only doing what an individual has a right to do under the constitution of the United States.

It is probable that Samuel Gray, attorney general of New Jersey, will be associated with counsel for the Northern Securities for that purpose, and that he will be reinforced by James B. Dill, author of the corporation laws of New Jersey, and John W. Griggs, former attorney general of the United States.

PLATT HANGS ON.

Concludes to Run For Senate Once More.

New York, Jan. 14.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says that Senator Platt of New York has announced positively that he had rescinded his former intention not again to run for the senate, and wants it known that he will be a candidate for re-election at the hands of the next legislature. Senator Platt makes this announcement in emphatic terms and an earnest spirit. His friends here do not believe he will have any opposition.

MUELLER SELECTED

As Clerk of District Court at St. Cloud.

St. Cloud, Minn., Jan. 14.—Judges Searle and Baxter of the district court have appointed Herman Mueller, of St. Cloud, clerk of the district court, to succeed E. P. Barnum, deceased. The place is worth about $2500 a year. The Democrats had a fierce fight over this piece of patronage, the county committee recommending James R. Bennett, Sr., and the county commissioners and most of the officials and the bar association holding out for Mr. Mueller.

BURIAL

Of Father Ebert Ends a Romantic Career.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Jan. 14.—The burial of Father Joseph Ebert, of the local deanery marked the close of a romantic career. Once a dashing Bavarian army officer, Father Ebert renounced war and became a priest. He was born in Walterstein, Bavaria, in 1849. He studied theology and philosophy in Munich in 1866 he entered the Bavarian army during the war with Austria, and for bravery in several battles was promoted to the rank of captain. In 1890 he became a papel zouave. Soon after this, he deserted army life altogether and became a priest, being appointed chaplain of St. Peters in Rome. Afterwards he was sent as a missionary to this country and officiated in the diocese of eDtroit. While in Michigan one of his offices was the editing of a German Catholic paper.

FOR WRECKED VESSELS.

Measure to Allow Canadian Boats to Assist.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Representative Morris has introduced a bill to allow Canadian vessels to render aid to vessels wrecked or in distress in American waters contiguous to American territory.

YACHT BUILDER DEAD.

London, Jan. 14.—William Fife, the famous old-time yacht builder, died Monday at Fairlie, Scotland.



PROSIT!

Be sociable—
Drink
Miller
"THE BEST" MILWAUKEE BEER
the BEER that's pure.
Bottled at the Brewery.
FRED MILLER BREWING CO., Milwaukee.
E. C. Hauser, Agt.
Both Phones. 47 Railroad St.

Our Motto is: "Honest Dental Work at Honest Prices."



Bridge Work $5 per Tooth.

Best Full Set of Teeth $8.00 | 22-karat Gold Crowns.....$6.00.
Gold Fillings.....$1.00 and up | Silver Fillings.....50c and up
Cement Fillings.....25c and up
Teeth Extracted absolutely without pain. A ten (10) year written guarantee with all work.
WE USE ONLY THE BEST MATERIALS.

Drs. GREEN & BUDD,
Zenith 'Phone 3085. Woodward Bldg., West Duluth, Minn.
Car fare paid from Duluth. Gas, Chloroform and Ether Administered.

THE STATE MILITIA

Important Meeting of Interstate National Guard Association.

Will Be Held at Washington With Large Attendance.

Maj. Lambert Proposes Amendment to the Military Bill.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Next Monday the Interstate National Guard association will convene in Washington, and it will be the most important gathering ever held by that organization.

The fact that President Roosevelt and Secretary Root are strongly in favor of legislation which will place the National Guard on a more substantial footing insures a large attendance, and the District of Columbia militia is making ample preparations for entertaining the visitors.

Maj. George C. Lambert, First artillery, N. G. S. M., and chairman of the executive committe of the National Guard, has sent a strong letter to Secretary Root, in which he asked that officer to recommend an amendment to the annual army appropriation providing for the exchange of the Springfield rifles now used by the militia organizations of the United States for the present service rifle used in the regular army.

In his letter to the secretary, Maj. Lambert calls attention to the president's message and also to the annual report of the war department in favor of a better equipment for the National Guard.

He further states that he was advised, during a visit to Washington last spring, that the war department would adopt a new light three-inch field piece for the regular army, and when the new ordnance was placed at the various army posts throughout the country the field guns now in use in the regular army would be available for the National Guard.

Accordingly Mr. Lambert has prepared the draft of an amendment to the military bill and as it is of general interest to the guardsmen it is here given in full:

"That the secretary of war is hereby authorized to issue to the governors of the several states and territories such number of magazine rifles, caliber 31-100 of an inch, of the latest model in use by the United States army, together with such number of woven cartridge belts of like caliber, as are required for arming all of the regularly organized, armed and equipped militia (generally known as the National Guard) of such state and territory that are not already supplied with this arm; provided, that such state and territory be required on receipt of the new arms and belts to turn into the ordnance department. United States army (without receiving any money credit therefor) an equal number of field guns, carriages, limbers and caissons now in its possession, except its breech-loading guns, caliber 3.2-inch and accompanying carriages, limbers and caissons.

"Each state and territory shall hereafter make annual return to the secretary of war of all the ordnance issued to them under this act, as provided for in the act of Feb. 12, 1887, making a permanent appropriation for arming and equipping the militia.

Another question which the Interstate National Guard asociation will consider is that of the proposed location of four or five military training schools and camps of military instruction.

The board appointed in October by Secretary Root to locate these camps of instruction has not yet reported, and when it does report it will require congressional action to carry the plan into effect.

Just what position the Interstate association will take cannot, of course, be stated, but it is understood that it will strongly urge additional camps of instruction, to the end that no state organization of militia will be obliged to travel over 400 miles to participate in field manoeuvers.

As planned by Secretary Root, Fort Riley and Fort Leavenworth would be the nearest point for the state military organizations of the Northwest. The guardsmen will object to this on the ground that the distance is too long and it would be too expensive to make a trip.

IN A RUNAWAY.

Julia Arthur and Husband Have Narrow Escape.

Boston, Jan. 14.—A span of horses attached to the sleigh of B. H. Cheney, in which Mr. Cheney and his wife, formerly Julia Arthur, were riding, ran away in one of the most crowded streets of Boston today and brought up against a store window. An electric car struck the sleigh and Mr. and Mrs. Cheney were thrown out and somewhat hurt, but no serious injuries were sustained.

WATCH IDENTIFIED.

Was In Possession of Murdered Man Before Death.

Ottawa, Kan., Jan. 14.—During the coroner's investigation yesterday into the death of James Booth, the old man whose body was found in a well here Saturday, the dead man's housekeeper, Mrs. Tabor, identified a watch found in Mrs. Mate Stanley's room at Topeka as the property of Booth. It had been in his possession, she said, as late as the evening before he was killed. Mrs. Stanley left Ottawa soon after the body was found, and was arrested at Tapeka. Her mother, Mrs. Mary McCoy, and two younger members of the McCoy family, all of whom are under arrest, refused to testify.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY CHARTER.

ONE.

Amend Section 372 so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 372: When said board shall be ordered by the common council to make any improvements described in Sec. 356 of this charter, it shall cause an estimate of the cost of such improvement to be made by the city engineer, and shall thereupon proceed at once to assess 75 per cent of such portion of the estimated cost of such improvement as is assessable, including 10 per cent upon such amount, which shall be added to the assessment to defray the necessary expenses of making survey, plans, specifications and superintendence, and the property to be benefited by said improvement in proportion as nearly as may be to the benefits resulting thereto, but in case in excess of such benefits. In making such assessment roll the board shall describe each parcel of property assessed, and the amount assessed against the same, and shall state the name of the owner thereof so far as known to said board. No mistake in, or omission of such owner's name shall in anywise affect such assessment.

If the work shall have been completed before any assessment is made, or if the amount so assessed shall be insufficient to complete the work, said board shall make a final assessment in the same manner to pay the same.

All assessments paid on account of any improvement ordered to be done by contract before the contract therefor is let shall be kept separate in the permanent improvement revolving fund for such improvement until the amount of said fund, available for said improvement, equals that portion of the estimated cost of said improvement that shall be paid from said fund."

TWO.

Amend Section 388 by adding to the end thereof the following:

"Provided, that for the purpose of this section in determining the ownership of the property where any piece of property is owned by two or more owners jointly or in common all such owners shall be counted as one."

THREE.

Add a Section as follows:

"Section 384 a. The same penalties and interest shall be collected by the county treasurer on assessments as upon general taxes, which penalties and interest shall belong to the city and be turned over by said treasurer to the city with the assessments."

FOUR.

Add a Section as follows:

"Section 385 a. The common council of the city of Duluth by a ⅞ vote of all its members shall have power to order the construction of sanitary main trunk sewers when the public health and necessity require it, and the city shall have the power to assess upon the real estate to be specially benefited by the same to defray the expense of such construction, or a part thereof, according to special benefits which will accrue to such real estate, without the petition of property owners, provided for in Section 358 of this charter; provided, however, that a sanitary main trunk sewer is hereby declared to be and shall be the main outlet sewer for the drainage of any sanitary sewer district terminating at the point of final discharge of sewerage into St. Louis bay or river, or Duluth or Superior bay or harbor, or Lake Superior, the whole length of which shall be designed and intended as the outlet for lateral sewers and shall not include any other main outlet, branch, lateral sewer or any extension of such main trunk sewer."

City Clerk's Office,
Duluth, Minn., Jan. 3, 1902.

I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of the proposed amendments to the city charter of the city of Duluth, submitted o the common council by the charter commission through the mayor of the city, on this date, which amendments are to be voted on at the municipal election to be held in the city of Duluth, February 4, 1902.

H. W. CHEADLE,
Cly Clerk.
(Corporate Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 4 to Feb. 4 inclusive, 1902.

SYPHILIS

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Blood Poison permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, Iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address

COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
253 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

CONTEST NOTICE—

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Duluth, Minn., January 3, 1902.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by James L. Travers, contestant, against homestead entry No. 12241, made October 31, 1900, for lots 1, 2 and ne¼ of sw¼ section 7, township 62 N., range 13 W., by Albert Peterson, contestee, in which it is alleged that said Albert Peterson has never established a residence on said land or cultivated or improved the same in any manner but has wholly abandoned said land and that said alleged absence from the said land was not due to his employment in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer, seaman or marine, during the war with Spain or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on February 6, 1902, before the register and receiver at the United States land office, in Duluth, Minn.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed January 3, 1902, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

WM. E. CULKIN,
Register.

Duluth Evening Herald—Jan-7-14-21-28-1902

MARKET WEAKER

Wheat Started Out Lower and Ruled Weak All Morning.

Depression Caused By Second Failure of George H. Phillips.

Flax Business Was Fairly Active and Market Strong.

Duluth Board of Trade, Jan. 14.—The wheat market was weak and lower this morning. The Northwest receipts were liberal and the cables were slightly lower, but these bearish influences were insignificant in comparison with the excitement caused at Chicago by the second failure of George H. Phillips, the former "corn king." It was said that he was long 5,600,000 bus of wheat and the prospect of this being thrown on the market depressed prices. Concerted support by the bulls prevented a bad slump, and there was a slight rally towards the close. May closed ½c off in Duluth, Chicago and Minneapolis.

The Liverpool close was ¾c lower and Paris closed 2@3¼c lower, and Antwerp closed unchanged. Berlin was ¾c lower at the close.

Bradstreet's statement showed a decrease of 528,000 bus in the world's visible. Clearances of wheat and flour equalled 527,000 bus.

Primary receipts were 556,000 bus of wheat against 558,000 last year. Shipments were 194,000 bus against 180,000 bus last year.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 411 cars, and at Chicago, 68, a total of 479 cars, against 384 last week and 474 last year.

May corn closed ¾c to 1c off at Chicago, and oats dropped 1c to ¼c. Primary receipts of corn were 530,000 bus, against 406,000 bus last year, and shipments were 329,000 bus, against 420,000 bus last year.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was light. The opening was ½c off at 73¾c, sold up to 74¾c at 9:31, rallied to 75¾c at 9:42, sold down to 73¾c at 9:35, rallied to 75½@75¾c at 11:07, dropped to 73¾c at 12:28, and closed ½c off, at 73¾c.

Cash business was light. Prices were unchanged at 3c under May for No. 1 northern, 5½c under for No. 2 and 8c under for No. 3.

Flax trading was fairly active and the market strong. May opened unchanged at $1.66½, sold at $1.68, fell to $1.67½, sold up to $1.68¾, and reacted to $1.68½. It sold up to $1.70, but closed at $1.69½, 3c up from yesterday. January flax closed 3½c up, cash flax closed 4c up, and to arrive flax, 3c up.

Oats closed ¼c off, and rye lost 2c, corn closing unchanged.

The closing prices on the Duluth market were as follows:

The close: Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 75½c; No. 1 northern, 75½c; No. 2 northern, 73c; No. 3 spring, 70½c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 75½c; No. 1 northern, 75½c; May, 73¾c; July, 70½c. Oats, 45⅝@45⅝c; rye, 59c; barley, malting, 49@55c; corn, 43c. Flax, cash and to arrive, $1.68; January, $1.67½; May, $1.69½.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 25; last year, 49; oats, 5; barley, 1; flax 15. Receipts—Wheat, 32,096; oats, 963; flax, 7284. Shipments—Wheat, 8267; barley, 2750; flax, 7135.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.75¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	75½
No. 1 northern, 2500 bus	75½
No. 1 northern, 1 car	75¾
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	73¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	74½
No. 3 spring, 1 car	71⅜
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	70⅜
No grade, 1 car	71
Barley, 1 car	57
Barley, 1 car	53½
Flax, 1500 bus, to arrive	1.69½
Flax, 1 car, rejected	1.65

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

All Grains Panicky On Account of Phillips Trouble.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—All grains opened panicky today on the announcement that George H. Phillips had been forced to close out all his open deals for want of sufficient margins. Liberal receipts and slightly lower cables were insignificant compared with 5,000,000 bus of long wheat said to be held by Phillips, which the crowd expected would at once be thrown on the market.

May wheat opened with a bad slump, 1c to 1⅛@⅞c depressed at 80½c to 80c. Bears were in high spirits and pounded at prices, though many took advantage of the state of affairs to cover their short line to a good advantage. Trade was enormous. The pit was in a frenzy and deals were so rapid it was almost impossible to distinguish which way the current ran. After the first bad slump a concerted support by the bull faction pressed May back to 81¾, but this would not hold long on the heavy selling, and it slid back to 80¼c. At the end of the first hour the recovery had reached 80⅝c for May. Local receipts were 68 cars, 2 of contract. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 411 cars making a total for the three points of 479 cars against 384 last week and 474 a year ago.

For a time after the opening excitement wheat turned dull, but later on heavy selling back to 80½ and the market disappointed many early buyers. The pit, however, was heavily short and in spite of the selling by commission houses the shorts bought so liberally that prices reacted and May closed weak, but much higher than was expected, ½c down at 81@¾c.

May corn slumped 1¼@1½c to ¾@⅞c at 64½c to 65c at the opening. The tone here was very weak and Phillips was the only influence. Cables were slightly lower, but were insignificant. There was heavy selling. It is not understood that Phillips was heavily interested in corn, but the selling went on at a tremendous rate at the opening. A great deal of it, however, was wanted on the decline and there was a slow recovery for May options to 65⅝c followed by a set-back of ¼c. Receipts were 171 cars.

After the early rally in corn the market turned very weak and almost ran back to the lowest point. Shorts here also covered freely and ay closed weak, ⅞@1c at 60¼c.

Oats had the strongest tone of any of the pits. Trade opened very excited and at once assumed large proportions. May started ⅜@⅝c lower, at 45c, and sagged to 44¾c, but at once a strong bull support pushed back the onslaught of the bears and prices readily went to 46⅝c, a decided improvement. Apparently there was little Phillips selling, and the pit continued in the somewhat independent tone it had shown for the last few weeks. After the early bulge the weakness of the other pits gradually had an effect and May eased back to 45½c. Receipts were 222 cars.

Rye was the most excited on the floor early. A "fancy" deal had been carried in this cereal, and it was the raid on Phillips yesterday in this pit, that started the brokers to asking for the full 10 per cent margins in all his deals and which led to his closing. Rye opened 4¾c to 5¾c down, at 62c to 63c, on the future, and slumped to 60c. Phillips is said to have carried 1,000,000 bus long in this pit. At the low prices a prominent house began to absorb nearly everything offered and the prices rallied to 66c.

Provisions were weak at the opening on the Phillips influence, but had a fair recovery on outside buying and an improved hog market. May pork opened 5@7½c lower to 2½@5c higher at $16.35 to $17.05 and sold up to $17.17½; May lard 5@7½c to a shade lower, at $9.60@9.65, and advanced to $9.77½, and May ribs 2½c lower, to unchanged to $8.57½c and sold to $8.67½.

Close, wheat, January, 77¾c; May, 81@⅞c; July, 80⅝@⅞c. Corn, January, 61⅝c; May, 65¼c; May, 65¼c; July, 64⅞@65c; September, 63⅝c. Oats, January, 44⅞c; May, 45⅝c; July, 40¼c; September, 35⅝c. Pork, January, $16.72½; May, $17.11½; July, $17.07½. Lard, January, $9.52½; May, $9.77½; July, $9.82½@9.85. Ribs, January, $8.57½; May, $8.67½@8.70. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.70; Southwestern, $1.66½; May, $1.71½. Rye, January, 60¾c; May, 63⅜c; July, 62⅜c. Barley, cash, 58@66c. Timothy, March, $2.60. Clover, March, $10.00. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 84½@85½c; No. 3 red, 80½@83c; No. 2 hard winter, 71½@79½c; No. 3 hard winter, 76½@78½c; No. 1 northern spring, 78½@79½c; No. 2 northern spring, 76½@78½c; No. 3 spring, 72½@77½c. Corn, No. 3, 61½@62c. Oats, No. 2, 45½@⅝c; No. 3, 40@44c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Jan. 13.—Close: Wheat, May, 86½c; July, 85⅞c. Corn, May, 69¼c; July, 65⅞c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Jan. 14.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 75¾c; May, 76⅝@77c; July, 77⅞c On track—No. 1 hard, 6c; No. 1 northern, 75¾c; No. 2 northern, 74⅛@⅞c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	78⅛A	76½	80½@80	86
High	79	77	81¼	86⅜
Low	77¾	76½	80	85⅛
Close	78⅜B	76⅞@77	81-⅛A	86⅛A
July—				
Open	78¾B	77¾A	79½-⅞	85⅝A
High	79⅛B	77¾	81	85⅞-⅞
Low	78⅛B	77⅛	80¼	85¼
Close	79⅛B	77⅞	80¾-⅞	85⅞A

CHICAGO, OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	45⅜	64½@65	$16.95@17.00
High	46⅜	65⅝	17.17
Low	45⅛	64¾	16.95
Close	46⅜	65¼A	17.17

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Jan. 14.—Close—Wheat, spot firm No. 2 red western winter, 6s 2¾d; 1 northern spring, 6s 3d; California, 6s 6d; futures teady: March, 6s 3s; May, 6s 3½d. Corn—Spot seady; American mixed new, steady, 5s 6¾d; American mixed old, steady, 5s 8d; futures steady; February, 5s 3¾d; March 5s 3d; May, 5s 2d.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 76⅜c to 76⅝c.
Calls, May wheat, 78⅛c to 78¼c.
Curb, May wheat, 77c to 77⅛c.

Main Office—337 Jackson St., St. Paul. Local Office—325 West Superior St.

A. J. CUMMINGS,
Dealer in **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,

(Successors to Arthur R. Jones & Co.)
428 West Superior Street, (Spalding Hotel).
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
4, Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
3 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis.
Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

HOAR IS ANXIOUS

That the Philippine Campaign Should Be Investigated.

Washington, Jan. 14.—When the senate met today a concurrent resolution was passed appointing a joint committee of congress to consider the question of a site for a hall of records to be erected in Washington.

A resolution offered by Mr. Harris was also passed, directing the attorney general to inform the senate as to what steps had been taken to secure the payment of interest still due the United States on account of the subsidy debt of the Kansas division of the Union Pacific Railroad company.

Mr. Hoar called up his resolution, offered yesterday, providing for an investigation of the conduct of the Philippines campaign, etc., and after explaining that the purpose of the resolution was not to interfere with the work of the Philippines commission, he claimed that we ought to have some reliable information regarding the war in the Philippines, which he characterized as a "painful controversy." During the civil war, he said, there was a committee which reported upon their responsibility the facts which were needed for the senate and for the country. There are many things about which the public has been in doubt, as, for instance, the statement appearing in the public press and twice made in the senate that Aguinaldo had sold out his countrymen. "We want to know who promised the Filipinos independence," he insisted. "Some charge that Dewey did, and Dewey says they lie, and the matter was allowed to stop there."

Was it worth while for us, he continued, to be considering these great questions which involve the propriety and good faith and integrity of our dealings with these unfortunate people in the matter of their liberty when we were in the dark. He said he wanted to know something about the character of the Filipinos; he wanted Governor Taft to come before the senate committee, where he could be asked questions. He said he had received some terrible stories from brave soldiers and officers of high rank about the way the war in the Philippines is conducted.

Mr. Hoar called attention to what he characterized as the conflicting reports of Gen. Chaffee and Judge Taft, of the Philippines commission, and said it was important the country should know which of these had taken the correct view of the situation. Hence he appealed for careful inquiry by the senate.

Mr. Hoar thought there should be a committee to take up these questions and consider both sides of them. He declared it to be one of God's truths that "no one people has the right to crush the liberty out of another people," and added:

"We are engaged in the Philippines in thte unholy office of crushing out a republic, and if we had dealt with them as we have dealt with the Cubans, the Filipinos would now be a happy, prosperous people, sending their children to our schools and imitating our institutions."

Mr. Lodge replied saying the question had been debated at great length. He asked that the resolution should be referred to the committee on Philippines, of which Mr. Lodge is chairman. He though any other reference would be the most serious reflection of which the senate could be capable.

He considered the committee well fitted to investigate any questions of dispute in connection with the Philippines, but would admit frankly that he did not consider such an investigation necessary. If found necessary to appoint another committee, he thought all must agree that the necessity for the existence of the standing committee would cease.

Replying, Mr. Hoar disavowed any intention to reflect upon Senator Lodge's cofmittee. All that he wished was that some committee would take the testimony bearing on the subject while it was available, and he added that if his colleague's committee would take cognizance of the subject he would be satisfied.

Mr. Lodge gave notice that at the proper time he would move to refer the resolution to his committee.

Mr. Carmack (Tenn.) announced himself in accord with Mr. Hoar in desiring an investigation of Philippine affairs, but he thought that the investigation should be conducted by the committee on the Philippines. He would have the question thoroughly sifted so that the country might know the truth of the entire matter.

At Mr. Hoar's suggestion, the resolution was left upon the table until tomorrow for further consideration.

Senator Mason today addressed the senate upon his resolution of yesterday relative to reciprocity with Cuba. He advocated such reciprocity arrangement in strong terms. He spoke of the complaint as to the inability to market the products of Cuba and urged that Cubans should be allowed to store free such products in the warehouses of the United States.

At the conclusion of Mr. Mason's speech, the senate at 2:33 p. m. adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Before the house resumed the debate on the pension apropriation bill today the speaker announced the appointment of Mr. Stewart, of New York, and Mr. Livingston, of Georgia, as directors of the Columbia hospital for women, and Mr. Russell, of Connecticut, and Mr. Lenham, of Texas, as directors of the Columbian institution for the instruction of the deaf and dumb. Both institutions are in the District of Columbia.

The house then went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the pension appropriation bill.

Mr. Gardner (Mich.), reverting to the speech of Mr. Rixey yesterday in favor of opening the doors of national soldiers' homes to ex-Confederates, said he approved the suggestion as an exhibition of the sympathized with the Union soldier in sympathized with the spirit that sought to take care of our own, and predicted that the time would come, and at no distant day, when the homes for disabled veterans, built and maintained by the common government, would be opened alike to needy soldiers whether of the Union or Confederacy. His expression of the sentiment that it was better to care for the destitute than care for the graves of the dead, immortal though they might be, was greeted with a round of applause on the Democratic side. He spoke of the better feeling engendered between the sections by the Spanish war, and said that since then whatever differences existed among the people of the country had ceased to exist as sectional differences, and notice had been served on the civilized world that in any future war with the United States the whole country must be reckoned with.

Mr. Miers (Ind.), taking advantage of the latitude allowed in general debate, delivered a speech on the general political situation mainly devoted to the administration's policy in the Philippines. After three years, during which 10,000 soldiers had lost their lives and countless millions of treasure had been expended, he said he believed that if the administration would now declare a purpose to give independence to the Philippines, the war in the archipelago would end in six months.

Mr. Otey (Va.), who followed Mr. Miers, took issue with his colleague, (Mr. Rixey) regarding the method of relieving needed ex-Confederates. He proposed after an alternative proposition that the money in the treasury to credit of captured and abandoned Confederate property be distributed, 10 per cent annually, to the Confederate homes in the South. He declared that the day would come when monuments would be erected in the national capital to Lee, Jackson, Stuart and Forrest, not as rebels, but as grand and great Americans. Mr. Otey who said he himself gloried in the fact that he had been a rebel soldier, convulsed the house repeatedly with amusing stories illustrative of his arguments.

MILLER MUST SERVE.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 14.—The court of appeals has reversed the order of the appellate division of the supreme court granting a new trial to William F. Miller, of Brooklyn, the head of the Franklin 520 per cent syndicate and has affirmed the judgment of the trial court convicting him of larceny. Miller's sentence was to ten years' imprisonment.

BABCOCK

Introduces Bill to Put Steel On the Free List.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Representative Babcock (Wis.) today introduced a bill placing a number of articles of the iron and steel schedule on the free list and materially reducing the duties on other articles throughout the iron and steel schedule. The presentation of this bill has been awaited with much interest, owing to the attention aroused last year by a somewhat similar bill, and Mr. Babcock's position both as a Republican member of the ways and means committee and chairman of the Republican congressional committee. The bill is more extended than that of last year, and was drawn after conferences and correspondence with the steel and iron interests, the purpose being to place the rates on a strictly protective basis. The articles placed on the free list are the heavy products of the furnace, while the rates on other articles of the schedule average about one-half the present rates.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

The Whole Market Continued to Show a Sagging Tendency.

Freest Selling Movement Developed During the Final Hour.

A Few Fitful Rallies But the Closing Was Weak.

New York, Jan. 14.—The market continued to show a sagging tendency, the only important exceptions being Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and Manhattan. The changes were small and did not exceed a ½. The Atchisons were notably depressed. The dealings were on a very small scale.

Opening prices were the lowest of the first hour, as the support to the Pacifics induced moderate gains of other stocks. The entire market advanced above yesterday's close recoveries reaching a point in Sugar and the Atchisons. Manhattan made a gain of 1½. Room traders sold the market later, particularly the Atchisons, Manhattan, Sugar and Amalgamated Copper, but no general demand followed the recoveries in prices. The gains were about wiped out. Lake Erie & Western declined 2 points and Pullman advanced 1.

The market presented little feature until selling of Sugar lowered it to 119. It had been quoted at 121 earlier. Other stocks fell off in sympathy, but the general level was not much disturbed. Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis, Hocking Valley preferred and Erie second preferred lost a point and St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Glucose and Colorado Fuel rose 1½@1¾. American Linseed reacted 2¼ while Pullman advanced 3 in all. Bonds were irregular.

There was increased pressure against special stocks, but the general list was sluggish and heavy after midday. The stocks were forced down 1 to 2¾ on rumors that a new bond issue was imminent. Sugar fell 2¾ under yesterday on the cut in the price of the product. St. Louis & San Francisco second preferred, New York, Chicago & St. Louis and second preferred, Northwestern, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie preferred and a few other stocks made declines ranging from 1 to 3⅝. Glucose made a gain of 3⅜ without explanation.

A slight improvement in prices caused intense dullness after 1 p. m. as room traders were reluctant to take stocks in view of the unsettled condition of the trading. This circumstance encouraged the bears to go seeking a new for stop loss orders, and they succeeded in shaking out some long lines in various leaders, causing a general decline to the lowest of the day. The high-priced specialties and the railroads were offered more freely, notably Sugar, Amalgamated Copper, Manhattan, Union Pacific, Atchison, St. Paul, Delaware & Hudson and the Readings.

The freest selling movement of the day developed during the final hour and carried all stocks to the lowest. Atchison, Erie 1st pfd, Rock Island, Lackawanna, Sugar, General Electric, Consolidated Gas, New Jersey Central and Lake Erie & Western lost 2 to 4 points, and the principal stocks of the Pacifics, transcontinentals, grangers, trunk lines and coalers were 1 to 2 points below last night. United States Express dropped 6. There were only a few final rallies and the closing was active and weak.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	75¼	73½	.....
Anaconda M. Co.	30	29⅝	29¾
Atchison	77¾	75½	75½
do pfd	93½	90⅞	91
Baltimore & Ohio	102½	101	101⅞
do pfd	96⅝	96½	96¾
Brooklyn Transit	65⅛	63⅜	63⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	46⅜	45⅛	45⅜
Chicago & Alton	34½	33½	33¾
Col. Fuel and Iron	87	85¼	85¼
Chicago Great Western	22¾	22½	22⅝
Erie	40½	39¾	39⅞
do 1st pfd	73	70⅝	71
do 2d pfd	58⅜	55⅞	55¾
Great Northern pfd	185	183	183
Louisville & Nashville	104¾	103⅜	104
Leather	11¾	11⅝	11⅞
do pfd	81	80½	80¾
Manhattan Con.	138¾	136½	137½
M. St. P. & S. Ste. M.	38½	37⅜	37¾
do pfd	92	90	90
Missouri Pacific	101¼	99⅞	99⅞
N. Y. Central	163⅞	161¾	162¼
Norfolk & Western	56	55	55
do pfd	93	93	93
Ontario & Western	33½	32¾	33¼
Pennsylvania Ry	148⅛	147	147⅜
Pacific Mail	45½	45¼	45½
People's Gas	101¼	100⅜	100½
Republic Iron and Steel	16¾	15⅜	16⅜
do pfd	88⅞	86⅝	88⅝
Reading	55⅛	53⅝	53⅝
do 1st pfd	81¼	80½	80½
do 2nd pfd	62	60	60½
Rock Island	154⅜	152¼	152¼
Southern Ry	32⅝	32¼	32¼
do pfd	93⅜	92	92¼
Southern Pacific	59⅝	58¼	58⅜
Smelter	45½	44⅜	44⅞
Sugar Refinery	121	117½	118
St. Paul	164¾	163½	163⅝
T. C. & I.	64½	61½	61¾
Texas Pacific	38½	37½	37½
Union Pacific	101¾	99⅞	100
do pfd	88¾	87⅜	87⅞
U. S. Steel	42⅝	41⅜	.....
do pfd	93⅞	93⅛	93¼
Wabash	22½	21¾	21⅞
do pfd	41⅝	41¼	41¼
Western Union	91⅝	90⅜	90⅜
Wisconsin Central	20¼	19⅝	19⅝
do pfd	40½	40	40¼

The total sales were 633,600 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf gossip to W. H. Laidley & Co. —Absence of commission business for public account, the presence of scattered liquidation and the action of the supreme court in the matter of Northern Securities company are influences which good judges believe to be indicative of lower prices. "Sell on all rallies," is the slogan now among conservative people, whose advice a month ago was to buy on every decline. This element takes the position that stocks like the grangers, Atchison, Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Baltimore & Ohio are too high, that throughout the whole market prices are bound to be adjusted to new conditions. A few stocks, owing to special causes, may, however, be exempt from the downward course, the issue of $30,000,000 bonds by Atchison has done as much as anything else to kill off the investment demand for securities at a time when investors should be buying them early. Certainly after all that has been said and written about the physical upbuilding of this property it comes as a shock to conservative financiers to be suddenly informed that while Atchison directors are paying 4 per cent on their common stock the company is paying 5 per cent for $30,000,000 of borrowed money. For although the new bonds bear 4 per cent interest experts figure that with the payment of the syndicate's commission and the average price at which the entire issue will yield the company the latter will pay at least 5 per cent for its latest borrowings. The truth is that the whole Atchison business is the subject of severe criticism, the most caustic of which is that the great advance in the common stock, the placing of the same on a 4 per cent basis and the constant decrease in the ratio of operating expense and finally the issue of a big batch of new business are circumstances which make one of the largest stock lobbing schemes in the annals of Wall street.

The granting by the United States supreme court of the application of the state of Minnesota to bring the latter's bill of complaint against the Northern Securities company, formally before the court is a disappointment. Even many bears had looked for a decision favorable to the railroads. The actual result prolongs uncertainty. It is viewed as a bear argument particularly on the Western and Southwestern stocks concerned with consolidations or merger now in line. Union Pacific is instanced, also the theory that the crowd is carrying a large line recently acquired. The bull pool in Union Pacific is said to be in the same position as that of the $1,000,000 bull pool in Amalgamated Copper.

* * *

Town Topics—The market promises to sell off somewhat today under the influence of the operations of the professional trading element and the absence of Mr. Keene from Wall street. The lack of public support is also an unfavorable factor, but at the same time the banking interests continue to express confidence in the market. The more favorable conditions abroad cannot but have good results in our market. The reduction in the price of copper should result in lower prices for Amalgamated. Sugar is being bulled on Washington advices, but the steel stocks have struck bottom and should do better. Hold the coal stocks as the Morgan party continues to buy them. Southern Pacific should have a sharp rally and the entire market should have an upward turn before the close. London is following our market very closely but is very dull.

* * *

New York to W. H. Laidley & Co.—Stock market was dul and inclined to lower prices Bears made use of Mr. Keene's indisposition to hammer stocks, magnifying his condition to serious illness. It has been the invariable rule for six months that stocks are a purchase when they look the weakest and we believe the present will prove no exception. We are very sangine about Manhattan. It should and doubtles will sell at 150 in the not distant future. Buy Erie common for five points. Sugar should be sold on the bulges.

* * *

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.—We cannot get enthusiastic, but, the copper market should be watched. In fact, we feel quite bearish for the time being. It is a great industry and will be ultimately worked out in fine style, but is going to be a long, slow job and in the meantime we think the man who gets out and stays out till some very bad day will be far ahead away the best off. No feature today other than the absence of any buying power.

* * *

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.—At the office of the United States Smelting company it is stated that the company no longer has any fixed prices, but is making them at the market. For some time past the independents have not had any fixed schedule, it is stated, and have been selling copper under quotations of Utah Consolidated Mining, and the latter company will hereafter meet the independents on their own ground. The latest price named for copper, as far as can be ascertained, is 12½ cents for Lake, 11 cents for Electric and 10⅜ cents for Castings.

* * *

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.—London was supposed to have bought Americans today, but for the latest is that they have sold from 10,000 to 12,000 shares daily. This has not been largely short stocks. The theory is plausible that London is wrong on Americans that English operators may son find thmselves in the position that they were a year ago. We hear news is all out now and I don't see why prices should go lower.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	18	18¼
Allouez	2½	3⅝
Anaconda	29½	30
Arcadian	3½	3⅝
Amalgamated	68	68¼
Arnold	50	1
Ashbed	.....	25
Atlantic	23	25
Baltic	35	36
Bingham	23½	24
Phoenix	4	5
Calumet	1	2
Calumet and Hecla	.....	570
Centennial	11	11⅝
Copper Range	53	54
Cochita	1¾	2
Dominion Coal	55½	56
Elm River	1½	2
Franklin	12	13
Humboldt	.....	50
Isle Royale	20¾	21
Mass	15¾	16
Michigan	10	10¼
Mohawk	26½	26⅞
Mayflower	2	2½
Old Colony	2¾	3
Old Dominion	22½	.....
Osceola	77½	.....
Parrot	28	28½
Quincy	130	135
Rhode Island	2	3
Santa Fe	3	3½
Tamarack	245	250
Tecumseh	.....	75
Trimountain	45	48½
Utah	21½	22½
United States	13¼	13½
Victoria	4½	5
Wolverine	42	42
Wyandot	75c	$1.25

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Jan. 14.—Money on call steady at 4@5 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5½@6½ per cent; sterling exchange barely steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾@⅞ for demand, and $4.81½@¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85 and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.83½@⅞; bar silver, 55⅜; Mexican dollars, 44¼c. Government bonds steady; refunding 2s, registered, $1.08½; coupon, $1.08¾; 3s, registered, $1.07⅜; coupon, $1.08½; new 4s, registered, $1.39½; coupon, $1.39½; old 4s, registered, $1.11⅜; coupon, $1.11⅝; 5s, registered, $1.07⅝; coupon, $1.07½.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Jan. 14.—Cotton opened steady with prices 2 to 4 points higher on bullish foerign news and large receipts. As Liverpool continued to advance, prices here sluggishly advanced, May to 8.17 and July to 8.21, later casing off to the opening prices under pressure. Sentiment was bearish. Though fairly active around the opening operations dropped off to a very small scalping trade before 11 o'clock.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8¼c; middling gulf, 8½; sales, 688 bales. Cotton futures closed steady, January, 7.95; February, 8.00; March, 8.05; April, 8.09; May, 8.14; June, 8.15; July, 8.18; August, 8.03; September, 7.67; October, 7.60.

FORGERS.

New York, Jan. 14.—Frank Reid, Alfred Senior, and James C. Farrell were arrested today on a charge of forgery. The police say the men carried on a regular business of securing money on forged checks and that they had operated in nearly every large city in the country. Among the tools found in their possession, it is alleged, was an apparatus for filing the holes made by the punch stamp.

LUMBERMEN

Minneapolis, Jan. 14.—At the annual meeting of the Northwestern Lumbermen's association held here today the trade was reported by President Searles to be in a condition of unexampled prosperity. The attitude of the manufacturers to the association continued to be friendly and the officers had succeeded in combining trade to "legitimate channels."

Secretary W. G. Hollis reported the membership in Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa and the Dakotas, to be the largest on record. Only forty-nine complaints had been made against wholesalers and manufacturers and one-third of these proved to be "excusable shipments." The attendance is large.

CAVE-IN

Helena, Mont., Jan. 14.—John Andrews and Herman Rousch, miners, were caught in a cave-in at the Iron Age mine at Winston, twenty miles east of Helena. Rousch was rescued, but Andrews was dead when his body was recovered under several tons of earth and rock.

ANNUAL CAUCUS

Board of Trade Nominates Candidates For Its Offices.

Uses Australian System And Votes It a Success.

Officers Thus Nominated Will Be Elected Next Tuesday.

The annual caucus for the purpose of nominating candidates for the different offices and boards to be filled at the coming election was held by the Duluth board of trade today. Never has the board held a caucus in which there was so much interest manifested.

It was announced when the notice was posted that it would be conducted under the Australian system. This meant that instead of a slate being fixed up and presented for members to vote, blank tickets would be circulated and each member will fill in the names of the candidates he wished to vote for.

All morning there was much interest among members, and the vote between 12 and 1 o'clock, when the polls were open, was heavy.

The work of canvassing the vote was no light one and it took two men about two hours to figure out the result. The following were the candidates nominated:

President, Ward Ames, Sr.
Vice president, E. N. Bradley.
Directors: G. S. Barnes, Jr., F. E. Lindquist, E. Baker.
Board of arbitration: G. G. Barnun, T. J. C. Fagg, W. S. Moore.
Appeals: F. E. Lindahl, S. H. Jones, J. H. Barnes.
Inspection: J. F. McCarthy, J. T. Hickman, A. M. Prime, A. W. Frick, D. Moon.

The system was agreed to be a great success. No nominating caucus in recent years has excited as much interest.

The election will take place next Tuesday.

SCAFFOLD

In Chicago Elevator Fell Killing Two Workmen.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—Two men were instantly killed and a third seriously injured by the breaking of a scaffold in the Rialto elevator at One Hundred and Fourth street and the Calumet river today. The men were iron workers and were busy inside a steel grain bin doing work called "bolting up." One of the men heard a creaking of the ropes and fearing that the scaffold would fall, shouted a warning. His companions jumped for the ropes, but too late. The dead:

MATTHEW MARTIN, Eighty-eighth street and Superior avenue.
PATRICK HANRAHAN, Bridgeport.

The injured: Frank Hallanberg, 105 Eighty-eighth street, burned in sliding down rope.

KILLED BY TRAIN.

Wisconsin Farmer and Son Lose Their Lives.

Milwaukee, Jan. 14.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Waukesha, Wis., says: Christian Wetner was killed and his son George fatally injured by a train at a railroad crossing of the Chicago & Northwestern road at Dousman, near here today. The men were driving into a field over a private driveway and did not hear the approach of the train. The horses attached to the wagon were also killed.

ARTICLES -OF- INCORPORATION -OF- DULUTH TRANSFER RAILROAD COMPANY.

Know all men by these presents, that we, whose names are hereunto subscribed, have agreed to and do hereby associate ourselves together under the constitution and laws of the state of Minnesota, and more particularly under Title 1 of Chapter 34 of the General Statutes of said state and the laws amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, as a railroad corporation under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth, and to that end do hereby adopt the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be Duluth Transfer Railroad Company; and the general nature of its business shall be the erection, construction, maintenance, equipment and operation of a line or lines for railway for the transportation and transfer of persons and property, for hire, within the state of Minnesota, the same to commence within the corporate limits of the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis, in said state, at some convenient point in the Bay Front Division of Duluth, and to extend in a general southwesterly direction by way of those portions of said city of Duluth known as West Duluth and Spirit Lake, along upon or near the shores and bank of the Bay of Superior, St. Louis Bay, Spirit Lake and the St. Louis river to some point at or near the Wisconsin and Minnesota state line in that portion of the said city of Duluth known as Fond du Lac, together with all such branch and connecting lines, spurs and spur tracks, side-tracks and switches connecting directly or indirectly with said main line and running to the shores of said waters or over lands covered with water, or connecting the lines and tracks of said railway with the lines and tracks of other railways, with manufacturing or other institutions, as may be by the board of directors deemed expedient, and as will facilitate the carrying and transfer business of this corporation over its lines of road, and as will facilitate the carrying traffic by means of its lines, tracks, switches and spurs over other lines of railway leading into or approaching the city of Duluth; including the construction of all such docks, wharves, landings and warehouses, and the operation and maintenance thereof, and also all car-houses, depots and machine shops as may by the board of directors, from time to time, be deemed needful and advantageous to the conduct of said carrying, transfer and railway business of this corporation, and to such traffic over its and connecting lines and systems of transportation; and the doing of all things necessary or incident to the advantageous conduct of said business.

It is further declared to be appurtenant to and part of the general nature of the business of this corporation to lease or rent to other persons or corporations the right to use any of its lines, tracks, switches, spurs, rolling stock or facilities for the carrying, transfer and handling of passengers or freight, either for the purpose of conducting the said transportation business generally by means of the same or to facilitate traffic over other lines of transportation, and to furnish terminal and transfer facilities to other persons, companies and corporations.

It is further declared to be a part of the general nature of the business of this corporation to construct, maintain and operate lines of telegraph along or over its lines of railway, and to charge a reasonable compensation for the transmission of messages over and by means of



Miss Sophie Bonham, Vice-president Chicago Pros and Cons Club, Tells How She Escaped a Fearful Operation for Womb Trouble, by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel that words are but feeble to express a heart's gratitude, when there is so much to be thankful for as I have. I suffered with womb trouble for five years, and our family physician said an operation was needed; but I dreaded it, and reading of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** one day I decided to give it a trial first. To my great joy I found that after four months' treatment I was strong and well; I experienced no pain or trouble, and the Compound built up my entire system. I shall always bless the day I started to take your medicine; it proved my greatest good." — MISS SOPHIE BONHAM, 281 Oak St., Chicago, Ill.

$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

MARCONI

Tendered a Banquet By Institute of Electrical Engineers.

New York, Jan. 14.—William Marconi, the inventor of wireless telegraphy, was the guest of honor last evening at the annual dinner of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, held in the Astor gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria.

The decorations were of smilax massed about tiny green electric lights. On the wall back of the guests' table was a black tablet set with electric lights forming the letters and word "Marconi." Two smaller tablets some distance apart bore a similar arrangement, the word on one being Poldhu, on the other St. Johns, the names of the towns between which the famous wireless test was recently made. These tablets were connected by a string of electric lights, so arranged as to make the letter "S" in the Morse code. On the menu cards was a half tone picture of the inventor in the center of a scene representing the transmission across the ocean of a series of "S" the letter used in making the secret signals.

Only formal addresses were those by President Charles Proteus Steinmetz, Signor Marconi, Professor Elihu Thomson and Dr. Michael I. Pupin.

Thomas A. Edison wrote that he would be glad to be present as he "Would like to meet the young man who had the monumental audacity to attempt and succeed in jumping an electrical wave clear across the Atlantic ocean," but was unable to accept the invitation.

Signor Marconi, on being introduced, first described what his system had accomplished up to the present time, and especially in reference to its use on ships. He then referred to the prevailing opinion that, when a message is sent into space, any one of the necessary apparatus can intercept that message and read it. He said:

"Messages can only be read when the receiver and transmitter are attuned. This attuned system, as perfected, is not at present in use on ships. It has been deemed necessary that each ship should be equipped with apparatus which will permit the reading of a message sent from any other ship, because of the possibility of aid being required in a case of danger. Therefore, all ships are attuned, so that one ship can call up any other ship."

After finishing the description of what had been accomplished, Signor Marconi spoke of his hopes for the future. He declared that shortly it would be possible to send many messages over the sea at the same time.

SCHLEY CASE.

Chicago Board of Trade Appeals to Congress In Resolutions.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—Resolutions calling upon congress to re-open the Schley case and make its own decision as to who was in command at the battle of Santiago were passed by the board of trade at its annual meeting yesterday.

The vote was not unanimous, but the roar of the "Ayes" was three times as loud as the roar of the "Noes," and the vocal note went unchallenged as expressing the feeling of the board.

A brief but brisk discussion preceded the adoption of the resolution.

D. G. Chandler introduced the resolutions, but before Secretary Stone had finished reading them he was interrupted by J. B. Rumsey, who tried to have them tabled unread, as out of place in a board of trade meeting.

He got no satisfaction, and Mr. Chandler made a speech for their passage which was so full of emotion that his voice trembled as he spoke.

"It is evident to anybody who read the report of the trial," he said, "that Schley was not fairly treated. It is eminently proper for this board to demand for him fair play."

"What do we know about the facts?" retorted Mr. Rumsey. "The proper officials of the government are alone able to decide, and if we are wise and mind our own business we will not try to tell them facts where we are ourselves ignorant and incapable of judgment."

Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Mrs. Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Postmaster General and Mrs. Emory Smith, who soon return to their home in Philadelphia, gave their last official dinner Monday night at the Arlington when they entertained the President and Mrs. Roosevelt and a large company.

A Siamese paper just received at Baltimore states that the king of Siam, in person, in Aug. 27 last, conferred upon Dr. T. Edward Hayes, formerly a resident of Baltimore, the royal order of the White Elephant. This is the highest of the Siamese orders, and is rarely conferred upon a foreigner. Dr. Hayes has been surgeon major of the Siamese navy for the past thirteen years.

Capt. Richmond P. Hobson has not resigned from the navy. He has merely applied for a year's leave of absence and expects to devote his time to lecturing, having had many handsome offers made him to enter upon this line of work.

The coroner jury in the case of James Booth murder case at Ottawa, Kans., completed its investigation and brought in a verdict that Booth had been killed by unknown persons. The jury recommended that Mrs. Mary McCoy and her daughters, Mrs. Mary Stanley and Miss Bessie Browning, be held for investigation.

About two hundred members of the recently organized committee of safety began patrolling the residence portions of Denver Monday night. It is hoped this will result in the detection of thugs whose outrages have caused a reign of terror in the city for several months.

The will of Mrs. A. H. Stewart, of Olympia, mother of Women's clubs in Washington, gives her entire estate of $50,000 to three club women. Mrs. D. A. Gove, of Tacoma, gets one half and Mrs. Mary Lowe Dickinson, of New York, and Mrs. Sarah Utt, of Pola, Cal., are to divide the remainder. Mrs. Stewart left no relatives.

Mme. Nordica's appearance at the Masonic theater, Nashville, Monday night was a triumph. There was not the slightest indication of physical ill effect from the railroad accident in Georgia, in which Mme. Nordica was bruised about the shoulders. She sang with splendid voice. A magnificent audience gave her a veritable ovation.

The anti-Imperialistic league of Boston, has sent a petition to congress asking that Aguinaldo and Mabini be permitted to come to this country and accorded a hearing before congress.

J. P. Withers, who was until Dec. 31 president of the American National bank of Beaumont, Texas, arrested by a deputy United States marshal at Kansas City, on the charge of forgery, which it is stated aggregates $37,000.

Dispatches from Alberti, B. C., report that the schooner Minnie L. Paint has turned turtle off the Vancouver island coast. What has become of her crew cannot be learned, but it is feared that all have perished. The hull was seen first by Indians some days ago, who reported it as that of a 400-ton vessel. Since then wreckage has come ashore, bearing the name "Minnie L. Paint."

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of **Mother's Friend**, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address

MOTHER'S FRIEND

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

A SOCIAL ARBITER

Is Said to Be a Necessity at the Capital.

Official Society In Washington Is Becoming Entangled.

Difficult Problems a Master of Ceremonies Would Solve.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Not in many years has official society in the nation's capital been involved in such a tangle as at present. It required all the remarkable tact of the late President McKinley to preserve even the appearance of peace in the big official colony. Most of the trouble arises from questions of precedence.

When congress changed the order of succession to the presidency some years ago there was a kaleidoscope shifting of social positions, the beauty of which failed to commend itself to certain of the shifted. In fact, some of the dignitaries who have been reduced in rank have declined to accept the new order of things, and as the officials who were advanced strenuously demand all the honors and social emoluments of their newly gained positions, there is a perennial and fertile source of bickerings right there. The action of the principal European powers in raising the rank of their envoys in Washington to that of ambassador infused still another element into the many-sided struggle, and finally, to still further complicate matters, the recent expansion of American governmental interests has necessitated the creation of numerous new posts, the occupants of which do not propose to allow the filching of any of their social laurels.

All this has brought up again the demand for a social arbiter of an officialdom. Every European court has such an official. He is known as the grand chamberlain or master of ceremonies. He is a recognized authority on all points of official and social etiquette, and his decision is accepted as final. The man who should attempt such a role at Washington would need to possess a detailed knowledge of official etiquette in all the principal nations of the world. His knowledge of social customs would have to be absolute; he would be obliged to know the ins and outs of Washington society to a T—all its feuds, antipathies and quarrels, both political and personal—and he must be a man of infinite tact. And if such be found the person persuaded to undertake the office he would probably reach such obloquy, contempt and hatred as could hardly be paralleled in history. The warring ladies of officialdom would attend to that. Nevertheless, there is a growing belief among the leaders of Washington society that only the appointment of an absolute arbiter can avert swift social chaos, and there is a constantly accumulating list of problems for him to solve as soon as he shall assume the wand of power.

The responsibility for many of the worst complications lies at the doors of the accredited representatives of foreign governments at the American capital. When Mexico raised the rank of her envoy at Washington to that of ambassador the diplomat was treated with decided coolness by his ambassadorial colleagues. The supposed cause was an infringement of diplomatic privileges by the Mexican diplomat, but there was suspicion in many quarters that the treatment was designed as a protest against the presumption of a republic in creating ambassadors who are supposed to be the personal representatives of monarchs.

Until within the past year Austria maintained no diplomatic relations with Mexico, and, in fact, did not recognize the existence of the republic. This led to many troublous incidents in Washington and indirectly to the most sensational episode which ever occurred at a social gathering at the White House. The Mexican ambassador and the Austrian minister and his wife chanced to be guests at a state dinner tendered by the president, and a blundering official assigned the Mexican envoy to escort to dinner the wife of his Austrian colleague. The representative of Mexico hesitated, but finally went up and offered his arm to the lady. She abruptly turned her back upon him, walked over to a chair and seated herself. When remonstrance was made she said:

"For me there is no such nation as Mexico. We do not officially admit its existence or that of its representative. It is an insult to ask me to go in with a person who does not exist."

The matter was hastily amended by a readjustment of the table.

Not infrequently, too, personal quarrels have figured in official entertaining. The Mexican and Belgian governments are on entirely friendly terms and regularly maintain diplomatic relations, but the former Belgian minister at Washington, who has just been recalled, conceived a dislike for the Mexican ambassador, and refused to attend any social function at which the latter was to be present. Occasionally a social blunder has its humorous side, as when at a White House reception some wag, noting the approach of the British ambassador at the head of the line of departing guests, instructed the colored man who was summoning the carriages to call for the Irish ambassador's carriage, a command which was sung out in stentorian tones to the amusement of the vast concourse of people who lined the street.

When a dinner is to be given at which a number of diplomats are to be guests there usually precedes it a correspondence as voluminous as that of a business house in order to insure for the various guests positions at the table in accordance with their rank and position. Several times American women, ignorant of diplomatic usage, have so transgressed official etiquette that international complications were narrowly averted. Not long since a hostess who had just taken up her residence in Washington and was entertaining her first dinner party of official folk realized after the guests had assembled that she was wholly ignorant of the intricacies of social precedence as governed by official rank. There was but one way out of it. The hostess boldly took the hull by the horns.

"I haven't the faintest idea of how you should go in to dinner," she announced. "But those of you who wish anything to eat had better get in some way or the things will be spoiled."

In nine cases out of ten there would have been present some finicky stickler for the proprieties who would have felt bound to consider himself offended by such informality, but unfortunately all the guests of this occasion were possessed of a saving sense of humor. They flocked into the dining room, took such seats as were most convenient and the dinner was a brilliant success.

One of the social tangles growing out of the lalteration of the law regarding the succession to the presidency is found in the squabble which has been in progress during recent years as to the relative positions of the president pro tempore of the United States senate and the speaker of the house of representatives. When at the first dinner at the White House following the death of Vice President Hobart, President McKinley gave the place of honor to Senator Frye, the president pro tempore of the senate, Speaker Henderson of the house of representatives was highly displeased, and he has since declined to attend any dinner unless assured in advance that he will be accorded the place of honor.

The feud between Gen. Miles and Gen. Corbin, together with their respective partisans, has been reflected in the social drama at Washington in a very noticeable manner, as has also the animosity existing between the adherents of Admiral Schley and Admiral Sampson. Tempers were ruffled during the winter of 1900-1901 in consequence of the rivalry for pre-eminent social position existing between the wives of Admiral Dewey and Gen. Miles. The matter was finally settled—in as great a degree as any of these social struggles ever can be settled—by the decision that, inasmuch as the war department was established prior to the navy department, the general commanding the army was entitled to precedence over the admiral of the navy at official functions. When the men are entertained as individuals, however, Admiral Dewey, being of superior rank, takes precedence.

Famous feuds in congress have almost invariably been reflected in the social realm at Washington. One of the requisites of success in public life in the national capital is supposed to be found in the ability to drop politics upon entering a drawing room, but the rule is not always observed. The effect of a bitter hostility, such as that which existed, for instance, between Conkling and Blaine, is invariably felt in social circles, and in cases where, as in that cited, the political duellists neither speak nor recognize the existence of each other, considerable tact is necessary by the host at any function at which both chance to be present.

Not infrequently public men are made to suffer the consequences of social quarrels precipitated by the women of their respective families. From such a source sprang the bitter fight which Governor Tanner of Illinois made against the election of Senator Cullom. The governor's hatred was caused by a slight placed upon his wife by Mrs. Cullom, who was reported to have declared that Mrs. Tanner was the daughter of a horse trader and auctioneer, was "socially impossible." For years there waged a feud between Mrs. Merriam, whose husband is now Director of the census, and Mrs. Cushman K. Davis. When Senator Davis accorded support to Mr. Merriam's candidacy for the position he now holds a truce was patched up between the two men and the reconciliation was supposed to extend to the ladies of the households, but whether it actually did so or not has always remained an open question.

One of the most notable of all social tangles was precipitated a few years ago by the refusal of Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador and dean of the diplomatic corps, to call upon the vice president. He claimed that he was not only the official representative of his government, but also the personal representative of his sovereign, and as such was entitled to rank directly after the president. Vice President Stevenson was a good natured man and allowed the ambassador to have his way, but when Garret A. Hobart assumed the office he stood out for his rights. The matter was eventually referred to the British foreign office, which held that the vice president was to be regarded as the heir to the presidency, and thus of the same rank as a crown prince, and consequently Lord Pauncefote received an intimation from his home government that he had best call upon the vice president.



Praises Pyramid Pile Cure.

Mrs. Aaron Medron, of Savannah, Ga., writes: "I had piles and rectal trouble for years until it was unbearable any longer. As I had often seen Pyramid Pile Cure advertised I determined to try it and for two years have never ceased to congratulate myself that I did so for I have been entirely cured of rectal troubles and two packages of the Pyramid did it."

The Pyramid Pile Cure contains no cocaine, opium or any injurious drug whatever, and is absolutely safe, painless and never fails to cure piles in any form.

Druggists sell full sized treatment of this remedy for 50 cents.

Buy a Hair Brush Now!

We must reduce our stock quickly and have cut prices to accomplish that end.

Best Brushes Made.

The 50c kind for—
35c and 25c

The 75c kind for—
65c and 50c

See them in our window.

BOYCE'S DRUG STORE.

AS VIEWED BY GATH

Thoughts Upon a Great Gambling Decree Called Sugar.

It Is the Rouge-et-Noir of the Vagrant Mind.

Rosebery's New Book on the Last Days of Napoleon.

New York, Jan. 14.—Silver, copper, finally sugar, have been rattled and their production in surplus is, by some, considered to be the whole trouble.

Europe, led by France and Germany, undertook to supplant the cane with the beet. This was in the time of Louis Philippe, for 100,000 tons of beet sugar were made in Europe in 1880. In one generation, or by 1884, Europe increased to 2,510,000 tons. In the latter year Germany sent us 46,000 tons of sugar, or 100,000,000 pounds.

Sugar, indeed, is next to gold, the main article of the world's speculation. Henry Havemeyer has maintained sugar as the roulette wheel of America for the past forty years. He began it in the civil war, when he bought in advance, at an upset figure, about the whole sugar product of the Stuarts and other conservative refiners.

The Havemeyers began with a basket of home-made candy, exposed by a woman in one of the markets. From that the onward Havemeyers educated their sons in Bremen, Bristol, London, to grasp all the later mysteries of sugar refining. They built refineries and combined with a grocer named Elder to market the sugar. They were German, heady, difficult to compromise with, and hence the Arbuckles have been damaging them; but the world cannot eat so much sugar.

And the longest-headed critics say that when iron and steel become a surplus prosperity will bend over and break upwards.

If you walk along the East riverr you will see the gloomy fortresses of sugar, like the robber castles of old, dominating Williamsburg. They are the largest edifices of modern times. They represent the Trust in sugar, which beat Cleveland's administration.

The Havemeyers "call" sugar every day in the Monte Carlo of Wall street. Its saccharine head is gory with victims. The inside man knows how many shares are out and in. You think you know the size of a sugar crop. You will be caught as in the "maiden" of the Middle ages, which was a machine in the lap of which you sat down and it embraced you with knives. When sugar seems to be ruined it is only pining for business. It sinks like a shark to turn on its back and bite mankind in twain. I asked the late John G. Moore, our greatest broker, why everybody bought sugar, which they did not understand. Said he: "The American people are natural gamblers. They can get in and out of sugar several times the same day because it is not there. It is the rouge-et-noir of the vagrant mind."

Is this not true? The light noddled girl all day at the candy stall and frivolous man all day at the sugar wheel resemble each other. Sugar cane is a gigantic grass, and so all flesh is grass. Nebuchadnezzar undoubtedly died of confectionery.

The relation of sugar to politics is almost exciting. Perhaps the next war will be a sugar war, like the opium war. Germany driving sugar into the British mouth. It was said that the ideal Senator Edmunds of Vermont went for the tariff for the article of maple sugar in it. New Jersey was lost to the Democrats by Senators Smith and McPherson bolting Cleveland for sugar. Last year the sugar trust produced 40,000 barrels per day, had $75,000,000 of stock, and claimed to earn $9,000,000 a year. It paid regularly 7 per cent and often 12 per cent, and made great presents. Nothing else has been waged with the secrecy, mystery and finesse of this company, and it is a singular fact that the conservative Germans are the greatest plungers, by their mere stolidity of impact and headiness. The long success of sugar as a lottery, absorbing gambling money, probably inspired the formation of the sugar trust. Sugar itself has seldom been oppressive to the consumer, and this may be because it is actually produced in excess. At the formation of the Republican party in about 1854 all of the world's sugar was under 1,500,000 tons. But the release of slaves added them to the sugar gluttons and let loose the marvelous energies of free hands, stimulated by coffee, candy, etc., till over 5,000,000,000 tons were produced by the time the Mugwumps beat Blaine. We raised in the United States, by 1872, as much sugar as the whole world in 1852. No wonder Louisiana fights for her sugar.

As I see the political consequence of materialities over the abstractions which made our former statesmen, I do not wonder that the physical and trade bearings of everything prevail over the generalizations. Look at the two facts of Pittsburg and Kansas City as compared to the issues of free trade, iron and slave occupation of the territories in 1854. Without materialities we have now no politics worthy of the name.

John Sherman told me that he passed through the site of Kansas City, then a steamboat landing, at the imminent danger of his life. Now sugar is looming up far to the west of Kansas as a subject of almost as much national concern as slavery was, and the mercantile legislation of Venice in the twelfth century has become that of the United States.

Lord Rosebery, the intimate friend of John Hay, and the peer of Seth Low, Roosevelt, William of Prussia and the young galaxy now to the fore, has recently written a book called "The Last Phase of Napoleon"—his life at St. Helena, which affords our rich men a lesson of the utility of books and scholarship after mere career is done.

"The one pleasure of the captive's life," says Rosebery, "was an arrival of books. Then he would shut himself up with them for days together, bathing in them, reveling in them, feasting on them."

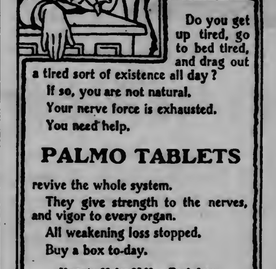
In another place Rosebery says: "Napoleon hated writing and had almost lost the art, for what he did write was illegible. With infinite pains his secretaries contrived to make it presentable. He could only dictate, and he dictated with a vengeance. On one occasion, at Longwood, he is stated to have dictated for fourteen hours at a stretch, with only short intervals to read over what had been written. Shorthand was unknown to his household, so the operation was severe. He sometimes dictated all night. Gourgoud would be sent for at 4 in the morning to take the place of the exhausted Montholon. He would cheer his secretaries by telling them that they should have the copyright of what they wrote. But this illusion did not quench their groans."

Says Lord Rosebery: "'Above all,' said Napoleon, 'I love Corneille's tragedy.' He loved, next to Corneille, Racine, Homer, Virgil, Aeschylus or Euripides. For Voltaire's 'Zaire' he had a positive passion. When he was a scholar at Brienne the frequency of his demands for books was the torment of the college librarian. When he was a lieutenant in garrison at Valence he read ravenously and indiscriminately everything he could lay his hands on. Later, when tearing along to join his armies, his coach was full of books and pamphlets. When he traveled with Josephine all the newest books were put into the carriage for her to read to him. Even to Waterloo he was accompanied by a traveling library of 800 volumes in six cases. Now, in St. Helena's solitude, he devoured books, history, philosophy, strategy, memoirs. Of the last he read seventy-two volumes in twelve months."

GATH.

Late Afternoon Train.

You can leave Duluth at 4:30 p. m. and arrive in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater at early bed time by taking the "Twilight Limited" over "The Northwestern Line." Duluth-Twin City finest train.



Do you get up tired, go to bed tired, and drag out a tired sort of existence all day?

If so, you are not natural.

Your nerve force is exhausted.

You need help.

PALMO TABLETS

revive the whole system.

They give strength to the nerves, and vigor to every organ.

All weakening loss stopped.

Buy a box to-day.

50 cents, 12 for $5.00. Book free.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

Jap Rose Soap

[TRADE MARK]

one-sixth pure glycerin, is perfectly transparent and contains no impurities.

The delicate perfume of natural flowers.

It is a toilet pleasure.

The pride of the makers is to sustain its purity and high quality.

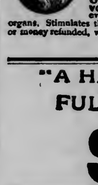
JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY

Greene's Infallible Liniment is absorbed directly and immediately by the tissues which need it, soothing, healing and strengthening every part to which it is applied. Gives quick relief in Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia; reduces Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, Inflammation; removes proud flesh; heals open wounds, leaving no scars. In use by Chicago Police and Fire Departments, by prominent athletes and trainers and in thousands of homes and stables everywhere. Prepared by J. W. GREENE & CO., 17 Van Buren St., Chicago.

GREENE'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

For sale by Schulze Bros., Saddlery; B. L. Toomey, Horseshoer; G. H. Huseby, Harness Dealer; Clemetson Bros., Harness Dealers, West Duluth; James McMartin, Horseshoer; D. D. Mackey, Horseshoer; Helmer Jentoft, Flour and Feed Dealer; S. M. Jenson, Two Harbors, Minn.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN



Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases, old and young, arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Nightly Losses, Spermatorrhœa, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervousness, Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Ambition, Shy Nervousness, Sunken Eyes, Pimples on Face, Bashfulness, Stop Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Every package guaranteed to cure or refund the money. Don't get discouraged, a cure is sure. Don't be imposed upon by worthless imitations. Our Pills are purely vegetable, and contain no mercury, iodide potash, or other injurious drug. Will restore lost powers in old or young, and make them full of life, vim, vigor and vitality. Prevents nervousness, consumption, insanity and paresis. Makes the weak strong, and restores the organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. 50 CENTS. Impart vigor and potency to Nerves, Muscles and Organs. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.



Photographed from Life.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Sure investments are desirable, but scarce. One of the surest investments you can make is by purchasing space in Herald classified ads on this page. This is an investment that will pay.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$3000 Snap!

Residence property—central locality—one-fourth cash, balance on or before five years, 6 per cent. Pays 25 per cent net on cash payment.

Building alone worth more than purchase price.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

PALMA'S PROGRAM

For the Education of the People of Cuba.

Wonderful Improvement Made During American Administration.

Should Keep In Contact With American Institutions.

New York, Jan. 14.—The Journal and American publishes the educational program of T. Estrada Palma, the president-elect of Cuba. Mr. Palma in his statement says:

"Agreeing that the future prospects and hopes of my country depend upon the plan of education, I state the following as what I think of the subject:

"Comparing the good condition of the public schools in Cuba during the Spanish administration, with that which prevails today, after three years of American rule, the improvement is so great that we cannot but thank the American government for it. I think, however, that the whole system requires particular attention in order that the work of general education shall become practically more efficient to the Cuban people.

"A system of elementary instruction carried out with modern methods, under a compulsory law for all and each one of the Cubans, is the fundamental basis for making citizens fully acquainted with their rights and their duties. It is one of the greatest obligations of the Cuban government to dispel the ignorance, from one end of the island to the other, which has prevailed for centuries there, and to distribute conscientiously the moral bread of instruction and knowledge. In the general system of primary and elementary education both sexes are equally embraced, and the benefits of it ought to be extended to the inmates of the jails and asylums. For the purpose of attaining the best results, we need to keep ourselves in close contact with the leading educational institutions of the United States and other counries which are at the head of civilization in this important matter. Of course, some regular visits by our teachers to those institutions is one of the best ways to keep in touch with the modern improvements in public schools. Besides the proper instruction afforded to the Cuban children it is my opinion that moral teachings in a general sense without descending to a special worship ought to be a part of the public schools."

GREAT RACES

With America's Foremost Trotters Are to Be Arranged.

New York, Jan. 14.—Two matches between three of America's foremost trotters, with the possible exception of Champion Cresceus, 2:02¼, will be arranged today. Thomas Lawson's trotter, Boraima, 2:07, is to meet ex-Fire Commissioner John J. Scannell's ex-champion trotter, The Abbott, 2:03¼, and E. Mather's young trotter, Lord Derby, 2:09½, in separate matches for a side wager of $25,000.

In his challenge Mr. Lawson stated that he would bet from $5000 to $20,000 on the result of any match he might make, and both gentlemen have announced that they will accomodate him to the limit in each atch. Mr. Scannel when informed of Mr. Lawson's desire to arrange matches with both The Abbott and Lord Derby, said that he was pleased to hear the news, Mr. Scannel would prefer to have the meeting take place around New York and he thinks that the Brighton Beach track, where The Abbott was defeated by Cresceus last year, would prove an ideal place.

DARING ROBBERS

Loot a Pool Room at Kansas City.

Kansas City, Jan. 14.—Two young men of slight build, with handkerchiefs tied across the lower portion of their faces, entered Henry B. Chick's pool room on Baltimore avenue in the very center of the city dast night, and with drawn revolvers, commanded the proprietor, cashier and three employes who were in the place, to lie down on the floor. They secured between $1500 and $2500 and escaped A third man, supposed to be a confederate, who was not masked, guarded the entrance while the robbery was committed. Jimmy Driscoll, an employe, who did not readily comply with the command to lie down, received a heavy blow on the head with a revolver from one of the robbers. J. A. Frame, the cashier, also received a slight blow on the head.

MUIR COMES HOME

to Arrange For the Funeral of His Wife.

New York, Jan. 14.—Among the passengers on the steamer Auguste Victoria of the Hamburg-American line which has just arrived, is Dr. Joseph Muir, secretary of the United States legation at Stockholm, Sweden. Dr. Muir was the husband of Mrs. Edna Muir, who recently died. Mrs. Muir was the daughter of the late ex-Senator John McPherson, of New Jersey, and at the time of her death had entered suit for the contest of the will of her mother, whose death occurred several months ago. Mrs. Muir's body has lain for two weeks in undertaking rooms in this city, awaiting the arrival of her husband who comes to make arrangements for the funeral, which will be held in Washington.

GOVERNMENT

Of Philippines as Proposed In Bill By Representative Cooper.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Representative Cooper, chairman of the house committee on insular affairs and author of the bill establishing a civil government in the Philippines, today made a statement regarding this plan of self-government for the islands. He said:

"It has been suggested, in opposition to the provision in the house bill, to establish a civil government in the Philippines, to begin on Jan. 1, 1904, that it is unwise to attempt to pass a law to take effect two years from now. But it is a mistake to say that the effect of such a law would be postponed for two years. On the contrary, it would have an immediate effect upon the minds of the Philippine people, especially upon those of the educated and intelligent, and, in the language of the commission, would satisfy their desire for definite knowledge of the intention of congress with respect to their country."

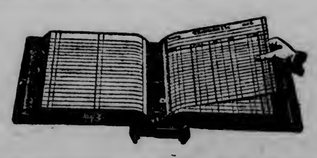
Speaking of the difference between the public and the senate bill, Mr. Cooper said:

"The chief difference between the two bills is in the provision for the establishment of a civil government. The senate bill simply continues in power the existing government. The bill which I introduced in the house goes farther than that, and provides not only for the present and temporary government of the islands until Jan. 1, 1904, but also carries a system of government to go into effect on and after that date, in accordance with the recommendations of the commission in its last report received about three weeks ago."

HAS A STOCK EXCHANGE.

Vladivostock, Eastern Siberia, Jan. 14.—A stock exchange was inaugurated here today. It is expected that this will considerably enhance the importance of the town.

We carry them in stock.



Loose Leaf Ledgers.

Chamberlain & Taylor.

Chamberlain & Taylor.

Candidates and Campaign Printing

Best Work—Prompt Service—Union Label.

15 Second Ave. West. Both Phones. PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Printers.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 758, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

We Own and Offer, Subject to Sale,

$10,000

City of Duluth, Minnesota, 4 Per Cent Gold Refunding Bonds.

Date 1 May 1st, 1901. Due May 1st, 1931. Denomination $1000. Legality has been approved by Chas. B. Wood, Esq., of Chicago. Price, $103.50, and interest nets 3.80 per cent.

Pulford, How & Co.,
Trust Co. Building, Duluth, Minn.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Two Absolute Snaps.

$600 Will buy lot 10, block 55, Endion division. Look this up and make us an offer.

$2500 Will buy fine seven-room house and lot on Ninth avenue east. Small amount of cash will handle it; balance in monthly payments.

HOUSES FOR RENT.
Seven-room house for rent, East End.
Five-room house for rent, West End.
Five-room house for rent, West End.

C. P. CRAIG & CO.,
103 Herald Building.
Real Estate, First Mortgage Loans and Fire Insurance.

LAST CHANCE!

$1200 takes 50 feet on First street, near Ninth avenue east.

$2200 Takes 8-room house in East End.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN LANDS ARE just beginning to move. I offer 667 acres of good farming land, close to railroad, and covered with 500,000 hemlock and 6000 cords of hardwood, besides considerable pine and cedar. Price, $2.50 per acre. B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

ONE OF THE VERY BEST SECTIONS of land in Carlton county is for sale at $6 per acre. No other land around it can be bought for less than $7.50 per acre. First class soil. No stone. Fine creek runs through. Only two and one-half miles from railroad. Would make fine stock farm. Terms $2 per acre cash, balance $1 per acre per year at 6 per cent. B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

40-ACRE TRACTS IN CARLTON COUNty. Good soil, easily cleared, and in well settled neighborhood, $5 per acre, easy terms. For sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

Big Snap in Acres

320 acres of good land near the city, on good roads, will be sold at a sacrifice.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Building.

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres
For Sale or Lease. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Look these snaps up before the holiday rush.

$1000 Five-room house, city water, street graded, near 28th Ave. W.

$1300 Seven-room house, city water, street graded, near 28th Ave. W.

$2000 Good six-room house, city water, sewer and closet; Fifth street, near Second avenue east.

$1300 Splendid five-room house, stone foundation; good cellar; good well; Sixth street, near Ninth ave. E.

$2000 Eight-room house, city water, sewer and bath; Fourth street, near Fourth ave. west. And many others.

T. S. VAUGHAN. 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

Houses, Lots, Lands and Stocks

Treasury Stocks of the Anglo-American Copper Company of Parry Sound For Sale.

WM. KAISER, Old 'Phone 636-2 New 'Phone 32

FOR SALE.

1217 East Second Street.
1213 East First Street.
1207 East Superior Street.
Also many choice lots in Endion Division.

R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale Bldg

A Fifteen-Room House
On Fourth Street for.....$4000

An Eight-Room House
On Fifth Street for.....$2000

LOOK THESE UP.

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

A Hotel in the West End, paying 10 per cent net, for sale for

$3,300.

R. B. KNOX & CO
1 Exchange Building.

GOOD LANDS!

near Duluth will surely advance. I have them at low prices.

George Rupley, 511 Board of Trade.

NOT A SUCCESS.

Milwaukee, Jan. 14.—The nine firms belonging to the Master Bookbinders' association against whom a strike was last night resolved upon by the Bookbinders and Rulers' unions, are all open for business today. A general canvass of the places supposed to be affected shows the plants to be only partially crippled and the strike cannot be said to have been a complete success. While some of the firms report the absence of a number of their employes, others say their plants are running with the usual force of workmen.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

We will build a two-story building on Superior street, between Second and Third avenues east, and lease it for a term of years.

A first class business location on Superior street near Twenty-first avenue. Will either sell or build.

A brick block of resident houses, paying about 15 per cent, at a bargain.

A bargain in acres close to the city.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

$35,000.

Wholesale building on Michigan street—four floors, 75 feet by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Each floor will carry 450 pounds to the square foot. Foundation and walls built to carry four more stories. Steam heat, two elevators, sewer, water, gas, electric lights, etc.

This is the biggest bargain offered on Michigan street.

We have money on hand to loan at 5 and 6 per cent. No delay. Bring in your application.

Julius D. Howard & Co.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

THIRD STREET AND LAKE AVENUE building lot, 25, 50 or 100 feet front, very cheap. Other improved and unimproved central properties. A. A. Mendenhall, 313 Lonsdale building.

FIRE Insurance
Resident Agent—
Hartford Fire
Phoenix of Hartford
Orient of Hartford
Palatine of England
Firemen's Fund
North British

MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates
—
Estates Managed

JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
First Floor Providence Bldg.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

L. HAMMEL & CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

FOR SALE—BUTCHER'S TOOLS; ROCKER, block, lard press, cooler and scaler. Drewett Bros., 928 East Second street, Duluth.

FOR SALE—IN TOWNS 57, 58, 59, ranges 22, 23, 24, 25, Itasca county, Minnesota, 10,000 acres. Will close entire lands out without mineral reservation at $5.50 per acre; half cash, balance 6 per cent. Are offered now $4 for 900 acres in town 57, range 24, but must all go together. Rare chance to make a big fortune. Henry R. Higgins, 415 Phoenix Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

LARGE HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. 28 West Second street.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS BARGAIN, eight room house and 50-foot lot located 123 East Third street. House in good condition and well rented. Price right. Communicate with C. F. Seymour, 603 West First street, Duluth.

FOR SALE—SMALL SAFE. $20. CALL at once at 125 Seventh avenue west.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of modern house; central; part time given if desired. W. 4, Herald.

CASH FOR YOUR BUSINESS OR REAL estate; no matter where it is. Send description and price.
DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
Albert L. Preston, Manager,
309-310 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS; great number to select from, or will exchange for fat cattle. S. M. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows will arrive Nov. 29. Evan Johnson, 2608 West Helm street.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

CARLTON COUNTY FARM LANDS for sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES!

Barrett & Zimmerman, Midway, St. Paul, Minn., have constantly on hand from 500 to 1000 head of all grades of horses. Part time given if desired. The finest lot of heavy logging horses ever brought into the Northwest can be seen at their stables.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GIRL AT ONCE. INQUIRE at 710 East Second street, upstairs.

WANTE—GIRL GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Must be good cook. 1105 East First street.

SATIN SKIN CREAM NOURISHES away wrinkles, blemishes, gives lovely complexion, satin skin. 25c.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH general housework. 231 West Fifth street, upper flat.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR second work in family of three. Apply 325 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 401 East Sixth street.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST AT housework. Apply at 1001 East Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO HELP WITH housework. Apply 230 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER AT 230 LAKE avenue south.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply 222 Third avenue west.

MS. P. H. KIELY, EMPLOYMENT OFfice, 225 East Superior street. Phone 892.

WANTED—A COMPETENT SECOND girl. 2001 East First street.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544, Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—Competent blacksmith. Clyde Iron Works, Lake avenue south.

WANTED—STRONG BOY OF 16 YEARS can get steady work at 304 West Michigan street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A GOOD SALESman to run delivery wagon in city. Address W 8, Herald.

WANTED—THREE BRIGHT BOYS TO run cash. Apply at once to superintendent. Panton & White.

WANTED — WOOD WORKERS, CABInet makers, millwrights, to work in cabinet shop to take place of strikers. Steady employment and high wages. Apply Allis-Chalmers company. Home Insurance building, Chicago, Ill. 313 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—AGENTS.

PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED — TO TAKE WASHING home. 20 West Seventh street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM WORK IN hotel or restaurant, by two experienced waiters. Address Miss Cecilia Brown, Anoka, Minn.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED IN HOTEL or boarding house by middle aged man. Can be generally useful. Address J 11, Herald.

YOUNG MAN 29 WOULD LIKE A POSItion as teamster, experienced, or other work. 2329 West Michigan street, Duluth.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK would like place in private family. Mrs. G. M. D.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERIenced dining room girl would like a place in a hotel. 225 Mesaba avenue, west.

WANTED—BY A GIRL, A PLACE TO take care of a child afternoons. Address G., care of Herald.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED BY STENOGrapher, preferably where she can help with bookkeeping; good penman. Address F 60, Herald.

WANTED — BY WOMAN, OFFICES and stores to clean by the day or week. J 27, Herald.

WANTED — WASHING OR DAY WORK any kind. Call or address Mrs. King, 230 Fourth avenue west.

PLAIN AND FANCY WAISTS MADE to your order. 16 East Superior street —top floor.

WANTED—TO BUY.

OLD LINE LIFE INSURANCE POLicies bought for cash or loaned on at low rates. William Kaiser, 306 Palladio building.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—J. W. HARNEY, MACHINist; communicate with Spider Lake Lumber company.

LOST.

LOST—WHITE, BLACK AND TAN English setter dog. Return to the Hammond Packing company and receive reward.

LOST SHORTHAND BOOK WITH OWNer's name on same. Finder please leave at Herald.

LOST—WHITE FEMALE ENGLISH bull terrier, long tail, long erect ears, few black spots on skin, breast scratched, weight 31 pounds, "P. H. Smith" marked on collar. Return stable superintendent Marshall-Wells Hardware Co.

SATIN-SKIN SPECIALTIES.

SATIN SKIN CREAM NOURISHES away wrinkles, blemishes, gives lovely complexion, satin skin. 25c.

HAIR DRESSING.

HAIRDRESSING — NEWEST STYLES direct from New York and Paris. Plain or medicated shampoo; Tripsis treatment of the head and hair, facial culture, manicuring, etc. Miss F. A. Bacon, 207 Lonsdale building.

SHAMPOOING AND MANICURING. Dahl Sisters, 216 West Superior street. Telephone 115

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE. Cooley & Underhill.

FOR RENT—2317 WEST TENTH street, six rooms; low rent; will repair for responsible tenant. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows' building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms, gas and bath. Will allow light housekeeping. Inquire 508 West Third street.

TWO LARGE FRONT ROOMS, FURNished. 202 West Second street.

FOR RENT—LARGE DOUBLE ROOM, furnished for light housekeeping. Apply flat A, Lowell block.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, $1.75 and $1.50 a week. 322 West Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, suitable for two young ladies or gentlemen, 327 East Superior street.

PLEASANT FURNISHED SITTING room and bedroom, suitable for light housekeeping. Very reasonable. 1105 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 503 West First street.

SEVEN ROOMS FOR RENT, $15.00. 524 Lake avenue north.

FOR RENT — WELL FURNISHED rooms; bath, furnace, electric lights. 720 West First street.

ROOMS—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished for light housekeeping. All conveniences. A. Emmons, 205 Lake avenue south.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FIVE ROOM FLAT, $18. ALL MODERN conveniences. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS. $11 up. Inquire 718 West Fifth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD, FURNACE HEAT. 526 West First street.

ROOM AND BOARD. 823 EAST THIRD street.

GOOD ROOM AND BOARD AT 320 WEST Second street, E. Havsted.

ROOMS AND BOARD, BATH, ETC. 120 First avenue west.

LAUNCHES!

Pearson Boat Construction Co.,
Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmond, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Superior St. Established 1893.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON, female complaints. Private hospital 413 7th ave. E. 'Phone 1235.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 227 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901, 75c A BOTTLE, AT C. J. Tuffe's drug store.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

HOTELS.

THE COMMERCIAL Segal & Witz, Proprietors, 226 Lake Avenue South. Room and Board, $4.00 per week.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 70, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 20, 1902. Work, Third degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting Jan. 27, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, M. M. P. M. M. E. M. Jan. 22, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Jan. 14, 1902. Work, Red Cross degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS. ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. P. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m. at Sioan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wilfred Harris, sachem; U. G. Holloway, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WIP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; M. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. NORTH STAR LODGE KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Installation of officers postponed to Jan. 21. C. C. Tawney will then be present. G. H. Prudden, C. G.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2204, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A., William Tunnell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 66, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall; James Kelly, treasurer, Union depot.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar... Wolf ...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing .Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P. M.	P. M.	Daily except Sundays.	A. M.	P. M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
* 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	* 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Minnesota, Pacific Coast Billing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
* 3:00 p.m.		† 11:55 a.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth		Arrive Duluth
**8:15 am	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	**4:00 pm
*4:30 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis Twilight Limited	*9:55 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton,	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 9:00 p m	Ashland and East	arrive a m
b 8:00 a m		6:55 p m
a 7:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
a 9:00 a m		a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:00 a m
a 4:55 p m		b 5:10 p m
arrive 9 p m		a 9:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave		Arrive
† 7:00 pm	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	† 8:30 am
* 1:15 am	BOSTON LIMITED. Copper Country Local.	* 8:00 pm